

UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO



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COMMEMORATIVE
BIOGRAPHICAL RECORD

OF THE

COUNTY OF YORK
ONTARIO

CONTAINING

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES OF PROMINENT AND REPRESENTATIVE CITIZENS
AND MANY OF THE EARLY SETTLED FAMILIES

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PREFACE

¶ The importance of placing in book form biographical history—both for its immediate worth and for its value to coming generations—is admitted by all thinking people; and within the past decade there has been a growing interest in this commendable means of perpetuating biography and family genealogy.

¶ That the public should avail itself of the privileges afforded by a work of this nature needs no assertion at our hands. Cicero, the Roman orator and philosopher, has said that “for a man to be ignorant of what happened before his birth is to be always a child.” Carlyle says “there is no life of a man faithfully recorded, but is a heroic poem of its sort, rhymed or unrhymed.” Emerson substantially says the history of any country resolves itself into the biographies of its stout, earnest, progressive and representative citizens. No truths are more obvious. This medium, then, serves more than a single purpose; while it perpetuates biography and family genealogy, it records history, much of which would be preserved in no other way.

¶ In presenting the Commemorative Biographical Record to its patrons, the publishers have to acknowledge, with gratitude, the encouragement and support their enterprise has received, and the willing assistance rendered in enabling them to surmount the many unforeseen obstacles to be met with in the production of a work of this character. In nearly every instance the material composing the sketches was gathered from those immediately interested, and then submitted in type-written form for correction and revision. The volume, which is one of generous amplitude, is placed in the hands of the public with the belief that it will be found a valuable addition to the library, as well as an invaluable contribution to the historical literature of the Province of Ontario.

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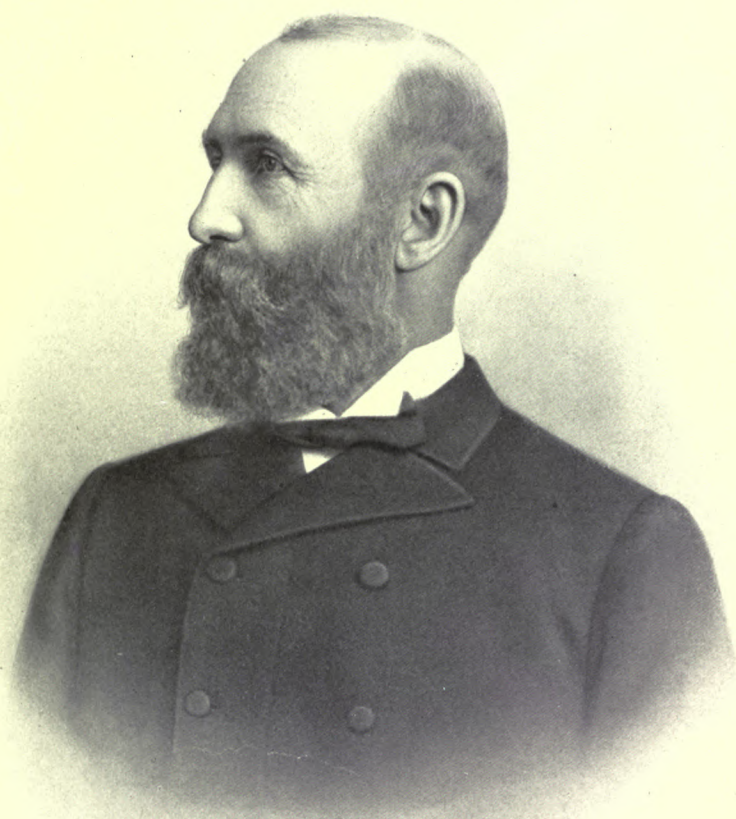
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Inolladonald

BIOGRAPHICAL.



ON. JOHN MACDONALD was widely known as the merchant prince of Canada, and his death, which occurred in 1890, removed from Toronto one of her most honored and highly esteemed citizens. He was born

in Perthshire, Scotland, in December, 1824, son of John and Elizabeth (Nielson) Macdonald, of Aberdeen, Scotland, the former of whom came to Canada with the Ninety-third Highlanders.

The Hon. Mr. Macdonald was but a mere lad when he came to British America, and he received his education at Dalhousie College, Halifax, and the Bay Street Academy, Toronto. After leaving school he served two years as a clerk with William Macdonald, and then returned to Toronto and entered the mercantile house of Walter McFarlane, on King street east. In 1847 he went to Jamaica in search of a climate better suited to his health, and there he remained one year, returning to Toronto in 1849, and in September of that year he opened a retail dry goods store at No. 103 Yonge street, which he operated three years, and then engaged in the wholesale dry goods business on Wellington street, opposite the modern firm of John Macdonald & Co., meeting with excellent success in all his ventures. Early in his career he became known as the merchant prince of Canada, and the firm of John Macdonald & Co., Ltd., of which he was the founder and executive head, is known in every city and hamlet in the Dominion.

In spite of his active interest in the mercantile world, Mr. Macdonald found time for an equally active participation in public affairs. As an independent Liberal he was opposed to the confederation of the Provinces, to commercial union with the United States, and to the national policy. In 1861 he was elected a member of the Legislative Assembly, and he held his seat until confederation. In 1875 he was returned to Parliament for Centre Toronto, and in 1887 he was raised to the Senate by the advice of his political opponent Sir John A. Macdonald. He took great interest in edu-

ational matters, and for a number of years was a member of the Toronto University Senate and of the high school board. In his religious belief he was a Methodist, and he was long a member of the executive committee of the church and treasurer of the missionary society. He was twice president of the Young Men's Christian Association Conference of Ontario and Quebec, and he took a pronounced interest in the work of the Evangelical Alliance, the Bible Society, the Temperance organization, and the Toronto Hospital, giving to the last named institution \$40,000. Mr. Macdonald wrote two very interesting brochures, one of which, "Business Success," which was formerly a lecture, was a practical address to the young men of his warehouse. His career is a striking instance of what energy and perseverance combined with integrity and uprightness may accomplish for a young man just starting upon life's battle.

On Aug. 14, 1857, Mr. Macdonald was married to Miss Annie Aleorn, born in Quebec, Feb. 28, 1833, daughter of the late Samuel Aleorn, who for many years was a wholesale china and glass merchant of Quebec. To this union were born the following children: John, since his father's death president of John Macdonald & Co., Ltd.; J. Fraser; Duncan McG., vice-president of the company; Annie E., Mrs. Mont Gomerie Lewis, of Toronto; Marion L., Mrs. James Morrow, of Halifax; Lucy E., Mrs. Dr. James Grant, of Victoria, B.C.; Alexander, for some time master of languages in Upper Canada College; Winnifred J., Mrs. H. G. Barrie, of China, where her husband is missionary; Ethel A., Mrs. David McKillop, missionary to Jamaica; and Arthur N., unmarried, of the North-West Territory.

The following words from Longfellow may be fittingly applied to the life of Senator Macdonald:

If a star were quenched on high,
For ages would its light
Still tending downward from the sky
Shine on our mortal sight;
So when a great man dies
For years beyond our ken
The light he leaves behind him
Shines on the paths of men.

CHRISTOPHER ROBINSON, K.C., M.A., D.C.L., late of Toronto, was the unquestioned leader of the Canadian Bar for many years before his death, which occurred Oct. 31, 1905. He was a member of a prominent pioneer family of the County of York, being a son of the late Sir John Beverley Robinson, Baronet, Chief Justice of Upper Canada, a grandson of Christopher Robinson, Esq., and a descendant of Christopher Robinson, Esq., of Cleasby, Yorkshire, England.

Christopher Robinson, Esq., crossed to America in the reign of Charles II., as military secretary to Sir William Berkeley, governor of Virginia, and he himself became, later, governor of that colony. His second son, John Robinson, became president of the Council of Virginia, and one of the latter's descendants, Christopher Robinson, was the grandfather of the subject of this sketch. During the American Revolution, at the age of seventeen years, he left college, obtained a commission as ensign in Col. Simeoe's regiment of Queen's Rangers, which formed a part of Sir Henry Clinton's army, and served in that regiment till 1783, when, with many other Loyalists, he migrated to New Brunswick. While there he married Esther, daughter of Rev. John Sayre. Later Mr. Robinson removed to Upper Canada, first settling in Kingston, where he remained six years, during which period, in 1797, he was called to the Bar. In 1798 Mr. Robinson removed with his family to Toronto, which was then the town of York, and he died Nov. 2nd of that year. He was elected a member of the first Parliament of Upper Canada, representing Lennox and Addington.

John Beverley Robinson, his son, was born July 26, 1791, received his education under Dr. Straehan, and entered as a student of law in 1808, studying under the direction of Attorney-General McDonell, who was killed at the Battle of Queenston Heights, Oct. 13, 1812. He was twice elected treasurer of the Law Society—1818-1821 and 1828-29. While still a student in 1812 he entered the militia service in defence of the Crown, and served as lieutenant in the York militia, being present at the capitulation of Fort Detroit and the surrender of Brigadier-General Hull, and at the battle of Queenston Heights, and he was one of those who escorted the American prisoners to Kingston on their way to Quebec. On returning from his country's service, and before being actually called to the Bar, Mr. Robinson was appointed acting attorney general for Upper Canada, Nov. 19, 1812. He was called to the Bar in November, 1812. In 1815 he became solicitor general, and in 1817 was permanently

appointed attorney general. In 1821 he entered the House of Assembly of Upper Canada, as a member for the town of York, and served in that body until Jan. 1, 1830, when he was summoned to the Legislative Council, of which he was appointed speaker, Jan. 2, 1830. On his retirement from political life in July, 1829, he was appointed to the position of Chief Justice of the Queen's Bench, and it was in 1838 that he passed the sentence of capital punishment on William Lount and Peter Matthews for high treason. In 1850 Sir John Robinson was gazetted as Companion of the Bath of the United Kingdom, and in 1854 was made a Baronet. In 1856 the University of Oxford conferred upon him the degree of D.C.L. Retiring from the Queen's Bench in 1862, he was appointed presiding judge of the Court of Appeals on March 18th of that year and held the position until his death, which occurred Jan. 31, 1863, in Toronto.

Sir John Beverley Robinson was married in England in 1817, to Miss Emma Walker, of England, by whom he had eight children, four sons and four daughters, Christopher being the sixth child and third son in the family.

Christopher Robinson was born in Toronto Jan. 21, 1828, at Beverley House, where the family have resided since 1817. He received his early education at Upper Canada College, and took his degree at King's College, now the University of Toronto, after which he took up the study of law, and in Trinity term, 1850, was called to the Bar of Upper Canada. From 1850 to 1852 he travelled in Europe, and returning to Toronto in the latter year, he at once entered upon the practice of his profession, which he followed continuously until his death, a period covering more than half a century. In 1866 he formed a partnership with Mr. Henry O'Brien, K.C., and this association continued throughout his life. On March 27, 1863, Mr. Robinson was made a Q.C. He was standing counsel for the city from 1868. In 1856 he became reporter of the Court of Queen's Bench, serving as such until 1872, when he became the editor of the Ontario Law Reports. He resigned from the latter position in 1885, when he was appointed a Bencher of the Law Society, remaining in that incumbency the rest of his life. In 1880, with the assistance of the late Frank J. Joseph, he completed the preparation of a digest of all the cases contained in the Ontario Reports from their commencement, in 1822—"a work of immense labor and invaluable to the profession." Such is a brief resumé of the main facts in an unusually brilliant legal career. Regarding the particulars of that career, we can not do bet-

ter than quote from a memorial published in the *Canada Law Journal*, edited by his close friend and associate—Mr. Henry O'Brien.

“As was the fashion in those days, men devoted themselves to special circuits, and Mr. Robinson chose the Western as his special field. The leaders of this circuit were at that time John Wilson, Q.C., H. C. R. Beecher, Q.C., Albert Prince, Q.C., and others. After the elevation of Mr. Wilson to the Bench, Christopher Robinson took the leading place, being engaged in nearly every case. Gradually, however, as his reputation increased, he devoted himself more and more to special work, his briefs being now largely confined to the Court of Appeal, the Supreme Court and the Privy Council; the rest of his time being occupied in the preparation of opinions on important matters.

“Acknowledged leader of the Bar of his own Province of Ontario, we think we may safely say that he occupied the same position in reference to the Dominion. As such he was engaged in some of the most interesting and important legal events which have taken place in this country during the past thirty years. His reputation is also recognized in connection with many important interests affecting the Empire at large.

“Mr. Robinson was in various important matters the confidential counsellor of the Government of Canada, and the trusted representative of its interests in the great international questions hereafter referred to. His grasp of the subject and lucid and skilful presentation of the arguments in these matters were the admiration of all concerned.

“It will now be of interest to refer to some of the most important cases of a public character in which he was engaged.

“In 1868 the country was shocked by the death of one of the brilliant men of the day, the Hon. Thomas D'Arcy McGee, at the hands of his assassin, Whelan, who, being convicted of the murder, applied for a writ of error. Mr. Robinson's successful argument for the Crown in that case was a masterly effort, and was indicative of his minute and thorough familiarity with criminal law.

“In 1875 party politics ran high, and out of this ferment grew the famous political suit of the Queen vs. Wilkinson, the defendant being the editor of a newspaper in which the serious charge of political intriguing was made against Senator Simpson in connection with what was known as the 'Big Push' letter. In connection with this the Hon. George Brown made a violent attack in the *Globe* newspaper upon the late Chief Justice Adam Wilson, then a puisne

judge of the Queen's Bench. An application was thereupon made on behalf of Wilkinson, to commit Mr. Brown for contempt of court. Mr. Robinson and Mr. Henry O'Brien were counsel for the applicant, Mr. Brown conducting his defence in person with his usual force and courage, but repeating and emphasizing and seeking to justify the libellous charges made in his paper. The court was composed of Chief Justice Harrison and Mr. Justice Morrison, Mr. Justice Wilson taking no part. The language used by Mr. Brown was held to be a reckless and unjustifiable attack on a judge of the court and a contempt of court; but, as the judges who heard the case were divided in opinion as to the action to be taken, the rule was dropped. Mr. Robinson's magnificent speech on this occasion will not be forgotten by those who heard it.

“In 1884 Mr. Robinson was counsel for the Dominion Government in the arbitration with Manitoba respecting the boundaries of that Province, arguing the case before the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council. In the next year he had a more serious task in connection with the North-West Rebellion, as senior counsel for the Crown, in the prosecution of Louis Riel for high treason, which resulted in the conviction and execution of that noted rebel. There was an appeal from the verdict to the Court of Queen's Bench of Manitoba. The verdict was sustained, and a subsequent appeal to the Privy Council met the same fate.

“The most famous matters of Imperial interest in which he has been engaged were the Behring Sea Arbitration and the Alaska Boundary dispute. In the former, in 1893, he represented the Dominion Government before the arbitrators at Paris, his colleagues being Sir Richard Webster, now Lord Alverstone, and Sir Charles Russell, afterwards Chief Justice of England. Amid the array of talent in this important international arbitration, not the least conspicuous figure was that of Mr. Christopher Robinson. The *London Times* refers in complimentary terms to his 'brilliant speech at the conclusion of the argument, in which he summarized the whole case, reducing it to a series of concise propositions, which, from the British point of view, demonstrated the absurdity of the American claims.' For his services in this case the learned counsel was offered knighthood, which, however, for private reasons, he declined. That he might have occupied, had he so desired, the highest judicial position in Canada goes without saying.

“In his last great case, the Alaska Boundary dispute, he was on the same side with the great leaders of the Bar in England, and pitted

against the most brilliant advocates of the United States. The intellectual gifts of Mr. Robinson and his luminous masterly presentation of the British case evoked the highest praises as well from the members of the Commission as from his opponents and his confreres. It is unnecessary to speak of the many minor cases that were also intrusted to him. Suffice it to say that the same thoroughness was given to them, and he never failed to win distinction in all he undertook.

"The only public position which Mr. Robinson could be induced to accept was the Chancellorship of the University of Trinity College. In that capacity he urged and, through his influence, accomplished the broad-minded policy of federation with the University of Toronto. As has been said by a leading daily journal, 'How much his unique character and influence contributed to this apparently impossible accomplishment can scarcely be over estimated. The feeling was that whatever so wise, so disinterested and so sure a counsellor advised was something that could safely be done.'

"A great lawyer, a good man and a true friend—he has gone from among us; and those who were his associates at the Bar and in private life seem, day by day, to miss him more and more. But no one of his character and gifts could live in vain. His name, and that of his distinguished father, of whom he was a worthy son, shed lustre on the pages of Canadian history, and his memory will long live and be cherished by all true Canadians."

As to Mr. Robinson's personal character, it may be judged from the statement of one fact—that although he was a leader among leaders he aroused no jealousies. In this he was indeed unique, but it was undoubtedly due in a great degree to his modesty and lack of ostentation, for although he was one of the greatest and most popular men of his day he never assumed privileges because of such distinction. In his home and among his friends he was beloved of all for his gentleness and unselfishness, and the high sense of honor which characterized him in all the relations of social or domestic life, and it has been truly said of him, "Every one who knew him was the better for being brought into contact with him." Though of inflexible integrity, and firm in his stand on questions of right, he never forced his convictions upon others, or made himself an offensive partisan. He could fight for what he considered a worthy cause, but he usually prevailed by the force of sound judgment and a personality that won its own way into the hearts and minds of men. His record for absolute fairness was so well established that his decisions were usu-

ally sustained on appeal. As a counsellor he was invaluable because he had the gift of seeing a question from both sides and applying his legal knowledge accordingly. In fact his astuteness in judging the position of his opponents amounted almost to intuition. He was not only learned, but practical, and his advice frequently prevented tiresome and expensive litigation. His sense of justice was so keen that he not only argued his own side of a case to the best of his ability but gave to the other side every reasonable advantage, relying on the merits of his case to win, with results that justified his course. To quote again from the memorial previously mentioned:

"Other features of his character have often been spoken of and might be enlarged upon: a marked absence of prejudice, so that he seemed to approach a subject with an open and unbiased mind, judging it on its merits and in its relation to all attendant circumstances. In business matters he was thorough, accurate, and gave close attention to details. These valuable qualities, combined as they were with great intellectual gifts and a well recognized conciseness and clearness of expression, gave him a commanding position in his profession. His mental and physical activity, and his interest in and clear memory of, passing events, was unimpaired by advancing years; and he continued to the end the same bright, cheery companion and warm personal friend he had always been. So swift and unexpected was his passing that although he had attained the ripe age of seventy-seven years and was literally speaking in harness till within a week of his death, the remembrance of him will remain with us as of one who retained to the last in a marked degree the freshness and vigor of youth."

Mr. Robinson died at Beverley House Oct. 31, 1905, in his seventy-eighth year. The funeral services, held at the Cathedral Church of St. James, were attended by the largest gathering ever seen at the obsequies of a private citizen in Toronto. He was buried in St. James Cemetery. At the opening of the Divisional Court of the High Court of Justice of Ontario at Toronto, the day after Mr. Robinson's death, Hon. Chief Justice Falconbridge, the presiding judge, made the unusual departure of paying him a tribute in a brief but eloquent speech. At a special meeting of the council of the corporation of the city of Toronto, held for the purpose, Nov. 3, 1905, resolutions of sympathy and respect were passed by that body. The *Canadian Churchman* expressed the loss sustained by the Church of England and by Trinity College in an eulogistic article.

On July 2, 1879, Mr. Robinson married Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the Hon. J. B. Plumb, of Niagara, at one time Speaker of the Senate, and of this union were born four children, all of whom survive: Christopher Charles, John Beverley, Duncan Strachan, and a daughter, Christobel. The family are connected with the Anglican Church. Mr. Robinson was a Conservative by birth and conviction.

SIR OLIVER MOWAT. Among the many distinguished men who have passed away after having been prominently identified with Ontario's interests for a more or less extended period, there can be found no name more honored, nor personality more revered, than that of the late Sir Oliver Mowat, late Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario, the beloved Liberal Premier.

Every incident of so respected and admired a statesman holds a measure of interest for those who enjoyed his beneficent government for so long, and to do justice to a life and character like his, the historian, who preserves the annals of history, must, while telling Ontario's story, repeat that of Sir Oliver Mowat, who for twenty-four years was so indissolubly linked with it as Premier.

Sir Oliver Mowat was born at Kingston, July 22, 1820, son of John and Helen (Levaek) Mowat. The father was of the Mowats of Caithness-shire, Scotland, and was a soldier who had seen service under Wellington. His wife was also of Caithness. They were married June 16, 1819, in Montreal, by Rev. John Somerville, Presbyterian minister, driving to Kingston for their wedding trip, where the husband had settled. Oliver was the eldest of their five children and evidently the parents recognized his superior mental equipments, for they gave him excellent educational advantages at private schools, and he made such progress that by the time he was seventeen years of age, he was ready to enter upon the study of law. His preceptor was a former schoolmate, who was five years his senior, Hon. John A. Macdonald. While a student here the country was convulsed by the Mackenzie Rebellion, and with boyish enthusiasm he was anxious to participate thus early in public affairs of moment. After almost four years of study at Kingston, Mr. Mowat completed his course at Toronto, and was called to the Bar in 1841, forming a partnership with his latest preceptor, Robert E. Burns, to which partnership other distinguished attorneys were admitted and subsequent changes made, but each year saw the persistent, industrious, level-headed student

still farther ahead and nearer to the goal of Queen's Counsel, which he attained Jan. 5, 1856.

From 1856 to 1859, Mr. Mowat served on the commission appointed by Sir John A. Macdonald to consolidate the public general statutes of Canada and Upper Canada, respectively, and he was also, at a subsequent period, a commissioner for the consolidation of the statutes of Ontario.

Admirably had he so far guided his political career, but after 1856 it became of much more importance. In this year he was elected an alderman in the city of Toronto, in 1857 he was again elected to civic office, and about the same time he was elected a member of the House of Assembly for South Ontario. His importance continued to grow, and in 1858 he was made Provincial Secretary to the Brown-Dorian Administration after the fall of the Macdonald-Cartier Government. In 1861 he was re-elected for South Ontario; in 1863, on the formation of the Sandfield Macdonald-Dorian Government, he was taken into the Cabinet as Postmaster-General, a position he continued to hold until the defeat of that Government.

In the coalition government then formed by Sir E. P. Tache, he filled the same office from June to November, 1864, when he was appointed Vice-Chancellor of Upper Canada and retired to the Bench temporarily from the scene of active politics. His services on the Bench were no less notable than his labors as a minister of the Crown. As a Judge he was grateful both to the public and to the Bar, and he acquitted himself with efficiency in every case which came within his jurisdiction, and gained the reputation of being an ideal equity judge.

Judge Mowat left the Bench in 1872, and then, according to the opinion of his fellow countrymen, began the greatest period of his public career. It is not the province of this sketch to review the political situation which brought about the acceptance of the high position which Judge Mowat adorned for the succeeding quarter century, sufficient to say that on the 25th of October, 1872, as Premier, he formed a new Cabinet and took the post of Attorney General, which he held until his retirement in 1896. In November, 1872, he sought a seat in the Legislature from North Oxford, and was returned unopposed, and this seat he also continued to represent as long as he remained in the Provincial field. His political career from this time forward was one of continued success, but it was won by many hard fought battles with capable opponents.

In addition to the political and other honors which the late Lieutenant-Governor enjoyed, he was associated with a large number of societies and institutions. Formerly he was president of the Canadian Institute; president of the Evangelical Alliance of Ontario; and vice-president of the Upper Canada Bible Society. In 1897 he was elected honorable president of the Canadian Bar Association. For many years he was an active member of St. James' Square Presbyterian Church. In some way he found time, in the intervals of his busy life, to reflect on such serious matters as to bring forth treatises on "Evidences of Christianity," and "Christianity and Some of its Fruits." From Queen's University in 1872 he received the honorary degree of LL.D., and from Toronto University in 1889. In 1887 he presided over the Quebec Interprovincial Conference, and in 1893 over the great Liberal Convention at Ottawa.

In recognition of his eminent public services, in 1892 Queen Victoria created him a Knight Commander of the most distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, and in 1897, at the Queen's Diamond Jubilee, he was promoted to be a Knight Grand Cross of the same order.

In 1846 Sir Oliver Mowat was married to Jane, second daughter of the late John Ewart, of Toronto. In her he found a devoted, sympathetic and appreciative companion. She died, after a long illness, March 13, 1893. Five children survive, namely: Frederiek, Sheriff of Toronto; Arthur, of Edmonton, Alberta; and Mrs. C. R. W. Biggar, Mrs. Thomas Langton, and Miss Mowat, all of Toronto.

Sir Oliver's younger brother, the late Rev. J. B. Mowat, of Queen's University, died in 1900. H. M. Mowat, K.C., Toronto, and J. Macdonald Mowat, Kingston, are nephews. Another brother of Sir Oliver, George Mowat, a law practitioner with the late Sir Alexander Campbell, died in 1871, and a son of the latter, Joseph Mowat, is of the License Department, Parliament building. Of Sir Oliver's sisters, Mrs. John Fraser lives at Ottawa, the mother of George L. B. Fraser, C.S.O., of the Department of Justice. Sir Oliver's other sister, Mrs. Duff, is widow of the late Lieut.-Col. Duff, of Kingston, and her sons are: Capt. George M. Duff, R.E., now in India; Surgeon Lieut.-Col. H. R. Duff, Kingston; and J. M. Duff, bank manager, Guelph.

After almost twenty-four years of continuous service as Premier of the Province, Sir Oliver Mowat severed his connection with the Ontario Government, and accepted the invitation of Sir Wilfrid Laurier to join him in the Federal field, and became Minister of Justice in

the Laurier Cabinet. He remained, however, but little more than a year in Federal politics. In November, 1897, the Lieutenant-Governorship becoming vacant, on the 18th of that month, Sir Oliver Mowat was appointed to that position, a fitting reward for long continued public services.

The aged statesman passed away on April 19, 1903.

THE REV. CANON HENRY SCADDING, D.D., was the son of John Scadding, of Devonshire, England, factor to Major General (afterwards Governor) Simcoe, who came to Canada in 1793. His father, after receiving a large tract of land on the eastern side of the Don, went back to England in 1796.

Dr. Scadding was born in Dunkeswell, Devonshire, in 1813. In 1821 he came to his people in Canada, whither they had returned. Dr. Scadding was the head boy in Upper Canada College in the first year of its existence, 1830, and in 1833 won the King's Scholarship, which entitled him to a free course at an English university. He went to St. John's College, Cambridge, where the late Dean Grasett was finishing his academic course. He took his B.A. degree in 1837, returning to Canada that same year. The day after landing in Quebec he was ordained by the Bishop of that Diocese. After spending some months in the family of Sir John Colborne, as tutor to his sons until the latter returned to England, he came to Upper Canada in 1838, when he received his appointment as Classical Master in Upper Canada College, and was also appointed to a curacy at St. James Cathedral. He was made the first rector of Holy Trinity Church, in Toronto, Oct. 27, 1847. In 1840 he took his M.A. degree, in 1852 that of D.D. Cantab., and in 1867 that of D.D. Oxon. (comitatis causa). He was made a Canon of the St. James Cathedral in the year 1867.

Dr. Scadding wrote "Toronto of Old," and many historical papers of very great interest, and he was known as the Historiographer of York. From 1870 to 1876 he was president of the Canadian Institute, and was the first president of the York Pioneers. He was remarkable not only for his great grasp of every subject, but for his gentleness and kindness of disposition, and he was loved by everyone who knew him.

In 1841 Dr. Scadding married Harriet Baldwin, daughter of John Spread Baldwin (father of the present Bishop of Huron, and of the Rev. Arthur H. Baldwin, rector of All Saints' Church), and by her he had one daughter, now Mrs. Robert Sullivan.

Dr. Scadding passed away in the quaint home which he had built for himself, and which he bequeathed to the Parish of Holy Trinity, on the 6th day of May, 1901, in his eighty-eighth year. The funeral took place at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of Thursday, May 9th, 1901, the church being appropriately draped for the occasion. The services were conducted by the rector, the Rev. John Pearson, D.C.L., assisted by the Rev. Canon Sanson, of Trinity Church, the oldest clergyman of the church in the Diocese. The church was filled with representative men from every walk of life, while the York Pioneers attended in a body. The services at St. James' cemetery were made unusually impressive by the attendance of the full surpliced choir and the singing of some beautiful and appropriate hymns.

HON. JAMES PATTON, who died in Toronto in 1889, was born in Prescott, Ont., in 1824, the youngest son of Major Andrew and Elizabeth (Simpson) Patton, both of London, England. Major Andrew Patton was a son of Col. Andrew Patton, for many years in Her Majesty's service.

Major Andrew Patton was the founder of the family in Canada, settling on the Bay of Quinte, where he owned a large tract of land, and where for many years he led a retired life. He later removed to Prescott, where he died. His widow died in Cornwall. Five children were born to them: Andrew, Henry, John, Ann and James.

James Patton was educated at the Upper Canada College, which institution he entered when he was seven years of age, being the youngest student to enter the school up to that time. At the age of sixteen years he entered the office of Hilliard & Cameron, where he read law, and in due time was called to the Bar. He became one of the leading barristers of Ontario, and a prominent public man. On completing his studies Mr. Patton settled at Barrie, being one of the first lawyers of that place. From Barrie he came to Toronto, and was at the head of a law firm which also included among its members Mr. Osler, and which firm continued a number of years, when Mr. Patton went to Kingston and became connected with the firm of Macdonald & Patton, Sir John Macdonald being his partner. After spending about ten years in Kingston the firm removed to Toronto, and were solicitors for the Trusts & Loan Company for about fifteen years, after which Mr. Patton was manager for the Scottish Loan Society for a short time. During the time in which Mr. Patton had been prominent in business and in the legal profession, he had

filled many important public positions, viz.: Vice-chancellor of the University of Toronto, member of the Dominion Senate, solicitor general and collector of customs at Toronto, which latter position he held at the time of his death.

In 1854 the Hon. James Patton married Miss Martha Mariette Hooker, born in Prescott, May 25, 1829, daughter of Alfred and Elvira (Warner) Hooker. Mrs. Hooker's father was Colonel Warner, of the English army, and fought in the American Revolution. Alfred Hooker was the founder of that family in Canada, and for many years was in the forwarding business at Prescott, where he died. He had two children, Mrs. Patton and Mrs. Brodhead, the latter deceased. The Hon. Mr. Patton left one daughter, Helen Louise, now Mrs. William Clark, who resides with her mother at No. 53 Beverley street, Toronto.

Mr. Patton was a prominent Conservative, and besides being a law partner to Sir John Macdonald was one of that gentleman's most intimate friends. In religion he was connected with the Church of England, to which faith his widow and daughter also adhere. Fraternally he was a Mason.

FRANCIS SHANLY, C.E., who passed away very suddenly while journeying from Toronto to Ottawa, Sept. 13, 1882, was a man of international reputation as a civil engineer. A member of an Irish family of Celtic origin, dating back to very early times, and one of the pioneer families of Western Ontario, Mr. Shanly was born at "The Abbey," Queen's County, Ireland, Oct. 29, 1820, the seventh son of James Shanly (a member of the Irish Bar) and Frances Elizabeth Mulvaney, his wife. The family emigrated to Canada in 1836, and finally settled at "Thorndale," County Middlesex, where our subject's father lived retired until his death in 1857, at the age of seventy-eight years. He was a direct descendant of the Shanly who represented Jamestown, County Leitrim, in the "Patriot Parliament" of 1689, the last Parliament of Ireland.

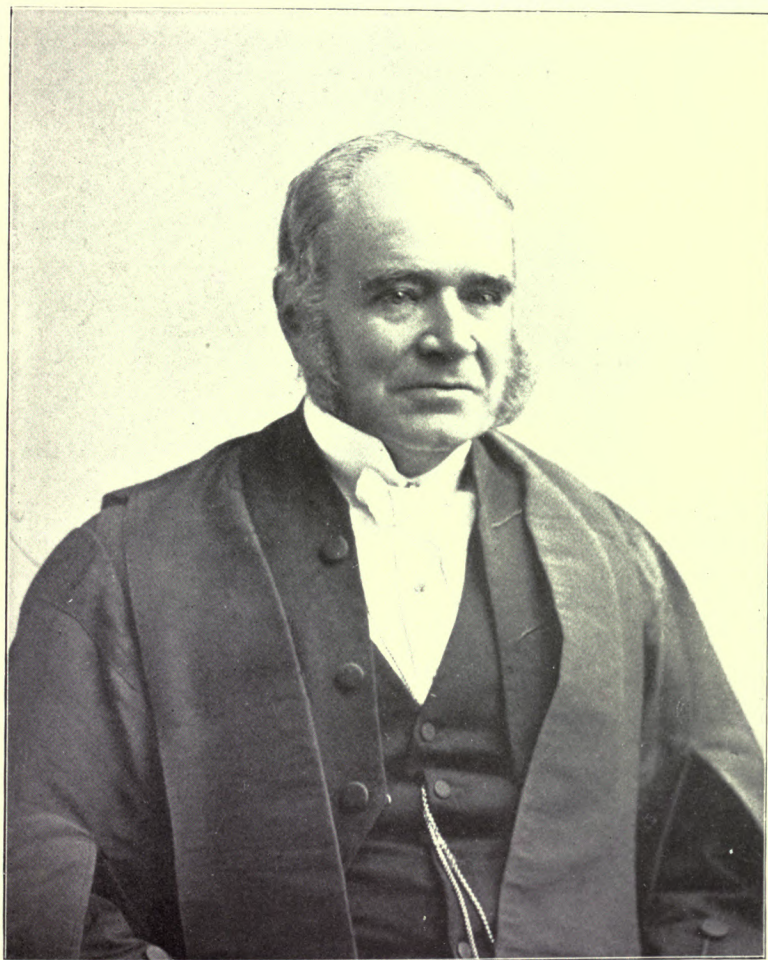
Francis Shanly was educated by private tuition in Ireland and about the year 1846 he began to engage in civil engineering in company with his brother Walter, their early work in this line being undertaken in the States of Pennsylvania and New York, with a view to fitting themselves for the railway era about to open in Canada. In 1852 they were associated in the construction of the "Toronto and Guelph Railway," afterward incorporated into the Grand Trunk Railway System. The brothers also successfully carried through the construction of the Hoosac Tunnel, in the State of Mas-

sachusetts, after many failures on the part of American engineers to cope with the undertaking, which at the time of its completion ranked next to the Mont Cenis tunnel as a feat of engineering skill. In 1860 Mr. Shanly settled definitely in Toronto, and was engaged in various undertakings in both Canada and the United States, amongst others the rebuilding of the Northern Railway, the construction of the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway, etc. From 1875 to 1880 he was engineer for the city of Toronto, and in the latter year he was appointed chief engineer of the Intercolonial Railway, and was engaged upon the adjustment of claims against the government, growing out of the contracts of that railway, at the time of his death.

Mrs. Shanly, who survives her husband, resides at No. 15 Wilcox street, Toronto, and was Miss Louisa Saunders, daughter of the late Thomas Saunders and Lucy Anne Willecocks, his wife. Mr. Saunders was born in Buckinghamshire, England, in 1795, his wife at Chapelizod, near Dublin, Ireland, in 1803. They came to Canada in 1833 and settled near Guelph, where their home, "Woodlands," one of the ideal rural homes of Canada, was situated. Mr. Saunders was the first clerk of the peace of the County of Wellington, which position he held until his death, in 1873. He was a colonel of militia and took an active part during the troublous times in 1837. His widow died in Guelph in 1877. Of the family of Francis Shanly and his wife, one son, Coote Nisbitt, formerly Adjutant of the Royal Grenadiers, and now senior paymaster of the Western Ontario Command, and four daughters survive. Mr. Shanly was a Conservative in politics, a member of the Church of England, and in early life was connected with the Masonic order. A man of singularly quick perceptions, of very ready resource and great boldness in the face of physical difficulties, he was a naturally endowed engineer. Untiring energy, a singularly high standpoint in regard to whatever he busied himself with, great integrity and that fine sense of honour which would feel a stain like a wound, were also among his characteristics. A recent writer, referring to the group of eminent Canadian engineers of earlier days, which included the Shanly brothers, says: "A very noticeable characteristic of these men was their high estimate of the dignity of their calling. Each seemed to be thoroughly impressed with the idea that a civil engineer must also be a gentleman and a scholar. It will be a fortunate thing for Canada if her great practical science institutions keep her constantly supplied with men of their stamp."

THE HON. JOSEPH CURRAN MORRISON (deceased) was born in the South of Ireland Aug. 20, 1816, to which country his father, Hugh Morrison, had removed from Sutherlandshire, Scotland, where he had been born. During Judge Morrison's life he claimed his Scotch descent, and was a member of St. Andrew's Society; but he did not, however, disclaim his native Ireland, and was proud of the fact that his early education was received within the walls of the Royal Belfast Institution.

Judge Morrison was still a boy when his father settled at York (Toronto), Ont., and he continued his education at the Upper Canada College. After graduating therefrom he took up the study of law, under the direction of Mr. Simon Washburn, a local practitioner of that time. Among his fellow students at law was the late Chancellor Blake. He was admitted a student by the Law Society in Hilary Term, 4 William IV., in 1834, and was admitted to the Bar, as the books show, in Easter Term, 2 Victoria, 1839. On graduation, Mr. Morrison and Mr. Blake (Chancellor) formed a partnership, which continued until Mr. Blake's elevation to the Bench in 1846. In 1843 Mr. Morrison became clerk of the executive council, his duties being those of the clerk of the old Court of Error and Appeal, composed of the Lieutenant-Governor and members of the council. Judge Morrison was a Reformer of the School of Reform as it existed at that time, and was a great friend of the Honorable Robert Baldwin, the then recognized leader of the Reform party. In 1848 Mr. Morrison was the Reform candidate for Parliament for the west riding of York. He was returned as a supporter of the Baldwin-Lafontaine administration, and sat in Parliament until 1851. On June 22, 1853, he became solicitor general for Upper Canada, and was returned in 1854. On May 24, 1856, he became receiver general in the Tache-Macdonald administration, and also a member of the Board of Railway Commissioners. In August, of the same year, he was again returned to Parliament. It was about this time that the Baldwin Reformers had largely merged with the Conservative party, owing to their divergence from the "Clear Grits." In this year also Judge Morrison was a member of the commission for revising the Statutes of Upper Canada. He was a strong advocate of the building of the old Ontario, Simcoe & Huron (now the Northern) Railway, the first sod of which was turned by Lady Elgin, Oct. 15, 1851. He was for some years president of the first board of directors of this road. In 1859 he was appointed registrar of the city of Toronto, but this he resigned in



William



1860, being appointed solicitor general by the Cartier-Macdonald government.

On March 19, 1862, Mr. Morrison was appointed Puisne Judge of the Common Pleas, and on Aug. 24, 1863, was transferred to the Queen's Bench, whence on Nov. 30, 1877, he was appointed Judge of the Court of Appeal. Judge Morrison was a lover of art, and adorned his home, "Woodlawn," with pictures of the masters. He also had great taste for horticulture, his conservatory being one of the finest in Toronto.

Judge Morrison passed away at his home Dec. 6, 1885. His reputation throughout Ontario was an enviable one. Full of charity and thought for others, he had hosts of friends in every community, while his sound judgment and sterling character won him a place in the front rank of men of refinement and education.

Judge Joseph Curran Morrison married Elizabeth Bloor, daughter of Joseph Bloor, a pioneer of Toronto, and to this union the following children were born: Emmeline, Mrs. James Oliver Buchanan, of No. 186 St. George street; Elizabeth, widow of Dr. James Buchanan Baldwin; Mary, widow of the late Hon. A. S. Hardy; Joseph, of the North-West; James B., a business man, of Detroit, Michigan; and Angus, deceased.

JAMES BUCHANAN BALDWIN, M.D., of Toronto, was one of the most prominent military men of Ontario, and a member of one of the pioneer families of the County of York. The Doctor was a son of the late William Augustus Baldwin, whose sketch appears elsewhere, and to which the reader is referred for the early history of the Baldwin family.

Dr. James Buchanan Baldwin was born in Toronto July 14, 1839, and died in his native city May 30, 1897. He was educated at the Upper Canada College, after which he completed his medical course at the Trinity Medical College. In 1876 he was graduated with the degree of M.D., and at once engaged in the general practice of his profession. He took great interest in military matters, and the great part of his active life was spent in the practice of his profession in connection with the militia. About 1860 Dr. Baldwin joined the Oak Ridge Cavalry; later he became a member of the Governor-General's bodyguard, and then became surgeon of the Second Dragoons. With this company he was identified many years prior to his death. The Doctor served in the Fenian Raid and in the rebellion in the North-West. The Doctor was a member of the Church of England in religion, a pronounced

Conservative in politics, and in fraternal circles was connected with the Masonic order.

On June 4, 1873, Dr. James Buchanan Baldwin was united in marriage with Miss Elizabeth Morrison, daughter of the late Judge Joseph Curran Morrison, and to this union were born two sons, Kenneth Joseph and Carlisle James Buchanan, and two daughters who died when quite young.

HON. DAVID REESOR, who departed this life in April, 1902, was one of the best known men, not only in his own county, York, but in the legislative halls of Canada, where he helped to direct the course of affairs in the sixties. He was a man of the strictest integrity, an earnest Christian, and one who carried his principles into every field of action, whether in private or public life. Senator Reesor was a native of Markham township, County of York, a son of Abraham Reesor.

Christian Reesor, the great-grandfather of our subject, settled in Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, in 1737. His son, Christian, emigrated thence in 1801, accompanied by his son Abraham, and thereafter they made their home in Markham township, County York, where twenty-two years later, Jan. 18, 1823, David Reesor was born. His mother's maiden name was Anna Detwiler, and she was a native of Pennsylvania. She died in the County of York in 1857, but Abraham Reesor passed away when his son was but six years old. The boy grew up in Markham township, attending the local schools, an education that was afterward supplemented by three years' instruction from a competent teacher.

David Reesor began the battle of life on his father's farm, but he soon drifted from rural pursuits into mercantile life, and then into manufacturing. In 1856 he went into journalistic work, for he was a man not merely of business ability but of genuine intellectual strength. Hence, when he began publishing his journal, known as the *Markham Economist*, of strong Reform proclivities, it was only natural that he should be most successful. He continued to edit the paper until 1868, when he sold out. Meantime his participation in the guidance of public affairs had long been going on, for his political career began in 1848, when he was appointed a magistrate. In 1850, when York, Peel and Ontario Counties were united, Mr. Reesor became a member of the county council and ten years later was made warden. Previously, in 1854, he had been appointed returning officer for the East Riding of York. One line in which Mr. Reesor was particularly interested was education, and Markham Township owes its fine grammar school mainly to his efforts. In 1860

began his participation in Dominion affairs, as in that year he was made representative for Kings Division in the Legislative Council of Canada, a position he held until the Federation of Provinces in 1867. On Oct. 23, 1867, he was called to the Senate by Royal Proclamation. It had always been his belief that senators should be elected, not appointed, and he soon introduced a resolution to that effect in the legislative council, but it was defeated. In 1876 Senator Reesor retired from public life, and settling in Rosedale, North Toronto, lived there quietly until his death in 1902. He was largely instrumental in the building of the Nipissing Railroad, now the Midland branch of the Grand Trunk Railroad.

Senator Reesor, as has been mentioned, was an earnest Christian. He was a member of the Methodist Church, and gave generously of his time, strength and money to support the various departments of work in that body. He was also for many years president of the Markham Bible Society. He was a man of unusual strength of character, and of an uprightness and probity, which made him a worthy example to all.

In February, 1847, Mr. Reesor was united in marriage to Miss Emily McDougall, eldest daughter of Daniel McDougall, of St. Mary's, and sister of the late Hon. William McDougall, C.B., of Ottawa. To this union five children were born: (1) Augustus became the wife of William Coburn, M.D., of Oshawa, by whom she had four children, namely: J. H., a barrister of Walkerville, Ont., who married Miss Carrie Lash, and has a daughter, Margaret; Marion, wife of Eugene Smith, M.D., of Cleveland, Ohio, and mother of one son, Donald; W. A., of the Imperial Bank; and Nellie, at home. (2) Jessie Adelaide is the widow of John Holmes, who died in Australia, leaving three children, Emily, Louise and A. Bertram. (3) Annetta resides in Hamilton, unmarried. (4) Mrs. H. E. Stinson resides in Rosedale. (5) W. D., of the North-West Territory, married Miss Alice Moffatt, and has four sons, Bruce, Frank, Harry and Colby.

Mrs. Emily Reesor, who survives her husband, was born in County York, Jan. 25, 1824. She was a granddaughter of John McDougall, of Scotland, who came to Canada. It is said that his son, Daniel, Mrs. Reesor's father, who was born in what is now Toronto, in 1795, was the first white child born there. Mr. Daniel McDougall became a farmer and lived for many years in York township, but died in St. Mary's. His wife was a Miss Hannah Matthews, born at St. Andrews in 1805. She died in 1889, nineteen years after her husband's demise. They were Methodists in their religious faith. Fifteen chil-

dren were born to them and three are still living, namely: Mrs. Reesor, Horace, and Mrs. H. A. Jones, all of Toronto.

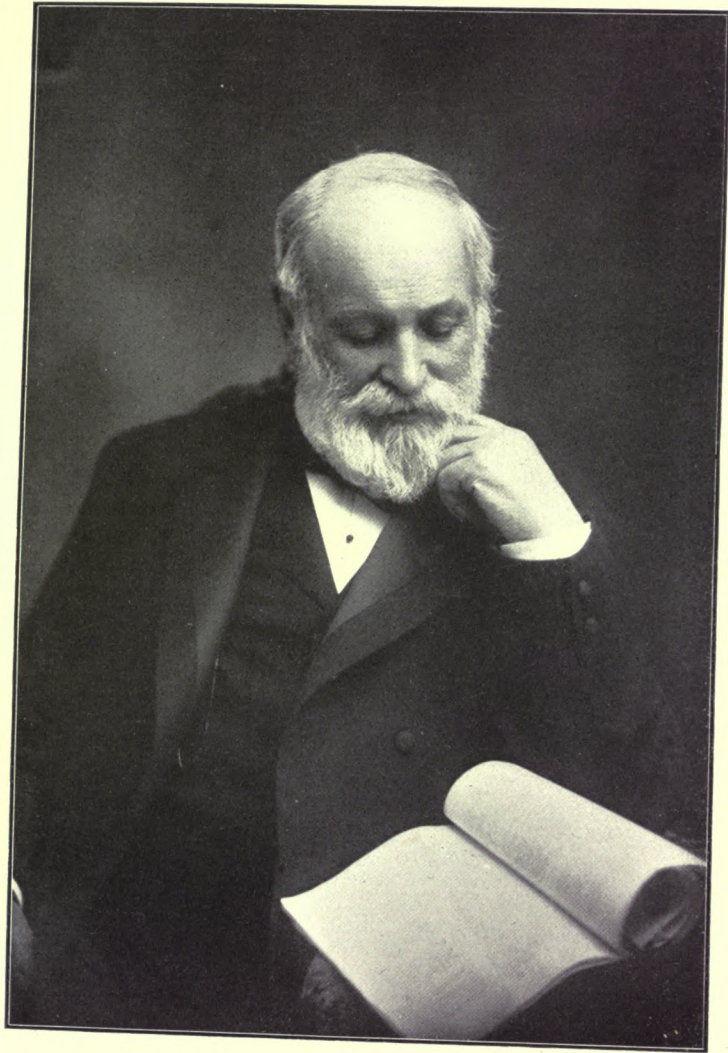
HON. JOHN HILLYARD CAMERON, M.P., for many years the leader of the Ontario Bar, member of Parliament and Attorney-General of Canada, was born at Blandigne, France, April 14, 1817, son of Angus Cameron, of the 79th Cameron Highlanders, and founder of this branch of the Cameron family in Canada. The other children in the family of Angus Cameron were: Alan; Samuel Hillyard, deceased; Robert, a lieutenant in the 63rd Regiment, who died in India; Ann, widow of Col. Robert Muter, commander of the Canadian Rifles; and Elizabeth, wife of Dr. Joseph Clarke, of England.

John H. Cameron was but a lad when his parents came to Canada, and he received his education at the Upper Canada College. He prepared to become a barrister in Toronto, in which city he was engaged in the practice of his profession. In this he rapidly rose until he became the acknowledged leader of the Ontario Bar. In 1846 he became Solicitor-General of Canada. He was a member of Parliament from Counties Cornwall and Peel, ably discharging the duties of that office for many years. He was also chancellor of Trinity College, Toronto, for many years and until his death and in every respect was a leader in his profession.

Mr. Cameron was twice married, his first wife being Mrs. Elizabeth Bouton, and to this union was born one son, Col. Hillyard Henry Angus Cameron, of England, who married Mary Ferguson, and had six children, Arthur, Elsie, Blanche, Maud, Mary, and George. Mrs. Cameron died April 20, 1844, and one June 28, 1849, Mr. Cameron married Miss Ellen Madeline de Bernier Mallett, daughter of Edward J. Mallett, a French Huguenot. To this union were born: Captain Alan, of South Africa, a retired army officer, who married Florence de la Garde Grissell, and has three children, Hillyard, Alan and Irene; Mrs. Arthur Spragge, mentioned elsewhere; and Madeline, who married Col. T. D. Foster, of England, and has one surviving son, Douglas.

The Hon. John H. Cameron died Nov. 13, 1876, and at the request of the Law Society, of which he had long been treasurer, he was buried from Osgoode Hall. He was a member of the Church of England. In politics he was a strong Conservative, and in his fraternal affiliations an Orangeman and grand master therein. Mrs. Cameron survives and makes her home in Toronto.





Robert Faffray

FRANK MADILL, M.A., M.P.P., M.P. (deceased), who passed away at Beaverton, Ont., Oct. 25, 1895, was a highly-esteemed barrister and one of the well-known public men of Canada for many years. Mr. Madill was born in Scott township, in the County of Ontario, Nov. 23, 1852, son of Henry Madill, who married Eliza Quinn. Henry Madill was born in the North of Ireland, and about 1840 settled in Markham township, York County, Ont., but soon thereafter went to Scott township, where he engaged in farming for some years, until his retirement.

Frank Madill early manifested great intellectual ability. His early training was received in the high school at Uxbridge, and at the age of thirteen years he held a second-class certificate for teaching. Having completed the course at Uxbridge he entered the University of Toronto, and in 1876 was called to the Bar. He at once settled at Beaverton, where he became a leading barrister and where he practised for about ten years. Meantime, in 1882, he was elected to the Ontario Legislature, where he served for two years, being "Conservative Whip," and the youngest member of the House. On his retirement from the local house he was presented a gold-headed cane, an opponent remarking, "You can have this cane with which to walk out of the House." Mr. Madill's career was just beginning, and he went to the Dominion House, where for ten years he represented the North Riding of Ontario County ably and efficiently. Mr. Madill was an accomplished scholar, an able barrister, and a leader of the Conservative party in Ontario. He was a prominent Freemason, and also belonged to the I. O. O. F. and the Knights of Pythias, being a past chancellor in the last named organization.

In 1886 Mr. Madill married Miss Florence Young, who was born at Columbus, Ont., daughter of C. T. Young, for many years a well-known woolen manufacturer of Beaverton and Port Perry. He was for some time a member of the council at Beaverton, and was reeve of that place. Mr. Young was born in Canada in 1841, and married Patience McKenzie, who was born in 1840. They still reside at Beaverton. They had a family of six children, of whom Mrs. Madill was the eldest.

To Mr. and Mrs. Madill three children were born, of whom the eldest, Frank, died in infancy. Enid and Ralph M. are now attending school in Toronto, where their widowed mother now makes her home. She is a Presbyterian in religion, and Mr. Madill also adhered to that faith.

SENATOR ROBERT JAFFRAY, one of the most prominent business men of the city of To-

ronto, Ont., and an honored member of the Dominion Senate, is a native of Bannockburn, Scotland, born in 1832, son of William and Margaret (Heugh) Jaffray, natives of that country.

William Jaffray was for many years engaged extensively in the manufacture of nails in Scotland, employing about forty men in this industry before the invention of nail making machinery, each nail having to be made by hand. In later years, however, he engaged in agricultural pursuits and became an extensive farmer. William Jaffray married Margaret Heugh, and to them were born children as follows: Janet, who married J. B. Smith, for many years a well-known business man of Toronto; Robert; Alexander, who is bursar at the Central Prison, Toronto; John, William, and Thomas, of Manitoba; James, on the old farm in Scotland; and George, deceased.

Robert Jaffray received his literary training in his native country, and in Edinburgh served his time to the grocery business. On settling in Toronto in 1852 he engaged with his brother-in-law, the late J. B. Smith, who was in the grocery business on Yonge street, later became Mr. Smith's partner, and subsequently succeeded to his interest in the business, which he continued until 1880. During his fifty-four years' residence in Toronto Senator Jaffray has been identified with many leading business enterprises of the city, and to-day is connected with more than a score of large industries, either as official, stockholder or director. In 1880 he became a director of the Globe Printing Company, and since 1888 has been its honored president. He was a director in the Northern and Midland railways, president of the Land Security Company, vice-president of the Imperial Bank of Canada, vice-president of the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Company since its formation, director since its inception of the Toronto General Trust Corporation, and is connected with many other enterprises. Not only in business life has he been prominent, however, as he has been urged at different times to be standard bearer of his party for Parliamentary honors, which he has always declined. In 1906 he was appointed to the Dominion Senate, and, although this appointment came unsolicited, it was certainly an honor properly bestowed, as Senator Jaffray has always been a staunch advocate of Reform principles, and for many years at the head of the greatest Reform paper of Canada, and one of the greatest in the world. His religious faith is that of the Presbyterians, and his fraternal connections with the Masonic order.

Senator Jaffray was married to Miss Sarah Bugg, daughter of the late John Bugg, for many years an alderman of Toronto. Mrs. Jaf-

fray passed away March 27, 1906, the mother of four children: Annie E., wife of Christopher Eaton, of Owen Sound; William Gladstone, a broker of Toronto; Rev. R. A., missionary to China, and at the head of a college for educating Chinese missionaries, Wuchow, China; and Elizabeth, the wife of William A. Camerón, a barrister of Toronto.

JOHN SYMONS. The death of John Symons, which occurred in Toronto in 1902, was the closing chapter of a life long in years and correspondingly rich in all that makes a man's career of value to the world.

An adopted son of Canada, Mr. Symons was born in Derby, England, Nov. 19, 1808. He was educated in his native land, studied law there, and was admitted as an English solicitor in 1832. He at once took chambers in London, in "Old Jewry," practising there till 1851, when he came to Canada to look the ground over while considering the question of removal. Deciding favorably Mr. Symons settled there permanently in 1852, and was duly qualified to practise at the Canadian Bar, and for a while did so, but later went into business instead. He formed in 1858 the Canada Landed Credit Company, now reorganized under the name of the Canada Landed and National Investment Company, and for more than twenty years acted as manager of the corporation. On retiring from that position Mr. Symons gave up active business, and turned his attention rather to a consideration of various public questions from a bystander's point of view. He was specially interested in what is known as the "fast Atlantic service," and contributed an able pamphlet on the subject, pointing out the advantages of a short sea route and of utilizing Valentia Harbor.

Mr. Symons married Miss Isabel Thorburn, daughter of the late David Thorburn, of Queenston Heights, who was one of the prominent men of his day and generation. Mr. Thorburn was one of the first wardens of the Niagara District, which for many years he represented in Parliament. He and his wife, formerly Miss Isabel Thompson, of Niagara Falls, both died at Queenston. Children as follows were born to John and Isabel Symons: John T., late captain in the 12th York Rangers, and a well-known man among real estate agents; D. T., a barrister; Mrs. Shaw, widow of Dr. Shaw, of Hamilton; and Leila Frear and Kate, at home. Since her husband's death, in 1902, Mrs. Symons has continued to live in the old home, at No. 68 Avenue Road, built a number of years ago by Mr. Symons.

In political sentiment John Symons was a Conservative, while in religious belief he was an Anglican. Formerly a member of St. Paul's Church, in which he was at one time warden, he had a seat at the time of his death in the Church of the Redeemer. A scholar, a Christian and a true gentleman, his was a life commanding the respect of all who knew him. Lacking, as he did, only a few years of rounding out a century, Mr. Symons naturally had a fund of reminiscence both entertaining and instructive, reaching back even to the reception of the news of Waterloo and Wellington's victory.

REV. WILLIAM S. BLACKSTOCK, D.D., deceased. Forty years of active service in the ministry is a record on which a man may well look back with pride. Such a lifetime of helpfulness to his fellows is rightly followed by a period of freedom from responsibility, and of leisure to enjoy quietly the last years of existence, crowned by the respect, gratitude and affection of the many he has helped. Such a tranquil evening of life was the lot of Rev. William S. Blackstock, a minister of the Wesleyan Methodist Church, who lived in retirement in Toronto at No. 121 Carlton street. His death occurred at Atlantic City, New Jersey, in November, 1905.

The Blackstock family is from the North of Ireland, and three brothers came thence to Canada about 1819, George, Rev. Moses and John, the latter settling in Barrie. George Blackstock had a son, George, who was born in Ireland in 1803. This son went to the State of New Jersey and there married Miss Jane Chambers. Later the young couple came to Canada, settled first in the township of Cavan, and from there afterward moved to the township of Pickering. Still later they moved to Port Huron, Michigan. Of their children three grew to maturity, Mrs. Ballard, Mrs. Cruickshank and Rev. William S. Mrs. Cruickshank resides in Michigan, and the last years of the parents were passed in her home. The father was a farmer by occupation.

Rev. William S. Blackstock was born in Buffalo, New York, in 1824. His education was acquired in Toronto and New York City, and he was early prepared for the ministry. For forty years he labored faithfully for his fellowmen, most of the time in Central Ontario. His last pastorate was in Toronto, where he was stationed for eight years prior to his retirement, in 1887. The honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred upon him by the Victoria University. From the time he was called there, in 1879, Dr. Blackstock continued to make his home in Toronto. His first residence there was in 1827, when he was only three years old, but the family soon moved to Cavan township.

Dr. Blackstock was married in 1850 to Miss Mary Gibbs, born in 1826, sister of the late Hon. T. N. Gibbs and of W. H. Gibbs, M.P., of Oshawa. She is still living. Mrs. Blackstock was a constant support and sympathizer in her husband's work from the first, and enjoyed with him their well earned rest. They were among the oldest couples in Toronto, and as highly esteemed as they were widely known. Although well past eighty at the time of his death, Dr. Blackstock enjoyed reasonably good health and was in full possession of all his faculties. To Dr. and Mrs. Blackstock were born two sons: Thomas Gibbs Blackstock, K.C., a leading member of the Ontario Bar, who died in July, 1906; and George Tate Blackstock, K.C., a prominent member of the Ontario Bar.

DAVID BREAKENRIDGE READ, K.C., died of paralysis at his residence, No. 40 Broadalbane street, May 11, 1904, at the age of eighty-one. He had a stroke of apoplexy in November, 1902, and was afterward confined to his bed, but was conscious until shortly before death.

The late Mr. Read, who for many years was one of the best-known lawyers in the Province, was born in Augusta, Ont., June 13, 1823, and on both sides was of United Empire Loyalist descent. At the age of thirteen he was sent to Upper Canada College, and when the Mackenzie rebellion broke out he marched with the other boys to the Governor to offer his services. The Governor, Mr. Read used to say, patted them on the head and said that they were not needed at present. He entered on the study of law June 16, 1840, and was called to the bar on June 19, 1845. Among those with whom he practised were: Alexander Leith; the present Chancellor Boyd; J. B. Read, his brother; T. A. Keefer; H. V. Knight, and latterly his son, Walter Read. He was created Q.C. by the old Government of Canada Dec. 23, 1858, and at the time of his death was the oldest so appointed, his immediate predecessor having been the late Sir Oliver Mowat, appointed in 1855. He was elected a Bencher of the Law Society in November, 1855, and continued a Bencher until his retirement in April, 1881. A feature of his work there was the interest he always manifested in the students. It may be added that among his students were Chancellor Boyd, Judge Idington, Col. Matheson, the Provincial Treasurer, Judge Ermatinger, of St. Thomas, Isaac Campbell, K. C., of Winnipeg, and Frank Denton, K.C., of Toronto.

Many years ago, when legal procedure was less flexible than it became under the long regime of the late Attorney-General Mowat, Mr. Read held a high position at the Ontario Bar.

He was a Master of legal technicalities, and of the special pleading which in the earlier part of his career was very effective in counsel work. Several eminent jurists received their preparatory training in his office, and to the last he retained their respect and affection. The great change in judicature and procedure, which was for the most part completed between 1874 and 1884, made it difficult for the older practitioners and judges to keep up with the procession, and Mr. Read gave up the arduous struggle. He had done his work, but he never complained of the changed conditions.

Comparative exemption from professional duties gave him a chance to carry on the work of historical investigation, in which he took great delight, and at which by dint of ability, patience, and conscientiousness he became an expert of a somewhat high order. Whoever undertakes to write a history of Ontario, formerly Upper Canada, will find his work of research greatly aided by the material collected and the sources indicated by Mr. Read. He was by temperament a man of activity, with a special fondness for public affairs. In politics he was an ardent Conservative, and he had a fund of anecdotes of the stirring period of his early manhood which served to enliven his conversation when he was in a reminiscent mood. All trace of partisan aggressiveness passed away from him long ago, and during his later years some of his most intimate friends were his former political opponents. He was a public-spirited participant in municipal administration, and was fond of referring to the time when he and Sir Oliver Mowat were fellow-members of the city council of Toronto. Thus in more than one way his death severs another link which bound the present to the past. He always took an active interest in municipal politics, and was elected alderman for St. Patrick's ward in 1858. On November 11th of that year, he was elected by the council, Mayor of the city on the resignation of W. H. Boulton. At the time of his death he was the oldest ex-Mayor. Among the aldermen of that year was Sir Oliver Mowat. He was one of the first members of the Toronto Club.

Active in both outdoor and indoor sports, he was a member of the Royal Canadian Yacht Club, of the Toronto Cricket Club, and of the Caer Howell Bowling Club, of which for years he was Honorary President. He also was active in military affairs, and was appointed ensign of the 5th Battalion of Toronto Militia in 1856.

During the last fifteen years he devoted himself to literary and historical work—"The Lives of the Judges of Upper Canada," "The Life of Governor Simcoe," "The Life of General Brock," "The Rebellion of 1837." He was vice-

president of the York Pioneers, a member of the Ontario Historical Society, and one of the committee of the Upper Canada College Old Boys' Association. In politics he was a personal friend and strong supporter of Sir John Macdonald. He was an active member of the Church of England, and was one of the founders of St. John's Church, and also of St. Matthias' Church, of the latter of which he was for many years churchwarden and representative in the Synod.

Mr. David Breakenridge Read was a son of John Landon and Janet (Breakenridge) Read. John Landon Read was a son of Obadiah Read, a United Empire Loyalist, who came to Canada in 1784, settling in the town of Augusta, County of Grenville, Ontario. Obadiah Read married Miss Lydia Landon, also of United Empire Loyalist stock.

In 1848 Mr. David Breakenridge Read married Miss Emily Ballard, of Picton, and to this union the following family were born: Miss Ada Read, librarian of the County of York Law Association; Mrs. F. C. Wade, and Mrs. H. J. Wade, of Vancouver, B.C.; and one son, Mr. Walter Read, of the firm of Read & Read.

ANDREW CRAWFORD. Among the well-known business men of Toronto was Andrew Crawford, a member of the firm known as The W. R. Brock Company, wholesale dry goods dealers. Mr. Crawford was born at Carnfoot, near Dollar, Scotland, in 1837, and he died in Toronto in 1893. He was a son of Robert and Margaret (Dixon) Crawford, also natives of Scotland.

In 1856 Andrew Crawford came to Toronto and engaged as a clerk for Dixon & Logan, whose business he and Mr. James D. Smith purchased later, the firm becoming known as Crawford & Smith. Later Mr. Crawford became a member of The W. R. Brock Company, and with this firm was identified up to the time of his death.

In 1863 Andrew Crawford and Catherine Gibb were united in marriage, she being a daughter of the late Charles and Elizabeth (Shillinglaw) Gibb. Charles Gibb was born in 1808 at Fettercairn, Scotland, was educated in Edinburgh, and there he studied for the profession of civil and mechanical engineering. In 1832 he came to Toronto, where he followed that line until 1846, when he died. He was a son of James and Catherine (Durie) Gibb, who also came to Canada, settling near Chatham, where they died. Elizabeth Shillinglaw, the mother of Mrs. Crawford, was the only daughter of William Shillinglaw, who died at Galashiels, Scotland, his widow and children coming to Canada when Elizabeth was only nine years of age. She died in Toronto in 1890, leaving two children: Mrs.

Crawford; and James Gibb, of Arkansas, U.S.A.

Mr. and Mrs. Crawford's children were: Margaret, at home; Charles, deceased; Ethel, deceased; Robert Dixon, with The W. R. Brock Company; Catherine, the wife of Frank Johnston, of Toronto; and Andrew Gordon, in the Bank of Toronto, at Collingwood. Mr. Crawford was a consistent member of Knox Presbyterian Church, and Mrs. Crawford adheres to the same religious faith. He was a Reformer in politics, and his fraternal connection was with St. Andrew's Society.

ROBERT RUSSELL BALDWIN, B.A., of No. 36 Lowther avenue, Toronto, who for some years previous to his death had retired from active business, was a member of one of the oldest families in the city. He was a son of William Augustus and Isabella Clarke Baldwin, who was the daughter of James Buchanan, British Consul at New York.

William Augustus Baldwin was a son of Dr. William Warren Baldwin, who was born in Ireland in 1775, and died at Toronto Jan. 5, 1844. Dr. Baldwin founded the family in Canada, having in 1790 settled in Toronto. He married Margaret Phoebe Willecocks, daughter of William Willecocks, by whom he had these children: Robert, William Augustus, Henry and Quetton St. George. William Augustus Baldwin's children by his first marriage were: Henry St. George, mentioned elsewhere; James Buchanan, M.D.; William Augustus; Robert Russell; Aemilius; Phoebe Buchanan; and Isabella Elizabeth. Mr. Baldwin's first wife died Aug. 21, 1850, and on Feb. 29, 1852, he married Margaret Fry, daughter of Capt. Martin Donald McLeod. To this union were born these children: Jane McLeod, wife of Martin Graham, of Rome, Georgia; Elizabeth Alexandrina McLeod; Annie Maria, now Mrs. Charles Pratt Whelan; Martin Donald McLeod, deceased; Lawrence Heyden, barrister of Toronto; Margaret McLeod, deceased; Norman McLeod, deceased; Charles McLeod, of St. Thomas; and John McLeod, a physician of Toronto.

Robert Russell Baldwin was born in Toronto in 1842, and was educated at Upper Canada College, and Toronto University, from which latter institution he graduated in 1866 with the degree of B.A. Upon completing his classical education, Mr. Baldwin was for some years connected with the Canadian Bank of Commerce at Toronto. In 1883 he resigned this position, and he died in 1906.

In 1893 Mr. Baldwin married Ada Webster, daughter of the late James and Margaret (Wilson) Webster, early settlers in the County of

Wellington. Mr. Webster was born in 1803, in Perthshire, Scotland, and died at Guelph, in 1869. The Webster home in Scotland was known as "Balruddery." The father of Mrs. Baldwin was a son of James and Agnes (Hunter) Webster, who spent their entire lives in Scotland. Their children who came to Canada were: James, the father of Mrs. Baldwin; and Thomas. James Webster came to Ontario in 1833, and purchased a large tract of land in the County of Wellington, to the clearing, cultivating and selling of which he gave his active life. He was not only a clever business man, but also a prominent public citizen, serving in Parliament several years. Mr. Webster's strict integrity may be gathered from the fact that upon one election to Parliament he saw that fraud had been committed in the elections and promptly resigned the office as a strong rebuke to his over-zealous supporters. For many years Mr. Webster served as registrar of the County of Wellington. On March 6, 1838, he married Margaret Wilson, born at Aberdeen, Scotland, in 1821.

REV. ANDREW B. CHAMBERS, LL.B., D.D., of Toronto, bears a name long identified with the best interests of Canada. The family originated in the North of Ireland, and its founders in Canada were Richard and John Chambers—the latter the father of Dr. Chambers, of Toronto. These two pioneers were sons of Alexander Chambers. Richard preceded John to Canada by a few years, and settled first in St. Catharines, but later removed to Dunnville, where he became a prominent merchant and miller. His old mill still stands at Dunnville, and is known as the Chambers Mill. He was a man of affairs there, a member of the council, and otherwise an important and substantial citizen.

John Chambers, who shared the honor almost equally of founding the Chambers family here, was born in the North of Ireland, near Enniskillen, in 1813, and died in 1901. His wife, born in 1815, lived until 1881. In 1847 John Chambers and his wife came to Canada, settling at Toronto, where they remained until 1854, when they removed to the township of Whitchurch, in the County of York. There Mr. Chambers engaged for a time in the manufacture of lumber. Later he removed to Reach township, County of Ontario, farming there for a short period, and then entered the mercantile business at Victoria Corners, same township. In 1866 Mr. Chambers removed to Wilfrid, in Brock township, where he became a general merchant and was the first postmaster at that place. He resided there until 1883, when he retired from business and settled for a time at Cannington. In 1899 he came to Toronto, where

he resided with his son, Dr. Chambers, until his death. To John Chambers and his wife were born children as follows: Eliza, born in Ireland, now Mr. James Dale, of Manitoba; Dr. Andrew B., born in Ireland; Alexander Carson, deceased, who was born in Ireland (his son John King lives in Toronto); Mary, wife of William Henry Lawrence; Mrs. John Moore Hart, widow of Dr. John Moore Hart; Ann Jane, who died unmarried; John James, who died unmarried; and Thomas Richard, for twenty-five years a resident of Hamilton, North Dakota.

Rev. Andrew B. Chambers was reared and educated at Toronto, and in 1875 he was graduated in law at McGill University. After several years spent in teaching in the Counties of York and Ontario Dr. Chambers turned his attention and study to the ministry. In 1864 he entered the Methodist Conference as a probationer, and in 1868 he was ordained. He remained two years at his first pastorate, at Newmarket, went to Prince Edward County, where he served three years, and then went to Sherbrook Street Church, Montreal. His subsequent stations were as follows: Pembroke, two years; Napanee, Quebec; Montreal, second term; Stanstead, two years, during part of which time he was governor of Stanstead College. From Stanstead he was called to Napanee for a second term.

In 1891 Dr. Chambers was called to Wesley Church, Toronto, where he remained three years. He then spent three years as pastor of the McCaul Street Church, three years at the Gerrard Street Church, three years at Wood Green Tabernacle, and in 1903 became pastor of the Parliament Street Church.

Dr. Chambers through his high Christian character and scholarly attainments has become a power in his church and for twenty sessions of the Conference he has been a member of the stationing committee. He has served as Chairman of the Quebec, Montreal, Stanstead, Napanee, Toronto Central and Toronto East Districts, and has been a member of five General Conferences. In 1897 he was elected President of the Toronto Conference, and at the close of the term in 1898 Victoria College conferred upon him the degree of D.D., an eminently fitting honor. He is a member of the Senate of Victoria College, and treasurer of the superannuation fund for the Toronto Conference.

On June 16, 1868, Dr. Chambers was married to Miss Lucy, third daughter of the late Rev. William McCullough, and they have had these children: Mrs. A. N. Burns, of Toronto; Mrs. R. W. Anglin, of the Essex High School; Pearl; Ruby; and A. Harold H., now connected with the Equity Fire Insurance Company. Dr.

Chambers is an Orangeman, and also belongs to the Masons, the I.O.O.F. and the A.O.U.W. In his political sentiments he is a Conservative of the independent type. He worthily enjoys the esteem of all who know him, the respect of all classes, and the admiration of his co-laborers. He has been a member of and has taken a great interest in the work of the Upper Canada Bible Society during the past fourteen years, and is at the present time one of its vice-presidents. He is a member of the board and also of the executive of the recently formed Canadian Bible Society.

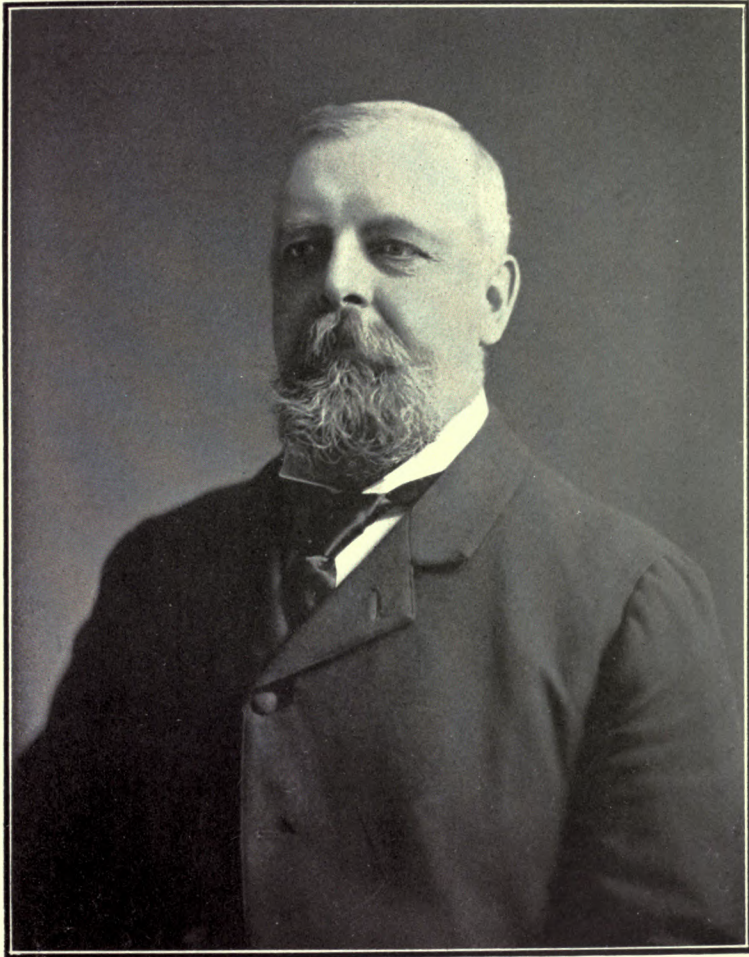
JOSEPH HENRY WIDDIFIELD, M.D., M. P.P. The sudden death of Mr. Widdifield on Sunday morning, June 3, 1906, removed from the County of York one of her most faithful officials and most highly esteemed citizens, and from Toronto a Christian gentleman whose friends were legion. For many years he was sheriff of the County of York, and was a member of one of the pioneer families of the County. The family is of Saxon English extraction, and was first brought to Canada by Henry Widdifield, the grandfather of Joseph H.

Henry Widdifield was born in New Jersey in 1779, a son of Henry Widdifield, Sr., who was also born in New Jersey, but who moved to Pennsylvania when his son, Henry, the grandfather of Joseph H., was but a lad. In 1800 Henry Widdifield, Jr., came to the County of York on a prospecting tour, and was so favorably impressed with the country that he returned to Pennsylvania, and prepared to move to Canada, which he did the following year, settling on Lot 32, Concession 3, Whitechurch township, where he cleared a farm from the bush. This farm has never passed out of the family, and is now owned by one of his grandsons, James Edward Widdifield, and is known as "Maple Grove Farm." In 1805 Mr. Widdifield returned to Pennsylvania, and there married Phebe Randall, a native of that State. Her brothers and sisters were also early settlers in the County of York. She was born in 1774, and died on the York County farm in 1855, her husband surviving until 1869, when he too, passed away. In their religious faith, they were Quakers, and in political principle Henry Widdifield was a Liberal. Some time after they located in the County of York, they were joined about 1807 by Mr. Widdifield's father, Henry Widdifield, Sr., who came, accompanied by his family, to find prosperity in the country so attractive to his son. He made his home there until his death. To Henry Widdifield, Jr., and wife were born the following children: Charles E., the father of our subject; Agnes, who mar-

ried James Playter, and is now deceased; Mary, deceased wife of Ira Brown, of Pickering; and Mercy, deceased, who married George Playter.

Charles E. Widdifield was born on Maple Grove Farm in 1812, and there on his birthplace he followed farming all his life, dying in 1883. He was a man much interested in public affairs, particularly matters pertaining to schools, and he served most acceptably as school trustee for a number of years. Political honors, however, he steadfastly refused. In 1841 he was married to Angelina Hughes, who was born in Pennsylvania in 1821, daughter of Joseph Hughes, a pioneer of the County of York, and died at the home of her son, Joseph H., in 1896. Both Charles Widdifield and his wife were members of the Quaker Church. He voted the ticket of the Liberal party. The nine children born to Charles Widdifield and wife were: (1) Elizabeth, married George B. Knowles, and had three children: Emma, wife of Dr. Elsworth McMullan, of California; Frederick, of New York City; and Helen Maude, wife of John Taylor, of Hamilton, New York State. (2) Joseph Henry. (3) Elma is widow of Walter Playter, by whom she had the following children: Florence, wife of Lorne McCormick, of the Royal Bank of Ottawa; and Vera and Greta, at home. (4) Mercy, deceased, married J. J. Collins, of St. Catharines, by whom she had two children: Herbert, of the class of 1904, Toronto University; and Evelyn Maude, at home. (5) Miss Jennie lives in Toronto. (6) William C., a barrister at Newmarket, married Emma Cane, daughter of the late William Cane, by whom he has two daughters, Marjorie and Kathleen. (7) James Edward, owner of the old home, married Emma Watson, sister of George Watson, K.C., of Toronto, and has three children: Ethel, of the civil service at Ottawa; Charles Howard and George Wentworth. (8) Charles Howard and (9) Rose Evelyn both died unmarried.

Joseph Henry Widdifield was born on the old homestead June 12, 1845. His literary education was acquired in the rural schools of his district and in the high school at Newmarket. Upon completing his work at the latter place he entered at once upon the study of medicine, his chosen profession, and in 1869, he received the degree of M.D. from Victoria University. In 1870 he was graduated from the Royal College of Surgeons at London, England, and in the same year became a licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians, at Edinburgh. Late in the same year he entered upon the active practice of his profession at Newmarket, and continued to be successfully engaged there until 1888, when he was made sheriff of the County of York. Soon after locating at Newmarket he became act-



J. W. Widdifield



ive in the councils of the Liberal party, and in 1875 was the recipient of parliamentary honors, being honored by re-election in 1879. 1883 and 1886, resigning his office in 1888 to become sheriff. During seven years of his service in Parliament he was "Parliament Whip" for the "Mowat party," and for seven years was chairman of the Standing Orders committee.

It was not only in political and professional lines that Mr. Widdifield was prominently identified with his native county, but he was also conspicuous in military circles. He held a first-class certificate from the Military Institute of Toronto, and also from the School of Gunnery of the same city. He served in the Fenian raid in 1866, for which service he held a medal and a grant of 160 acres of land in a township in Ontario, named in his honor—Widdifield township.

Dr. Widdifield belonged to the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario. He was a Mason of Knight Templar degree; was past master of Tuscan Lodge No. 99, Newmarket; past first principal of Doric Chapter, No. 60 Newmarket; ex-members of the board of general purposes, of the Grand Lodge of Canada; past district deputy grand master of the Toronto district; past grand superintendent of Toronto District, R.A.M. For many years prior to the holding of the office of sheriff, Dr. Widdifield was a justice of the peace, and also coroner of the County. He was medical examiner for the A.O.U.W.

In 1892 Dr. Widdifield purchased his fine residence at the corner of St. George street and Prince Arthur avenue, where his many friends always found a hearty greeting.

LIEUT.-COL. WILLIAM J. LANE MILLIGAN, a retired Staff Officer of Pensioners, Imperial Service, residence Bromley House, Toronto, comes of a family long connected with military life, while on his mother's side he is descended from John of Gaunt, Duke of Lancaster. The Colonel himself has added new lustre to the name and has distinguished himself during long years of service in Europe, Asia, Africa and America. He was born in Madras, India, son of Dr. William Milligan.

Dr. William Milligan, born in Perthshire, Scotland, in 1791, was for many years a surgeon of the 6th Enniskillen Dragoons. He married Miss Elizabeth Sybil Lane, of England, of the Lane family, Bentley Hall, Staffordshire. Bentley Hall was one of the hiding places of King Charles II. during his escape from England, and he left it disguised as a groom to Lady Jane Lane, riding on a pillion in front of her, on his escape to the coast from Bentley Hall. The family

was offered a Dukedom by King Charles, but it was declined. The Lane crest is the strawberry horse, bearing the Crown between his feet, with the motto "Garde-le-Roi," and their arms are quartered with those of England. Colonel Milligan's grandfather, Colonel Lane, was governor of St. Helena during the imprisonment of Napoleon. A great-uncle, Major-General Sir Burges Camac, was military secretary to the Duke of Wellington in India.

Colonel Milligan was the only son. He was educated in England under Dr. Greig, of Walthamstow, Essex, and at the age of sixteen entered upon his military career, in the course of which he has seen service in the four great continents of the world. In South Africa he served with the 73rd Perthshire Regiment, was also in the Indian Mutiny (it afterwards became the 2nd Battalion, Black Watch), while later he was appointed Staff Officer of Pensioners. This position he held twenty years, and the last twelve, from 1879 to 1891, he was in Toronto. After retiring he continued to make his home in that city.

While on service in India Colonel Milligan was married in Dinapore to Miss Isabella Margaret Moir, who was born in that country, a daughter of Col. J. D. W. Moir, of the Bengal East India Service. To this union seven children were born, namely: William J. Lane, deceased; Alice Sybil, who married Frank Nicholls Kennin, of Toronto; Isabella Grace, who married F. A. Hilton, of Toronto, and has five sons and two daughters; Helen Mary Edith; Yda Louisa, who married Lester Weaver, of Hespeler, Ont., and has two sons; Kathleen Maude; and Beatrice Adele, wife of Russell Brown, of Toronto, and mother of one daughter.

Colonel Milligan is one of Toronto's most distinguished citizens, and holds a high position socially. When in India he became a member of the Masonic fraternity, and still maintains his interest in it. In religion he is a member of the Episcopal Church, and in politics he is a Conservative.

WILLIAM BOULTBEE, C.E. The late William Boulton, who passed away at his residence, "Iver House," No. 52 St. Alban street, Toronto, in November, 1902, was a well-known civil engineer, and spent many years in the practice of his profession in Hamilton and Toronto. He was born in Devonshire, England, March 15, 1832, son of Felix and Mary (Samuel) Boulton.

Felix Boulton, who was an officer in the U. E. I. C. S., was the founder of the family in Canada. His father, William, also came to

Canada in his later years, and resided with his son. On coming to Canada Felix Boulton settled at Ancaster, where he soon afterward died. His brother and sister, Washington and Rosalind, came to Canada and cared for his family until they grew to maturity. His children were: Mary Ann, Alfred, Frank, William and Rev. Arthur.

William Boulton was educated in Canada. On the completion of his term as apprentice to the late John Howard, a well-known civil engineer of Toronto, he secured a position as civil engineer on the construction of the Great Western railway. In this work Mr. Boulton distinguished himself as a thoroughly competent engineer, and his experience gained him an appointment, in 1864, to a position on the engineering staff of the Madras Railway Company of London, England, operating in India. He soon rose to the position of executive engineer, which he held until 1882, when he retired. The high esteem in which Mr. Boulton was held in his service in India will be seen from the fact that in 1876-77, during the famine in that country, he was in charge of a staff of twenty-three thousand people, engaged in railway work, and as an appreciation of his most excellent services was given a prolonged furlough to Canada of two years. In 1878 he started back to India, and in February, 1879, resumed his professional work, continuing therein until 1882, when he returned to Canada. He settled in Toronto, where he erected a fine home on St. George street, in which he passed a few years. Selling this home, he located at No. 52 St. Alban street, and there the remainder of his life was spent.

On Dec. 12, 1866, at Madras, India, Mr. Boulton married Miss Marian Mulock, a member of an old and prominent family of Ontario. She is the daughter of the late Dr. Thomas Homan Mulock, sister of the Hon. Sir William Mulock, late postmaster-general of Canada, and cousin of "Miss Mulock," author of "John Halifax, Gentleman." The Mulock family was founded in Canada by William Mulock, the grandfather of Mrs. Boulton. He was born in Dublin, Ireland, and in 1837 settled at Orillia, Ont., where he owned valuable farm property. His wife was Miss Sarah Paisley, also of Dublin, and their children were: Rev. Canon Mulock, of Kingston; William, deceased, of California; Robert P., of Colfax, Iowa; Vance; Dr. Thomas Homan; Mary, Mrs. Arthur Robinson; and several who died young.

Dr. Thomas Homan Mulock, father of Mrs. Boulton, was born in Dublin, Ireland, in 1811, and was educated at Trinity College, Dublin, and the College of Physicians at London, Eng-

land. In 1837 he settled at Newmarket, County York, Ont., later removing to Bondhead, where he died in 1847. His wife was Miss Mary Cawthra, a member of an old and prominent family of Ontario, and daughter of John Cawthra, merchant of North York. Dr. Mulock was married to Miss Cawthra in 1838, and they became the parents of five children: John (deceased); Marian, Mrs. Boulton; Hon. Sir William; Sarah T. (deceased), wife of G. W. Lount, a barrister of Osgoode Hall, Toronto; and Rosamond P., now Mrs. G. W. Monk, of Toronto.

To Mr. and Mrs. Boulton were born eleven children, several of whom died young. The following grew to maturity: Dr. Alfred, of Toronto, married Edith Hannaford, and has four children, Michael, William, Constance and John H. Marian married Dr. Longfield Smith, of Barbados, West Indies, and died in 1905, leaving two children, Joyce and Rosamond. Will Mulock, a barrister of Toronto, married Margaret Amy Douglas, of Bampton, Oxford, England, and their children are Charles D., Elizabeth M., Thomas F. and William S. Horace, a journalist on the *Mail*, married Nan Greer, of Toronto, and they have one child, Richard Greer. Miss Rosamond and Miss Gladys are at home. All but the two last named were born in India.

Mr. Boulton was a consistent member of the Church of England, to the faith of which Mrs. Boulton and the family also adhere. Fraternally he was connected with St. George's Society. He was an ardent lover of chess, and for many years president of the Chess Club of Ontario.

HUSON MURRAY, M.A., K.C., of Toronto, is of Scotch extraction, and the first of his family of whom anything definite is known is his grandfather, William Murray, who, tracing from a branch of the House of Murray (Athol), bears the same arms. He went to the Barbados, where he died. His wife was Keturah Shepherd Bruce, a lineal descendant of Lord Elgin, and their children were: William Murray, manager of the Colonial Bank, Barbados, and Davidson Munro Murray.

In 1835 Davidson Munro Murray, the father of the subject of this article, located in Toronto, where he lived retired until his death, in 1851. He was in the service in the rebellion of 1837-38, holding the rank of captain. He married Mary Ann Huson, daughter of George Huson, and they had these children: Marion Bruce, who died in Toronto, unmarried; Huson Murray; William Davidson, of Toronto; Davidson Tullamore Wells, deceased; Keturah Shepherd Bruce, wife of Samuel Clark Dunnean, of To-

ronto; Hannah Jane Emily Maud, and Gertrude Louisa Anne, who died several years ago.

Huson Murray was born in Toronto in 1835, and was graduated with the degrees of B.A. and M.A. from Trinity University in 1855. He later received his M.S., after which he read law with John Hillyard Cameron, and was called to the Bar in 1859, since when he has been engaged in active practice in his native city. In 1889 Mr. Murray was made a K.C. He was a bencher of the Law Society for ten years, and chairman of the finance committee. Mr. Murray has been identified with the Protestant Orphans' Home for many years.

In 1860 Mr. Murray married Miss Eliza M. A. Heward, daughter of Francis Harris Heward, and grand-niece of the late Sir John Beverley Robinson, Baronet, and to this union have been born: Charles Bruce Munro, broker and a prominent Mason, married Charlotte Grand; Arthur Huson, manager of the Imperial Bank at Brantford, married Sybille Walker, daughter of Capt. Henry Walker, and they have two children, Duthga Muriel and Henry; Athol F. B., with the Imperial Bank of Fergus, married Sybil Sinclair; Louisa Frances is the wife of George H. Jones, and they have two children, Percival Heward and Herbert Francis; Emma Mabel is the wife of Stephen Y. Baldwin, and has two children, Leslie Murray and Stephanie Victoria; and Lillian Grace Louise is at home. The family are members of the Church of England. Mr. Murray is a Conservative.

THOMAS RIDOUT settled in York, now Toronto, in 1797, and was therefore one of its earliest inhabitants. He was born in Sherborne, Dorsetshire, England, March 17, 1754. The Ridouts were originally from France, but had settled in England early in the sixteenth century, a coat of arms being granted them in the reign of Henry VII. George Ridout, father of Thomas, was born in 1703 at Henstridge, Somerset, where the family had a small estate, but he married and settled in Sherborne, Dorsetshire, where he brought up his numerous family. The boys were educated at the famous Sherborne Grammar School, and the eldest son John, after taking his degree at Oxford, left England for America as secretary to Horatio Sharpe, Governor of Maryland. He became a member of the King's Council of that Province, and acquired a large property there. To this brother, in 1774, Thomas Ridout, then twenty years of age, was sent.

It was at an exciting time in American history, when the tea tax was the absorbing question, and by ill fortune, the youth had, as a fellow-passenger, the merchant who had shipped a few

weeks before some tea to Annapolis against the rules of the Convention. On arriving at New York this merchant learned that his ship, the "Peggy Stewart," had been burned, and that his life was in danger from the enraged populace. Thomas Ridout, who was in his company, had also a narrow escape from ill treatment, but was befriended by Hugh Wallace, a leading merchant in New York, who sent him off to Annapolis. For some time Thomas took charge of his brother's plantations in Maryland, and then was provided by him with capital to trade in tobacco and sugar between the West Indies and France. Trading on the high seas between 1775 and 1785 was a dangerous pursuit, for there were always privateers ready for a chase, and with captures and wrecks Thomas Ridout's ventures were not successful. He returned to Annapolis determined to seek his fortunes in the western settlements of Kentucky, and was provided by General Washington with letters of introduction to various well-known people there. It was in the summer of 1787 that he set off, but near the falls of the Ohio his party were taken prisoners by the Shawanese Indians. His companions were massacred, but his life was spared, and he spent several months as a prisoner among them, wandering with the tribe through the dense forests of the (then) far West. He at last reached the neighborhood of Detroit, where there was an English garrison. By the connivance of an Indian friend and master he escaped, and was warmly received by the officers of the 53rd Regiment, who provided him with clothing and took him with them to Montreal.

There Mr. Ridout, as his Journal relates, was kindly received by Lord Dorchester. Sir John Johnson and others, who interested themselves in the "engaging stranger," as the *Montreal Gazette*, of Aug. 21, 1788, names him. He received from Lord Dorchester an appointment in the commissariat, and shortly afterward, on May 26, 1789, married Mary Campbell, a daughter of Alexander Campbell, an U. E. Loyalist of the Bay of Quinte.

Mr. Ridout then proceeded to Newark, then the seat of government, where he was employed in the Commissary Department, and also in the Surveyor-General's office. In 1794 he was made a public notary and sergeant-at-arms to the House of Assembly. In 1796 a registry office was established for the Home district, and Thomas Ridout was appointed the first registrar. In 1797 he removed to York, and the office was established in his own house. He held it until 1811. In 1800 he was made clerk of the peace for the Home district, and clerk of the District Court. From 1799 to 1800 he was joint acting

surveyor-general with Mr. Chewett, and again from 1802 to 1807. In 1810 Thomas Ridout was appointed Surveyor-General of Upper Canada, and in 1812 was elected Member of Parliament for the West Riding of York, and in 1824 was called to a seat in the Legislative Council of Upper Canada.

The Ridout family homestead in York was on Duke street, east of Princess, and extended north to Duchess street. The house was of frame. There was a large garden and orchard attached, and some fine trees shaded the house. A pen picture of Mr. Ridout as he appeared during the last years of his life, is given by Dr. Scadding: "Among the venerable heads and ancestral forms which recur to us, as we gaze down in imagination from the galleries of the old wooden St. James of York, we will single out that of Mr. Ridout, some time Surveyor-General of the Province, father of a numerous progeny, and tribal head, so to speak, of more than one family of connections settled here bearing the same name. He was a perfect picture of a cheerful, benevolent-minded Englishman, of portly form, well advanced in years, his hair snowy white naturally, his usual costume of antique style."

A son of an elder brother of Surveyor-General Ridout emigrated to Canada with his family early in the nineteenth century, and also settled in York. Of this branch were Joseph D. Ridout and George Perceval Ridout and Lionel Ridout, of London, Ontario.

Thomas Ridout died Feb. 8, 1829, in the seventy-fifth year of his age. It was the time when an epitaph was always considered necessary, and his is to be found carved on a flat stone in the church yard of St. James' Cathedral:

"The kind and exemplary father of a numerous family, who loved and revered him and mourned his departure, the faithful servant of Government for nearly forty years, he endeared himself to the inhabitants of Upper Canada, and so won their affections by his unremitting attentions to their interests and unwearied courtesy to themselves, that they justly considered him an ornament to the colony. To a highly cultivated mind he added the most polished manners, and, what was far better, the meekness and humility of a Christian looking forward in faith to a blessed immortality."

HENRY PELLATT, residing at No. 349 Sherbourne street, Toronto, has been identified with the business interests of the city for many years. Mr. Pellatt was born in Glasgow, Scotland, of English parents, in the year 1830, being a son of Mill Pellatt and Maria (Wyld) Pellatt, both of whom lived and died in London, England, where the father carried on business on King William street as a wine merchant.

Mr. Pellatt was educated in London, England, and commenced his business career there as a clerk in the Royal Bank, of which his uncle, Apsley Pellatt, was a director, but while still under age he came to Canada, and obtained his first position here in the Bank of British North America, at Kingston, Ont., in the year 1850. Shortly afterwards, however, he transferred to the Bank of Upper Canada, in Kingston, removing later to the head office in Toronto, where he continued till that bank was taken over by the Government. Mr. Pellatt then, to enlarge his opportunities, opened an office as a share broker, and soon after secured as his partner Mr. E. B. Osler, now at the head of the well-known firm of Osler & Hammond. They remained in business together for some years, establishing a very large and profitable connection.

Mr. Pellatt's energy and enterprise were shown early in his business life, and he it was, in the first days of the firm of Pellatt & Osler, who obtained the necessary stock subscriptions in various cities and towns in the Province for the organization of both the Dominion and Imperial Banks. In the year 1882 Mr. Osler withdrew from the firm, and Sir Henry Mill Pellatt was taken into the partnership by his father, under the name of Pellatt & Pellatt. A successful business was carried on by them until 1892, when Mr. Pellatt retired from public life, having since devoted his time to private business, retaining control of his own affairs and some few financial interests which prevailed upon him to continue his valuable services on their behalf.

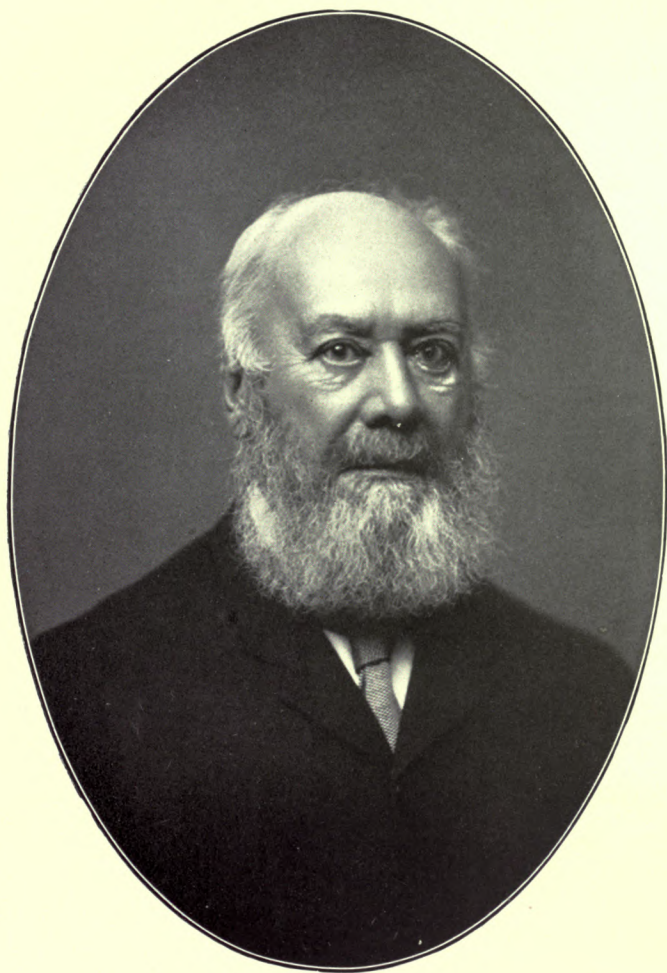
On leaving Kingston for Toronto Mr. Pellatt was presented, by his fellow citizens, a handsome silver plate, dated Sept. 1st, 1859, the public address being made by the Catholic Bishop of Kingston; he received also on that occasion a Special Testimonial, signed by the leading public men of Kingston, among whom were the Bishop of Kingston, Sir Henry Smith, O. S. Gildersleeve, James Harty, Henry W. Anglin, the Ven. Archdean Stewart, and Thomas Kirkpatrick; to further illustrate the high esteem in which he was held while still so young, he received the following letter from his bank associates, dated Sept. 6th, 1859:

Dear Sir,—

On the occasion of your removal to the Head Office of the Bank of Upper Canada, we, the undersigned members of the Kingston Branch, pray you to accept the accompanying Gold Pencil as a small token of our esteem, and with best wishes for the welfare and happiness of yourself and family, we remain,

Your sincere friends,

W. G. HINDS, Cashier,
W. G. GRASETT,
J. P. BURROWS.



Henry Pellatt

In Toronto Mr. Pellatt interested himself with the Hon. G. W. Allan, J. D. Ellis, E. A. Seadding, and others, in taking charge of the Horticultural Gardens, then presented to the city by Mr. Allan. He was made secretary-treasurer, and worked indefatigably with those gentlemen for many years in preserving that property and developing it for the benefit of the citizens; they built the first pavilion in the center and held concerts, operas, etc., and obtained the needed funds for conservatories, for a new pavilion when the old one was burned down, for fencing and other purposes, until the Gardens were taken over finally in a prosperous condition by the city council; for all this he was warmly commended by the citizens.

Mr. Pellatt held positions as auditor for the Northern Railway Company, the Consumers' Gas Company, and the Canada Permanent Loan & Savings Company, three of the then largest financial institutions in the Province. He was a director of the British Canadian Loan & Investment Company, and is now vice-president of the Ontario & Qu'Appelle Land Company, and director of the Victoria Rolling Stock Company and the Dominion Telegraph Company. Mr. Pellatt was the active inaugurator and first president of the Toronto Stock Exchange, established in 1878, holding that position for three years; associated with him in that important move for the brokers were Messrs. Fred Slowe, J. L. Blaikie, C. S. Gzowski, C. J. Campbell, W. G. Cassels, E. B. Osler, R. H. Temple, and others.

This life sketch would be very incomplete without particular reference to the personal character of Mr. Pellatt. We see that he was successful in business, and in such connections was recognized as a man of high personal honor and business integrity, and in private and social life he has exhibited qualities which have attracted admiration, by his ready wit and always genial humor, his kindness of heart, his hospitality and benevolence. He was one of the oldest and most popular members of the Toronto Club, also one of the first members of the Royal Canadian Yacht Club, and with Mr. Beverley Jones planted the first of the trees which now beautify the Island Clubhouse. He obtained the subscriptions, or most of them, for the building of St. Peter's Church, of which church he is still a member, and from the beginning he was the strongest supporter of the late Archdeacon Boddy in the work of that church, assisting it generously by his contributions and personal labors throughout its history. He was a warden for many years, and on retiring was presented a handsome clock. The Home for Incurables has always been a special object of his charity.

To this institution he has been a real benefactor by his donations and active support, to say nothing of the annual oyster supper, which he has never failed to give. Many other objects of his charity could be mentioned. In politics Mr. Pellatt is a staunch Conservative, though of late years he has not taken any active part in such matters.

In the year 1854, in Kingston, Mr. Pellatt married Emma M. Holland, who died in Orillia in November, 1901. Their children are as follows: Kate, the wife of Col. R. B. Hamilton; Miriam, wife of H. E. Morphy, barrister, of Oshawa; Emily, wife of E. R. Rogers, of Toronto Junction; Lt.-Col. Sir Henry Mill Pellatt, A.D.C.; Fred, who served in the South African war and was taken prisoner at Harts river; and the youngest son, Mill.

When Mr. Pellatt came to Toronto, in 1859, the site of his present house was a wilderness, known as "Ridouts' Bush"; purchasing this property, he cleared it of trees and graded the land, and in 1870 erected the handsome residence where he now lives. He has built other dwellings adjacent to his home, but prides himself most of all upon his picturesque summer resort upon the shores of Lake Couchiching, near Orillia. Here it has been a labor of love during twenty-two years to beautify and enrich the house and grounds for the pleasure of his children and grandchildren, who annually meet there with their many friends. The place is always greatly admired for its admirable situation, its natural beauty, its running streams, its drives, tennis courts and croquet lawns, while its flowers, fruits and vegetables are the very best products of skilled cultivation. A steam launch and smaller pleasure boats add to the attractions of this delightful place.

Mr. Pellatt is now in his seventy-eighth year, and in comparatively good health and spirits.

WALTER MILLAR ROSS, for many years a prominent figure at Osgoode Hall, was born in Montreal in 1834, and died in Toronto in 1882. He was a son of John Ross, of Scotch extraction, the founder of the family in Canada.

Some time after coming to Canada John Ross came into possession of Bourdon Island, near Montreal, in the St. Lawrence river, and also owned and conducted the ferry line between this Island and the mainland. Both he and his wife died in Montreal.

Walter M. Ross was educated in Kingston, and about 1858 came to Toronto, where he became taxing officer at Osgoode Hall. He later became clerk of the process, with offices at Osgoode Hall, and this position he filled until his death.

In 1858 Mr. Ross married Miss Sarah N. Buell, daughter of the late A. N. and Calcina (Richards) Buell. Mr. Buell was born in Canada, and his wife in the United States. He was a son of an United Empire Loyalist, who settled in Brockville, during the times of the American Revolution, receiving a grant of land from the Crown, and there both he and his wife died. A. N. Buell, father of Mrs. Ross, was born in 1798, and became one of the well-known barristers of Ontario. In 1849 he located in Toronto, and received the appointment of master in chancery, a position he ably filled for twenty years. He continued in the service of the Crown until his superannuation, and died in Toronto in 1881. His wife, who was born in 1809, died in Toronto in 1853. They had three daughters: Mrs. O'Hare, Mrs. Alexander Cameron, and Mrs. Ross. Mr. and Mrs. Buell were members of the Church of England. He was a Reformer, and a decided anti-Family Compact advocate.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross had three children: Elven Walter, Andrew Norton Buell and Mabel Elsie. The family are members of the Church of England. Mr. Ross was prominent in Masonic circles of Toronto, in which order he was very popular. His political preferences were with the Conservatives.

HON. LYMAN MELVIN-JONES, President and General Manager of the Massey-Harris Company, Limited, of Toronto, which enjoys the unique distinction of being the largest concern engaged in the manufacture of agricultural implements under the British flag, was born in York County, Ont., where he was educated. His father was a farmer in that district. In 1868 he entered into the mercantile business at Beeton, Simcoe County. In 1873 he gave up business there, going to Brantford to take a position with Messrs. A. Harris, Son & Company, manufacturers. Four years later he was admitted to partnership, and in 1879 he moved to Winnipeg, where he assumed the management of the company's business in Manitoba and the North-West Territories.

In 1881, when the firm of A. Harris, Son & Company became a joint-stock company, under the name of A. Harris, Son & Company, Limited, he was elected a director. In 1886, he was elected an alderman of the city of Winnipeg, and appointed chairman of the Finance committee. He became mayor of that city in 1887, and was elected vice-president of the Board of Trade. He was re-elected mayor in 1888, and in January of that year, upon the defeat of the Provincial Government, he accepted a portfolio in the new Liberal Government, as Provincial Treasurer, and represented the County of Shoal

Lake. During the year he negotiated in London, England, the first Provincial loan of \$1,500,000, to build a competing line of railway to Winnipeg, Brandon and Portage la Prairie. In the general election of 1888 he was elected to represent North Winnipeg.

Resigning his position of Provincial Treasurer in 1889, but retaining his seat in the Legislature until the end of the term, he returned to the city of Brantford to accept the position of general manager of his company, which had been rendered vacant by the sudden death of Mr. John Harris.

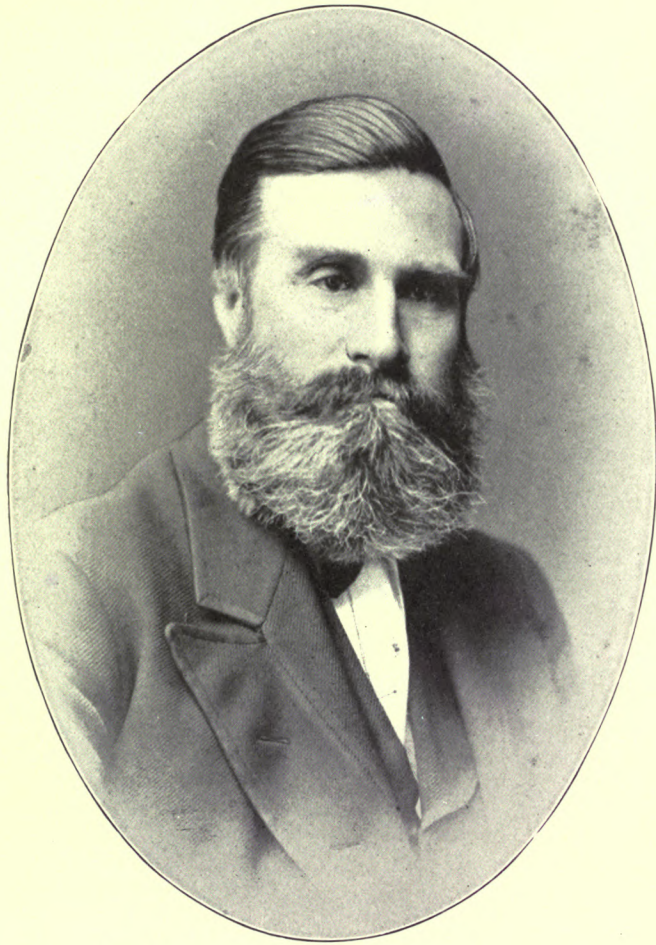
Upon the formation of the Massey-Harris Company, Limited, in 1891, Senator Melvin-Jones came to Toronto, was elected a director, and appointed general manager of the consolidated companies, which position he has ever since occupied, and has now also become the president of the company. In 1893 he became a member of the Toronto Board of Trade. He is a director of the Verity Plow Company, Limited, of Brantford, and is president of the Bain Wagon Company, Limited, of Woodstock, and in both of these associate companies he takes an active interest. He is also a director of the Canadian Bank of Commerce and the Nova Scotia Steel & Coal Company. He is a large shareholder and a director of the Canada Cycle and Motor Company, Limited, a shareholder in several other manufacturing companies, and in a number of mining companies. In 1901 he was called to the Senate.

Senator Melvin-Jones is a member of the Toronto Club, the National Club, the Country and Hunt Club, the Royal Canadian Yacht Club, the Victoria Club, all of Toronto; Rideau, Ottawa; Grosvenor, London, England; a life member of the Toronto Cricket Club, and a director of the Ontario Jockey Club. He has always shown a great interest in cricket, and encouraged the practice and development of that manly game, besides supporting golf and other healthy sports and pastimes.

In 1882, Senator Melvin-Jones married Louise, a daughter of Thomas Irwin. They have one daughter, Eallien Melvin-Jones. The Senator is a member of the Presbyterian Church. He can well be reckoned among the most representative Canadians of his time.

FRANK EDWIN PRINCE TURNER, a retired civil engineer, residing at Bracondale, just outside of the limits of Toronto, is a member of the very prominent English family of that name—a family founded in Canada by the father of our subject, Robert John Turner.

Rev. Richard Turner, grandfather of Frank E. P., was a minister at St. Nicholas' Church,



F. W. James

Great Yarmouth, England, for thirty years. His brother Joseph was dean of Norwich Cathedral for many years, and his son, Sir George James Turner, was Lord Justice of the Court of Common Pleas, Westminster. His brother, Sir Charles, was master of the Queen's Bench, Temple, for many years, and Francis Turner, an uncle of our subject, was a prominent barrister and conveyancer, London, England. Thomas Turner was the Squire of Lincoln Inn, of Colechester, Essex, and William was British minister to the United States of Columbia.

Robert John Turner was born May 12, 1795, at Ipswich, England. He was educated in his native country, becoming a fine classical scholar, and he also read law and became a barrister, which profession he followed on coming to Canada. In 1833 he settled for a short time in Brantford, whence he went to Kingston, where he engaged in the practice of his profession in the chancery courts. When these courts were removed to Osgoode Hall, Toronto, Mr. Turner removed to that city, and erected the fine home now occupied by our subject. After coming to Toronto Mr. Turner continued his practice at Osgoode Hall until he became referee of titles, and accountant-general of the Court of Chancery, in which capacity he served until about 1872, in which year his death occurred. In politics he was a Baldwin Reformer, and in religion he was connected with the Church of England. Robert J. Turner married (first) Maria Patrick, born in England in 1814, daughter of Thomas C. Patrick, an early settler of the County of York. To this union were born the following children: Maria, wife of Rev. Arthur Boulton, of Ancaster; Mary Emma, who died Feb. 4, 1906; Frank Edwin Prince; and Robert Charles, of Cloughfold, England. The mother of these children died in 1843, and for his second wife Mr. Turner married Mrs. Walter Rose, by whom he had three children, namely: George Richard, of Iowa; Thomas William, of Kansas City, Missouri; and Charles Conrad, of Winnipeg, Manitoba.

Frank Edwin Prince Turner was born at Brantford, April 13, 1838, and was educated at the Upper Canada College, after which he became connected with the firm of Jackson, Peto, Brassey & Betts, railroad contractors for the Grand Trunk Railway. Here Mr. Turner remained five years, becoming a civil engineer. His first work outside of local (Ontario) matters, was in Brazil, South America, where, with engineer Patrick Ogilvie, he constructed the Bahia & San Francisco railroad. After five and one-half years Mr. Turner went to London, England, and engaged on the London, Chatham & Dover railroad, as chief assistant engineer, in

which capacity he continued for three years. He then embarked in business in London, England, on his own account, and as contractor for the Metropolitan Board of Works, constructed extensive sewers in London. In 1869 he went to Honduras, Central America, as chief engineer for Waring Bros. & McCandlish, and built the first section of the Honduras Inter Oceanic Railroad from Puerto Caballos to the Rio Venta. The work on the second section was cut off on account of a revolution, and Mr. Turner returned to Toronto, whence he went, in 1874, to Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic, as chief engineer and agent for Clark, Punchard & Co., and built the railroad from Buenos Ayres to the Port of Campana. In 1880 Mr. Turner went to Parahyba, Brazil, and built for Wilson, Sons & Co., the Conde D'En Railroad, on the completion of which in 1882 he returned to his Toronto home, and has since lived retired at Bracondale, in the old homestead built by his father, which our subject now owns.

Not only as an engineer is Mr. Turner well known in Toronto and the County of York, but as a public official as well. In 1882 he was elected deputy reeve of York township, and was a member of the county council. In 1883 he was elected by acclamation; and again so elected in 1901 and 1903, and is at the present time an honored member of that august body. From 1882 to 1892 Mr. Turner was president of the Albany Conservative Club, and since the latter year has been honorary vice-president. He is a life member of St. George's Society and of the Sons of England, and he is also connected with the Masonic fraternity. In 1863 he became an associate member of the Institute of Civil Engineers, Great George street, London, England. He was a member of the first board of directors of the *Empire*, now the *Mail and Empire*, of Toronto.

FREDERICK WILLIAM JARVIS, Sheriff of the Counties of York and Peel for thirty years, was one of Toronto's best known and most esteemed citizens. He was born at the old Jarvis homestead in the township of Toronto February the 7th, 1818. He came of a U. E. Loyalist family. His grandfather was in command of a troop of horse in the American Rebellion, and at the close of the war he went to New Brunswick, settling there in 1783. Some years after the family came to this part of the country.

Mr. Stephen Jarvis and Secretary Jarvis were first cousins of the same stock as the well-known Bishop Jarvis of Connecticut and the Church historian, Dr. Samuel Farmer Jarvis. Both were officers in incorporated Colonial regiments.

Both came to Canada as United Empire Loyalists, and were the founders of the leading Canadian family to which the first Sheriff Jarvis belonged.

Mr. Samuel Peters Jarvis, from whom Jarvis street has its name, was the son of Secretary Jarvis.

Starr Jarvis, father of the second Sheriff, settled in the township of Toronto, and his brother William Botsford Jarvis became Sheriff of the county. Another brother—afterward Judge Jarvis of Cornwall, Ont.—was in the militia and was wounded and taken prisoner at the battle of Queenston Heights, where General Brock was killed. He married Miss Crawford, of Brockville, who died leaving one son and five daughters. After her death he married Miss Mountain, a relative of the first Bishop of Lower Canada, who left two sons: Satter Mountain, a barrister, and Arthur, a clergyman of the Episcopal Church.

Young F. W. Jarvis was educated at Upper Canada College. On leaving he undertook the management of his father's large farm, but after some years left to become Deputy Sheriff. At the death of his uncle, who had occupied the office for twenty years, he succeeded him. His appointment was very popular, and he received warm letters of congratulation from many prominent lawyers and citizens of Ontario. Before coming to Toronto, he married a daughter of Captain Skynner, British R. N.*

Frederick William Jarvis had five children. The eldest died very young. His only daughter married Rev. R. L. Brydges, formerly of this city, but now rector of St. Mark's Church, Islip, New York. His eldest son lives in the United States. His second, Frederick Clarence, is a barrister in Toronto. The youngest, Edmund Meredith, is in the Crown Lands Office.

The Sheriff witnessed many exciting incidents of Toronto's early life. He had charge of a number of prisoners taken during the Fenian Invasion. During the rebellion of 1837, he served in the Queen's Rangers, was appointed

*Captain Skynner had led an adventurous life, entering the navy as midshipman when very young. On one occasion he was taken prisoner in Egypt, but made his escape and slept in caves three nights with a stone for his pillow. He had shared the perils of Nelson's career and been in all his battles but that of Trafalgar, missing which was the regret of his life. But on that occasion he was on one of the ships sent to reconnoiter. On the death of Nelson and close of the war he was given the command of a ship of war to protect the commerce of the Mediterranean, then infested with pirates, and remained in that position for several years. On leaving he was presented a handsome piece of plate "by The Merchants and others residing in Malta as a token of respect for his very meritorious conduct and unremitting attention to the numerous convoys under his charge while in the Mediterranean." He was also given two rewards of honour.

Captain in the First Battalion of York Militia by Lord Elgin, and received a further commission from Lord Elgin, appointing him Captain of the Third Battalion of Toronto Militia, in August, 1852. He was called out in active service, and was one of those who saw the "Caroline" go over the Falls. He marched up Yonge street under arms with the Infantry, at the time of the burning of Montgomery's tavern, in 1837.

In private life he was a quiet, courteous gentleman, respected and popular with those who knew him best. He was for many years a member of St. Peter's Church, Carlton street, a churchwarden, and a delegate to the Synod; a strong supporter of Wycliffe College and member of the Council. He was deeply interested in the Mimico Industrial School and a number of charities.

HENRY ST. GEORGE BALDWIN. While Toronto numbers among its residents many whose families have been identified with the history of Ontario from its earliest days, there are few who can trace their ancestors back for so many generations in the old country as can Henry St. George Baldwin, long one of the city's well-known business men, but who for some years has been living retired at No. 50 Lowther avenue.

The Baldwin family has been established in Canada for over a century, but was originally from Ireland, where, perhaps, the best known among the Baldwin progenitors was John, who was mayor of Cork in 1736-37. John Baldwin was descended from Henry, through Thomas, James and John, the last named of whom married Miss Catherine Corliss. John Baldwin, mayor of Cork, married Barbara, daughter of William Spread, of Cork, by whom he had sixteen children. Of this family nine came to Canada. Only two out of this large family were sons, and the younger, who became well-known in Toronto as the Hon. Robert Baldwin, was the founder of the name in Canada. He was born in Ireland Aug. 21, 1741, crossed the ocean in 1799, and settled in Toronto, where he died Nov. 24, 1816. With all the later growth of the city, which in his day was called York, and with its gradual transformation from a region of frog-ponds and forests to a city of beautiful streets and handsome residences, the Baldwins have been largely concerned.

Dr. William Warren Baldwin, son of Robert, was born near Cork, April 25, 1775, and on coming to Canada, first lived on a farm in Clarke township, but within a few years moved to Toronto and there followed the professions of both law and medicine. For some time he acted as judge in that city. His political principles

were those of the Reform party. On May 31, 1803, Dr. William W. Baldwin was married to Miss Margaret Phoebe Willcocks, like himself a native of the city of Cork. Both were members of the Church of England. The children born to them were as follows: Robert, born May 12, 1804 (who died Dec. 9, 1858); Augustus William, 1805 (who died in infancy); Henry, Jan. 7, 1807 (who died May 12, 1820); William A., Sept. 4, 1808 (deceased June 14, 1883); Quetton St. George, Jan. 4, 1810 (deceased Nov. 30, 1829).

William Augustus Baldwin was born in Toronto and was educated in that city by Bishop Strachan. On attaining manhood he became a farmer and started out on Lots 22 and 23, Concession 2, near the Bay, which he cleared up from bush land into valuable farming property. His death in 1883 occurred on this old homestead. William A. and also his brother Robert, who was for many years Attorney-General for Canada, were members of the Reform party in politics. William A. Baldwin's first wife was Miss Isabella Clark Buchanan, daughter of James Buchanan, who was at one time British Consul at New York. She bore her husband the following children: Phoebe, Mrs. LeFrey, deceased; Henry St. George; James Buchanan; William Augustus; Robert Russell; Aemelius; and Isabella Elizabeth. After Mrs. Baldwin's death, her husband was united to Miss Margaret Fry Macleod, who was born in the Isle of Skye, and who is still living, a resident of Toronto. To this union children were born as follows: Jane; Elizabeth A.; Anna Maria; Martin Macleod; Lawrence Hayden; Margaret Macleod; Norman Macleod and Charles John Macleod, all born on the old farm home.

Henry St. George Baldwin was born in 1837, and he received his education in Upper Canada College. For a while after completing his studies he remained at home on the farm, and then he entered the Bank of Toronto, where for twenty-two years he held prominent positions. Since severing his connection with the bank Mr. Baldwin has been engaged in looking after his own property and the estate left by his father. His marriage occurred in 1869, when he was united with Miss Amelia Sarah Pentland, born in Quebec, daughter of W. G. Pentland, deceased, of Cobourg.

Mr. and Mrs. Baldwin are the parents of three children, only two of whom are living. The oldest son, Bertram St. George, was born in Montreal, and died in Toronto. Harold Augustus, born in Toronto, is in the London Lancaster Fire Insurance Company of that city. The daughter, Ethel Isabella, is at home. The family are members of the Church of England. In politics Mr.

Baldwin is a strong and ardent Conservative. The home at No. 50 Lowther avenue was built by Mr. Baldwin in 1878. He sustains an admirable reputation, both morally and financially, and the family are among the most esteemed of Toronto's residents.

JOHN RYAN. The late John Ryan, of Toronto, was well known as a prominent railway contractor. He was born Dec. 25, 1834, in Doone, County Tipperary, Ireland, and died March 21, 1902, at his residence, No. 621 Jarvis street, Toronto, Ontario. In 1843 the family emigrated from Ireland, and settled in the Province of Quebec.

At an early age Mr. Ryan was interested in the construction of portions of the Grand Trunk, the Chicago & Alton, the Brockville & Ottawa, and the Interecolonial railways, the Ottawa waterworks, etc.; and from 1879 to 1882 built one hundred miles of the Canadian Pacific, west of Winnipeg. It was during the building of this piece of work that the first locomotive was brought into Winnipeg. This was accomplished by laying a track on the ice across the river from St. Boniface. In 1883-84 Mr. Ryan engaged in the construction of the Ontario & Quebec railway. From 1889 to 1895 he was associated with his brother, the late Mr. Hugh Ryan, and with Mr. M. J. Haney, of Toronto, in the construction of the Sault Ste. Marie canal, and in 1897-98, with Mr. Allan R. Macdonell, of Montreal, successfully completed the locks at Cascade Point, on the Soulanges canal. It will thus be seen that Mr. Ryan was one of the most extensive contractors in Canada; he was also a prominent resident of the Province, and was well known throughout the Dominion.

In 1863 Mr. Ryan married Miss Margaret Isabella, fourth daughter of Roderick McSween, of Brockville, Ont. Mr. and Mrs. Ryan resided in Brockville over thirty years, and were devoted and loyal citizens, deeply interested in its welfare and advancement. In 1894 the family moved to Toronto. Mrs. Ryan died April 24, 1906. Five children survived her, namely: Helen Margaret, wife of Allan R. Macdonell, of Montreal; Roderick McSween; Hugh Alexander; Isobel Margaret, and John Raymond. Mr. and Mrs. Ryan were members of the Roman Catholic Church. During Mr. Ryan's short residence in Toronto he became a member of the board of trustees of the General and of St. Michael's Hospital, and a director of the Home Saving and Loan Company, and of the Catholic Charities Board.

FREDERICK ELDON DIXON, who died very suddenly in Toronto, Nov. 13, 1905, was

engaged in the leather belting business in that city at No. 30 Wellington street east.

The Dixons are of Scotch descent, and have the same crest, etc., as the Homer Dixons. In 1690 one of the Dicksons went over to Ireland and raised a troop of horse, taking part in the battle of the Boyne, in which he lost an arm. For his services in the King's army King William III. granted him a large tract of land in County Tyrone, Ireland, which remained in the family until the close of the eighteenth century. A direct descendant of the founder of the family in Ireland was the grandfather of Mr. F. E. Dixon, one William Dixon, who was born, lived and died in the Emerald Isle. His sons who came to Canada were: (1) Alexander; (2) Joseph, who was assessor of Toronto for many years, had three sons: William, who held the rank of major in the Imperial army and died some years ago, in Scotland; the others are now living in Toronto, Rev. Canon H. C. Dixon and Alexander Dixon of Norwich Union.

Alexander Dixon was the father of Frederick E. Dixon. He was born in Ireland, Dec. 27, 1792, and came to Canada in 1830, settling in Toronto, where in 1835 he became a member of the municipal council in that city, representing the St. Lawrence ward from 1835 to 1844. Mr. Dixon was for many years engaged in the saddlers' hardware trade in Toronto, where he died in 1855. In politics he was a Conservative. He was a member of the Church of England. In 1814 Mr. Alexander Dixon married Esther O'Dwyer, who died in 1877. They had several children: Archdeacon Dixon, of Guelph; William, head of the Canadian Emigration Office, who died in London, England, in 1873; John, who was accidentally killed in Toronto in 1903; Frederick Eldon; and five daughters.

Frederick E. Dixon was born in Toronto in 1834. He was educated at Upper Canada College, and after spending some time in different lines of work in 1871, established himself as a manufacturer of leather belting, in which he successfully engaged until his death.

In 1861 Mr. Dixon joined the "Queen's Own Rifles," serving during the Fenian Raid and receiving the General Service medal. After seven and one half years' service he retired with the rank of major.

In 1868 Major Dixon married Miss Marsh, of London, Ont., who died in 1893. To this union were born: Mrs. H. G. Gillespie, of New York; Harold W. D., who served with the 1st Canadian South African Contingent (medal and four clasps) and is now in New York; Mrs. Edwards, of England; Lewis, and Eldon, both of Toronto.

In politics Mr. Dixon was a Conservative, and

in religion a member of the Church of England.

GEOFFREY BOYD, B.A., M.B., a special practitioner, living at No. 167 Bloor street east, Toronto, is a member of a family of long standing in this community. He is a son of Sir John Boyd, the well-known Canadian jurist, whose sketch appears elsewhere.

Dr. Boyd was born in Toronto in 1867. His early education was received in the Upper Canada College, Toronto Collegiate Institute and Trinity College School. Returning to Upper Canada College, he matriculated in 1884, and then went to the University of Toronto, from which institution he was graduated in 1888, receiving the degree of B.A. In 1891 he received his M.B., on completing his course in the medical department. After graduating in medicine the Doctor spent one year as house surgeon at the Toronto General Hospital, from which position he changed to become surgeon on the Canadian Pacific Company's steamship, "Empress of Japan," plying between Vancouver, B.C., and Hong Kong, China. In this capacity Dr. Boyd remained one and one-half years, and then, in 1895, after a few months' study in New York, settled in his native city, in the general practice of his chosen profession. He continued thus until 1906, when he gave up general practice and confined himself to special work in diseases of the ear, nose and throat.

In 1896 Dr. Boyd and Miss Ethel Farnsworth, of Memphis, Tennessee, were united in marriage, and they have had three children: John Alexander, Nancy Farnsworth, and Elizabeth. Dr. and Mrs. Boyd are members of the Anglican Church.

Dr. Boyd is associate in Laryngology and Rhinology in the University of Toronto Medical Faculty, and is a member of the staff of both the Toronto General and the Sick Children's Hospitals. He is also connected with the various country and local medical societies.

HON. WILLIAM DOUGLAS BALFOUR, M.P.P., late Provincial Secretary of the Province of Ontario, was born in Forfarshire, Scotland, Aug. 2, 1851, son of David Balfour, a member of a Kincardineshire family, and his wife Janet Douglas. In 1857 David Balfour and his family settled at St. Catharines, where Mr. Balfour engaged in railroading, and where he died in 1899, his widow surviving until November, 1905.

Of a family of five children, William Douglas Balfour was the eldest. He received his preliminary education in the public schools, and supplemented this with a course at Grantham



H. W. Babfume



Academy, St. Catharines. At the age of fifteen years he began teaching, at which he continued for five years, during which time he was connected with the St. Catharines Board of Trade and also Librarian of the Mechanics' Institute. In 1872 Mr. Balfour established the St. Catharines Daily and Weekly *News*, in partnership with Mr. R. Matheson. This firm dissolved in 1874, Mr. Balfour removing to Amherstburg, where, with John Auld, M.P.P., under the firm name of Balfour & Auld, he published the Amherstburg *Echo*. This partnership continued until 1885, when a joint stock company was formed under the name of the Echo Printing Company, Mr. Balfour being president of the company, a position he held until his death. In 1875 Mr. Balfour was elected school trustee of Amherstburg, and re-elected for four successive years, during which time he was chairman of the board. In 1878 he was elected reeve of Amherstburg, and was ex-officio member of the county council of Essex, as such serving as the chairman of the Finance and Educational committees, as well as auditor of the criminal justice accounts. In 1879 he contested the election for South Essex in the local house with Louis Wigle, M.P.P., and was defeated, the riding being strongly Conservative. Mr. Balfour again contested the election against Peter Wright, reeve of Colchester South, and carried the riding by a majority of seventy-two, thus turning the aspect of the riding to the Reform party, whose principles have since prevailed in the elections in that riding. Mr. Balfour's first appearance in the local house of Ontario was in 1882. In 1883 he again took his seat in the local House, retiring from the council of Amherstburg. This was at the general election of that year, his opponent being Thomas B. White, reeve of Anderton township. He served on the following committees: Public Accounts, Printing, Municipal Railways and Private Bills. It was Mr. Balfour who introduced the bill providing for the admission of Delos R. Davis (colored), of Colchester, to practise law. This bill met with serious opposition, but Mr. Balfour carried his point, and same became a law. It was mainly through his efforts that toll roads were abolished. For a number of years he was a director of the South Essex, Anderton and Malden agricultural societies, and he was also a director of the South Essex Farmers' Institute. He was well informed on political history, an able debater, and a member to whom the entire House listened with attention. Probably Mr. Balfour's greatest speech in the Parliament of Ontario was delivered in 1885, in defense of the late Sir Oliver Mowat's Redistribution bill. In 1895 Mr. Balfour was Speaker of the House, and in 1896 was

appointed provincial secretary, a position which he was ably filling at the time of his death, which occurred in the Parliament Building, Toronto, Aug. 19, 1896.

In 1876 Mr. Balfour was united in marriage with Miss Josephine Brodhead, daughter of the late Col. T. F. Brodhead, of Grosse Isle, who was commander of a Michigan Cavalry Brigade, and who lost his life on the field of Manassas, Virginia. Colonel Brodhead was born at Newmarket, New Hampshire, U.S.A., in 1819, and was a gallant soldier, as well as a good citizen and a Christian gentleman. He and his wife, Archange Macomb, who was born on Grosse Isle, Michigan, Jan. 21, 1820, had children as follows: Mrs. Balfour, John Thornton, Mary Jeanette (now Mrs. J. K. Webster, of Detroit), Ellen Macomb, Catherine Julia and Elizabeth Adams (Mrs. Fred Howard, of Grosse Isle). Archange (Macomb) Brodhead was a daughter of William and Janet (Marentette) Macomb (Mr. Macomb's first wife was Janet Navarre). William Macomb was a son of William Macomb, Sr., who founded the family in the United States. William Macomb and his brothers, Alexander and John, at one time owned Grosse Isle, Sugar Island and about one-half of Detroit, Michigan, in which city Mrs. Balfour, widow of our subject, was born. He owned also the Thousand Islands, in the St. Lawrence.

To the Hon. William D. Balfour and wife the following children were born: Thornton B., of Amherstburg; Jessie L.; Mollie W.; William Douglas; David Arthur; Eleanor Macomb; Edward Blake; and Josephine Archange. In his religious faith Mr. Balfour was a Presbyterian, and in his fraternal connections a member of the I.O.O.F.

On the death of Mr. Balfour his widow sold out his interest in the printing business at Amherstburg to Mr. John Auld, and settled in Toronto, where she now resides. The popularity of the late Mr. Balfour may be seen from the fact that he turned a strong Conservative riding (South Essex) to a strong Reform constituency. His able speeches in Parliament, which were discussed in all the leading papers in the Dominion, made his name a household word, and the several bills framed by him and enacted into laws through the influence of his persuasive arguments on the floor of the House place him in the front rank of the political lights of his day and generation.

The late Colonel Brodhead, father of Mrs. Balfour, as he lay wounded after the battle of Manassas, wrote to his brother at Washington, D.C., the following letter, the words of which have subsequently been set to music, appearing

in sheet form, with a full page portrait of Colonel Brodhead on the front cover:

"I am passing now from earth, but send you love from my dying couch. For all your love and kindness you will be rewarded. I have fought manfully and now die fearlessly. But the Old Flag will triumph yet. The soldiers will regild its folds polluted by imbecility and treason. I had hoped to have lived longer, but I die amid the ring and clangor of battle, as I could wish. Farewell. To you, and the noble officers of the regiment, I confide my wife and children."

SIR HUGH ALLAN. Probably no firm is more widely known than the Allan Steamship Company, of which the late Sir Hugh Allan was a member and one of the founders. Sir Hugh was born in Salteoats, County of Ayr, Scotland, Sept. 29, 1810, second son of the late Capt. Alexander Allan, long and favorably known as a popular and successful shipmaster between the Clyde and Montreal.

Brought up on the sea coast, his father and two brothers sea-faring men, Sir Hugh early became familiar with all things nautical, and on selecting a life work he turned naturally to the sea. In 1824 his parents removed to Greenock, and he became a clerk in the well-known firm of Allan, Kerr & Co., acquiring a knowledge of the management of ships and the keeping of their accounts. At the end of a year, acting on paternal advice he came to Canada, sailing from Greenock for Montreal April 12, 1826, in the brig "Favorite," of which his father was commander. His first three years were spent as clerk for William Kerr & Co., in the dry goods business, learning bookkeeping in connection with commercial affairs. He acquired a thorough knowledge of the French language and improved himself by study. He then determined to visit home, but first took what was then a long trip, going to New York, and returning by way of the Hudson River and Erie canal through Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Toronto, etc. Sailing for Scotland, he visited also some places in England, returning to Montreal in the spring of 1831. Entering as clerk the firm of James Millar & Co., engaged in building and sailing ships and as commission merchants, he acquired the foundation of his knowledge of the business that was later of advantage in the development of the Allan Steamship Company. Sir Hugh had risen from the position of humble clerk to a member of the firm, and in 1856 with four steamers his own line began operations. The history of the development of this line is the history of Canadian commerce. With the Allan Steamship Company Sir Hugh was connected

until his death, and his sons, Montague of Montreal and Briece of Boston, have succeeded their father in the business. In addition to his interest in the Allan line Sir Hugh was largely interested in various enterprises in Montreal, in which city he made his home. He was president of the Merchants Bank of Canada; the Vale Coal, Iron and Manufacturing Company; the Thunder Bay Silver Mining Company; the Canadian Rubber Company; the Cornwall Manufacturing Company; the Montreal Cotton Company; the Williams Manufacturing Company; the Adams Tobacco Company; the Provincial Loan Company; the Academy of Music Company; the St. Lawrence and Chicago Forwarding Company; the Montreal and Western Land Company; the North-Western Cattle Company; the Montreal Telegraph Company; the Halifax and Cape Breton Railway and Coal Company; the Citizens Insurance Company; the Canada and Newfoundland Sealing and Fishing Company; and for many years of the Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Company. He was vice-president of the Montreal Rolling Mills Company, and a director in the Acadia Coal Company, the Ontario Car Company, and the Montreal Elevating Company.

On Sept. 13, 1844, in Montreal, Sir Hugh Allan married Miss Matilda Smith, daughter of John Smith, a United Empire Loyalist. The Smiths came from England to the United States prior to the Revolution, and as they would not take up arms against the Crown in that trouble, left the States and settled in Canada, making their home in Montreal. Sir Hugh and Lady Allan had thirteen children, five sons and eight daughters. In his religious faith Sir Hugh was a Presbyterian, as was also his wife, who died some twelve months prior to her husband. In politics he was a Conservative. In recognition of courtesies extended to H.R.H. Prince Arthur, on the occasion of his visit in 1869, and of his own services to commerce, he was knighted by Queen Victoria in 1871.

Sir Hugh Allan died in Edinburgh, Scotland, Dec. 9, 1882. The *Montreal Gazette*, Dec. 11, 1882, said editorially: "In his death it may be truthfully said that the foremost commercial man of Canada, the man whose name has been most intimately associated with its commercial advancement, has passed away. * * * * * Death is a visitor which spares neither rich nor poor, old nor young, the useful nor the useless. But there is this amid the sorrow and mourning of to-day, as a consolation, that he who has passed from us has left the record of a life actively and usefully spent, and monuments of his life's work by which he will always be gratefully remembered by the people of Canada."

ROBERT SULLIVAN, M.A., who died in Toronto in 1870, was born in the Queen City in 1837. He was the younger son of the Hon. Robert Baldwin Sullivan, Judge of the Queen's Bench and afterwards of the Common Pleas, who was written of as follows in Read's "Lives of the Judges":

"Robert Baldwin Sullivan was one of the builders of the Canadian constitution of 1841. Besides being a judge in the Province, he was the architect of his own fortune. Mr. Sullivan was an Irishman, born of Irish parents, who lived at Bandon, near Cork, in Ireland. His father, Daniel Sullivan, during the trouble of 1798, was engaged in trade, making money, if not a fortune, in supplying the troops with necessaries during that remarkable period of Irish history. Daniel Sullivan had been intended for the Church, was a student of Trinity College, carried off the Grand Prize, and was otherwise well educated in classical learning. When the full time came for his taking on the vows of the University, he quarrelled with the Thirty Nine Articles; rather than submit, he betook himself to trade. Hence he became a dealer in merchandise rather than in Church doctrines. He married Miss Baldwin, sister of Dr. Baldwin, whose name is as familiar to Canadians of the past as of the present. Daniel Sullivan had four sons, Daniel, Robert, Henry and Augustus.

"Robert, the second son, was born Aug. 24, 1802. He was a bright, intelligent boy, quick to learn, and able, to a remarkable degree, to retain knowledge he acquired. His early education was in the private schools of Bandon, supplemented by his father, who instructed him in the classical and higher education. In 1819, through the inducements of Dr. Baldwin and others of the Baldwin family, Robert Sullivan's father came to Canada. When Daniel Sullivan arrived in Toronto, he enlisted in trade, opening a store just east of the present site of St. James' Church, on King street. It was customary in those days for the boys of the family to assist their fathers in the work of the shop. This, however, did not suit Robert, and he turned his attention to the study of law. On passing his examination he entered the office of his uncle, Dr. Baldwin (who was a lawyer as well as a physician), where he passed his five years of probation, and was called to the Bar in 1828. As soon as he was called to the Bar Robert Sullivan determined to strike out for himself, and settled at Vittoria, County Norfolk. He had been in Vittoria but a few years, when he was called upon by Dr. Morrison and his friends to act as his counsel before the Legislative Assembly, in his contest with Mr. John Beverley Robinson,

for the Parliamentary seat of York. This was a spirited contest, both out of, and in, Parliament, and resulted in Mr. Robinson retaining his seat.

"Mr. Sullivan acquitted himself so well before the Legislature in this trial of strength, that friends at once took him by the hand and insisted on his coming to York, where he would receive their patronage and support. Acting on this appeal of his friends, Mr. Sullivan in 1830 removed from Vittoria to the capital and became a junior partner in the office of his uncle. He rapidly rose in popular favor, and when a resident of Toronto only about five years was made mayor of the city, his opponent being the late William Lyon Mackenzie. This was in 1835, Mr. Mackenzie having been mayor the previous year. The city council has kept in remembrance the second mayor of Toronto by a portrait of Mr. Sullivan, which hangs on the wall of the mayor's office, at the City Hall.

"When the Rebellion broke out in December, 1837, Mr. Sullivan buckled on his armor in defence of the Province. While Mr. Sullivan believed reform necessary in the government, he did not think armed revolt the proper remedy. In February, 1839, Mr. Sullivan was appointed a Legislative committeeman, and in the Upper Chamber he had charge of many bills, especially those affecting legal matters, property and civil rights. Mr. Sullivan continued to hold office until the formation of the first Baldwin Lafontaine administration, Sept. 16, 1842, of which he became a member. From the period of the Union until his resignation, in 1843, Mr. Sullivan was the senior member of the council, and leader of the government of the Legislative council. After leaving the government Mr. Sullivan returned to the practice of law in Toronto in partnership with Mr. Shuter Smith, under the firm name of Sullivan & Smith. On Sept. 15, 1848, Mr. Sullivan was appointed to the Queen's Bench, to succeed Judge Jones, who had died that year. On Aug. 21, 1851, Mr. Sullivan was transferred to the Common Pleas."

Mr. Justice Sullivan was twice married, first to a daughter of Captain Matthew. To this marriage was born one daughter, who died in infancy. Mr. Sullivan's second wife was a daughter of Colonel Delatre, and by her he had several children: William Baldwin Sullivan, also a member of the legal profession, in Chicago; Robert Sullivan, the subject of this sketch; Amy, whose husband was Thomas Moss, Chief Justice of Ontario; Emily, wife of Charles Moss, the present Chief Justice of Ontario; and Mary, wife of William G. Falconbridge, Chief Justice of the King's Bench.

Robert Sullivan was educated at the Uni-

versity of Toronto, graduating as both gold and silver medalist. He then read law in Toronto, in which city he was a leading barrister before his death. In 1866 he married Henrietta Seadding, the only daughter of the late Rev. Canon Henry Seadding, D.D., a complete sketch of whom will be found elsewhere in this volume. These children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Sullivan: Adelaide, widow of Overton McDonald, has two children, Adelaide Helen Grant and Robert Overton Grant; Henry Seadding is in the merchant marine service; Mabel, wife of W. R. Johnston, Jr., of Toronto, has one son, David Seadding.

In politics Mr. Sullivan was a Reformer. He was a member of the Church of England, to which Mrs. Sullivan also belongs.

WILLIAM T. BOYD, M.A., of No. 181 Bloor street east, is one of the oldest barristers of Toronto, and a member of a family long identified with the County of York. He is a son of Francis and Elizabeth (Smith) Boyd, the former of whom, born in England in 1787, died in Toronto in 1862, and the latter, born there in 1791, died in 1872. Francis Boyd came to Canada in 1835 to look over the new country. He returned to England and in 1837 brought his family to Canada, settling with several other retired officers of the Army and Navy near Richmond Hill. During the visit of Lord and Lady Elgin to this country they were hospitably entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Boyd at Brookside, their fine country home, near Richmond Hill. In politics Mr. Boyd was a Conservative, and in religion a member of the Church of England.

REV. WILLIAM H. WITHROW, M.A., D.D., F.R.S.C., of Toronto, is a descendant of an old Scotch family. His great-grandfather, John Withrow, was born in Virginia, and about 1733 came as a United Empire Loyalist to Nova Scotia, where he and two brothers received grants of land. One of his sons, John Withrow, was the grandfather of Rev. William H. Withrow.

John Withrow was born in Nova Scotia, and there carried on farming and died. His wife, whose maiden name was Whittier, and who was a relative of the Quaker poet, was born in Nova Scotia and died there; her mother was a United Empire Loyalist who came from South Carolina. The children of John Withrow and his wife were: James, John, Daniel, Jacob, Joseph, William, and six others.

James Withrow, father of Rev. Wm. H. Withrow, came to Canada in 1833, settling in "Muddy York," where he followed contracting and building. He also owned a lumber yard on the

site of the Grand Opera House, Adelaide street, Toronto. He was a guard at the city hall during the Rebellion of 1837-38. James Withrow married Miss Ellen Sanderson, a native of Ireland, and they had two sons, John and William H. Of these, John, who died in 1899, was a contractor of Toronto, for several terms alderman of the city, and for twenty years president of the Toronto Exhibition Board. He married Miss Margaret Foster, and they had children: Arthur, of Toronto; Percy, of Winnipeg; Norman, of Toronto; and Maude and Winnifred, of Toronto.

William H. Withrow was born on Bay street, Toronto, in 1839, and received his education at Toronto Academy, Victoria College and the Toronto University. Graduating from the latter in 1864 with the degree of B.A., he obtained the M.A. in 1865, and later the D.D. from Victoria College. Mr. Withrow then filled pastorates as follows: The East and West Methodist Churches at Montreal, one year; the Main Street Methodist Church of Hamilton, two years; Rice Lake, two years, as pastor of the Wesleyan Church; Davenport and Leslieville (near Toronto), two years; Old Niagara on the Lake, three years; Wesleyan College at Hamilton, one year, holding the chair of Classics and Philosophy. In 1874 he came to Toronto and became the editor of "The Methodist Magazine," and of the Sunday-school periodicals of the Methodist Church, in which work he is still engaged.

Mr. Withrow was married in 1864 to Sarah Ann Smith, who was born at Delhi, daughter of John Smith. Mrs. Withrow died in 1901, leaving children as follows: William James, of Ottawa, examiner of patents, married Mamie Burns, and they have one son, Wilfred; Ellen Rachel, married E. H. Stafford, M.D., of Toronto, and has five children, Ethelbert, Helen, Emerson, Margery and Gwendoline; Miss Florence; John Frederick, examiner of patents, Ottawa, married Ida Harvey, of Toronto.

In politics Mr. Withrow is a Reformer. He is the author of many valuable works, and his extended travels, which have carried him to every continent of the globe, and to every State in the United States with the exception of South Carolina, have greatly aided him in his literary work. Among his books are "The Catacombs of Rome," which reached six editions in Britain and a wide circulation in the United States and Canada; a "History of Canada" in a large octavo and two others in condensed form; a series of historical stories—"Valeria, a Tale of Ancient Rome," which has been translated into German; "Barbara Heck," "Neville Trueman," "Lawrence Temple," "Life in a Parsonage"; also "The Native Races of America," "China and Its Peo-

ple," "Our Own Country," and "A Canadian in Europe," books of travel, and other works. He is a member of the Board of Regents and of the Senate of Victoria University, Toronto; of the Senate of Wesleyan Theological College, Montreal; and Fellow of the Royal Society of Canada. He has personally conducted successive parties of nearly three hundred persons in all to and through Europe, and took one party eight hundred miles up the Nile, through Palestine, Syria and Turkey.

HENRY FRANCIS SEFTON. The death of Henry Francis Sefton, of Toronto, in his eighty-third year, May 21, 1892, deprived the musical circles of the city of one of their most gifted members, and the one to whom, more than to any other individual, was due the gratifying development of music in the Queen City. Mr. Sefton's special sphere was vocal music, and he was a gifted singer, the quality of his voice and his method of using it being unusually pleasing. He was talented as a composer and a leader of choral societies, while in his work as director of music in Toronto's schools—normal, model and public—he achieved splendid results.

Henry Francis Sefton was born in the city of Worcester, England, in 1809, son of Francis Sefton, of the same city. He received a thorough education along both literary and musical lines, and early in life took a prominent place in the musical circles of his native city. He took part for many years in the celebrated musical festivals held in the Cathedrals of Worcester, Gloucester and Hereford. In 1851 Mr. Sefton sang in the great Handelian Festival held in the city of London, England, under the patronage of the late Queen Victoria, and he was presented a commemorative medal of the event. He continued his work in England until 1858, in which year the late Dr. Ryerson, the father of the educational system in Canada, arranged, during a visit to London, to secure Mr. Sefton's services as Professor of Music in the Toronto normal and model schools, and from that time the latter was identified with the development of music in this city and other towns of Ontario.

From 1858 to 1883 Mr. Sefton gave of his best to Toronto, in the latter year retiring from active work. In addition to his work as teacher in the schools he compiled a system of exercises and song book. In 1860, when the then Prince of Wales, now King Edward VII., visited Toronto, Mr. Sefton conducted the musical programme for the occasion. While he left his mark most indelibly, perhaps, upon the musical development of the schools, he was also closely connected with that side of church work in the city, thus becoming known in a variety of circles, and

extending his influence over a sphere much larger than was realized during his modest, unostentatious life. He was universally liked and esteemed, and won for himself a high place in the regard of the citizens of Toronto. He was faithful, painstaking and truly musical in spirit; his influence was far-reaching in its character, and its value can hardly be estimated.

Mr. Sefton was survived by his wife, one son, and six daughters. Mrs. Sefton passed away in the eighty-eighth year of her age, Feb. 11, 1906.

JOHN SMALL, an ex-member of Parliament and the collector of customs at Toronto, belongs to one of the old families which took part in the founding of this beautiful and thriving city.

The Small family is of English extraction, and was founded in Canada by one Major Small, our subject's grandfather, a military man who came out from England with Governor Simcoe about 1791 as clerk of the Executive Council and clerk of the Crown and Pleas, and settled on the corner of King and Berkeley streets. In many ways he was a man of note. He retired from the duties of clerk of the Crown and Pleas at his own request, on the appointment by Lord Bathurst of his son, Charles C. Small, to fill his place, but continued in the former capacity. His death took place in 1831. He is represented as having been a man who never flinched from what he believed to be his duty and held himself ready, at all times, to settle disputes according to the "code of honor." One occasion is recalled when he and Attorney-General White sought to settle a controversy thus, the duel resulting in the death of Mr. White. Major Small was arrested as was usual in such cases, but this was but a form, and later he was fully acquitted.

Major Small married Miss Eliza Goldsmith, a native of the County of Kent, England. She died at Toronto about 1834. In their religious connection they were members of the Church of England. Their children were: John, who served in the Peninsular wars, was taken prisoner but escaped only to die on his way to Canada; James Edward, who was one of the distinguished men of Canada, serving as solicitor-general under Lord Metcalf, and later as a judge in County Middlesex, where he died; and Charles C., father of our subject.

Charles C. Small was born in 1800, in Toronto, and died in the same city March 17, 1864. In 1825 he succeeded his father to the office of clerk of the Crown and Pleas, a position he held until his death. In addition to his official duties he was interested in farming and live stock, owning a valuable farm of 500 acres in Lots 6, 7 and 8, York township, where he enjoyed all kinds of

agricultural pursuits, and the raising of fine cattle. He was a member of the Agricultural Society of County York, and the products of his farm took many prizes at the various exhibitions. He was connected with the military organizations of the county, was colonel of the Fourth Regiment of North York militia for many years, and held other offices. Like a true Canadian he was a lover of outdoor sports, was a fine rifle shot and the winner in many contests.

In 1827 Charles C. Small married Frances Elizabeth Innes, born in England and educated in her native land and in France. She was highly accomplished and spoke the French language fluently. Her death took place about 1859, in Toronto. Her brother William Innes came to Toronto about 1849, formerly having been the owner of an indigo plantation in India. The children of Charles C. Small and wife were: (1) Louisa Elizabeth, born in Toronto, and now deceased, became the wife of Rev. William H. Ripley, of Trinity Church, and after his death she married W. T. Goldsmith, by whom she had children: Mrs. Philips, of St. Paul, Minn.; Mrs. Laing, of Hartford, Connecticut; Arthur, of St. Paul; and Egbert, a physician at Seattle, Washington. (2) John is the subject of this review. (3) Charles C. was for some years an alderman in Toronto and died leaving a widow. (4) William Innes and (5) Edward Goldsmith, twins, are both deceased. (6) Eliza, for many years and now a resident of London, England, married Jeremy Pemberton Ripley, now deceased, and they had these children: Mrs. Carpenter, wife of the rector of St. Andrew's vicarage, Plaistow, London; Beatrice, and Ethel.

John Small was born in 1831, in Toronto, and was educated in his home district schools and at the Upper Canada College. His active work in life began in 1855 when he became taxing officer of the Court of the Queen's Bench, a position he held until 1882. During this period he served on the council in his native city for some time and became well and favorably known to the public, so well that in 1882 he was elected to the House of Commons to represent East Toronto. In this capacity he served the city until 1891, when he was appointed to his present position by Sir John Macdonald. During his service in Parliament he was one of the whips of the Conservative party. His public career reflected credit upon him personally and upon his city.

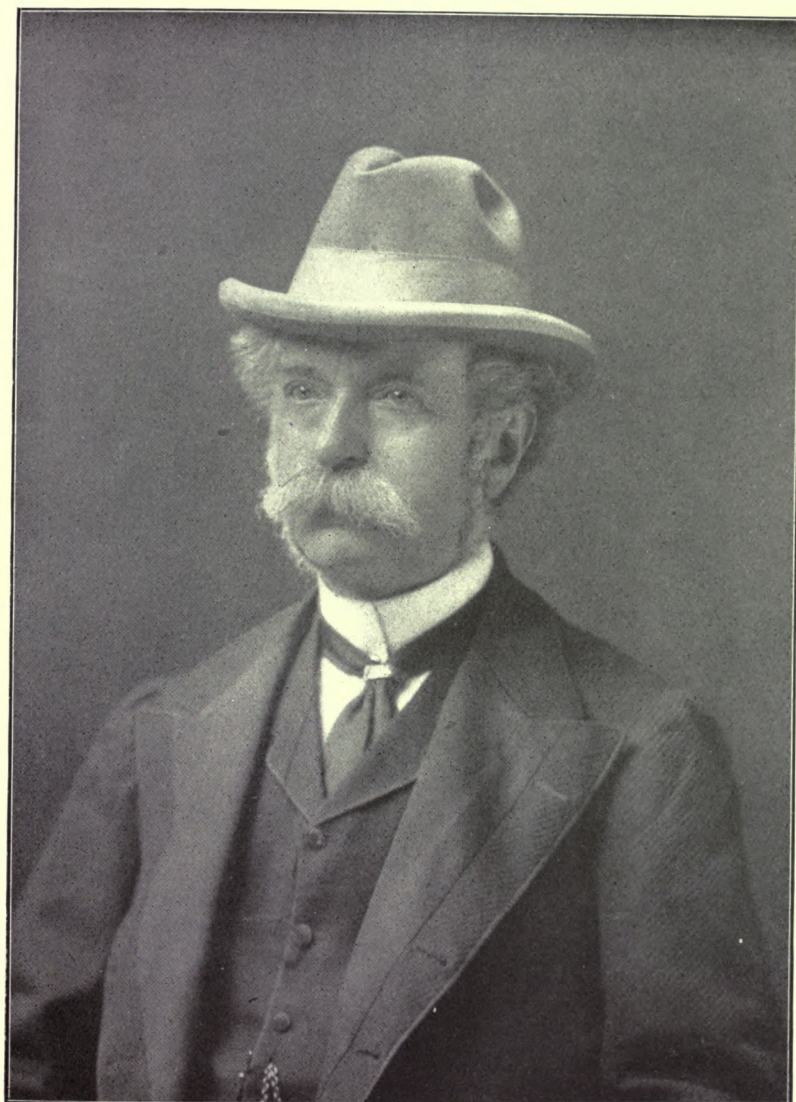
In 1856 Mr. Small was united in marriage with Miss Susan Margaret Boulton, a native of Niagara, and a daughter of James and Harriet (Thom) Boulton. Mr. and Mrs. Small are members of the Church of England.

HENRY CAWTHRA, deceased. To all who are familiar with the history of Toronto, and have followed the careers of its prominent men, no name is better known than that of Cawthra, associated as it is with the early development of the city. In military records, too, the family has been represented. One of the most stately residences in the city, Yeadon Hall, was for long years the home of one of the best known of the family, the late Henry Cawthra, a barrister and wealthy man of affairs.

The Cawthra family was originally of English stock, and was founded in Canada in 1806 by Joseph Cawthra. Born in England, Joseph Cawthra's first destination on leaving his native land was the United States, but he soon joined other Loyalists who removed to Canada. There he received a grant of land near Port Credit, among the Indians, who gave him and his family the name of Atobicontz, from the many elder trees that grew on the shore near his place. Joseph Cawthra was a man of enterprise and foresight, and before long established himself in Toronto, formerly known as York, where he opened the first wholesale concern in that place. He was very successful, and became a wealthy and prominent citizen. He died in 1842, at an advanced age, and his wife, Mary Turnpenny, passed away in 1847, in Toronto, aged eighty-six. They had a large family, of whom one, William, was an influential man in Toronto and died there in 1880.

John Cawthra, eldest surviving son of Joseph, was born in England. During the war of 1812 he served as an officer in one of Queen Victoria's regiments, was with General Brock at the capture of Detroit, and at Queenston, and participated in the battle of Queenston Heights. He settled in Newmarket as one of its pioneer merchants, was active in public affairs, and represented County Simcoe in the Parliament of Upper Canada—its first representative after the separation of the county from the County of York. Mr. Cawthra died in Newmarket in 1851. He married Ann Wilson, of Cumberland, England, and they were the parents of four children, namely: Joseph; Mary, deceased, wife of the late Dr. William Mulock; John; and Henry.

Henry Cawthra, youngest son of John, was born at Newmarket Sept. 2, 1832. After completing his early studies he entered the University of Toronto, and then the Law School, being called to the Bar in 1858. While Mr. Cawthra proved himself eminently fitted for legal work, his health was not equal to the demands made upon it, and within a few years he was obliged to abandon practically that sphere of activity. Thereafter he was occupied in looking after his private interests, which were of such



Henry Lawton

a scope that they gave him close connection with various lines of financial institutions. He was a large stockholder in the Bank of Toronto, and a director therein for over thirty years. He was also a director of the Consumers' Gas Company and of the Canada Permanent Mortgage & Loan Company. He spent much time abroad in search of health and travelled extensively over Europe. He was a great lover of art and during his travels secured many fine pieces of painting and sculpture to place in his home.

Mr. Cawthra was married, in London, England, Oct. 6, 1857, in St. George's Church, Hanover Square, to Miss Annie C. Mills, daughter of Hon. Samuel Mills, of Hamilton, Senator of the Dominion of Canada, who died in 1876. Mr. and Mrs. Cawthra were the parents of six children, of whom four survive, namely: (1) A. Maude, born in Toronto, married Major Henry Brock, of Toronto. (2) Henry Victor Holton, born in Jersey, Channel Island, married Miss Ada Arthurs, and to this union was born one daughter, Victoria Isobel. He is a barrister and is engaged in the real estate business in Toronto. (3) Helena F., born in Toronto, is the wife of Capt. James Burnham, R.C.R.I., of Port Hope. (4) Miss Grace M. K., resides at the old home. Mr. Cawthra was a member of St. James' Cathedral, where a memorial window was erected to his memory by his widow.

While Mr. Cawthra was never physically equal to the strain of the active business life to which he was otherwise so well adapted, he maintained his career of moderate activity up to the end of his life, and was personally conducting his affairs when the end came. His death occurred Dec. 25, 1904, at Yeadon Hall, and seldom has such an event called forth more widespread expression of regret. Among the large family connection of the deceased were many men prominent in public affairs, such as Sir William Mulock, late Postmaster-General, and various others.

Mr. Cawthra was mainly endeared to his friends by his fine character. He was a man of the most upright and conscientious life, but never hard or severe in his demands for the conduct of others. He was ever ready and generous in response to the appeals of the poor and afflicted, while with equal care he sought to promote the larger welfare of the community as a whole. His greater pleasure was in his home, and his domestic life was one of the utmost happiness. Of unfailing hospitality, he and his wife ever welcomed to their home the hosts of friends who surrounded them. One and all found the same cordiality, for the winning tact and gracious courtesy of Mr. Cawthra was shown alike to the King's representative or the humble

friend. Few men are so deeply or so justly beloved, and the sense of loss in his death is still felt.

REV. GEORGE H. CORNISH, LL.D., who was for forty-three years in active work in the Christian ministry of the Methodist Church in Canada, retired from his labors in 1901, and has since resided at No. 160 Argyle street, there reaping the reward for his many years of devoted service in the honor and confidence with which he is regarded by his friends and former associates, and in the sense of a lifelong duty well and faithfully performed.

Dr. Cornish is one of a family long identified with the County of York and City of Toronto. He is of English descent and his grandfather, John Cornish, was a merchant in Exeter, England, where he died. The first of the family to come to Canada was the son of this merchant, also named John, born in Exeter, in 1809, and there educated. After beginning his business career in his native city as a manufacturer of boots and shoes, he decided in 1843 to make his home in Canada, and so came to Toronto. He arrived with his family in April, of that year, and secured a position as foreman with the late Thomas Thompson, of King street east, whose business Mr. Cornish three years afterward bought out. This he conducted for many years, employing as many as fifty men, but later in life he gradually worked out of the manufacturing line, and became instead an importer of French and American boots and shoes. From Toronto he finally removed to Yonge street, Yorkville, and there continued his business until his death, which occurred March 22, 1882.

While still residing in England John Cornish had been married to Miss Elizabeth Hellins, who was born in Exeter March 15, 1807, daughter of James Hellins, who lived and died there. She survived her husband thirteen years, and continued to make her home in Yorkville, where she died in May, 1895. She bore her husband five sons and seven daughters. The sons were: John, born 1830, died 1831; Theophilus William, born 1832, died in Toronto 1887; George Henry, born 1834; Charles, born 1836, died 1897; and Joshua Hellins, born 1846, died 1902. Mr. John Cornish was a member of the Wesleyan Methodist denomination, and soon after his arrival in Toronto became an active member of the old George Street Church and in 1845 of the Richmond Street Church, which latter was located where the Methodist Book Concern now has its large publishing house. He took great pride in the fact that he had subscribed for the *Globe* when it was first published in 1844, and he continued to take it until his death.

Rev. George Henry Cornish was born in Exeter, England, June 26, 1834. His education after he reached the age of nine years was received in Toronto, where he attended the Toronto Academy, on the present site of the "Queen's Hotel," at the time when the teaching staff included Rev. Alexander Gale, Principal, with Dr. Woodrope and Thomas Henning as assistants. From the Academy he went to Victoria College at Cobourg, and after completing his studies, in 1858, he was accepted by the Conference as a probationer for the ministry. His first mission was Mitchell, Ont., with the Rev. John S. Evans as superintendent. This charge had fourteen preaching places, and embraced parts of five townships. In 1862 Dr. Cornish with twenty-four others was ordained, the rite being solemnized in the old Pinnacle Street Church in Belleville, Ont., by Rev. Dr. Wood, the Conference for that year being held in that church. Then followed his long career as a minister of the Gospel, during which he had charge of churches in Beaverton, Caledonia, Cainsville, Pickering, Norwich, Grimsby, Burlington, Wingham, Stratford, Hespeler, Port Elgin, Niagara and other points. In 1901 he retired from the active work and was placed on the superannuation list, and settled in Toronto. He has, however, not been idle, but has willingly acted as supply in filling appointments when needed by his brethren in the city and elsewhere. He has also occupied himself with literary labors, and for the past two years has been assistant pastor of Wesley Church, Dundas street. Throughout his busy life Dr. Cornish has always found time for more or less work of a literary kind, and is the author of various books, among which may be mentioned "The Handbook of Methodism," published in 1867; "Cyclopedia of Methodism," Vol. I., published in 1880, Vol. II. in 1903 (Vol. III. is in course of preparation). In 1883 appeared the "Pastor's Pocket Ritual and Record," which has now reached its fifth edition. From 1872 to 1877 he acted as Journal Secretary for the Conference; was Secretary of the London Conference in 1879, and of the Guelph Conference in 1884. He has been four times elected as chairman of his district, and seven times as a delegate to the General Conference, which meets once in every four years. He was chosen a Journal Secretary of the General Conferences of 1902 (at Winnipeg) and 1906 (at Montreal). In 1886 he was appointed General Conference Statistician, which position he still holds. The honorary degree of LL.D. was conferred upon him in June, 1887, by Rutherford College, North Carolina. Dr. Cornish is a Reformer in politics. He is a member of the Ancient Order of the United Work-

men, the Independent Order of Foresters, and the York Pioneers.

In 1862 Dr. Cornish was united in marriage to Miss Elizabeth Frances Reynell, daughter of the late Capt. John Reynell, of Balnalack House, Ireland, and niece of the late Charles Walker, and his brother William, merchants of King street, Toronto. Mrs. Cornish was born in Dublin, Ireland. She is the mother of five children: William Walker, who died in infancy; Reynell George Henry, of Brooklyn, New York, who married Miss Henrietta Forbes, of Toronto, and has two sons, Edward and Clarence; Frederick William, a lawyer in Chicago, who married Miss Alice Hay, of Toronto, and has three sons and one daughter; Louisa Victoria, who died in November, 1906; and Alexina, wife of Haldred St. Clair Fisher, of Queenston, Niagara, and mother of one daughter, Dora Gwendolin, born in 1903.

EDWARD Y. EATON. Probably no man in Toronto was more successful in business than Edward Y. Eaton, who at his death, Oct. 3, 1900, was vice-president of the T. Eaton Co., Ltd., whose department store is the largest in Canada, and one of the largest in America. Mr. Eaton was born at St. Mary's, Ont., in 1863, son of T. Eaton, president of the above named company.

Edward Y. Eaton was educated at the Model School in Toronto, and immediately after completing his course there commenced his successful business career, entering commercial life at an early age, with his father, Timothy Eaton, when the present great T. Eaton Company was practically beginning business in Toronto. To the success of the business Edward Y. Eaton gave his entire attention, and with his father placed this great business second to none on the American continent. Mr. E. Y. Eaton was a self-made man. His fortune was acquired through his business ability, strict attention to his duties, his untiring energy, and his reputation for integrity for which he was highly esteemed by all who knew him.

On Jan. 6, 1897, Edward Y. Eaton and Miss Mabel, eldest daughter of the late William and Sarah (Harrington) Eckardt, were united in marriage. Mr. Eckardt was born in Markham township, County York, son of Godlieb Eckardt, a native of the same township, whose father came from Pennsylvania to Canada, settling in Markham township at an early day. For many years Mr. Eckardt was engaged in a brokerage and insurance business in Toronto, where he died Aug. 17, 1904, and where Mrs. Eckardt still resides. Mrs. Eaton resides at the beautiful home erected by her late husband at No. 157 St. George Street in 1898.

To Mr. and Mrs. Eaton were born two daughters, Marjorie and Aliee. Mr. Eaton always took a great interest in the Methodist Church, of which he was for many years a worthy member. In politics he was a Reformer. In his death the Queen City lost one of her best business men, and a citizen who was held in universal esteem.

HENRY ALFRED GRAY. The name of the late Henry Alfred Gray was one well known in the Dominion of Canada, for his services to the government as an efficient member of the Department of Public Works covered a long period and took him into various parts of the country. A man of long and wide experience, his record was one of brilliant achievement in his chosen line of engineering.

Mr. Gray was born near Birmingham, England, in 1843, and was a son of Edward A. and Maria (Williams) Gray, both of whom died in their native England. The son was given a good general education and then began his professional work by serving the time required for practical experience, on the Midland Railway, and then passed the examinations for the Royal Engineers. He was first sent to India and thence to Bermuda. In 1867 he came to Canada, and was for six or seven years identified with the Intercolonial Railway, with headquarters at Halifax. His connection with the government work began in 1878, and lasted from that date till his death in 1905. When first appointed to the Department of Public Works he was stationed at Ottawa, but was later sent to Stratford to take charge of the department work for Western Ontario. There he remained till 1879, when he returned to Ottawa to assume the duties of assistant chief engineer, to which position he had been promoted. Two years later he went to St. John, N.B., and after an equal interval from there to Toronto. While residing in that city his death occurred May 23, 1905, in the sixty-third year of his age.

Mr. Gray was three times married. His first wife, who was Miss Alice Lomer, left him with three children, viz.: Henry A. St. George; Charles P.; and Aliee W., wife of Walter P. Merrick. After her death Mr. Gray married Miss Catherine McDonald, who died without issue. For his third wife Mr. Gray chose Miss Norma Victoria Merrick, who survives him, and resides in Toronto. She is a native of that city, descended from a pioneer family, and the Merrick home was formerly where the "King Edward Hotel" stands. Three children were born to this union, Norma Lillian, Kathleen Hilda and George Merrick. Both Mr. and Mrs. Gray were members of the Roman Catholic Church.

MERRICK. The Toronto branch of the Merrick family has descended from Dominick Merrick, who came to Little York, now Toronto, in 1827. The family is of Welsh origin, but for many years had been settled in the County of Mayo, Ireland.

Dominick Merrick, Sr., was born in 1790, at Ballindine, in that County, and married Celia B. Dease, daughter of Anthony Dease, of Cloonmore, County Mayo, the Dease family being related to the Blakes, Nugents and Bingham's. The family was implicated in the Irish Rebellion of 1798, and suffered considerable property losses which ultimately forced several members of the family to leave Ireland. The town of Little York at that remote period of its history was little more than a collection of frame houses. The early struggle for responsible government furnished a congenial field for the liberty-loving citizens, and Dominick Merrick, having but freshly arrived from a similar condition of affairs in Ireland, took a very active part with his nephew Dr. McCormick in opposition to the Family Compact. Dr. John McCormick took up arms with the rebels, and was captured at Montgomery's Tavern fight, and spent a year in Toronto jail. Dominick Merrick died in 1837, just before the rebellion broke out, leaving, besides his wife, three sons, Jerry D., Dominick A. and James. The family settled on Richmond street, near Jarvis street, where Robertson's factory is now located, and they remained there for many years.

Jerry D. Merrick, the eldest son, entered into partnership with Peter Paterson in the early fifties, and married Sarah J. Paterson, the niece of his partner, the Paterson family having settled in Toronto in 1817, coming from Blantyre, Scotland. In 1860 with his brothers, Dominick A. and James, he formed the partnership of the Merrick Bros., in wholesale and retail dry goods and millinery on King street, in the store afterward occupied by R. Walker & Sons. The "King Edward Hotel" now occupies that site. For many years the business was the largest of its kind in Toronto. In 1869 the family moved to the large brick residence, Wyckham Hall, No. 142 Mutual street. This house had been built by Mr. Thomas, the architect of the Toronto Public Library.

Mr. J. D. Merrick took a very active part in politics, and was a follower of Robert Baldwin and later of the Liberal party. In 1880 he was appointed as Sheriff of Prescott and Russell, and removed to L'Orignal, where he resided until his death in 1887. His brother, Dominick A., carried on business until his death in 1895. Mrs. Merrick survived her husband five years, dying in Toronto in 1892.

The family is represented by children of the late Sheriff Merrick: In Toronto by Mrs. David B. Layton, Mrs. Norma V. Gray, Miss Elma Merrick, Mr. James G. Merrick, and Mr. Walter P. Merrick. Mr. Herbert Blake Merrick is a resident of Minneapolis, Minnesota; Mr. Peter J. Merrick a resident of Oak Lake, Manitoba; Mr. Louis D. Merrick is carrying on business at Berlin, Ont.; and Mr. Dominick A. Merrick is a resident of Montreal, Quebec. The family is still residing at the homestead, No. 142 Mutual street.

W. H. PEPLER, M.D.C.M., L.R.C.P., Associate Demonstrator of Pathology at the University of Toronto, and general medical practitioner and surgeon of that city, is one of Ontario's best known medical men.

James Pepler, father of the Doctor, was born in 1830, in Wiltshire, England, and in his native country grew to manhood. There he married Emma Eyres, and in 1868 they came to Canada, locating at Toronto, where he soon became secretary-treasurer of the Canada Car Company. Subsequently he embarked in business as a leather merchant on Front street, and was later appointed government inspector of leather, a position he filled until his death, in 1890. During his business life in Toronto, Mr. Pepler took an active part in municipal matters and for some time was an alderman of the city. He also served as chairman of the school board. Mrs. Pepler died in 1888, when sixty-four years of age. They were members of the English Church, while Mr. Pepler was a Conservative in politics and fraternally a Mason. To Mr. and Mrs. Pepler were born children as follows: Francis Edward Philip, a barrister; Ernest Eyres, an artist of Toronto; James B., who is in the real estate business at Winnipeg; Tom S. G., in business at Port Hope; and Dr. W. H.

Dr. W. H. Pepler was born in 1863, in Bristol, England, and was but five years of age when the family came to Canada. His literary education was acquired at Upper Canada College, where he completed his course of study in 1881, after which he at once entered Trinity Medical College, from which he was graduated in 1885, with the degree of M.D.C.M. Desirous of perfecting himself still farther in his profession, Dr. Pepler went to London, England, and for three years studied at St. Bartholomew's Hospital. In 1888 he was graduated from that institution with the degree of L.R.C.P. (Lond.), and he then returned to Toronto, and entered into the practice of his profession, in which he has continued to the present time. In 1890 he became Associate Demonstrator of Pathology at his alma mater, and since the union of Trinity

Medical College with the University of Toronto he has filled the same chair in that institution. He has made a specialty of this line and has contributed articles upon it to the leading medical journals of the country. He is a member of the Ontario Medical Association, the Canadian Medical Association and the Toronto Clinical Society, and is vice-president of the Pathological Society, surgeon to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, associate physician to the General Hospital, physician to the Toronto Hospital for Incurables, and has a like position at the Convalescent Home. He is a member of the Masonic order, the Orangemen and the I.O.O.F.. In political sentiment he is a Conservative, and he and Mrs. Pepler are members of the English Church.

In 1895 Dr. Pepler was married to Miss Kathleen Chadwick, who was born at Guelph, daughter of Frederick Chadwick, ex-mayor of that place and editor of the *Guelph Herald*. To Dr. and Mrs. Pepler have been born four children: Stewart Herbert, William Arthur Eyres, Kathleen Gladys and Doris Louise.

MAJOR VILLIERS SANKEY, whose death on Lake Maitou occurred July 10, 1905, was one of the most brilliant engineers Canada has known, as well as a prominent member of military circles. He came of a family many members of which have achieved military distinction, and he naturally inherited the tastes which led him to join the Canadian army.

Major Sankey's great-grandfather, William Sankey, was one of the leading barristers of Dublin, Ireland, and the family were identified with that part of the country. Matthew Henry Sankey, his father, after leaving the army, owing to an accident he sustained, became manager of Lord Brooke's estate, Colebrooke, in County Fermanagh, Ireland. He married his cousin, Mehetabel Roe, a direct descendant of Brian Boru.

Villiers Sankey was born in County Fermanagh, Ireland, in October, 1853. He first attended a public school in Portora, and later, at Cooper's Hill, he passed the examination for the Royal Engineers, in India. His association with Canadian projects, did not begin until 1878, when he settled in Toronto, as a member of the firm of Wadsworth, Unwin, Brown & Sankey. For a number of years he held the appointment of city surveyor of Toronto, and in January, 1905, he became a member of the staff of engineers for the Transcontinental railroad. It was while in discharge of the duties devolving upon him in that position that he met his death. Major Sankey was an authority on all surveying and engineering matters, and his name was known through all the Dominion. In military circles

his place was also a high one. He was an enthusiastic member of the Queen's Own Rifles, in which he held first the rank of captain and later that of major. In 1902 he joined the Corps of Guides, and held the rank of major therein until his death. He would have received the rank of colonel had he lived another month.

In 1882 Major Sankey married Anne Nesbit Ponton, third daughter of Lt.-Col. Archibald Ponton, of Bay View, Belleville, and their union was blessed with seven children, five daughters and two sons. The family are all members of the Church of England.

The demands of his profession were too exacting to permit of Major Sankey taking any personal part in political affairs, but he was a strong adherent of the Conservative party. Fraternally he was a Mason and past master of Ionic Lodge, A.F. & A.M.

WILLIAM MITCHELL ANGUS was born in St. Catharines, Ont., Oct. 31, 1846, son of Robert and Charlotte (Wright) Angus, and died in Toronto May 14, 1904.

Robert Angus was born in Fife, Scotland, and coming to Canada, settled first at St. Catharines, whence he later removed to London, Ont., and from there to Hamilton, where he died. He was in the wholesale dry goods business in the above mentioned places for many years, and while in Hamilton was with McInnes. The children of Robert Angus and his wife were: Mary, Oty, Nellie, William Mitchell, George, John, Hugh and Harry.

William Mitchell Angus was educated in Hamilton, and later entered the wholesale house of McInnes, having charge of the tweed department. From there he went to Montreal, where he had charge of the same firm's interests, remaining there until 1879, when he located in Toronto, representing Cantlie & Ewing, as a manufacturer's agent. Later Mr. Angus embarked in business on his own account as a manufacturer's agent, successfully continuing in this line until his death.

In 1872 William M. Angus and Miss Annie Bastedo, a member of the well-known United Empire Loyalist family of that name, were united in marriage. Mrs. Angus is a daughter of John M. and Anna (Tovel) Bastedo. To Mr. and Mrs. Angus were born the following children: Robert, of Toronto, who married Caroline Campbell, by whom he has had one son, William; Frederick, of Toronto, who married Edith Lawrie and has one daughter, Helen A.; Percival, deceased; and Edith, the wife of William Begg, who has one daughter, Dorothy. Mr. Angus was a Presbyterian. In politics he was a Conservative, but he never sought office. He

affiliated fraternally with the Masons, in which order he attained the thirty-second degree. His widow survives, residing at No. 179 Carlton street, Toronto.

The Bastedos trace their descent from the important Spanish family of De La Bastida, of whom the chief is the Marquis De La Bastida, member of the Chamber of Deputies for the Balearic Islands. Another is Don Guillermo De La Bastida, treasurer of the Province of Badajoz. The progenitor of the Bastedo family, having embraced the faith of the Reformed Church, was forced to leave Spain and take refuge in Holland, whence about 1778 he or one of his descendants emigrated to America, ultimately settling at Schenectady, New York. Of this branch of the family was Jacob Bastedo, as the name became Anglicized, who, abandoning a valuable estate in Schenectady, came to Canada as a United Empire Loyalist, and settled first at Cataraqui (Kingston), where he had a grant of 800 acres, but removed to Stamford, County of Welland, Ont. He married Clarissa Jean Van Slyke, whose sister married a Van Buren, and their son, Martin Van Buren, was President of the United States from 1837 to 1841. Another sister was married to Major Tice, a Royalist officer. The children of Jacob and Clarissa Bastedo were: (1) Abraham; (2) Lewis; (3) David; (4) Joseph, killed at the battle of Chippewa; (5) Gilbert Tice; (6) John, of Nelson, married Mary Flewelling and had issue: Maurice, William, Jacob, Gilbert, Elizabeth and Catherine; (7) Cornelius, killed in the war of 1812. Of these,

David Bastedo, of Stamford, afterward of Waterdown (Burlington), County Halton, married Elizabeth MacMieking. Their sons were:

(1a) Peter married Margaret Galbraith and had issue: Sons—(1b) John MacMieking. (2b) David married Sarah Elizabeth Tovel and had issue: Samuel Tovel, of the Ontario Civil Service; Peter; Albert Edward; Margaret Ann, and Sarah Elizabeth. (3b) John Galbraith died May 8, 1900, aged seventy-five years. He married and had issue: John Nelles and Charles Augustus. (4b) Joseph Rogers married Mary Force and had issue: William, Lincoln, Burleigh, Frederiek, David Edgar (of Bracebridge), Ada, Patience and Margaret. (5b) Thomas Beveridge Goodwillie married and has had issue: Nellie; Minnie, deceased; Christina, and Margaret. (6b) Peter Campbell married and has had issue: John Galbraith, Thomas, William, James, and Nellie. Daughters—(1b) Mary Galbraith; (2b) Margaret, deceased.

(2a) Gilbert married Mary Lindsay and has had issue: Joseph, Jacob, Samuel, Nancy, Elizabeth, Jane, Tamar, Susan, and Kate.

(3a) John MacMicking married (first) Susan Lemon and (second) Anna Tovel, and had issue: Son—(1b) John MacMicking, furrier in Toronto, is married and has issue: Frederick, Harry, Melville, Mabel, and Edna. Daughters—(1b) Jane. (2b) Millie. (3b) Christina. (4b) Mary. (5b) Annie married William M. Angus and has had issue: Robert, Frederick, Percival (deceased), and Edith. (6b) Susan married James Magee, Q.C., of London, Ont., and has issue: Arthur, Allen, Mabel, and Edith. (7b) Sarah.

(4a) Jacob.

The daughters of David and Elizabeth (MacMicking) Bastedo were:

(1a) Catherine married Thomas Stock, of Watterdown, and has issue: John, Walter, Charles, William, Clara, Christina, and Lizzie.

(2a) Christina married, as his first wife, Joseph Rogers, furrier, of Toronto (who married secondly Janet Nixon Bastedo, as below), and had issue: Sons—(1b) John. (2b) Charles married and had issue: Joseph, Clara, Lizzie, Christina, Louise, Ada, and Charlotte. (3b) James married and has issue: James, Christopher, Joseph, George, Frederick, Thomas, Augusta, Lillie, and May. (4b) Alexander. Daughters—(1b) Mary. (2b) Clara. (3b) Aggie. (4b) Elizabeth. (5b) Margaret.

Gilbert Tice Bastedo (son of Jacob and Clarissa), born in Schenectady, settled in Nelson, County Halton, in 1806 or 1807. He married Marian, daughter of John Thompson, of the Whirlpool, Stamford. Their sons were:

(1a) Jacob, born March 16, 1807, died Dec. 26, 1878, was a merchant in Hamilton. He served as lieutenant in the Gore Militia in 1837. He married (firstly) in 1838 Margaret Sinclair, who died, and (secondly) in August, 1840, Hepzibah Chilver, born Sept. 30, 1821, daughter of Joseph Chilver (born Jan. 3, 1794, died Oct. 10, 1857, son of Thomas Chilver, of Fishneedham, County of Norfolk, England, and Lydia Watling, his wife, who came to Canada and settled in Toronto in 1833) and Eliza, his wife, daughter of William Jennings, of Burkholt, County of Suffolk, England. The only child of Jacob Bastedo by his first marriage was: (1b) Gilbert Tice, born in 1833, died Aug. 3, 1868, barrister at law, of Milton, married Maria, daughter of Charles Thompson (who survived him and is married secondly to Hon. J. Byron Turk, of Chicago), and had one son, (1c) Gilbert Tice, who is married and living in the United States, and two daughters, (1c) Margaret, married to William Wallace Blair, and (2c) Marian Christina, married to Lieut.-Col. George Alexander Shaw. Of the second marriage: Sons—(2b) Joseph Albert, born May 4, 1841, post-

master at Newmarket, County of York, married Henrietta, daughter of Joseph Lee, of Toronto, and has issue: George, manager of the Bank of Hamilton at Chesley; Arthur, a medical student in New York; Cecil, May Etta, and Marjorie. (3b) Edward, born Aug. 6, 1844, is married and living in Buffalo, U.S.A., and has issue: Edward, Arthur, Neil, John, Lily, Anna and Mary. (4b) David Henry, born Dec. 29, 1845, furrier in Toronto, married Charlotte Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Armstrong and Mary Jane, his wife, daughter of Rev. John Davidson, and has issue: Norman, Gilbert Tice, and Marian. (5b) Thomas Walter, born Aug. 22, 1847, died in September, 1848. (6b) Cornelius Nixon, born Jan. 15, 1850, merchant in Toronto, married Mary Cameron and has had issue: Albert Nixon, John (deceased), Jay, Robert, Kathleen, Marjory, and Sarah. (7b) Louis, born Dec. 20, 1853, died in September, 1854. (8b) John MacGregor, born Sept. 15, 1857, merchant in Milton, married Ida Aekermann, and has issue: Chilver, Alfred, and Gladys. Daughters—(1b) Marian Hepzibah, born Dec. 31, 1842, died Aug. 9, 1843. (2b) Hannah Elizabeth, artist, Toronto. (3b) Janet Rogers married William Maeready, and has issue, one son, Allan.

(2a) John Thompson, postmaster at Burlington, served as captain in the Gore Militia in 1837, married Augusta Eliza Magee, and had issue: Sons—(1b) Gilbert Cornelius (deceased) married Harriet McLeod and had issue: Gilbert Jeff, Anna Harriet, Mabel Augusta Mary, and Ellen Baxter. (2b) John Henry, living in the United States, married Ida Tonkins, and has issue: Albert Edward and Arthur. (3b) Walter, living in Buffalo, U.S.A., married Kate Henry and has issue: Paul. Daughters—(1b) Margaret Eliza, deceased. (2b) Marian Augusta married Lot Allen, of Bradford, and has had issue: George; Willis, deceased; Harry; Lescure; Edith, married to H. G. Morrow; and Margaret. (3b) Isabella married Joseph Lescure, of Bradford.

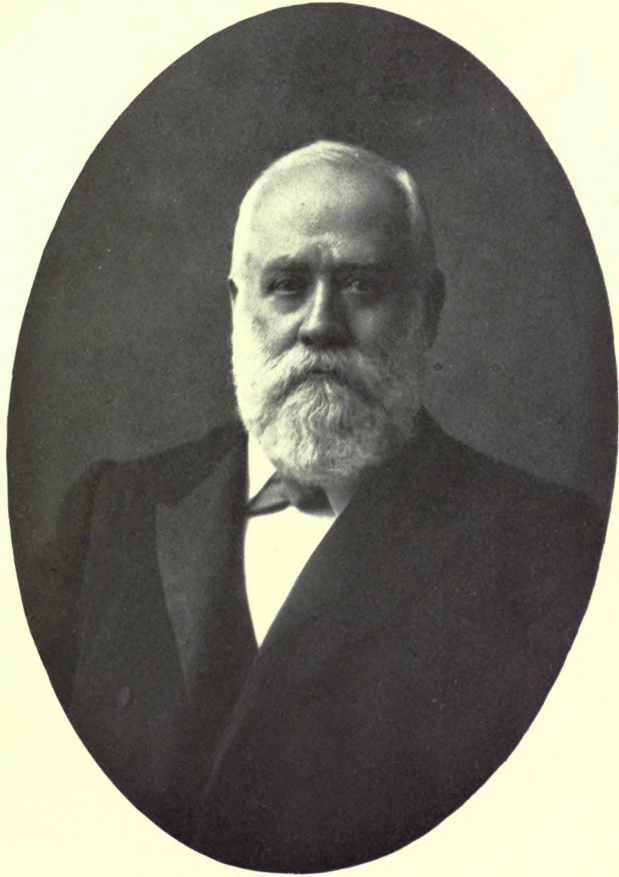
(3a) David, of Burlington, died in 1898, unmarried. He served as captain in the Gore Militia in 1837.

(4a) Gilbert, of Bookton, County Norfolk, married Mary Ann Harrison, and has issue: Marian, and Rebecca, married to a Mr. Muir.

(5a) Walter (deceased) merchant in Hamilton, married Jane Benedict, and had issue: Cameron, Emily, and Irene.

(6a) James, of Brandon, Man., married Maria Harrison, and has issue: Edgar, Frank, David, Joseph Rodgers, Septimus, Bertie, and Clara Paul.

The daughters of Gilbert Tice and Marian Bastedo were:



Rich^d Wom

(1a) Janet Nixon married (as second wife) Joseph Rogers, merchant in Toronto (who previously married Christina Bastedo; as above), and had issue: (1b) Christina married John Wellington Bowlby, barrister at law, Q.C., of Brantford, and has issue: Adam, Joseph, Ursula, Janet, Augusta, Christina; and (2b) Janet Augusta married Edward A. Seadding.

(2a) Elizabeth married Bruce Cameron (deceased), major in the United States army, son of Senator Cameron, and has issue: (1b) Simon (Cameron) married Helen Harkley, and has issue, Simon and Elva. (2b) Maggie. (3b) Janet Rogers married Tyron Edwards, of Harrisburg.

(3a) Marian married Robert Johnston, deceased, of Waterdown, and has had issue: Robert married Emma Martindale, and has issue: Lawrence, Ross, Marian, and Clarissa Jane; Gilbert, deceased; and Elizabeth.

(4a) Clarissa Jane married William Bunton, of Waterdown, and has had issue: Marian, who married William Davidson, of Montreal, and has issue: William, David, and Marian Bastedo.

(5a) Sarah died in infancy.

(6a) Rebecca, unmarried.

RICHARD BROWN, president of The Brown Bros., Limited, wholesale and manufacturing stationers, dealers in paper, office supplies, printers' and bookbinders' material, manufacturers of account books, leather goods, diaries, bookbinders, etc., Nos. 51-53 Wellington street west, Toronto, Ont., is a member of the family which has been for more than a century engaged in the above business.

The Browns are of English extraction. Thomas Brown, the grandfather of our subject, in 1774 engaged in the above mentioned business in Newcastle, England, continuing therein until 1822, in which year his son, Thomas, Jr., the father of our subject, took up the business and continued it at the same place until 1846. In this year he settled in Toronto and resumed the business formerly located at Newcastle, England, the place of business being on King street east, near Church street. Here Thomas Brown continued business until 1856, when the firm of Brown Brothers was formed, the three brothers being Thomas, who died in Toronto in 1867; Major John Brown, well known in military circles as a member of the Queen's Own Rifles, who died in 1882; and Richard. The firm of Brown Brothers continued until 1893, when a stock company was formed, under the firm name of The Brown Bros., Limited, with the following officers: Richard Brown, president; Robert S. Brown, vice-president; and T. H. Hornibrook, secretary-treasurer. Since The Brown Bros., Ltd., was formed they have suffered two severe losses

by fire. On April 19, 1904, when the wholesale district of Toronto was destroyed by a terrific fire, the magnificent building and stock of Brown Bros., Ltd., was consumed. They secured temporary quarters in the Queen City Rink, where in the month of August, 1904, they were visited by another severe fire. In 1905 their well-appointed and commodious fireproof building was erected on the site of the first building, Nos. 51-53 Wellington street west. This building, which is of concrete and expanding metal, and supposed to be one of the most substantial and fireproof buildings in the city, is equipped with the most modern machinery for the various lines of work carried on by them. They have a most complete and full stock of all kinds of paper, stationery, account books, office supplies, leather goods, printers' and bookbinders' materials, etc. The firm have displayed an enterprising spirit by sending specimens of their work to the various exhibitions. They have still in their possession the book with which their father took the first prize at the first Exhibition in Toronto in 1846, and from that date they have taken high honors wherever exhibiting: Montreal, the opening of the Victoria Bridge, 1860; Centennial, Philadelphia, 1876; Paris (France); Dublin, Indian and Colonial Exhibition, London, England, 1886; World's Fair, Chicago, 1893; National Exhibition, Toronto, gold medal, etc., etc.

Thomas Brown, the founder of the family and business in Canada, was born in 1789, and died in Toronto in 1863. His wife, who bore the maiden name of Ann Spoor, was born in England in 1802, and died in Toronto in 1865. Their children were as follows: Thomas, deceased; Robert S., retired; Major John, deceased; Richard; William; Rev. George M., ex-president of the Methodist Conference; Charles S.; Mrs. B. B. Toye, deceased; and Miss M. Brown, deceased.

Richard Brown was born in Newcastle, England, in 1834, and was educated in his native land and in Toronto. In 1848 he embarked in the stationery and book business with Mr. Thomas Maclear, their place of business being located on Yonge street, near King. Here he continued until the formation of the Brown Bros. in 1856, when, as above stated, he was made a member of that firm. Mr. Brown is one of the oldest stationers in Canada, having been in the business continually since 1848. He is a director in the Toronto Paper Manufacturing Company, of Cornwall, Ontario.

Mr. Brown's wife bore the maiden name of Elizabeth Robinson. She was a native of Quebec, daughter of the late Dr. Slade Robinson, a well-known physician of Toronto. Mr. and Mrs. Richard Brown had these children: Mary Edith,

the wife of A. A. Fisher, of Brockville; Amy Douglas, the wife of A. E. Huestis; Thomas Albert, vice-president of the firm of Brown Bros., Ltd.; Grace E., wife of J. M. Kerr, a merchant of Toronto; R. Norman, a member of the firm of Brown Bros., Ltd.; and Miss Belle, at home. The family are all members of the Methodist Church, with which they have been identified for many years.

ALEXANDER HENDERSON, merchant, born in Old Pitsligo, Scotland, Nov. 3, 1824, died in Toronto, Ont., Canada, June 3, 1887. His father, John Henderson, died in Ripon, Wisconsin, United States of America, in October, 1887, at the age of ninety-four years, having retired from agricultural pursuits in his sixtieth year; his mother, Catherine Udry Henderson, of the Udry Estate, in Scotland, died in Wisconsin in 1862, in her sixty-seventh year.

In the year 1832 Alexander Henderson came to Canada with his father's family, locating in Toronto, and began the business career that made him one of the wealthy and influential men of that city. When eighteen years old he commenced the retail dry goods business on his own account at the north-east corner of Queen and Yonge streets, shortly afterwards buying the same property, which has been known for years as the Henderson Block. After a few very successful years in the retail business he sold out to his head salesman, and embarked in the wholesale dry goods and millinery business, doing one of the largest trades in Canada, and at the age of thirty-two years retired from active business life. Mr. Henderson saw not only the possibilities, but the probabilities of Toronto becoming the leading city of Ontario, and invested his dividends in real estate, becoming a large realty holder in the city whose development he had foreseen.

It was not only as a business man that Mr. Henderson was known to the people of Toronto, however, but also as a public officer of popularity and efficiency. For eleven years he was an alderman of St. James' Ward of Toronto, and for the greater part of that time was chairman of the Board of Works and Finance, and he was also one of Toronto's most efficient Justices of the Peace. He was a director of the Union Building Society for years, and also of the Grey & Bruce Railway. In religion he was a consistent member of the Knox Presbyterian Church. In fraternal circles he was affiliated with the St. Andrew's Society for forty-two years, and an old member of the Caledonian Society. He was one of the best-known citizens of Toronto, and a staunch Liberal in politics.

REV. S. S. BATES, B.A., D.D., of Toronto, a distinguished clergyman of the city, comes of English ancestry and belongs to a family which has been devoted to the church and to missionary work.

Rev. John Bates, his father, was born in 1805 in Northamptonshire, England, being a member of an old settled family of that region. He left his native place in early manhood and went to London, where he was engaged in the dry goods trade for a time, leaving it to enter the ministry of the Baptist Church. In 1850 he settled in Dubuque County, Iowa, where he remained until 1864, moving from there to Hamilton, Ont., and thence to Dundas, where he was pastor of the Baptist Church for four years. From 1867 until 1873 he was pastor at Woodstock, removing then to St. George, where he died in 1875. He and his wife were buried at Woodstock. Their children were: Lieut. Samuel, who was killed in the Civil War in the United States; Jane, who is the widow of W. D. Booker, of Hamilton; John G., formerly a dry goods merchant at Chicago, Illinois, who died in 1876; Mary E., wife of Rev. John McLaurin, D.D., of India (her children are: Kate S., a missionary in India; Jennie, a nurse in New Haven, Connecticut; Rev. John B., B.A., of Toronto; and Elsie R., of Toronto); Joseph I., B.A., Ph.D., and Rev. Stuart Samuel, of this sketch.

Dr. Bates's sister, Mrs. Booker, was first married to Rev. A. V. Timpong, with whom she went out to India, where he died in the performance of his missionary labors. He left three children, namely: Rev. Stuart, M.D., a missionary in India; Euretta N., now Mrs. H. E. Stillwell, also a missionary in India; and Mary B., now Mrs. Charles M. Clarke, of Aylmer, Ont. Mrs. Booker's husband was a son of the late Rev. William Booker.

The late Joseph I. Bates, an older brother of Dr. S. S. Bates, died in 1896, and is survived by a widow and two children, John S. and Marjorie. For many years he was identified with Woodstock College, first as a tutor, but later as principal.

Rev. Stuart Samuel Bates was born in Dubuque County, Iowa, but was educated at Dundas, Woodstock and, later, at the Toronto University, receiving his degree of B.A. from the latter institution in 1878. In 1901 he was honored with the degree of D.D., which he received from McMaster University, Toronto. Dr. Bates took his theological course at Woodstock College and Rochester, New York, and in 1881 he was ordained to the Baptist ministry. His first charge was at Gobles' Corners, County Oxford, where he remained for five years, then accepting a call to the College Street Baptist

Church, in Toronto, which he served with all faithfulness for seventeen and a half years. In 1903 Dr. Bates was made field secretary of the Baptist Sunday Schools in Toronto. Since 1892 he has been a member of the Senate and Board of Governors of McMaster University, and since 1893 he has been chairman of the Baptist Foreign Mission Board of Ontario and Quebec; he has also been honored with other positions of responsibility.

In 1885 Dr. Bates was united in marriage with Josephine Jeffery, who was born in London, daughter of the late Joseph Jeffery, a man of business prominence in that city. They have three sons, viz.: Stuart J., B.A.; Harold C., and J. Edgar.

In politics, as far as becomes his profession, Dr. Bates takes an interest in the success of the Reform party.

STEPHEN MAULE JARVIS, who passed away in Toronto in 1902, was a native of Ontario, born near Oakville, third son of Frederick Starr and Susan (Merigold) Jarvis, and grandson of Colonel Stephen Jarvis, a prominent U. E. Loyalist, who fought through the seven years (1776-1783) Revolutionary war in the United States.

Col. Stephen Jarvis, after the close of the Revolution, settled in 1784 in New Brunswick, where he lived for twenty-five years before coming to Ontario in 1808. His home was in Toronto from 1809 until his death in 1840, and his absences from the city were only while making prolonged visits to his children. In the twenties he lived with his younger son, Sheriff William Botsford Jarvis, at Rosedale, and was for many years Registrar of Toronto (then York). The death of Col. Jarvis occurred in Weston, while he was on a visit to his daughter, Mrs. Phillips, wife of the rector at Weston, the Rev. Thomas Phillips, D.D., for many years chaplain of the Legislative Assembly of Upper Canada. After Col. Jarvis became Usher of the Black Rod to the Legislative Assembly he had his rooms at the Parliament House, Front street, and there his grandson, Stephen Maule, lived with him while attending Upper Canada College.

Frederick Starr Jarvis, son of Col. Stephen, was born in New Brunswick in 1786. He settled near Oakville on lands granted by the Government. There on Aug. 4, 1816, his thirtieth birthday, he married Susan Merigold, daughter of a U. E. Loyalist, who had come from New Brunswick the year before the Jarvises. To this marriage were born twelve children, as follows: Frederick William, Sheriff of Toronto, York and Peel; Amelia, who married Alexander Proud-

foot; George Thomas, who died at Chicago, leaving a family; Stephen Maule, barrister at Osgoode Hall; Peter Robinson, Mayor at Stratford; Charles Beverley, who died in California; Mary, who married deputy sheriff Henry Skynner; Arthur Murray, acting deputy sheriff at Osgoode Hall; Henry Augustus, who was drowned at Stratford; Edgar John, of Rosedale; Julia, in England; and Hester Elizabeth, who died in 1858. All are deceased except Julia and Arthur Murray.

Stephen Maule Jarvis was educated at Upper Canada College, being one of the first students graduated from that institution. He later read law with his uncle, Judge Jarvis, of Cornwall, and was called to the Bar in 1843 at Brockville. In 1845 he went to Brockville, where he was for two years a partner of Judge Steele, and in 1849 came to Toronto as solicitor of the sheriff's office for the Counties of York, Toronto and Peel. He was one of the founders of the Canada Landed Credit Company, and was solicitor of that company for many years. In Toronto Mr. Jarvis was in continuous legal practice from 1849 to 1902, and he was a representative member of the Ontario Bar.

In 1850 Mr. Jarvis married Mary Stinson, born near Hamilton in 1830, daughter of Thomas and Margaret Stinson. Mrs. Margaret Stinson was born Jan. 1, 1806, and died 1882, daughter of James Zimmerman, an U. E. Loyalist, and members of the family still live on land patented from the Crown to the U. E. Loyalists. Thomas Stinson was born in Ireland in 1798, and came to Canada in 1822, locating in the Niagara District, later opening a mercantile business in Hamilton. In 1829 he built the Stinson's Block, the first brick stores in Hamilton, and these are still standing. He was the first man to import goods from Liverpool direct to Hamilton. In 1847 he founded the Stinson Savings Bank, which he successfully conducted for many years. Mr. and Mrs. Stinson were members of the Church of England. He was a very successful business man, and at his death left a handsome competency.

To Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Jarvis were born: (1) Margaret Isabella Maule married B. R. Clarkson (who died in 1897), and died in 1900, leaving three children: Nina Mary, Hilda Stuart, and Cyril Jarvis. (2) Thomas Stinson, barrister, of Osgoode Hall, married in 1880 Ann Croft, daughter of Professor Croft, of the Toronto University. They had no children. Mr. Stinson Jarvis was the author of several books of travel and fiction, and is now living in California, devoting himself to journalism. (3) Stephen Jarvis, manager of the Bank of Montreal at Wallaceburg, married Agnes Scott, and

has one son, Guy H. (4) Edward Robinson, of The Molson's Bank, Toronto, is unmarried.

Mr. Jarvis was for several years an alderman of the city, and acting mayor during Mr. Bowe's absence in England. He was a Conservative in politics, and a member of St. George's Society. Mrs. Jarvis survives her husband and resides at her home, No. 131 Beverley street, Toronto.

HUGH RYAN was one of the best-known men in Canada, and he left an imperishable monument behind him in the hundreds of miles of railroad he constructed, opening up a new empire to the world. He was born in County Limerick, Ireland, in 1832, son of Martin and Margaret (Conway) Ryan.

Martin Ryan was born in Ireland, and in 1841 brought his family to Canada. He settled on a farm near Montreal, where he spent the remainder of his life. His wife, Margaret Conway, died in Perth, Ont. Their children were: Hugh, John, Patrick, Martin, Alice (Mrs. Michael Doherty), and Margaret (Mrs. John Doyle). Of this family

Hugh Ryan was but nine years of age when the family came to Canada, in which country's commercial affairs he was destined to become so important a factor. When eighteen years of age he embarked in railway contracting, in which line he gained an international reputation. His first work was on the construction of the St. Lawrence & Atlantic Railway, which became the first link of the Grand Trunk System, and at his death he was one of the oldest railway contractors on the American continent, having spent forty-six years in that occupation. In all of his enterprises, involving the expenditure of hundreds of millions of dollars, he never entered an action at law against any man—a fact which alone speaks volumes for his business tact. In 1856 the firm of H. & J. Ryan took the contract for a portion of the Brockville & Ottawa line (now the Ontario & Quebec), from Smith's Falls to Perth, also that branch of the same road from Arnprior to Bonnechere, now a portion of the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway. Mr. Ryan had contracts on much of the work of the railroads in Michigan, Kentucky and Illinois—his work in the latter being a part of the Chicago & Alton road. In 1867 he went to Nova Scotia, and with Mr. A. Brooks built a large portion of the Pictou railroad, along the Salmon river. The same firm built a large portion of the European & North American line in Maine and New Brunswick, also the Pope line from Lennox to the eastern townships. Mr. Ryan built Section 20 of the International railway, including the bridges across the Miramichi river.

In 1876, with Mr. Pureell, he built the Canadian Pacific from Fort William to Eagle River, a distance of 230 miles, laying the first rail west of Fort William. In 1877 they started the first locomotive on the Canadian Pacific. Mr. Ryan had the management of the construction of the road from Toronto to Perth, and in conjunction with Mr. Haney he built the Red River Valley road from Winnipeg. In all, he had to do with the construction of about 1,000 miles of railway in Canada and the United States.

While Mr. Ryan could justly feel gratified at his wonderful success as a railway contractor, his supreme effort was on the construction of the Canadian Sault canal, requiring six years of time. This structure will of itself prove a monument to his business ability and mechanical genius. He was one of the founders of the Dominion Cable Company, in which he was a stockholder, and he was greatly interested in many business enterprises in Toronto, among which may be mentioned the Imperial Bank, in which he was a director; and he was a director in the Toronto General Trusts Corporation, the Canadian General Electric Company, and the Toronto Electric Light Company and also in the Old Kingston Locomotive Works. He was a trustee of the Toronto General Hospital; vice-president of St. Michael's Hospital; and one of the trustees in Canada of the Equitable Life Insurance Company. In all his business enterprises Mr. Ryan was most successful, and at his death, which occurred Feb. 13, 1899, he was one of Toronto's wealthy and prominent citizens. With his fortune, acquired through his own efforts, he was constantly doing good. In 1905 he built the fine wing to St. Michael's Hospital, Toronto, at a cost of \$60,000. This handsome structure Mrs. Ryan, his wife, handsomely equipped, and many a patient sufferer will reap the benefits bestowed by these good people.

In 1858 Hugh Ryan was married to Miss Margaret Walsh, who was born in Ireland, daughter of William Walsh. She died in Cairo, Egypt Feb. 22, 1904, her remains being brought back to Toronto and buried beside her husband. To Mr. and Mrs. Ryan were born four sons and four daughters, of whom John T. (the third in order of birth) and Mary are the only survivors. Speaking of the death of Mr. Hugh Ryan, a leading Toronto paper said: "In the death of Mr. Ryan, Canada lost one of her strongest characters and keenest intellects, and Toronto one of her most benevolent citizens."

JOHN THOMAS RYAN, only surviving son of the late Hugh Ryan, was born at Perth, Ont., April 5, 1863. His early literary training was received in the schools of his native town, and this was supplemented by study in New York and Ottawa.



Hugh Ryan



Mr. Ryan has been a resident of Toronto since 1885. In 1904, on the formation of the Dominion Sewer Pipe Company, he was elected its president, and this company has the best of prospects before it. Like his father, Mr. Ryan is a thorough business man, and is determined to make a success in any business enterprise to which he gives his time and attention.

In 1902 Mr. Ryan married Miss Bronacha McEvenue, daughter of John E. McEvenue, well known in Montreal. To this union have been born two children, Hugh and Bronacha.

"Hollydene," the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ryan, is one of the beautiful spots of Toronto, and was built in 1876. Mr. and Mrs. Ryan are members of the Roman Catholic Church. Like his father before him, Mr. Ryan is a very genial gentleman, and enjoys the respect and esteem of a very wide circle of friends and acquaintances in the city, who see in the son many of the admirable traits which made the father so popular and successful. In his home he is a loving husband and devoted father, and in all walks of life a true Christian gentleman.

JOSEPH W. LESSLIE, M.D., of No. 1 St. Patrick street, Toronto, is a member of one of the old families of the Queen City. The first of the Lesslie family in America of whom we have any data is Edward Lesslie, the Doctor's grandfather. He was born in Dundee, Scotland, about 1773, and on Monday, Aug. 27, 1798, married Elizabeth Watson, also a native of Dundee.

In 1819 Edward Lesslie sent his son, Edward, to America, on a prospecting tour, for the purpose of locating a suitable place at which to settle the family. After spending some time in Philadelphia and other places in the United States Mr. Lesslie came to Canada, and decided that Toronto was the place for his parents and their family to settle. Consequently, in 1823, the grandfather and his family came to Canada, bringing with them a cargo of general merchandise, and on arriving in this country embarked in business in Kingston, Toronto and Dundas. At this time they had the privilege of issuing their own coin, and Dr. Lesslie has in his possession a twopenny piece and a halfpenny issued by the Lesslies, bearing their name and the address of their places of business. The family consisted of Edward Lesslie, Sr., his wife, and the following children: Edward; John, who settled in Dundas and had charge of the business there; James, who located in Toronto for a time, and then settled in Eglinton; William, who became a wealthy broker of New York City; Grace, who married Mr. Holt, of Dundas; Ann, who married Mr. Patterson, of Dundas; Charles, who went with others from Toronto to Daven-

port, Iowa, where they purchased a large amount of land (some of the Toronto people who expected to join them, changing their minds, sold their interests to Mr. Charles Lesslie and others of the company); Joseph, the father of Dr. Lesslie; Helen, who died unmarried in 1899; and Lydia, who married Mr. Thornton, of Dundas.

Joseph Lesslie was born at Dundee Jan. 30, 1813, and was ten years old when his parents came to Canada. He was educated in Rochester and Boston, and then spent some time with his people at home in Toronto. He became one of the editors of the *Examiner* (now the *Globe*), and later purchased a farm in County Norfolk, near that of Dr. James Graham, whose daughter, Sarah Elizabeth Graham, he later married. Mrs. Lesslie was born in County Norfolk. Her father, Dr. Graham, was a prominent man of his day, and served as a surgeon in the war of 1812, being with General Brock at the battle in which the General was killed. After two years of farming Joseph Lesslie was appointed in charge of the York roads, and was later appointed post-master at Toronto, which position he filled for twenty-seven or twenty-eight years, until superannuated by Sir John Macdonald with a handsome superannuation. Prior to his post office appointment Mr. Lesslie was active in campaigns and was a strong and convincing stump speaker for the Hon. Robert Baldwin, the grandfather of Dr. Joseph W. Lesslie's wife. After leaving the post office Mr. Lesslie lived retired until his death, which occurred Jan. 6, 1904; his wife passed away in 1883. In political sentiment Mr. Lesslie was a Reformer, and in religion he was connected with the Plymouth Brethren. His children are: Grace, the wife of E. J. Harding, of Bristol, England, who has two children, Harold Ivan and Constance; James, deceased in 1873, who was in the post office department, Toronto, for some time; Mary, who married T. D. Bell, of Montreal, and has two children, Muriel and Leslie; Dr. Rolph, deceased in 1892, who was one of the prominent men of his day; Dr. Joseph W.; Georgie, who died in 1871; and Louisa, who married Andrew Bell, of Montreal, and has one son, Andrew Lesslie Bell.

From the London Medical Directory of 1890 we take the following concerning Dr. Rolph Lesslie: M.A., M.D., Toronto, 1876; L.R.C.P., London, England, 1879 (St. Thomas and Vienna); F.R.G.S.; Order of Medjidi, fourth class; Russo-Turkish and Zulu war medal; physician, Queen Charlotte's Hospital; surgeon major, Turkish war, 1877-78; ambulance surgeon, National Aid Society—Russo-Turkish Compassionate Fund, during smallpox epidemic in Constantinople, 1878; resident assistant physician, Hospital, Port of Spain, Trinidad, 1880-81; physician, Homer-

ton Fever Hospital, 1881; surgeon in the Zulu war, 1879; physician, International African Association, 1883-84; physician, Congo Free State, 1884 to 1886; "Order of Leopold," "Chevalier, 1886;" Order of the Congo, Star, 1889; author of "Hints to Travellers in the Tropics."

Dr. Joseph W. Lesslie was born in Toronto in 1854, and was educated at the Upper Canada College and Toronto University, receiving the degree of M.D. from the latter in 1879, since which time he has practised his profession in Toronto. The Doctor has also been prominent in military matters. He was surgeon to the "Queen's Own" for nearly fifteen years, and was surgeon in the Northwest Rebellion (1885), receiving a medal and clasp and also twice "special mention." Dr. Lesslie's ambulance corps in the "Queen's Own Rifles" was the first started in Canada, and they also had the honour of being specially mentioned for their services at "Cut Knife Hill." in 1885.

Dr. Lesslie was married in 1883 to Miss Agatha M. Y. Baldwin, daughter of the late William Willcocks Baldwin, whose sketch appears elsewhere. Dr. and Mrs. Lesslie are members of the Church of England. In politics he is a Conservative.

NEILL ROGER, who passed away in 1877 in the West Indies, was born there, and was a son of the Hon. James D. Roger, of St. Kitts, W. I., where he owned a large sugar plantation. The Hon. Mr. Roger later removed to Scotland, where he passed the remainder of his life, and there died.

Neill Roger was educated in Germany and Hythe, England, and after completing his education joined the "Second Queen's" at Gibraltar. He remained with this regiment two years, during which time he was in Bermuda during the yellow fever epidemic. From this regiment Mr. Roger changed to the commissary department, and in 1864 he came to Canada, serving during the Fenian Raid. He was stationed at Thorold, Fort Erie and other places. He then went to the commissary's office in Toronto, later removing to Quebec, and while there Mr. Roger was called into the second Fenian Raid, having charge of the supplies of all kinds for the men. Resigning from the commissary department, Mr. Roger volunteered to go to the West Indies, Mrs. Roger accompanying him. For a time they were located at Trinidad, and then went to St. Kitts, where Mr. Roger died, as above mentioned.

During his stay in Toronto Mr. Roger married Miss Elizabeth Paterson, daughter of Peter and Hannah (Wilson) Paterson, the former born in New Glasgow, and the latter in England. Peter Paterson was educated at Bishop Strachan's

School, Toronto, and was for many years a well-known dry goods merchant on King street east. His home was known as "Blantyre Park," the space now being occupied by the R. C. Industrial School. His father, Peter Paterson, came from Scotland to "Muddy York" at an early day, and was for some time engaged in the hardware business on King street; he founded the firm of P. Paterson & Sons, and died in Toronto. To Peter and Hannah (Wilson) Paterson were born: Rev. C. W., who is deceased; Frederick W., deceased, who married Florence McCarthy, and had children; Mrs. Roger; Rev. T. W., of Toronto; Mary Louisa, a missionary among the Japanese in California; Emily, wife of Fred Winstanley; and J. H., of Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Roger had four children: Alice Mande, Edith, M. Percy, and Neill, of whom the last named died in 1902. Mr. Roger was an Anglican in religion, and Mrs. Roger also adheres to that faith.

JOHN M. FINDLAY, M.A., who died in Toronto in 1896, was one of the city's highly esteemed citizens. He was born in Scotland in 1860, and in his native land received his literary training, completing the classical course in Glasgow University, from which he was graduated with the degree of M.A.

Shortly after graduation Mr. Findlay came to Canada and settled in Toronto, and soon became connected with the Board of Trade of that city, later accepting the position of accountant in the office of the London Canadian Loan Company, a position which he was ably filling at the time of his death. Mr. Findlay was a prominent member of the Presbyterian Church, and active in its work. He was a member of the Masonic fraternity, and of the A. O. U. W., and in all circles was prominent and popular. A public-spirited citizen and Christian gentleman, his death was felt by all, and the city of Toronto lost one of her representative citizens and upright men.

THOMAS BROWN (deceased). For many years the firm of Brown Brothers has been a leading commercial industry in Toronto, its foundation having been laid about sixty years ago by Thomas Brown, Sr., the father of the gentleman whose name appears at the head of this sketch, and it is with the early history of the company that Thomas Brown, Jr., was identified. He was born at Newcastle-upon-Tyne, England, Jan. 15, 1828, and when about eighteen years of age came with the family to Canada, where his father embarked in the stationery business. At the time of his death it was transferred to the management of the sons, Thomas, Richard and John. A thorough business man, Thomas Brown,

our subject, was honest and upright in all of his dealings and had much executive ability, and the success which has attended the firm, with which he continued until his death, in September, 1866, is largely due to his efforts. He was a member of the Methodist Church, and for many years served as trustee and Sunday school superintendent. In politics he was a Reformer.

On Aug. 30, 1848, Thomas Brown married Miss Ann Parry, born at Manchester, England, Aug. 7, 1828, daughter of Henry and Esther (Bailey) Parry, the former born in Wales, and the latter in Manchester, England. Henry Parry came to Toronto about 1840, and soon thereafter established himself in the tailoring business on King street, opposite the "Rossin House." Many of the early residents of the city will remember Mr. Parry and his business. He was an enthusiastic church and Sunday-school worker, and was connected with one of the first Methodist churches in the city. He died in Toronto in 1849, as did his wife in 1886, their children being: Henry, of Toronto; Mary, the widow of William Kilpatrick, of Toronto; Emma, deceased, who married John Henderson, who also died in Toronto; Esther, who married Charles Blair, and died in Toronto; and Ann, who became Mrs. Brown.

To Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Brown the following family were born: Capt. Thomas, of the Queen's Own Rifles, deceased, a sketch of whom will be found elsewhere; Henry J., of Brown Bros., Ltd., who married Matilda Reed; Miss Annie M., of Toronto; Emma H., wife of William Ewens, of Owen Sound; Minnie, wife of Dr. W. H. Jeffs, of Eglinton; William G., of Toronto, who married Millicent Britt; and Harriet E., who became the wife of George H. Lugsdin.

DR. JOHN EDWARD WHITE, who died in Toronto in 1894, was a well-known medical practitioner of the Queen City for many years. The Doctor was born at Beaverton, Ont., in 1848, son of Henry White, also a native of Canada, and a civil engineer of wide reputation.

Dr. White was educated at the Upper Canada College, and at the University of Toronto, graduating from the medical department of the latter institution in 1870. He began his medical practice at Pontiac, Michigan, but remained there only a short time, after which he located in Parry Sound for a number of years, thence went to Beaverton for three years, and finally settled on Carlton street, Toronto, where he continued in the practice of medicine and surgery until his death. Dr. White was one of the leading physicians and surgeons of his day, was very success-

ful in the practice of his chosen profession, and was highly esteemed by all who knew him.

In 1875 the Doctor married Miss Annie Garnce Hewitt Wallis, born in Toronto in 1852, daughter of Thomas George and Sarah (Hewitt) Wallis, the former a native of Massachusetts, and the latter of New York, a sister of the late Senator Abram S. Hewitt, of the Empire State, a son-in-law of Peter Cooper, of New York City. The Coopers and Hewitts were owners of the Trenton Iron and Wire business at Trenton, New Jersey. Thomas George and Sarah (Hewitt) Wallis were both born in 1812. He was a son of Thomas Wallis, of Cornwall, England, owner of tin mines of Cornwall. Thomas George Wallis came to New York as manager for John Hewitt, exporter, father of Sarah Hewitt, and who located in Toronto in 1816, engaging in cabinet making for many years at the corner of King and Simcoe streets. His wife was Mary Ann Lynch, of English extraction. Thomas George Wallis, father of Mrs. White, engaged in the grocery business at the corner of Queen and John streets, Toronto, for a number of years, and died in 1871, his wife surviving until 1893. Their children were: the late Lieut.-Col. George Hewitt Wallis, who served in the American War of the Rebellion in 1861-5; Charles Hewitt Wallis, deceased; and Mrs. White, widow of the Doctor.

To Dr. and Mrs. White were born three sons: Edward Hewitt, of Calgary, Alberta; Francis Otway, of Toronto; and Conrad L., of the same place. Dr. White was a member of the Church of England, to which faith Mrs. White also adheres. In politics he was a Conservative.

DR. WARREN BALDWIN, B.A., who died at Olive Island, Muskoka, March 23, 1903, was a native of the Queen City, born in 1864, third child of Robert and Jemima (MacDougall) Baldwin, whose other children were: Rev. James McQueen, a missionary of Japan; Robert, deceased; Jemima, Mrs. Dyson Hague, of London; David Cecil, deceased; Catherine, wife of J. S. R. Boyd, of Toronto; Elizabeth Mary, Mrs. Barr, of Toronto; Annie Gertrude, deceased; Frederick Walker, a student of Toronto; and Grace Constance. Dr. Warren Baldwin was a cousin of H. St. George and Dr. William Augustus Baldwin, to whose sketches the reader is referred for the early history of the Baldwin family.

Dr. Warren Baldwin was educated at the Upper Canada College and the Toronto University, graduating from the latter in 1886, with the degree of B.A. On completing his classical course above mentioned Dr. Baldwin took up the study of medicine at Trinity Medical School, and took the degree of M.B. at Toronto University in

1889. He continued his studies in Philadelphia under Dr. Kent, a well-known homeopathic physician of that city. Returning to Toronto, the Doctor practised for three years, when failing health caused him to locate in Muskoka, where he practised his profession until his death.

In 1892 Dr. Warren Baldwin and Miss Catherine A. B. Ridley were united in marriage. Mrs. Baldwin is a native of Hamilton, and a daughter of the late Dr. Henry T. Ridley, a well-known physician of that city, born in 1827, son of Dr. Ridley, of Belleville; he married Catharine Mary, daughter of Hon. Edmund Murney, of Belleville. Dr. Ridley read medicine at McGill, and for many years practised his profession at Hamilton, and he died in 1896. Dr. Ridley's children were: Louisa M. de R., Mrs. E. W. Boyd, Mrs. R. H. Labatt, Mrs. Baldwin, and Sophia E. D. To Dr. and Mrs. Baldwin were born the following children: Ridley Warren (deceased); Katherine Mary Warren, and Robert Henry Warren.

Dr. Baldwin was a member of the Church of England. In politics he was a Reformer.

RICHARD SUGDEN WILLIAMS, who passed away at his late residence, "Oaklawn," corner of Sherbourne and Wellesley streets, Toronto, Feb. 24, 1906, was one of the city's best known business men and highly esteemed citizens.

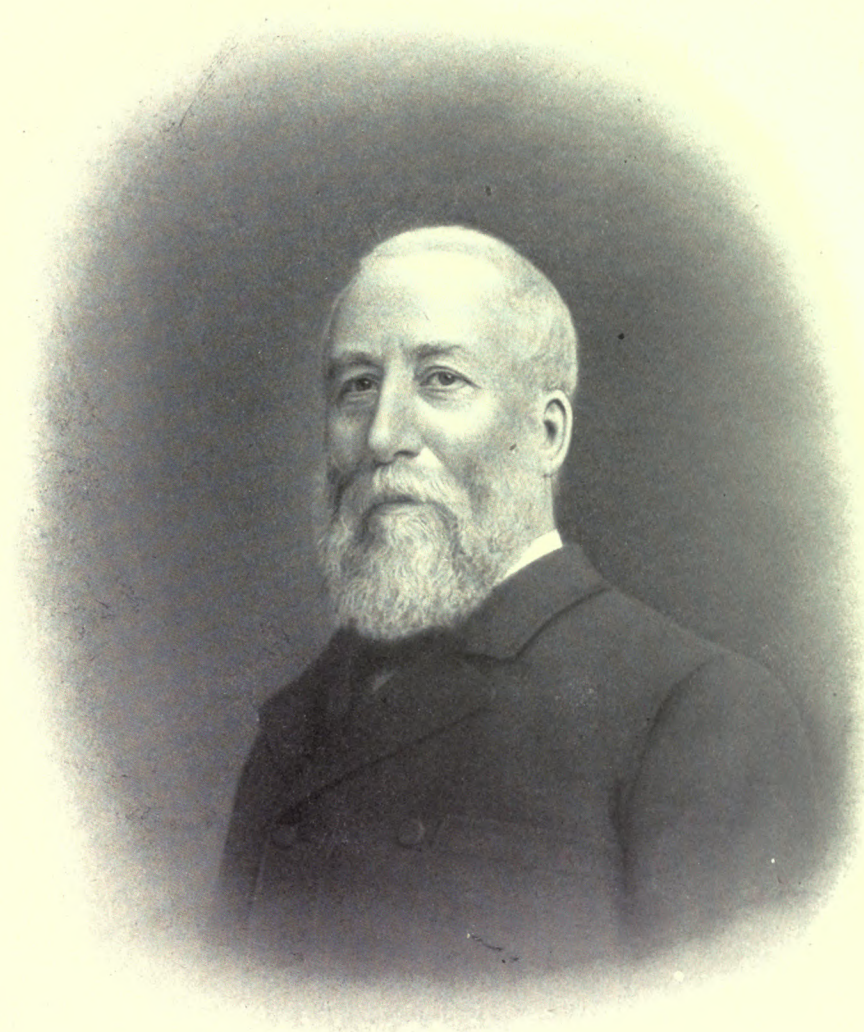
The Williams family is of English extraction, and was founded in Canada in 1838 by Richard Williams, the father of Richard S., who on coming to this country settled at Hamilton, and there lived as a retired gentleman until 1854. He then removed to Toronto, and soon became connected with the Northern railway, at the opening of which he was accidentally killed at Newmarket. He had two sons: Richard Sugden and William Hodgson. W. H. Williams was for some years associated with his brother in the manufacture of organs, but later went to Baltimore, Maryland, where the remainder of his life was spent.

Richard Sugden Williams was born April 12, 1834, on Oxford street, London, England, and was christened in St. Margaret's Church, beside Westminster Abbey. He was but four years old when the family settled in Canada. In 1849, at the age of fifteen years, he began the work in which he won an international reputation. As a lad he showed marked ability in repairing musical instruments, and shortly after the family removed to Toronto, in 1854, he embarked in the manufacture of banjos, mandolins, etc., his first place of business being on Yonge street, above Queen street. From there he removed to the present location, No. 143 Yonge street. In 1879 the firm of R. S. Williams & Son was formed,

Mr. Robert Williams entering the company. From the smaller enterprise the firm entered into the making of the melodeon, later the cabinet organ, and finally the pipe organ and piano. The pipe organ line was found to be not so satisfactory as the cabinet organ and piano, and was soon dropped, the entire energy of the firm being given to the manufacture of the latter instruments until 1890, when the manufacture of guitars, banjos, etc., became a part of the business. For many years Mr. Williams had his factory in Hayter street, Toronto, but in 1889 it was moved to Oshawa. In 1890 the firm of the R. S. Williams and Sons Company, Limited, was incorporated, with a capital of \$500,000, R. S. Williams being president, and Robert Williams vice-president, and in 1902 the business was divided and the Williams Piano Company founded at Oshawa with a capital of \$250,000, while the business at Toronto was continued under the former name. Mr. Williams remained actively identified with the business until 1903, when failing health compelled him to relinquish active duties and place them upon the shoulders of his sons, who had been associated with him at both places named. The extent of this business may be appreciated from the fact that the payroll of the factory at Oshawa amounts to over \$60,000 annually, in addition to that of the commercial salesmen and others connected with the business—in all about two hundred and fifty men. When it is realized that the majority of these two hundred and fifty men are married and have families, it will be seen that fully one thousand people are dependent upon the success of this business for a livelihood. Probably no man is a greater public benefactor, in the true sense of the word, than he who furnishes employment for so many of his fellowmen, and such a man was the late R. S. Williams. Mr. Williams was a member of St. James' Cathedral, and in political matters was a Conservative.

Mrs. Williams, who survives her husband, was Miss Sarah Norris, daughter of Robert and Mary (De Maine) Norris, who came from the United States to Canada in 1852. To Mr. and Mrs. Williams there were born children as follows: Robert, president of the Williams Piano Company at Oshawa, a sketch of whom appears elsewhere in this volume; Richard Sugden, Jr., president of the R. S. Williams & Sons Company, Limited, a sketch of whom is found elsewhere in this work; Annie, the widow of Dr. William Moore, who has one son, William Ellwood Moore, the manager of the Winnipeg (Man.) branch of the R. S. Williams & Sons Company, Limited; and Herbert DeMaine Williams, in the piano business in Ottawa.

Mr. Williams was a man of refined tastes,



R. Williams

enjoying as his recreation his plants and flowers, in his beautiful conservatory. He took frequent trips both on this continent and abroad, in which all the members of his family were participants at one time or other. His later years were spent in contributing to the happiness of others and lending a helping hand to many who were in need. Mr. Williams was an exemplary citizen in every walk of life, and in his death Canada lost a pioneer manufacturer of musical instruments, Toronto one of her successful business men, the Church a consistent member and liberal supporter, and his family a devoted husband and father.

CHRISTIE, BROWN & COMPANY, LIMITED. The buildings occupied by this firm are situated on Duke street, in the City of Toronto, and cover an area of 270 feet frontage, by 130 feet deep. There are five storeys and basement, with a total floor space of 210,000 feet. The number of employees is 525.

The history of the firm is an interesting one. It was originally formed by Mathers & Brown, with Mr. William Christie as assistant baker and travelling salesman. In 1850 Mr. Mathers retired, and Mr. Christie became associated with Mr. Alexander Brown as partner. Three years later the latter retired, but in 1861 he was again back in the business, when the style of the firm became Christie, Brown & Company. In 1878 Mr. Brown finally retired from the firm, Mr. Christie continuing the business under the old firm name until June, 1899, when it was merged into a joint stock company, with a capital of \$500,000. After Mr. William Christie's death, in June, 1900, his son, Mr. Robert J. Christie, became president; R. Harvey, vice-president; and C. E. Edmonds, secretary-treasurer.

The business was originally started on Yonge street. It was removed from there to Francis street in 1871, and from Francis street to the present site at Frederick and Duke streets in 1874. The original building on the present site was 60 x 90 feet. Besides the Toronto factory there are branch warehouses on St. Charles Borromeo street, Montreal, and Dalhousie street, Quebec. There are also agencies in St. John, Halifax, Winnipeg, Victoria, and Vancouver. In all, Christie, Brown & Company, Limited, employ seventeen travellers, who cover the Dominion from one end to the other. The factory is scrupulously clean. The girls employed in packing biscuits are provided at the firm's expense with clean blouses and large white aprons, and the men with white suits and pocket handkerchiefs, while baths of modern style and finish are provided for all.

During the last few years the company has

been paying some attention to the export trade, and it has met with a good deal of success. "Christie's Biscuits" are now to be found in several leading cities of the United States, such as New York, Boston, Chicago, Cleveland and Detroit. Shipments are also made with more or less regularity to South Africa and the British West Indies, while unsolicited business has been received from Cuba, Hayti, India and New Zealand. The firm has export agents in Great Britain, South Africa and the West Indies. They manufacture all kinds of sweetened and unsweetened biscuits, and for the export trade all its biscuits are put up in hermetically sealed tin boxes.

WILLIAM MELLIS CHRISTIE. When the death of the late William Mellis Christie took place on the 14th of June, 1900, a prominent figure in the Toronto commercial and manufacturing world was lost to view, but his memory will linger for many years among numbers of his fellow citizens, whose admiration and respect he had gained in his long, honorable and successful business career. He was born at Huntly, Scotland, Jan. 5, 1829, and after receiving a good education and apprenticeship in that country came to Canada in 1848. He engaged in the baking trade for some years, and finally settled in Toronto, where, in 1849, he entered the employment of Messrs. Mathers & Brown, Biscuit Manufacturers, as assistant and travelling salesman. In 1850 Mr. Mathers retired and Mr. Christie became a partner, with Mr. Alexander Brown. In 1853 Mr. Brown retired, but in 1861 re-entered the business, when the name Christie, Brown & Company was adopted. Mr. Brown retired in 1878, Mr. Christie continuing alone until June 1, 1899, when, the business having expanded to such an extent, it was thought necessary and to the best interests of the concern, to form the same into a limited company. This accordingly was done, and the business was incorporated as "Christie, Brown & Company, Limited," on June 1, 1899, with Mr. William Mellis Christie as the first president. This company is the undoubted leader of the biscuit manufacturing industry in the Dominion, its wares being thoroughly distributed throughout the country from coast to coast. The concern was built up to its present proportions by the efforts of Mr. Christie from a comparatively small beginning, and it has taken the devotion of a lifetime to develop. On June 14, 1899, a few days after the formation of the company, Mr. Christie sailed for Europe for a well-earned rest, and just one year afterward he passed away peacefully at his residence, Queen's Park, Toronto, on the 14th of June, 1900. Practically, his lifetime was exclusively devoted to his own business interests, and

that of the company, with the exception that for several years he was a trustee of the Toronto University, and from the inception of the Toronto Industrial Exhibition almost up to the time of his death, worked hard and continuously to bring it to the position which it now occupies. In politics he was a Liberal. He was a member of the Toronto and National Clubs, and of the St. Andrew's Society. The favorite occupation of his leisure was the reading of high-class literature, old books, and studying the leading scientific, literary and political reviews and periodicals. He surrounded himself with a fine library of books at his residence in Toronto, where he also took great pride in his extensive garden, which he spared no expense to have cultivated to perfection.

On the 25th of March, 18—, William Mellis Christie was married to a Canadian lady, Miss Mary Jane McMullen, and left four children: Robert Jaffray; Mary Jane, married to John J. Palmer, of Toronto; Ann Elizabeth, married to D. S. Barclay, of Toronto; and Fanny Laura, married to T. J. Clark, of Toronto.

Mrs. Christie was born in the County of York in 1831, daughter of James and Jane (Robertson) McMullen, the former born in Ireland, a son of James McMullen, who died in that country. James McMullen married Miss Jane Robertson, and after a residence of several years in Toronto removed to West York, there settling on a farm, where Mr. McMullen remained during the rest of his active life. He passed his latter days in Toronto, where both he and Mrs. McMullen died.

On the death of Mr. Christie, his son, Robert Jaffray Christie, succeeded to the presidency of the firm of Christie, Brown & Company, Limited, and under his efficient management the business is sustaining the high reputation acquired under the direction of his father.

Robert Jaffray Christie was born in Toronto April 5, 1870, and on Feb. 20, 1895, married Miss Emma L. Lee, daughter of J. R. Lee, whose sketch appears elsewhere. To Mr. and Mrs. Christie have been born the following named children: William L., Huntly I., and Katharine.

The late Mr. Christie will long be remembered as a public spirited Torontonians, as well as a generous and charitable citizen.

JEREMIAH CARTY (deceased). Many of the older business men of Toronto will recall pleasant memories of their business relations with the late Jeremiah Carty, who from 1845 until his death, in 1868, was one of the prominent men of the Queen City, both in commercial and municipal life. His birth occurred in 1820 in Dunmanway, County Cork, Ireland. He was

a son of John Carty, who died in Ireland. John Carty's widow, with her two children—Jeremiah and Mrs. Charles Eedy—came to Toronto in 1830, four years before that place became a city.

In the Queen City Jeremiah Carty grew to manhood, and there he spent his entire business life. In 1845 he erected a plant at the corner of George and Queen streets, for the manufacture of soap and candles, and was one of the pioneers in that line in Toronto. In this business he was very successful. He was one of the founders of the Western Canada Loan & Savings Company, and was vice-president of that organization until his death. He served on the council of the city of Toronto as alderman. In politics he was a Conservative, and in fraternal matters a member of the I.O.O.F. In religion he was a Methodist, attending the Richmond street church for many years, and being a member of the board of trustees.

Mr. Carty was married in Toronto to Miss Mary Robinson, daughter of Samuel Robinson, of County Cavan, Ireland. Mrs. Carty died in 1876, leaving two daughters.

DR. GEORGE WILLIAM HALE, for many years one of the leading dental practitioners of Toronto and St. Catharines, Ont., passed away in the former city Jan. 19, 1899. He was one of the first dentists of Toronto, there being but one other dentist in the city when he began practice. This gentleman soon afterward died, leaving Dr. Hale in full possession of the field.

George William Hale was born in London, England, in 1823, son of William and Mary Ann Hale, who came to Toronto in 1836, Mrs. Hale passing away in this city, while her husband went to Albany, New York, where his last days were spent. Dr. Hale came with his parents to Canada, and, as above mentioned, became the second dentist in the city. He continued his profession in Toronto and St. Catharines for many years, and was well and widely known as an efficient practitioner of dental surgery and as a citizen of honor and integrity.

Dr. Hale married Miss Louise E. Williams, who was born in London, England, in 1826, daughter of Henry and Elizabeth Williams, who came to Toronto in 1827, where Mr. Williams followed cabinet-making in his younger days, spending the last twenty years of his life in retirement. Mrs. Hale survived the Doctor until Sept. 23, 1901, when she too passed away. To them were born: Mary Ann, deceased; Louise, who died aged twenty-one years; Agnes, who also died at that age; Annie, the wife of Wiloughby Cowpin, of Dundas; William, deceased; Hannah, who died young; Charles, deceased;

Miss Carol and Miss Harriet, of Toronto; and May, deceased.

Dr. and Mrs. Hale were members of the Methodist Church. In political opinion he was independent.

ROBERT SPOOR BROWN, ex-vice-president of the firm of Brown Brothers, Limited, now living retired at No. 412 Euclid avenue, Toronto, is a member of a family which has long been identified with the Queen City. Mr. Brown was born at Newcastle-upon-Tyne, England, June 8, 1830, son of Thomas and Ann (Spoor) Brown.

In the Royal Grammar School of Newcastle Mr. Brown received his education, and at the age of thirteen years he entered the employ of the Newcastle & North Shields Railway Company, with which he remained until coming to Canada, in the year 1846. The following year he spent in the employ of Thomas Bilton, a tailor of Toronto, and his next position was with Thomas MacLear, a stationer and bookbinder. In 1856 he went to Hamilton and engaged in the book and stationery business until 1859, when he returned to Toronto and became identified with the well-known firm of Brown Brothers. With this house he was actively engaged until 1904, being vice-president of the company for the last ten years of that long period, at the end of which he retired from active work, although he still continues as a member of the company.

On Oct. 1, 1856, Mr. Brown was united in marriage with Miss Mary Porter, who was born at Weston, in the County of York, Oct. 29, 1837, daughter of John D. and Louise (Longstaff) Porter. To this union were born the following named children: Annie L. is the wife of John W. Tonkin, of Toronto Junction; Fred W. is a resident of Weston; Emily Victoria is the wife of W. H. Rowntree, of Emery; Mary E. is unmarried; M. Margaret is Mrs. Joseph Nason, of Weston; Harriet I. is the wife of William E. Ellerby, of Winnipeg; Laura E. is married to James D. Conklin, of Toronto; and Alfred E., of Toronto, married Miss Florence Moss, of Toronto Junction. Mr. Brown and his family are members of the Methodist Church. In political opinion he is a Reformer.

THOMAS MORGAN HARRIS closed his brief but luminous earthly career twelve years ago, but its pervasive influence has not lessened to this day. His work goes on, and his memory is a blessing to all who ever enjoyed association with him.

Mr. Harris was born in 1862 in Beamsville, Ont., and was the youngest son of Alanson Harris, whose family consisted of three children, the others being Rev. Dr. Elmore Harris, of To-

ronto, and Mrs. Popplewell. Thomas M. Harris was a boy when his parents removed to Brantford, and there he received his education in the public and collegiate schools. Though never really robust, he had a rigorous mental and moral makeup, which more than counterbalanced any lack of physical strength, and his ambition early asserted itself. He was always a deep student and an idealist in the lines into which his inclinations led him, but he was no idle dreamer and had no taste for the pleasant paths of leisure which he might have chosen. His school days over, he soon took an active interest in the important manufacturing firm of which his father was the head, Harris, Son & Co., since reorganized as the Massey-Harris Company, of Toronto and Brantford, extensive manufacturers of agricultural implements, one of the leading firms in the Province of Ontario. Having demonstrated his ability he was given responsibilities which he assumed in the earnest manner characteristic of anything he undertook, and in the faithful discharge of his duties developed an efficiency which promised well for a business career. From the organization of the Slingsby Manufacturing Company, of Brantford, about a year before his death, Mr. Harris was a member of its board of directors, and influential in the councils of that body. His business faculties, however, were less the result of commercial instinct than of devotion to duty, and the application of the means at hand to the work in view. It was this practical side of his nature which made him particularly valuable in the work to which his tastes drew him, and to which he intended to devote all his time had he been spared. In fact, although he had made a substantial place for himself in business circles, he was best known as a Christian philanthropist.

The Baptist denomination, and especially the First Baptist Church of Brantford, lost one of its best friends when Mr. Harris died. For thirteen years he had been a member of the First Church, and prominent in its work, having served as clerk, deacon, Bible class teacher and Sunday-school superintendent. He was also at the time of his death a trustee of the Walmer Road Church, of Toronto. He liked church work, especially as it afforded an outlet for his humanitarian and benevolent instincts. His home church and its allied interests ever received the benefit of his best efforts. But he was too thoroughly devoted to the uplifting of humanity in general to confine his work to the opportunities afforded even by that enterprising organization, and every movement in the city which had a philanthropic object was sure of his financial and moral support. He found a

wide field of usefulness in the Young Men's Christian Association, to which he gave liberally of both time and means. He held various offices in the Association, for several years serving as a member of the Brantford branch board of directors, and being a director and vice-president of the General Convention of the Associations. In all its activities he was a leading spirit throughout the period of his connection with the organization, his influence in which was undoubtedly due as much to his personality as to his zeal. As a young man he understood those whom the Association most desires to benefit, and, though he was a thoughtful man, had a genial disposition, which won the ready sympathy as well as the respect of the young men with whom the work brought him into contact. The young people of his church felt his usefulness in the Baptist Young People's Union, of which he served as president; he was vice-president of the Provincial Association. The Neglected Children's Society, the Orphans' Home and the Widows' Home were all objects of his continual solicitude.

Mr. Harris gave two or three hours each day to the study of the Bible, at first because of his interest in the Scriptures, and later with the intention of devoting himself entirely to evangelistic work. He did not mean to enter the ministry formally, but he wished to prepare himself for effective and authoritative speaking at the meetings of a religious character to which he was so frequently called. He was deeply interested in the establishment of the Toronto Bible Training School and was chosen a member of its General Council, but he died before the formal opening of the Home. His thoughtfulness in providing continuous aid for its work is gratefully realized to this day. [His brother, Rev. Elmore Harris, was president of the school, and his father-in-law, Rev. Dr. Stewart, resident instructor.] About a year before his death he arranged for and organized a class for Bible study at Brantford, and he was its recognized leader as long as health permitted. During the last three or four years of his life Mr. Harris had begun to give Gospel addresses in schoolhouses, mission churches, and at other Lord's Day services, as opportunity afforded and his health permitted. For all these he made diligent and prayerful study and preparation. He also spoke on several occasions with much acceptance to very large audiences at meetings of different associations and conventions. "He cultivated his gifts in the prayer meeting, the Young People's Union, and the Young Men's Christian Association meetings, till he became quite effective as a speaker. Some who read this will remember his earnest and spiritual addresses at large gather-

ings in Hamilton, Brantford and Woodstock. He had made a beginning of evangelistic work, and . . . he had the deepest interest in the revival of spiritual life among the churches at home." The writings he left, enough to fill a volume, show clearly the spiritual trend of his nature and his zeal for the spread of the Gospel. In company with some of his friends he maintained an evangelist in Ontario and a missionary in India. The close of his short life was greatly cheered by the assurance that some of his efforts were bearing fruit in the awakening of several with whom he had had daily association.

For two or three years before his death Mr. Harris was afflicted with poor health, and though he took several trips to the South, and made a stay of some length in California, he was not benefited. About two months before his death, on the advice of his physician and intimate friends, he went to New York City to place himself in the care of an eminent specialist, and the first effects of the change were most gratifying. But the improvement was only temporary, and he passed away about midnight between the 30th and 31st of August, 1894, surrounded by his immediate family, as well as his brother. His wife, who had been back and forth between Brantford and New York several times, spent the last few days continuously by his side, and his brother also was unremitting in his attendance. The Rev. Dr. J. L. Campbell, pastor of the Lexington Avenue Baptist Church, of New York, with whom Mr. Harris had formed a warm friendship during his stay in the city, proved himself a friend indeed during those last sad hours, which were nevertheless lightened by Mr. Harris's fortitude and cheerful faith. Though aware that the end was approaching he was calm and without fear, and his last words were: "All things work together——" but he had not the strength to finish the sentence. His only regrets were for the sorrow his taking away would bring to his nearest and dearest. He was only thirty-two, yet he had accomplished more than many a man grown old in good works.

The deepest sympathy for his family was everywhere manifest in Brantford upon the receipt of the sad news. The flags at the Massey-Harris works and on the Y.M.C.A. Building were placed at half mast. The funeral services, held at the First Baptist Church, were so largely attended that the capacity was well taxed to the utmost, in the assemblage being many of the oldest and most prominent citizens of Brantford, and representatives from every Christian denomination in the city. One and all, they were there to show respect to the memory of one of Brantford's most popular young men. The

pall-bearers were Rev. Elmore Harris, Rev. W. G. Wallace, Messrs. Lloyd Harris, Joseph Shuttleworth, Alfred Morgan and C. Cook, all relatives of Mr. Harris, and the numerous floral tokens were borne by the members of his Bible Study Class. At the house prayer was offered by Rev. T. B. Moore, of Toronto. The services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Johnson, pastor of the First Baptist Church, who presided and made an address; Rev. David Hutchinson, of the Park Baptist Church, Brantford, who led in prayer; Rev. W. H. Porter, of Brantford, who made a touching address; and Rev. R. J. Boville, of Hamilton, who made the closing prayer. The remains were then taken to Greenwood Cemetery for interment, Rev. D. M. Mihell, of London, leading the prayer at the grave.

Among the many letters of condolence and resolutions of sympathy received by the family from various sources, were expressions from Rev. J. L. Campbell, D.D., of New York City; the Sunday-school of the First Baptist Church of Brantford; the Baptist Young People's Union of that church; the Class for Bible Study; the Brantford Y.M.C.A.; the Walmer Road Church, Toronto; the Toronto Bible Training School; the Slingsby Manufacturing Company, Brantford; the Brant County W.C.T.U.; the Y.W.C.A., of Brantford; the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y.M.C.A.; the Managers of the Widows' Home, Brantford; the Women's Foreign Missionary Society, of Brantford.

Mr. Harris married Miss Annie Stewart, second daughter of Rev. Dr. Stewart, of Toronto, and two sons were born to them, both of whom survive, making their home with their mother in Toronto.

JOHN O. WOOD, for many years a well-known business man of the Queen City, died in Toronto Aug. 8, 1896. He was born in Fredericton, N.B., Nov. 9, 1841, son of the late Rev. Enoch Wood, D.D., a prominent Methodist divine of Canada, and Caroline M. (Merrett) Wood, of St. John, New Brunswick.

Rev. Enoch Wood was born in Lincolnshire, England, Jan. 12, 1804. He came to New Brunswick, and was for some time pastor of the Centenary Methodist Church of St. John, N.B., after leaving which he became superintendent of Methodist Missions, with his office on Richmond street, Toronto. In this capacity Dr. Wood continued until his death, in January, 1888. On settling in Toronto he built an attractive home on the hill opposite MacKenzie avenue, Davenport road, where his widow continued to reside until her death, in September, 1888. Their children were: Mary B., Eliza, Caroline, Robert

A., Sarah, Amy, Martha, John O., Wilmot A., James Burns and Enoch B.

John O. Wood received his education in Toronto, where with his brother, Robert A., he embarked in the drug business on Yonge street, under the firm name of R. A. Wood & Bro. In this business Mr. Wood continued until the end of his active life, being not only one of Toronto's prominent business men, but a highly esteemed citizen as well.

On June 15, 1863, Mr. Wood married Miss Mary Anna Filer Stroud, adopted daughter of the late Stephen and Sarah (Wilson) Stroud. Her own father, Thomas Filer, died when she was but a child. Her mother was Jane Hill, daughter of William and Abigail (Montgomery) Hill, early settlers of Eglinton, York County. Stephen Stroud was for many years a hotel-keeper near the market, conducting a hostelry from 1848 until his death, in 1887. He was very well known in Toronto, and was highly respected for his many excellent traits of character. His wife died in Toronto in June, 1861. Mr. and Mrs. Stroud had no children of their own, and Mrs. Wood was given a very happy home, receiving all the advantages that could have been given her by her own parents had they lived.

To Mr. and Mrs. Wood were born three sons: John Stroud, in business in Toronto; and Enoch Irving and Arthur Ogden, also in business. In November, 1902, Mrs. Wood sold the farm house and purchased her present residence, at No. 345 Dovereourt road, where she has since made her home. Mr. Wood was a member of the Methodist Church, and in politics was a Reformer. His fraternal connections were with the A. O. U. W. at Toronto.

DR. WILLIAM AUGUSTUS BALDWIN, who departed this life at his home in Deer Park, Toronto, July, 1894, was born in the Queen City in December, 1840, third son of the late William Augustus Baldwin of Mashquoteh and Isabella E. (Buchanan) Baldwin.

In 1883 Dr. William Augustus Baldwin was united in marriage with Miss Ella Winnifred Poston, only daughter of Charles Poston, of Quebec. To this union were born two sons: Charles William Augustus, a lieutenant of the British royal navy; and St. George P., a medical student of Toronto University.

Dr. William Augustus Baldwin was educated at the Upper Canada College, and read medicine in Toronto School of Medicine, from which he was graduated in 1868. He engaged in the practice of his profession for some time in his native county and then located in Prince Albert, from which place he went to Winnipeg. He then went to

Norquay, Man. In 1891 Dr. Baldwin returned to his native city, and died there in 1894. In politics the Doctor was a Conservative, and while in the North-West was for some time president of the Liberal Conservative Club. He was a consistent member of the Church of England. Externally he associated with the I.O.O.F.

THOMAS WALMSLEY, of the firm of Scott & Walmsley, underwriters, at No. 32 Church street, Toronto, is a member of one of the early settled families of the County of York.

The Walmsleys are of English extraction, and for more than three centuries members of the family have resided in Lancashire, England. The first of the family of whom any definite data is at hand was James Walmsley, the grandfather of our subject, whose son, John, the father of Thomas, was the founder of the family in Canada.

John Walmsley was born in Lancashire, England, in 1799, and when quite a young man came to Canada, settling at Niagara-on-the-Lake, where he resided for a short time. He then came to the township of York and settled on Yonge street, in what was then known as Drummondville, now as Deer Park. Here he purchased a large tract of land and engaged in the manufacture of earthenware and in farming on an extensive scale; and to these interests he gave his attention to the end of his business career. He died in September, 1846. He was twice married, and by his second marriage a son and a daughter were born: Thomas; and Elizabeth, now the wife of Mr. William Kirvan.

Thomas Walmsley was born on the site of his present home, "Walmsley Villa," Deer Park, in 1845, and he received his education in Toronto. He early determined to make himself thoroughly acquainted with the insurance business, and went to the office of Alfred DeGrassi, who was then a well-known insurance man. He remained with Mr. DeGrassi a short time, continuing with Hugh Scott, into whose hands Mr. DeGrassi's business had passed, and in 1866 the firm of Scott & Walmsley was formed, which has continued to the present time. The business was founded in 1858 by Mr. Scott, being known as Hugh Scott & Co., then Scott & DeGrassi, and in 1866, Scott & Walmsley, the present firm. From this will be seen that Mr. Walmsley is one of the oldest underwriters doing business in Toronto.

The wife of Mr. Walmsley is a daughter of the late Thomas Taylor, of Toronto. Mr. Walmsley's home, "Walmsley Villa," is on part of the homestead settled by his father in 1822; and he has preserved the old house until this time, and a portion of the farm is still in the posses-

sion of the family. The Walmsleys are Conservatives in politics, and were staunch United Empire Loyalists.

During the Rebellion of 1837-8 in the absence of Mr. John Walmsley, his home was searched for firearms, and practically raided, his men being taken prisoners.

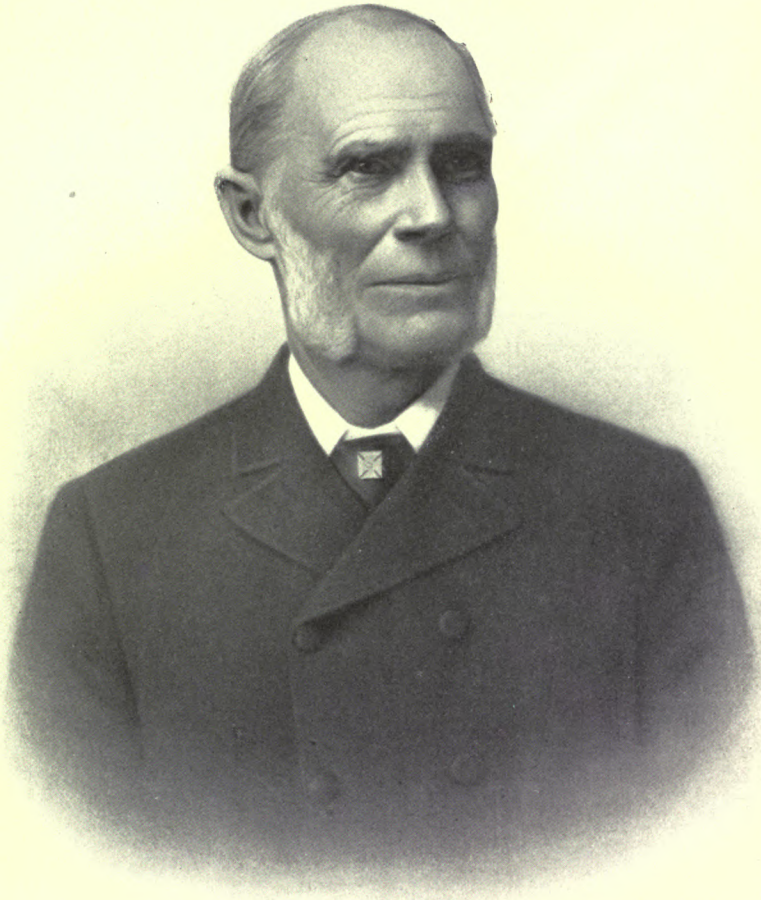
At the time of the Fenian Raid, in the summer of 1866, when the call came for volunteers, Mr. Walmsley, being a member of the Governor-General's Body Guard, went to the front with his regiment under Colonel George T. Denison, for which he has since received a Veteran's Medal.

Mr. Walmsley is vice-president of the Queen City Fire Insurance Company; vice-president of the Hand-in-Hand Insurance Company; manager and treasurer of the Millers' & Manufacturers' Insurance Company; and manager and director of the Fire Insurance Exchange Corporation. All of these companies were founded by the present firm of Scott & Walmsley, and they owe their success in no small measure to the wise management exhibited by Mr. Walmsley and his partner, Mr. Scott. Mr. Walmsley is also interested in some large industrial and financial companies, being a director of the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Company and subsidiary companies; a director of the Imperial Trusts Company; vice-president of the Canada Paint Company, etc.

JAMES FLETCHER, in his lifetime one of the prominent members of the Ontario Bar, was born at Brampton, Ont., in 1849, son of Robert Fletcher, who came from Ireland at an early date, and founded the family in Canada, settling in Brampton.

James Fletcher was educated in his native town, and after completing his literary studies, entered upon the study of law, and was called to the Bar in 1870. Immediately thereafter he entered upon the practice of his profession in Brampton. In 1897 he opened an office in Warton, where he continued to practise successfully until his death in 1900.

In 1875 Mr. Fletcher was married to Miss Rebecca Ida Good, daughter of the late James and Eleanor (Bull) Good. James Good was born in Dublin, Ireland, in 1814, and in 1831 came to Canada, settling in Toronto, where he soon engaged in the foundry business at the corner of Queen and Yonge streets. Here he continued in business until his death in 1882. Mr. Good built the first locomotives ever made in Canada, and among his first made may be mentioned the "Toronto" and the "Lady Elgin." In addition to locomotive building he carried on a general foundry business, and at his death was the old-



P. C. Heinemann

est foundryman in Toronto. He was a member of the Masonic fraternity. In religious views he was a Methodist, and he was a consistent church attendant and liberal supporter of that creed. In politics he was a Reformer, and was at one time a member of the council of Toronto, and one of the Queen City's most prominent business men. In 1840 Mr. Good married Miss Eleanor Bull, born in the County of York in 1820, who died in Toronto in 1894, leaving these children: Mrs. Alexander McDonald, of Toronto; and Mrs. James Fletcher.

Mr. and Mrs. Fletcher had these children: (1) Clarence is at Yokohama, Japan, where he went in 1903 to establish an office for the Sun Insurance Company. The fact that the Company felt that it could intrust its business interests in the hands of so young a man, is the highest commendation he could receive. (2) Alfred Good, equally trustworthy, is connected very prominently with the Metropolitan Bank of Toronto. James Fletcher was a member of the Church of England, and in political principle was a Conservative. His fraternal connections were with the Masons.

THEODORE AUGUST HEINTZMAN. Probably no name is a more universal household word in Canada than that of Heintzman. This is due to the fact that the Heintzman piano is to be found in most of the leading homes in the Dominion. It is also to the credit of Ontario that among her leading business industries is that of Heintzman & Co., Ltd., whose extensive factory is located at Toronto Junction, with warehouse at No. 115 King street west. This extensive business was founded by the late T. A. Heintzman, whose name appears at the opening of this memoir, and who for many years was one of Canada's leading captains of industry.

Mr. Heintzman was of German extraction, and the founder of this family in Canada. In 1831 in his native land Mr. Heintzman began to learn the piano business. In 1848 Mr. Heintzman made the patterns for the first locomotive built in Berlin, Germany, thus showing himself to be of a mechanical turn of mind, having followed the machinist business from 1842 to 1848, when with his father-in-law, Julius Grunow, he engaged in the manufacture of optical goods until 1850, when he emigrated to America, settling in New York. The high esteem in which the late Mr. T. A. Heintzman was held by his many employees is clearly shown in the following article, which appeared in a local paper in connection with the celebration of Mr. Heintzman's eightieth birthday:

"Theodore August Heintzman, founder of the well-known firm of Heintzman & Co., Ltd., piano

manufacturers, was born in Berlin, Prussia, May 19th, 1817, and his eightieth birthday was fittingly celebrated at 'The Birches,' his beautiful home here, May 19th, 1897. The celebration was of a threefold character, the celebrants being the employees of the firm, the Liederkrantz Club and the German Lutheran Church.

"It was the men from the factory who paid their respects first. About 4 o'clock they marched up to 'The Birches' in holiday attire, headed by their band, and pitched their tents on the lawn. For an hour or so the band played, and then the heads of the various departments in the Junction factory, together with William Ray, cashier; W. H. May, accountant; and L. A. Conrad, general agent, of the Toronto offices, ascended the steps of the western verandah and there awaited the appearance of Mr. Heintzman, who was greeted with loud and prolonged applause by the men assembled on the lawn. Mr. Ray then stepped forward, and, addressing Mr. Heintzman, told him that it was with great pleasure that his employees gathered around him on this eightieth anniversary of his natal day. It seemed peculiarly fitting that they should do so at this time, when there was so much friction between capital and labor, because in this case there was nothing but mutual respect and esteem between employer and employees. The speaker did not like to use a stereotyped phrase, but he could not better express the sentiments of all the men than by saying, 'From the bottom of our hearts we wish you many happy returns of the day,' and the loud applause which followed evidenced that the words were full of meaning. He then asked Mr. Heintzman to accept from the men a beautiful solid silver lyre, set on a shield of carved walnut, in the center of which was a wreath of solid gold, designed to hold a portrait of Mr. Heintzman. On the lyre was engraved the following: 'Presented to Theodore A. Heintzman by his employees on the occasion of his eightieth birthday. It is with great pleasure that we, your employees, meet under your roof to tender our congratulations and present to you this tribute of our appreciation of your sterling qualities as an employer. We pray that Almighty God may still add to your length of years.'

"After reading the above inscription Mr. Ray uncovered another handsome gift—an Edison phonograph—with a large and assorted case of tubes. This he also presented on behalf of the men. In conclusion, he proposed that as Bismarck is the grand old man of Germany and Gladstone the grand old man of England, in future Mr. T. A. Heintzman would be the grand old man of Heintzman & Co., Ltd.

"Mr. Heintzman, to whom the gifts of his em-

ployees came as a complete surprise, said that he had not been born to make a speech, though he may have been born to make a piano, but he found words in which to fittingly express his thanks for the kindness of the men. He had looked forward to having his men around him for a few hours on his eightieth birthday, but he had expected to receive no such gifts as those gifts, which he would always prize above everything in the world.

"In the evening the grounds were beautifully illuminated and friends came out from the city in great numbers to pay their respects to the popular octogenarian. Mr. J. G. Strohmeyer, president of the Liederkrantz Club, presented, on behalf of that organization, an address artistically illuminated by Mr. A. H. Howard, bound in the German national colors. There was also an address from the German Lutheran Church, read by the pastor, Rev. O. W. Muller. The proceedings were enlivened with the music of the band, the Toronto Banjo Club, the Liederkrantz Club and Mr. W. E. Ramsay. The festivities were continued until a late hour."

Mr. Heintzman was the architect of his own fortunes. He was one of those men who accomplish much by indomitable energy and perseverance. At the age of fourteen he learned the pianomaking trade in his native country, and in 1850 emigrated to America with his wife and young family. After working a year or two with Luetche & Newton in New York, he went to Buffalo, where he worked for a short time for a pianomaker named Keough. In 1852 he went into business in Buffalo as a member of the firm of Drew, Heintzman & Anowsky. In 1860 he severed his connection with this firm and came to Toronto, where the reputation of his pianos had preceded him. Here he began business in a small way, his little factory being located in York street. Subsequently he moved to Duke street. In 1866 he took as a partner a Mr. Bender, the firm name being then, as now, Heintzman & Co., Ltd. The firm at once moved to more pretentious quarters in King street. In 1868 they built the factory and warerooms adjoining the "Rossin House." In 1875 Mr. Bender retired from the firm and the business continued to grow, finally assuming such proportions that the King street premises were inadequate, and in 1888 the large factory was built in the Junction, where the manufacturing operations have been carried on, the King street establishment being used as warerooms and offices for the distribution of the output. At present the firm employs about 375 men, including factory employees, office hands, and travellers. Mr. Heintzman's three sons, Herman, William F. and George C., are all associated with the

business, and Charles T., whose death occurred in 1897, was also connected with the concern. They all have beautiful homes in the Junction. Mr. Heintzman also had three daughters: Anna L., Mrs. Charles Bender, of Toronto; Elizabeth, Mrs. Charles Swenker, of St. Catharines, Ont.; and Minnie M., Mrs. Archibald Loughry, of London, Ontario. Mrs. T. A. Heintzman was Matilda Louisa Grunow, born in 1820, died in 1889, daughter of Julius and Louisa Grunow, the former of whom died in Connecticut and the latter in Toronto.

Mr. T. A. Heintzman was a truly self-made man, naturally adapted to his vocation, which, coupled with energy and business ability, enabled him to become one of the greatest business men and most successful managers of employees to be found in the Dominion of Canada. It may be truly said of Mr. Heintzman that both the business and the musical world are the better for his long and useful life.

HERMAN HEINTZMAN, vice-president of Heintzman & Co., Ltd., was born at Buffalo, New York, March 23, 1852, son of the late Theodore August Heintzman, whose sketch precedes.

Herman Heintzman came with his father to Toronto in 1860, and received his literary training in private schools of the city, after which he learned the cigar business, which he followed until 1874, when he became bookkeeper for his father, having full charge of the financial part of the constantly increasing business. In 1903, when the business was incorporated, Herman Heintzman was made vice-president of Heintzman & Co., Ltd., which position he has since ably filled. Notwithstanding the fact that Mr. Heintzman's duties as vice-president of the company are arduous he finds time to devote to municipal matters. He served as councilman at Toronto Junction for several years, in which he exercised the same energy exerted in connection with Heintzman & Co., Ltd.

On Aug. 24, 1880, Mr. Heintzman and Miss Lucy A. Spink were united in marriage. Mrs. Heintzman was born at Goole, Yorkshire, England, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Fletcher) Spink, who came to Toronto about 1853, where Mr. Spink followed contracting and building for many years, and where he died in 1903, at the age of eighty-one years. His widow still resides in the city, the mother of the following family: Jennie S., Mrs. William Arthurs, of Toronto; Thomas, of Vancouver; Sally, who died in 1904, wife of James R. Barnhardt; Alice, wife of Clarence Nichols, Reading, Massachusetts; John, of Toronto; Althea, Mrs. Joseph Wright, of Toronto; Mrs. Heintzman; Frank, of Melita, Man.; Jessie, Mrs. S. Carpenter, of St. Thomas, Ontario.

To Mr. and Mrs. Herman Heintzman were born the following children: Gertrude L.; Charles T.; T. Herman; Mildred E.; and Margaret E. Mr. Heintzman is a member of the German Lutheran Church, but with his wife and family attends the English Church. Fraternally he is a member of the A.F. & A.M. Socially he is a member of the National Club, the Lambton Golf and Country Club, the Caledon Mountain Trout Club and the Liederkrantz Society. In politics he casts his ballot with the Conservative party.

REV. THOMAS WILSON PATERSON M.A., rector of Christ Church, Deer Park, Ont., is widely known for the great and good work he has accomplished as a minister of the Gospel, and is a member of one of County York's old and honored pioneer families.

The Paterson family is of Scotch extraction, as may be seen by the spelling of the name. The family was founded in Canada by Peter Paterson, grandfather of our subject, who was born in Scotland, and who came, in 1819, with his sons, David, John and Peter, to Canada. He located in Toronto when that city was known as Little York, and there he engaged in a hardware business on King street east. He died in Toronto in 1846. He married Jean Fraser, by whom he had the following children: John; David, who carried on the business founded by his father; Peter, the father of our subject; Sarah, who married (first) a Maitland and (second) a Lailey.

Peter Paterson, the father of our subject, was born in Blantyre, Scotland, Sept. 13, 1807, and was but a lad of eleven years when brought to Canada by his father. He grew to manhood in Toronto, and became one of the leading merchants of that city, his business being situated on the present site of the "King Edward Hotel." Some time prior to his death, which occurred in 1883, Mr. Paterson retired from the mercantile business and settled near Toronto, on the Kingston Road, and there built a home, "Blantyre," named after his home in Scotland. The place is now occupied by the R. C. Industrial School, which is known as the "Blantyre School." After removing to his rural home, Mr. Paterson, for some time prior to his death, spent his winters in the city of Toronto, and his summers in the country. It was at his winter home in Toronto that he died, in the year above mentioned. Mr. Paterson married Hannah Wilson, daughter of Charles Wilson of Ewthington, County Hereford, born in England, June 18, 1815, and she died in Toronto in 1892. To Peter and Hannah Paterson were born, in addition to three who died young, the following children: Rev. Charles

William, B.C.L., deceased, married Mary Benson, daughter of Senator Benson, of St. Catharines, by whom he had six children, Annie, Edith Hamilton, Lillian, Amy, Susie and Charles Frederiek Wilson; James Frederick, deceased, was a bank manager, and married Isabella Florence McCarthy, daughter of D'Alton McCarthy, of Barrie, and to this union were born, Percival (of Sarnia), Norman (of Toronto), Florence (of Toronto, married William Milliechamp), and Emily (of Toronto, married George E. Gooderham); Elizabeth, of Toronto, married Neil Roger, and has children, Maude McKenzie, Edith, Percy and Neil (deceased); Rev. Thomas Wilson; Mary Louise is a missionary in California; Emily is the wife of Fred Winstanley, of Los Angeles, California; and John Henry, of the Toronto Hardware Manufacturing Company, married Florence, daughter of William Ince.

The Rev. Thomas Wilson Paterson was born in Toronto in 1847. He received his education at the Upper Canada College, and Trinity University, graduating from the latter in 1869 with the degree of B.A. In 1875 he received his M. A., from the same institution. He studied theology in Trinity University and began his work as a clergyman in 1871. After spending a short time in Manvers, Hastings and Bradford, and a year in England, Mr. Paterson settled in 1877 in Deer Park, as rector of Christ Church, in which position he has remained since that time.

In 1891 the Rev. Mr. Paterson and Miss Christiana Mary Porter, daughter of William Porter, of St. Stephen, New Brunswick, were united in marriage, and to this union were born four children, two of whom, both sons, died young. The daughters still survive, namely: Christine Marjorie and Annie Beatrice.

ARTHUR GODFREY MOLSON SPRAGGE, who met his death by drowning in the Columbia river, in June, 1898, was a well-known barrister of Canada. He was born in Quebec in 1848, son of William and Martha (Molson) Spragge.

The Spragge family was founded in Canada by three brothers, William, Joseph and Chancellor John Spragge, who came to this country at an early date. The last named became Chief Justice Spragge, for many years the leading jurist of the Dominion, and Dr. Spragge, of Toronto, is his son. Joseph Spragge left one daughter, who is now the widow of the Rev. Dr. Lett, of Ireland, late rector of St. George's Church, of Toronto.

William Spragge, one of the three brothers, became the father of our subject. He was born in England, and soon after coming to Canada

became superintendent of the Indian offices at Ottawa, a position he held for many years, and died at that place. His widow died at Montreal in 1900. They were the parents of the following children: Arthur G. M.; Mrs. William Barber, of England; Henry, deceased; Charlotte, Mrs. Pierson; Mrs. E. P. Winslow; Charles E.; and Alfred S., who died in 1902.

Arthur G. M. Spragge was educated in Lennoxville, and took a legal course in Ottawa. He was called to the Bar in Toronto, and in that city began his practice in the office of Dr. Hoskin, continuing there until 1880, in which year he went to the North-West Territory, settling in British Columbia, where he continued practice until his death. Mr. Spragge was prominent in Masonic circles, being past master of Ionic Lodge, Toronto, and the founder of Mountain Lodge, in British Columbia.

In 1878 Mr. Spragge married Miss Ellen Elizabeth Cameron, daughter of the late John Hilliard Cameron, for many years leading member of the Ontario Bar. To Mr. and Mrs. Spragge was born one daughter, Florence Elsie. Mr. Spragge was a consistent member of the Church of England. In politics he was a staunch Conservative.

JAMES WILLIAM BRIDGLAND, deceased. The name of the late James W. Bridgland was well known not alone in Toronto but in many parts of the Dominion for his connection with important engineering enterprises, and such was his reputation that his services were demanded by the Canadian government. He was a native of Toronto, born there in 1821, and there his death occurred in October, 1883.

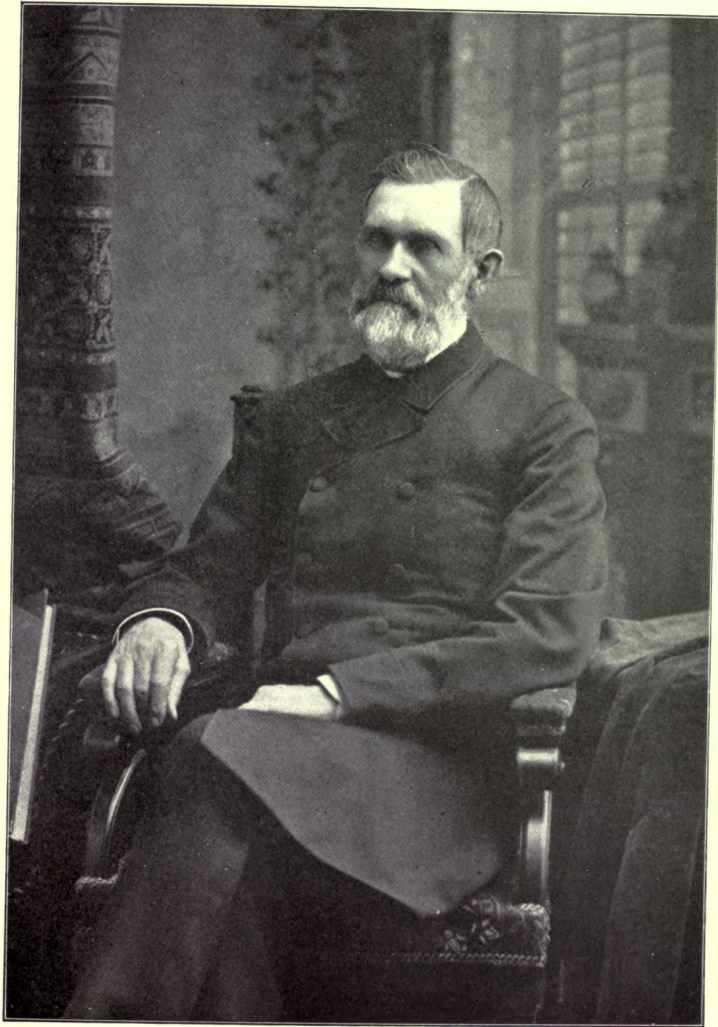
The parents of James W. Bridgland came to Toronto early in the nineteenth century, when the town was still called by its old name, York. The father was for some time connected with the courts there, but his later years were spent on a farm which he owned near Toronto, on the Vaughan Plank Road. He died in the home of a daughter, Mrs. Galbraith. There were six children in the family, namely: Martha, deceased wife of Oliver Brown; Ann, deceased, who married Robert Goulding; Lucy, Mrs. Galbraith; Ellen, Mrs. Bennett; Clark, a farmer in County York; and James W., the only son born after the parents came to Canada.

James W. Bridgland received his education in the public schools of Toronto. On completing the course there, he desired further instruction, and selling a part of some land which he owned he went to Victoria College, Cobourg, where he perfected himself for the profession of a civil engineer. This was his profession nominally throughout his life, but in later years

he went into the Crown Lands Department, first as surveyor and then as inspector of Colonization Roads, in which capacity he served till his death. He laid out the first road between Winnipeg and Fort William, done as a matter of special request from the Dominion government, as Mr. Bridgland was in the regular employ of the Province of Ontario. His skilled work brought him naturally into prominence in his line, and his services were always highly valued. Mr. Bridgland was twice married. His first wife was Miss Marie Dennis, daughter of Col. Dennis. She died leaving one daughter, Maria, now Mrs. John Wilson Lawrence. Mr. Bridgland married (second) Miss Martha Ann Jones, and by this marriage there were four children, viz.: Annie, who married Leland Darling, and became the mother of George, Morris B., Reginald and Eric; Ella, assistant superintendent of the Children's Hospital, Toronto; Josephine, of Toronto; and Millie, Mrs. Robert Walker, residing in the same city. Mr. Bridgland was, like his father before him, a Methodist in his religious belief, and for many years he held official position in the church. He was a Reformer in politics.

Mrs. Martha Ann Bridgland was a daughter of Rev. Richard and Mary Ann (Wright) Jones. The former was born on an island in the St. Lawrence, where his father, Richard Jones, was stationed while serving in the British army. Later the military services of Richard Jones were recognized by the grant of a large tract of land from the government. The boy Richard was educated in Quebec, and became a Methodist minister, beginning his study when eighteen years old. He was located in turn at Hamilton, Stamford, Ottawa, Picton, London, and later at Victoria College, Cobourg. He held there the office of bursar and filled it for some time before his death, which event occurred there in Cobourg. Mrs. Jones was a native of Vermont and a cousin of Col. Robert Ingersoll. Besides Martha Ann, Mrs. Bridgland, Rev. and Mrs. Jones had the following children: Mary Eliza, who married John Lewis, of Belleville; Sarah Ann, Mrs. Dickson, of Toronto; Amelia, Mrs. John McDonald; Elizabeth; Louise, who was a successful teacher in the Normal School, becoming later the second wife of John Lewis; Maria Jean, deceased wife of Dr. Davidson; Catherine, deceased wife of Mr. Sawyer, the musician, and for several years the organist of the Central Methodist Church in Toronto; and Eleanor, who died young.

HART ALMERIN MASSEY, whose death occurred Feb. 20, 1896, at his late residence, No. 515 Jarvis street, Toronto, was one of Can-



H. A. Massey



C. Masses

ada's leading captains of industry, and Massey-Harris Company, Limited, of which he was the honored president, from the time of its formation until his death, is known throughout the civilized world.

The late Mr. Massey was born in Northumberland County, Ont., April 29, 1823. He received his early education in a log-cabin school three miles from his father's farm. Later he went to school for a few years at Watertown, New York, and completed his education at Victoria College, Cobourg. At the age of twenty-one he was placed in charge of his father's extensive farm, serving as school teacher during the winter. In 1851 Mr. Massey removed to Newcastle, Ont., and became superintendent of his father's agricultural implement works, established four years previously. In 1852 he became a partner and general manager of the business at Newcastle, where the first mowing machine manufactured in Canada was produced. He also for many years served the locality in which he lived as a justice of the peace.

In 1855, his father retiring, Mr. H. A. Massey became sole proprietor of the business and under his efficient supervision were produced new and improved machinery that soon made the name of the firm well known throughout Canada. In 1863 he introduced the first self-rake reaper made in Canada. In 1864 Mr. Massey suffered a loss of \$30,000 by a fire. This, however, only seemed to encourage him to even greater energetic action. In 1867 Mr. Massey made a tour of the United States, then went to Paris with a number of machines purchased of him by the French Government. In 1870 the business was incorporated into a company with himself as president and his son, Mr. Charles A. Massey, as manager. Mr. Massey's desire was to place the most modern farm machinery on the market.

In 1879, better facilities being required, the company moved to Toronto. Its capacity was subsequently more than doubled, the business of the Toronto Reaper and Mower Company having been purchased. During the intervening quarter of a century, the business has grown in volume and value until the Massey-Harris machines find a market all over the world, and the firm is without doubt the best known industrial concern in the Dominion of Canada. The up-to-date methods of the company and the excellency of their product is seen in the fact that prizes were awarded them at the Centennial Exhibition in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, 1876, the Antwerp International Exhibition and others of equal merit.

In 1889 Mr. Massey became president of a new organization, known as Sawyer & Massey Com-

pany, Ltd., with headquarters at Hamilton, Ont., manufacturers of threshers and engines, and in 1892 he was made president of the Verity Plow Company, Limited, of Brantford, Ontario.

In 1891 the Massey Manufacturing Company, of Toronto, A. Harris, Son & Co., Limited, of Brantford, and Massey & Company, Ltd., of Winnipeg, were amalgamated under the name of Massey-Harris Company, Limited, with a capital of five millions of dollars. Shortly after the Patterson & Bro. Company, Ltd., of Woodstock, and J. O. Wisner & Co., of Brantford, were also absorbed. From the large proportions attained by the business one would think Mr. Massey's entire time and attention would have been engrossed therewith, but, as the Toronto people well know, he found time to consider philanthropic enterprises, and it is to Mr. Hart A. Massey that the city of Toronto is indebted for the magnificent auditorium, Massey Music Hall, which was erected as a gift to the citizens, and in memory of his son, Charles A. Mr. Massey erected the Fred Victor Mission of Toronto in memory of one of his sons.

Mr. Massey is survived by his wife, Mrs. H. A. Massey, whose maiden name was Eliza Jane Phelps. His children were: Charles A., deceased; Chester D.; Walter E. H., deceased; Fred V., deceased; and Mrs. Lillian Massey Troble.

Of the late Hart A. Massey it may be truthfully said the world is the better for his having lived in it. He passed away in

The holy pride of good intent.

The glory of a life well spent.

CHARLES ALBERT MASSEY. The late Charles Albert Massey was the eldest son of the late Hart A. Massey, the well-known manufacturer and philanthropist, and was born in Haldimand township, near the town of Cobourg, Northumberland County, on Sept. 20, 1848. About three years later his parents removed to Newcastle, Ont., where his father had purchased an interest in the business established by his father, Daniel Massey, Esq., and began the manufacture of agricultural implements. Young Charles received a good school education and all the advantages that devoted parents and good influences could afford. He was a man of business from the beginning. He was not long in his teens when his father placed him in the factory, where by actual experience with the other workmen he might become acquainted with a trade. In 1864 he entered Victoria University, Cobourg, where he was a student for two years. In the fall of 1866 he pursued the course and graduated at the British American Commercial College, Toronto, showing fine business

habits and rapid work. Following this he took the course at the Toronto Military School, which completed his student life.

In 1867, while his father was absent in Europe, the whole business was placed mainly in his charge, though he was not yet nineteen years old. These grave responsibilities were bravely borne, and from this time forward until his death he was an active spirit in the management of the business. In 1870, the health of his father becoming impaired for a while, the business was formed into a joint-stock company, under the name of the Massey Manufacturing Company, Charles being made vice-president and manager, a position he ably and acceptably filled during the remainder of his life.

The rapid development of the business at Newcastle, with the introduction of every appliance and the best machines, and the unparalleled extension of the works on their removal to Toronto in 1879, attest to the energy and skill of Charles A. Massey. He was always deeply interested in the welfare of the workmen under him. They recognized in him one to whom they could go in trouble and find relief, one who would kindly advise—a brother who was always ready to listen to their troubles, and do what he could to help them out of their difficulties. He also kept himself fully informed in all public affairs, and at one time was offered a candidacy for election to the Dominion Parliament, from West Toronto, but his business cares and responsibilities were so heavy that he was obliged to decline. He had always enjoyed remarkably good health until a short time before his last illness. In January, 1884, he was stricken with what appeared at first to be a severe cold, but which quickly developed into typhoid of a virulent form. He died Feb. 12 following, in his thirty-sixth year. The Massey Music Hall, Toronto, was erected by his father in his memory.

Mr. Massey was married on Oct. 12, 1870, to Miss Jessie F. Arnold, of Kalamazoo, Michigan, and had seven children, five of whom survived him, namely: Mrs. E. S. Glasseo, Arthur Lyman, Mrs. W. Howard Chandler, Charles Albert, and Mrs. A. L. Armstrong. His widow is since deceased.

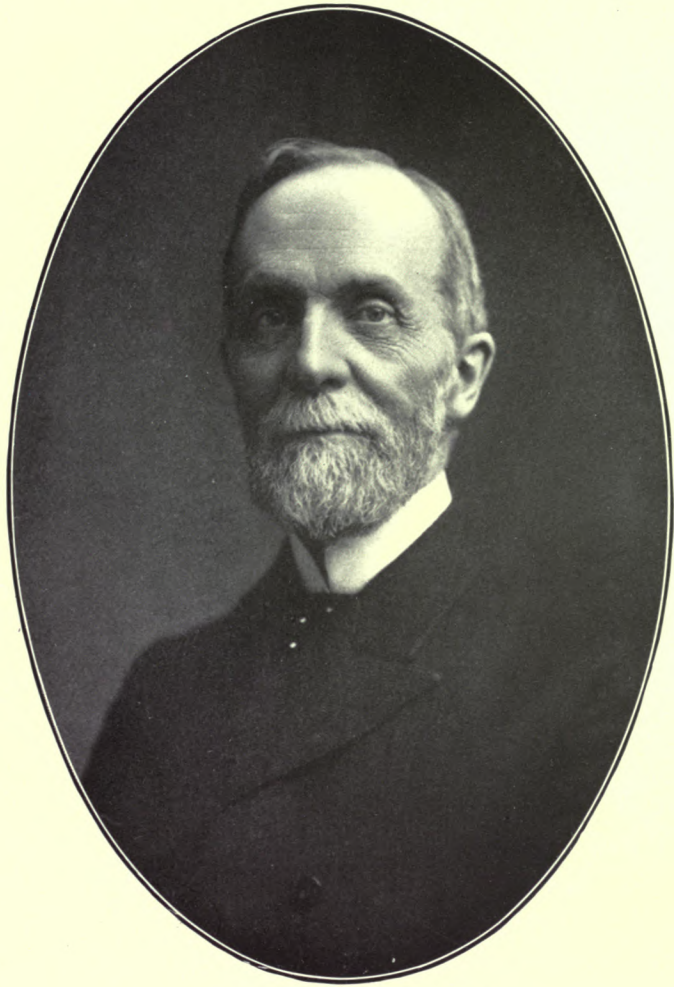
CHESTER DANIEL MASSEY. Few families are better known throughout Canada on account of their vast and wide-spreading business interests, and their kindly interest in and princely contributions towards various philanthropic objects, than that of Massey, the family identified with the great manufacturing corporation, the Massey-Harris Company, Limited. The present head of the family is Mr. Chester Daniel Massey, son of the late Mr. Hart A. Massey, and

grandson of the late Mr. Daniel Massey, the founder of the Massey business. He was born in Haldimand township, in the County of Northumberland, Ont., June 17, 1850, and received his education at the public school. From school he entered his father's implement business, at that time located at Newcastle, Ontario.

In 1871, the late Hart A. Massey and his family having removed to Cleveland, Ohio—but retaining his connection with the business, and leaving his eldest son, Charles A. Massey, in charge as vice-president and general manager, Chester accompanied him there. In 1879 the business of the Massey Manufacturing Company was removed to Toronto, and in 1882 Mr. Hart A. Massey with his family returned to Canada, and settled in Toronto, the great development of the Canadian business rendering his constant personal supervision desirable. In 1891 came the amalgamation of the Massey Manufacturing Company, Toronto, with the A. Harris, Son & Co., Limited, of Brantford, and Massey & Company, Limited, of Winnipeg, into one powerful corporation, called the Massey-Harris Company, Limited, Mr. Hart A. Massey becoming president, and Mr. C. D. Massey treasurer. Mr. Hart A. Massey died in 1896, and was succeeded as president of the company by Mr. W. E. H. Massey, and he dying in 1901, Mr. C. D. Massey was elected president. Mr. Massey's present position with the company is that of honorary president and treasurer. Mr. Massey is president of the Sawyer & Massey Company, Limited, of Hamilton, Ont., manufacturers of threshing machines and engines, and also a director of the following companies: the Central Canada Loan & Savings Company, the National Trust Company, and the City Dairy Company, of Toronto. He is also an executor of his father's estate.

Mr. Massey is an active participant in religious and philanthropic work. He is a devoted member of the Methodist Church, a trustee of the Metropolitan Church, Toronto, a trustee of the Chautauqua Institution, and of the Massey Music Hall and the Fred Victor Mission, Toronto, which two latter buildings were constructed through the munificence of his father. He is also a member of the Board of Regents of Victoria University.

Mr. Massey has been twice married. His first wife was Miss Anna D. Vincent, of Erie, Pennsylvania, to whom he was united on March 17, 1886, and who died in London, England, on Nov. 11, 1903. His second wife was Miss Margaret Phelps, of Gloversville, New York, whom he married on Jan. 3, 1907. The family consists of two sons by the first wife, C. Vincent Massey and Raymond Hart Massey.



C. D. Massey





W. C. Murray

W. E. H. MASSEY, who died Oct. 28, 1901, was one of the most enterprising leaders among the business men of Toronto, and one of her highly esteemed citizens. Mr. Massey's birth occurred April 4, 1864, at Newcastle, Ont., and he was a son of the late Hart A. Massey. As president of the Massey-Harris Company and closely allied with other extensive business concerns he was an important figure in the commercial life of the city and country.

When Mr. Massey was seven years old his parents settled at Cleveland, Ohio, and there he received his early education, which was supplemented by one year at Boston University. Mr. Massey then located in Canada, becoming a member of the well-known Massey-Harris Company, of which he was the president at the time of his death, having succeeded his father in that position. He not only maintained his connection with the Massey-Harris Company, but was also the promulgator of the City Dairy Company, of which he was the first president, holding that office up to the time of his death; he was also a director in the Bank of Commerce, the Carter-Crume Company and the National Trust Company, vice-president of the Insurance Agency Company, of Toronto, director in the Sawyer-Massey Company, of Hamilton, and president of the Verity Plow Company, of Brantford.

On July 11, 1888, in Boston, Massachusetts, Mr. W. E. H. Massey was united in marriage with Miss Susie Denton, who was born at Newton, Massachusetts, and is a member of an old New England family, being a daughter of George T. and Luey A. (Loeke) Denton, and grand-daughter of Jacob and Eliza Denton, all natives of Massachusetts. The Dentons were originally English, but settled in Massachusetts many years ago. After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Massey settled in Toronto, where Mr. Massey spent his business life, and where his widow still resides.

In addition to the different enterprises previously referred to, in which Mr. Massey was interested, should be mentioned his beautiful 250-acre farm, "Dentonia Park," adjacent to Toronto. He took a great interest in thoroughbred stock, especially in Jersey cattle, and in conducting this business was thoroughly scientific. All modern methods were employed on his premises, and his dairy products were absolutely pure.

To Mr. and Mrs. Massey were born children as follows: Ruth Lillian, Madeline, Dorothy and Denton. Mr. Massey was an official member of the Central Methodist Church. He was a thorough business man; a highly esteemed

citizen, a devoted husband and father, and all in all a Christian gentleman.

WILLIAM AUGUSTUS BALDWIN, who departed this life June 14, 1883, at "Mashquoh," Deer Park, Ont., was a native of Toronto, born at the corner of Bay and Wellington streets, in 1808, son of Dr. W. W. Baldwin.

Robert Baldwin, grandfather of W. A., was born Aug. 21, 1741, O.S. He came from Ireland in 1799, and on July 13th of that year settled at Port Patrick, "Annarva," Baldwin's Creek, Clarke township, County of Durham. In December, 1810, he moved to York (now Toronto), where he died Nov. 24, 1816. Robert Baldwin married Barbara Spread, daughter of William Spread, of Forest, in the County of Cork, and by her had sixteen children, nine of whom came to Ontario, namely: William Warren Baldwin; John Spread; Augustus Warren, who lived at Russell Hill; Henry; Barbara; Elizabeth; Alice; Anna Maria; and Mary Warren.

Of this family Dr. William Warren Baldwin, who had come out with his father, settled in Toronto, where he carried on the practice of his profession, and subsequently studied law. He married Margaret Phoebe Willecocks, daughter of William Willecocks, of Cork, and they had the following children: (1) Robert, who married Augusta Elizabeth Sullivan and had these children, Phoebe Maria, William Willecocks, Augusta Elizabeth (widow of Hon. John Ross), and Robert; (2) Augustus William, who died an infant; (3) Henry, who died young; (4) William Augustus; and (5) Quetton St. George, deceased.

William Augustus Baldwin was born in Toronto Sept. 4, 1808. He was educated at Bishop Strachan's School in Toronto, and for a time engaged in business with his brother. For many years prior to his death he lived retired at his beautiful home, "Mashquoh," at Deer Park. Mr. Baldwin was married Sept. 25, 1834, to Miss Isabella Clarke Buchanan, daughter of James Buchanan, Her Majesty's Consul at New York. Their children were: Phoebe Buchanan (deceased), who married George Lefroy, and had the following children, Catharine Isabella (died unmarried), Ernest Baldwin, Harold Baldwin, Benjamin St. George (a barrister of Osgoode Hall), Phoebe Isabella Beatrice, William Baldwin (died an infant), and Augustus George; Henry St. George, who married Amelia Sarah, daughter of William George Pentland, of Quebee, and who has had the following children—Bertram St. George (died unmarried), Harold Augustus and Ethel Isabel; James Buchanan (deceased), who married Elizabeth,

daughter of the Hon. Joseph Curran Morrison, a Justice of the Court of Queen's Bench, and had the following children—Kenneth Joseph Morrison, Florence Emeline (died an infant), Sybil Isabel (died an infant), and James Carlisle Buchanan; William Augustus (deceased), who married Ella Winifred, daughter of Charles Poston, of Quebec, and had the following children—Charles William Augustus, a Lieutenant in the Royal Navy, and St. George Pentland; Robert Russell (deceased), who married Ada Jane, daughter of James Webster, of Guelph; Aemelius, of No. 75 Spadina road, Toronto; Isabella Elizabeth (deceased), who married William Ross Baldwin, of Lismore, County Waterford, Ireland, and had the following children—William Augustus (who died unmarried), Phoebe Isabella Margaret (who married John Hedley), Godfrey St. George, and Wilhelmine Russell.

The mother of the foregoing children died in 1850, and in 1852 Mr. Baldwin married Margaret Fry Macleod, daughter of Capt. Martin Donald Macleod, of the 25th Regiment, K.O.B. Captain Macleod came to Canada in 1845, and took up a farm of 600 acres of land in the "Oak Ridges," where he died. His wife was born in 1828, in Frybrook, Ireland. To William Augustus and Margaret Fry Baldwin the following children were born: Jane Macleod, who married Martin Grahame, of Rome, Georgia, U.S.A., and has had the following seven children, Margaret Baldwin (died an infant), John, William Baldwin, Jane Baldwin, Reginald Kearney, Susannah Otilie (died an infant), and Dorothy Baldwin; Elizabeth Alexandrina Macleod; Anna Maria Macleod, who married Charles Pratt Whelan, who has two children, Charles Robert and Margaret Frances; Martin Donald Macleod, who died unmarried; Lawrence Heyden, a barrister of Toronto, who married Ethel Mary Sylvia, eldest daughter of Edward Martin, of Hamilton, and has six children, Lawrence Counsel Martin, Edith Margaret Sylvia, Ethel Barbara Macleod, Mary Phoebe O'Donnell, Edward William Charles and Robert Richard Archer; Margaret Macleod, who died unmarried; Norman Macleod, who died unmarried; Charles Macleod, of St. Thomas, who married Mary Craven Laycock and has one son, Donald Macleod; and John Macleod, a physician practising in Toronto.

William A. Baldwin was a member of the Church of England, to which all his family belong. His political support was given to the Conservative party when Sir John A. Macdonald was premier.

JOHN YOUNG REID, who passed away at his late residence, No. 87 Pembroke street, To-

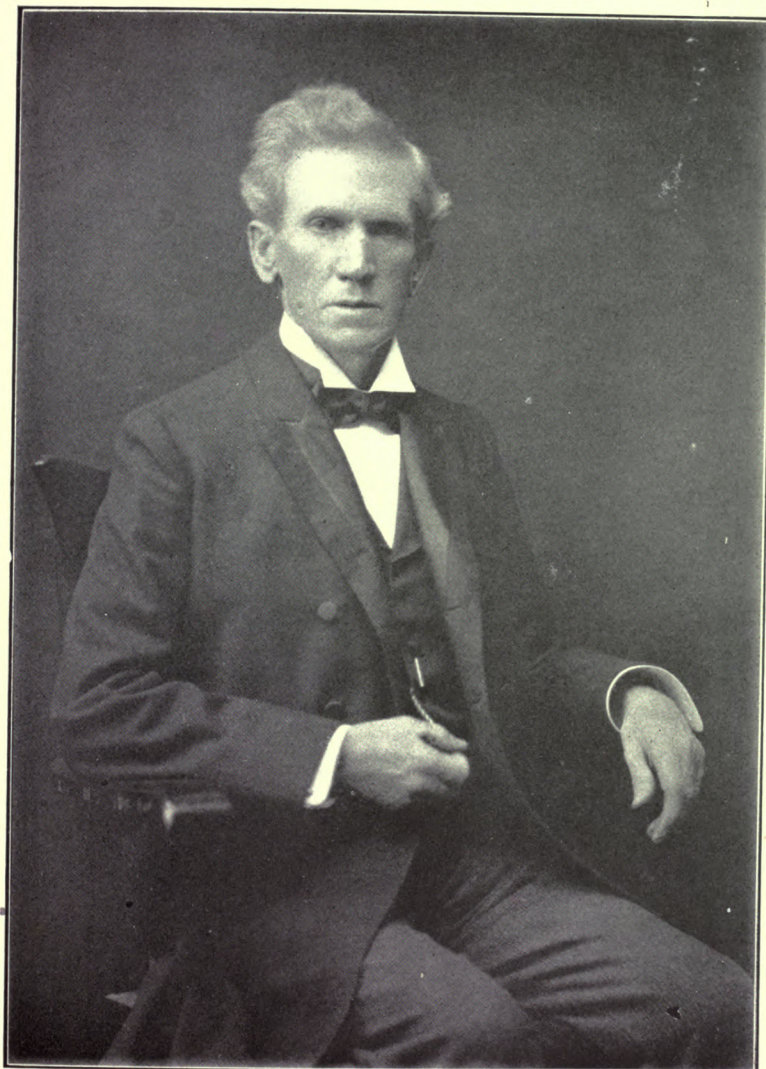
ronto, Jan. 23, 1899, was born in Northumberland, England, of Scotch parentage. His father was Alexander Reid, who soon after the birth of our subject returned to Scotland, where he spent his remaining days.

On reaching young manhood John Young Reid came to Canada, and for a time resided in Hamilton, from which city he removed to Toronto in 1856. Soon thereafter he engaged in the wholesale paper business with Mr. Buntin, under the firm name of Buntin & Reid, continuing as a member of this firm until failing health made it necessary for him to retire from active business. Aside from his connection with the paper business, Mr. Reid was a director in the Globe Printing Company, British America Assurance Company, Canada Landed & National Investment Company, and was identified with other business enterprises of Toronto, as a shareholder therein and a director thereof. He was largely interested in stock raising, being for a number of years associated with the late Hon. George Brown in the well-known Bow Park Farm, and also owned the Hillside Stock Farm, near Paris, Ont. He was well known throughout western Canadian business circles, and was a man held in high esteem by all who were fortunate enough to have made his acquaintance.

Mr. Reid was married in 1869 to Miss Mary Young Butt, of Glasgow, Scotland. Mr. Reid was for many years one of the leading members of St. James' Square Presbyterian Church, in which he was an elder, as well as being treasurer thereof. In politics he was a Reformer, and he took an intelligent interest in the success of the party, although never desiring political office, preferring to devote his time and attention to the business in which he was so successful. Mr. Reid was one of the oldest residents on Pembroke street at the time of his death, in which Toronto lost a useful citizen and an honorable, upright man.

WILLIAM GEORGE HANNAH, LL.B. In the death of William G. Hannah, who departed this life in Toronto, Sept. 24, 1905, the legal profession lost a member who for over forty years had been a brilliant practitioner, and who at the time of his demise was the oldest lawyer in the city.

Charles C. Hannah, father of William G., was a native of Ireland, and in his earlier life saw military service; he was in the battle of Waterloo. On coming to Canada he located in the County of Haldimand and engaged extensively in the lumber business, employing many men and doing a large exporting trade to Buffalo and other points. He and his wife, whose maiden name was Annie Stuart, both died in the County



H. P. Hannah

of Haldimand. They became the parents of six children: Jane, Matilda, Margaret, David, Charles and William George.

William G. Hannah was born in York, County of Haldimand, Dec. 23, 1840. His literary training was obtained entirely under private tutors, among whom may be mentioned Rev. William Hill and Mr. Cameron. When he was ready to take up the study of law, upon which he had decided for his life work, he entered the office of Judge Stevenson, of Cayuga, Haldimand County, but later went from there to the office of Edgar Barker, of Dunnville, where he studied for three years. His preparation completed, Mr. Hannah went to Toronto, passed his examinations for the Bar there, and on Oct. 1, 1865, was made one of the legal fraternity. Forming a partnership with the late Henry Ince, he at once began practising, but before long the association was severed, and Mr. Hannah from that day conducted an office by himself. He became very well-known, and was a prominent member of the Ontario Bar. In 1871 he was appointed notary public and continued as such until his death. Mr. Hannah was one of Toronto's most highly esteemed citizens, and was a man of broad sympathies and interests. While never an active politician he was always a loyal supporter of the Conservative party. In fraternal connection he was a Mason, and in religion he was a devoted member of the Church of England.

In 1886 Mr. Hannah was joined in the bonds of matrimony to Miss Gertrude M. Barker, daughter of the Edgar Barker in whose office Mr. Hannah read law. To this union were born two sons and one daughter, namely: Beverley, a medical student, class of 1909, University of Toronto; George David, who is in the Crown Bank; and Mabel. The family residence, at No. 164 Park Road, was built by Mr. Hannah in 1900.

JOHN STINSON HATTON (deceased), who was for nearly half a century actively engaged in the lumber business, was born in Oakville, Ont., in 1834, son of William and Elizabeth (Stinson) Hatton. The parents were both born in Ireland, and came to Canada about the same time, in 1824, but their marriage did not occur until after their arrival here, in 1826. They settled on a farm at Oakville, which Mr. Hatton carried on until he retired from active business operations and moved to Milton. There he died in 1865, while his wife survived him until 1880. They were members of the Methodist Church, and on political subjects Mr. Hatton held the views of a Liberal. Always interested in military affairs, Mr. Hatton held the rank of captain in the local militia, and in that capacity did active service during the rebellion of 1837-38.

He and his wife had four children, namely: Mary, who died in childhood; Jane, who died in 1863, the wife of James McGuffin; Thomas, who died unmarried; and John Stinson.

John S. Hatton studied first at Oakville and later at Victoria College, Cobourg. After leaving college he was in a mercantile business, in Milton, in partnership with James McGuffin, for a year or two, but in spite of his strong disinclination for agricultural pursuits it seemed best for him to return home and undertake the management of his father's farm, near Hamilton. This he did for a short time, but before long he was able to start in the flour and lumber business in Milton, and thereafter continued in that line. At first only a lumber merchant, he later included the manufacture of lumber also, operating in Milton until 1885, when he moved to Toronto and established himself there permanently, continuing in the active control of his business until his death, which occurred in September, 1904. Mr. Hatton emphatically embodied the modern business spirit, being very energetic and progressive, equally quick to think and act. Identified so long with the lumber trade, he was widely known in a business way all over Canada, and held a very high reputation. He had large interests in his line, his biggest holdings in timber lands being in British Columbia. After his death his son succeeded him in the business.

Twice married, Mr. Hatton's first wife was Mary Elizabeth Anderson, who was born in Flamborough, Ont., in 1844, daughter of Isaac and Elizabeth (Erb) Anderson. She died in 1871, leaving three children, namely: William Henry, a well-known lumber merchant, of Ivy, Ont., and who married Margaret Davidson, and has six children, Gladys, John, Irene, Wilfred, Helen and Bessie; and Annie J. and Agnes E., who reside in Toronto. A fourth child, Frederick, had died in infancy. For his second wife Mr. Hatton married, in 1876, Mrs. Mary Ann (Hatt) Aikman, widow of Samuel Aikman. She survives her husband and with his two daughters resides at No. 10 Sussex avenue. The family attend the Methodist Church, of which the late Mr. Hatton was also a member. In politics he was a Reformer.

Mrs. Hatton, whose maiden name was Mary Ann Hatt, was born at Ancaster, Ont., daughter of Andrew and Barbara (Thorpe) Hatt. The former was a native of Dundas, Ont., and the latter of Ireland. Andrew Hatt was a son of Richard Hatt, the founder of the family in Canada, who was a large land owner in the vicinity of Dundas, where he was a general merchant, and where his death occurred about the end of

the nineteenth century. Andrew Hatt carried on farming at Ancaster, and there both he and his wife died.

ARTHUR C. HENDRICK, M.A., M.B., assistant demonstrator in Physiology, Anatomy and Biology in the Medical Department of the University of Toronto, is of United Empire Loyalist extraction, and a member of a family identified with Canada since 1785.

Members of the Hendrick family, which was of Scotch origin, emigrated from Scotland to the North of Ireland many years ago, and thence to the United States, where the family was founded prior to the outbreak of the American Revolution. About 1785 the widow of Arthur C. Hendrick's great-great-grandfather came with her family to Canada, settling at the Bay of Quinte, where the family received a large grant of land from the Crown, and in that section the family has been an important one to this day. Of the family of pioneers to come to Canada was one James Hendrick, the great-great-grandfather of the Doctor, who spent his entire life in the vicinity of the original settlement. Among his children was one Jacob Hendrick, who also followed farming and milling at the Bay of Quinte. His son, Hiran, who was a well-known lumberman, also spent his life in that section, and there the latter's son, Willmot Hendrick, the father of Arthur C., was born in 1840.

Willmot Hendrick married Janet Gunn, a native of Halifax, and a daughter of Peter A. Gunn, who came to Canada as an officer of the 93rd Highlanders, and was later appointed to Her Majesty's Customs at Kingston, with which he was identified for more than forty years. Mr. Willmot Hendrick has been a lifelong resident of Murray township, County Northumberland, where he has been a justice of the peace for many years as well as a member of the township council. Two sons have been born to him and his wife, namely: Prof. A. W., of Seattle, Washington; and Dr. Arthur C.

Dr. Arthur C. Hendrick was born in 1870, in County Northumberland, and received his literary training in the public schools and the University of Toronto, where he received his classical course leading to the degree of M.A. in 1897. He then entered upon his medical studies, and was graduated from the Medical Department of the University in 1900, with the degree of M.B. Being desirous of putting himself in touch with the leading teachers of Europe as well as those on this side of the Atlantic, Dr. Hendrick spent 1905 in King's College, London, England. In 1901 the Doctor was appointed lecturer in Anatomy, Physiology and Biology in the medical

department of his alma mater, a position he has ably filled to the present time. For some years he has been a member of the Canadian Army Medical Corps.

Dr. Hendrick is a communicant of the Anglican Church. In politics he is a Conservative. His social connections are with the Royal Canadian Yacht Club, Victoria Club, and the Canadian Military Institute.

ALEXANDER BROWN, who died at his home, No. 86 Charles street, Toronto, March 7, 1904, was one of the well-known and highly respected business men of the Queen City. Mr. Brown was born in Berwickshire, Scotland, Feb. 3, 1828, and came of a prominent family who had resided at "Park," Berwickshire, for over 600 years. The parents of Alexander Brown, John and Anna (Bell) Brown, spent their entire lives in Scotland, and there died, leaving these children: Alexander; Margaret, who died unmarried; Mary, deceased, who married James Barrie; William, deceased; Elizabeth, deceased, who married Andrew Murray; and John and David, both deceased.

Alexander Brown grew to manhood in his native land, and in July, 1850, came to Toronto, where he resided for some time, engaged in the bakery business with Alexander Mather. This was the nucleus of the well-known firm of Christie, Brown & Co., Ltd. After his marriage in 1857, Mr. Brown settled in West Zorra, County Oxford, and was auditor and reeve of that township. Mr. Gordon, of West Zorra, has remarked that Mr. Brown was the most capable officer who ever filled the office. He also served as school trustee for some time. In 1869 Mr. Brown came to Toronto to establish the firm of Christie, Brown & Co., and later for ten years (1876-1886) resided in Eglinton, during which time he engaged in the milling business. Returning to Toronto he continued the milling business, and with Mr. Matthew Robbins owned the Citizen Mills. A few months later he purchased Mr. Robbins's interest, and continued the business alone until within a few months before his death. Then the firm was incorporated as the Alexander Brown Milling and Elevator Company, with Mr. Brown as president. Mr. Brown was educated for the law, but never followed that profession. However, he became one of the well-known business men of Toronto, and his friends were limited only by his acquaintance. He was a member of the Toronto Board of Trade.

In 1857 Mr. Brown married Miss Elizabeth Lamb, born in Scotland, daughter of James and Jessie (Cairns) Lamb, who came to Canada in 1839, locating at Galt, where Mr. Lamb engaged

in milling. He removed later to a farm near Orangeville, where he and Mrs. Lamb died. Their children were: Archibald; Mrs. Brown; Mary, the wife of J. T. Walker; Ellen, wife of T. Reid; and John. To Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Brown were born these children: John, engaged in the milling business in Toronto, married Clara Walker, by whom he had four children, Kathleen, Marjorie, Ruth and Dell. Jessie, the wife of Dr. J. F. Bell, has children, Frank and Alexander. Annie, the wife of D. B. Jacques, has two children, Elizabeth and Margaret. James, of Toronto, married Clara Bell, a sister of Dr. Bell, mentioned above, and has children, Douglas and Hilda. William married Mabel Rice, and has two children, Alexia and Ross. Elizabeth is unmarried. Mary Florence is unmarried. Murray married Ethelyn Harrison. Helen Bell married Armour A. Miller, of Toronto. Archibald and Alexandria are unmarried. Mr. Brown was a member of St. James' Square Presbyterian Church, with which Mrs. Brown is connected. In politics he was a Reformer.

GEORGE ELLIOTT, M.D., C.M., physician and surgeon of Toronto, Demonstrator of Anatomy, University of Toronto Medical Department, managing editor of the *Dominion Medical Monthly* and of the *Ontario Medical Journal*, and general secretary of the Canadian Medical Association, is a native of County Wentworth, Ontario.

Dr. Elliott received his literary training in the public schools of his native county, and in Ingersoll, after which he was a teacher in Oxford and Haldimand Counties for a time. In 1891 he entered Trinity Medical College, Toronto, and was graduated in 1895, with the degree of M.D., C.M., from Trinity University. He at once settled in Toronto in the practice of his chosen profession. In 1898 the Doctor was appointed Demonstrator of Anatomy in the Medical Department of the University of Toronto, and since 1903 has been managing editor of the medical journals formerly mentioned. Since 1901 he has been secretary of the Canadian Medical Association.

In 1897 Dr. Elliott married Miss Sophie Gardner, of Toronto, who died Feb. 27, 1907. Fraternaly Dr. Elliott is connected with the Masons, the I.O.F., the C.O.F., and the Royal Arcanum. In his political principle he is a Conservative, and in his religious connection a member of the Anglican Church.

ALEXANDER KIRKWOOD, whose death occurred July 13, 1901, was for forty-seven years connected with the Crown Lands Department of Ontario, and was one of the best-known

and most popular officials of the Ontario government. He was born in Belfast, Ireland, Dec. 17, 1823.

In 1846 a party left Belfast for America, with only the vague idea of taking up agriculture in the neighborhood of Cincinnati, and Mr. Kirkwood attached himself thereto as tutor. But the majority of the party got no further than New York, where Mr. Kirkwood followed his occupation for some time, later, however, turning his attention to agricultural pursuits. He started out from New York and soon found employment in Herkimer County, that State, next trying wheat farming at Geneva, New York. In 1853 he located in Montreal, and for a time worked for Stephen Baker, at Durham Flats. While there he read one day that a Department of Agriculture was to be established by the government, and this seeming to hold out promises of congenial work he hastened to Quebec. Malcolm Cameron was the new minister, and Mr. Kirkwood presented himself to him. He received the promises of employment, but was told to wait, and he resumed farming. While working with Robert Nugent Watts, at Riviere St. Francis, he wrote an article on the drilling of wheat which appeared in the *Montreal Agriculturist*. When Mr. Cameron read the article he at once sent for Mr. Kirkwood, and in a few days the latter had Lord Elgin's commission in his pocket to visit Europe and report upon the growth and management of flax, and to encourage emigration from the continent to Canada. Mr. Kirkwood performed this task most creditably, but on his return to Canada found the government changed and Dr. Ralph minister of agriculture. Consequently he had to make his report to Mr. Cameron as a private individual. Soon afterward he obtained an appointment to the Crown Lands Department, and, although he would have preferred to remain in the Agricultural Department he gave his best energies to the new work, continuing in this department until his retirement in 1900.

Mr. Kirkwood wrote continually for publication, and his writings, under the name "Nephtune," were familiar to the readers of the *Week* and the *Globe*. He interested himself largely in Canadian Fisheries, before the present department was founded with Mr. Bastedo in charge. Mr. Kirkwood and J. J. Murphy, of the Free Grants and Sales Department, jointly published a work on the undeveloped lands of northern Ontario, which was received with much praise and everywhere acknowledged to be a valuable work. Among Mr. Kirkwood's other writings were translations of "The Art of Observing," by Benjamin Corrad, and an account of the forests of Russia and their products in compari-

son with the territorial area and with the population, by P. V. Werikha. This latter work was the means of introducing systematic forestry into Canada. It was through Mr. Kirkwood's instrumentality also that the Algonquin forest and park were set apart as a reservation.

On Oct. 1, 1900, Mr. Kirkwood's failing health compelled him to retire from the department and give himself a rest. For many years he resided at No. 1 St. Thomas street, Toronto.

JOHN S. HART, M.D., of No. 1480 Queen street west, Toronto, is a descendant of a Yorkshire, England, family, which has for many years been identified with central Ontario.

The Hart family was founded in Canada by the grandfather of Dr. Hart. Jeremiah Hart married Hannah Drury, and they were both natives of Yorkshire, whence in 1830 they came to Canada. After a short stop in what is now Toronto, they proceeded to Lake Simcoe, and to the south-eastward, settling on a tract of land in Brock township, County of Ontario, where the rest of their lives was spent. Jeremiah Hart had a fine property, and the ashes of himself and wife rest in a cemetery given by him from his own land to the Methodist Church. Mr. Hart held many municipal positions in Yorkshire, England, and was a man of importance in his day. To him and his wife were born children as follows: Mary; Hannah; John; Jeremiah; Elizabeth; Robert; George; and Sarah, all now deceased. All but Sarah had children, who are now settled in various parts of the country.

John Hart, son of Jeremiah, was born in 1809, in Yorkshire, and accompanied his parents to Canada. In 1844 he married Miss Sabra Way, who was born in Prince Edward County, Ont., of U. E. L. ancestry. She was a daughter of Reuben and Lydia (Gleason) Way, both natives of Canada, the former being a son of Daniel B. Way, of the State of New York. Reuben Way was a farmer and public man and a member of the old Home District Council, the Home District being one of the four original divisions of Upper Canada for municipal purposes.

After his marriage he settled on a farm in Brock township, where they resided until Mr. Way retired from active life. John Hart was a representative man, and was made a member of the reception committee of the county council of Ontario, to meet the then Prince of Wales, now King Edward VII., on the memorable occasion of his visit in 1861. He at that time represented his township (Brock) in the Ontario county council. He was also president for many years of the Brock Agricultural Society. To John and Sabra (Way) Hart were born the following children: Hannah, wife of William Franks,

of Iowa; Nancy, deceased; Reuben, a member of the council of Georgina township, County of York, and now reeve; Lydia, wife of John Corner, of Pefferlaw, Ont.; Sarah, who died unmarried; Robert, who died in 1882, while a student of medicine; Sabra, wife of Joseph B. Hill, of Seabright, Ont.; John S., a practicing physician of Toronto; Eunice; George P., a merchant; and Phebe S., wife of Rev. R. P. Cummings. All of these children were born on the homestead.

Dr. John S. Hart was born in Brock township, Ont., in 1860, and he received his education in the home schools and the Port Perry high school. In 1885 he entered upon the study of medicine, and in October, 1888, he received his degree of M.D. from Victoria University, and in 1889 the degree of M.B. from the University of Toronto. Both before and after graduation Dr. Hart spent some time in the office of the late Dr. W. T. Aikins, after which he settled down to the individual practice of his profession of medicine and surgery, establishing his office in 1890. He is a member of the staff of the Toronto Western Hospital, and of the Home for Incurables, and a member of the council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario.

In 1903 Dr. Hart was united in marriage with Miss Jean Lawson, who is of Scotch descent, but who was born in Hamilton. She is the daughter of William and Jessie K. (Cooper) Lawson. Mrs. Lawson is a writer of international reputation, her writings appearing in periodicals both in Canada and Scotland. She first wrote for "Grip" over the name of "Hugh Airlie." Dr. and Mrs. Hart have one son, John L., born in 1904. They are members of the Methodist Church. Dr. Hart is descended from families who were Reformers on paternal and maternal sides. His father and maternal grandfather were both arrested on account of their known sympathy with the purposes of the "rebel" party in 1837, but were detained only for a day. Dr. Hart is deeply interested in Canadian politics, history and literature, and is a collector of Canadian books, but is not a party politician. He belongs to the Masonic fraternity.

REV. MICHAEL ANDREW FARRAR, whose death occurred in 1876 at Westwood, Ont., was born in Bradford, England, in 1813, son of Squire Farrar, a native of that country.

In his native county Michael Andrew Farrar received his education at Bradford and later was a student at Christ Church, Oxford, after leaving which latter institution he engaged in teaching for some time as a private tutor prior to being ordained as a clergyman in the Church of England. He was head master of the Swansea grammar school. Rev. Mr. Farrar came to Can-

ada in 1862, settling at Westwood, and he was incumbent for Westwood, Hastings and Norwood, filling those important pastorates as rector until his death.

Rev. Mr. Farrar was twice married, the first time to a Miss Benson, by whom he had a daughter, Caroline, who married Henry Perregrine Leader, and whose son, Gen. H. P. Leader, is now a well-known man in military circles. He was brought up by his grandmother, Mrs. Farrar, and educated at Port Hope and the Royal Military College, Kingston. Rev. Mr. Farrar's second wife was Miss Elizabeth Powel, born in 1836, daughter of Rev. Thomas and Charlotte McGregor Powel. Of the children of Thomas and Charlotte Powel John, Flora and Mrs. Farrar came to this country. John Powel resides near Norwood, retired from active business. By his second marriage Rev. Mr. Farrar had one son, Dr. Stewart Farrar, of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, and one daughter, Charlotte Isabel, wife of Thomas Grover, Esq., barrister, Norwood. The latter's son, Percy, is an accountant in the Bank of Commerce, Toronto, and Trevor Grover is in the Bank of Toronto, head office.

In 1904 Mrs. Farrar located in Toronto, and since that time has resided in the home which she purchased at No. 71 Lakeview avenue.

WILLIAM MACLEAN. For nearly half a century the name of William Maclean has been a familiar one in Toronto. He comes of Highland Scotch ancestry, and has inherited many of the sterling qualities characteristic of that race.

Mr. Maclean is a native of Banffshire, Scotland, and was born in 1824. He received a good education, with a legal training, in Keith, his native town, Aberdeen, and Glasgow, and soon thereafter joined the staff of the Aberdeen and Great North of Scotland Railways.

Mr. Maclean's subsequent career in Canada was chiefly the outgrowth of his successful work in Scotland, for it was his record as general auditor of the Great North of Scotland Railway which led the London Board of the Buffalo & Lake Huron Railway Company to select him to look after their interests in Canada. He left Aberdeen in 1856 and was sent out to Canada in that year as secretary and treasurer of that company, and for eleven years he was located at Brantford, the company's headquarters, in the discharge of the various responsibilities of his office, and was soon thereafter appointed managing director. On the amalgamation of the road with the Grand Trunk System, in 1867, Mr. Maclean left Brantford and went to Toronto to assume the position of managing director of the Union Loan & Savings Company, which he held for thirty years, when in 1897 he finally retired.

Subsequently the "Union" and "Building & Loan" united in the formation of the present Toronto Mortgage Company, under its new name. It should be further stated, however, that Mr. Maclean was also connected with and interested in other important corporations and business institutions in Canada, and was largely instrumental in promoting, among others, The Toronto General Trusts Company, of which he was one of the first directors, and was for some years a director and secretary of the International Bridge Company prior to its acquirement by the Grand Trunk.

Mr. Maclean's sons also are well-known as men of superior business ability and standing, several of whom have filled important positions of responsibility and trust, those surviving being Mr. Charles Maclean, F.I.A., of New York City, who has an influential connection and a large and lucrative practice in that city; Mr. Frank W. Maclean, the well-known Toronto barrister, in active practice in that city; and Mr. A. G. Maclean, who holds a position in the Government service.

The beautifully situated residence of Mr. Maclean at No. 249 University avenue has been the family homestead for many years, and while Mr. Maclean is well along in years it is scarcely realized, for his health and activity remain still vigorous and seemingly unimpaired—a pleasant sequel as well as fitting tribute to a useful and honorable career.

Mr. Maclean was twice married. His first wife died in 1894. Subsequently he married Mrs. McLeod, of Quebec, who was well and favorably known in that city some years ago.

SERGEANT JOHN E. EDWARDS, a Royal Engineer in Her Majesty's Service, and for many years a manufacturer of leather novelties at Brantford, County York, died at his home March 7, 1900. He was born in Edinborough, Kent, England, in 1836, son of George Edwards, who was head gardener for Bishop Gilbert, of Chichester, Sussex, England. George Edwards's wife died in England, and he came to New York State, settling with his sons at Brooklyn, but later made his way to Canada, dying at the home of his son, James, in 1895. Of the sons of George Edwards, James and John E. came to Canada; Albert, Charles and Henry reside in Brooklyn, New York; Joseph resides in England; and William, George and Jacob died in England.

John E. Edwards was a Royal Engineer in Her Majesty's Service for twenty one years, and was stationed at Cape Town, South Africa, for some years. He there married Elizabeth Jane Slade, who was born in Sussex, England, daughter of William and Jane Slade. After five years in

Cape Town, Mr. and Mrs. Edwards returned to Chatham, Kent, England, and after some time there Mr. Edwards was commissioned to go to Ireland for two years. In 1875, while in the Government service, Mr. Edwards came to Canada as an engineer on the boundary survey, and was discharged in Quebec two years later. Then he located on Yonge street, Toronto, in the leather business, after some time coming to Bracondale, erecting a factory which was destroyed by fire in 1899. He then put up the present brick factory. After Mr. Edwards' death, in 1900, his sons became his successors, under the firm name of J. E. Edwards & Sons, and they are among the leading fancy leather and harness goods dealers in this section of the country, their product finding a ready market all over the Dominion. In politics Mr. Edwards was a Conservative, and during his residence in Bracondale he served as deputy postmaster under Mr. Turner. He was reared in the faith of the Church of England.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwards had children as follows: Alice, born at Cape Town, Africa, married N. Keel, of Toronto Junction, and to them was born one daughter, Alice. Elizabeth, born in Cape Town, Africa, married Abraham Ball, a merchant on College street, and has children: Albert, Mabel, Lilly, Claude, Irene and Grace. John, born in Cape Town, was reared in Toronto, where he married Miss Lillie Tooze, and they reside on Bathurst street, Bracondale; they have five children: Florence, Elsie, Allen, Frank and Harold. William, born in Kent, England, married Miss Elizabeth A. Cursley, and resides near the factory in Bracondale; he has two children, William H. and Esther. James, born in Ireland, grew up at the home in Toronto, married Miss Edith Dickinson, a native of England, and resides on Christie street, Bracondale, where he owns a fine home. Charles, born in Chatham, Kent, England, married Miss Lucy Flight, daughter of Captain Flight, of Toronto, and resides on Christie street, Bracondale; they have two children, Margaret and Edith. Emily, born in Toronto, was educated in the public and high schools of the Queen City, and resides at the home with her mother. Mary, born in Toronto, married Olander Dunsford, and resides in Bracondale.

Mr. Edwards was a member of the Army and Navy Club. He was very highly esteemed in Bracondale as a man of honesty and integrity, and his memory will be long cherished by a host of friends and acquaintances.

JOHN CHRISTOPHER NOTMAN, who died in Toronto May 2, 1890, was one of the well-known men of that city, having been in the pub-

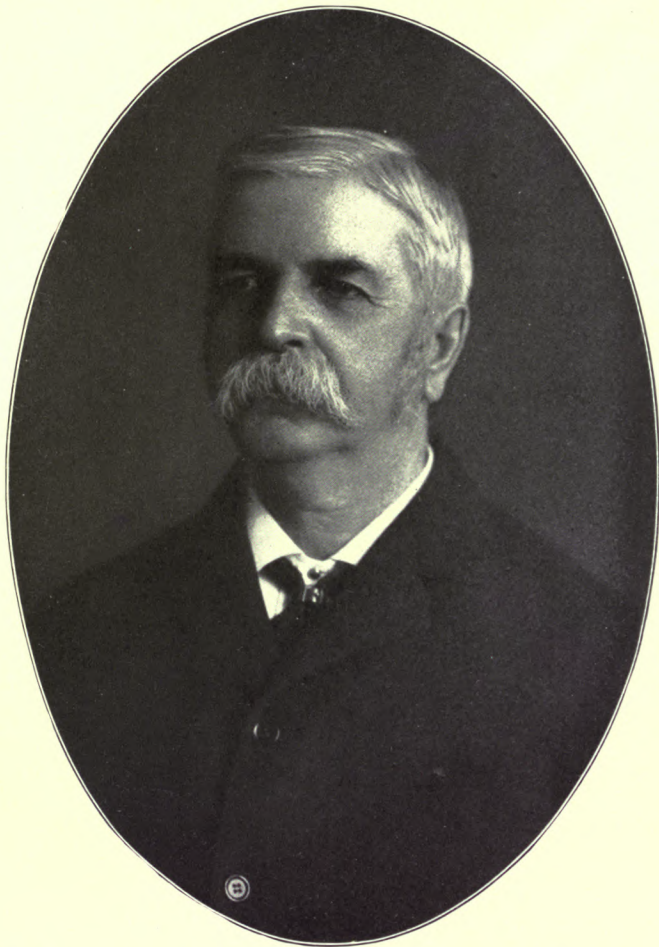
lic service for more than forty years. He was born in Montrose, Scotland, in 1829, son of John and Margaret (Howden) Notman, natives of Scotland, who came to Canada in 1849, locating at the village of St. George. There John Notman died, and his widow passed away in Toronto, at the home of her son, John Christopher Notman.

John Christopher Notman was educated in Edinburgh, Scotland. On coming to this country he located first in Toronto, where for some time he was bookkeeper for J. B. Smith. From this position Mr. Notman changed to become bookkeeper for the "Kerby House," in Brantford, and in about 1850 he entered the employ of the Government at Toronto, on its transfer to Quebec, making his home there, to continue in his work. From Quebec Mr. Notman went to Ottawa in connection with government work, later returning to Toronto, where he was accountant to the Legislative Assembly, and later became the Queen's printer, which position he held at the time of his death. His cleverness and ready adaptability to the position he filled made Mr. Notman a favorite with all, and none knew him but to honor and respect him.

Mr. Notman was married in 1860 to Eliza Jane Frazer, daughter of James and Julia (Hines) Frazer, the former of whom was born in Ireland in 1788 and died in 1860. Mrs. Frazer died in 1889, aged ninety-seven years. Their children were: Thomas, William, George, James, Sarah, Amelia, Margaret, Clarissa, Eliza Jane and Julia. Mrs. Notman was born at St. George village. She now resides in Toronto with her daughter, Clarra Etta. Her other children are: Florence Maggie, married Dr. John A. Tuck, of Toronto, and they have two sons, Wilfred Percival and Christopher Notman Tuck; Christopher R. Notman is in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. Muriel L. is the wife of A. John McKay, of Toronto. In religion Mr. Notman was a Presbyterian.

Mr. Notman made a specialty of minerals, relics and coins, and had one of the finest collections of the kind in Canada. The Agricultural College at Guelph purchased the minerals and sold the balance of his collection. He had a museum of his own in the Parliament Buildings. To show how much the Government appreciated Mr. Notman's collection, it is only necessary to say that it was given room in the Parliament Buildings.

WILLIAM CARTER HEGGIE, M.D., of No. 116 Dovercourt road, Toronto, is a member of a family of professional men, his father, Dr. David Heggie, being one of the oldest medical practitioners in Ontario. The Heggie family came originally from Switzerland, but it can be traced



Samuel Clark

to France, and thence, in the persons of Huguenot refugees, to Scotland and still later to Canada.

David Heggie, the Doctor's grandfather, was a lifelong resident of Scotland, and died there. His father was a member of the Fifeshire Volunteers. His son David, the eminent physician and surgeon of Ontario, and the father of Dr. William C. Heggie, was born in 1837, in Scotland, and was thoroughly educated at Edinburgh. For some years subsequently he taught school in his native land, but finally came to Canada. Here he taught school and also studied medicine, graduating at Queen's University in 1866 with the degree of M.D. Shortly afterward he settled at Brampton, where he has continued as a general practitioner and has acquired a large degree of eminence. He is particularly well known as a lover and student of Carlyle, his book, "How I Read Carlyle's French Revolution," being one of the finest works on Carlyle literature.

Dr. David Heggie was united in marriage with Miss Mary Carter, who was born in Brampton, daughter of William and Sarah (Elliott) Carter. William Carter was born in England, coming to Canada with his parents when four years old. His wife was a native of Canada, and a daughter of the late John Elliott, one of the early settlers at Brampton—almost the founder of that place, to which he gave its name, in memory of Brampton, England, his old home. William Carter was also an early settler at Brampton, where he owned valuable farm property, on which both he and his wife died. Both lines of our subject's ancestry, it will thus be seen, have been closely identified with Dominion interests for a long period.

The children of Dr. David Heggie and his wife were: Dr. William Carter, of Toronto; Dr. David Livingston, of Brampton; Robert Elliott, a barrister at Brampton; Dr. Norman McLeod, of Jacksonville, Florida, who received his medical training at Baltimore, Maryland; and Isabella, wife of Christopher Irvine, of Brampton.

William Carter Heggie was born in 1866 at Brampton, Ont., where he received his literary training. In 1882 he entered the Toronto Medical School, and was graduated in 1886, with the degree of M.D.C.M. After graduating there, Dr. Heggie went to Ann Arbor, Michigan, where he continued his studies in the University of Michigan, and there it was that he came under the instruction of Dr. Donald McLean, Professor of Surgery in that institution. While at Ann Arbor Dr. Heggie was invited to Detroit to become assistant to Dr. McLean, and thus he enjoyed a training in surgery under this noted man of science, the benefits of which can scarcely be overestimated. He remained with Dr. McLean

about a year, when he contracted typhoid fever, making it necessary for him to give up his medical work for a time. He recuperated in the South, and when he resumed practice it was at Malton, Ont., where he remained for three years. He then removed to Detroit, where he practised until 1898. In the latter year he settled at Toronto, where he has built up a very large practice as physician and surgeon, and is an esteemed and valued citizen from every point of view.

In 1897 Dr. Heggie was united in marriage with Miss Gertrude Lizzie MacAffree, who was born at Newport, Rhode Island, a daughter of David and Mary (Hopkins) MacAffree. The mother of Mrs. Heggie belongs to an old and distinguished family of Rhode Island, her great-grandfather having been one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence, whose descendants in the States have reason to be proud of the distinction.

DANIEL CLARK, M.D., physician, lecturer, author and for thirty years superintendent of the Toronto Asylum, is a leading member of the medical profession in Ontario, and a recognized authority on mental diseases. He was born in Scotland in 1831.

Alexander Clark, the Doctor's father, was born in Scotland in 1806, and his wife, who was Miss Annie McIntosh, a native of the same country, was born in 1808. The family came to Canada in 1841, and settled on a farm near Port Dover, where Mr. Clark continued in agricultural pursuits till his death in 1872. After that event his widow made her home with Dr. Clark, and died in Toronto in 1898, at the advanced age of eighty-nine. Mr. Clark was a Reformer, and both he and his wife belonged to the Presbyterian Church. They were the parents of three living children, viz.: Dr. Daniel; Annie, wife of Robert Porteous, of Simeoe; and John Alexander, of the County of Norfolk.

Dr. Daniel Clark received his literary education in Canada. At the age of eighteen he went to the gold fields of California, but after two years' experience there he returned to Canada, and, deciding upon the practice of medicine as his profession, he entered Victoria Medical College, taking his degree of M.D. in 1858. In 1892 he received the degree of M.D. from the University of Toronto. Dr. Clark then went abroad and spent some years in the hospitals of London, Edinburgh and Paris, thus acquiring a varied experience and putting himself in practical touch with the best medical thought of the day.

Upon his return to Canada Dr. Clark established himself at Princeton, County of Oxford, but in 1864 he went to the United States and became an army surgeon for the remainder of

the great Civil War then pending in that country. During this time he met personally President Lincoln, General Grant, and others who were leaders of that day. From a professional point of view, this period offered more varied surgical experience than he could otherwise have obtained, and was of great benefit to him. He came back to Canada and resumed his former practice until 1875, when he was appointed to the position with which his name will always be chiefly associated.

From 1875 till 1905 Dr. Clark was superintendent of the Toronto Asylum for the Insane, and during that long period of service more than 5,600 patients passed under his charge, more than 2,000 of them fully recovering. Dr. Clark is an authority on the treatment of insanity, and is the author of the text-book on that subject used in the University of Toronto, and by the College of Physicians and Surgeons, besides being a contributor to various medical journals; and he has written a number of monographs on medical subjects. His "Pen Autographs" ran through two editions, as did also his novel, "Josiah Garth." For fifteen years he lectured on insanity at the University, and was at one time examiner of students for the Medical Council, also for the University of Toronto, and is an ex-president of the American Psychological Association, and in June, 1906, he was made an honorary member thereof. This association is composed of superintendents and assistant superintendents of the asylums of Canada and the United States. He was a member and president of the medical council, and also of the Ontario Medical Association. Dr. Clark is likewise an honorary member of the Canadian Press Association, and in connection with his brother-in-law established the *Princeton Review*, and later the *Woodstock Review*, a Reform sheet, which they afterward sold to the late Mr. Patullo, M.P.P. Dr. Clark's opinions are everywhere held in much respect, and he has long been an influential factor in the medical thought of Canada. He is a Reformer in politics, and belongs to the St. Andrew's and the Caledonian Societies, of both of which he has been chosen president. He is now at a ripe old age, retired from active practice.

In 1859 Dr. Clark was married to Miss Jeannie Gissing, who was born in Princeton, County of Oxford, daughter of Alfred Gissing, an early settler in that section. Mrs. Clark died in 1898. She bore her husband three children, but all are deceased. Both Dr. Clark and his wife united many years ago with the Presbyterian Church. Since resigning his position as superintendent, Dr. Clark has resided at No. 375 Huron street, Toronto.

RICHARD S. WILLIAMS, president of the R. S. Williams & Sons Company, Limited, manufacturers of and dealers in musical instruments, No. 143 Yonge street, Toronto, was born in the Queen City March 17, 1874, son of the late Richard Sugden Williams, a business man of international reputation, a record of whom appears elsewhere in this volume.

Richard S. Williams was educated in the Wellesley street public school and at the Collegiate Institute on Jarvis street. From an early age he showed marked ability in the business, visiting the office, factory and warerooms after school hours, and at the age of fifteen years started out in the city one morning to interview some prospective purchasers of pianos. In this, his maiden effort as a salesman, he was successful, returning with the order of two ladies, sisters, for a piano. On finishing his collegiate course Mr. Williams entered his father's business, and has been identified therewith to the present time. In 1890, on the formation of the R. S. Williams & Sons Company, Limited, he became vice-president, and in 1906, on the death of his father, was made president.

One room of the spacious buildings of the company, at No. 143 Yonge street, is devoted largely to the exhibiting of antique musical instruments. On the walls among these instruments are diplomas received by the company showing the high standing taken by the instruments, one of which (dated 1861) is from the Mechanics' Institute, and another (in the same year) for the finest collection of musical instruments; still another, dated 1863, being from the Agricultural Association, for a brass drum. In this room one has a chance to study the style and finish of primitive instruments, among them being a cello made by the great-grandfather of Mrs. Williams in 1803, in the Isle of Wight, and a violin case of the eighteenth century weighing thirty-five pounds. This collection of antique instruments is the finest on the American continent. This firm are the only makers of small instruments in Canada, manufacturing any instrument from a jewsharp to a pipe organ. In visiting the warerooms of the company one is impressed with the distribution system and arrangement of the different lines of instruments. One floor of the great building is given to violins, and in 1905 27,000 of these went out of this department. On another floor are the brass instruments, and on another the phonographs, etc. Another interesting department, especially to the musician, is that in which is kept the collection of the finest violins, not for the general trade, but for those who know a fine instrument when they play it, and at the same time are able to own one worth thousands of dollars. Mr. Williams, the president, is always early

at the office and warerooms, and takes great pleasure in showing visitors through the various departments and explaining all points of interest connected therewith.

On March 31, 1887, Mr. Williams was married to Miss Alma Coleman, a skilled musician, daughter of Charles Coleman, at one time leader of the Philharmonic Society of Toronto. To Mr. and Mrs. Williams have been born three children: Irma D., born in 1896; Madeline, born in 1900; and Annette, born in 1905. Mr. and Mrs. Williams are members of the English Church. In politics he is a Conservative, and he is connected with the Canada Bowling Club, the River Beach Athletic Association, and the Beach Sailing Association.

MAJOR J. K. LESLIE, treasurer of the Industrial Exhibition Association of Toronto, and an ex-alderman, is a native of the Queen City, and a son of George and Caroline (Davis) Leslie. The grandmother of our subject married John Leslie, and their children were: William (deceased) was a farmer; John (deceased) was a farmer; George (deceased) was proprietor of the well-known Toronto Nurseries; Robert was a contractor and house builder; and Eliza (deceased) was married to William Phillips, of Orangeville (deceased). By a second marriage to John Leslie, a cousin of her first husband, the grandmother had these children: Willie (deceased) was a farmer; James (deceased) was a farmer; and Geordie, a merchant, was in the Civil War in the United States, 1861-65, and is now a resident of the Union.

Of the above mentioned children, George Leslie was the father of Major Leslie. He was born at Rogart, Sutherlandshire, Scotland, in 1805, and in his native country followed gardening. On settling in Toronto he continued gardening for many years, and many of the beautiful shade trees of the city were planted by him. Mr. Leslie later settled on a farm in Derry West, and went into the grain, seed and grocery business at the corner of Yonge and Colborne streets. In 1837 he went into the nursery business at Russell Abby Square, south-east corner of King and Caroline (now Sherbourne) streets, and carried on that business until his death, which occurred in Toronto June 24, 1892. In Mr. Leslie's store on Front street were exhibited the first gas lights ever installed in Toronto. He was a magistrate for many years, and also served as an alderman, and he was a member of the old Volunteer Fire Department during the rebellion of 1837. In religion he was a Presbyterian; in his political sympathies a Reformer. In 1835 Mr. Leslie married Caroline Davis, daughter of Calvin Davis, an early settler of Toronto, and

she died in 1851, leaving children as follows: George, of Toronto; Major J. K.; Caroline Jane, the wife of Robert C. Jennings, manager of the Bank of Commerce at Toronto Junction; and Esther Ann, wife of Alexander McDonald Allan, of Goderich.

Major John Knox Leslie was born in 1848. He was educated in his native city, completing his studies at the Model Grammar School. For two years he was in the exchange office of E. Chaffey & Co., and then engaged with the Canada Permanent Building & Loan Society. For three years he was with the Royal Canadian Bank at Whitby. Returning to Toronto in 1869, he was until 1881 in the nursery business with his father, in that year being appointed clerk of the township of York, a position he held until 1888. In 1890 he was elected an alderman of Toronto, serving nine years, two years of which time he was on the board of control. Major Leslie was one of the original directors of the Excelsior Life Insurance Company. He was a director of the Industrial Exhibition Association, 1893-1903; in March, 1904, he was made cashier, and in June, 1906, treasurer of the association.

On Dec. 25, 1889, Major Leslie married Miss Blanche Eleanor Anderson, daughter of the late Thomas W. Anderson, of Eglinton, whose sketch appears elsewhere. They have had one child, Dorothy, born Sept. 15, 1895. Major and Mrs. Leslie are members of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, Toronto. In politics he is a prominent Liberal, and in 1892, on the death of Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, contested the East York Riding for Parliament against Mr. McLean, the Government supporter, but was defeated by a small majority.

Major Leslie is very prominent in military affairs, his record being as follows: He joined the Highland Company of the Q. O. R., and subsequently was a member of No. 4 Company of that regiment, until he left the city. On his return he joined the 12th Regiment, "York Rangers," serving through the Northwest (Riel) rebellion, 1885, as First Lieutenant in the York and Simcoe contingent. He was Captain of No. 3 Company of the 12th for nearly ten years, was Junior Major for five years, and is now Senior Major of the regiment.

He is a past master of Orient Lodge, No. 339, A. F. & A. M., G.R.C., and a past Z of Orient Chapter, No. 79, G.R.C.

GEORGE ALLAN ARTHURS (deceased). Among the families long and prominently identified with the County of York and the business interests of Toronto are the Arthurs and the Austins, of which families the late George Allan

Arthurs and his widow, Annie Jane (Austin) Arthurs, have been worthy representatives.

The Arthurs family is of Irish extraction, and was founded in Canada by William H. Arthurs, the father of George Allan. He was born in Ireland and came to Canada in an early day, being among the earliest settlers of Toronto, coming hither from the United States. The Arthurs of Toronto are related to the late Chester A. Arthur, who became president of the United States on Sept. 20, 1881, upon the death of President Garfield, and served the remainder of the presidential term until March 4, 1885. On coming to Toronto, William H. Arthurs opened a general store, and he continued to make Toronto his home until his death. His wife, who bore the maiden name of Helen Watson, became the mother of the following children: Helen, who married John Leys, and left two children, William (deceased), and Helen (of Toronto); John, deceased; Col. William, deceased; and George Allan.

George Allan Arthurs was born in Toronto in December, 1835, and received his education at the Upper Canada College. His business life was begun with the firm of Howland & Fitch, with whom he remained for some time, and then he engaged with a Mr. Hutchinson, a wholesale merchant, with whom he remained a number of years. Having become well versed in the wholesale grocery business with these gentlemen, Mr. Arthurs, in company with Mr. John Boyd, formed the firm of Boyd & Arthurs, and engaged in business. On the dissolution of this firm Mr. Arthurs formed a partnership with the late John Smith, and carried on a wholesale grocery business on Wellington street east, continuing in this connection until his retirement from business in 1876.

In 1863 Mr. Arthurs and Miss Annie Jane Austin were united in marriage. Mrs. Arthurs was a daughter of the late James and Susan (Bright) Austin, pioneer settlers of Little York, now Toronto. To Mr. and Mrs. Arthurs were born three daughters, as follows: Ada, who married Victor Cawthra, of Toronto, and has one daughter, Victoria Isobel Mirille; Helen Elma, who is deceased; and Margaret Georgina, who married Sidney A. C. Green, deceased, and has one daughter, Doris Margaret. Mr. Arthurs was a consistent member of the old Knox Presbyterian Church, while Mrs. Arthurs is a member of the Anglican Church. Fraternally, Mr. Arthurs was connected with the Masonic order.

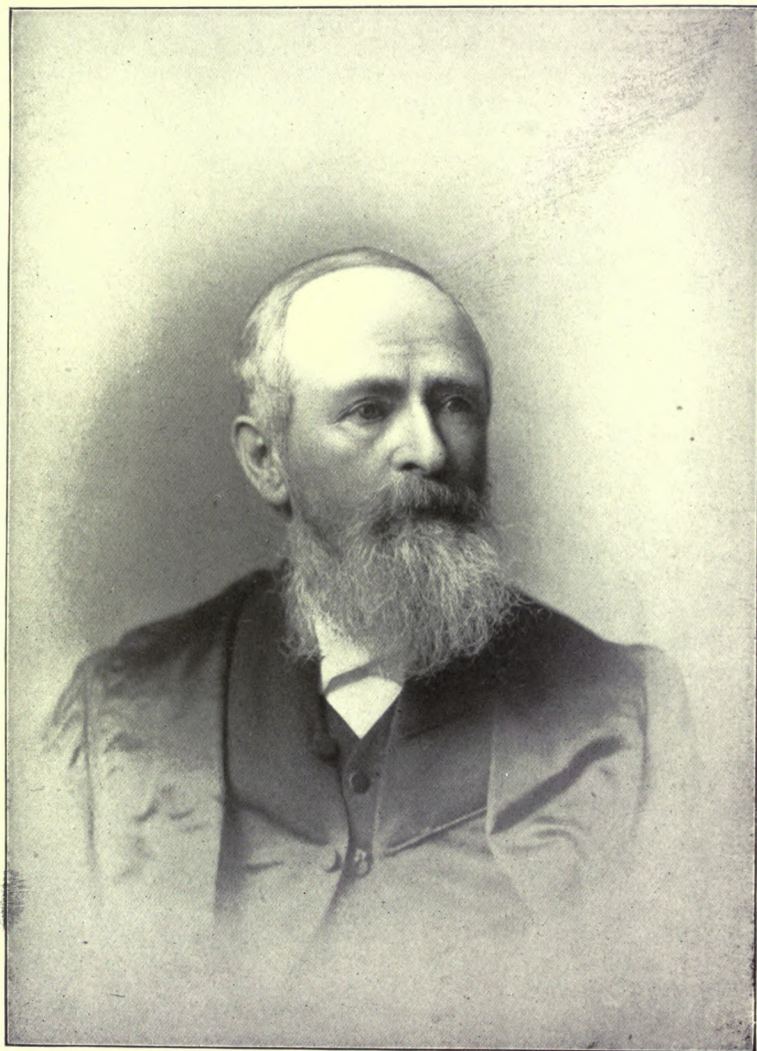
AUSTIN. The Austin family is also of Irish extraction, and was founded in Canada by John Austin, the father of James Austin, and grandfather of Mrs. Arthurs. John Austin came to Canada in 1828, and settled about twenty-two

miles from Toronto, where he took up a tract of land, and here he and his wife spent the remainder of their lives. Their family, all of whom were born in Ireland, were: John, Mary, William, Thomas, and James. It is with James Austin's business career that we are especially interested. He was born in Ireland in 1814, and was but a lad of sixteen years when his parents settled in the forests of Ontario. Here he grew to manhood, and at the same time laid the foundation for a progressive business life. He was partly educated in Ireland, and when quite young engaged as a clerk with William Lyon Mackenzie in the printing business. During this time Mr. Austin attended evening school in Toronto, and thereby acquired a liberal education, which, with his large amount of natural ability, made him one of the leaders in financial circles of his day in Canada.

Mr. Austin began business on his own account in company with the late Patrick Foy, under the firm name of Foy & Austin, wholesale and retail grocers. Later he entered into finance, so continuing until his death in 1897. With the late Hon. John Ross, he was the founder of the Dominion Bank, and it was he who conceived and was instrumental in putting into effect the city Branch Banking System of Canada. Besides these interests, he was president of the Consumers' Gas Company, North of Scotland Canadian Mortgage Company, Queen City Fire Insurance Company, and for many years was identified with many other business interests of the city. In 1865 Mr. Austin purchased a beautiful tract of land on the north side of Davenport road, which is known as the "Spadina Property." Here he built his home, and also the one now owned by his daughter, Mrs. Arthurs. On the death of Mr. Austin, the property was divided between Mrs. Arthurs and her brother, Albert William, he taking the family homestead, which is still known as the "Spadina Property." The Arthurs place is known as "Ravenswood," and is one of the most beautiful spots in Ontario, overlooking, as it does, the city of Toronto and Lake Ontario, and in a clear atmosphere may be seen the spray that rises from Niagara Falls.

In 1844 Mr. Austin was united in marriage with Miss Susan Bright, who was born in Toronto in May, 1817, and died Feb. 21, 1907. She was a daughter of William Bright, a pioneer of Toronto, a record of whose family will be found elsewhere. To Mr. and Mrs. James Austin were born five children, three sons and two daughters, as follows: Annie Jane, who married George Allan Arthurs; Margaret Louise, who married Col. William Joice, of England, by whom she had one son, Charles Albert (deceased); Charles George, who died when fourteen





Mr. LaBeon

years old; James Henry, whose death occurred in 1894; and Albert William, the present resident of the old homestead, who married Mary R. Kerr, and has had six children: May (deceased); James Percival, Adele Mary, Albert Edison, Anne Kathleen, and Constance Margaret.

M. B. JACKSON has for nearly forty-three years been clerk of the Crown and Pleas at Osgoode Hall, Toronto. During this time the entire personnel of Osgoode Hall has changed, Mr. Jackson being the only man now found on duty at this seat of legal talent and learning who was there in 1864. He was born in County Wexford, Ireland, in 1831, son of Benjamin and Anne (Tuthill) Jackson.

About 1831 Benjamin Jackson came to Canada, locating in Brantford, and in 1836 his family joined him. From Brantford Mr. Jackson removed to Sydenham, County of Peel, and then to Toronto, where he died in 1852, at the age of sixty years. His widow passed away two years later, in her sixty-second year, and they are both buried in St. James' cemetery. Benjamin Jackson served as an officer during the Rebellion of 1837-8. Of his children, but two, M. B. and Mrs. J. B. McKay, are living.

M. B. Jackson was educated in Brantford and at The Toronto Academy, Toronto, and after leaving the latter read law with the late Hon. Stephen Richard. He was called to the Bar in 1855, and at once went into a partnership with his former preceptor, which continued until March 23, 1864, when Mr. Jackson was appointed clerk of the Crown and Pleas by the Hon. John Sandfield Macdonald, a position he has ably filled to the present time, a period of nearly forty-three years.

In 1868 Mr. Jackson and Miss Claire E. Cull were united in marriage. Mrs. Jackson was born in Toronto, a daughter of John A. Cull, an early settler of that city. To this union have been born: Misses Nora and Rosalie, of Toronto; M. B., of Toronto, a member of the class of 1906, of McGill University, where he took the British Association medal; Philip T., B.Sc., McGill University, class of 1904, in which institution he was demonstrator in 1904 and 1905; Misses Lucie and Gladys. Mr. and Mrs. Jackson are members of the Church of England. Mr. Jackson is a member of the Law Society of Toronto.

The offices now occupied by Mr. Jackson are those in which he first took up the duties of his position. Since assuming those duties in 1864 up to the winter of 1906-7, he was detained from his office by sickness for only a period of three weeks—a very remarkable record. His whole life has been given unreservedly to his profession, and he is one of the most highly esteemed gen-

tlemen of the Queen City. Although past his three score years and ten, he is enjoying the best of health, and is sound in body and mind.

STUART SCOTT, M.D., a leading physician of Newmarket, York County, who has held various positions of trust and responsibility in this locality, and who has been for twenty-two years coroner of York County, was born in Northumberland County, Ont., Feb. 26, 1860, son of Joseph S. and Mary (Irish) Scott, natives of that county, the former born in July, 1829, and the latter April 1, 1832.

Mary (Irish) Scott was the daughter of Peter and Elizabeth (Stanton) Irish, the former, who was born in 1801, coming to Canada when a boy. He was an orphan, and made the trip to this country alone when he was eleven years old. The Stantons were Scotch. Joseph Scott, the Doctor's father, was the son of Reuben and Mary (Keeler) Scott, natives of Massachusetts, who came to Northumberland County at an early day. Reuben Scott was a millwright, and also engaged in sawmilling, and he and his wife died at Colborne, that county. They were Methodists in religious belief, and were the parents of these children: Reuben, James, Joseph, Mary, wife of one Abbott; Jane, wife of a Mr. Jones, of Pennsylvania.

Dr. Joseph S. Scott, father of our subject, studied medicine at the Queen's College, Kingston, and settled at Gananoque, where he practiced his profession until his death, Feb. 4, 1876. He married in April, 1855, Mary Irish, who died in 1888. She was well educated, and for a number of years was a teacher in the public schools, as well as a music teacher and artist. They were Methodists in religion. In politics Dr. Joseph S. Scott was a staunch Reformer. Their only child was Dr. Stuart, our subject.

Dr. Stuart Scott was educated in the public and high schools of Gananoque, and the Model school, and afterward engaged in teaching for three years. At the end of that time he entered Trinity University, Toronto, from which he was graduated in 1885. He located at Lloydstown, York County, where he practised medicine four years. In 1889 the Doctor located in Newmarket, where he has followed the practice of his profession to the present time, being very successful. The Doctor is a skilled physician, and has the confidence and esteem of the entire community.

Dr. Scott was married Feb. 24, 1886, to Miss Lizzie Dunn, born in Northumberland County, daughter of Jonathan and Lydia Dunn, a Quaker family of that county. Mrs. Scott was educated in the schools of Trenton, and later graduated from the Pickering College. Mrs. Scott's

parents had these children: Lizzie, Mrs. Scott; Lelia, deceased; Mattie, deceased; Audra, wife of Perry S. Corl, of Riverside, Cal.; Alexander, a farmer of Northumberland County; Lloyd, a druggist, of Montreal.

Dr. and Mrs. Scott have one son, Douglas, born at Lloydtown, Jan. 22, 1888, who is now a student in the high school of Newmarket. The Doctor and his wife are members of the Methodist Church. In political principles Dr. Scott is a Reformer, and he has been a member of the school board for eighteen years, and has served as coroner of York County for the past twenty-two years.

COL. RICHARD TYRWHITT, M.P., whose death June 22, 1900, brought to a close a long and honorable political career, covering over eighteen years, during that period of service to his country, made a record for loyal, disinterested and statesmanlike conduct of affairs, that reflected credit both upon himself and his constituency. Of a family early identified with Western Ontario, he was born in County Simcoe, Ont., Nov. 28, 1844, son of William and Elizabeth (Armstrong) Tyrwhitt.

William Tyrwhitt came from Shropshire, England, in 1836, and chose County Simcoe as his place of abode, and there he married. There were four children, namely: Richard, John and William Henry, all now deceased; and Margaret Elizabeth, Mrs. Thomas Graham, of London, England.

Col. Richard Tyrwhitt was given a sound preparatory training in the Barrie high school, and then was sent to France to complete his education at Dinan. When he returned to Canada he made farming his nominal vocation, and settled on a fine place in County Simcoe, but his attention was by no means confined to agricultural pursuits. An adherent of the Conservative party, he soon began to manifest an active interest in political matters, and became in time a man of marked influence in his section of the Province. In 1882 he was elected a representative in the Dominion Parliament, from South Simcoe, and served that constituency continuously from that time until his death, eighteen years later, a record which showed indisputably the estimation in which his political talents and services were held by those whom he represented. The influence of Colonel Tyrwhitt was no less felt in the military circles than in the political, and he had seen actual service in both the Fenian Raid and the Northwest rebellion. In 1887 he was sent to England in command of the Wembleton team, and again in 1897, on the occasion of the Jubilee, to celebrate the sixtieth anniversary of Queen Victoria's reign, he com-

manded a part of the Canadian military contingent. He was colonel of the 36th Peel battalion.

On April 26, 1870, Colonel Tyrwhitt was married to Miss Emma Whitaker, a lady of English birth, and daughter of the late Ven. Archdeacon Whitaker. The latter came to Toronto in 1851, to assume the duties of Provost of Trinity College, and remained in that capacity until 1881, a period of thirty years. He then returned to England, and there died the following year. His wife survived until 1898, and during that time remained in England. Of their family, two daughters live in Canada, Mrs. Tyrwhitt and Mrs. H. Leonix, of Barrie, whose husband succeeded Col. Tyrwhitt as the member of Parliament from South Simcoe; two daughters live in England; one in California; and a son, Rev. George H. Whitaker, lives in England. The union of Colonel and Mrs. Tyrwhitt was blessed with the following children: Alice, Mrs. Arthur Nicol, who has two children, Kenneth and Ronald; Elizabeth; Charlotte; Arundel; Dorothy; George Herbert; Richard, deceased, who married Miss Mildred Graham, and was employed in the Marine and Fisheries department at Ottawa; Henry Percy, also deceased; and Raymond. A loyal son of the Church of England, Col. Tyrwhitt always took great interest in church work, and materially assisted in building and repairing many churches in his riding. He laid the corner-stone of Christ Church, Tottenham, in November, 1886, and the corner-stone of St. George's Church, Allandale, Sept. 22, 1892. He was asked to lay the corner-stone of Trinity Church, Bradford, when it was rebuilt after the fire in 1900, but was unable to do so. A window in memory of him was placed in this church by the officers and members of his regiment, and a bell was also presented to it by the Conservative Association of South Simcoe in his memory. He was affiliated with two fraternal orders, the Orange Lodge and the Sons of England, having an influential voice in the affairs of each. His death at his home in County Simcoe in 1900 deprived the county of an able servant and valuable citizen, whose loss was deeply felt in both private and public circles.

ARCHIBALD YOUNG, who died in Toronto in October, 1889, was born in Lanark township, in the County of Perth, in 1832, eldest son of Archibald Young (2) and grandson of Archibald Young.

The Young family, which counts Crusaders and Covenanters among its ancestry, is of Scottish extraction, and was founded in Canada in 1820 by Archibald Young. He settled in Lanark township, County Perth, later removing to County Lambton, where he died in 1871. His

son, Archibald Young (2), the father of the subject of this sketch, was born in Scotland, and was but a lad of fourteen when his parents came to Canada. His business life began in Lanark, and was continued from 1839 to 1872 in Sarnia, where for many years he was a general merchant and mill-owner; he was one of the early wardens of the county. Later he went to Manitoba, where he died in 1881. His wife was Helen Harvie, also a native of Scotland, and their children besides Archibald were: Jane, wife of William B. Clark, eldest son of the seigneur of Berthier; Mary, wife of the Rev. William Blain, Presbyterian minister; Helen, who first married H. F. Mackenzie, M.P., and subsequently William Roy; Agnes, wife of the late Charles Mackenzie, M.P.P.; Peter, postmaster of Lockport, Man.; William, town clerk of Selkirk, Man.; and David, medical superintendent of the Asylum for the Insane, Selkirk, Manitoba.

Archibald Young, eldest son of Archibald (2), was educated in Sarnia, and there engaged in mercantile pursuits, in which he continued for many years, the larger part of his business life being spent in that place. In 1877 he removed to Toronto, where his death occurred, after he had actively interested himself in matters pertaining to Manitoba, especially in the Great Northwest Central Railway.

In 1857 Archibald Young married Miss Annie Wilson, second daughter of Joseph and Hannah (Harding) Wilson, both of whom were born in 1802. Joseph Wilson was a native of Guysborough, England, and in 1830 settled in Canada, where he engaged extensively in cabinet-making, at the corner of Yonge and Temperance streets. Later he went to County Lambton, where he bought land and became factor to Mr. L. Talfourd, dying in 1865. He and his wife were originally members of St. James' parish, but became Methodists. In politics he was a strong Conservative. To Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Wilson were born the following children: Robert, now of Saginaw, Michigan; Charles Harding, deceased; Mary Catherine, widow of Ebenezer P. Watson, of Sarnia; Annie, Mrs. Young; and Emily, widow of John R. Major, of Rock Island, Illinois.

Mrs. Young was born in 1834, and is now living at No. 524 Euclid avenue, Toronto. To her and her husband the following children were born: Mary Helen, Jane Harvie, Prof. Archibald Hope, of Trinity College; Dr. Wilson Yates, of Toronto; Henry Bruce, Annie Hester, Florence Emily, and Agnes Mackenzie.

Mr. Young was a member of the Presbyterian Church, upon whose services he was a consistent attendant. In political opinion he was a Reformer, furthering with his father, who re-

fused to stand himself, the candidature of the Hon. George Brown against the Hon. Malcolm Cameron, and, on Mr. Brown's withdrawal from Lambton, that of the Hon. A. Mackenzie.

TREVOR R. OWEN, a gentleman living retired at No. 8 Cawthra Square, Toronto, in his earlier life an officer in the British army, was born in 1847 in South Wales. Mr. Owen and all his family are members of the Church of England. In politics he takes an independent stand.

THOMAS PETER PEARCE, who departed this life July 14, 1894, at Santa Barbara, California, was born at Norwood, Ont., in 1843, son of Peter Pearce, who came from England to Canada, settling near Norwood. Thomas Peter Pearce was educated at Norwood. He began business on his own account at Marmora, where he engaged in the lumber and flour-milling business, in which he was very successful. He continued in this line, conducting his interests personally, until obliged by failing health to seek rest, and in 1892 he moved from Belleville, where he had lived for several years, and settled in Toronto. Thence he went to California, believing that a change of climate would better his health, and it was while there that he passed away.

Mr. Pearce was very prominent in politics, as a member of the Conservative party, was a member of the county council of County Hastings, and warden of that county for many years. The Conservative party urged Mr. Pearce to accept Parliamentary honors, but his poor health caused him to decline the offer. He was interested in various business enterprises, at one time owning the Cobourg, Peterboro & Harwood Railroad, and was a stockholder in the Mail Printing Company, of Toronto. He was a man of reliability and influence, and enjoyed the esteem of all who knew him.

In 1869 Mr. Pearce married Miss Margaret Campion, daughter of the late Col. William Campion, who came from England to Canada and located at Lily Creek, where he died. Col. William Campion was for many years an agriculturist, and owned a fine farm near Marmora, upon which he died. Mrs. Pearce was born at Lily Creek. She now resides at No. 14 Prince Arthur avenue, Toronto, in the home purchased by Mr. Pearce shortly before his death. To Mr. and Mrs. Pearce were born children as follows: William, of Toronto; Frank S., who with his brother, Henry R., is conducting the business founded by their father at Marmora; Mary A., and Ada H.

Mr. Pearce was very prominent in Masonic circles. He was an adherent of the Methodist

Church, Mrs. Pearce being a member of the Church of England.

JOHN TAYLOR GILMOUR, M.D., warden of the Central Prison of Toronto, has been prominently identified with the Province of Ontario in various ways. Dr. Gilmour belongs to an old family of the County of Durham, the first of whom in Canada was Thomas Gilmour, a native of the Emerald Isle, from which country he came to the Dominion in the early part of the last century, locating on a bush farm in the County of Durham, where he followed lumbering and agriculture until his death, in 1850.

Thomas Gilmour (2), father of Dr. Gilmour, was born in the County of Durham in 1825, and for some time after reaching his majority engaged in farming and contracting, following the latter line in connection with the construction of the Grand Trunk railway, for which he furnished ties, timber, etc. In 1862 Thomas Gilmour went to British Columbia, and in 1863 to Alaska, being one of the first white men to prospect for gold in that country. He remained there and in the Pacific States until 1894, when he returned to Ontario, settling at Toronto Junction, where he died in 1897. In 1852 Thomas Gilmour married Jane Leet, of Clarke township. Mrs. Gilmour, who died in August, 1905, was born in the County of Durham in 1831, and from 1894 until her decease was a resident of Toronto Junction. In religious faith she was a Methodist, as was her husband, who in politics adhered to the principles of the Reform party. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Gilmour had four children, two daughters and two sons, the latter being John Taylor Gilmour, M.D., and T. H. Gilmour, K.C., of Winnipeg.

John Taylor Gilmour was born in the County of Durham in 1855. His literary training was received in the high school at Port Hope, where he completed his course in 1873, after which he taught in the public schools of his native county for two years. He then turned his attention to the study of medicine, and in 1878 was graduated with the degree of M.D. from Trinity Medical College, Toronto. The Doctor at once began the practice of his profession, his first field being in the township of King, County York, where he remained one year. He then returned to his native county, where he continued to practise for five years, at the end of that period removing to Toronto Junction, which at that time (1884) was not a separate municipality. Dr. Gilmour was active in school matters and in public affairs generally from the time of his settlement at Toronto Junction, which place became a village in 1887, and a town in 1888.

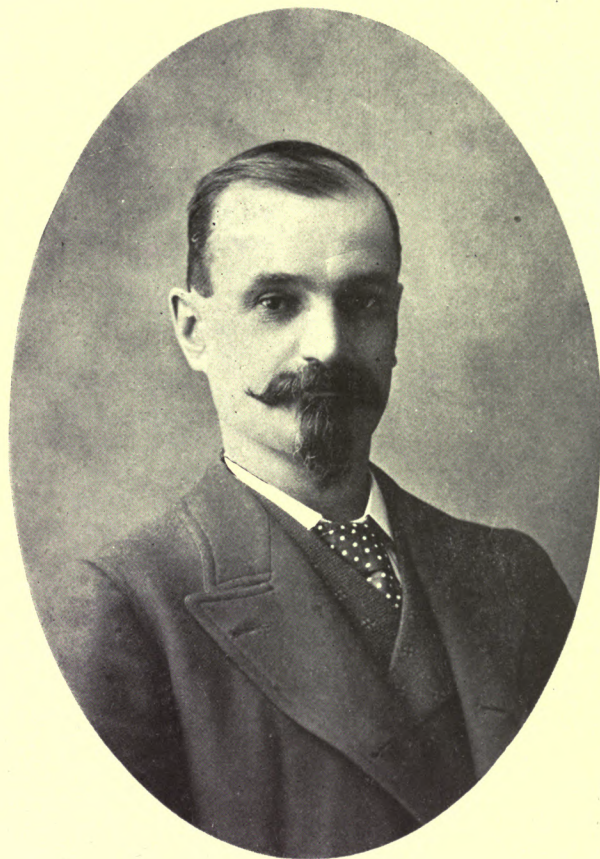
In June, 1886, Dr. Gilmour was nominated by

the Reform party to contest West York for the Ontario House, and notwithstanding the fact that the riding was Conservative in both Houses of Parliament, he received a handsome majority over his opponent. At the next general election, in 1890, Dr. Gilmour was re-elected to Parliament from West York, his opponent being D. W. Clendenan. In 1894 the Doctor was again tendered Parliamentary honors, but declined. In 1890 Dr. Gilmour seconded the address, the mover of which was the late Charles Mackenzie, of Sarnia, a brother of the late Alexander Mackenzie, Premier of Canada. While in Parliament Dr. Gilmour had charge of the bills which incorporated the first electric railways in the County of York—the Metropolitan, the City & Suburban and the Mimico railways. He also had charge of the bills for the incorporation of the towns of North Toronto and Toronto Junction. While thus serving West York the Doctor did not forget his home, Toronto Junction, into the history of which his life is interwoven. He was chairman of the first high school board of the place, which board was elected in 1891. Dr. Gilmour established, and for one year edited, the first newspaper—the *York Tribune*—at Toronto Junction, which paper is now one of the well-established sheets of York County.

In 1885 Dr. Gilmour was appointed surgeon of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, which position he filled until retiring from the practice of medicine, in 1894. In 1894, after declining Parliamentary honors, the Doctor was appointed registrar for the county, a position he filled until 1896, when he was requested by the government to take charge of the Central Prison of Ontario, situated at Toronto, to accept which incumbency he resigned the office of registrar.

Since assuming the duties of warden of the Central Prison Dr. Gilmour has taken an active part in legislation for the betterment of the criminal class, and it was partly due to his efforts that the "Ticket of Leave Act" for the Dominion of Canada was passed, becoming a law in 1899. Dr. Gilmour is a member of the National Prison Association, and at the Congress held at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in 1902, he was made secretary of the Wardens' Association. At the Congress held in Louisville, Kentucky, the following year, he was elected President of that association. When it is understood that this congress is composed of about four hundred members, of whom but ten or twelve are Canadians, his selection as the president was certainly a compliment to Canada, and a testimonial of the high appreciation of the ability of Warden Gilmour.

Dr. Gilmour has been twice married, his first



J. J. Brown.

wife being Miss Emma Hawkins, of Canton, near Port Hope, who died in 1886, leaving two children: Charles H., a physician at Toronto, now holding a prominent position with the Canadian Northern Railway Company, and Miss Emma H., of Toronto. In 1889 Dr. Gilmour was united in marriage with Margaret Edgar, daughter of the late John Edgar, of Toronto and Brantford. Dr. and Mrs. Gilmour are members of the Methodist Church. The Doctor is a past master of Mimico Lodge, No. 369, A.F. & A.M., of Lambton Mills, and is also a member of the A.O.U.W. and of a number of the leading clubs.

JAMES FREDERICK PATERSON, whose death occurred in Toronto in 1896, was a native of the Queen City, born in 1843, son of Peter and Hannah (Wilson) Paterson.

Mr. Paterson's education was received at the Upper Canada College, and after his graduation he turned his attention to the banking business. For some time he was manager of the Imperial Bank, of Toronto, and, after leaving that institution, went into the brokerage business, in which he was engaged at the time of his death. In 1871 Mr. Paterson and Miss Florence Isabel McCarthy, daughter of D'Alton McCarthy, were united in marriage. Mr. McCarthy, who was a well-known barrister of Barrie, Ont., was born in Ireland in 1804, son of Bucknall McCarthy. D'Alton McCarthy settled in Barrie about 1848, and for many years was one of the most prominent barristers of that portion of the county. He prepared for law in Ireland, and had practised his profession in Dublin before coming to Canada. Mr. McCarthy married Zina Hope Manners, a native of Edinburgh, and they had children: (1) Bucknall, served in the Royal Navy. (2) D'Alton, K.C., for some time a member of Parliament for North Simcoe, was one of the leading politicians of the day. He was at one time tendered the premiership of Canada by the Conservative party, but declined the honor. He married Emma Katharine Lally, by whom he had children, Ethel Reda and D'Alton Lally. (3) His Honor, Thomas Anthony Maitland McCarthy was Judge of the County of Dufferin. (4) Julia Ann Hope married John H. Hornsby. (5) Annie Katharine Hope is unmarried. (6) Clara Matilda Hope (deceased) was the wife of His Honor Judge Edward Morgan, of the County of York. (7) Clara Maitland Hope. (8) Dr. John. (9) H. B. (10) Florence Isabel became Mrs. Paterson.

To Mr. and Mrs. J. Frederick Paterson the following children have been born: Percival Le Messieur, of Sarnia, is in the lumber business; Frederick D'Alton Norman is in the Imperial

Bank at Toronto, and has two daughters, Beverley and Norma; Florence Lillian is the wife of R. William Millichamp, of Toronto; and Emilie Francis married George E. Gooderham, of Toronto, and has one daughter, Florence Ellen. Mr. Paterson was a member of the Church of England, to the faith of which Mrs. Paterson also adheres. In politics he was a Conservative.

REESOR. This family name, which is spelled in German Reiser, is a very old one. Families bearing the name are mentioned in German histories of the early Reformation, as residing in Franconia and Switzerland, belonging to the merchant class and city burghers, and connected with the German Waldenses as early as the fourteenth century. One, Frederick Reiser, son of Conrad Reiser, born in 1401, was a Waldensian Bishop and did much to keep together, by his teaching, the scattered communities of his brethren. He suffered martyrdom at Strasburg in 1458. An anonymous writing, which had an influence on the Protestant Reformation, known as "The Reformation of the Emperor Sigismund," is claimed by some historians to have been written by him.

The Canadian and United States branch of the family trace their descent to Peter Risser, or Reiser, who was born in 1713, was a minister of the Mennonite Church and of Swiss descent. His parents left Switzerland on account of religious persecution, for Rhenish Bavaria, and from there five brothers of the family emigrated to America. The first to come over were Ulrich and Jacob in 1729. John followed in 1738, and the last two, Philip and the above named Peter, landed at Philadelphia in 1739. All of them settled in Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, Peter's home being in the northern part of the county near the village of Milton Grove, about twenty miles south east of Harrisburg. He carried on the business of farming and milling. His dwelling house was a two-story stone building, with pitched roof built in the Colonial style and having an arched cellar. The building is very picturesque and is now owned and occupied by Jacob O. Risser, the great-grandson of the original owner. Peter and his wife Elizabeth had ten children, two of whom were born in Germany. Their names and dates of birth are as follows: Esther, 1737; John, 1739; Catharine, 1741; Elizabeth, 1743; Barbara, 1745; Christian (the Canadian ancestor), 1747 (died 1806); Peter, 1750 (died in 1841); Abraham, 1753 (died 1823); Magdalene, 1758; and Jacob, 1764 (died 1835).

Christian Risser married Frances Detwiler, of Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, and resided

there until the year 1786, when he and his brother, Abraham, with their wives and children, moved to Franklin County, same State, and took up farms adjoining each other, and about five miles north of Chambersburg. Christian remained there until the year 1804, when owing to unfair treatment of Non-Associators, to which party he belonged, by the Revolutionary party, he decided to come to Canada, and in the same year he set out for Canada with his wife and six children, arriving in Canada in the fall, and settling in the eastern part of the township of Markham. He did not long enjoy his new home, for two years after, in 1806, he met with an accident, a tree falling upon him while he was giving directions in felling timber, to which he succumbed. He left surviving his widow and six children, namely: Peter, John, Elizabeth, Barbara, Abraham and Christian. In the second generation after the settlement of the family in Canada, the name of Risser became changed to its present form of Reesor, while in the States the family branch retain the old form of Risser.

(1) Peter Reesor, eldest son of Christian, the Canadian ancestor, was born Dec. 25, 1775. He married Elizabeth Erb, and his home was at Cedar Grove. At the time his father died he became entitled, as eldest son, to the whole of his father's lands, being the sole heir at law, under the Primogeniture Act, his father having died without a will. Instead of claiming the whole estate, he at once divided it equally between the brothers and sisters to carry out his parent's wish. He died at Cedar Grove, Nov. 16, 1854, in the seventy-ninth year of his age, and had ten children, namely: Christian, Frances, John, Elizabeth, Esther, Peter, Anna Maria, Abraham, Samuel and Josephus, all of whom except the eldest son, Christian, married and had children. Christian, when a young man, paid a visit to the Southern States, and while there died of yellow fever. His body was brought to Canada and buried in the family burying ground. All the other children are dead, except the youngest, Josephus, who is living retired, now over ninety years of age. The third child, Rev. John Reesor, was a minister of the Mennonite Church at Cedar Grove, and his son, Christian, is the present minister there.

(2) John Reesor, the second son of Christian, resided north of Cedar Grove and east of Markham village. He married Anna Grove, and had issue, the following children, namely: Frances, Elizabeth, Christian G., Simeon, Barbara, John G., Anna, Jacob, Peter, Esther, Mary, Samuel, Magdalene, Benjamin G., Jesse G. and Abraham, all of whom except Benjamin G. and Jesse G. are now deceased. Benjamin G. resides at Mount Joy, a retired farmer; Jesse G. has his home at

St. Joseph's Island, where he holds several public offices and is one of the most prominent and enterprising farmers on the island. All of the above children married and had children, and their descendants number several hundred.

(3) Elizabeth Reesor, the third child of Christian, married Abraham Stouffer. It is from his name that the village of Stouffville takes its name. They had issue six children, namely: Christian, Abraham, John, Jacob, Elizabeth and Frances.

(4) Barbara Reesor, fourth child of Christian, married a Mr. Gamble, and had issue one son, who married Marie Antoinette Franklyn, of Middleton, New York, and left issue.

(5) Abraham, the fifth child of Christian, married his cousin Anna Detwiler. His home was south of Markham village, then called Reesorville. He died in 1831, leaving surviving him his widow and six children, namely: (1) Christopher, born May 18, 1816, married Miss Margaret Armstrong, a sister of the late William Armstrong, of Markham. He resided in Concession 10, of Markham, where he carried on farming. His death occurred Nov. 27, 1846. (2) John, born July 15, 1818, resided at the homestead on Lots 7 and 8, in Concession 8, of Markham. He married, in 1843, Eliza Whitney, daughter of the late Henry Whitney, of New Ross, County Wexford, Ireland, who with his brother, Paul Frederick, came to Canada in 1831. John Reesor was deputy reeve of the township of Markham for the years 1852 and 1855; president of the Markham & Scarborough Plank Road Company; church warden and lay delegate of Grace Church for many years; and was one of the school trustees. He was engaged in the business of milling and farming. He died in October, 1881, and his wife died in July, 1868. (3) Fanny, born Jan. 15, 1821, married Joseph James, late of the township of Vaughan. He was a well-known farmer of that township and a member of the Willowdale Methodist Church. He was one of the most upright and highly esteemed residents of the township. (4) Hon. David, born Jan. 10, 1823, was educated at the private school of Sinclair Holden of the village of Markham, where his brothers and many of the early residents attended. This Sinclair Holden carried on a druggist's business after he gave up the school, and was also a local preacher in the Methodist Church. After finishing at Sinclair Holden's school Hon. David Reesor was supplied with a private tutor. In 1860 he was elected for and represented Kings Division in the Legislative council from 1860 until confederation, when he was called to the Senate in 1867. He was appointed justice of the peace in 1848, and Lieutenant Colonel in

the Reserves. He was for many years a member of the township council and was chosen warden of the county in 1860. In 1856 he started the Markham *Economist* and edited it for many years. He was president of the East Riding of York Agricultural Society, and helped to promote the St. Lawrence Bank and the Toronto & Nipissing Railway, now the Midland, and the Whitby & Georgian Bay Telegraph Company. He died April 26, 1902, at Rosedale, Toronto, leaving his widow, Emily Maedougall (who is a sister of the late Hon. William Maedougall) and five children. His widow, Emily Reesor, still resides at the home in Rosedale. (5) Nancy, born April 4, 1827, is still living. She married Henry R. Corson, of Markham, editor of the Markham *Economist*. Mr. Corson acted as clerk of the township for many years, is a notary public and issuer of marriage licenses. He belongs to a well-known family of Huguenot descent. (6) Peter, born Aug. 5, 1829, as a young man attended a college at Washington, D.C. He acted as a law conveyancer, and for some years assisted his brother in the management of a cheese factory. He died in 1883, unmarried. Besides the above children, Abraham Reesor had two step children, who married two well-known and prominent residents of the township, namely, Chauncey Crosby and Archibald Barker; the former was a justice of the peace and father of the late Hugh Powell Crosby, M.P.P. for the east riding of York for many years. The latter was also a justice of the peace and as the senior magistrate of the county usually presided at the Quarter Sessions in Toronto. He was postmaster of the village for many years and took a prominent part in the early days in the councils of the Home District and afterward in the county councils. He was a Conservative in politics and was a strong opponent of the Hon. David Reesor in all political contests. He was also one of the first trustees of the Markham grammar school, at which some of his children were educated. One of his sons, Peter M. Barker, is a graduate of the University of Toronto, and afterward entered the legal profession; he now resides at Edmonton.

(6) Christian Reesor, the sixth and youngest child of Christian, resided at the old homestead. He was born in Franklin county, Pennsylvania, in 1793. He owned considerable landed property in the township. He was twice married and had children by both marriages. He died in 1877.

The living descendants of the above named six children of Christian, the first Canadian ancestor, are now estimated to number not less than nine hundred. In 1904 a family reunion was

held at Locust Hill, on their ancestors' old homestead, to celebrate the one hundredth anniversary of the settlement in Canada, at which about five hundred descendants attended. Some of the more prominent living descendants of the family, bearing the surname of Reesor, residing in the County of York, are as follows:

(1) Abraham Reesor carries on milling and farming at Altona. He is a son of Noah Reesor, grandson of Rev. John, and great-grandson of Peter, eldest son of Christian, the first Canadian ancestor.

(2) Andrew Reesor is a prosperous farmer and owner of Lot 3, 9th Concession, Markham. He is a son of Peter, grandson of Peter, eldest son of Christian, the original ancestor. He married a Miss Raymer. His post office is Cedar Grove.

(3) Albert Reesor is owner, with his brother, of one of the largest creameries in the county. He attended Guelph Agricultural College, taking a special course. He is a son of Christian and grandson of Christian, the original ancestor. He married Miss Bertha Pike, daughter of John Pike. His post office address is Locust Hill.

(4) Abraham H. Reesor, a retired farmer, is now residing at Mount Joy. He is a brother of the above named Andrew Reesor. He was married twice, his first wife being a sister of John Pike, and his second a daughter of the late T. P. White, of Whitevale.

(5) Benjamin B. Reesor is a son of Rev. John Reesor, and brother of Rev. Christian Reesor, of the Mennonite Church. He married a daughter of John Hoover, and is now a retired farmer. His post office is Cedar Grove.

(6) Benjamin F. Reesor is a son of the late Samuel Reesor of Cedar Grove, and grandson of Peter, the eldest son of Christian, the ancestor. For some years he was engaged in the milling business at his father's home, and afterward at Newmarket. He served several years in the municipal council as reeve and deputy reeve. He is now an electrical engineer, has put in plants for the electric lighting of several towns, and was chosen president of the Society of Electrical Engineers. He is at present engaged in installing an electric plant for Owen Sound, and has also the management of the power works at Fenelon Falls in connection with the lighting of Lindsay, where he now resides.

(7) Benjamin G. Reesor is a retired farmer living at Mount Joy, and is a son of John Reesor and grandson of Christian, the original ancestor. He married a Miss Cook.

(8) Benjamin H. Reesor is a son of the above named Benjamin B., and is the owner of Lot 3,

11th Concession. He is married and carries on farming. His post office is Cedar Grove.

(9) Christian Reesor is a son of Rev. John Reesor, and is minister of the Mennonite Church at Cedar Grove. On account of his age he has turned the management of his farm over to his son, Thomas.

(10) Colin D. Reesor carries on the business of milling at the homestead of his father, the late Samuel Reesor, who died in 1901. Samuel was a son of Peter Reesor, the eldest son of Christian, and was born in 1817. He was one of the most prosperous and wealthy farmers in the township, and was much respected by all his neighbors for his kindly and neighborly acts. His charity extended beyond his own home. He gave liberally to the Hindoo missions of his Church, and at the time the Russian Mennonites settled in Manitoba he became surety for the payment of the advances made them by the government of Canada. Colin D., his eldest son, is married and his post office address is Cedar Grove.

(11) David Reesor is a son of Christopher Reesor and grandson of Abraham and nephew of Hon. David Reesor. He resides in the 10th Concession on his father's old farm. He married Jane Miller, daughter of the late George Miller, who was one of the first to import pedigree stock into the Province. He engaged in large farm and stock operations in the early days of the settlement of Manitoba, and has traveled extensively in both America and Europe. He is prominent in stock raising and in all farming matters.

(12) David A. Reesor is a son of Noah Reesor, and grandson of Rev. John Reesor. He is engaged in farming, and his post office is Cedar Grove.

(13) Elias Reesor is a retired farmer residing at Stouffville. He is a son of Peter G. Reesor, and grandson of John Reesor. He married Miss Burkholder.

(14) Flavius Reesor is a son of B. B. Reesor and grandson of Rev. John Reesor. He carries on farming near Cedar Grove and there receives his mail.

(15) Frank A. Reesor carries on farming on Lot 10, Concession 9, Markham. He is a son of the late Abraham B. Reesor, and grandson of John G. He married Miss Armstrong, only daughter of William Armstrong. His post office is Locust Hill.

(16) Frederick Augustus Reesor, son of John Reesor and grandson of Abraham, was born in 1844, and was educated at the Markham grammar school under E. T. Crowle, and at the University of Toronto, class of 1867. During his course he took honors in mathematics and ob-

tained a scholarship and a medal. He afterward entered a bank, and has been manager of the Markham branch of the Standard Bank for thirty-three years, having but lately retired. He has been warden and lay delegate of Grace Church for many years, secretary and treasurer of the village library and school trustee. He married Catharine Bain, daughter of Rev. James Bain, late of Scarborough, and sister of the late John Bain, K.C., of Toronto. He recently moved to Ottawa which is his present post office address.

(17) Frederick E. Reesor is a son of Christian Reesor and a brother of Albert Reesor, and with his brother owns the Locust Hill Creamery. He is married to a daughter of Anthony Foster, ex-warden of the county. His post office is Locust Hill.

(18) Frederick K. Reesor is a son of Peter Reesor, late of Cedar Grove, and grandson of Peter, who was the eldest son of Christian. He received his education at the Markham grammar school. He has always taken a great interest and prominent part in municipal affairs, and has been reeve and deputy reeve of the township for many years, and was warden of the county. For some years he was engaged in farming and milling, and afterward took up the business of insurance becoming connected with the Standard Mutual Fire Insurance Company and acted as inspector. He married Miss McCreight. He now resides in Toronto, and his son carries on the milling business in Markham.

(19) George Reesor carries on farming on Lot 14, Concession 7, Markham. He is a son of Josephus, deceased, and grandson of Peter Reesor. His post office is Markham.

(20) George E. Reesor, of Toronto, is a son of Samuel Reesor, late of Cedar Grove, and brother of Colin D. and Benjamin F. He resides in Toronto and is engaged in the business of butter and creamery manufacture.

(21) George Walter Reesor is a son of John Reesor, and grandson of Abraham, and was born in 1849. He married a Miss Flewry, a niece of the late Ex-Warden Flewry, of Newmarket, and has been engaged in milling and is now a general merchant in Markham village. He has for several years been chosen warden of the English Church. He is president of the Public Library, and has also held many other offices and takes part in all municipal affairs.

(22) Herman C. Reesor is a son of Benjamin B. Reesor and grandson of Rev. John Reesor, late of Cedar Grove. He married a Miss Burkholder, and is a prosperous farmer. His post office address is Cedar Grove.

(23) Henry Arthur Reesor is a son of John and grandson of Abraham Reesor, and nephew

of the late Senator Reesor. He was born in 1847, and educated at the Markham grammar school and Toronto University. He received his degree of B.A. in 1870. He then studied for the legal profession and was called to the Bar in Hilary term, 1874. He became a partner of the late Judge Mackenzie, in whose office he had studied, and has ever since practised in the same firm and its successors on Toronto street, the names of the firm being Mackenzie, Delamere & Reesor, Delamere & Reesor, Delamere, Reesor, English & Ross, and at present is Delamere, Reesor & Ross. The office is at No. 18 Toronto street. Mr. Reesor holds a certificate of the Military School, and he served four years in the Queen's Own and retired as lieutenant in the York Rangers in 1874. He married Miss Frances L. Fowler, daughter of D. Fowler, R. C.A., late of the "Cedars," Amherst Island.

(24) Henry B. Reesor is a son of Christian, who was a son of John Reesor and grandson of Christian, the original ancestor. He was educated at the Markham grammar school. He then engaged in the business of insurance. The Standard Mutual Fire Insurance Company was formed by him, and for many years he was its manager. He was trustee of the Markham grammar school, superintendent of the Sunday-school in Markham village, and has identified himself with public affairs in general. His first wife was a Miss Daek, a sister of Walter Daek, M.P.P., of Kineardine, now deceased. He was married a second time, to a Miss Peck, of Toronto. His present residence is Toronto, where he carries on a real estate business, having severed his connection with the managership of the Standard Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

(25) Isaac Reesor is a son of Noah Reesor and grandson of Rev. John Reesor, great-grandson of Peter Reesor, eldest son of Christian. He carries on farming near Cedar Grove, which is his post office, and he owns one of the finest and best cultivated farms in the county.

(26) Jacob Reesor is a son of Peter and a grandson of Peter, the eldest son of Christian. He is a retired farmer, and his post office address is Markham.

(27) Jacob B. Reesor is a son of Noah Reesor and grandson of Rev. John Reesor. He carries on farming near Cedar Grove.

(28) Josephus Reesor resides on Lot 5, Concession 9, Markham, and is a retired farmer. He is the only surviving child of Peter Reesor, eldest son of Christian, and is now over ninety years of age. His post office is Box Grove.

(29) Dr. J. Arthur E. Reesor is a son of Christian and grandson of the original ancestor. He and his two brothers Albert and Fred Reesor, proprietors of the Locust Hill Creamery,

are the only living grandchildren of the original ancestor except Josephus Reesor. He resides in Toronto and is an osteopathic physician. He has attended meetings of members of the profession in the United States, and has also traveled extensively in Europe. He is unmarried.

(30) Lewis H. Reesor is a son of the late Samuel Reesor, and brother of Benjamin F., the electrical engineer. He is engaged in the same profession and at present has charge of the electric works at St. Mary's. He is married to a Miss Eby.

(31) Martin J. Reesor is a farmer and resides on Lot 6, Concession 9, Markham. He is a son of Jacob Reesor, deceased, who was a son of John and grandson of Christian. His post office address is Cedar Grove.

(32) Martin S. Reesor is a son of Noah Reesor, and is a farmer of Cedar Grove.

(33) Nicholas E. Reesor is the owner of a farm near Locust Hill. He is a brother of Henry B. Reesor and grandson of John. He married his cousin, Sarah Reesor, daughter of John G. Reesor.

(34) Noah Reesor, a retired farmer at Cedar Grove, is a son of Rev. John Reesor.

(35) Peter Reesor is a son of Peter Reesor, and is a farmer at Cedar Grove, near Hillside.

(36) Peter B. Reesor is a son of Noah Reesor, and has a farm at Cedar Grove.

(37) Peter H. Reesor is a son of Jacob, who is the son of Peter and grandson of Peter, eldest son of Christian. He carries on farming with his father and has been a member of the village council of Markham.

(38) Robert Reesor is a son of Christopher and grandson of Abraham Reesor, and nephew of Senator Reesor. He was captain of the local company of the York battalion, and holds a military school certificate. He is well known as an importer of pedigreed stock, and was one of the first to bring to Canada ponies from the Shetland Isles, having made a trip there for that purpose. He has always taken an interest in agricultural societies and has been a director of the East York Agricultural Society, and has acted as judge at many large exhibitions. He carries on farming and is the owner of a large herd of fine Jerseys. He married Miss Barr, daughter of the late Rev. Mr. Barr.

(39) Russell J. Reesor is a son of Frederick K. Reesor and runs the Glen Rouge Mills at Markham. He has also taken a course of studies in electrical engineering. His post office is Markham. He married a daughter of W. Delos Crosby, and niece of the late H. P. Crosby, M.P.P.

(40) Simeon Reesor is a son of Rev. John

Reesor, and has a farm near Cedar Grove, which is his post office address.

(41) Solomon Reesor is a brother of Frederick K. Reesor, ex-warden of York County, and owner of a farm which he works near Cedar Grove at his father's old homestead.

(42) Tilman Reesor is a son of Simeon Reesor, and grandson of Rev. John Reesor. He has a farm near Cedar Grove where he resides.

(43) Thomas Reesor is a son of Rev. Christian Reesor, and grandson of Rev. John Reesor. He carries on farming at his father's home near Cedar Grove, residing with his parents. He is a school trustee, and is one of the best farmers in the neighborhood, making use of many modern improvements in machinery, and many of the farm houses in that neighborhood are connected by telephone.

(44) Wesley Reesor is a son of Josephus. of Box Grove, and carries on farming on Lot 14, in Concession 7, Markham.

(45) William D. Reesor is the only son of the late Senator Reesor. He was educated at the Markham grammar school. For some years he was engaged in farming in Concession 9, of Markham, and had a fine herd of Jersey pedigreed cattle. He was president of the East York Agricultural Society in the year the Earl of Aberdeen, governor-general of Canada, visited and opened the exhibition. He is now engaged in the management of a large ranch in the North-West Territories.

(46) William J. Reesor is a son of John Reesor and grandson of Abraham. He was educated at Hamilton College and Trinity University. He afterward engaged in insurance for many years at Winnipeg. He is married to Miss Emma B. B. Buchan.

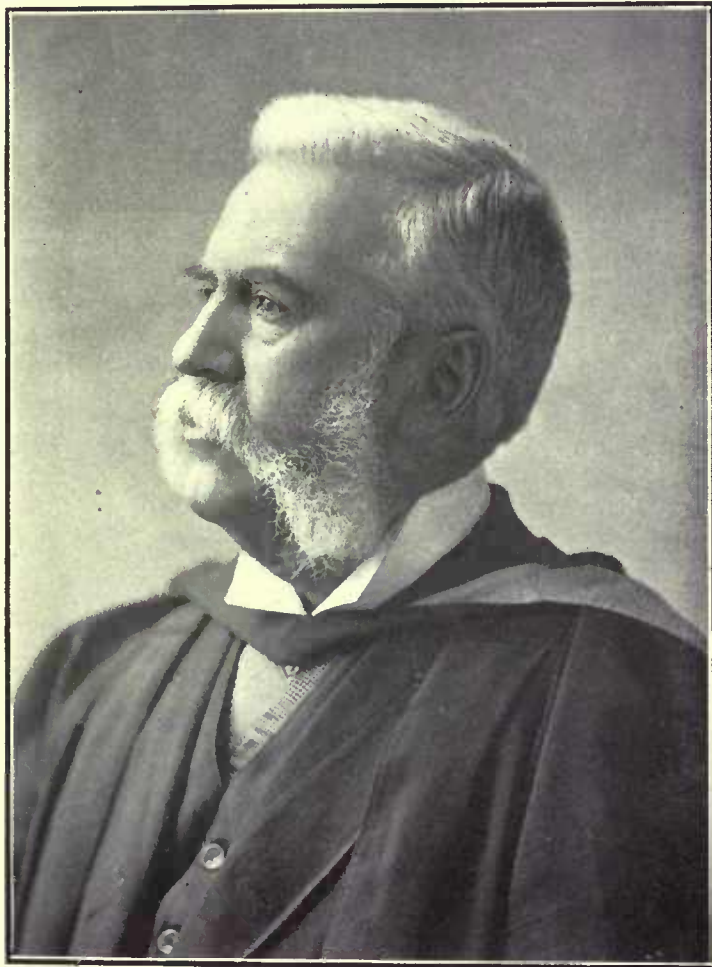
GEORGE MARKS, of Toronto, whose death took place in that city in 1899, was born in England in 1814. His father, James Marks, was a manufacturer of woolen cloth. The son grew up in his native country, receiving a good education, and became a chemist by profession, an occupation which he followed there for many years successfully. His removal to Canada occurred in 1887, and from that time until his death, twelve years later, he made his home in Toronto.

Mr. Marks did not marry until rather late in life, when in 1865 he was united, in England, to Miss Emilie Price. A family of six children were born to them, as follows: (1) George Hervey Price was born April 13, 1866. (2) Arthur Hervey Selwyn, born March 4, 1868, married Miss Zella Mary Dunbar, of Toronto, and had two children, Aileene and George Ivan Douglas. (3) Ada Marion, born Oct. 31, 1869,

died April 23, 1885. (4) Emilie Lillian, born June 3, 1872, married Alexander O'Brien, of Toronto, and had two daughters, Isabel Campion Marks and Barbara Lillian. (5) Isabel Rubergall, born Oct. 19, 1875, died in 1896. (6) Edwin Walter, born March 1, 1879, married Miss Ida Tilt, of Brampton, and has two daughters, Madeline Rubergall and Josephine Marion.

Mrs. Emilie P. Marks belonged to a family settled in Canada since the earlier part of the nineteenth century. Her parents were Hon. James Hervey and Mary Elizabeth Ann (Rubergall) Price. James H. Price was born in Cumberland, England, and received his earlier education at Eton, whence he went to Doctors' Commons and prepared for admission to the Bar. His marriage took place in his native country, and later he moved to Canada and settled in Little York. He resumed the practice of law there and as the place grew became very successful. He was in partnership with Mr. Thomas Ewart. Mr. Price ran for Parliament as a member from York, and was elected, becoming a representative at the same time Robert Baldwin was. A close alliance between Mr. Price and Mr. Baldwin sprang up, and the government was known as the Price-Baldwin government. Mr. Price was connected with the Canadian Parliament for thirty-two years, after which he returned to England and while there died, in 1883. He was also commissioner of Crown Lands for many years. His wife died in England, in 1380. They were the parents of seven children, namely: Hervey William, late Judge of the County of Welland; Eliza, Mrs. Edward Cowles, of Farmington, Connecticut; Edwin Rubergall, who died in Australia at the age of twenty-three; Emma, who married Joseph Jackes, both now deceased; Arthur Wood, who died in England; Emilie, Mrs. Marks; and Lavinia, residing in Deer Park.

WALTER JAMES BREAKENRIDGE READ, Counsel for the Board of Statute Commissioners for the Ontario Government, and a son of the late D. B. Read, K.C., mentioned elsewhere, was born in Toronto in 1855. His education was acquired in Upper Canada College, and on leaving school he determined to follow in his father's footsteps and enter the legal profession. He read law with his father, and was called to the Bar in 1879. In that same year was formed the law firm of Read & Read, consisting of father and son. Later it became Read, Read & Knight, and so continued until 1896, when it was again changed to Read & Read, the style under which it was known until 1907, when Mr. Walter J. B. Read closed the office to assume the duties attendant upon his present position.



Walter B. Feickie M.D.
D.C.L.

For over twenty years Mr. Read was solicitor for the Upper Canada Law Society, which position he resigned to become counsel for the Board of Statute Commissioners. He has been engaged in many notable cases, and has a high reputation among his fellow practitioners. Among the most famous cases may be mentioned the St. George Railway cases before the late Judge Rose, in which he was associated with the late Judge Lount and George Tate Blackstock, K.C., as counsel for the plaintiffs. Mr. Read was engaged also on the Morse extradition case—a case which excited a good deal of local interest in Toronto—winning the case for the prisoner, Morse.

Outside of his profession Mr. Read has found time to take an interest in public and business affairs. For many years he was actively associated with, was one of the founders and filled the office of president of the Muskoka Lakes Association. Socially he has been quite prominent. He belongs to the National Club; he takes an active interest in whist, and was the first president of the Canadian Whist League. In his religious affiliation and belief he is a strict churchman, belonging to the Anglican Church, and is particularly interested in church music. In his political ideas he is a Conservative, supporting by voice and ballot the men and measures of that party. He stands in the front rank of his profession, and as a citizen is progressive and public-spirited, and as a man upright and sincere.

REV. GEORGE NESBITT, M.A., now superannuated and living in Toronto, has been engaged in the ministry of the Anglican Church for thirty-five years. He was born in the township of Beekwith, County Lanark, Ont., Aug. 12, 1831, son of John and Jane (Pieree) Nesbitt, and grandson of William Nesbitt, who came to Canada in 1819. He settled in Franktown, which was laid out as a government town, County Lanark, where he died. He was of Scotch parentage, and was a member of the Established Church of Scotland. His children were: Hugh, Dr. George (who was sent to Scotland to be educated), John, and two daughters.

John Nesbitt, father of Rev. George, was born in the North of Ireland, in 1789, and came to Canada with the family. He, too, like his father was a Presbyterian, but in after years became a member of the Anglican Church, in which he brought up his family. He died in 1880, his wife having pre-deceased him for some four years. Their children were: William, John, Rev. George, Thomas, James, Dr. Edward, R. C. S. K., and three daughters.

Before preparing for the ministry our sub-

ject attended Perth Grammar School, and in 1856 he (with his brother William, deceased, who also intended entering the ministry), matriculated in Trinity University, taking a Foundation Scholarship. In 1859 he took the degree of B.A., with mathematical honors, and also a Scholarship of \$120 which lasted during his Divinity course of two years. In 1861 he was ordained to the Diaconate, and the following year to the Priesthood. In 1863 he took the degree of M.A. His first charge was that of Maryboro and Peel, where he labored ten years, thence going to Port Perry, Rosemont and Sutton West, which is a noted place for pleasure seekers.

Mr. Nesbitt was first married to Joanna Morris, only child of Rev. E. Morris, rector of Franktown. Five children were born of this union: Ebenezer G., John W. G., James E., George Mowbray (who was drowned at Renfrew—a clerk in the Merchants' Bank), and Georgina. In 1877 the mother of these children died. Mr. Nesbitt's second marriage was with Elisabeth McNab. Of this union there were four children: George Heber, Hugh Waldemar (manager of a branch of the Merchants' Bank, Napinka, Man.), George Oswald (of the Bank of Montreal, Vancouver) and Mary Emma (deceased). The mother of these children passed away in 1885.

WALTER B. GEIKIE, M.D., C.M., D.C.L., F.R.C.S. Ed., L.R.C.P. Lond., secured the establishment of his medical college, Toronto, in 1871, and was for the last twenty-five years of its existence its Dean. Dr. Geikie was born in Edinburgh, Scotland, and came to Canada with the family in 1843, when he was very young.

The late Rev. Archibald Geikie, father of Dr. Geikie, on coming to Canada, settled on the river St. Clair, in the township of Moore, about ten miles below Sarnia. Here he ministered to two congregations of his own gathering, one in Moore, and one in Sarnia. His wife died in 1848, and in 1849, the family removed to Toronto where Mr. Geikie was for some years the respected minister of a congregation. In the family there were three sons, two besides the subject of this sketch. One, the late Rev. Archibald C. Geikie, D.D., LL.D., was formerly minister of St. Andrew's, Berlin, Ontario, and subsequently colleague of the late well-known Rev. Dr. Bayne, of Galt, upon whose death he went to Australia and there died in 1898. Dr. Geikie's other brother, who died in 1906, was the Rev. Cunningham Geikie, D.D., LL.D., of Bourne-mouth, England, and his name will long be remembered by his works.

Dr. Walter B. Geikie, the founder, and so long

the Dean of Trinity Medical College, is the youngest of the brothers, and he began the study of medicine in Toronto with the late Hon. Dr. John Rolph, M.R.C.E. Eng., LL.D., just after the family came to the city. After finishing his college course in Toronto he passed the medical board of Upper Canada, at that time and for many years before, the sole licensing board of this Province. He afterward went to Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, where he was graduated. Many students from Canada at that time did the same thing, for this particular college was then exceedingly attractive from the large number of eminent teachers on its faculty, such as the late Professors Robley Dunglison, Charles D. Meigs, R. M. Mutter, and many others. On returning to Canada Dr. Geikie began practice in Bond Head, South Simcoe, but soon after was induced to remove to Aurora, in the County of York, where, as in Bond Head, he did a large practice.

In October, 1856, his old teacher, Dr. Rolph, then Dean of the Medical Department of Victoria University (conducted in Toronto) asked him to join him as one of the professors in that Faculty, which he consented to do. During the session 1856-7 Dr. Geikie did double duty, having to lecture on *Materia Medica* and Therapeutics, and also upon Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children. He continued in this medical college till Dr. Rolph resigned in 1870, when he resigned with him. During the years of his Victoria University professoriate, Dr. Geikie taught in addition to the subjects named above, Anatomy, Descriptive and Surgical, Principles and Practice of Surgery, and Practice of Medicine and Clinical Medicine, the latter in Toronto General Hospital.

In 1867 Dr. Geikie revisited Great Britain and passed the examination of the Royal College of Physicians of London, and the Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh.

Early in 1871 the Medical Faculty of Trinity University was reorganized on a broad and liberal basis suggested by Dr. Geikie, and was from the first, a great success. The Doctor had had the advantage of being long associated with Dr. Rolph in the conduct of a medical college, which proved the best possible training for the responsibilities which were to devolve upon him, from 1871 onward, of having full charge of a large medical college and in addition to his own professorships of medicine and clinical medicine. In 1871 he was appointed registrar and treasurer of the newly formed Faculty. The first Dean, Dr. Hodder, having died in 1878, Dr. Geikie was appointed to the Deanship and continued until June, 1903, in active discharge of its duties, as well as those of the Professor-

ship he had held for so many years. His life has been an exceedingly busy one, and although the tax upon his time and energy has been very great, the continued success of the medical college, until the extinction of its autonomy by "*amalgamation*," was most gratifying to him and to its thousands of warm friends throughout the Dominion. Besides his college work, Dr. Geikie was for many years a member of the acting staff of the Toronto General Hospital, and was also for a series of years on its consulting staff, and likewise for some time on that of the Hospital for Sick Children. Dr. Geikie has ever had an enthusiastic love for his profession. He was always very thoroughly devoted to his duties as a medical teacher, believing that in a country of such extent and such possibilities as the Dominion of Canada, no man can select a more useful calling or one which will be likely to do more good to the Canadian people than that of a faithful, earnest medical teacher, who seeks as far as in him lies, to sow broadly and deeply amongst our young men, the beneficent and unspeakably valuable principles which are the most important part of the profession of medicine, and will continue to be so, more and more, the farther our knowledge is extended in the future. Such teachers, and such alone, are great blessings to the Province. In 1889 Trinity University, in acknowledgment of the long continued and great services he had up to that time rendered to medical education in this Province, conferred upon him the degree of D.C.L. He also represented Trinity Medical College on the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario for twenty-five years—1877 to 1902, inclusive.

On June 4, 1903, Dr. Geikie resigned his position as Dean of the Trinity Medical College, the occasion being the proposed "*amalgamation*" of the Faculty of that institution with the Toronto University Medical Faculty. This change, which meant extinction, and only this, Dr. Geikie, together with many other experienced medical teachers, and nearly all the graduates of Trinity Medical College, entirely disapproved of, for the following reasons:

(I.) The mere suggestion of such a thing was exceedingly distasteful to every medical graduate of Trinity University wherever he may be found, and to students of Trinity Medical College, with hardly an exception.

(II.) When suggested some time before it took place, alone did the college much injury in many ways for two consecutive years. The plan proposed, proved not only a failure when first made, but a failure which was felt by many teachers and graduates to be insulting beyond description, to the Medical College. What was

offered as "amalgamation" had it been accepted, would have been then, a humiliating annihilation, so far as Trinity Medical College was concerned. It was promptly declined, and "amalgamation" was at that time definitely and finally *decided* against by the College, a decision which was printed on a fly leaf and scattered broadcast in the calendar for no less than two consecutive years, 1901-2 and 1902-3.

(III.) From the moment it was announced in two successive calendars that all "amalgamation" negotiations were at an end, the College did as well as ever, and but for the renewal of "amalgamation" negotiations even before the close of session 1902-3, the session 1903-4 would have been, had amalgamation not taken place, one of the best of the very best in the history of the College.

(IV.) "Amalgamation," no matter by whom proposed or what its character might be, necessarily extinguishes the College entirely, so far as its name, and its long and successful past history go, and to this its true friends objected in the strongest way, and regard it as, in every way, most undesirable, and they continue to think exactly as they did when it was first mooted.

(V.) Were the previous objections not sufficient to exclude the idea of amalgamation of any kind, and were such a proposal made and agreed to, it is certain, that for practical teaching purposes, the formation of *one huge medical school*, by merging two medical schools, each already large enough, into one, would all but surely prove to be a failure, as a practical, workable teaching body. In London, England, with her many Medical Colleges, the rule is, and always has been, to have several medical schools, with the desire that no one of them should be very large. Each secures as good a teaching faculty as possible for itself, and never so large as to be unworkable. In Edinburgh there are several large medical schools. The students there, owing to the large numbers in attendance, are obliged to employ "Grinders," who abound, and whose charges are a heavy burden to the student as they equal, or sometimes exceed, the fees paid for the regular medical classes. Huge faculties and huge classes, can not in the nature of things do justice either to individual lecturers, or to individual medical students. The interest of teachers in students, individually, is, under such circumstances, simply impossible. Hence the wisdom of the London plan of having many medical schools, each of moderate size. Two schools have existed for fifty years past in Toronto, and are now more necessary than ever before, for the number of students who come here every year to study is nearly seven hundred, and soon will be larger. The North-West,

too, is filling up rapidly, and doctors will be required there in considerable numbers. Besides this, there is a constant demand outside of the Dominion for medical men educated in Canada.

(VI.) Were Trinity Medical College extinguished by being amalgamated with any other medical faculty, another medical school would, without doubt, be shortly established, for the absence of all competition, by the creation of a huge medical teaching monopoly, was a serious blunder. As above stated, for more than fifty years there have always been at least two medical colleges in Toronto when, with a very much smaller population, two were much less needed than they are now, and before long we may expect to see another medical school formed (may it be composed of able, practical teachers), as Trinity Medical College, with its honored history as a distinct medical teaching body, has been blotted out by amalgamation.

(VII.) Trinity Medical College, after thirty-two years of success, earned for herself a very high place amongst the medical schools, not of Canada alone, but of the world, and to have her extinguished by "amalgamation" has proved not only no advantage, but already to have been a great injury to practical medical education in Ontario, and thus an injury to our Province.

(VIII.) Even were the position of Trinity University to be changed by "federation" with the University of Toronto, Trinity Medical College would have had no difficulty in securing in Ontario all the University recognition she required for the graduation of her students, and the Province should not by "amalgamation" have been deprived of one of her most valuable educational assets.

(IX.) No one favored "amalgamation" of Trinity Medical College except those under the influence of persons who, without being perhaps aware of it, were led by the views of Toronto University's special friends, who saw in Trinity Medical College a well and long established and successful college, and a powerful rival of their own Medical Department.

(X.) Another and a very strong reason against the amalgamation of Trinity Medical College with any other teaching Medical Faculty, is the fact, that every member of the Corporation of that College had signed, as a condition of membership, an indenture, and had his seal affixed to it, and also the seal of the College, and was duly witnessed, which contains the following strong and solemn agreement, which was, practically, "*a self-denying ordinance.*"

"We hereby covenant, promise and agree with the party of the first part" [that is, the Corporation of Trinity Medical College] "to be at all times loyal to the said College, and to do

everything in our power to uphold its honor, and to promote its welfare."

No agreement, not even an oath, could be stronger or more binding than this.

Dr. Geikie's resignation called forth many expressions of regret and tributes to his character and work, from which three have been selected for preservation here. The first is from the Toronto *Saturday Night*, of July 25, 1903, and reads as follows:

"Hundreds of medical practitioners not only in Canada, but in far corners of the American continent, and even in more distant lands, will be delighted to have a memento of Dr. Geikie in the accompanying lifelike and characteristic portrait of the retiring Dean of Trinity Medical College. Dr. Geikie has been long associated with medical education in Ontario, and has left his impress indelibly upon the thousand or more doctors who have passed as it were, through his hands since he was instrumental in reorganizing Trinity Medical School, which has now passed out of existence. His high sense of duty and his exalted precept and example as to the social and professional standards which a medical doctor should strive to maintain, have done much to elevate the ideals of his students; but chiefly, perhaps, he is held in loving and grateful veneration for his unfailing kindness and spirit of helpfulness in his relations with 'his boys.' In the heart of many a successful medical man there will be an unwavering response to every word of the following personal tribute to Dr. Geikie by one of the early graduates of Trinity. Dr. Charles Sheard, the Medical Health Officer, of Toronto."

The second: "A contemporary, in writing of university appointments, a while ago, said: 'College professors seldom die and never resign.' So evenly has the tide of affairs in the universities of Toronto ebbed and flowed, that when even a venerable teacher sees fit to withdraw from what has been an average life-time of earnest, splendid service to his college, and a never-dying example of sturdy manhood and keen, unswerving application of good sense and high mental attainments, all dedicated to his office, of Dean of Trinity Medical College, it causes more than a ripple of regret, while at the same time it leaves an opportunity for his mantle to fall upon the shoulders of another. Dr. Geikie was founder, and for twenty-five years Dean of Trinity College Medical Faculty. Earlier in life he was a professor in the old Rolph Medical School; so for over fifty years he has been a medical teacher in Toronto, and knows his work from its alpha to its omega. Father-like, he loves his child, Trinity Medical College, and now, with the current of the times, and the ten-

dency to amalgamation in all circles, business, educational, and even religious, the child of his heart and care through all these many years has reached out and formed an amalgamation with Toronto University, and so, with enlarged resources and better equipments, and a strong teaching body, elected from both institutions, presses on keeping pace with this rapidly advancing age of high and ever higher achievements. We feel sure we are voicing the feelings of every Canadian medical practitioner when we say we are heartily sorry that splendid old Dean Geikie feels, owing to this amalgamation, of which he does not approve for many reasons, that he must withdraw. He has our admiration and respect; he will be missed, for in educational affairs, as well as in business pursuits, we need the men of experience, who can look back as well as forward, and who can close one eye in retrospection, applying the old-fashioned test of ripe judgment to ascertain, when occasion requires, if the proposed action answers to the plumb-line."

The third is an expression of appreciation by the Corporation of Trinity Medical College, and appeared in the Toronto *Saturday Night*, Aug. 1, 1903:

"The corporation of Trinity Medical College, upon receiving the resignation of Dr. Walter B. Geikie, founder of the college and for many years its dean, unanimously passed the following resolution, an engrossed copy of which has been forwarded to Dr. Geikie:

"We, the Corporation of Trinity Medical College, in accepting the resignation of Dr. Walter B. Geikie, D.C.L., F.R.C.S.E., L.R.C.P., Lond., Dean of the Faculty and Professor of the Principles and Practice of Medicine, desire to place on record our sense of the debt of gratitude we owe to our late associate, for his two and thirty years of earnest and self-sacrificing labors on behalf of the college. At all times, in season and out of season, by night and by day, year after year, the cause of Trinity Medical College has ever been foremost in his thoughts as the one object around which his affections centered. With every energy and faculty he possessed, Dr. Geikie labored to promote what he considered the best interests of the college which was so dear to his heart, and owing in a large degree to these unwearied efforts Trinity Medical College has attained her present proud position. It is with feelings of regret that the corporation parts with him, who is the father in medicine of most of its members, who has presided over its meetings, and piloted its ship through many breakers, and we one and all desire that Dr. Geikie may be spared for many years to enjoy the satisfaction of well-earned repose.

“Signed by all the members of the Corporation.”

“Toronto, June, 1903.”

JOHN EDWIN USHER, deceased. To few mortals is given the inestimable gift of the artistic spirit united with the power to portray in tangible form its creations, but to those few the world owes a debt of gratitude beyond expression in words and not lightly to be forgotten. In Canada, no name among its artists of the present era is more widely known nor more highly regarded than that of the late John Edwin Usher, whose palate was laid aside forever Oct. 29, 1896, in Toronto. Death came, however, not so much as an interruption to a promising career, as an ending to a well rounded and completed life, for its summons was uttered soon after Mr. Usher had completed his magnificent painting, “The Morning of the Crucifixion,” which had been the great goal of his artistic effort for a number of years.

John Edwin Usher was born in Chatham, England, in 1846, son of William C. and Ann (Swan) Usher, both of whom died in Toronto. The boy early showed his artistic talent, and was encouraged in it, producing his first oil painting at the age of eleven years. Unlike most of those who are similarly gifted, however, Mr. Usher was also extremely practical, and combined with the artistic temperament a fondness for mechanics which led him to adopt that line of work as a means of livelihood. In 1865 he left England for the United States and spent seven years at Cleveland, Ohio, going from there to Toronto, in 1872, and making his permanent home in the latter city, where he was employed for a number of years as foreman in the shops of the Grand Trunk Railway Company. The last years of his life were given up almost wholly to his painting, and of that we will speak at length later.

In 1874, two years after settling in Toronto, Mr. Usher was united in marriage with Miss Elizabeth Noblett, who was born in Ireland in 1853, daughter of Richard and Mary Ann (Griffin) Noblett, both of whom died in Ireland. Mrs. Usher had three brothers, Frank, S. George and Thomas Griffin. Mr. and Mrs. Usher became the parents of the following children: Mary E., deceased wife of T. J. Robertson, who left one son, George S.; Maude, wife of Frederick G. L. Darlington, and mother of one son, Earle F.; Herbert S., of Toronto, who married Miss Millie Malone, and has one son, Herbert George; Amy, who married Frederick Mansell, and has one daughter, Leter May Amy; Violet, Mrs. H. McGown; Francis John, of Toronto; and Edwin, who married Miss Ethel Blackstone. The late John Edwin Usher, during the latter part

of his life, resided at No. 131 Spadina avenue. In political matters he voted with the Reform party, while religiously he was connected with the Queen Street Methodist Church, in which he was an active worker and a prominent and valued member.

As an artist Mr. Usher will long be held in honor in Toronto, for it was in that line that he was specially proficient, and in which he did his really vital, individual work. One of his most successful pictures was a portrait in oil of John Brighton, M.P., which is a fine example of portraiture. Mr. Usher's work in setting forth Biblical subjects was, perhaps, that which bore most truly the stamp of the man himself, for his religious nature found beautiful expression in pictures of that character. His masterpiece, which had absorbed most of his attention during the last years of his life, has already been alluded to, but is too important to be briefly dismissed. It is still in the possession of Mrs. Usher, and is always on exhibition to the public at her home. The description given below is the one authorized by Mrs. Usher and conveys a better idea of the picture than anything else save the actual canvas, which must be seen again and again to be fully appreciated in its entirety:

“For years past the late artist gave his whole attention to this subject. The size of the picture commands your attention, the canvas being 10 feet high by 18 feet long. There are 150 figures represented upon it, those in the foreground being life-size. The picture is the largest in America and valued at \$75,000.

“In the distance to the left Mount Scopus is seen, and to the right Mount of Olives. Around the brow of Calvary are the scoffing and reviling enemies of Christ.

“The main representation of the picture being Christ, and here we have an entirely original idea, for the magnificent head and noble face command your immediate attention, but to more fully appreciate this noble form you will need to study the different expressions of the face, the look of agony, the tender and loving expression of the upturned eyes, and the half parted lips convey the idea that he is supplicating with the Creator for the forgiveness of His cruel persecutors. Although perfectly obvious to the surroundings, and with perfect resignation to his fate, the whole figure is suggestive of great majesty.

“The brutal figure, holding Him to the Cross, and looking with a triumphant and diabolical expression into our Savior's face while the other executioner is busily engaged in driving the last nail into the foot, shows us that the artist was an adept in his work.

“Near the foot of the cross attention is drawn

to the three Rabbis, the one in the crimson robe is Amos, one of the learned Rabbis; the one in the white robe is Joseph of Arimathea, watching the scene with a strange interest.

"Passing to the right of the cross the next striking figure is that of the fainting Mary Magdalene. You will here observe the complete relaxation of all the muscles, the dark circles around the mouth and eyes and deathly pallor of the face.

"The beloved disciple, John, with the golden hair, is seen whispering words of consolation to the grief-stricken mother. Close to her is Martha, with dark hair, and a little to the right, with clasped hands, is Mary of Bethany, while close by is Mary, the wife of Cleopas, and in close proximity is Simon of Cyrene, upon whom the bearing of the cross was laid.

"The figure at the back of John is the cautious Nicodemus with a few more followers of Christ. Close by are to be seen the Roman soldiers busily engaged in erecting one of the thieves upon the cross. We would call your attention to the figure upon the ladder as having completed his work and throwing down the rope.

"The figure upon the white horse is the centurion in charge of the executions, and in the act of issuing orders."

Mrs. Usher is now making her home with her daughter at No. 51 Palmerston avenue.

ANGUS CLAUDE MACDONELL, D.C.L., M.P., member for South Toronto, and a leading barrister of the city, is a member of one of the earliest and most prominent families of this section of Ontario.

The Macdonell family is of Scotch extraction, and was founded in Canada by Capt. Allan Macdonell, the great-grandfather of Angus Claude Macdonell, who was born in Glengarry, in the Highlands of Scotland, and came to the American Colonies prior to the outbreak of the American Revolution. In 1775, at the opening of that struggle, Capt. Allan Macdonell came to Canada as a U. E. Loyalist, settling in Glengarry County, Ont. Very soon thereafter he joined His Majesty's forces in Canada and returned to the United States to fight for the Crown. In 1783, at the close of the war, Captain Macdonell returned to Glengarry County, subsequently removing to Quebec, where he died. His wife, Helen McLean, was also of Scotch extraction. Of his children his sons, the late Alexander Macdonell, grandfather of the member for South Toronto, and the late Angus Macdonell, were prominent in Canada. Angus Macdonell was a well-known barrister in Toronto many years ago. He was treasurer of the Law Society for many years, and in 1804 was drowned, with other

members of the Bench and Bar of Ontario, when the schooner "Speedy" went down in Lake Ontario while making a trip from Toronto to Kingston. Angus Macdonell was Crown counsel and represented East York in the Old Parliament of Upper Canada. He was unmarried.

The late Hon. Alexander Macdonell was born in Scotland in 1762. When thirteen years of age he held a commission under the British Government in the war of the American Revolution, and with his father served throughout that struggle, at the end of which he returned to Glengarry County, Ont. He represented that county in 1792 in the First Parliament of Upper Canada, and was its first Speaker. At that time Parliament met at Niagara-on-the-Lake, then called Newark. In the war of 1812 Hon. Alexander Macdonell was paymaster-general of both the Volunteer and Imperial forces in Canada, and held the rank of lieutenant-colonel in connection with that war. In 1818 he settled in Toronto, where he died in 1844, and his wife in 1858. Her maiden name was Ann Smith, and her father, Colonel Smith, was at one time administrator of the Province. The adopted son of this couple, Col. John Macdonell, A.D.C., fell with Brock at Queenston Heights, and is buried with him under Brock's monument. The children of Hon. Alexander and Ann (Smith) Macdonell were: Allan, who was a prominent man in the thirties and forties in the settlement of the North-West, being agent for Lord Selkirk; James, deceased; Angus Duncan, deceased; Alexander, deceased, for many years clerk at Osgoode Hall; and Samuel S., K.C., of Toronto, formerly of Windsor, Ontario.

Of this family Angus Duncan Macdonell was the father of Angus Claude. He was born in Kingston in 1815, was for many years a well-known resident of Toronto, where he engaged in the brokerage business, and for years in the Internal Revenue Department at that place. He married Miss Pauline Rosalie DeLaHaye, whose father, John P. DeLaHaye, was appointed in 1829 by the British Government as French Classical Master at Upper Canada College, on the establishment of that College. Angus Duncan Macdonell died in Toronto in 1895, while Mrs. Macdonell survives him and resides in the city. To this union were born the following family: Helen; Henriette, wife of W. M. German, K.C., M.P., of Welland; John D., of Toronto; Angus Claude; Marie; Margaret, wife of L. M. Hayes, barrister at Peterboro'; and Major Archibald, D.S.O., D.A.A.G., of Halifax, Nova Scotia.

Angus Claude Macdonell was born in Toronto in 1861, and received his literary training under private instruction and in the model school. In 1881 he entered upon the study of



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law, and in 1886 was called to the Bar of Ontario, receiving in the same year from Trinity University the degree of B.C.L., and in 1902 the degree of D.C.L. Since 1886 Mr. Macdonell has been actively engaged in the practice of his profession in his native city. He has always taken an active interest in politics, being officially connected with organizations for the advancement of Conservative principles, and is an able political speaker. In 1904 the Conservative party in South Toronto nominated Mr. Macdonell to represent them in the Commons at Ottawa. When the votes were counted, on the eve of Nov. 4, 1904, Mr. Macdonell was found to have received a handsome majority over his Liberal opponent, Mr. H. H. Dewart, and since that time he has served as a member of Parliament to the entire satisfaction of his constituents.

JAMES WORTHINGTON, who died in Toronto Nov. 24, 1898, was one of the well-known men of Ontario, having been for many years engaged in contracting in this and other portions of Canada. Mr. Worthington was born in Staffordshire, England, in 1822, and at the age of five years was left an orphan. He remained in England until his eighteenth year, when he came to Canada, locating for a time at Kingston, and later at St. Mary's, where he owned a small farm, the cultivation of which was his first business venture. From St. Mary's he came to Toronto and embarked in the contracting business with his brother, John Worthington, and they built the old University building at Toronto, the John Macdonald block, and many other structures. They also erected the fortifications at Quebec. This partnership was later dissolved, and James Worthington continued in business alone. He had a contract on the Interecolonial Railway, and in company with A. P. McDonald built the Wellington Basin, at Montreal. Mr. Worthington also built the Canadian Pacific road from Pembroke to Sudbury. In 1886 he resumed his residence in Toronto and went into the bolt works, in which he continued until the end of his business life.

Mr. Worthington was twice married, his first wife being Hannah Shunn, by whom he had one child, J. C., now deceased, who left four children, Harry, Charles, Ida and Pearl. In 1859 Mr. Worthington married Caroline Hitchcock, daughter of John Hitchcock, who died in England. Mrs. Caroline Worthington passed away in 1905. Mr. Worthington was a member of the Church of England. In politics he was a Conservative, while fraternally he was connected with the Masons and the I.O.O.F.

JOHN TAYLOR MORSE, who died in Toronto, Aug. 17, 1868, was born at Black Rock,

near Buffalo, New York, in 1832, son of William Morse. When four years old he came with his parents to Toronto, where he was educated. Mr. Morse began his business life as a flour and feed merchant on Francis street, Toronto, and later went into the milling business at Tollendale, Barrie, Ont., also dealing in grain. In 1864, in company with two brothers, William Mills and George Dennis, under the firm name of Morse Bros., he engaged in feeding and shipping cattle to foreign markets, and in this he continued until his death.

In 1859 Mr. Morse and Miss Elizabeth Ann Helliwell, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Bright) Helliwell, were united in marriage. To this union were born five children: Frederick William, Frank Morton, Nellie Maude, Harry Victor and John Taylor. Mr. Morse was a member of the Church of England, to which his widow and family also belong. In his political sympathies he was a Reformer.

Frederick William Morse, born in Toronto in 1860, was married in 1902 to Margaret Elizabeth McBride. He was in the wholesale hardware business in Winnipeg until his death, Nov. 29, 1905; he left no issue.

Frank Morton Morse, born in Tollendale in 1861, is now one of the largest shareholders in the Miller-Morse Hardware Company, Limited, Winnipeg, Man. He was married Aug. 22, 1888, to Ella Ruth Cummings, of Birtle, Man., and they have four children, Stanley Cummings, Gerald Frederick, Eric David and Garth.

Nellie Maude Morse, born in Maitland, Ont., in 1865, was married July 28, 1885, to Harton Walker, son of John Gardiner Walker and grandson of Robert Walker, and they have five children, John Harold, Madeleine, Dorothy, Evelyn Noel and Alan Morse.

Harry Victor Morse, born in Toronto in 1866, is now in the hardware and lumber business in Swan River, Man. In June, 1893, he was married to Elise Douglas, and they have one son, John Douglas.

John Taylor Morse, born in Toronto in 1868, was drowned in Toronto Bay June 12, 1884.

JESSE FRANCIS BYAM, who lived retired at his home No. 87 Homewood avenue, Toronto, until his death Dec. 8, 1906, was for many years a teacher and a business man in Ontario, and after 1883 an esteemed resident of Toronto. He was born at Lyon's Creek, near Niagara Falls, Ont., Aug. 14, 1826.

The Byam family originated in Wales, and was founded in the United States by the grandfather of our subject, who died in the State of Vermont. His daughter married and settled in New York State. One of his three sons, Jesse,

also settled in Vermont, and one died there; and the third, John Wesley, became the father of Jesse Francis.

John Wesley Byam was born and educated in Vermont, and there entered the ministry of the Methodist Episcopal Church. In 1810 he came to Canada as a missionary, and settled in the County of Welland. Later, he was one of the "original seven" who held true and loyal to the Methodist Episcopal Church at the time of the division, in 1828. His whole life was spent in religious work, and his peaceful death took place in Manchester, Reach township. Those were the days when the preacher, with saddle-bags on horseback, took a whole month to get once around his circuit, and he did this for years. He married Miss Joanna Buehner, daughter of Lieut.-Col. Henry Buchner, an U. E. Loyalist, and an officer in the British army during the war of the Revolution and in the war of 1812, his death following the latter struggle in the County of Welland. The children born to the Rev. John W. Byam and his wife were: Sarah Ann, Joanna, George, Eliza J., Jesse F., Henry, Charles Frederick, Mary Ann and William, of whom Sarah Ann (in her eighty-ninth year), Joanna (in her eighty-seventh year) and Henry (in his seventy-ninth year) are the only survivors.

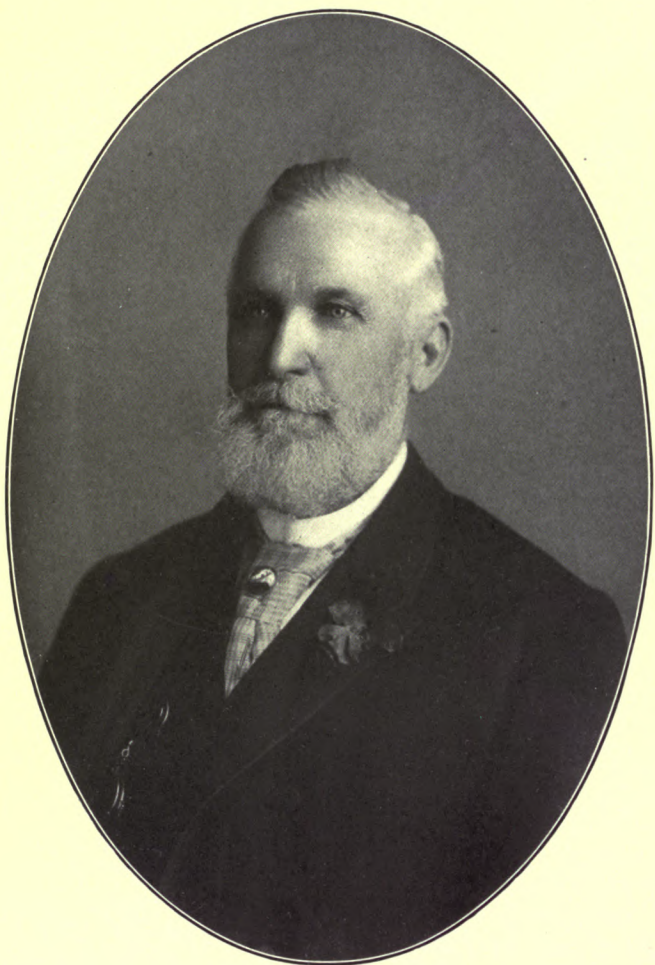
Jesse Francis Byam was educated in the schools of his native place and in the Toronto Normal. He then taught school for eight years, after that entering into the mercantile business at Canifton, in which he continued for four years. Mr. Byam then made a visit to Australia, where he spent four years in mercantile and mining pursuits, and after his return settled in Minnesota, where he served in public office as coroner and as magistrate. From 1861 to 1865 he was a soldier in the Civil war in the States as a member of the 2nd Independent Battery, Minnesota Volunteer Light Artillery. In one engagement Mr. Byam had charge of the battery, and at his own request went in first on the "double run." While Mr. Byam was in the army it was an anxious time for his wife, as, in addition to her fears for her husband, the Indians got on the warpath and were massacring the whites wherever they dared to make a raid. In reality they were nine miles from the Byam home, but the wildest rumors were rife, and the greatest alarm and confusion prevailed, as many believed them to be in the woods near Buffalo (Minnesota). Families hastily collecting a few household goods met in Buffalo, and there erected what protection they could against the expected attack. After their fears were somewhat quieted by the non-appearance of the Indians—and yet not knowing what they might expect—the settlers, who were mostly old men and

young boys unfit for war, and the women, gathered together what they thought most needful, and drove or walked nine miles to the nearest town, Monticello. Although unwilling to leave her home, Mrs. Byam, with a baby a few weeks old and three older children, was obliged, as she could not get any one brave enough to stay with her, to go, too. After staying there a month, she and her family went to her sister Louisa's (Mrs. John Frank), whose husband was also in the army, with whom she stayed a month, and then rented a house in Rochester, Minnesota, where she remained until Mr. Byam returned from the war, he being discharged on account of illness. When they returned to their farm they found all their stock—cattle and forty hogs—destroyed or lost. Two years later they returned to Canada, and Mr. Byam became a merchant and miller in the township of Caledon, County Peel, remaining there about twenty-five years, and being one of the most prominent men in the locality. In 1883 he retired from active business life and settled in Toronto.

On Aug. 2, 1849, Mr. Byam was married to Miss Adeline McCurdy, who was born in Belleville, Ont., Aug. 16, 1827, daughter of Jonathan and Mary (Frank) McCurdy. The children born to Mr. and Mrs. Byam were as follows: Adelaide, deceased, married Robert Johnson; Charles, deceased, married Mary Edith Ramsay, and left five children, Mildred, Otto, Francis, Percy and Charles M.; Carrie L. is the widow of Dr. George Mark, of Mt. Pleasant, Ont.; Fremont R., of Toronto, married Annie Ramsay, and has two sons, Jesse Fremont Howard and Manly Frederick Maleom; and Manly George Washington, of New York, married Carrie Lemon, and has one daughter, Dorcas May. Mrs. Byam is a leading member of the Methodist Church, to which her husband also belonged. In politics Mr. Byam was a Reformer. Fraternally he was a member of the Masons, the Orangemen and the Royal Black Knights.

Mr. and Mrs. Byam celebrated their Golden Wedding in 1899, at their home, No. 87 Homewood avenue, gathering around them their children and grandchildren, and many other relatives as well. On Nov. 23, 1906, Mr. Byam attended the silver wedding anniversary of his son, Fremont Russell Byam, and there gave an after dinner speech, describing his trip of that summer through the Western States to Nebraska, via Lakes Huron and Superior, returning by way of Montreal up the St. Lawrence river through the Thousand Islands to Toronto.

Mr. Byam died suddenly at his late home, Dec. 8, 1906. He had been unusually well and cheerful when he retired the night before, but quietly passed away, from heart trouble, before morn-



J. B. BOUSTEAD.

ing. His sons and grandsons acted as pallbearers at his funeral, and the services were conducted by Dr. Cleaver and the Rev. George Jackson, B.A. Interment was made in Mount Pleasant cemetery under the direction of the Orangemen.

Samuel McCurdy, paternal grandfather of Mrs. Byam, was of Scotch descent, and was born in Freeman, County of Antrim, Ireland. Being a gentleman's son, he was educated for the law, after which he emigrated to the United States, settling in New Hampshire, where he owned an extensive cattle ranch (which was looked after by a manager). In his younger days he was one of the renowned Green Mountain Boys. His mother's brother, Stuart Barrey, was Governor of Pennsylvania. Samuel McCurdy was the father of seven children: Jonathan; James, who remained on the New England homestead; Joanna (Mrs. Joshua Smith) and Sarah (Mrs. George Ferman, who also came to Canada; and Mrs. Henman, Mrs. Bailey and Mrs. Brown, who remained in the United States.

Jonathan McCurdy, son of Samuel and father of Mrs. Byam, was born May 24, 1801, in Surrey, New Hampshire, and became a prominent general merchant at Belleville, settling there when not more than twenty-five houses made up the village. In 1841, he and three others were elected as a board of police to manage the affairs of the village until 1850, when it was incorporated as a town. In 1851 Mr. McCurdy was appointed deputy reeve and he continued a member of the council and as magistrate up to his death in 1856. On Dec. 23, 1822, he married Mary Frank, born at Williamsburg, Oct. 14, 1800, daughter of William Frank, and they had children: Gordon, Charles, George, Russell, James, Mrs. Byam, Margaret, Maretta, William, Louisa and Helen.

William Frank, father of Mary (Frank) McCurdy, was born on the ocean during the voyage of his parents, natives of Wurtemberg, Germany, to the United States. Refusing to take up arms against England in the Rebellion of the Thirteen Colonies in 1776, he became what was afterward known as an U. E. Loyalist, and received grants of land in Canada from the British Crown. He married Margaret Miller, who was born of English descent in Albany, New York, a daughter of wealthy parents who owned considerable property in and around Albany. They, too, were loyal to the King, and were forced to leave their home. They buried their gold under the barn, built rafts and floated down the Hudson river to a place of safety. During this primitive voyage, they suffered many hardships and were threatened by hostile Indians, but finally without loss of life reached a British post. When

peace was declared they returned to find their home and barns destroyed and everything lost. They then moved to Williamsburg to begin life afresh. Later he sold this farm, and moved to Caledon township, County Peel, where he built a grist mill, a sawmill and a brewery. His house, which is still standing and in the family, was then one of the finest and largest for miles around.

JAMES B. BOUSTEAD was born in Carlisle, England, in 1832, only son of Thomas and Edwena (Bell) Boustead. His father came to Canada in 1832, and settled at Newtonbrook, township of York. He died the following year.

At the age of twenty-one Mr. Boustead began his business life by entering the employ of Messrs. John Macdonald & Co., wholesale dry goods merchants, with whom he remained for one year. The following five years were spent in managing a large milling and general business at Hillsburg, Wellington county. In 1859 he returned to Toronto, where he engaged in the wholesale provision business till the year 1874, after which he conducted a prosperous fire insurance business. He was also an official Assinee and Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

Mr. Boustead was elected to a seat in the city council in 1865, representing what was then St. David's Ward, and after the increase in the number of wards took place he represented St. James' Ward till 1897. He has been chairman of all the most important committees of the city council, notably, the Fire, Water, Gas, Water Works, Executive, and Claims Commissions committees. He was instrumental in reorganizing the fire department, and he established the fire alarm system. Through his efforts the city obtained the charter by which the present water works were built, thus supplying pure water for the city.

Mr. Boustead also took an active interest in educational matters, and was a member of the high school board. Nor did he take a less interest in military affairs. He was one of the first members of the "Queen's Own," and soon received his commission as lieutenant. He was present at Ridgeway in command of his company, and retired with the rank of captain. In church work Mr. Boustead was an old pioneer. He was superintendent of Yorkville Sunday-school from 1866 to 1878, and of the Metropolitan school from 1878 to 1891; also of the Sabbath School at what was then known as the "John McDonald" church, now "North Toronto." He also held the office of trustee and steward in the Central Methodist church, an office which he filled in the Metropolitan church when a member of it. For years Mr. Boustead was choir-

master of the old Adelaide street church, and of Bloor street, now Central, church, and for eleven years was connected with the Toronto Philharmonic Society, being vice-president, then president. Recognizing the truth of the adage, however, that "All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy," he encouraged all kinds of honest, healthy amateur sport, and was president of the first bicycle club in this country, also first president of the Canadian Wheelmen's Association. He was for years a member of the Toronto Lacrosse Club.

The cause of temperance always found an ardent supporter in Mr. Boustead, and during his work he had taken six hundred pledges. He gallantly fought for the cause in the city council when the question of reducing the number of licenses was under discussion.

Mr. Boustead was married, in 1856, to Miss Isabella Jane Griffith, of this city. He died April 11th, 1902. Surviving him are his widow, a son, Fred W., of the City Treasurer's Department, and a daughter, Mrs. A. Russell Clarke.

"A man of broad sympathies, genial manners and untiring energies, many movements for the advancement of life in the community in some form or other benefited by his labor and patronage."

THOMAS E. CANNON, JR. The firm of T. Cannon & Son, contractors, is probably one of the best known in the Dominion on account of the length of time in which it has been in business and because of the size and importance of the contracts accepted and carried out by it.

Thomas E. Cannon, Sr., the founder of the business and father of Thomas E. Cannon, of Toronto, was born in Kent, England, in 1844, and grew to manhood in that place. There he became engaged in the contracting business as foreman for a railway company, and did similar work at Manchester and London. In 1870 he left his native country for the United States, and settling in Chicago was in that city at the time of the great fire in 1871. Immediately after the fire he was engaged with a large contracting firm in the rebuilding of the burnt district. In 1873 Mr. Cannon located in Toronto, and a short time later engaged with Lionel Yorke, a well-known contractor, with whom he remained until that gentleman's death, in 1890. In this connection Mr. Cannon had considerable to do with the erection of St. Andrew's Church, and at the time of Mr. Yorke's death they were engaged in the erection of the Parliament building, Queen's Park, Toronto. They also built the present McConkey building, King street west; the Presbyterian church, Denison avenue and Woolsley street; the street railway barns, corner of George

and Front streets; Bank of Montreal building, Front and Yonge streets; Standard Bank building, Jordan and Wellington streets; and the Quebec Bank building, Toronto and King streets.

Thomas E. Cannon, Jr., present proprietor of the firm of T. Cannon & Son, is a native of London, England, born in 1867. He was educated in Chicago and Toronto, and his entire business life has been spent in the latter city, engaged in contracting. In 1879 he engaged with his father and Mr. Lionel Yorke, but in 1887 he went into business on his own account. Among the buildings he erected were the Gas Company building at the Bathurst Bridge; the Chalmers church, 1888-89; property in New Toronto; and the tower on the George Street Methodist church, Peterboro. In 1892 father and son engaged in business together and since then the following important structures have been erected by them: Walmer Road Baptist church; residence of the late Mr. Pratt, corner of St. George and Bloor streets; the American Watch Case Company building; Imperial Bank, head office, Toronto; the bridge over the Highland creek for York county: the Lawler building, King and Yonge streets; and the Trinity College School, Port Hope, Ont. A short time after the partnership was formed, Mr. T. E. Cannon, Jr., took charge of the entire business, and since that time has been the owner and sole proprietor thereof. The firm name has remained the same, however, and Mr. Cannon, Sr., still devotes his time and experience toward the welfare of the business. He has superintended the erection of a number of buildings, among them being the Bank of Commerce and the Imperial Bank, both of Toronto: the Hospital building at Lindsay, Ont.; the Canada Foundry buildings at Davenport, Ont.; and the residence of D. D. Mann, Esq., at East Toronto.

The rapid growth of the business made it necessary for the firm to have better accommodations than the former location offered, and in consequence, in 1905, they purchased the present place, No. 75 Brock avenue, where they have a large yard, furnished with proper machinery for handling heavy matter. They also have a private siding, thus affording ample facilities for the handling of all material used by them in their extensive business interests.

JOHN RIDOUT, who departed this life Sept. 1, 1894, was born in Toronto, May 8, 1806, son of Samuel and Elizabeth (Parsons) Ridout. The family is a very old one in Toronto, and its history reaches far back into the old country as well. The first authentic record of the Ridouts is in the College of Arms, London, where a coat

of arms was granted, in 1531, to one Thomas Ridout, of the Point of Hensbridge, in Somerset. The Ridouts were principally in Blandford and Sherbourne, Dorset, after the latter of which Sherbourne street, Toronto, was named by Mr. Thomas Gibbs Ridout, son of the Hon. Thomas Ridout, surveyor-general of Upper Canada, who founded the family in the New World.

Samuel Ridout, the father of John Ridout, was a son of the Hon. Thomas Ridout, and was born at Hancock, Maryland, in 1778. He married Elizabeth Parsons, and they had children: John; Samuel George; Thomas; and five daughters.

After completing his literary studies John Ridout read law, and practised for a few years in conjunction with his duties as deputy registrar of the County of York. He was appointed registrar of the County of York in 1855, filling that position until a short time prior to his death. About the time of the outbreak of the rebellion of 1837-38 he organized a company of militia, of which he was captain; they were stationed at Niagara, guarding the border line. Mr. Ridout was all his life a member of St. James' Church. In 1839 he married Charlotte B. Powell, who was born in "Muddy York" (Toronto), March 15, 1814, and now resides at No. 250 Rusholme road. Mrs. Ridout is probably the oldest native-born resident of Toronto. With the exception of a slight deafness she is in possession of all her faculties, and her mind is as clear as ever. She has seen many changes in the community, and her reminiscences of early days are very interesting and told in a pleasing and entertaining way. Mrs. Ridout is a daughter of Dr. Grant and Elizabeth (Bleeker) Powell, the former of whom was born in England May 4, 1779, and died in January, 1838. He was inspector of the hospitals from Montreal to Niagara. His wife was a native of Albany, New York.

John Ridout and his wife had the following children: Elizabeth Harriet, who married John W. Langmuir, and had children; Charlotte, unmarried; Violet, who married Mr. Gwyn Francis, and has one daughter; and J. Grant, of the Assistant Receiver General's Department, Toronto, who married Alice Callighen, of Barrie, and has no children.

WILLIAM MACLEAN, who passed away at his late residence, at No. 3 Nassau street, Toronto, April 24, 1898, was very well known in business circles in the Queen City. He was born in Scotland in the year 1847, son of William Maclean, a well-known business man of Toronto, now retired.

Mr. Maclean received his literary training in his native country, being about thirteen years of

age when he came to Canada. When he was sixteen we find him connected with the Bank of Montreal, with which institution he remained for thirteen years, holding the position of teller for some time prior to his resignation. On Dec. 27, 1870, while still connected with the Bank of Montreal, Mr. Maclean was united in marriage with Miss Mary B. Stephens, daughter of the late Moore and May (Gibbons) Stephens, natives of Ireland. To this union were born eight children. After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Maclean resided in St. Mary's for three years, and thence he went to Brockville and later to Toronto, where he became the inspector for the Union Loan & Savings Company, of that city. Mr. Maclean had been with this company but a short time when he became teller, a position he held until the spring of 1898, when he resigned to go into the real estate business. He had scarcely become settled in his new business at the time of his death.

For many years an official member of St. Stephen's Church, of Toronto, Mr. Maclean was a man well known and highly esteemed. He was much interested in curling, and was a prominent member of the Victoria Curling Club, of Toronto.

EDWARD DACK (deceased). Probably no business house in Toronto is better known than that of R. Dack, at No. 73 King street west, the present owner of the establishment being of the third generation of the family to carry on the same business in the same place.

The Dack family is of Irish extraction, and was founded in Canada by Matthew Dack, who was born in Ireland in 1786, and there married Lucy Norman, a native of Stradbally, Ireland. In 1834 Matthew Dack and his family of five children came to Canada, and after spending two years in Kingston settled in 1836 in Toronto. Here Mr. Dack founded the boot and shoe business subsequently carried on by his son, Edward Dack, and now by his grandson, Robert Bower Dack. In Ireland Matthew Dack had been a hardware merchant, but after coming to Canada devoted himself to the shoe business, in which he continued until his death, in 1842. His children were: Catherine, deceased; Ann; Dr. Thomas, deceased; William, deceased; and Edward.

On the death of his father Edward Dack succeeded to the business, which he carried on until about 1884, when he retired. His son Robert succeeded him, and still conducts the business. Edward Dack was born in Ireland in 1813, and was there educated, coming to Canada with the family in 1834. His entire business life was spent as a shoe merchant in Toronto, where he

died in 1899. In Toronto, in 1849, Mr. Daek and Miss Jane Bower Nixon were united in marriage. Mrs. Daek was born in Dublin in 1822 and died in Toronto in 1889. She was a daughter of Thomas Nixon, a wholesale merchant of Dublin, where he died in 1829. His wife was Kate Bower, who also died in Dublin, Ireland, and who was the elder daughter of Sir James Bower, of Yorkshire, England, a captain in the Honorable East India Company's service; their vessels were half merchantmen and half armed cruisers. To Edward and Jane Bower (Nixon) Daek were born: Edward, of the United States, married Olive Wooldridge, by whom he had two children; Emily, the wife of Frederick B. Wilson, of Chiswick, England, has three children; Robert, who succeeded his father to the shoe business, married (first) Minnie Sinclair, by whom he had five children, and (second) Mary Oldham, by whom he had one son; Miss Lucy, of No. 24 Grosvenor street, Toronto; and Clara, the wife of Alfred Effingham Mason, of Toronto, has one daughter.

Mr. Daek was a member of the Church of England, and in politics he was a Conservative. He also associated with the York Pioneers. Mr. Daek built the house at No. 11 Grosvenor street, where he lived for thirty-five years.

THOMAS C. MITCHELL was born in Newmarket, County York, in 1859, and died in Toronto in 1902, from injuries received in a fall from one of the buildings at the Exposition Grounds.

John and Minerva (Mosier) Mitchell, his parents, were born in Scotland and Canada, respectively, the latter a daughter of Thomas Freeman Mosier and Nancy Ann (McNulty) Mosier. John Mitchell came to Canada when a young man, settling in Newmarket, where he became well known as the proprietor of the "Mitchell House," conducting that hostelry for many years. He and his wife still reside there. To them the following named children were born: Thomas C.; Harriet Henrietta Gibson; Minerva, now Mrs. Thomas Little, of Detroit; and John.

Thomas C. Mitchell received his education at Newmarket, going to school to the late Alexander Muir. On reaching his majority he entered the employ of the Grand Trunk Railway Company, remaining with that company for seven years, at the end of which time he took up the structural iron business, working under the direction of the Dominion Bridge Company. In this connection he was engaged on the iron work in the City Hall, the Parliament Building, the "King Edward Hotel," the store of the Robert Simpson Company (by whom he was twice engaged), the *Globe* building, the *Mail*

building, the armories, etc., including many of the most substantial structures in the city. It was while thus engaged that Mr. Mitchell fell forty-five feet from the Transportation building, in the Exposition Grounds, receiving injuries which soon proved fatal. He was very well known in Toronto, particularly in the line of his work, and was a member of the International Architectural and Structural Iron Workers' Union No. 23. Cheerful and liberal in disposition, he was well liked wherever known, and he was a citizen highly respected by all.

In 1884 Mr. Mitchell and Miss Joanna Pennoek were united in marriage by the late Robert Wallace. She was born in Markham township, County of York, in 1854, daughter of John and Charlotte (Vallier) Pennoek, who were likewise born in the County of York. Truman Pennoek, Mrs. Mitchell's grandfather, was born in Strafford, Vermont, and was among the early settlers of York. He married Catherine Badgero, who was born in the town of Cambridge, New York State. John Pennoek, Mrs. Mitchell's father, followed farming during his active life, and now lives retired in Toronto. His wife, who passed away in 1902, was a descendant of a distinguished French family. She was noted for her fondness for poetry and music, her great love for nature, and her piety. Kind to her neighbors, unselfish, cheerful under great trials, she was beloved by all and the devoted friend and confidant of her children. She left the following family: Mrs. Mitchell. Mrs. Painter, Angus, Truman, Joseph, Willis and Bernard.

To Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell were born: John, Charlotte and Myrtle. Mr. Mitchell attended the Presbyterian Church. He was a Conservative in political matters. Mrs. Mitchell resides at present at No. 311 Markham street.

ROBERT COLIN GWATKIN, who died in Toronto in 1889, was born in Clifton, England, in 1819, son of William Gwatkin and grandson of Robert Lovell Gwatkin, both of whom died in England.

Robert Lovell Gwatkin's home was in Wales, and his wife, "Offie" Palmer, whom he married in 1781, was a favorite niece of Sir Joshua Reynolds. On page 97 in the "Life of Sir Joshua Reynolds" is found: "Early in that year (1781) his niece 'Offie' Palmer married Richard (sic—should be Robert) Lovell Gwatkin, a Cornish squire; the marriage took place at Torrington. There is a charming letter of Sir Joshua's written on this occasion to his favorite niece; it finishes thus: 'That you may be as happy as you both deserve is my wish, and you will be the happiest couple in England. So God bless you.'" Offie (Palmer) Gwatkin lived

happily with her husband, and died at the age of ninety; she was permitted to see her children's grandchildren.

William Gwatkin, son of Robert Lovell and Offie, died at the untimely age of twenty-nine, and his little son Robert Colin went to his grandfather's home.

Robert C. Gwatkin came to Toronto at the age of sixteen years. He learned the grocery business under Mr. Moore, afterward Perkins & Co., now Perkins & Ince, Mr. William Ince, Sr., learning his business at the same time. Mr. Gwatkin went into the grocery business on King street east, opposite St. Lawrence market. He continued in business there until the great fire which destroyed that part of the city, and soon after he went to the United States and engaged in business in Green Bay, Wisconsin. From there he went to Vicksburg, Mississippi, remaining until the close of the Civil war. In 1865 he returned to Toronto, and resumed the grocery business on Edward street, later moving to the corner of King and Bay streets, where he engaged in printing, finally removing the business to the corner of Bay and Wellington streets, where he remained until his death.

In 1843 Mr. Gwatkin married Miss Mary Theresa Todd, born in England, daughter of William and Sarah (Brown) Todd. Mrs. Gwatkin was born in 1818, and died in 1899. This marriage was blessed with the following children: Robert, of Toronto; Clara Theresa, who married Robert H. Verrall, a native of England, who came to Canada when a young man (in politics a Conservative, in religion a communicant of the Church of England, and in fraternal connection a member of the Sons of England); William Henry, who resides in Toronto; John, of Ohio; Lucy T., deceased; Sarah, Mrs. Bailey of "The Soo" (American); George St. John, of Toronto; and Beatrice, of Toronto. Mr. Gwatkin was a member of the Church of England. In his political sympathies he was a Conservative.

HENRY JOHN BOULTON, who passed away in the Queen City in 1876, was a native of Toronto, born in 1826, son of the late Chief Justice Henry Boulton, for some time Chief Justice of Newfoundland. Justice Boulton was a native of England and was there educated. On coming to Canada he was for a time a resident of Toronto, from which place he went to Newfoundland, accepting the position of Chief Justice, but later returning to Toronto, where he died.

Henry John Boulton was educated at Upper Canada College and at Trinity University. He read law in Toronto, and followed the profession successfully for a short time, afterward

turning his attention to modern farming. He owned a large tract in the township of Moulton, and here he introduced into Canada the tile system of land draining, which has proved so valuable to the rural districts. Mr. Boulton's home was known as "Humberford," and was located near Thistledown, this property, one of the beautiful spots of Canada, being also drained with tile. After some ten years spent here Mr. Boulton returned to Toronto, where he lived practically retired until his death.

In 1852 Henry John Boulton married Miss Rudyerd, daughter of Henry Rudyerd, an officer in the British army. Henry Rudyerd came with his regiment to Canada prior to the Rebellion of 1837-38, and here received his discharge from military service. At the outbreak of the Rebellion, however, he offered his services to his country, and on cessation of hostilities settled in Toronto for a time, whence he returned to England, and there died.

To Mr. and Mrs. Boulton were born the following children: Henry Rudyerd, of the Bank of Montreal at Brockville; Reginald Rudyerd, of Toronto; Constance Rudyerd; Elizabeth Rudyerd; Wolfrid Rudyerd; and Marion Rudyerd. Mr. Boulton was a member of the Church of England, to which faith the family adheres. In politics he was a Conservative.

JAMES S. McMURRAY, who died in Toronto in 1895, was for many years a well-known barrister of that city. He was born at Dundas, Ont., in 1840, son of Rev. William and Charlotte (Johnstone) McMurray, the former a native of Ireland, and the latter of Canada, daughter of John Johnstone, who settled in Canada many years ago.

Rev. William McMurray was born in Ireland in 1810, and was the founder of the family in Canada, coming here when a year old. He was Missionary of the Church of England, at Sault Ste. Marie, for some time, later at Dundas, and for thirty-six years at Niagara. At his death he was archdeacon of Niagara.

James S. McMurray was educated at Dundas and Hamilton, and then entered the law offices of Cameron & Harman, where he pursued his legal studies. He was called to the Bar in 1863, and settled down to practice in Toronto, where he was actively engaged until his death. In addition to his legal practice, Mr. McMurray filled a number of prominent public positions, both local and international. He was an alderman for some time, was secretary to the Hon. George Brown at a conference in Washington, D.C., in 1872, and at the time of his death was vice-consul to Norway and Sweden. Mr. McMurray was instrumental in building the new Home for

the Protestant Orphans on Dovercourt road, Toronto, and was interested in all movements for good of present and future generations.

In 1864 Mr. McMurray married Elizabeth Fuller, daughter of the late Right Rev. Thomas Broek Fuller, Bishop of Niagara, and his wife, Cynthia (Street) Fuller, the latter of United Empire Loyalist ancestry. Rev. Thomas Broek Fuller was a son of Major Thomas Richard Fuller, of the 41st Regiment, who came to Canada with his regiment, settling in Kingston. The Rev. Mr. Fuller was born in 1810, and after being educated at "Little York" and Chambly, Quebec, was located at Montreal for some time as curate in the parish church. He then went to Chatham and Thorold, and in 1860 located in Toronto, and was consecrated Bishop of Niagara in 1875. His death occurred in Hamilton in 1884. His children were: Mrs. MacLeod; Mrs. McMurray; Mrs. Benson; and six sons.

Mrs. McMurray was born in Thorold in 1843, and her entire life has been spent in Canada. To Mr. and Mrs. McMurray were born six children, as follows: Leonard L., of Toronto; Arthur, deceased; Louis S., of Toronto; James S., of Toronto; Elizabeth Street; and Douglas S., of Winnipeg. The family are members of the Church of England. Mr. McMurray was a Conservative.

ALEXANDER A. MACKID, who died at No. 168 Dowling avenue, Toronto, March 30, 1904, was born March 30, 1854, in Goderich, Ont., son of the Rev. A. Mackid, B.A., who was born in Scotland, and who came to Canada when a young man, founding the family in this country—the only family of the name in the Dominion.

Rev. A. Mackid was a well-known Presbyterian clergyman of Goderich for many years, in which place he died. His wife, whose maiden name was Julia Brown, was born in Goderich, daughter of the late George Brown, of Goderich, a native of England, where he had been a large ship owner. The children of Rev. A. and Julia (Brown) Mackid were as follows: Alexander A.; John M., deceased; Dr. H. Goodsir, of Calgary; and Percy, deceased. The Mackids of Canada descend from one of the first families of Scotland, and since locating in the Dominion have manifested the same strong characteristics for which their Scottish ancestors were noted.

Alexander A. Mackid was educated at Goderich and Kingston. His business life was begun in the Bank of Commerce at Goderich, with the late Hon. A. M. Ross, and he was affiliated with the bank for sixteen years. In 1891 Mr. Mackid settled in Toronto and was associated with

the Dominion Permanent & Loan Company, and the Western Loan & Investment Company of Montreal. Later he became inspector for the Trust & Guarantee Company, of Toronto, a position which he filled until his death. Mr. Mackid's business relations made him well known throughout Canada, and there were none more highly esteemed.

On Sept. 14, 1873, Mr. Mackid married Miss Mary Victoria McKay, who was born in Hamilton, daughter of the late Rev. W. E. McKay, B.A., and Angelina (Lockwood) McKay. Rev. W. E. McKay was educated in Kingston and Toronto, and spent his life as a Presbyterian minister in Canada. He died at Orangeville June 4, 1885, and there his widow still resides. Mrs. Angelina (Lockwood) McKay is a daughter of the late Colonel Lockwood, a United Empire Loyalist, who came to the Dominion from the United States, about the time of the American Revolution.

To Alexander A. and Mary Victoria (McKay) Mackid were born four children: Percy John Digby, an electrical engineer of Toronto; Harry Aitchey Walter, accountant in the Metropolitan Bank, Queen street west, Toronto; Ruth, who is the wife of Percy H. Kane, accountant at the Bank of Ottawa, at Toronto, Ont.; and Mary, now finishing her course of music in New York City.

Mrs. Mackid is a Daughter of the Empire (as are also her daughters) and a member of the U. E. Loyalists. Her sons are affiliated with the I.O.O.F. In religion the family are members of the Church of England. Mr. Mackid was a Conservative in politics. In fraternal matters he was connected with the Commercial Travelers' Association, the I.O.O.F., the Royal Arcanum, the A.O.U.W., and the Mutual Reserve Assurance Company, of New York. He was a man highly respected by all who knew him, for his business ability, his irreproachable integrity and many other sterling qualities appreciated by those who had dealings with him. His remains rest in the Goderich cemetery, beside those of his parents.

REV. JOHN DUNN DINNICK, D.D., was born in England in 1841, and his death occurred in Toronto in 1901, taking from that city one of its most highly esteemed Christian gentlemen. Dr. Dinnick was the son of Thomas and Mary (Dunn) Dinnick, the former of whom was in the Civil Service in England for many years, and was well-to-do and well known in his native country. There his son, John Dunn Dinnick, was educated, attending the public schools and colleges, and having decided upon the ministry as a life profession, he prepared for the practice

thereof and received the degree of Doctor of Divinity. For a quarter of a century Dr. Dinnick was a Methodist minister in some of the leading churches of England, among which may be mentioned churches at London, Brighton and Ramsgate. At Aldershot he built the Rotunda Church, and the Soldiers' Home, and he also built churches at Reigate, Redhill, Farnham and Guildford. On account of failing health the Doctor's physician advised him to make a trip to Canada, in accordance with which he toured the country for seven months, and returned to England, resuming his position at Brighton. On continuing his work the Doctor soon found that his health required a second trip to Canada, and he spent some months in this country, again returning to his native land, where he remained for four years. He then came with his family to Toronto, where he lived until his death.

Dr. Dinnick was devoted to his work as a minister of the Gospel, and ever gave his hearty support to all church movements and reforms for the betterment of his fellowmen. He preached in nearly every pastorate church in the city, and thus became well and widely known and most highly esteemed. Dr. Dinnick was well known as a writer on theological topics, his contributions being printed by some of the leading magazines, and in both his writings and sermons his arguments were logical and convincing.

Dr. Dinnick married Miss Charlotte M. Savery, a native of Cornwall, England, and daughter of William and Martha (Bowden) Savery, the former a large land owner and one of the leading men in financial circles of Cornwall, where both he and his wife died. To Dr. and Mrs. Dinnick were born the following children: John Ernest, who died in England at the age of twenty-one years; Augustus George, manager of the Casualty and Boiler Insurance Company, of Toronto; Wilfrid S., manager and vice-president of the Standard Loan Company, and also vice-president of the Casualty and Boiler Insurance Company; Rev. Samuel Dunn, pastor of Zion Methodist Church of Toronto; Oswald T., M.D.; Miss Annie S., at home; D. Vincent; and Theodore, deceased.

Mrs. Dinnick and her daughter, Annie, reside on Clinton avenue, Deer Park.

HENRY LIDDELL VERCOE, M.D., whose death took place at Toronto in July, 1885, was an eminent physician and belonged to an honorable Canadian family of English extraction. His father was John Vercoe, and his mother was a sister of Capt. James Liddell, of the Royal Navy. John Vercoe came from England to Canada and settled at Sparta, near St. Thomas,

where he engaged in farming and where he and his wife died.

Dr. Vercoe had only common-school advantages in his youth, and to make his way through medical college he was obliged to exert all his energies. He succeeded in graduating with his degree from McGill University in May, 1868, and had the satisfaction of carrying off the chief prize. He settled at Sparta in practice for two years, and then removed to Seaforth, where he remained until on account of failing health he went to Texas. While there he was urged to accept a position as member of the faculty of a college, but this honor he was obliged to decline on account of delicate health. He returned North in 1884 and died the following year—a loss to family and friends and to a profession which he was fitted to adorn.

Dr. Vercoe married Phoebe Bristol, daughter of Coleman Bristol, who belongs to a fine old English family which settled in the United States prior to the American Revolution and when trouble arose joined the United Empire Loyalists, subsequently coming to Canada and settling on the Bay of Quinte. At the close of the war they took up a large body of hush land, which they cleared, making a fine home here. The paternal grandfather of Mrs. Vercoe married Elsie Ellsworth and their children were: John, Norris, Joel, Coleman, Elizabeth, Susan and Elsie.

Coleman Bristol was born on the Bay of Quinte in 1796. He took part in the war of 1812, during which he was a sentinel at Wolf Island. He became possessed of 300 acres of land, and died on his home in 1886. He married Katie Way, and they had children as follows: Caroline; Dr. Amos, deceased; Sarah; Mary; Catherine; James; Louis; and Phoebe. Mrs. Vercoe.

The following children were born to Dr. Vercoe and wife: Gertrude is the wife of Archie McLean, grandson of Chief Justice McLean, and they have two sons, Archie and Duart; Frank is deceased; Augusta is the wife of Herbert Townsend, Rossland, and has two daughters, Dorothy and Helen; Harold, of Winnipeg, married Helen McKechnie, and has one daughter.

The late Frank Vercoe, whose young life was sacrificed in South Africa, was a brilliant young man, a civil engineer, and at the time of death was in the path of duty following an honorable career. He was graduated at the Royal Military College, Kingston, where he received the gold medal in appreciation of his scholarship. For a short time he was with the Canadian Pacific Railway Company and in various positions testified to his professional skill.

In 1900 he took advantage of a chance to go to South Africa, where he was at the time of the Boer war, and after its close he was made acting resident engineer at Bloemfontein. In his death Canada mourned the loss of one of her most valued sons.

COL. SALTER M. JARVIS. The late Lieut.-Col. Salter Mountain Jarvis was born at Cornwall in 1844, son of the late George Stephen Jarvis, judge of the County of Stormont for nearly fifty years. He entered Trinity College, receiving a liberal education, prior to which he was for years a pupil of Upper Canada College. He then became a student of law, but for some years did not devote himself to the practice of his profession. He began his active military career as a sergeant in Trinity's College Company of the Queen's Own Rifles, and saw service with that famous corps at Ridgeway in 1866. Later he was promoted to the captaincy of the company and was afterward made major and adjutant of the battalion. In 1882 he retired with the rank of brevet lieutenant-colonel. Colonel Jarvis came of good United Empire Loyalist stock, his grandfather having served in the war of 1776, and his father in the war of 1812. Though not a conspicuous politician he was, nevertheless, a staunch upholder of Liberal-Conservative principles. Articles from his pen appeared in many of the Canadian magazines dealing with both military and political affairs, which showed him to be a deep practical thinker, as well as facile writer. His mother was a member of the Mountain family, known in Quebec and Montreal from the earliest days of the country, her father, Bishop Mountain, being the first Bishop of Quebec.

Colonel Jarvis was a firm adherent of the Church of England. By nature he was one of those fine-strung, sensitive men, scrupulous to a degree in his business transactions, the very soul of high principle, and whose instincts revolted at the bare thought of an unmanly or unworthy act. He was liberal in the dispensation of his charity and ever took keen interest in benevolent and philanthropic work.

In 1881 Colonel Jarvis married Jennie E, second daughter of Mr. John E. Brooke, one of the pioneer families of Toronto, whose grandfather, Daniel Brooke, came to Toronto, in the early days of the nineteenth century, from England. Colonel Jarvis died in 1890, leaving a son, G. Arthur Jarvis, at the time of this writing attached to the staff of the Bank of Montreal in Toronto; and Muriel B. Jarvis, residing in Toronto.

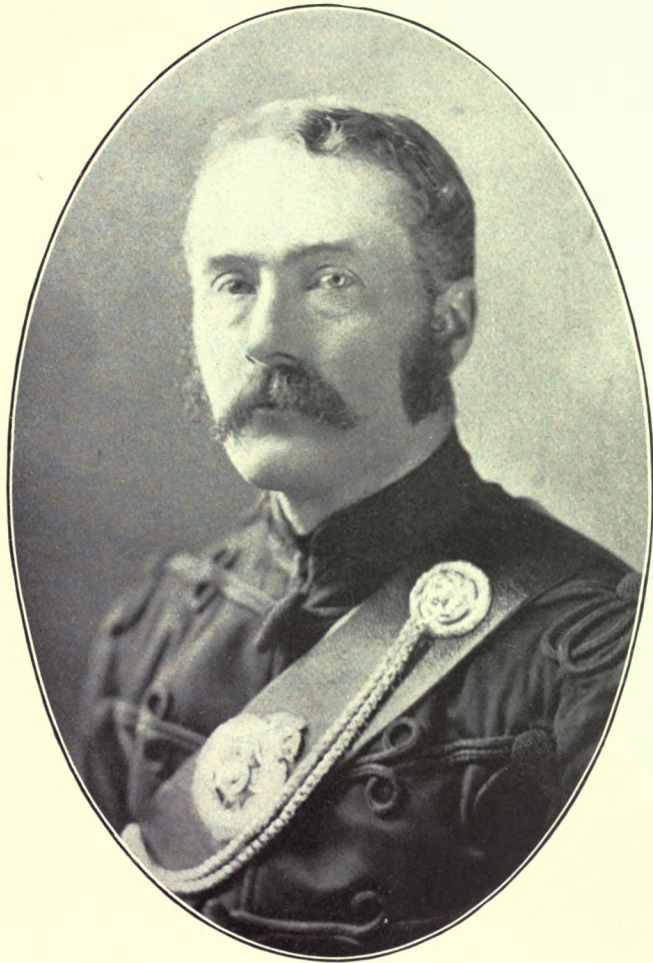
JOHN KAY. In the death of John Kay, who passed away Dec. 16, 1891, Toronto lost one of

her most energetic business men. Mr. Kay was born in Garqunnoek, near Stirling, Scotland, in 1817, and came to Canada when little more than twenty years of age, settling in Little York. For about three years he was engaged with the old wholesale house of Ross, Mitchell & Co., and at the expiration of that time the firm of Bettey & Kay was established at the southeast corner of King and Yonge streets, where they carried on a business for nearly twenty years. The partnership was then dissolved, Mr. Kay conducting the business alone until 1881, when he removed to No. 34 King street west and engaged exclusively in the line of carpets, his favorite department in the trade. In 1887 John Bryce Kay, his son, and Colin Fraser Gordon, his son-in-law, were taken into partnership, and since that time the firm name has been John Kay, Son & Company.

Early in the spring of 1891 Mr. Kay's health began to decline, and as his physician urged him to withdraw from business, he decided to travel for a time and made a trip around the world, starting in February, accompanied by his second son, Frank, and the Rev. D. J. Macdonnell, the latter returning to England from Ceylon, while father and son proceeded via Japan to Canada. Having benefited by the voyage, Mr. Kay resumed business with his usual activity, and continued until December, when after a short illness he died on the 16th of that month.

Mr. Kay, at the time of his death, was one of the oldest merchants doing business on King street, and was known from one end of the Dominion to the other, as well as in many of the European markets. About three years of his life had been spent on the ocean, as he had crossed the Atlantic nearly one hundred times.

Mr. Kay was twice married, his first wife bearing the maiden name of Agnes Bryce Cullen. To this union were born three daughters, Katherine (Mrs. D. C. Ridout), Eliza (Miss Kay), Janet Paterson (Mrs. Colin F. Gordon), and two sons, James (deceased) and John Bryce Kay (who carried on the business of the firm until the autumn of 1906). Mr. Kay's second wife was Ellen C. Macartney (deceased), and their children were: Francis, who died in 1901; and a daughter Helen, residing in Toronto. While Mr. Kay had no desire for public life and declined all offers of official position, he was an ardent Liberal and supporter of the Hon. George Brown. Mr. Kay was a pillar of St. Andrew's Church, and it was mainly through his efforts that the St. Andrew's Institute building on Nelson street was erected. Mr. Kay was truly a genial gentleman, a liberal contributor



Sattu M James
Dec 5th 1877

to all philanthropic and religious objects, and he was beloved by all who knew him.

THOMAS THOMPSON, now living retired at No. 139 Crescent road, Toronto, was for many years a well-known wholesale and retail merchant of that city, where he was born Jan. 9, 1832. The Thompson family was originally of Yorkshire, England, and was founded in Canada by Thomas Thompson (2), the father of the Thomas Thompson who is the subject of this sketch.

Thomas Thompson (2) was born in Yorkshire, England, in 1803, son of Thomas Thompson, who also came to Canada. Thomas Thompson (2) came to Toronto (then "Muddy York") in 1830, and for some time conducted a private school, one of the first in the place. He subsequently went into the mercantile business, on King street west, on ground now occupied by the Stitt Costume Company, engaging in the boot and shoe trade. He purchased his stock in Montreal, shipping it by boat to Toronto. His was the first boot and shoe store in Toronto, and was successfully conducted by Mr. Thompson for a number of years. He finally closed it out, however, and next embarked in general merchandising at the corner of Francis and King street east, opposite the market, where he continued in business until his death, in 1868. His wife, Rebecca (Boyce), was born in Yorkshire, England, in 1800, and died in Toronto in 1878. They were members of the Methodist Church. Their children who grew to maturity were as follows: John B., born in Toronto in 1830, a shoe merchant of the city from 1871 to 1890, married Margaret Duff, and their children are Sydenham, Bennington, Rebecca, May, George L., Florence and Robert; William, deceased, who was a professor in a college in Brooklyn, New York, married Miss Blackstone, by whom he had five children; Thomas is mentioned below.

Thomas Thompson received his education in Toronto, his teacher being Mr. John Boyd, of the Bay Street Academy, the father of the present Sir John Boyd, and among his schoolmates were Sir John Boyd, W. H. Pearson, Mr. Foster (a well-known optician of the city), John Hasen, Michael Dwan, William Thomson and Joseph Lawson. When thirteen years of age Mr. Thompson left school and entered upon the duties of life as a clerk in his father's store. In 1864 he became a partner, and on the death of his father, in 1868, took over the business, which he conducted until his retirement from active commercial life in 1890, the business in turn being taken over by his sons, who con-

ducted it for some time, closed it out and embarked in another line.

On April 26, 1855, Mr. Thompson married Miss Hester Carbert, who was born at Marston Moor, in the house in which Oliver Cromwell passed the night before the battle of Marston Moor. Her parents, Joseph and Lucy (Jefferson) Carbert, were natives of Yorkshire, England, the former born in 1790, and the latter in 1791; they died in Toronto in 1857 and 1856, respectively. They came to the city in 1844 from Yorkshire, England, where Mr. Carbert had been a farmer for many years. Their family was a large one, and Hester, Mrs. Thompson, was the youngest daughter.

To Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Thompson have been born a large family, all sons: Major J. Boyce, of the Queen's Own, is a merchant of Toronto, where he was born, and where he married Miss McCausland, by whom he has one son, Gordon (a member of the class of 1907, University of Toronto), and one daughter, Mildred; William Alfred, born in 1860, is a real estate dealer of Toronto; Dr. Percy Walker is a medical practitioner of London, England; Bert is deceased; Arthur is also deceased; Thomas C.; George is a resident of British Columbia; Dr. Frank is deceased.

Mr. Thompson was made justice of the peace in 1885. In 1882 he was the Liberal candidate for East Toronto for the Dominion House, his opponent being John Small, collector of customs. The city being strongly Conservative, Mr. Small won the election, although Mr. Thompson polled the highest Liberal vote. He was a license commissioner for a number of years, and was also a member of the library board for some years. He is now a member of the Victor Mission Board, and he is an official member of the Carlton Street Methodist Church, to which he has always belonged, and of which his wife has also been a member for many years.

On April 26, 1905, Mr. and Mrs. Thompson held a celebration in honor of the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding at their home, which was attended not only by all members of the family, but by a number of time-honored friends.

JOHN KERR. In the death of the late John Kerr, which occurred July 12, 1896, Toronto lost one of her prominent business men, who had been among the large real estate holders and at the head of two extensive wholesale establishments.

Mr. Kerr was born at Carney Hill, County Tyrone, Ireland, in 1819, and in his native land received a good education, and on reaching manhood made his first essay in business—a career

destined to be uniformly successful. Embarking in the confectionery line, he was so engaged until the thirties, when he broke off all connections in the Old World and sailed for the New. Landing in New York he remained in that city a few years, and during that time resumed his previous occupation, but about 1840 decided to leave the United States entirely, and settle in Canada instead. He removed to Toronto and opened up a bakery and a confectionery business, each on a wholesale scale. In the former line he was one of the pioneers in the city, and established himself at No. 324 Queen street west. The location of his confectionery business was in that same vicinity, and in both lines Mr. Kerr was very successful and built up a large trade, thus winning for himself recognition as one of the city's prominent business men. Mr. Kerr was a large property owner, especially in the region where his own stores were located. In addition to the business houses erected by Mr. Kerr himself, two handsome brick stores have been put up since his death by his wife, who manages the estate. He also owned considerable residence property in different parts of the city, particularly on Bulwer street, and all of this was very valuable. The family home at No. 32 Maynard avenue, where Mrs. Kerr still resides, was built by her husband.

Not only was Mr. Kerr an able business man, but he was also equally prominent in both municipal and church affairs. For seven years he was a valued member of the council of Toronto, representing the district of St. Patrick's Ward, for the Reform party, and during this term of service he worked on several of the most important committees. His church relations were established with the Queen City Methodist Church, in which he was a leading member, and served for twenty years as recording steward. Although firm in the faith of the Methodist Church Mr. Kerr was not, however, bigoted in his views, but was broad-minded and ever ready to recognize a true faith and genuine manhood, wherever found. He was also a member of the Masonic fraternity, taking a prominent part there as elsewhere, and likewise held the office of chaplain in the Enniskillen Orange Lodge.

Twice wedded, Mr. Kerr's first marriage was to Miss Mary Weir, and to this union was born one daughter, Susan, now the wife of Rev. J. W. Sparling, D.D., of Wesley College, Winnipeg. There are three grandchildren, Laura, John and Fritzie. After the loss of his first wife, Mr. Kerr, in 1884, married Miss Ann Jane Newton, who was born in Robin Hood's Bay, Yorkshire, England, in 1862, daughter of Capt. Thomas and Catherine (Dwyer) Newton. The former, who was born in 1822, in Lincolnshire, England, a direct descendant of Sir Isaac Newton,

was for many years a sea captain, and he died in 1900. His widow resides in Toronto at present. Mrs. Kerr was the eldest of their fourteen children, and she herself became the mother of two daughters. Annie, the eldest, was graduated in 1903, from the Abbe Loretto School for Ladies in Toronto; and Kathleen May completed her literary course at the Jameson Avenue Collegiate school in 1905. Both daughters are now living at home. Since the death of her husband Mrs. Kerr has had charge of the property, and has managed it with unusual success, proving herself possessed of much genuine business capacity. All of the valuable store property which Mr. Kerr left has been advantageously rented.

In the career of a self-made man like Mr. Kerr there is much to serve as an example and an encouragement to others. An upright, honest business man, his fair dealing won the respect of all, while his devotion to his work, his energy, and sound judgment brought material prosperity.

JAMES G. MACDONELL, of No. 11 MacDonell avenue, Toronto, represents one of the city's old and prominent families and resides on land that has been in the MacDonell name since they first settled in Canada.

The MacDonells are of Scotch extraction, and the first to come to Toronto was Alexander, grandfather of James G. He was a pioneer in that part of the country and bought up large amounts of land in what is now the west end of the city. MacDonell avenue, one of the fine residential streets of Parkdale, is named for this family. Alexander MacDonell had five sons, James, Allan, Samuel, Alexander and Angus.

James MacDonell, the eldest son of Alexander, was born in Toronto in 1808, and died there Feb. 6, 1865. He was a grandnephew of the Colonel MacDonell who fell with Brock at Queenston Heights, and received from the Colonel the property at the corner of King and Church streets, Toronto. He married Miss Margaret Leah Smith, who was born in the County of York, daughter of Col. Samuel Smith, who was for many years attorney-general of Upper Canada and at one time governor-general thereof. Mrs. MacDonell died Nov. 22, 1892. Children as follows were born to James and Margaret Leah MacDonell: Alexander, deceased; Samuel S.; John G.; James G.; Mrs. W. G. McWilliams; Margaret J., deceased wife of Beverly Robinson; and Jessie H., deceased wife of A. B. Harrison. James MacDonell, who was a life-long resident of Toronto, was for many years in the government service in the Inland Revenue department. His wife survived him for



W. H. Carter

many years. Their old home is now used for the Western Hospital.

James G. MacDonell was born in Toronto in 1843, received his education in his native city, and has passed his entire life there. For a number of years he has had no active business interests, but has lived as a retired gentleman. He was married in July, 1866, to Miss Ann Jane Walsh, who was born in Ireland in 1848. Her parents were Ralph and Elizabeth (Pier-son) Walsh, who came to Canada in 1852, settled in Toronto and there died. He aged fifty-three years, and his wife aged fifty-one. There were two other children, younger than Mrs. MacDonell. Seven children have been born to James G. and Ann J. MacDonell, viz.: James Alexander Greenfield, of Memphis, Tennessee; Margaret Jane; Allan, deceased; Jessie H.; Frederick William, deceased; John George; and Beatrice Gertrude, deceased. The parents are both communicants of the Church of England. Mr. MacDonell is a Conservative in his political ideas, and fraternally belongs to the Masons. He is a man held in high esteem in Toronto and the family is a prominent one socially.

EDWARD FREDERICK CLARKE, M.P., late Grand Treasurer of the Grand Orange Lodge of Ontario West, and editor and proprietor of the *Sentinel*, who died at his home in Toronto March 3, 1905, was one of the leading men of the Dominion in every walk of life.

Mr. Clarke was born April 24, 1850, in Bailieborough, County Cavan, Ireland, the third son of the late Richard Clarke. The father was a large linen and flax merchant there and was well able to give his children all the advantages of a finished education. His death, however, in 1864, broke up the family home, and Edward accompanied his bereaved mother and the other members of the family to Toronto. There he served his apprenticeship at the printing trade, in the office of the *Toronto Globe*, and was later employed on the *Toronto Mail*.

Mr. Clarke was married in 1884 to Miss Charlotte E. Scott, daughter of Dan and Phyllis (Ford) Scott, of Chesterfield, England. In 1864 Mr. Scott came to Toronto with his family and became bookkeeper for W. J. McGuire, of that city, a position he filled until his death, in 1888. Mrs. Scott passed away in 1895. They had children as follows: John Herbert and Alexander D., of Toronto; Alice May, wife of H. C. Otter, of Chicago; Sarah Evelyn, Mrs. Charles H. Mortimer; Annie S., wife of Edgar J. Allen, of London, Ont.; Charlotte E., Mrs. Clarke; Minnie Phyllis, wife of T. S. Watson, of Ashland, California; and Dan, of Toronto.

For a number of years Mr. Dan Scott, the father, was the salaried tenor singer at St. James' Cathedral, Toronto.

Within the limits of a record like the present it is almost impossible to do more than to sketch the career of so prominent a man and so useful a member of society as the late Edward Frederick Clarke. His endeavors covered so many lines of activity, he was so energetic, eager, enthusiastic, broad-minded, and had such a clear, wide view of what life and its environments meant, that pages could be filled which would be profitably read by those who must admire the scope of such a noble career.

In the great printers' strike of 1872 Mr. Clarke came to the front, contending that the laboring man had a right to leave his employer. He was arrested under an old Act passed in the days of Queen Elizabeth, which held that it was an offense. Willing to sacrifice himself in order that the matter should be brought before the attention of Parliament, Mr. Clarke held to his contention, and it was the real beginning of the emancipation of labor and the final legalization of trades unions. With telling oratory he defended his principles and his name became familiar throughout the Dominion.

In 1877 he founded the newspaper which he owned entirely at the time of his death, and which Mrs. Clarke has since sold, and in this journal he had a medium by which he could speak to the thousands whom he could never see. He became prominent in the counsels of the Loyal Orange Association and was made Deputy Grand Master of the order in British America, and Grand Treasurer of the Grand Lodge of Ontario West.

In the general elections of 1886 Mr. Clarke was elected to the Ontario Legislature and served until 1894, when he voluntarily resigned. In 1888 he was elected mayor of Toronto, and was re-elected, serving four successive terms, and being the only individual ever so distinguished in that city. As chief executive of the city his administration was notable. He entered upon municipal office at a time when a strong hand and firm will were needed. Debt faced the city in every direction, every department of civic affairs had become disorganized. In a remarkably short period Mayor Clarke had the departments again in working order and the debt consolidated, and in this connection he negotiated the sale of city bonds in England. For floating this loan Mr. Clarke was presented with an illuminated address, signed by leading citizens of the City of Toronto. During his tenure of office the duty of making a new street railway contract fell upon Mayor Clarke, the old franchise expiring. It was his desire

that the city should retain the franchise and operate the railway, but he was not able to overcome the opposition of a majority of the city council. Subsequently Mr. Clarke was able to secure the present agreement with the Toronto Railway Company, which has been of such great advantage to the city. During his administration many public improvements were inaugurated and the new city hall was commenced, Mayor Clarke laying the corner-stone.

In 1892 Mr. Clarke was appointed a member of the Royal Commission on the liquor traffic. At the Dominion general election in 1896 he was returned as one of the members of the House of Commons for Toronto West, and again in 1900 he was returned at the head of the poll, receiving the largest majority in Canada. At the general election in 1904 the city ridings were redistributed and Mr. Clarke was chosen, after a bitter contest with the Liberals, as the standard-bearer of the Conservative party in Toronto Centre. In the House of Commons Mr. Clarke was regarded as one of the foremost parliamentarians. He was one of the most convincing debaters, one of the clearest and most logical speakers, and had a manner that spoke of sincerity in every word. He appeared first at Ottawa in August, 1896, and his first address was a stirring protest against the resort to the spoils system by the new government. All through his whole Parliamentary career he was the earnest friend of labor and on many occasions came forth in protests by word and pen when his zeal imperilled his own political future. He exerted great influence, and many of his ideas concerning industrialism received the careful consideration of the Government. However, the whole aim of his efforts was in the direction of a closer imperial union, a union of sentiments strengthened by a union of interests, and thus, logically, he favored Canada's participation in the South African war.

Mr. Clarke was thrice elected to Parliament and he grew in power and influence continually. He was an orator and during his tour with Mr. Borden through the West, in 1902, he was everywhere greeted with enthusiasm. He was admired and esteemed by both and all political parties, and, although a strong Orangeman, he enjoyed the friendship of a large number of the Roman Catholic clergy.

For several years Mr. Clarke was manager of the Excelsior Life Insurance Company of Toronto, and he was deeply interested in the Toronto Western Hospital and was president of its board of trustees. He was a consistent Christian, a devout member of the Reformed Episcopal Church.

Mr. Clarke's home life was wholesome, ten-

der and true as it was beautiful, and to hearthstone, wife and children he gladly turned when he could put aside for a season the great responsibilities resting upon him. He was the father of eight children, namely: Phyllis Ellen, Alice Mary Victoria (deceased), Isobel Stewart, Charlotte Louise (deceased), Edward George Reynolds, Warring Kennedy, Elizabeth Hastings and Evelyn Grace. He was permitted to pass the last few weeks of life, after he was stricken with illness, with his beloved family. Until the immediate end hope was entertained for his recovery, but this hope was not fulfilled. In touching language he bade his loved ones farewell and, devoted to them to the last, he sought Divine blessings upon them when he could no longer give them his earthly protection.

From every portion of the Dominion, from colleagues, friends, mere acquaintances and people in every walk of life, came messages of appreciation and regret, and the crowds which thronged his late home while his body was lying in state could scarcely be counted. The private services were conducted at the home, No. 383 Markham street, by the Rev. George Orman, pastor of Emmanuel Reformed Episcopal Church. A public service was held at the Broadway Tabernacle and was attended by an immense throng. The funeral was held by the city, an honor rarely conferred. The cortege was one of the longest and most imposing in the history of the city. The final services at the grave were under the auspices of the Loyal Orange Association.

ALBERT JOHN WEDD McMICHAEL, M. A., pastor of the Catholic Apostolic Church of Toronto, is a member of one of the oldest families of eastern Ontario.

The McMichaels were of Dutch extraction, and the family was founded in Canada by the grandfather of our subject, Albert McMichael, who came thither from the United States about the time of the American Revolution. He married Mary Ferris, daughter of John Ferris, who was of Scotch descent. On coming to Canada the family settled at Waterloo (now Catawaqui), about three miles from Kingston, Ont. Here the grandfather died. He had nine children: Daniel, M.A., LL.D., Q.C.; John; Barbara; Albina; Albert; Charles; Osmond; and Kitty and Neil, who died in childhood. Of this family Daniel was the father of Albert J. W. McMichael. He was born at Waterloo, Oct. 8, 1816, and died in Toronto, Aug. 5, 1894. After locating in Toronto he attended King's College, from which he received the degrees of M.A. and LL.D. In Toronto he practised law for many years, and dur-

ing his life there was one of the representative men of that city. He also took an active part in the work of the Catholic Apostolic Church, in the interest of which he made many trips to England. He was made a Q.C. in 1872. Dr. McMichael married Amy Wedd, who was born Dec. 31, 1826, daughter of John Wedd, and sister of William Wedd, M.A., formerly first classical master of Upper Canada College, Toronto. Mrs. McMichael died Aug. 26, 1864, the mother of the following children: Amy Adelaide, wife of William Cook, B.A., barrister, etc.; A. J. W.; and Charles Baldwin, deceased.

Albert John Wedd McMichael was born in Toronto March 22, 1857, and was educated at Upper Canada College and Trinity University, from which latter institution he was graduated, in 1878, with the degree of B.A., receiving the degree of M.A. in 1882. He then read law, and was called to the Bar in 1883, from which date until 1896 he practised his profession. In the latter year he was appointed pastor of the Catholic Apostolic Church, Toronto, in which capacity he has since acted.

In 1886 Mr. McMichael married Miss Ada Helen Winstanley, daughter of Dr. Winstanley, extended mention of whom will be found elsewhere, in the sketch of C. J. H. Winstanley. To Mr. and Mrs. McMichael were born the following children: Albert Roland, who after passing through the Model School completed his course at the Upper Canada College in 1904, and is now a student at Trinity College, Toronto; Mary Charlton; Charles Wedd; Daniel John, deceased; and Amy Elizabeth.

The Church in Toronto was set up in 1837, and its pastors have been as follows: Capt. George Gambier, Rev. George Ryerson, Rev. Joseph Elwell, Charles McMichael, and Albert J. W. McMichael, who was the successor of his uncle.

DR. RICHARD USHER TOPP, who died in Toronto Sept. 7, 1898, was born in Ireland in 1866, son of John and Charlotte (Boate) Topp. In 1877 the family came to Bracebridge, Ont., where John Topp lived retired until his death, in 1890. His widow continued to reside in Bracebridge until her death, which occurred there April 15, 1906. They had three sons, all of whom were professional men: Charles H., a civil engineer of Victoria, B.C.; Dr. John, a dentist of Bracebridge; and Dr. Richard Usher Topp.

Dr. Richard Usher Topp attended the public schools and then entered Trinity Medical College, from which he was graduated in 1887, with the Degree of M.D. Soon after graduation he settled at Rosseau, Muskokā, where he practised

two or three years, at the end of which time he returned to Bracebridge, practising in the home of his youth until 1895, in which year he settled in Toronto. He became well known in the medical circles of the Queen City, making a specialty of surgery, in which line he was very favorably known. He spent the remainder of his life in Toronto.

Dr. Topp married Mary Eliza Beley, who was born at Rosseau, Muskoka, daughter of Benjamin and Lucy E. Beley, natives of England. The Beleys came to Canada in 1867, settling at Muskoka, where Mr. Beley lived retired until his death, in 1896, his widow surviving him until 1900.

To Dr. and Mrs. Topp were born four sons: Charles Beresford, John Usher Sowden, James Basil, and George E. Dr. Topp was a prominent member of the Church of the Redeemer. In politics he was a Conservative, and fraternally he was connected with the Masons and the I.O.O.F. In 1900 Mrs. Topp purchased her home at No. 61 Prince Arthur avenue, Toronto.

HENRY S. CANE, ex-mayor of Newmarket, president and manager of the William Cane & Sons Manufacturing Company, of Newmarket, and vice-president of the United Factories, Limited, of Toronto, was born at Queensville, County York, Sept. 19, 1850, son of William and Catherine (Belfry) Cane.

William Cane was for many years the head of the firm known as William Cane & Sons, lumber merchants and manufacturers. He was born in Albany, New York, in 1822, of Irish parentage, and emigrated to Canada in 1833, first locating in Manvers and then in Mariposa. In about 1841 he went to the village of Queensville, County York, where he commenced the business of wood turning. He operated the pump works, and also purchased the sawmill formerly owned by Mr. Wilson, and bought some land upon which he erected another mill. Mr. Cane, during his residence in Queensville, was reeve and councillor of the township of East Gwillimbury for a number of years, and during 1874 was warden of the County of York. He came to Newmarket in 1875, and in that year established the business which has now such an extensive connection; he also purchased a half interest in the Sykes & Elvidge foundry and engine works, which was destroyed by fire in the spring of 1876. In the following year the firm of William Cane & Sons commenced the manufacture of all kinds of building materials, woodenware of all kinds, such as pails, tubs, washboards, clothes pins, etc. They also erected a foundry on the same lot, and the entire brace of buildings were destroyed by fire in 1885. In

this same year the firm erected the present large brick factory and warerooms. The sash and blind factory was also erected about the same time. As manufacturers of pails, tubs, washboards, clothes pins, ironing boards and all kinds of wooden ware, the firm is known throughout the Dominion of Canada, and they likewise export their goods to the mother country.

Mr. William Cane's general fitness for public office was quickly recognized by the citizens of Newmarket, and very little time was allowed to elapse after his location in the town before his election as a member of the council. When Newmarket received the honor of incorporation, in 1881, he was elected mayor, an office he held for nine years. Mr. Cane was married in 1844. to Miss Catherine Belfry, of Queensville, and eleven children were born to them. Mr. Cane died at his home in Newmarket in 1899, loved and esteemed by all who knew him. His name will long be cherished with endearing pride, and his neighbors, in passing judgment on his character, will rank him among the good and noble men of his time. His worthy wife is still living, and resides in Newmarket.

Henry S. Cane's early education was received in the district schools of Queensville, and while young he worked in his father's mills and factories until he mastered the business in every detail. After coming to Newmarket in 1875, he and his brother William became members of the firm of William Cane & Sons, and in 1885 when the new works were built the company was incorporated as The William Cane & Sons Manufacturing Company, Limited. On the death of William Cane, Henry S. Cane was made president; J. E. Cane, vice-president; E. S. Cane, secretary, these sons carrying on the business under the incorporated name, Henry S. being general manager of the business.

In 1876 Mr. Cane married Miss May Armitage, born in County Victoria in 1856, daughter of Seba Armitage, and to this union were born two sons, Howard and Lawrence, who are in the manufacturing business with their father. They are both well educated and have bright futures before them. In religion Mr. and Mrs. Cane are members of the Methodist Church, Mr. Cane being a member of the Quarterly Board of officers.

In politics Mr. Cane has always been identified with the Liberal party, and has always been active in local affairs. He has been chosen many times to represent his party in positions of trust and honor. Since 1881 he has been a member of the board of council of Newmarket, was reeve for five years, and mayor for eight years. Such lasting popularity is conclusive evidence of sterling worth. He is active in every

movement calculated to be of benefit to his community, and is one of the city's most upright, honorable and public spirited men. He is chairman of the electric light and water systems, these plants being under municipal ownership.

JAMES PRINGLE, whose death on May 3, 1895, in Toronto, brought sorrow to his devoted family and deep regret to a wide circle of friends and business acquaintances, was one of the substantial citizens and progressive business men of the Queen City. Mr. Pringle was born in Scotland June 16, 1828, son of James and Mary (Vair) Pringle, natives of Scotland.

The Pringle family was founded in Canada by the subject of this sketch, who came across in 1853, settling at Niagara-on-the-Lake for a short time and then locating in Toronto, where he engaged with the Western Assurance Company, of Toronto, with which company he remained continuously until his death. He was at first general agent, later becoming general agent and inspector, and was rated as one of the most successful agents ever with the company. At his death the following memorial, handsomely carved in leather, was read at a meeting of the board of directors of the Western Assurance Company, in Toronto:

"RESOLVED: That this board desires to place on record an expression of their sense of the loss which the company has sustained by the death on the 3rd instant of Mr. James Pringle, who has been connected with the company in various capacities during the past thirty-five years, and who, in the prosecution of his duties as general inspector and adjuster, always maintained a deep interest and zealous devotion to the interests and welfare of the company, resulting in a valuable and self-sacrificing service, eminently satisfactory to its directors and officers.

"The directors wish to extend to Mrs. Pringle and family their warmest sympathy and condolence in the deep affliction which they are called upon to bear. Signed by George A. Cox, president, and J. J. Kenney, managing director."

James Pringle was married, in 1854, to Miss Margaret Forbes, who was born in Aberdeen, Scotland, and to this union children as follows were born: James Forbes, who is in business in Toronto, married Catherine Laidlaw, and has two children, Ina and Franklin; Alexander, who is in the Western Assurance Company's office, married Sarah Dill, and has three children, Rena, Dorothy and Allan; Edward, of Toronto, married Bertha Ashenfelter, and has one son, Edward; Albert, who is deceased, was with the Western Assurance Company, married Ida Ma-



J. L. Brodie

belle Booth, who is also deceased, and they left one daughter, Elva; Frederick died at the age of twenty; Margaret is the wife of Robert Weir, and has one daughter, Gladys; Mary is the wife of John Ewart; Florence married John M. Sutherland, who is with the Standard Bank of Toronto; Lillian Ross is unmarried.

Mr. Pringle was a Presbyterian. In politics he was a Reformer. He was a popular member of the Masonic fraternity.

JOHN LOWE BRODIE was born May 15, 1835, at Coupar Angus, Scotland, eldest son of John Brodie, farmer, East Grange, Culross, who was accidentally killed at Culross Station in December, 1852, leaving a widow with eight children, the youngest an infant.

Mr. Brodie attended Geddes Endowed School at Culross. The death of his father led to the removal of his widow in 1852 to Dollar, Clackmannanshire, where at the Dollar Academy Mr. Brodie finished his education. This academy was founded and endowed by Mr. McNab, a West India merchant, who was born at Burnbrae, Dollar, in 1732. Dr. Milne was head master, and under him Mr. Brodie had the advantage of an excellent mathematical training; he was also under Dr. Lindsay, through whose class a great number of pupils passed attaining eminence in all parts of the world, especially India. In 1855, at the age of sixteen, Mr. Brodie entered a branch of the Commercial Bank at Alloa, where he remained for three years, leaving to enter the head office in Edinburgh, where the late Alex. Kincaid Mackenzie was manager. In 1861 the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China applied to Mr. Mackenzie for a thoroughly trained accountant for their London office, with the prospect of being sent to India to one of their branches. Mr. Brodie was chosen, and left Edinburgh in 1861 for London, remaining but one year in London and proceeding to Bombay, where at the age of twenty-three he was appointed manager, serving as such for four years. During this time occurred the great crisis and panic in the cotton speculations, brought about by the American Secession War. In 1865 Mr. Brodie resigned his position in the bank and accepted an appointment as manager of Messrs. H. & B. Cama's Trust—large coffee plantations held by Parsees. This he closed most satisfactorily. In 1868, owing to broken health, he returned to Scotland, whence after a short sojourn he went to Hanover, leaving in the autumn of the same year for the United States, where his two brothers were settled. At Waukesha, Wisconsin, he bought a farm. In Octo-

ber, 1870, Mr. Brodie married his second cousin, Adeline J. H. Lowe.

In November, 1871, having regained his health, the old love of finance asserting itself he decided to accept a position offered him by the late Thomas McCracken, manager of the Royal Canadian Bank, Toronto (both Mr. and Mrs. Brodie having already visited Toronto and having friends there). In the spring of 1875 Mr. Brodie accepted the agency of the bank's branch in Montreal. After a very short stay, through strong requisites made by Mr. A. J. Somerville and the late Mr. John Kerr, Mr. Brodie accepted the position of manager of the St. Lawrence Bank, then in a very bad condition, and of which the late Hon. T. N. Gibbs was president. Entering on his duties in the fall of 1875 the advisability of changing the name of St. Lawrence to the Standard Bank of Canada was not long in being considered. The resuscitating of a bank was hard, strenuous work, as Mr. Brodie wrote to his wife, then in Montreal, "it will take ten years of my life." After eighteen years' service in the Standard Bank, having been appointed managing director June 6th in place of the late Mr. A. Thornton Todd, Mr. Brodie died June 18, 1894.

DR. GEORGE WILLCOCKS, a prominent citizen of Toronto, distinguished as a physician and surgeon, died in that city in 1885. He was born in the County of York, in 1851, son of Abel and Fanny (Jobe) Willecocks, natives of England, who were among the early settlers of the County of York, where for some time Mr. Willecocks was in the lumber business. They later settled in Toronto.

Dr. Willecocks was educated in the home schools of his native place, and afterwards in Toronto. He then took up the study of medicine, and in 1881 graduated from the Toronto School of Medicine, with the degree of M.D. He then went to Edinburgh, where he continued to pursue his medical studies, and where he received the degree of L.R.C.P. Returning to Toronto, Dr. Willecocks engaged in the practice of his profession. Although a young man, he was well fitted for the work in which he had put his entire energy. He had been well educated in Toronto, and was a recognized counsel in the medical profession, when, in the prime of life, he was called to his reward.

In 1881 Dr. Willecocks and Miss Annie Filbert were united in marriage. Miss Filbert was born in Toronto, daughter of William and Harriet (Shaver) Filbert, the former a native of Germany and the latter of the County of York. To Dr. and Mrs. Willecocks were born two daughters: Lillian E., a graduate of the Toronto Con-

servatory of Music; and Georgiana F. Dr. Willcocks was a member of the Methodist Church. Politically he was a Reformer, and he was associated fraternally with the I.O.O.F., the C.O. F., and the Royal Arcanum.

REV. WILLIAM BLAIR, B.A., who passed to his reward March 1, 1904, was one of Toronto's able ministers of the Methodist denomination. A son of William Blair, he was born in Ross, Renfrew County, May 6, 1843.

Although greatly hampered by circumstances, Mr. Blair was from early boyhood determined to have an education, and so diligently did he improve every opportunity that at the age of fourteen he was able to pass the examination for a third-grade teacher's certificate. Ambitious for a better education, after teaching some time Mr. Blair entered Albert College, Belleville, in the year 1864. There he came under the influence of Principal Carman, who confirmed him in his purpose to enter the ministry. He entered the Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church in 1866, and was sent to Ottawa under the oversight of the Rev. S. G. Stone, after which he was assistant pastor with Rev. Dr. I. B. Aylesworth, at Napanee. His next charge was Arnprior. During all this time he had never abandoned his purpose to complete his college work, and on leaving Arnprior returned to Albert College. The following year he labored in Ottawa West. Returning to College again he graduated in 1875 with honors in Metaphysics, Ethics and Civil Polity. After his graduation he was stationed successively at Lyn, Iroquois, Farmersville, Almonte, Smith's Falls, Kemptville, Waterloo, Que., North Bay, Markham and Mimico. When the union of Methodist Churches was first proposed Mr. Blair, associated with Rev. T. G. Williams, Rev. W. H. Graham, Rev. A. D. Traveller and Rev. T. W. Pickett, was a prime mover in the matter, was secretary of the first meeting held to consider the question, and after the union was accomplished was chosen first secretary of the Montreal Conference. He was financial secretary of the Perth district for four years, and the chairman of the Waterloo and Nipissing districts. While chairman of the Nipissing district he practically opened up the Temiscaming district, preaching the first Methodist sermon in the now growing town of New Liskeard. While at North Bay, by a change of boundaries, he came into the Toronto Conference. In 1902 he went to Mimico, his last charge, where his death occurred in 1904.

Having been received into full connection in the ministry, and having graduated with honor, the year 1875 was marked by his marriage, June

25th, to Mrs. Martha A. (Tuttle) Smith (widow of Rev. B. A. Smith), who was at the time of her marriage to Mr. Blair preceptress of Alexandra College, in Belleville. One daughter survives of their union, now the wife of H. G. Barber, and residing in Toronto. Mr. Blair was a prominent man in the councils of the church to which he had devoted his life, and was honored by being sent as delegate to several of the General Conferences of that body. He was a very earnest supporter of the movement for the union of the Methodist, Presbyterian and Congregational churches of Canada, a project that originated in the reading of a paper on that subject by a Presbyterian layman before a young people's society. This paper was so well considered and showed such a profundity of thought as to arrest the attention of all who heard it, and as a result a Church Union Conference was called to meet at Melville Presbyterian Church, Markham. The Conference was largely attended and the object enthusiastically discussed, resulting in almost a unanimous desire for the union. The Conference was concluded by a resolution appointing a committee to draft a constitution. Mr. Blair with three laymen represented the Methodist Church, and he carried the recommendations of this committee to the General Conference held at Winnipeg. As a preacher of the Gospel Mr. Blair's whole heart was in his work and the success which he achieved and the extent of his personal influence for Christ was overwhelmingly indicated after his death by the appreciative letters which poured in from all sides to Mrs. Blair. Not only did he choose the work for which he was pre-eminently fitted, but he gave to it his whole powers. He was a good preacher, a good pastor and a wise counsellor of souls seeking Christ. Faith in God, courage, decision and gentleness were marked traits in his character. He died amid the activities of service and he has entered into rest and his works follow him.

ABRAHAM B. FLINT, late of Toronto, was for twenty-five years engaged in business in the Queen City, and was universally recognized as a man of strict integrity and upright business principles. He was born in Wisbech, England, Aug. 25, 1840, and grew to manhood in his native country, where he received his education and learned the mercantile business.

In 1861 Mr. Flint located in Toronto, and from that time until his death, which occurred in 1886, was well known in the business circles of that city. He was engaged as buyer and traveller for Jennings & Brandon, and later became a member of the firm of Brandon & Co. The business was located on Front street west, in what

was known as the Iron Block. Later Mr. Flint removed to Colborne street, where the business was being conducted five years before his death.

In Toronto Mr. Flint met and married Miss Elizabeth Acred, daughter of Mr. James M. Acred and Mrs. Mary (Schofield) Acred, of Lincolnshire, England. Abraham B. Flint was an honorable business man and a Christian gentleman. In political sentiment he was a Reformer.

WILLIAM JOHN THOMAS was one of the best-known business men of the Queen City, where he was born Dec. 23, 1840, and he died Oct. 4, 1904, at his late residence, No. 32 River street.

The Thomas family was founded in Canada by James Thomas, the father of William J., who was born in England, and came to Canada about the year 1830. Here he followed the business of military tailor, his place of business being on King street, between Bay and York streets. His wife, whose maiden name was Susan Bishop, was born in England, and died in Toronto in 1895. This good couple had two children: William John; and Susan, the wife of William Brand, of Toronto.

William John Thomas was educated in his native city, where he began his most successful business career. He was an architect and also a builder, but it was not in these lines that he made his record as a business man. From the *Mail and Empire* we have the following regarding Mr. Thomas: "He was born in Toronto; educated at the Model school. In 1862 he made his first trip to California, and a second trip in 1880, crossing the Plains both times. After a useful experience in mining and in the cattle business in Idaho, in 1869 he returned to Toronto and became a contractor, erecting some of our most important structures. He later became interested in the malting and later in the brewing business, under what is known as the Ontario Brewing & Malting Company, Limited, the business being situated on the corner of Ontario and King streets, extending to Front. Mr. Thomas designed the malt house, erected in 1882, and the brewery was built in 1885. The malt house has a capacity of 225,000 bushels, the largest in the Dominion. On entering the malt business it was the intention of Mr. Thomas to ship malt to the United States, but the tariff law made this disadvantageous, and he built the brewery, thereby manufacturing the product of the malt house into ale and porter. The business was organized in 1882 under the name of the Queen City Malting Company, and in 1889 assumed the name Ontario Brewing & Malting Company.

"A prominent man of Toronto said of Mr. Thomas: 'I became acquainted with him as a member of the city council in 1879. He is one of our wealthiest citizens. He is what is known as a safe man, to whom can be trusted a great responsibility. I now frequently come in contact with him as a director of the Traders Bank. He scarcely ever errs in judgment. Not only does he possess splendid business talents, but he has the pleasant and easy bearing which makes him a very effective business man. He has at all times been willing to serve a friend. Many men have homes whose families would be without one but for William J. Thomas.'"

On Sept. 26, 1876, Mr. William J. Thomas and Miss Sarah A. Davies, a member of an early family of Toronto, were united in marriage. Mrs. Thomas, like her distinguished husband, is a native of Toronto. She is a daughter of Thomas and Fidelia (Jones) Davis, the former of whom was born in Cheshire, of Welsh parents, in 1803, and died in Toronto in 1869. On coming to Toronto, in 1832, Mr. Davies embarked in the brewing business. He was the pioneer brewer. His every-day deeds were proof of the assertion that "Worth makes the man, and want of it the fellow." Thomas Davies always believed that his best friends were his ten fingers, and that men seldom died of hard work. He established his business in 1849, in Toronto, which has since been conducted under the names of Thomas Davies, Thomas Davies & Son, Thomas Davies & Brother, Thomas Davies & Co., and is at present known as the Davies Brewing & Malting Company.

In connection with the Davies Brewing & Malting Company, the *Mail and Empire* of Jan. 20, 1898, quotes a prominent banker of Toronto as saying: "I wish you to understand, sir, that the people and patrons of this company are assured that the election of William J. Thomas, a man of great executive ability, as president, has done much for this company."

To Thomas Davies and his wife were born the following children: Elizabeth, deceased, who married Robert Defries; Joseph, of Toronto; Sarah A.; Mrs. Thomas; Thomas, of Toronto; Robert, of Toronto; Fidelia, and Henrietta. Mr. and Mrs. Davies were members of the Church of England. In politics he was a Conservative.

Mr. and Mrs. William John Thomas became the parents of children as follows: Robert Arthur, M.D., a graduate of Trinity Medical College, Toronto, 1901, who in 1905 received from the College of Physician and Surgeons, of London, England, the degrees of L.R.C.P. and M.R.C.S.; Miss Sarah A., and Miss Etta Fidelia. Mr. Thomas was a member of the Church of England, and in politics a Conservative.

HENRY PEARETH BRUMELL, who passed away in Toronto Jan. 14, 1877, was for many years identified with the interests of that city. Mr. Brumell was born at Little Houghton, Northumberland, England, in 1835, son of Hawdon and Mary (Blackett) Brumell, the latter a grand-daughter of Sir Walter Blackett, of Matten. Through his paternal grandmother Mr. Brumell was a direct descendant of the Peareths of Usworth Castle, in Northumberland, which family is now extinct.

Henry Peareth Brumell grew to manhood in England, and there received his literary education. Leaving his native country in 1857 he went to New York City, and in the following year settled in Toronto, where he associated himself with Mr. Francis Richardson as a practical chemist, later buying out the business. This he conducted for some time, and then sold out and, with his wife, went to England for a while. Returning to Toronto, Mr. Brumell engaged as a commission agent, and later embarked in the wholesale druggists' sundries business, in which he continued for a short time, his place of business being in the Phoenix Block. Selling out this business he went to Montreal, and, with Mr. Robert Russell, embarked in the same line, continuing there during the remainder of his business life. Some years prior to his death he returned to Toronto, where he spent the remainder of his days.

In 1862 Mr. Brumell married Miss Emily Carter, who was born in Northumberland, England, daughter of Walter R. and Mary (Maughan) Carter. In England Mr. Carter was a law statistician. In 1857 he settled in Toronto, and for a time was connected with *The Colonist*, a leading paper of that time. He was later appointed to the Registry office, after which he was with Col. Sir Casimer Gzowski and Mr. McTurson. In 1871 he went to New York City, where he remained for some time, retired. Returning to Toronto, he died March 14, 1889. His children were: Miss Carter, of Toronto; Mrs. Kingdon, of New York City; Mrs. Brumell; Walter Robert, treasurer of the Pacific Express Company, at St. Louis; and Maughan, of New York City, a practical chemist.

To Mr. and Mrs. Brumell were born the following children: Henry Peareth Hawdon, a mining engineer of Ottawa, married Alice Hunter, of Chicago, and has three children, Mary, Henry and John; Mary Lillian, wife of W. A. Hamilton, of New York City, has two children, Arthur G. and Emily Hope; Walter Blackett, a member of the firm of Boyd & Brumell, of Toronto, married Kate Peters, and has two children, Henry Ralph and Jaek; Hawdon, a mining engineer, is at Ottawa.

Mr. Brumell was a member of the Anglican Church, to the faith of which Mrs. Brumell also adheres. In politics he was a Conservative. Fraternally he was connected with the Masons.

JOSHUA LONG RORDANS (deceased), who for many years was a well-known business man of Toronto, where he was the first dealer in law stationery, passed away in that city in 1888, when sixty-four years of age.

Mr. Rordans was born in 1824 in London, England, in which country his parents both died. He came to Canada in 1847, and spent the rest of his life there. He made the trip in a sailing vessel, which was six weeks on the voyage, and after disembarking he decided upon Toronto as his permanent location, establishing himself there as a law stationer, at the corner of Church and King streets. For a time he was in partnership with Mr. French, but both the partnership and the location were given up later and for many years Mr. Rordans carried on his business alone on King street east, finally retiring some time before his death.

Twice married, Mr. Rordans' children were all by his second wife, who survives him and resides at No. 458 Euclid avenue. She was Miss Charlotte Turner, and was born in Essex, England, in 1826. Their four children were as follows: John, who is in the book-binding business in Boston, Massachusetts; James, with the Canadian Pacific Railroad Company in Vancouver, B.C.; Mrs. Charles E. Fice, of Toronto; and Harry, of Dayton, Iowa. Mrs. Rordans is a member of the Church of England, which her late husband also attended.

• WILLIAM H. STEWART. Among the prominent and enterprising business men of Toronto who have passed to their final rest may be mentioned William H. Stewart, who died in the Queen City in 1904, after an active and useful commercial career of about thirty years.

Mr. Stewart was born in Covington, Kentucky, in 1854, son of William and Sarah (Dunkley) Stewart, the former a native of Toronto and the latter of Ireland. Alexander Stewart, his grandfather, was a builder, and at one time owned a farm where the city of Toronto now stands. He served in the Rebellion of 1837-38, and died about 1883. His wife, whose maiden name was Ann Maria Hitecock, passed away in 1899, aged eighty-nine years; she was a resident of Toronto from her fifteenth year. Among this good couple's children was William Stewart, the father of William H. He was an architect of Hamilton, and at one time a member of the firm of Stewart & Strickland, of Toronto. William Stewart was the father of the following named

children: William H.; Annie M., deceased; Alexander, deceased; Walter W. and Charles A., of Hamilton; and Lottie M.

William H. Stewart was educated in Toronto, whither he had come with his parents when six years old. He attended the public schools and the Upper Canada College, and on completing his education engaged with Foster & McCabe, in the wholesale fancy goods business, on Wellington street west. After about six years he embarked in business as a manufacturer's agent with H. C. Boulter, at No. 30 Wellington street east. They later went into the manufacturing business at No. 13 Front street west, and continued for about seven years, when they amalgamated with a manufacturing firm and became known as the *Novi Modi*, manufacturers of ladies' costumes. In this line Mr. Stewart continued until April 19, 1904, when the great fire swept that portion of the city. Some time previous to this he had been at Gravenhurst Sanatorium, on account of failing health, and had intended removing to California, and the shock of the loss in business no doubt hastened his death.

In 1888 Mr. Stewart married Miss Georgianna Rodger, who was born in Hamilton, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Steele) Rodger, natives of Glasgow, Scotland (born in 1829 and 1834, respectively). Mrs. Rodger died in 1880, while her husband is living retired in Hamilton. Mr. and Mrs. Rodger came to Canada soon after their marriage and at once settled in Hamilton. They then went to Chicago, where he was engaged in business until about 1870, in which year he returned to Hamilton and engaged in the manufacture of wagons, machinery, etc. Mr. and Mrs. Rodger had the following children: Mary F. and John, both deceased; Caroline E.; Robert, of Hamilton; Agnes, of Hamilton; William C., of New York; and Mrs. Stewart, of Toronto.

To Mr. and Mrs. Stewart were born: William Steele and Margaret Boulter. Mr. Stewart was a member of the Presbyterian Church. He was greatly devoted to his home and family, and was one of Toronto's most energetic and progressive business men, as well as a thorough Christian gentleman.

GEORGE SALMON, who for thirty-three years was connected with the Canada Life Insurance Company, was born in Surrey, England, in 1836, and died in the city of Toronto, May 25, 1903.

Mr. Salmon received his education and grew to manhood in his native country, and there joined the Rifle Brigade, with which he came to Canada. With this brigade he was on duty at Quebec during the Fenian Raid, for which serv-

ices he received his medal. He began his business life as a messenger in a bank at Guelph, and shortly afterward went to Hamilton. On the 1st of March, 1870, he entered the employ of the Canada Life Insurance Company, with which he remained until March 1, 1903, when failing health made it necessary for him to give up active work. In 1899 Mr. Salmon located in Toronto, where the main office of the company had been transferred. He was widely known in insurance circles, and highly esteemed as a business man and Christian gentleman.

In 1868 Mr. Salmon married Martha Sample, who was born in Hamilton in 1844, daughter of Robert and Mary Ann (Smith) Sample, the former of whom, born in Ireland in 1823, died in Colorado in 1893; and the latter, born in Ireland, died in Hamilton in 1845. The only child of their marriage was Mrs. Salmon. Mr. Sample married for his second wife Mary Ann McCormick, by whom he had eleven children, five of whom are living. Mr. Sample subsequently removed to Colorado, where he and his second wife died, at the home of their daughter. They were Presbyterians in religious faith, and in politics he was a Conservative.

Mr. and Mrs. George Salmon had children as follows: George, who is with the Canada Life Insurance Company, at Montreal, married Annie Isabel Simpson, and has three children, Martha Annie, Sarah Irene and George; Jennie, married Crawford McCleary; Robert is with the Canada Life Insurance Company, at Toronto; Sarah is with the same company; William and Harry are in Toronto; two children died in Hamilton. Mr. Salmon was a member of the Church of England. He was a Conservative in political matters, and fraternally he connected himself with the Ancient Order of Foresters. He was buried in Hamilton.

When Mr. Salmon was a boy in England he served in "The Castle" with the gamekeeper, and was hunting with the present King Edward when the latter shot his first rabbit. Mr. Salmon carried the game to the Castle, being careful not to injure the fur, as the family desired to mount the skin.

JAMES FLEMING (deceased) may be mentioned among the well-known and highly-esteemed business men of Toronto of the past generation. He was born in Aberdeen, Scotland, in 1812, and in his native land learned the seed business. In 1834 he came to Montreal, whence he made his way to Toronto two years later, beginning seed growing on three acres of land on Yonge, south of College. Mr. Fleming built a seed store and greenhouses for the sale of

plants and seeds. This venture proved a most profitable one, Mr. Fleming thoroughly understanding his business and giving his attention to its constant betterment. He was the pioneer seed grower of the County of York, and made a decided success in his line, accumulating a handsome competency. His original place, established in 1837, is still in the possession of the family.

Mr. Fleming was not only well known as a successful seedsman, but as a leader in public affairs. In 1864 he was commissioned a justice of the peace in Toronto, and in 1888 was tendered the same position for the County of York. In 1877 he was elected an alderman for St. John's Ward, and was re-elected for three consecutive elections. He was a director of the Horticultural Society and of the Industrial Exhibition Association. In political sentiment he was a Reformer, in religion a member of the Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Fleming was twice married, his first wife bearing the maiden name of Margaret Geddes. She is now deceased, as are the children of that marriage. Mr. Fleming was united in marriage to Miss Mary E. Wade, daughter of the late John Wade, who was born in England in 1803. Mr. Wade came to Canada in 1819, settling near Port Hope, where he resided until his death. He married Elizabeth Barrett, who was born in Cornwall, England. Mrs. Fleming survives her husband and resides at No. 267 Rusholme road.

To James and Mary E. (Wade) Fleming came one son, James H., a naturalist of the city of Toronto, born in that city in 1872, who was educated at Upper Canada College, completing the course in 1889. He further pursued his studies in Europe, and since returning has been engaged in his profession, that of naturalist, in the city of Toronto. He married Miss Christine Maekay Keefer, now deceased, by whom he had two children, Annie Elisabeth and Thomas Keefer.

REV. JOSEPH CHAMBERS GIBSON (deceased), who for a number of years ministered to the parish of St. Ann's, in Toronto, had seemingly many more years of usefulness before him when he was called from this world, in 1872, at age of forty-two. But while his life was not long it was rich in good deeds and in faithful efforts to lead his fellowmen to a higher view of their duties and opportunities, and many indeed are those who owe the ideals and inspiration of their Christian lives to his teachings. He was born in Cumberland, England, in 1830, a son of Rev. John Gibson, of that locality.

At the age of nine years Rev. Joseph C. Gibson came with his parents to Canada, where his

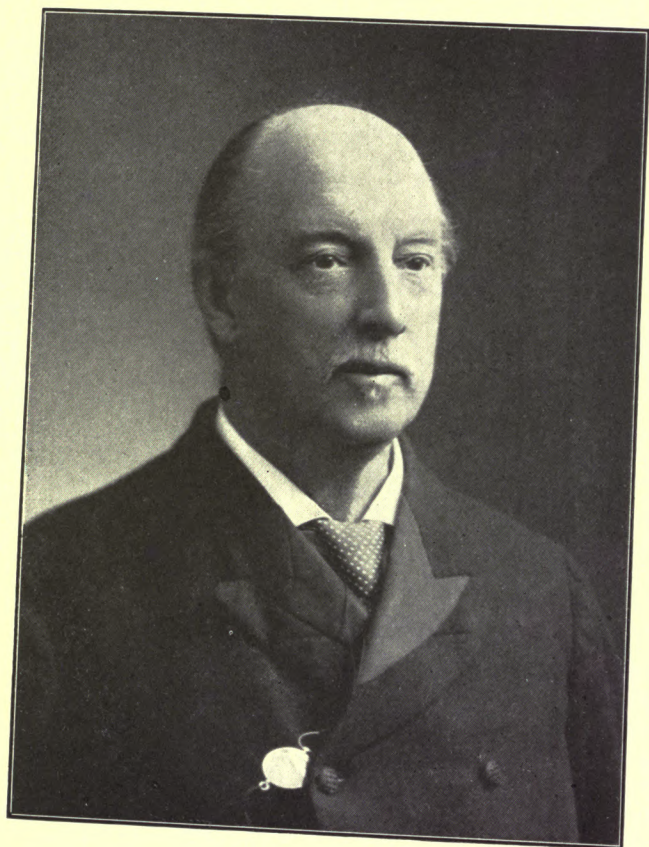
father was settled at Sutton as rector of the English Church, and where both Rev. John Gibson and his wife died. After acquiring the usual preliminary literary training and general education the son entered Trinity College, Toronto, and prepared for the ministry, being graduated in 1853. In that same year he was ordained, and then began his life work as curate at Woodstock. After six years he was moved to Warwick, thence to Strathroy, and thence to Toronto, where until his death he was rector of St. Ann's Church. The sincerity of his Christianity and the consistency of his life made all respect his work, while the beauty of his character won him many warm personal friends, and his untimely death was deeply lamented. In political sentiment Rev. Mr. Gibson was a Conservative.

Rev. Joseph Chambers Gibson married Miss Marella Dewson, and to their union were born the following children: George; Charles A.; Charlotte Augusta, the wife of George Sparks, of Alberta; Lilla; Edith Josephine; Marcella Adelaide; and Joseph Charles, deceased, who was in the Dominion Bank, of Toronto.

Col. Jeremiah Dewson, Mrs. Gibson's father, was born in England, and in 1827 came to Canada with the 15th Regiment, in which he was captain. He settled on a farm in East Gwillimbury township, County York, where he and his wife spent the remainder of their lives. Of their ten children, Mrs. Gibson was born in Kingston, Ontario.

THOMAS SHAW WEBSTER, M.D., a prominent practitioner of surgery and medicine, who is located at No. 581 Spadina avenue, Toronto, is a member of a well-known family of Ontario. The Websters are of English extraction, the family being founded in Canada by Henry Webster, Sr., the Doctor's grandfather, who came from England to New York City, and thence to Guelph, where he was engaged as a coppersmith and stove dealer for some time. Before coming to America he had been coppersmith to the Marquis of Hastings. From Guelph Henry Webster went to Fergus, and engaged in the stove business until his death. The wife of Henry Webster, Sr., was Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Shaw, and among the children of the union was Henry Webster, Jr.

Henry Webster, Jr., was born in England in 1831, and was but twelve years old when the family came to Canada. Growing to manhood in Guelph, he removed to Fergus, where he established the home later occupied by his father. Henry Webster, Jr., was a very successful business man, and was able to retire from active life many years prior to locating on the farm which



J. M. Tompington

he now occupies, near Fergus. He devotes himself to looking after his investments. He married Susan Stacy, who is also living, and two sons were born to this union: Dr. Thomas Shaw, our subject; and Henry Bailey, once a well-known breeder of Durham cattle, now a dealer in real estate in Regina, Saskatchewan.

Dr. Thomas Shaw Webster was born at Fergus in 1857, was educated there in the public and high schools, and in time became principal of the Fergus public school. He then began preparation for his profession, graduating from Victoria University in 1888, and from the University of Toronto in 1889. After completing his medical course Dr. Webster engaged for one year in the practice of his profession at French River, and then settled in Toronto, where he has been engaged in a large practice since 1891. In 1903 the Doctor erected his very pleasant home and office at No. 581 Spadina avenue, in which immediate locality he has been located since 1894.

In 1890 Dr. Webster and Miss Georgiana Ross McIntosh were united in marriage, she being a daughter of Daniel McIntosh, a resident of Toronto and for many years a well-known wholesale merchant of the Queen City. To Dr. and Mrs. Webster have been born two children, Isabel McLean and Henry Fergus Ross.

Dr. Webster is a member of the Canadian Medical Association, the Ontario Medical Association and the Toronto Medical Society. He is gynaecologist to the Western Hospital of Toronto. In politics the Doctor is a Conservative. Socially he is connected with the Masonic fraternity, the C.O.F. and S.O.E.

HON. EDWIN N. GUNSAULUS, Consul of the United States of America at Toronto, was born in Knox county, Ohio, son of the late Calvin Gunsaulus, M.D., a native of the State of New York, and for many years a noted medical practitioner of the Buckeye State. After a long and successful medical career Dr. Gunsaulus passed away, Jan. 15, 1904.

Hon. Edwin N. Gunsaulus received his education at Mt. Vernon and Mt. Gilead, Ohio, after which he served an apprenticeship to the newspaper business at Mt. Gilead. In 1887 Mr. Gunsaulus settled in London, Ohio, where for about twelve years he was editor of the *London Times*, the leading Republican newspaper of that place. In the capacity of editor of this publication Mr. Gunsaulus rendered his party very efficient service and became very prominently identified with the local, State and national organizations. On different occasions he was a delegate to the State and national conventions of the Republican party, in the work of which he took a prominent

part. Mr. Gunsaulus's public career began when he was elected mayor of Centerburg, Ohio, which position he resigned to become editor of the paper above mentioned. On Feb. 1, 1900, the late President McKinley appointed Mr. Gunsaulus United States Consul to Pernambuco, Brazil, South America, which position he ably filled until Nov. 13, 1901, when President Roosevelt appointed him consul to Toronto. The history of the Republican party of the United States contains a full record of Mr. Gunsaulus's work in connection therewith. Mr. Gunsaulus is a cousin of the Rev. Frank W. Gunsaulus, the well-known president of the Armour Institute, Chicago.

DR. F. H. TORRINGTON. Dr. Torrington's name is so well known throughout Canada and the United States, and his identification with the musical resources of Canada has been so marked, that a mere record of his active work is a sufficient indication of the position he holds in the musical world.

Dr. Torrington was born in Dudley, Worcestershire, England. At seven years of age he gave evidence of marked ability in playing the violin, and was placed by his parents under the care of competent musical instructors in Birmingham. Afterwards, he was articled for four years to James Fitzgerald, Cathedral organist of St. George's and St. Mary's, at Kidderminster, subsequently becoming organist and choir-master of St. Ann's Church, Bewdley.

After a successful career in England Dr. Torrington came to Canada, and was engaged in Montreal as organist of Great St. James' Street Methodist Church, which position he occupied for twelve years. He then removed to Boston, Massachusetts, having been appointed organist and musical director of King's Chapel, which position he left in 1873 for the one he now holds, in the Metropolitan Church of Toronto. Upon his arrival in Toronto, he accepted the conductorship of the Toronto Philharmonic Society. While residing in Boston he was conductor, in association with Carl Zerrahn and P. S. Gilmore, of the mass rehearsals of the great chorus of the last Boston Jubilee, as well as being conductor of a number of musical societies. He was also professor of piano and solo organist at the New England Conservatory of Music, Boston, Massachusetts; first violinist of the Harvard Symphony Orchestra; solo organist at Boston Music Hall; and solo organist at Plymouth (Henry Ward Beecher's) Church, Brooklyn, New York. His experience as organist at King's Chapel, and professor of piano at the New England Conservatory of Music, and as conductor of orchestral and vocal societies, together with his train-

ing as a cathedral organist and choirmaster, and his ability as a violinist, eminently fitted him for the work he has accomplished in Toronto.

Thus Dr. Torrington's name is the synonym for leadership and experience in everything musical in Canada. The value of his teaching is commensurate with his reputation. He strives assiduously to impart to his pupils correct methods, and to place before them every legitimate aid in acquiring a thorough, modern musical education. A special feature of his work is the training of advanced pianists and vocalists for professional work. Provision is made for the public appearance of such, with full orchestral accompaniment; opportunities are also offered for those duly qualified to appear in oratorio, and in church concerts. Among the many vocal pupils of Dr. Torrington, who have attained distinction, special mention may be made of Miss Eileen Millett.

To Dr. Torrington is due the conception of establishing musical festivals in Toronto. The first took place in June, 1886, with 1,000 voices in the chorus, and 100 performers in the orchestra, at which he conducted the great oratorios, "Israel in Egypt" (Handel) and Gounod's "Mors et Vita," the miscellaneous programmes including the overtures to "Tannhäuser" (Wagner), "Ruy Blas" (Marchetti), "William Tell" (Rossini), and "Oberon" (Weber), etc. Dr. Torrington also conducted the Festival given at the inauguration of the new Massey Music Hall, in June, 1895, and the Jubilee performance of Mendelssohn's oratorio "Elijah," given at Massey Hall in November, 1896. He was engaged to train the large chorus and orchestra for the reception to the Duke and Duchess of York in Toronto, in October, 1901, and was associate conductor with Sir Alexander Mackenzie, President and Director of the Royal Academy of Music, London, England, for the Cycle of Musical Festivals inaugurated by C. A. E. Harriss, Mus. Bac. (Un. Tor.); held April 16-17-18, 1903, in Toronto. On June 13, 1902, the degree of Doctor of Music (Mus. Doc.) was conferred upon Dr. Torrington by the University of Toronto, in recognition of the valuable services he had rendered to the cause of music in Toronto during the past twenty-nine years.

Some years ago Dr. Torrington made an extended tour through Europe in the interests of the Toronto College of Music, visiting the Leipzig Conservatorium and Gewandhaus; the Hoch (Joachim) School of Music, Berlin; the Wagner Festival at Bayreuth; the Royal Academy of Music, London; the Royal College of Music, London; and the College of Organists, London. He was also most cordially received by Sir John Stainer, Professor of Music, Oxford University;

Sir Alexander Mackenzie, Royal Academy; Sir Frederick Bridge, Westminster Abbey, and Professor Gresham College; Dr. W. H. Cummings, of the Guild Hall School of Music; Dr. Turpin, College of Organists; and in Leipsic by Herr Jadassohn and Herr Krause, and other eminent musicians. It is very satisfactory to find that the strongest features of these various schools of music are incorporated in the scheme adopted as the basis of the work of the Toronto College of Music.

The Toronto College of Music is justly entitled to rank as one of the most advanced institutions of its kind in Canada, not only from the character of its general work, but because on several most important lines of musical education it bears more than favorable comparison with the most eminent musical schools of Europe and America. Founded by Dr. Torrington in 1888, incorporated by Government in 1890, the first musical institution recognized by affiliation with the University of Toronto, the Toronto College of Music has, from its inception, proved to be a prosperous and ever-increasing effective agency for musical development in the Dominion. The amount of its capital is placed at \$50,000. The charter granted by Government gives power for the fullest development in the art and science of Music, together with control of lands, buildings and appliances necessary thereto.

Graduates of the Toronto College of Music are afforded the highest Toronto University advantages, being exempted from all examinations, except the third or final, for the degree of Bachelor of Music. The faculty of the Toronto College of Music has, from the opening, consisted of the most prominent and experienced executive and theoretical musicians, representing the best methods of Germany, France, Russia, Italy, England and America. Students have thus been drawn to the College from all parts of Canada and the United States, and its examinations in music are sought throughout the Dominion of Canada. Amongst those who have taken both the Theory and Practical examinations are the daughters of the Governor-General of Canada (Lord Minto and the Countess of Minto), the Ladies Ruby and Violet Elliot.

The equipment of the College is complete in every department, and unusual facilities are provided for the most thorough all-round musical education, including two of the largest and most complete three-manual and four-manual modern organs; orchestra under Dr. Torrington's personal direction; choir and oratorio chorus training, notably in the Toronto Festival chorus and the Metropolitan Church choir; and special opportunities for introduction in concert, oratorio and church work, together with

every up-to-date means calculated to educate musicians on broad lines. Vocal and instrumental graduates are brought out with full orchestral accompaniment, conducted by Dr. Torrington. Practical testimony to the efficacy and value of Toronto College of Music training is accorded through the fact that its vocal, instrumental and theory graduates are being constantly sought to fill important positions as teachers, organists, choir directors, and as soloists for concerts and church engagements.

Through the generosity of Mrs. Massey Treble—patron of the Toronto College of Music—one of the finest organs in the world has been placed in the Metropolitan Church, of which Dr. Torrington is organist and choir director. This organ, the specifications of which were prepared by Dr. Torrington and Mr. Lemare, has electric pneumatic action, four manuals, seventy-seven stops, and all modern appliances, including a complete chime of bells. The pedal board, the first of its kind in use in Canada, is termed concave and radiating, and is the scale adopted by the American Guild of Organists. The organ was built by Messrs. Karn-Warren, Woodstock, the whole construction being designed and carried out under the personal direction of Mr. C. S. Warren. On March 9, 1904, the organ was formally opened, when the Toronto Festival chorus sang Mendelssohn's "Hymn of Praise," under the direction of Dr. F. H. Torrington, and on which occasion he displayed the beauties of the organ in a brief recital. Mr. Edwin H. Lemare, the celebrated English organist, gave a recital on March 10th, and pronounced it the finest instrument on the continent. The main organ stands behind the pulpit, with auxiliary organs on each side, the solo and echo organ being placed at the opposite end of the church, all being connected by pneumatic tubing and electric cables laid beneath the flooring.

REV. WILLIAM REID, D.D. The late Dr. William Reid, of Toronto, was a man whose entire life was devoted to the work of the Christian ministry, in connection with the Presbyterian Church in Canada. For more than fifty years he took a leading part in the work of this church, and was widely known throughout the Dominion. Full of charity and good-will, he had numerous friends, while his sound judgment and sterling character won him a place in the front rank of church leaders.

Dr. Reid was born in Aberdeenshire, Scotland, in 1816, and in his native country was well prepared for his work as a minister. In 1839 he came to Canada, and in 1840 was settled at Grafton, Ont., as his first pastorate. Here he remained until 1849, when he accepted

a call to Picton, and there served until 1853. At this time he removed to Toronto to become agent for the then Canada Presbyterian Church, an office which he held, amid the various changes in the constitution of the church, until his death in January, 1896.

In 1848 Dr. Reid married Miss Mary Ann Harriett Street, daughter of William and Mary Ann (Porter) Street. William Street was born in England in 1779, and died in 1834, while his wife, born in 1781, passed away in 1864. In 1832 they came to Canada, and after living at Niagara Falls for a short time went to Ancaster, where Mr. Street died. Mrs. Reid was born in Devonshire, England, in 1820, and, after a long and useful life, died in 1905, having resided for forty-nine years in the same immediate vicinity on Bloor street east, Toronto. Dr. and Mrs. Reid were the parents of four sons and four daughters, of whom two sons and three daughters survive.

DR. W. J. CHARLTON, of Weston, Ont., is known throughout his community both as a physician and surgeon of skill, and as a prominent public man. He was born on the 4th Concession of York township, son of John and Mary (Bull) Charlton, the former born in Cumberland, England, in July, 1807, and the latter in County York, Ont., in March, 1817.

On coming to Canada Mr. and Mrs. Charlton settled in Toronto, but later located on the 4th Concession of York township, remaining there until their removal to Weston. At the latter place Mr. Charlton died in 1893, and his wife survived him ten years, passing away in the faith of the Methodist Church, of which he was an adherent. In politics he was a Conservative. Eight children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Charlton: Edward, a merchant of San Francisco, California, where he was a sufferer during the earthquake in that city, losing all his property; John, an orange-grower of Los Angeles, California; Thomas, of Toronto; Robert, a farmer of Meadowdale, Ont.; Albert, construction engineer of the Canadian Pacific Railway at Winnipeg (is married and has a family); Mrs. G. C. Moore, of Oakville; Mrs. A. C. Atwood, of London, Ont., and Dr. W. J.

W. J. Charlton was reared on the home farm in York township, and received his education in the public schools and the Streetsville high school. In 1880 he entered the Toronto University, and graduated from that institution in 1883, after which he spent one and one-half years as resident house surgeon in the Toronto General Hospital, at the end of this time locating in Weston village, and first settled on Main street. He erected a fine brick home on North

Station street in 1893, and here he has successfully continued to the present time, engaged in the practice of his profession. Dr. Charlton is a skilled physician, and he has won the confidence of the community, thereby gaining a large and lucrative practice.

In June, 1885, Dr. Charlton was united in marriage with Miss Annie McNally, born at Hanover, Ont., daughter of Samuel McNally, of Hanover. Mrs. Charlton, who was a graduate of Whitby College, passed away at her home in March, 1903, at the age of thirty-five years, in the faith of the Methodist Church, of which she was an active member, being president of the Ladies' Aid Society. To Dr. and Mrs. Charlton were born children as follows: Norma, a student of the High school; Dorothy; and Howard.

Dr. Charlton is connected with the Methodist Church, in which he has been recording steward for the past eighteen years. In politics he is a Conservative, and was reeve of Weston village for five years, as well as a member of the high school and public school boards. The Doctor is very prominent fraternally, holding membership with the following organizations: Humber Masonic Lodge of Weston, the I.O.O.F., the Ancient Order of Foresters, the Independent Order of Foresters, the Canadian Order of Foresters, the Royal Templars, the Canadian Order of Social Friends, Canadian Home Circle, and the Sons of England Benevolent Society. Dr. Charlton has been coroner for the County of York, Ont., for the past fifteen years.

JOHN CREIGHTON, a well-known barrister at law of Toronto, is a native of the Queen City, and a son of William and Margaret (Mountjoy) Creighton, natives of Ireland.

William Creighton and his wife came to Canada about 1840, and settled for a short time at Oakville, where the former engaged in the dry goods business. In 1851 they located in Toronto, on King street east, where Mr. Creighton continued in the dry goods business until his retirement from active life. He owned a large amount of real estate in Toronto, among which was his fine home at No. 507 Jarvis street, with much adjacent property. In addition to this he owned the home on King street in which Mr. Stitts is now living. Mr. and Mrs. Creighton were members of the Church of England. In politics he was a Conservative. Their children were: Mrs. Mina Gordon; Mrs. John Payne; James B., of Toronto; William T., of Winnipeg; Mrs. Murray H. Miller, of Winnipeg; Miss Florence, of New York; and John.

John Creighton was born on the present site

of the "King Edward Hotel," Toronto, in 1853, and was educated at the Toronto high school, taking his legal studies at Osgoode Hall, and completing his education in 1880. Since that time he has been engaged in the practice of his profession in his native city. Mr. Creighton's specialty is titles, and he has been connected with some very important cases in this connection, among which may be mentioned the Sefton Trust case, 1886, England, which he settled without legal action; the Creighton vs. Pearson case in Toronto; the Creighton vs. Sweetland action against the sheriff of Ottawa; and he was also successful in the case of Schwennessen vs. Harris, of Chicago, to which city Mr. Creighton went at the time. He is a Conservative in political principle, and his religious faith is that of the Church of England.

REV. SAMUEL ROSE, D.D., who departed this life at his late residence, No. 27 Rose avenue, July 16, 1890, was a well-known resident of Toronto for many years, and a leading Methodist divine of Ontario.

Dr. Rose was born at Picton, Ont., Sept. 13, 1806. He was the son of Peter and Winnifred (Byrns) Rose. Peter Rose was twice married, his second wife being Mrs. Gerolamy, of a U. E. Loyalist family. Peter Rose was also a descendant of a U. E. Loyalist, who fled in the night with his wife and family from a comfortable home, to live in the forest, under the British flag.

Dr. Rose received his education in the best schools then known in Canada, always keeping abreast of the times. He held pastorates in various places in Ontario, spending six years as governor of Mount Elgin Institute, an institution for the education of the Indians and supported by the Government and the Missionary Society of the Methodist Church. In 1865 he was appointed book steward of the Methodist Book Room, then situated on King street and since removed to Richmond street. This position he filled with great satisfaction for fourteen years. On retiring from this position he settled on Rose avenue, one of the most pleasant residential streets of the Queen City, which was named in honor of him.

Dr. Rose was twice married, his first wife being Matilda Burdick, daughter of Rev. Caleb and Lavina Burdick (all of U. E. Loyalist stock), who died after a short married life, leaving him one daughter, now Mrs. Frank Byrne, of Huron street, Toronto. His second wife was the daughter of John and Susannah Street, of St. John's, in the Niagara District, and to them were born five children, three daughters and two sons, John E. Rose, deceased,



E Leadley

and S. P. Rose, a Methodist minister, now stationed in Winnipeg, and well known in the ministry in Ontario and Quebec. Sarah Rose, daughter of Dr. Rose, lives in the home at No. 27 Rose avenue.

Dr. Rose was long identified with the Christian ministry and labored faithfully for his fellowmen. He will be well remembered in the Queen City and elsewhere.

EDWARD LEADLAY was among the prominent business men of Toronto who founded and carried through to a most successful issue the industrial enterprises associated with their names, and he passed away in that city Sept. 17, 1899, after forty-six years of active participation in the commercial development of the place.

Mr. Leadlay was born in Scarborough, England, in 1827, son of Capt. Dowker Leadlay, who was for many years commander of an ocean vessel. The son grew up in his native land, received a good literary education, and thereafter made himself thoroughly familiar with the milling business. Having learned its details, Mr. Leadlay migrated to the United States and proceeded to put his knowledge to active use in New York State. However, he soon removed to Toronto, and embarked in an entirely new line, the wool and sheepskin business. He was located on Queen street west, just opposite the Asylum, and from the first the new enterprise prospered. Mr. Leadlay gave his entire attention to his affairs, and his careful supervision and the sound judgment he displayed bore their legitimate fruit in the rapid development of his business, which soon assumed a leading place among the industries of Toronto. Later, in addition to this, Mr. Leadlay was instrumental in bringing about the erection of the Standard Woolen Mills, in Toronto, and was identified with their management until his death.

Mr. Leadlay was as good a citizen as he was a business man, and while he never took a personal share in political work he was keenly interested in matters of the public welfare. He was not a supporter of any given party, for in his judgment party organization was but a means to an end, and he always gave his support to the one which on any given occasion best served the true interests of Canada and the Canadians.

Mr. Leadlay was first married to Jane Pickering, of Scarborough, England, who died in Toronto, leaving three children: Mary, deceased, who was the wife of Albert Ogden; Annie, deceased; and Edward, who married a Miss Henderson. In 1866 Mr. Leadlay married, in Toronto, Miss Mary Isabel Ferris, who was born in Glenavy, County Antrim, Ireland, where her

parents, the late Robert and Susanna Ferris, passed their entire lives. In 1863 Mrs. Leadlay came to Toronto, where she has ever since resided. The recent home of the Leadlay family, at No. 25 Esther street, was built by Mr. Leadlay in 1876, and was sold by his widow some time after his death. In 1904 she built her present home, at No. 38 Sherbourne street north. Of the children born to Edward and Mary I. (Ferris) Leadlay, Gertrude is the widow of F. H. Land, of Boston, Massachusetts; Percival, who is conducting his father's business, is married to Frances Linnington, of Chicago; and Reginald (deceased) married Eva Shepard, and they had one daughter, Eva Gertrude Isabel.

Mr. Leadlay was a man of not only marked financial ability, but of most upright and honorable character, and was a devoted husband and father. He was a member of the Methodist Church. He was a director in the Dominion Bank of Toronto.

HON. JOHN MONTGOMERY, who died in New Brunswick in 1867, was for many years a prominent public man of that Province. He was born on Prince Edward Island, in 1800, son of Archibald Montgomery, who was a native of the same place, and whose father, born in Scotland, located on Prince Edward Island at an early day.

As well as being prominent in public matters, the Hon. John Montgomery was closely identified with the business interests of the times. He was a member of the firm of H. & J. Montgomery, well-known shipbuilders of Dalhousie, N.B. His public life covered about a quarter of a century, during which time he was a member of the Assembly of New Brunswick.

In 1833 Mr. Montgomery married Miss Elizabeth Hamilton, born in Scotland in 1814, daughter of the late John Hamilton, the first white settler at Dalhousie, N.B. The place was named Hamilton in his honor, but was later changed to its present name. In 1895 Mrs. Montgomery and her daughter settled in Toronto, their residence at No. 1530 King street overlooking Lake Ontario, and being one of the fine homes of the city.

JOHN BRECKENRIDGE READ, who passed away in Toronto Sept. 9, 1882, was for many years a well-known barrister of that city, and a brother of the late D. B. Read, the author of Read's "History of the Judges." Mr. Read was born at Merrickville, Ont., Feb. 1, 1832, son of John L. Read, also a native of Canada.

John B. Read was educated at Peterboro, under the private tuition of the Rev. Mr. Tayler.

and was later a law student under Read & Leith. He was called to the Bar of Toronto in 1853, and soon thereafter formed a partnership with Mr. Richard Ruttan, son of Sheriff Ruttan, of Cobourg, where he remained some time. He then came to Toronto and became a member of the well-known firm of Read, Leith & Read, the firm consisting of David B. Read, Alexander Leith and John B. Read. This partnership continued for a number of years, and on its dissolution our subject for some time continued legal practice alone. He was then appointed solicitor for the Law Society, a position he held until his death.

On April 28, 1858, Mr. Read and Miss Roxana Ballard were united in marriage. She was born in Prince Edward County, daughter of Norman and Roxalane (McConnell) Ballard, the former a native of Massachusetts, and the latter of New Jersey, their people being United Empire Loyalists and early settlers of Canada. His father was Luke Ballard, the founder of the Ballard family in Canada. Norman Ballard, the father of Mrs. Read, was for many years a merchant at Pieton, and later received the appointment as agent of the Crown Lands office at that point. Here he died aged seventy-seven years, his wife passing away in her sixty-third year. The children of Norman and Roxalane (McConnell) Ballard were: Luke is deceased; Cynthia Jane, born in 1820, resides in Vancouver; Emily, deceased, was the wife of the late D. B. Read; Erastus Perrins is deceased; Roxana, Mrs. John B. Read, was born in 1832; Norman Upson is deceased; and Anna is Mrs. Donald Fraser.

To John B. and Roxana (Ballard) Read was born the following family: (1) Jessie, married Dr. R. Francis, of Montclair, New Jersey, and has two children—Margaret and John Read. (2) Emily May, married Justice Archer C. Martin, of Victoria, B.C., and has two sons—Archer D'Arcy and Oliver Carew. (3) Ethel is the wife of John M. Laing, M.A., Oxon., principal of the collegiate school at Victoria, B.C., founded in 1895, and which in 1905 had an enrollment of fifty boys. (4) Norman is with the street railway company, Toronto. (5) Harold, in business in Chicago, married Gwendolyn Beddome, of Toronto. (6) Percy, of Chicago, married Blanche Henderson, of Toronto, and has one daughter—Audrey. (7) Lionel, manager of the Merchants' Bank of St. George, Ont., married Agnes McLean, and has one daughter—Agnes. (8) Douglas is manager for H. O. Armour & Co., at Mobile, Alabama. Mr. Read was a member of the Church of England. In politics he was a Conservative. He was affiliated fraternally with the Orangemen.

EDWARD COURSOLES JONES, who passed away at his late residence, No. 241 Church street, Toronto, in 1885, was born at Brockville, Ont., in 1823, son of Jonas A. and Mary (Ford) Jones, both of whom were natives of Canada.

Jonas A. Jones and his family settled in Toronto in 1836, and here Mr. Jones practiced law for some time, finally being appointed to the Bench, on which he served until his death in 1848. His widow passed away in Toronto in 1869.

Edward Coursolles Jones was educated at the Toronto University and was called to the Ontario Bar. He at once settled in Toronto in the practice of his profession, in which he continued until his death in 1885. In 1848 he married Miss Margaret Innes, a daughter of Robert and Margaret (Donoven) Innes, the former born in Scotland, and the latter in Canada in 1783. They came to Canada at a very early day and settled in Amherstburg, where Mrs. Jones was born Dec. 20, 1819. Her mother died in 1864. To Edward Coursolles Jones and his wife were born: Mary Louisa, who married Captain Geddes, and both died, leaving two daughters—Petica and Margaret; Edward Coursolles, of England; and James Gordon, a barrister of Toronto. From this it will be seen that three generations of the Jones family have engaged in the practice of law in the Queen City.

Mrs. Jones, who resides at No. 241 Church street, Toronto, has passed the eighty-seventh milestone of life's journey, but is in full possession of all of her faculties, and her memory of early times, and her reminiscences thereof, are full of interest to the younger generations. Mrs. Jones is a member of St. James' Cathedral, of which her husband was also a member. In the death of Edward Coursolles Jones, the Ontario Bar lost a prominent and eminent member, and the City of Toronto one of its esteemed citizens.

REV. JAMES BRECKENRIDGE, who died at Streetsville, Ont., in 1879, was for many years a well-known Presbyterian divine of Ontario. He was born in Scotland in 1830, son of Edward Breckenridge, who came from Scotiand to Canada many years ago, soon afterward removing to the State of Illinois, where he died.

Rev. James Breckenridge was but a young man when he came to Canada, and he first engaged in teaching in the County of Peel. Feeling it his duty to enter the ministry, he accordingly fitted himself for the work, and in 1869 entered the ministry of the Presbyterian Church, in which he continued until his death, in 1879. The great and good work accomplished by the

Rev. Mr. Breckenridge in the preaching of the Gospel will long be remembered by the people of Streetsville, where the greater part of his work was done.

ALEXANDER MANNING. The city of Toronto lost a public-spirited and useful citizen and progressive, energetic business man in the death of Alexander Manning, which occurred at his late residence, No. 11 Queen's Park, Toronto, Oct. 20, 1903. Mr. Manning was born in Dublin, Ireland, May 11, 1819.

Alexander Manning came to Canada in 1834, and settling in Toronto when that place first became a city, he began a business career that was one of the most successful in the history of the city. For sixty-nine years he was a prominent factor in business and public life, and at the time of his death he was a large land and real estate owner and one of the wealthy men of the Queen City. On first locating in Toronto Mr. Manning engaged in contracting, which he followed throughout his life. He built the first sawmill in Toronto, and among his later constructions were the Manning Arcade at No. 24 King street west, and the Manning Chambers on City Hall Square, both of which buildings are a part of the Manning estate.

Not only was Mr. Manning prominent as a business man, but he was also a representative public man as well. He was an alderman of the city for a number of years, and mayor thereof in 1873 and 1885. He was twice married. His only surviving children are by his second wife, Susan Smith, who was born at Sherbrooke, daughter of Sir Hollis Smith, and who died in 1889. The children were: Blanche, deceased; Georgie Edna, wife of Hume Blake; and Percy Alexander.

The late Alexander Manning was a staunch Conservative. In his religious views he was a strict churchman, and was always a consistent and devoted member of the Church of England.

JAMES FRASER, who passed away at his late residence, No. 16 Walker avenue, Toronto, Feb. 2, 1905, was for many years a well-known and highly-esteemed business man of the Queen City. He came of sturdy Scotch stock, being born in Glasgow, Scotland, July 24, 1827, son of William and Margaret (Laird) Fraser.

Mr. Fraser grew to manhood in his native country and there received his education. About 1847 he came to Canada and engaged in the insurance business in Toronto for the Liverpool & London & Globe Company, continuing in this capacity until 1882, when he retired from active life.

On Feb. 2, 1853, in Toronto, just fifty-two years before his death, Mr. Fraser married Miss Agnes Gemmel, born in Glasgow in 1825, daughter of Alexander and Margaret Gemmel, natives of Scotland, who came to Canada during Mrs. Fraser's girlhood, settling in Montreal, whence they went in a few years to Toronto. After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Fraser settled on Bond street, and from there removed to the present home of the Hon. Robert Jaffray, corner of Grenville street and Surrey place, which Mr. Fraser built. Here they resided for seventeen years, and then went to Guelph, returning after three years to Toronto. They then settled on Davenport Hill, but Mr. Fraser later built the home at No. 16 Walker avenue, where he was living at the time of his death. Not only was Mr. Fraser well known in business circles, but in municipal and church matters as well. For several years he was a member of the council of Toronto, and served in that body with credit to himself and to the satisfaction of his constituents. He was a member of the Bond Street Congregational Church for many years, and laid the corner-stone for the present edifice. For twenty-five years he was a deacon in the Bond Street Church. On returning from Guelph he became connected with the Charles Street (now Westminster) Presbyterian Church, but at the time of locating in his last residence he identified himself with the Deer Park Presbyterian Church, with which he was connected at the time of his death.

Mr. and Mrs. Fraser had a family of four daughters and two sons, one son and one daughter dying in infancy; the remaining son, Edward, resides in California. Mrs. Fraser survived her husband fourteen months, passing away April 2, 1906.

On Feb. 2, 1903, Mr. and Mrs. Fraser celebrated their Golden Wedding, and two years from that date his death occurred. Mr. Fraser's name was a household word among the sick and needy of Toronto. During the later years of his life he spent much time among those suffering from sickness and want, cheering them with helping words and with his substance. Full of charity and thought for others, Mr. Fraser was a true Christian gentleman, and in his death the city of Toronto lost one of its best citizens.

GEORGE MACAULEY HAWKE, who departed this life Oct. 26, 1903, at his late residence, No. 111 Wellington street west, was born at Bath in 1826, son of Anthony Bawdon Hawke, who came to Canada from Cornwall, England, at the close of the war of 1812, and settled in the County of Prince Edward. Later he was appointed chief emigration agent of Up-

per Canada, and came to reside in Toronto, from which place he subsequently removed to Whitby, where he died in October, 1865. He left a family of two sons and three daughters, viz.: Edward Henry, of New York; George Macauley; Eliza, who married Judge Dertwell; Harriet, who married Lyman English, of Oshawa; and Eliza, wife of William Hawkins, of Colchester.

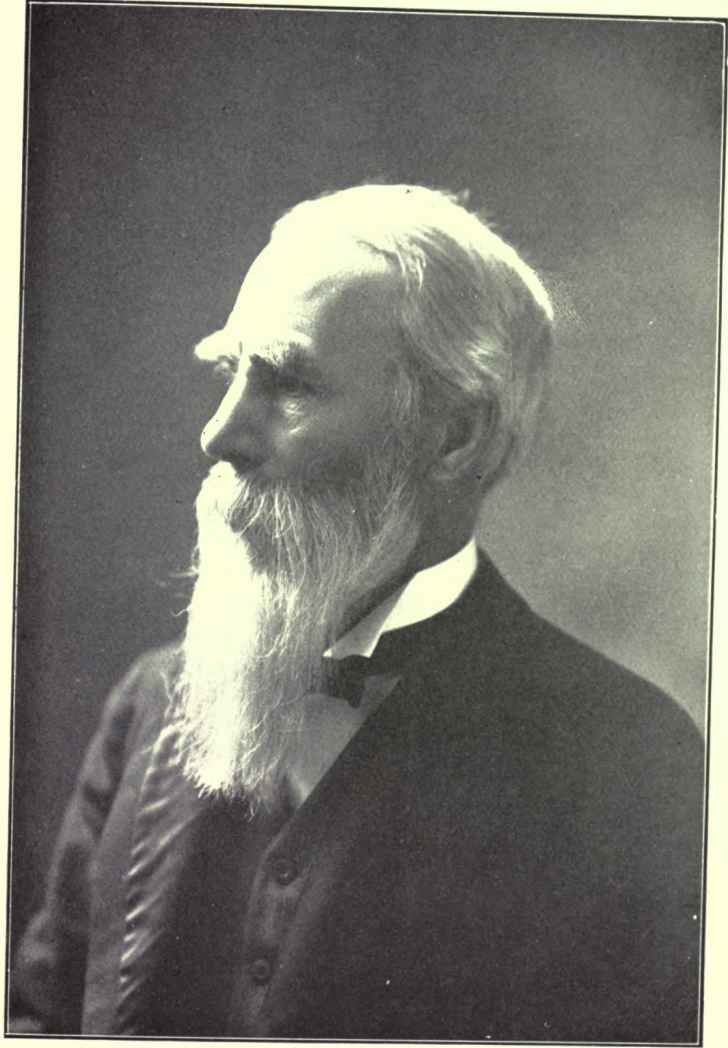
On reaching his majority George Macauley Hawke came to Toronto to read law, becoming a solicitor, and he followed the profession for many years, until he retired from active work. He was a member of the Church of England.

In 1857 Mr. Hawke married Miss Charlotte Ann Widmer, whose father, the late Dr. Christopher Ralph Widmer, was born in 1780 in England, and married Miss Hannah Stonehouse. Dr. Widmer was a noted surgeon, and as such served in the Peninsular wars and the war of 1812, and in 1814 he settled in Toronto, where he founded a hospital on Widmer street. To him and his wife were born three children: Hannah Maria, who married Captain Clark, and has two daughters, Isabella and Edith, residents of Toronto; Charlotte Ann, Mrs. Hawke; and Christopher.

Mrs. Hawke, who was born in Toronto June 19, 1838, survives her husband, and resides at the old home, No. 111 Wellington street west. To her and her husband were born the following named children: Louisa, deceased; Widmer, vice-president of the O'Keefe Brewing Company, who married Isabella Harston, by whom he has had two sons, George and Edward; May Caroline, the wife of Theodore Brough; and Hannah Josephine, wife of Lieutenant-Colonel McDougall, of Quebec.

ARTHUR HARVEY was born in England, April 23, 1834, and educated chiefly in France and the Netherlands, with which latter country his family had long been connected. Returning from the Continent he entered Trinity College, Dublin, in 1852, and in 1855 added a special course in actuarial science, in London, where Professor De Morgan was the great lodestone for students. Coming to Canada in 1856, Mr. Harvey first took service as assistant editor to a newspaper in Brantford, but soon removed to Hamilton, where he became associated with the *Spectator*. Being one of the two swiftest shorthand writers in Canada, and as well able to follow a French as an English orator, he lived in Toronto during the sessions of Parliament, and, on the removal of the seat of government to Quebec, took up residence there as confidential correspondent of the *Spectator*, and engaged in literary work generally, as a writer of magazine articles. For a time Mr. Harvey was editor of

the Quebec *Chronicle*, and developed a liking for statistics. A small pamphlet on the grain trade of the basin of the Lakes, in which graphic statistics were used for the first time in Canada, brought him the friendship of Mr. (afterwards Sir) Alexander Galt, whom he assisted in preparing the Budget of 1862, which in return led to his being appointed to a position in the Department of Finance, nominally as statistical clerk, but really as confidential aid to the minister of Finance. In this capacity he served under several ministers, being entrusted with important inquiries for each. Thus, for Sir Alexander Galt he investigated the working of the Reciprocity Treaty, and was the secretary of the commission sent to Washington by the Five Provinces to negotiate for its renewal. For Mr. Holton he investigated the expenditures for printing and supplies to the Department and organized a new and regular tariff of charges and a system of checks which resulted in large public savings. For Mr. (now Sir) William P. Howland he examined Interprovincial Trade and its probable development on the removal of tariffs and the completion of an Intercolonial Railway. For Mr. Galt, again minister, he collected the statistics of the several Provinces in view of their approaching confederation, spending several months at the capitals of the Maritime Provinces, for this purpose. With the leave of the Government a great part of this work was published as the Year Book of British North America, 1867, and of Canada, 1868 and 1869, and Mr. Harvey always regarded it as his *magnum opus*. It entitles him to be looked on as the father of Canadian statistics. The collection, completion and summing up of materials independently and often imperfectly gathered is no slight work. The general summary, communicated to his chief, Mr. Harvey understood to have been used in London in laying down the basis for Confederation; and the Year Book, which was in more complete and scientific shape than any national statistical work except that officially published for Italy, was the standard for reference during all the Provincial debates on that union which followed. Under Sir John Rose the chief work done by Mr. Harvey was the suggestion and preparation of the first Canadian insurance law, which called for the making of regular annual returns and for the deposit of a sum of money as a guarantee of permanency. All these ministers had been Mr. Harvey's personal friends, but when Sir Francis Hincks was appointed to the office, Mr. Harvey resigned his most agreeable and (for a civil servant) well paid position, and came to Toronto in 1870 to take charge of the Provincial Insurance Company. After several years' labor



Arthur Harwey.

in building up the finances of the company, on the eve of success, a conflagration year came along, and with the fire at St. John, N.B. (1877), as a climax, he thought it most honorable to wind up its affairs. From that time he did not engage in important public enterprises.

Mr. Harvey had always been actively concerned in the work of scientific, literary and other societies. He was secretary of the Horticultural Society at Hamilton, and the real founder of the Hamilton (Scientific) Association. He was a hard-working secretary of the St. George's Society at Quebec, and a member of the Literary and Historical Society there. At Ottawa he formed and was secretary-treasurer of the Civil Service Building and Savings Society, and was largely instrumental in the erection of St. Alban's Church—both urgently needed. On coming to Toronto, several building societies here and in other places wished him to value their terminable mortgages, and, being unwilling to divert his attention from the affairs of the Provincial Insurance Company, he published the Tables he had prepared for his own use, which were the first tables anywhere printed for the valuation of mortgages repayable by monthly payments. In due time he joined the Canadian Institute and was its president in 1891 and 1892. In 1890 he was a delegate to a function at Montpelier, France, where he addressed the meeting in French, which the other delegates were surprised to find was not a *patois*; and he expressed the hope that some day France would take a less narrow view of the Newfoundland French Shore question. He became a member of the Astronomical Society and was its president in 1898 and 1899. The Transactions of these Societies contain several papers from his pen. His specialty was the investigation of the connection between solar and terrestrial phenomena for which the records of the Magnetic and Meteorological Observatory here give many of the necessary data. In recognition of his work on solar phenomena he was elected Honorary President and Director, La Institución Solar Internacional, Monte Video, Uruguay; and just shortly before his death was elected a Fellow of this Society. In 1894 he was elected a Fellow of the Royal Society of Canada, and the bibliography which each Fellow has to prepare, for election, can be referred to in the proceedings for that year (Vol. XII.) as an evidence of the fertility of his pen. Later he published a work on "Decimals and Decimalization," being a historical *resume* of the movements preceding the adoption in France and other countries of the metric system, of which Mr. Harvey was a warm advocate. Though Mr. Harvey preferred his literary to his scientific

papers his most recent contribution to the Canadian Institute, on "The Principles of Insurance, with Special Reference to Sick Benefits" (the "proofs" of which he was correcting an hour or two before his death), seems to indicate a desire to aid in the establishment of a system of relief in sickness and old age, not based on German precedent but adapted to Canadian conditions.

Mr. Harvey was a most versatile man. He had a remarkable mastery of languages, living and dead, and was highly accomplished both in music and art. In debate he was a strenuous fighter, but when the fight was over no one was gentler or kinder than he.

DR. WILLIAM STUART FRALEIGH, for many years a prominent citizen of Toronto, Ont., where he was distinguished as a physician and surgeon, was born in 1847, son of William and Julia (Vanderwater) Fraleigh. After completing his preliminary education Dr. Fraleigh entered McGill University, Montreal, from which he was graduated with the degree of M.D., and he began his medical practice at Napanee.

Dr. Fraleigh finally settled in Toronto, and engaged in the practice of his profession, also carrying on the drug business, at No. 182 Claremont street. His residence was at No. 596 College street. Not only was the Doctor known as a physician and surgeon of skill, and as a business man of ability, but he was also prominently identified with municipal matters. In 1893 he was a member of the council of Toronto, and he took a very active part in the deliberations of that body. In political sentiment he was a Conservative, and in religious faith he was a Methodist. Dr. Fraleigh was very prominent in Masonic circles.

The Doctor was twice married, his first wife being Miss Mary McBride, by whom he had three sons: James Stuart, a druggist of Midland, who married Margaret Symes; William E., a druggist of Fort Frances, who married Marie Bell Perry, and has one daughter, May Stuart; and E. II., who is also a druggist, located in Toronto. The mother of this family died, and Dr. Fraleigh married (second) Miss Frances Bowerman, a native of Hastings County, and a daughter of Bennett and Mary (Smith) Bowerman, both of whom were of United Empire Loyalist extraction. He was a son of Cornelius Bowerman, a Quaker minister, whose father was the United Empire Loyalist who founded the family in Canada. To the Doctor's second marriage there were born two children, Lillie Madeline and Hilda Louisa.

NATHANIEL WHITEHOUSE, who died in Toronto in 1876, was born in Birmingham, England, in 1839, son of Charles and Mary Ann (Richardson) Whitehouse. The parents left their native country and came to Canada, settling for a time at Toronto, whence they later removed to New York.

Nathaniel Whitehouse received his education in the schools of Birmingham. He went to New York in 1859, and in 1861 came to Toronto and engaged in making fancy leather goods, in which line of work he continued until his death. He was with Brown Brothers, and for about ten years before his death was in business for himself, Mr. Julian Sales, now of the Sales Leather Company, having learned his trade with Mr. Whitehouse. The latter erected a shop and residence and employed an average of ten men in the business. Mr. Whitehouse was the pioneer in the making of fine leather goods of all kinds.

Mr. Whitehouse married Miss Sarah Kent, who was born in Toronto, daughter of Joseph and Ann (Newton) Kent, the former of whom, born in Lincolnshire, England, in 1807, died in 1883; his wife, born in 1815, died in 1903. They were married in the old country, and came to Canada in 1836, settling at Niagara Falls, Ont. In 1837 they came to Toronto, and Mr. Kent carried on a grocery business where the "Rossin House" now stands. They had children: John, deceased, a lumber merchant, and at one time alderman of Toronto; Mrs. Whitehouse; Hannah, deceased, wife of William Terry; Charles, of New York; and Joseph, of Toronto.

To Mr. and Mrs. Whitehouse were born children as follows: Charlotte Alice, who is at home; Clara, a trained nurse, of New York; and Natalie, a teacher, of Toronto. Mr. Whitehouse was a member of the Methodist Church. In political sentiment he was a Conservative.

GEORGE A. HOWELL, until recently managing director of the well-known firm of Grip Limited, who make a specialty of fine engravings and half-tones, is one of Toronto's leading business men and substantial citizens.

The Howell family, which is of Welsh extraction, was founded in Canada by the late Rev. James Howell, born at Brill, Buckinghamshire, England, in 1810, son of Rev. William Howell, who died in that country. In his native land Rev. Mr. Howell grew to manhood, received his education and began his life work as a Congregational minister, and on coming to Canada in 1856 he settled at Guelph for two years, being pastor of the Congregational Church there. Accepting a call to Liverpool, N.S., he filled the pulpit of the Congregational Church there for some time, after which he moved to Granby, thence to

Cold Springs, and finally returned to Guelph, where he was retired for some years. Later he removed to Orangeville, and then to Toronto in 1880, in which latter city he died Nov. 5th of that year. Rev. James Howell married Margaret Amelia Dougall, born in 1829 in Scotland, who died in Toronto Feb. 25, 1900, and to this union were born the following children: Margaret Amelia, of Lambton Mills; George A.; Mrs. J. W. Bolton, of St. Lambert, Quebec; David James, of Toronto; Mrs. C. F. May, of Toronto; Mrs. W. A. Lillie, of Monterey, California; and Eva C., of Lambton Mills.

George A. Howell was born May 24, 1861, at Liverpool, N.S., and was educated at Granby, Cold Springs and Guelph. He began his business life with Mr. G. B. Ryan, a dry goods merchant of Orangeville, from which house he went to that of Kenneth Chisholm & Co., in the same business at that place. In 1881 Mr. Howell settled in Toronto, and for some time was with The Mammoth House of that city, then embarking in the dry goods business on his own account on Yonge street. In 1891 Mr. Howell became a member of The Grip Printing & Publishing Company, Limited, of Toronto, and ten years later the business was reorganized and the name changed to Grip, Limited, of which Mr. Howell was managing director until Nov. 30, 1906. This firm make a specialty of fine engravings and half-tones. Mr. Howell is now connected with the Standard Paper Company, Limited, of Toronto.

In 1900 Mr. Howell was married to Lucy Knox, born in Armagh, Ireland, in 1871, daughter of William and Rachel Knox, and to this union there has been born one daughter, Margaret Knox. Mr. and Mrs. Howell attend the Presbyterian Church. In politics he is a Reformer, and his fraternal connections are with the Canadian Club, of which he was president in 1904 and 1905; the Toronto Canoe Club, of which he was commodore in 1901, and the National Club.

JOHN W. PEAKER, M.D., University of Toronto, 1886, M.R.C.S., London, England, 1888, has been identified with the medical fraternity of Toronto since 1889.

Dr. Peaker belongs to an English family long identified with western Ontario. About the year 1841 the Peaker family was founded in Canada by William Peaker, a native of Yorkshire, England, who settled at Cooksville, where he engaged in a mercantile business for a number of years. His son, William Peaker, the Doctor's father, was born in 1829, in England, but his entire business life has been spent in Canada. On reaching his majority he engaged in a mercan-

tile business at Cooksville, where he remained several years, at the end of that time removing to Brampton, where he is still actively engaged in merchandising. He is one of the oldest merchants of that place, having been in business there since 1860. William Peaker married Miss Janet Grimshaw, a native of England, who died in 1901, at Brampton, leaving children: William, Thomas, George and Frederick, engaged in the mercantile business with their father; Dr. E. S., a dentist of Toronto; Dr. K., a dentist of Toronto; Dr. John W.; and Dr. Oliver, a dentist of Brampton.

John W. Peaker was born in Brampton in 1865, and his literary education was obtained at the Brampton high school and the University of Toronto. In 1882 he entered the medical department of that University, from which institution he was graduated in 1886 with the degree of M.D. Dr. Peaker then pursued his medical studies at London, England, where in 1888 he received the degree of M.R.C.S. Returning to Toronto he established himself in the practice of his profession and has been in continuous practice in that city since that time.

Dr. Peaker married Miss Florence Woodruff, and to this union has been born one son, Cortlandt. Dr. and Mrs. Peaker attend the Methodist Church. In political faith he is a Reformer. Fraternaly he has connected himself with the Masonic order and the Knights of Pythias.

ALFRED GARDNER, deceased. The dominant traits of integrity, perseverance and determination to succeed, which mark the English race the world over, have had many exponents among the business world of Toronto, but in none have those sterling qualities been more undeniably present than in the late Alfred Gardner, who during his fifteen years in that city built up one of the largest business connections in the place.

Mr. Gardner was born in Buckinghamshire, England, March 5, 1854, and grew to maturity in that country. His business career began there, but in 1887, at the age of thirty-three, he severed his connections with England, crossed the ocean to Toronto, and started anew in the concrete business, confining himself to its application to fire-proof constructions. When he began there was only one other man in Toronto in that line, the Granolithic Paving Company having been first. Mr. Gardner began in a small way, but rapidly increased the scope of his operations to keep pace with the constantly growing demand until he had developed his business into one of the prominent industries of the city. It was at all times under his personal supervision, and the results proved the value of such

detailed and complete knowledge of the business and of such strict attention thereto. Mr. Gardner became one of the well-known men of the city, and in his death, which occurred Oct. 5, 1901, Toronto lost one of her best and most highly esteemed citizens. He was a member of the I.O.O.F. and the S.O.E.

HUGH HARRISON, born at Belfast, Ireland, in 1835, came to Toronto early in the seventies. He was a lineal descendant of General Harrison, who fought under Cromwell. In Ireland he married Sarah McCord, also a native of that country, and he left nine children and four grandchildren to mourn his loss. His children were: Margaret, wife of D. Densmore, of California; Sarah; Mary; Lillian; John; Hugh, who married Sarah Murray; Thomas, who married Miss Thomas; William Henry; and Alexander. His grandchildren were: Ianthe Densmore, Gordon and Olive Harrison, and Hugh Murray Harrison.

Mr. Harrison and his family were members of the Presbyterian Church, while in politics he always gave his support to the Conservative party.

REV. THOMAS M. REIKIE was born in Glasgow, Scotland, in 1819, and died in 1900, in Wiarton, Ont. When a young man he came to Canada, locating at Bowmanville, Ont., where for nearly twenty-five years he was pastor of the Congregational Church. He then spent some time travelling in the old country, and on his return to Canada settled in Toronto, where he was retired from regular pastoral work, but preached occasionally at different churches. Later he removed to Wiarton, where he was pastor for a short time, and where he died. He was well known in Toronto as a man ably fitted for the calling in which he served for so many years.

Mr. Reikie was married in 1872 to Miss Marion C. Thomson, daughter of the late T. M. and Anne (Ker) Thomson, and granddaughter of James Thomson, who came from Paisley, Scotland, many years ago, settling at La Prairie, Quebec, where he was a merchant until his death. T. M. Thomson, father of Mr. Reikie, was for many years in the wholesale dry goods business at Montreal, later settling in Toronto, where he died in 1889. His first wife died in 1852, and his second wife, surviving him by thirteen years, passed away in 1902.

Rev. Mr. Reikie and his wife had two sons and one daughter: Rev. T. T. Reikie, who graduated from Knox College, Toronto, with the class of 1905, and is in Leduc, Alta.; K. W., with the Bank of Commerce, Winnipeg; and Miss H. E.

K., of Toronto. Mr. Reikie was a Reformer and a strong advocate of temperance.

DR. ELIJAH PATTERSON, whose death occurred in Toronto, Sept. 29, 1900, was born in Whitehureh township, County York, in 1832, son of William and Joanna (Utley) Patterson.

William Patterson was a son of Whitfield Patterson, who came from Pennsylvania at an early day and settled in Whitehureh township, where he died. William Patterson was born there about 1805, and engaged in farming in that township for some time, and then went to Michigan, where he died, his wife dying in Whitehureh township, County York.

Dr. Elijah Patterson was educated at Bowmanville, and after completing his literary studies, read medicine for a time. He, however, changed his mind regarding his profession, turning his attention to dentistry, and studying with Dr. Fenton, of Toronto. The Doctor began the practice of his profession at Uxbridge, whence he went to Port Perry, and then, in 1881, to Toronto, where he continued until his death.

In 1858 Dr. Patterson married Miss Martha Pearson, daughter of John and Sarah (Brown) Pearson, the former born in Yorkshire, England, in 1818, and the latter in Markham township, County York, in 1815, daughter of Joseph Brown, a son of James Brown, the founder of this branch of the family in Canada. James Brown was bound out, in England, to the baker's trade, but was so ill-treated that he ran away, worked his passage across to Canada, and settled in Markham township, later going to Pickering, where he died. Joseph Brown, previously mentioned, married Elizabeth Wideman, and followed farming in Pickering all of his life. John Pearson, father of Mrs. Patterson, was a farmer of Uxbridge, where he died in 1873. His wife died in Toronto at the home of Mrs. Patterson, in 1903, the mother of seven children: Mrs. Patterson, Joseph, Rachel, George, John, David and Edward.

To Dr. and Mrs. Patterson were born one son and one daughter: Dr. F. J., a dentist at Mendota, Illinois, who married Roby Kelley, and has one daughter, Greta; and Fannie, wife of C. N. Johnson and mother of two daughters, Mignon and Nelyon. Dr. Patterson was a Reformer. His fraternal connections were with the A.O. U.W.

STEPHEN HEWARD (deceased), who departed this life at No. 38 Peter street, Toronto, in 1881, was born in Toronto in 1826, son of Stephen and Mary (Robinson) Heward, the latter a daughter of Christopher Robinson, grand-

father of Christopher Robinson, mentioned elsewhere.

Stephen Heward, Sr., was a native of England. He came to Canada from the United States about the time of the American Revolution, a United Empire Loyalist, locating at St. John, N.B. Later settling in Toronto, he was for some time clerk of the Peace Home district at Osgoode Hall. His death occurred in this city. His children were: Charles William; Henry, a lawyer of Toronto; Frank, a business man of Montreal, manager of the Royal Insurance Company of Toronto, in which city he died; Peter, at one time a business man of Toronto, who died in the Madeira Islands; William B., a clerk at Osgoode Hall; John, a broker of Toronto; Augustus, a broker at Montreal; Stephen; and Mary Ann, deceased.

Stephen Heward, the subject of this sketch, grew to manhood and received his education in Toronto. His business life was begun in the office of Clarke Gamble, in Toronto, after which he became identified with the Bank of Upper Canada. Later he became a stock broker, in which work he continued until his retirement from active life. On Aug. 12, 1858, he married Catherine Crookshank, daughter of a pioneer settler of Toronto, the late Hon. George Crookshank, and his wife, Sarah S. (Lambert) Crookshank. The Hon. George Crookshank was born July 23, 1773, in what is now the State of New York, where his father, George Crookshank, a native of Scotland, settled prior to the American Revolution. From the United States, as a U. E. Loyalist, he removed to St. John, N.B., where he died, his wife having passed away in the States. His son, the Hon. George Crookshank, came to Toronto in 1796. He had spent the previous winter in Jamaica. In 1796 Capt. John McGill, who came to Toronto with Governor Simcoe, invited Mr. Crookshank to come to this city, which he did, becoming connected with the commissary department, and later serving as assistant commissary general. He was also a member of the Legislative council until the union of the Provinces. Mr. Crookshank was married in the town of Wilton, Connecticut, to Sarah Susanna Lambert, who was born in that State, a daughter of David Lambert. Mr. Crookshank died in 1859, and his wife passed away in 1840. They had these children: John, who died in New York; George, a lawyer of Toronto; and Catherine, born May 31, 1829, in Connecticut.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Heward had nine children, of whom four died in childhood. There survive: Clarence Edwin, born in Edinburgh in 1863, and now residing in Toronto, married in England Mabel G. Hutton (deceased), by

whom he had one daughter, Violet Ethel Aileen; Mabel Augusta married Major Hugh Bruce Williams, R.E., by whom she has two children, Edward Stephen Bruce and Winifred Katharine; Stephen Augustus, of the Royal Canadian Artillery, stationed at Quebec; Aubrey Douglas, of the Dominion Bank of Toronto; and George Crookshank, a barrister of Toronto, where he resides.

Mr. Heward was a prominent member of the English Church. In politics he was a Conservative, and in fraternal relations a Mason. He died in 1881, at his home, No. 38 Peter street, Toronto, where Mrs. Heward still resides, in the house built by her father in 1837.

MRS. HELEN W. JARVIS, whose maiden name was Helen Woodburn Langmuir, was born in Picton, Ont., in 1862, and is the eldest daughter of John Woodburn Langmuir, by his first wife, Emma Lucretia Fairfield, daughter of Dr. Fairfield, of Lennox and Addington County, and niece of Judge Fairfield, of Picton, Ontario.

JOHN WOODBURN LANGMUIR was born in Warwickmanor, Ayrshire, Scotland, in 1835, and came to Canada at an early age, settling in Picton and later, in 1868, in Toronto. Since that time Mr. Langmuir has been prominently identified with the public affairs of the Province as inspector of prisons and public charities, and as chairman of the Niagara Falls Park Commission, and with the business life of Toronto as general manager of the Toronto General Trusts Corporation.

In 1883 Helen Woodburn married George Hamilton Jarvis, the eldest son of Frederick William Jarvis, sheriff of the County of York, who married Caroline Skynner in 1857. Sheriff Jarvis was closely associated with the business and social life of Toronto. His death occurred in 1887. Of the marriage of Helen Woodburn to George Hamilton Jarvis were born two sons: Frederick Langmuir, July, 1884, who since 1900 has been a clerk in the Toronto General Trusts Corporation; and Victor Ralston, May, 1887, who is studying for the ministry.

REV. WILLIAM RICHARDSON, who died in Toronto July 12, 1905, was born in Hull, Yorkshire, England, in 1824, son of John Richardson, an agriculturist of that country. Mr. Richardson came to Canada when a young man and here entered the ministry of the Wesleyan Methodist Church, in which he served for forty-seven years. His first charge was at Weston. He spent seven years in Lower Canada and then returned to Upper Canada. He retired from his ministerial work in 1888, and from that time until his death lived in Toronto.

Mr. Richardson was married in 1856 to Anna M. Russ, who was born in Grimsby, daughter of Samuel and Elizabeth (Terryberry) Russ, natives of Canada. He was a son of Ezekiel Russ (born in New York State) and his wife Beulah Bracket. Ezekiel Russ founded the Russ family in Canada, and followed farming in Grimsby, where he died. Samuel Russ also followed farming in that section, but later removed to Lewiston, where the remaining days of his life were spent. He died in 1887, in his eighty-first year, and his wife died in 1890, when eighty-three years of age. Elizabeth Terryberry was a daughter of Morris and Mary (Young) Terryberry, the former of whom founded this family in Canada. Both he and his wife died in Lincoln County, where he had followed farming.

To the Rev. Mr. Richardson and his wife were born these children: Amanda M., the wife of Horace E. Parsons, of Erie, Pennsylvania, has three children, Albert E., Charles W. and Anna M. Miss Ellen S. is a resident of Toronto. Lavinia V. is the wife of J. C. Bull, of Weston. William T., of Nova Scotia, married Emily M. White, and has two children, Ada and Viola. John Coleman, of Weston, married Grace Wardlaw, by whom he has had three children, Harvey L., Grace Eileen and Charles M.

HERMAN H. COOK, M.P. The Ontario Lumber Company is one of Canada's leading industries as well as one of the oldest in the Province of Ontario, and the history of this enterprise is covered in the life of Herman H. Cook, who has for many years been prominent in public and business life in the Province and Dominion.

Mr. Cook belongs to a family long identified with Canada, many members of which have been extensively engaged in the lumber business. The Cooks, originally Palatinates, located in the days of Queen Anne in the County of Middlesex, adjacent to the city of London, and many years later members of this family, as well as those of Casselman and Haekney, to whom they were related by marriage, removed to the American Colonies, the Cooks settling in Virginia and the Haekneys and Casselmans in the Mohawk Valley, New York. During the struggle between the Colonies and the mother country these families stood by the Crown, and about the year 1783 came to Canada, the original Cook ancestor in this country being George Cook, the grandfather of Herman H. He settled in Williamsburg township, County Dundas, receiving a grant of land from the Crown, and there spent the remainder of his life. He left two sons, both of whom are now deceased, Capt. John and Capt. George. The former represented County Dun-

das in Parliament, having been first elected in 1828, and he continued a member of that body until 1840. One of his opponents for that honor was the late Colonel Chrysler, on whose property the battle of Chrysler's Farm was fought. Both the Cook brothers were in that fight, as well as at "The Windmill," near Prescott.

Capt. George Cook was born in County Dundas, and there his entire life was spent in the lumber business, he becoming one of the leading lumber merchants of his day. His wife was Sarah Casselman, and to them were born children as follows: Sarah Phoebe, who died at the age of thirteen years; J. W. Cook, M.P., for many years a prominent lumber man—a member of Cook Brothers Lumber Company—a member of Parliament for County Dundas, who married Miss Paul, of Quebec, and had two children, George William and Ellen; Catherine, who died unmarried; George J., also a prominent lumberman and member of Cook Brothers Lumber Company; John Larkin, also a member of that company; Mary who died unmarried; Simon S., M.P.P., who was also engaged in the lumber business; Sarah; and Herman H.

Herman H. Cook was born in 1837 in County Dundas, and from his earliest recollection he has been connected with sawmills, lumber companies, etc. By the time he reached his majority Mr. Cook was well schooled in the lumber business, and he founded the Ontario Lumber Company, of which he is now president and sole owner. He owns extensive lumber tracts and purchases timber from other districts, all of which he manufactures into lumber for the home and foreign trade. The annual output of the Ontario Lumber Company is from 15,000,000 to 20,000,000 feet, to accomplish which Mr. Cook employs 500 men. His mills are at the mouth of the French river, one of the most historic spots in Canada. Since 1858 Mr. Cook has been a resident of Toronto, being numbered among the oldest citizens and most substantial business men of the city. Not only has his life been a prominent one from a business standpoint, but as a public man as well. In 1872 he was elected to the Dominion House from North Simcoe, and has also been chosen twelve times by the people as their standard-bearer in the Dominion and Local Houses, his public life covering a period of nearly a quarter of a century.

In 1861 Mr. Herman H. Cook married Miss Lydia White, a member of one of Canada's oldest and most honored families, a record of which is given in the sketch of John L. Cook. To Mr. and Mrs. Herman H. Cook have been born two daughters: Sarah A., the wife of Frank MacDonald, son of the late Senator MacDonald, has

three sons and one daughter; and Emma M., the wife of Col. A. N. Worthington, M.P., of Sherbrooke, has one son.

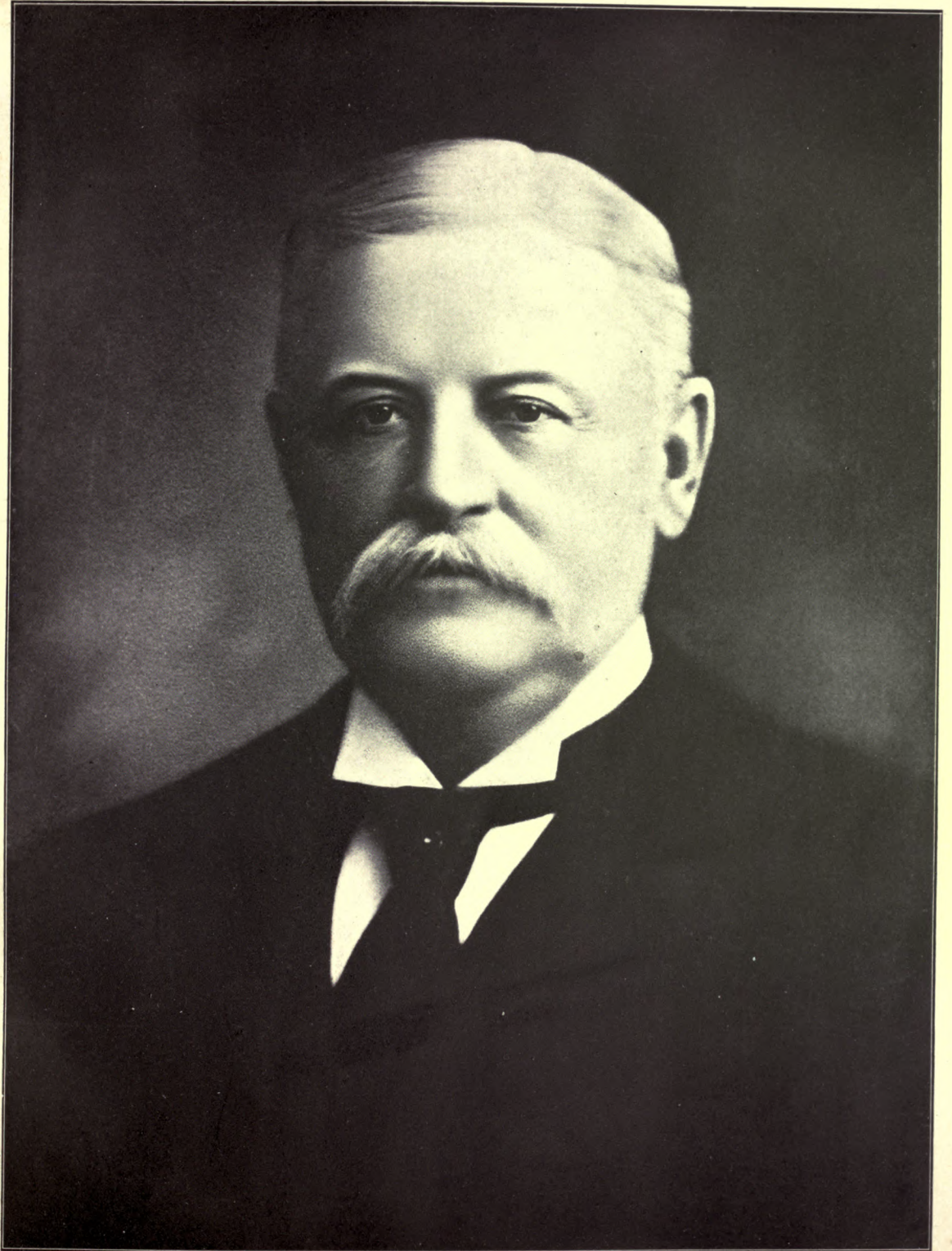
Mr. Cook has always taken much interest in the United Empire Loyalist Society of Toronto, of which he was third president, much advancement being made in the society during his administration. In their religious belief the family are Lutherans. Mr. Cook's political principles are those of the Reform party. The home of Mr. and Mrs. Herman H. Cook at No. 20 Dowling avenue, known as "Ardnacloich," commands a charming view of Lake Ontario, and is one of the most beautiful residences of the Queen City.

JOHN FOY, whose death occurred in Toronto Dec. 6, 1904, was born in the Queen City in 1845, son of Patrick and Catherine (Mallaney) Foy, natives of Ireland, and early settlers of Toronto, where Patrick Foy was a wholesale grocer for many years. He and his wife both died in that city.

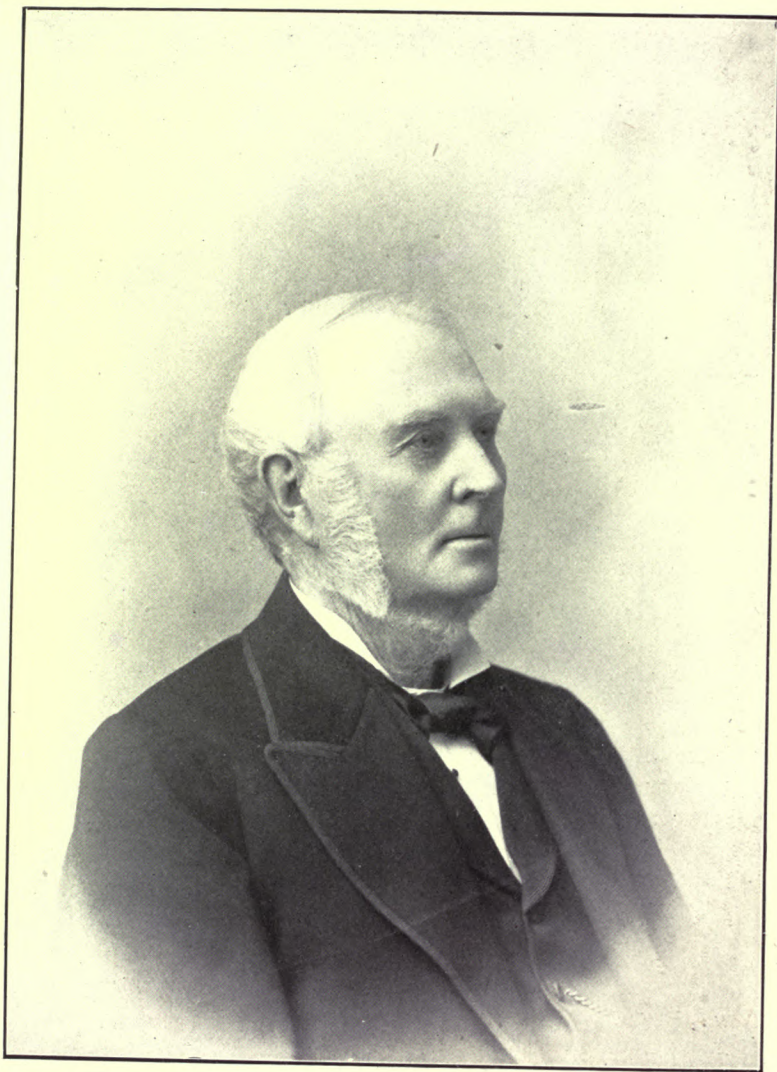
John Foy received his early literary training in Toronto, at St. Michael's College, and when about fifteen years of age went to England and studied at Ushaw College, Durham, England, completing his education in France. Mr. Foy then returned to Toronto, and began his business life as confidential assistant to the late Sir Frank Smith, whose daughter he afterward married. Shortly after the founding of the Niagara Navigation Company, by the late Sir Frank Smith, Mr. Foy became manager thereof, a position he ably filled until 1903, when, on account of ill-health, he resigned. He was soon thereafter elected president of this company and filled that position until his death. Mr. Foy was a director in the Crown Life Insurance Company, vice-president and a director in the Home Savings & Loan Company, a director in the Toronto General Trusts Corporation, and was also financially interested in other business enterprises of the city.

In 1879 Mr. Foy was married to Miss Gertrude A. Smith, a native of London, Ont. Mrs. Foy came to Toronto in 1866, and was educated at Loretto Abbey.

To Mr. and Mrs. John Foy were born seven children, as follows: Frank C., who is in the New York Central office at Toronto; John Victor, of the Niagara Navigation Company; Gertrude; Clara; Emily; Mary; and Kathleen—all born in Toronto. Mr. Foy was a Roman Catholic. In political faith he was a Conservative. His late residence at No. 40 Bloor street west, was built by Mrs. Foy's father, and is one of the beautiful homes of the city.



John J. J.



Sir Frank Smith

SIR FRANK SMITH, the father of Mrs. Foy, was born in Rich Hill, County Armagh, Ireland, in 1822, son of Patrick Smith, also a native of the Emerald Isle. In 1832 Patrick Smith came to Canada, and settling at Port Credit, he spent the remainder of his life there. Sir Frank Smith was but ten years of age when he came to Canada with his parents. He was educated here, and began his mercantile life at Hamilton, later going to London, Ont., and in 1866 settling in Toronto, where he was a wholesale grocer for a number of years. He was president of the Dominion Bank, and the original promoter of the Niagara Navigation Company. In political life Sir Frank Smith was one of the foremost men of Ontario. He was acting minister of public works in the Dominion Government for a time, and was for many years a member of the Dominion Senate. He died in Toronto in 1901; his wife, who bore the maiden name of Mary O'Higgins, passed away in 1896.

JOHN MAUGHAN. The Maughan family, of which John Maughan is a member, is of Scotch extraction, and was founded in Canada by John Maughan, Sr., who was born at Edinburgh, Scotland, in 1800. There he married Miss Euphemia Stein, also of Scotch parentage. In 1827 he came to Canada, making the trans-Atlantic trip on a sailing vessel, which was stranded at Newfoundland. Soon after settling in Toronto Mr. Maughan became identified with the commissariat department of the army, in which capacity he continued for many years. In 1842 he compiled "A Table of Computations," in book form, for the use of the army, whereby sterling money is converted into its equivalent in currency and vice versa, being the first ever published. It shows much painstaking work, and possesses a great deal of practical information. From the commissariat department Mr. Maughan went into the Bank of Upper Canada, where he remained for some time, later retiring from active business. He died in Toronto in 1882; his wife died there in 1862. Of their three daughters and two sons, John Maughan is the only survivor.

John Maughan was born in Markham village, County York, Ont., Oct. 19, 1835. His parents removed to Toronto in 1836, and he was educated in private academies and the Toronto Academy, a branch of Knox College. In 1851 he studied law one year with Messrs. Mowat & Helliwell, in 1852 taking a clerkship in the Western Assurance Company, and since that time he has continued in his chosen line, having for many years acted as agent for the Hartford Fire Insurance Company. Aside from his business Mr. Maughan served the city as member

of the council from St. George's Ward for a period of nine years, a member of the board of education for two years, and has been connected with the militia since 1853, when he was commissioned ensign. In 1865 he was advanced to the rank of captain and adjutant. His military training was received at the Toronto Military School, where his examination was passed.

On June 18, 1863, Mr. Maughan married Miss Margaret E. Parks, born in Toronto, daughter of the late Charles G. Parks, of Palermo. To Mr. and Mrs. John Maughan were born the following children: Herbert J., deceased; Charles F., deceased; John, of Toronto, ornithologist to the Ontario Government; Harry, partner with his father in the insurance business; Walter, city passenger agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, Toronto; Florence, the wife of T. C. Howard, of Hamilton; and Miss Minnie. Mr. Maughan and his family are members of the Church of England. Fraternally he is connected with the Masonic order.

THOMAS J. WILKIE, provincial secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec, and one of the oldest Association workers in Canada, is a member of a family long identified with County York.

The Wilkie family is of Scotch extraction, and was founded in Canada by Thomas Wilkie, grandfather of Thomas J., who was born in 1784 in Scotland, son of James Wilkie. In 1833 Thomas Wilkie came to Canada and settled at Richmond Hill, where he died in 1840, and where he and his wife are buried. The latter was Agnes Hillson, born in 1784, who died in 1849. Mr. and Mrs. Wilkie had children: John; Agnes, who married James Newton; Jane, deceased, who married Peter McCall; Janet, who married Andrew Burns; Margaret, who married William Brydon; and two who died in infancy.

John Wilkie, father of Thomas J., was born in Scotland, and died in Toronto in 1882. He was a veterinary surgeon, and also carried on a blacksmithing business at Richmond Hill for a number of years. In 1857 he removed to Barrie, where he carried on the same occupation for a number of years, when he was appointed to a position in the Boys' Reformatory at Penetanguishene, and there remained until advanced years and failing health made it necessary for him to resign. He then settled in Toronto, which city was his home until his death. His wife, formerly Miss Elizabeth Bingham, was born in the South of England about 1813, daughter of William Bingham, the founder of the family in Canada and an early settler of County York. To John and Elizabeth

(Bingham) Wilkie were born three children: Thomas J.; John, deceased; and Mary M.

Thomas J. Wilkie was born May 10, 1842, at Richmond Hill, County York, and was educated in the grammar school at Richmond Hill and the grammar school at Barrie, where his father had removed when he was fifteen years old. After completing his schooling Mr. Wilkie was employed at a general store in Barrie for a time, from which he became operator and station agent for the Northern Railway. In 1864 he came to Toronto as manager for the Provincial Telegraph Company, and after one year this line passed into the hands of what is now the Great Northwestern Telegraph Company, with which Mr. Wilkie remained until 1867. This year marks an important epoch in Mr. Wilkie's life. In 1867 he was converted to the Christian faith, and the entire trend of his life was changed. He became general secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association, of Toronto, in 1869, which position he filled until 1880. In 1868 Mr. Wilkie, after returning from a Young Men's Christian Association convention at Detroit, proposed the forming of a provincial committee to assist in supervising the various associations in the provinces of Ontario and Quebec, and this idea was taken up and the committee formed, since proving of much benefit to the organization. Mr. Wilkie was made its first secretary, but on May 14, 1880, he relinquished the secretaryship at Toronto, and went to Brooklyn, New York, where he was secretary until 1886. During this time the association made great material and spiritual advancement. He left Brooklyn with the largest and best equipped building in the world up to that time. The arduous duties of his position began to tell upon Mr. Wilkie's health and his physician advised him to seek out-of-door work and a relaxing of mental strain. Accordingly Mr. Wilkie returned to Canada and purchased a farm five miles west of Toronto, and converted it into a summer resort, called "Long Branch," which property has become very popular with Toronto people. Soon after returning to Canada Mr. Wilkie interested himself with the Chamberlain Investment Company, of Denver, Colorado, and was the manager of this business at Corpus Christi and San Antonio for three and one-half years. In 1893 he returned to Toronto, and in 1898 was called to his present position. In 1871 Mr. Wilkie organized the Young Men's Christian Association movement under canvas, in connection with the militia. This has proved a wonderful agent for good, both in the camp and on the field of battle. During the South African war, Spanish-American war, and recent war

between Japan and Russia, this branch of the work was most highly appreciated by such men as Lord Roberts, as well as the Emperor of Japan, who contributed \$5,000 to its support. This was the first instance of a contribution from the Mikado to the work of Christianity, and this act alone speaks volumes for the military branch of the Young Men's Christian Association.

Mr. Wilkie has been twice married, first in 1874 to Charlotte Cornell, daughter of Charles Cornell, an early settler of Scarborough, where Mrs. Wilkie was born in 1844. She died in 1884, leaving two sons: William J., one of the secretaries of the Buffalo Young Men's Christian Association; and Charles C., with the Kemp Manufacturing Company, of Toronto. The present Mrs. Wilkie was Miss Mary, daughter of Andrew Tatlor McCord, for forty years treasurer of the city of Toronto. Mr. and Mrs. Wilkie are members of the Northern Congregational Church. He is a Reformer in politics.

HENRY BUTWELL. Among the well-known and representative business men of Toronto may be mentioned Mr. Henry Butwell, who has been extensively engaged in the manufacture of brick in the Queen City for a number of years. Mr. Butwell was born in Oxfordshire, England, in 1830, son of Richard and Prudence (Richard) Butwell, the former a brickmaker in the old country.

Henry Butwell grew to manhood in his native country, and in 1857 came to Toronto, his first night in the city being spent at the old "Lennox Hotel" on Colborne street. Mr. Butwell at once started in to work, his first employment being with a Mr. Davis, at splitting wood, this job lasting for half a month. On being employed he agreed to work for twelve dollars per month, but as an appreciation of Mr. Butwell's good work, his employer paid him at the rate of fifteen dollars for that period. Mr. Butwell next worked on a farm for six months, the following winter taking a job threshing wheat with a flail at one-eighth royalty. His next employment was at cutting twenty-five cords of wood, this, he says, being the hardest job of his life. After completing this tedious task Mr. Butwell decided to resume the brickmaking business, which he had learned in the old country, and accordingly went to Yorkville, where he worked at brick and tile making for Mrs. Townsley, continuing here four years. In 1878 Mr. Butwell returned to Toronto to take charge of the brick yard at the Central Prison, where the prisoners were made to pay their way by work for

date 2

the Provincial Government, while serving their terms, and here he remained for sixteen years. During this time Mr. Butwell rented the old Crawford estate on College street, where he started a brickyard on his own account, and after leaving the prison work enlarged the plant until it had a capacity of 9,000,000 per year. When College street was put through it ran through Mr. Butwell's yard, one of his four machines being in the line of the street. He consequently removed to No. 721 Bloor street west, which is a part of the Bickford estate. In 1894 Mr. Butwell embarked in business at Humber, where he owns about twenty-five acres of very valuable clay land and a number of houses. Here he carries on the extensive brickmaking business, the clay being nearly exhausted at the Bloor plant. His annual output is about 5,000,000 brick, and in his work he employs about forty men. Mr. Butwell began life in Toronto without a dollar to his name, and although he met with many reverses in his early life he continued to persevere, and his hard work has been rewarded by the gaining of a handsome competence for his declining years.

In 1851 Mr. Butwell was married to Miss Ann Coggins, and to this union there were born children as follows: Richard, who is in charge of the Humber business; Mark, also a brickmaker; and Benjamin, Harry, James, Caleb, Ann and Elizabeth. In political matters Mr. Butwell is a Reformer.

WILLIAM R. STEWARD. The life of the late William R. Steward, a well-known druggist, covered the span of half a century, all spent in his native city, Toronto, where he was born in 1844, son of William and Charlotte (Watson) Steward.

Among the early settlers in Toronto was William Steward, grandfather of William R. He remained in business there for some years and there died. Twice married, his son, William, was one of the children of the first union. The latter was in the saddlery business on Yonge street, corner of Temperance, for many years, but during his later years was in the Department of Crown Lands. He died in 1875, aged fifty-three years, leaving a widow, who died in November, 1905. Her maiden name was Charlotte Watson.

William R. Steward was educated in the old grammar school and old Upper Canada College, and when he reached an age to choose his line of work decided to enter the drug business. He served the time of preliminary training, and after mastering the details of the business engaged in business for himself,

first on Yonge street, opposite Trinity square, and later on Spadina avenue, where he built a handsome block and established himself permanently. He continued in active management up to his death, and made a name for himself by his upright and successful dealings. His death occurred in Toronto in 1894.

Mr. Steward was united in marriage, in 1876, to Miss Lucy Hornibrook. Her father, Thomas Hornibrook, was a native of Ireland, and came to Canada in 1850. He died in Toronto in 1874. To Mr. Steward and his wife was born one son, William, who died in October, 1906. While he never took an active part in politics, Mr. Steward was decided in his support of the Conservative party. He was a member of the Methodist Church, and served as trustee for a number of years. The family residence is at No. 26 Willeox street, and was built by Mr. Steward in 1889.

PETER TRENOR, for many years one of the well-known lumber merchants of Toronto, died in that city in 1887. He was one of three brothers who came to Toronto in 1832, the others being Dr. Patrick and Daniel. The doctor died unmarried, while Daniel left a family, and his sketch will be found elsewhere.

Peter Trenor was born in County Derry, Ireland, in 1802. In 1832 he settled in Toronto, on Sherbourne street (then Allan's Lane), and there continued to reside until his death. Soon after coming to Toronto, Mr. Trenor embarked in the lumber business, at the corner of what are now Duke and Jarvis streets. After continuing in business for many years, during which time he accumulated a handsome fortune, he retired from active business life, and spent the rest of his days in the enjoyment of the fruits of his early labor.

Mr. Trenor was twice married, his first wife being a Miss Brett, sister of his brother's wife. To this union were born: John Brett, who graduated in medicine from the University of Toronto, was practising in the Brooklyn City Hospital during the Civil war in the States, and there contracted lung trouble and died; Sarah is deceased; and Elizabeth married James O. Donohue, and had four sons and one daughter, Christopher, Augustin Trenor, James Austin, John and Marie Teresa (who married C. N. Smith, of Sault Ste. Marie). Mr. Trenor was married the second time to Miss Annie Monahan, born in Ireland, who died in Toronto some time prior to the death of her husband. Their family consisted of four daughters: Maria; Rosalie; Agnes; and Theresa, the wife of John Clancy, by whom she has three sons—Aloysius Trenor, Louis and Carl—and one daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Trenor were members of the Roman Catholic Church, and highly esteemed residents of the city in which they had spent so many years.

JOHN H. DUNLOP. One of the conditions of success in life is the ability to recognize and embrace an opportunity when it is offered, and this quality, united with the courage to act on the promise of the future, has won John H. Dunlop, of Toronto, his present position as the most extensive florist of Canada.

Mr. Dunlop comes of Scotch ancestry, some of whom settled in the North of Ireland. There Jackson Dunlop, father of John H., was born in 1830. He emigrated to New York City, where he died when only twenty-nine years old, leaving a widow and two children, John H. and Martha Jackson, the latter dying in New York in 1875. Mrs. Dunlop moved to Toronto in 1862, and from 1863 to 1870 carried on a millinery business at No. 54 Richmond street west, on the present site of the Temple building. Her death occurred in this city in June, 1870, when she was aged thirty-eight years.

John H. Dunlop was born in New York City in 1855, and was educated in Toronto, attending the Louisa street public school. His school life only lasted, however, until he was twelve years old, when he was obliged to begin the battle of life for himself, and started in at the Wesleyan Book Rooms, where he remained about three years. From there he went to New York and spent a year with Lord & Taylor, after which he learned the carpenter's trade, and worked at it until 1875, when he left New York. This experience became of great value to him afterward in connection with his florist's business.

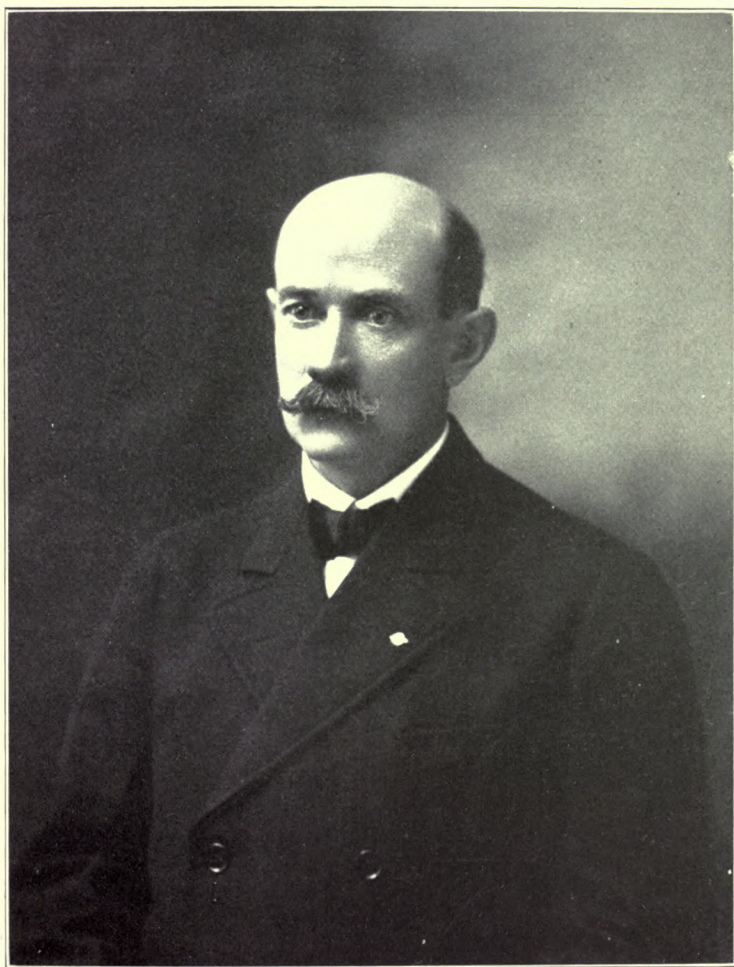
Returning to Toronto Mr. Dunlop very soon established himself in charge of the news stand and telegraph office at the "Queen's Hotel," and conducted it for eleven years. It was during this period that his attention was first called to the great demand for flowers. Many orders had to be filled by telegraph to Buffalo, Boston, New York, and other points, and the call for them increased so rapidly that Mr. Dunlop conceived the idea of starting a greenhouse himself. He built his first one in 1883, on Grange avenue. It was only 6 by 12 feet, but it sufficed to establish his patronage and convinced him of the wisdom of his enterprise. In 1885 he moved to Markham street, and starting with a greenhouse there 8 by 50 feet, soon increased it by an addition 4 feet in width. There he succeeded in forcing roses by the Bench system, which was being introduced at

that time, and lilies of the valley for winter blossoming, being the pioneer in Canada in both lines. Up to 1888 Mr. Dunlop continued his business at the "Queen's Hotel," conducting his florist establishment only as a side issue, but by that time the latter business was so flourishing that he determined to give it his whole attention.

After selling out the hotel stand, in 1888, Mr. Dunlop purchased the first acre of his present place, and proceeded to erect a greenhouse 21 by 100 feet, smaller ones being 16 by 60 feet. This step was looked upon as being a fatal mistake from a business view, as most of his friends considered the trade was not large enough to warrant such an immense plant. Mr. Dunlop, however, felt assured that he was only laying the foundation for a still larger business and the outcome has proved the wisdom of his judgment. His property has increased until he has now over 175,000 square feet under glass, with a steam-heating plant in connection that keeps it all in a state of perpetual summer. His establishment embraces six acres, and gives employment to twenty-five or thirty men. He has also one retail shop in the city, at No. 96 Yonge street, at which place the retail part of the business is attended to, and where the largest retail florist business in Canada is conducted. This large retail trade has been secured by the care and selection of bloom, nothing but strictly fresh flowers being sold.

Mr. Dunlop is connected with a large number of organizations both in the line of his business and otherwise. He is a member of the American Rose Society; President of the American Carnation Society; state vice-president, 1906 and 1907, of the Society of American Florists; was one of the founders and first presidents of the Canadian Horticultural Association; first secretary and one of the early presidents of the Toronto Gardeners' and Florists' Association. The North-West Toronto Rate Payers' Association has honored him with a similar office. Fraternally he is connected with the I.O.F., the A.O.U.W., and the Canadian Order of Chosen Friends. He also belongs to the Masonic Order, being a member of St. Andrew's Lodge, No. 16, G.R.C., Occident R. A. Chapter, No. 77, G.R.C.; an officer in Cyrene Preceptory, K.T., No. 29, G.R.C.; Rameses Temple A.A.O.N.M.S.; Toronto Lodge of Perfection, A. & A.S.R., Rose Croix Chapter, H.R.D.M.; Moore Consistory, and is an honorary member of Damascus Commandery, No. 42, K.T., Detroit, Michigan.

On May 15, 1877, Mr. Dunlop was united in marriage to Miss Alice Emma, daughter of



Mr. W. Dunlop



Robert and Alice (Lester) Montgomery. To this union were born the following children: Martha, Mrs. E. W. Goulding, of Winnipeg; Mabel, Mrs. A. K. Butchart, of Winnipeg; Jessie, Mrs. H. L. Graham, Toronto; Alice; Margaret Baird, and Frank Lester. The mother of this family passed away Dec. 28, 1901. Mr. Dunlop again married, on Nov. 26, 1903, Mrs. Eleanor Francis Farley, daughter of Isaac Pierce, of Nashua, New Hampshire, and a member of one of the oldest and most respected families of that section. To this union has been born one daughter, Dorothy Eleanor.

GEORGE PEARSALL, the oldest hardware merchant in the city of Toronto, comes from an old English military family which was founded in Canada by his grandfather, Benjamin Pearsall.

Benjamin Pearsall was born in England, and died at Barrie, Vespra township, County Simcoe, Ont. He served at the Battle of Waterloo, in 1815, shortly after which he came to Canada, and settled on a tract of land which was given him for his services in the Peninsular war. This section was then all covered with bush, entirely uncultivated and unimproved, but he developed a fine farm upon which he lived until his death. He married in England, and his children were: Ann; Martha; ———; John, a farmer in Simcoe, who was accidentally killed by the upsetting of his wagon; George; Luke, a resident of Simcoe; and Samuel.

Samuel Pearsall, son of Benjamin, was born in 1818 in England, and was but a child when the family came to Canada. As soon as old enough he was apprenticed to the blacksmith's trade at Hogg's Hollow, not far from Toronto, in which city he subsequently settled, opening a shop on Duke street, his establishment adjoining that of William Smith. Here Mr. Pearsall did a large business, keeping four forges in operation, and this continued to be his occupation until he met his death by accident, in 1855. With three friends Mr. Pearsall had gone out on Toronto Bay, where they were drowned during a storm. He was a prominent and consistent member of the Methodist Church and a member of the church choir.

Mr. Pearsall was married in Toronto to Amelia Lewis, born in 1820 in Bristol, who died in Toronto. Their children were: Annie, married Alfred Lailey, and died leaving one son, Thomas, of Toronto; George is the subject of this sketch; Elizabeth, wife of Adam Bentley, resides at No. 61 Berkeley street, Toronto; Benjamin is engaged in a jewelry business; Jane is the wife of Fred. Martin, of Duke street, Toronto; Samuel lives on Duchess street, Toronto.

George Pearsall was born in 1840, in Toronto. He served an apprenticeship at the safe manufacturing business, beginning for himself as a jobber in 1870, on a corner of West Judge street, in John Bogg's row of stores. He had scarcely any capital at this time, and soon finding himself obliged to go into other lines, began in a small way in the hardware trade. By careful management and judicious sales he soon increased his business, and by 1871 removed to the corner of McGill and Yonge streets where he has since been located. He now enjoys a large trade, doing a general hardware and repairing business.

In 1862 Mr. Pearsall married Margaret Isabella Maysenhoelder, who was born near Montreal, daughter of Gibb and Sophia (Reinhardt) Maysenhoelder. They have eight children: George, a commercial traveller, of Toronto, married Marian McEachren, and their three children are Irene, Frank and Kenneth; Sophia, wife of William Sparrow, of Toronto, has two sons, William and Charles; Isabella is the wife of T. R. Morrow, a druggist, of British Columbia; Victoria, wife of H. R. Hamilton, of Montreal, has two daughters, Grace and Isobel; Samuel, who is with his father in Toronto, married Ann Ella Janes, and they have two children, Gordon and Clifford; Annie, wife of Jack Townson, of Toronto, has one son, Henry Hubert; Elizabeth is unmarried; Louise is the wife of Addis Brady, of Chicago, and has one son, George Addis.

Mrs. Pearsall's mother was born in Quebec. Her mother's mother was of French extraction. Mrs. Pearsall's parents died in Toronto. Her paternal grandfather was born in Germany and established the family in Canada.

JACOB WALTON. After thirty-eight years of efficient service as postmaster at Kettleby, and an equal period as merchant at that place, no one is more widely known through all the surrounding country than Jacob Walton. He belongs to a family that settled in Canada just after the war of 1812, and he is of the third generation from the founder of the pioneer family of that name in Canada. His life covers nearly the whole period since that time, and he has been an integral part of the history of King township.

Jesse Walton, grandfather of Jacob, was one of the United Empire Loyalists, and was a native of Pennsylvania. He served in the English army during the war of 1776, and at its close settled in New Brunswick, where he died. With other loyalists the property in Pennsylvania was relinquished rather than renounce

allegiance to the King. His widow and children moved to York County, where she died. They had three sons and two daughters, namely: John and William, who moved to Wisconsin, and died there, leaving families; Jesse (2); Hannah, who married Phillip Bogart, of Whitchurch township; and Elizabeth, who married Martin Bogart, of King township.

Jesse Walton (2), was educated in New Brunswick, and was there married to Miss Eliza Buck. They came to York County in 1824, and at first made their home on a small place in East Gwillimbury, where he cleared up a farm, but in a few years he removed to Tecumseth township, and engaged there in agriculture until 1840. In that year he bought a farm in Concession 4, Lot 29, King township, where he lived until his family had grown up. He then moved to Aurora and lived there until about 1870. With a large number of others of the vicinity he went to Kansas and took up land near Garnett, and there his wife died. After about two years' residence in that State Mr. Walton returned to Kettleby and died at the age of seventy-six. Both he and his wife were members of the Christian Church. In politics he was a Reformer. His children—three sons and seven daughters—were: Jacob; Hannah, widow of Seth Heacock; George Ames, a resident of Manitoba; Brooks Wakefield, of Toronto; Caroline, deceased, wife of George Read; Mary, who married Charles B. Major, of Michigan, and has several children; and Elma Jane, wife of Rev. B. S. Mills, of Michigan. The other children died in infancy.

Jacob Walton was born in East Gwillimbury, near Newmarket, Jan. 2, 1826. His father moved to Tecumseth and there the family lived till 1840, when they came to King township. Jacob received his education in the public schools. He learned the trade of blacksmith and worked at it for some years, and in 1852 he gave that up and went into an entirely different field. Moving to Kettleby, he opened a store there, and began the mercantile career that proved long and successful. During the first year he secured the appointment of postmaster, and for thirty-eight years served the public in that capacity. In 1891 he retired from all active participation in business, and turned over the management of his store to his son, Jesse M. Walton, who was appointed his successor as postmaster. Although a strong Reformer, Jacob Walton has never taken any active part in politics. In religious belief he has adhered to the faith of the Christian Church, in which he was brought up.

Jacob Walton was united in marriage to Mary Lloyd, daughter of Thomas and Sarah

Lloyd, a pioneer family of York County. Throughout their married life Mr. and Mrs. Walton have lived in Kettleby, and have reared a family of seven children: (1) Ella M., born in 1869, is the wife of W. D. White, formerly of King township, now in the hardware business in Collingwood. They have one daughter, Frances. (2) Elizabeth Adelaide, born in 1870, died in early womanhood. (3) Elma Jane, born in 1872, is the wife of C. F. Webb, a merchant in Toronto, Kansas. (4) Clara Eliza was born in 1874. (5) Gertrude, born in 1876, died at the age of fourteen. (6) Frederick, born in 1878, is carrying on the old homestead in King township. He married Miss Minnie Hulse, of that locality, and they have two children, Mary and Charles. (7) Jesse M. is mentioned below.

JESSE M. WALTON was born in 1866, and as a boy was sent to the district schools. Later he went to the Friends' College at Pickering. In 1891 he succeeded to the control of his father's store at Kettleby, and also served as postmaster. In 1900 he opened a banking office in the town of Aurora, and has built up an extensive business. In 1903 he sold the old Kettleby mercantile business which had been held by the family for over fifty years to W. C. Bogart, and since that time has confined himself entirely to banking. He is a Grand Scribe of the Sons of Temperance of Ontario, and editor of the *Sons of Temperance Record*, now in its eleventh year of publication. He has been treasurer of the township of King since 1889.

RICHARD SWAIN, who died at Bracebridge, June 19, 1889, was at one time a resident of Toronto, where he was in business for a number of years. He was born in Hertfordshire, England, Dec. 23, 1849, and there grew to manhood and received his education.

In 1870 he came to Toronto and followed the blacksmithing business for about eight years, after which he went to Bracebridge, and there continued the same business until his death. While residing in Bracebridge Mr. Swain was prominent in municipal matters, and was for nine years a member of the council of that place.

In Toronto, May 8, 1871, Mr. Swain married Miss Annie E. Norwich, born in London, England, June 30, 1851, daughter of Joseph and Maria Norwich, natives of that country and founders of the family in Canada. To Mr. and Mrs. Swain were born the following children: Frederick William, born Jan. 27, 1873, at Toronto, who married Jane Appleton Matilda Norwich, and has three children, Frederick William, Richard Joseph and Jennie Nor-



James L. Hughes.

wich. Richard Joseph, born Dec. 11, 1874, at Toronto, now of Winnipeg, Man., who married Bellareina Delema Bisson, and has three children, Annie Elizabeth Matilda, Emma Pauline and Alice Ethel; Emma Louise, born Sept. 9, 1876, at Toronto; John Henry, born Nov. 25, 1878, at Toronto (Seaton village); Benjamin Oscar, born Feb. 23, 1881, at Bracebridge, Ont.; Annie Mabel, born Oct. 20, 1884, at Bracebridge, and Mary Ethel, born Nov. 23, 1886, at Bracebridge. The family were reared in the faith of the Church of England. Mr. Swain was a Conservative. Fraternally he belonged to the Freemasons and the Orangemen.

EDLEY KYLE, who died in 1898, at his late home, No. 32 Hazelton avenue, Toronto, was one of the old and much respected residents of York, in which county he resided practically all his life.

Edley Kyle was born in 1816, in New York State, where his parents were temporarily residing. He was the son of Robert and Eliza (Christie) Kyle, who came from County Tyrone, Ireland. Robert Kyle, who was engaged in the export of square timber from Canada to Ireland, made frequent trips from Ireland to this country, though he did not permanently settle here. While prosecuting this business, which necessitated his visiting different parts of Canada, he was drowned in Lake Simcoe, when his son was still very young. His widow finally settled in the village of Thornhill, where she died.

Thus Edley Kyle was left at an early age largely to his own resources, and had to take up the work of life when most lads are enjoying boyhood sports. In Thornhill, where he spent nearly seventy years of his life, he attended school, and learned the trade of builder, which he followed until failing health compelled him to retire from active work, when, in 1883, he removed to Toronto, where he died.

Mr. Kyle, who married Mrs. Hannah McLellan, of Thornhill, left two children: Charles Edley Kyle, now engaged in wholesale grocery brokerage in Toronto, and Miss Eliza Kyle, of this city, and also two step-children, James A. McLellan, M.A., LL.D., late principal of Ontario Normal College, who resides in Hamilton, and Mrs. Gerard Wiley, of Richmond Hill.

In religion Mr. Kyle was a consistent and faithful member of the Methodist Church. In politics, while taking no active part, he was a staunch supporter of the Liberal party.

JAMES L. HUGHES. One of the best known men in educational circles in both Canada and the United States, is Chief Inspector

J. L. Hughes, of the Toronto Public Schools, who has spoken on educational topics in all the principal cities of the Dominion and the States, and whose writings on different lines of educational work are well-known to the teachers of both countries.

The Hughes family, of which Inspector Hughes is a worthy representative, is of Welsh origin. From Wales, many years ago, members of the family migrated to Ireland and thence to Canada. The family was founded in this country by John Hughes, father of the Inspector. He was born in County Tyrone, Ireland, in 1822, and he died in Toronto in 1905. In his native land he received his education, and in 1845 came to Canada, settling in the County of Durham, where he engaged in farming for a number of years, and then engaged in teaching in the public schools, continuing in the latter capacity for twenty-seven years. The latter part of his life was spent in Toronto, where he became well and favorably known.

James L. Hughes was born Feb. 20, 1846, in the County of Durham, and his education was received in the schools of his native place and the Normal School of Toronto, from which latter institution he was graduated in 1866. Mr. Hughes began teaching in 1864, at the age of eighteen years, and after graduating from the Normal school became head master of the Frankford (County Hastings) school, where he remained for eight months. On his twenty-first birthday Mr. Hughes was tendered a position as teacher in the Provincial Model School, Toronto, where he accepted, and assumed the duties thereof at the opening of the school year, 1866-7.

In entering this department, Mr. Hughes began at the bottom of the ladder. He remained in the Model school seven years, during which time he had risen from the lowest position in the teaching staff of the school to that of principal. In 1874 Mr. Hughes was appointed Chief Inspector of schools for the city of Toronto, which position he has since held. The rapid growth of the schools of Toronto for the past more than three decades, may be seen from the fact that in the first named year, when Mr. Hughes became inspector, there were but sixty-seven teachers in the schools of the city, while in 1906 there were 687. The popularity of Inspector Hughes is not confined, however, to the city of Toronto, nor the Province of Ontario, nor even the Dominion of Canada. That he is a man of international reputation will be seen from the fact that he has responded to calls to lecture on educational matters in such cities of the United States as Boston, New York, Chicago, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Milwau-

kee, St. Louis, Peoria, Denver, Omaha, Buffalo, Cincinnati, Columbus, Kalamazoo, Rochester, Syracuse, Albany, Salem, Portland, Lowell, New Orleans, Des Moines, New Haven, Hartford, and many other cities of less population. Inspector Hughes is also the author of several works, among which may be mentioned "Froebel's Educational Laws," "Dickens as an Educator," "Mistakes in Teaching," and "British and Canadian Histories." In 1878 Inspector Hughes taught the first lesson in the Chautauqua course, Bishop Vincent delivering the address.

Not only is Inspector Hughes a very prominent man in educational circles, but Mrs. Hughes, his wife, has also gained international reputation in educational fields. Mrs. Hughes, who was Miss Ada Marean, was born at Maine, New York, in 1849, daughter of Chester and Arvilla Marcan. She was graduated from the Albany (N.Y.) Normal school in 1871, and from the Kraus-Boelte school, New York City, June 18, 1876. Just thirty years thereafter, her daughter, Miss Laura C. Hughes, was graduated from the same school, Mrs. Hughes delivering the commencement address. Mrs. Hughes was president of the World's Kindergarten Congress at the World's Fair, Chicago, 1893, and was president of the International Kindergarten Union in 1905-6, and 1906-7. She is also president of the Household Economic Association of Canada, and it was she that introduced kindergarten work into Toronto.

Inspector and Mrs. Hughes have four children, namely: Helen M., a graduate of the Chicago Normal School, and of the University of Toronto (1900), with the degree of B.A., is a teacher in the schools of New York City; Bertha was educated in the Toronto public and high schools and the School of Expression of Toronto; Laura C. is a graduate of the Kraus-Boelte school, New York City, class 1906; and J. Chester is a member of the class of 1909, in engineering, University of Toronto. Inspector Hughes is a past master of St. Andrew's Lodge No. 16, A.F. & A.M., and past grand master of the Orange Association of Ontario West.

WILLIAM PETIT HELLIWELL, who passed away at his residence, No. 187 Carlton street, Toronto, Sept. 6, 1889, was born Nov. 9, 1830, in the County of York, Ont. He was a member of the pioneer family of that name of Northern Ontario, which was founded in Canada by Thomas Helliwell, the grandfather of William Petit Helliwell.

Thomas Helliwell was born in 1769, and died July 11, 1823. He was married in his native country to Sarah Lord, who was born in 1773,

and died July 19, 1842. In 1817 Thomas Helliwell came to Canada, settling at Drummondville, where he engaged in the distilling business. In the winter of 1820-21 the family went to East York township, County York, settling on the Don River, where Thomas Helliwell and his sons, Thomas (II.) and John, engaged in the brewing business until the father's death. After that the business was continued by the widow and sons. Thomas and Sarah (Lord) Helliwell, had the following named children: Elizabeth, born in 1792, married John Eastwood; Thomas (II.) was born in 1795; Mary, born in 1797, married Colin Skinner, and had one son, Colin; John, born in 1799, married Mary Elliott; Joseph was born in 1802; William, born in 1811, married Elizabeth Bright; Charles Lord, born May 13, 1816, died May 14, 1906, in Toronto.

Thomas Helliwell (II.), born in 1795, the eldest son of his parents, was engaged during most of his life in the brewing business. His first wife was Mary Willson, of Stamford, by whom he had the following children: Sarah, John, Abigail, Thomas and William Petit. The second wife of Thomas Helliwell was Ann Ashworth, who became the mother of these children: Edward, Christopher, Gordon, Elliott and Alexander.

From the foregoing record it will be seen that William Petit Helliwell was a member of an old family of the County of York. Completing his studies at Upper Canada College, Toronto, he engaged in the hardware business on reaching his majority and carried it on for a number of years. After his marriage, to Sophia Ann Wood, he retired and moved to his estate on Don Mills road, living there until a few years prior to his death, when, having sold part of the estate, he located at his residence, No. 187 Carlton street, Toronto. His widow and some of their children continue to reside there.

In August, 1865, William Petit Helliwell married Sophia Ann Wood, whose parents, John and Elizabeth (Sters) Wood, were both born in Kent, England. In 1843 Mr. and Mrs. Wood located in Toronto, settling on Isabella street, where Mr. Wood and his sons engaged in the planing, box manufacturing and lumber business for a number of years. Mrs. Wood died in Toronto Nov. 12, 1892, and Mr. Wood died in London, Ont., Aug. 11, 1898, and was buried in the family plot in St. James cemetery, Toronto. They attended the English Church, and in later years the Baptist Church. They were the parents of the following named children: Emily, Mrs. A. Parrinton, of Toronto; John, who died in 1840; Charlotte, who

died in 1844; Mrs. William Petit Helliwell; James E., of Toronto; John A., who died in August, 1873; Correna E.; Mahala, who died in 1857; Philip B., of Toronto; and Amos B., of Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Helliwell were the parents of the following named children: Edith M., the wife of Abiel S. Bowers, who has one daughter, Phyllis; Gertrude E., who married Thomas Rowan, and has two children, Donald and Kathleen; Carrie Louise, the wife of Archibald Allan, of New York; Ida S., the wife of Thomas Wardell, who has one daughter, Helen; E. Abigail, the wife of Allen C. Iler; Thomas W., of Toronto; Gordon W., of Toronto; and Frank R., of Toronto.

In religious faith Mr. Helliwell was a member of the Church of England. In politics he was a Conservative.

HENRY R. FRANKLAND, collector of inland revenue at Toronto, and a well-known man of the County of York is a member of a family which has long been identified with the various interests in this section of Ontario.

The Frankland family is of English extraction and was founded in Canada by Garrett Frankland, the father of Henry R. Garrett Frankland was born in England in 1834, a son of John Frankland, who died in his native land. In England, Garrett Frankland grew to manhood and there received his educational training. In 1854 he came to Canada, settling in Toronto, where for some time he was associated with a Mr. Nightingale in business. Later Mr. Frankland purchased the property on which his son Henry now resides, and there engaged in a wholesale butchering business, also exporting cattle to England; he was the pioneer here in the latter line, and his efforts in the development of this industry were highly appreciated by the Agricultural Society, which expressed its estimation of his services in substantial form by presenting him a handsome marble clock and a testimonial signed by Philip Armstrong and James King. During his long business experience as a shipper of cattle Mr. Frankland had many impediments to overcome, among them the "Embargo Act," which he fought rigorously and almost single-handed, and not without success. The citizens of Toronto showed their high appreciation of his efforts regarding this measure at a banquet in his honor, held at the "Queen's Hotel," when, in an appropriate speech, they presented him a handsome gold watch and chain.

As above stated, Mr. Frankland settled on the property now owned by his son, soon after coming to Canada. It is situated in York

township, whence he moved prior to his death, in 1900, into Toronto. He was twice married, first to Jane Nelson, who was born in Toronto, daughter of Thomas Nelson, an early settler of Toronto and a native of Ireland. Mrs. Jane Frankland died in 1883, leaving children as follows: Henry R.; Annie, wife of George L. Kavanagh; Herbert P., of Toronto; Frances C., widow of Alfred S. Dixon; and Arthur Hope, of the Assessment Department, Toronto, who married Anna Mullin. All the children were born in York township. Mr. Frankland married after the death of his first wife, but there were no children by the second union.

Henry R. Frankland was born on the old homestead in York township, Sept. 1, 1858, and was educated in a private school at Collingwood and the public schools of York, and he is now a trustee of the latter schools, serving since 1886. In the year 1874 he crossed the Atlantic with the first consignment of cattle that left from the West, passing through Toronto; he took full charge of them and landed them in Liverpool, from which place they were sent on to London and they realized the enormous sum of £42 per head. Never before or since have such figures been realized on a cargo of cattle. Mr. Frankland began his business career under his father's direction, and continued in the same line until 1900, when he was made collector of inland revenue, in which capacity he has served ever since. Prior to this he had been connected with municipal matters, and also with county public affairs, having for five years served as deputy reeve and reeve of York township, and as such being a member of the county council; for four years he was an alderman of the city of Toronto, and in 1896 he contested East York for the Dominion House, to which he was elected by a majority of 80. Since 1885 he has been a justice of the peace.

In 1905 Mr. Frankland was elected president of the Toronto Horticultural Society; is a member of the Agricultural Society of Toronto District; is vice-president of the Ontario Horticultural Exhibition; and a director of the Industrial Exhibition and a member of the executive board thereof.

In 1883 Mr. Frankland was married to Miss Mary Catherine Smith, daughter of the late William Smith, of Toronto, whose sketch appears elsewhere, and two children have been born to this union, viz.: Gertrude and Beatrice Olivier. Mr. and Mrs. Frankland are consistent members of the Church of England, in which he has been warden for twenty years and has also officiated as superintendent of the Sunday-school.

In fraternal life Mr. Frankland is a Freemason, belongs to St. George's Society, to the Royal Arcanum, and to the A.O.U.W. For ten years he was vice-president of the Children's Aid Society of Toronto, and he was manager of the House of Industry also of this city. It will thus be seen that wherever valuable service was to be given, or public spirit to be shown, Mr. Frankland has been prominent in this section for a long period.

CHARLES CLARKSON, B.A. (deceased). Among the well-known educators and text-book authors of Ontario was the late Charles Clarkson, who died March 17, 1902, in Toronto. Mr. Clarkson was born in 1845, in Yorkshire, England, son of Reuben and Hannah (Dale) Clarkson, who in 1853 came to Canada and settled at St. Mary's, where the father followed farming for a number of years; there he died.

In St. Mary's grammar school Charles Clarkson began his literary training under Dr. McLellen. Later he attended the Toronto Normal School, and there qualified for teaching, which he followed for a time before entering upon his classical course at Toronto University, from which he was graduated in 1876, with the degree of B.A. After graduation Mr. Clarkson went to Dundas, where he was head master of the boys' college. He then went to Seaforth, being head master of the Collegiate Institute there for seventeen years, during which time he also got up the Clarkson Arithmetic and the Clarkson Algebra, both of which were adopted in Manitoba. Mr. Clarkson finally settled in Toronto, where he became an editor and reviewer of text-books, being thus engaged until his death. He also wrote the "Lay of the Last Minstrels."

In 1872 Mr. Clarkson married Amelia Arnold, who was born at Paris, Ont., daughter of Charles and Agnes (Taylor) Arnold, who were born in Bedfordshire, England, the former in 1819, the latter in 1820. Charles Arnold's father, Isaac Arnold, came to Canada in 1831, settling at Paris, where he died. His wife was Amelia Cook, also a native of England. Charles Arnold, the father of Mrs. Clarkson, was educated in Paris, and there went into the nursery business, in which he continued until his death, which occurred in 1888. He and his wife had the following children: George, of Winnipeg; Ida, the widow of William Nisbet, of Hamilton; Ella, the wife of Edward Moyle; and Mrs. Clarkson.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarkson had three sons, all well-known professional men of Toronto: Dr. Fred Arnold Clarkson, a well-known medical practitioner, who married Bessie Bastedo;

Charles Harold Clarkson, D.D.S.; and Percy Edward Clarkson, D.D.S. The family are Methodists. Mr. Clarkson was a Reformer in politics, and fraternally he was connected with the I.O.O.F.

REV. WILLIAM BEE was well known throughout Ontario for the great and good work he performed as a minister of the Gospel. He was born Nov. 1, 1827, at Weirdale, County of Durham, England, and passed away at his late residence, No. 16 Birch avenue, Toronto, Jan. 7, 1905. When a young man Mr. Bee was converted to the Christian faith. On reaching manhood he entered the Methodist ministry, and from that time until his coming to Canada there was scarcely a Sabbath that he did not occupy a pulpit in his native country.

In 1852, in England, Rev. Mr. Bee was married to Jane Martindale, daughter of John and Sarah (Armstrong) Martindale, and in 1856 they came to Canada, for a short time residing in the County of Essex. Mr. Bee was subsequently pastor of the Primitive Methodist Churches at Grand River, Drumbo, Collin's Bay, Albion, Reach and other places, and in 1871 was appointed general and missionary secretary and book steward of the Primitive Methodist Church, in which capacity he served until the Union, in 1884. At the time of the Union of the churches Mr. Bee retired from the pulpit and went to the North-West, where he resided for eleven years, then returning to Toronto, where he bought his late residence at No. 16 Birch avenue. Mrs. Bee, who survives her husband, resides with her daughter, Mrs. H. H. Gibson, in Kentucky. In political matters Rev. Mr. Bee was a Reformer.

To Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Bee were born these children: John, who died on the trip to Canada; William, who died young; Sarah Ann, who died in June, 1883; Mary Jane, wife of Rev. William Booth, who has one daughter, Ethel; Elizabeth S., wife of John Herron, who has six children, Horace, Dorothy, Ida, George, Jack and Jean; Wilhelmina, who is the wife of Rev. Benjamin Ririe, of the China Inland Mission, and has three children, William, Harold and Mary; William Garner, of New York, who married Ida Jameson, and has had two children, George and Minnie; Thomas Martindale, of Lemberg, Saskatchewan, who married Mary Harper, and has four children, Emily Jane, William, Ethel and Eric; and Ida, the wife of Harold H. Gibson, who has two children, Ansel and Miriam.

ELI H. HILBORN, who died at his residence at No. 74 Brunswiek avenue, Toronto, May 17, 1906, after an illness of about a year, was a member of one of the pioneer families of York County, founded in Canada by his grandfather, Thomas Hilborn, in 1806.

Thomas Hilborn emigrated from Pennsylvania, and settled in Newmarket for a short time, later removing to the County of Ontario, Ont., near Uxbridge, at what is known as Quaker Hill. Here both he and his wife died, their children being: Mrs. Jonathan Gould, who died in Pennsylvania; John; Amos; Rachel, who married William Gould; Phoebe, who married John James; Stephen; and Joseph, who died in the County of Lambton, Ontario.

Stephen Hilborn was born in Wrightstown, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, in 1785, and came to Canada in 1806, with the family. He remained at Newmarket for a time after his father had located at Uxbridge, and later removed to Whitechurch township, County of York, where he married Hannah Hambleton, a native of Pennsylvania, and daughter of Moses Hambleton, who came to the County of York about 1806. During the war of 1812 his son Aaron Hambleton was drafted, but being a Quaker in religion he refused to engage in any struggle at arms, and was therefore, with thirty others, thrown into prison, at Toronto, where he died. This action on the part of the Canadian Government caused Moses Hambleton to return at once to the United States, settling in New York State, where he spent the remainder of his life.

After marriage Stephen Hilborn settled at Uxbridge, where the remainder of his life was spent. His children were: Joshua, who died in 1882; Annie, who married James Russell, and who died in Michigan; Sarah, who married Anthony Avery, and had several sons, one of whom, Lincoln, is collector of customs at Port Huron, another, Alexander, postmaster at that point for some time and later collector of customs, and still another, Joseph, at one time County Judge of St. Clair County, Michigan; Elizabeth, who married Elijah Rose; Moses, who died at the age of six years; Samuel, a mechanic, who died in 1859; Edwin, also a mechanic, who died in Appleton, Wis.; John, of North Dakota; Jane, who married Daniel Gould, a brother of Joseph Gould, M.P.; Priscilla, who died at the age of ten years; Eli H.; and Abigail, who married David Hall.

Eli H. Hilborn was educated at the high school of Uxbridge and the normal school of Toronto, after graduating from which he engaged in teaching school for four years. He then engaged in manufacturing lumber, oper-

ating a sawmill at Cambray, also following the tanning business and engaging in farming. He later sold out these businesses and purchased the old homestead at Uxbridge, where he resided until removing to Toronto in 1889. In 1858 he married Sarah Widdifield, a member of an early settled family, and to this union have been born two daughters: Electta, widow of William T. Forfar, of Toronto Junction, and mother of four children, Florence, Howard, Lillian and Gordon; and Florence, who married Charles Forfar, B.A., a teacher in the Harbord Collegiate Institute, Toronto, and has two children,—Russell and Lolita.

During Mr. Hilborn's residence in Uxbridge he was clerk for sixteen years, and a member of the high school board for some time. He was a member of the Ontario Agricultural Commission in 1880, at which time he was president of the Dominion Grange. In politics he was a Reformer, and took a great interest in the success of that party. He was fraternally affiliated with the I.O.O.F. In his religious faith he was a Methodist, and all his family are members of the church of that denomination in Toronto.

HORATIO WILLIAM NELSON, who died at his late residence, No. 70 St. Alban street, Toronto, Nov. 22, 1901, was born in Montreal in July, 1846, son of Horatio Admiral and Maria (Davison) Nelson. Horatio Admiral Nelson, M.P.P., was born in New Hampshire, U.S.A., and was the founder of this branch of the family in Canada. The first of the family in America was Capt. Charles Nelson, who took an active part in the American Revolution. The Nelsons are of English extraction, and have for many years been connected with the commercial interests of Canada.

Horatio Admiral Nelson settled in Montreal in an early day and there engaged in the manufacture of woodenware and fancy goods, etc. There his business life was spent, and there he and his wife died. For some time Mr. Nelson was a member of the Quebec Parliament. In political affiliation he was a Reformer. He and his wife were members of the American Presbyterian Church. They had children as follows: Andrew David, Albert Daniel, Horatio William, Emily, Charles Henry, Harriet Amelia, Frederick Eaton, John, and Marie Louise.

Horatio William Nelson was educated in Burlington, Vermont. In 1868 he began his business life in Toronto, establishing a branch of the Montreal business on York street, whence he removed to Front street west. Later the business was closed out in Toronto, and Mr. Nelson removed to Montreal, where he remained

for three years, during which time the Montreal business was burned out. He then took over the business, removed it to Toronto, and founded the firm of H. W. Nelson & Co. Limited, at the head of which Mr. Nelson remained until his death. Since that time Sidney Wharin has conducted it very successfully, Mrs. Nelson still retaining her husband's interest.

On Feb. 11, 1873, in Toronto, Mr. Nelson married Miss Isabella Christie, who was born at Old Niagara-on-the-Lake, daughter of the late Alexander Ritchie Christie, a well-known lumberman of Niagara, and a native of Perth, Scotland. Mr. Christie married Margaret Kilgour, who was born in Kent, England, of Scotch parentage, her father being a member of Wellington's army, with which he served at the battle of Waterloo. Both Mr. Christie and Miss Kilgour settled in Montreal prior to their marriage, were there married, and immediately thereafter settled in Old Niagara-on-the-Lake, where Mr. Christie continued in the lumber business for a number of years. On account of better railroad facilities, however, in connection with the Middle West, he removed in 1860 to Toronto, where for a number of years he was a leading business man. In this city he died in 1895, and his wife in 1870. Their children, all born at Niagara, were: Janet R., deceased; Margaret K., who married William Kerr, of Toronto; Peter, deceased; Helen R., who married Henry W. Darling, treasurer of the General Electric Company, of Schenectady, New York; and Isabella, Mrs. Nelson.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson had one daughter, Helen Georgie, who married Dr. Donald McGillivray, of Toronto. Mr. Nelson was a Presbyterian, and Mrs. Nelson and her daughter adhere to the same faith. In politics he was a Reformer. In fraternal circles he was connected with the Masons.

GEORGE BENNETT, who died in Toronto Junction, Oct. 20, 1898, was well known throughout Western Ontario. He was born at Tecumseh, Ont., Dec. 18, 1851, son of William and Isabella (Mitchell) Bennett, natives of Belfast, Ireland.

William Bennett was the founder of the family in Canada, and on coming first to the country settled at Tecumseh, where he engaged in farming for many years, and where he and Mrs. Bennett died.

George Bennett was educated at Tecumseh, and when eighteen years old went into the lumber business at Tidmouth, where he owned and operated a sawmill. From there he moved his business to South River, and thence to what is now Chelmsford, which place he founded. Here

Mr. Bennett carried on an extensive lumber business for a number of years, and then removed the business to Flesherton, where he operated a large veneering mill and lumber business for some time. From Flesherton he went to Toronto Junction, where he continued until his death. For some time previous to his death Mr. Bennett had been engaged in mining, having quite extensive interests in that line. His death occurred while he was engineering a large land deal, which promised large dividends had he been able to carry it through. He was an active and progressive business man, well known and highly esteemed.

In April, 1890, Mr. Bennett and Miss Caroline Calvert Cross were united in marriage. She was born in England, daughter of William Henry and Mary Ann (Calvert) Cross. To Mr. and Mrs. Bennett were born two sons, George Folkingham and Reginald Calvert. Mr. Bennett was a prominent member of the English Church. In politics he was a Conservative.

THOMAS BRUNSKILL, M.D., of No. 259 Wellesley street, Toronto, comes of a family who were among the early settlers of the County of York, and is descended from English ancestry.

The first Brunskill, of whom there is any data was John, the great-great-grandfather of Dr. Thomas. He was born at Winston, County Durham, England, in 1690. The next in line was Wharton, born in England, in 1729, and by occupation a "licensed victualler," or hotel keeper. He never left his native land, but his son, Robert, born at Soulby, County Westmoreland, England, in 1783, was the founder of the family in Canada, where he settled in 1831, at Oak Ridges, County York. He cleared a farm in Concession 1, Lot 2, and there passed the rest of his life. His death occurred in 1865, and his wife, whose maiden name was Tamar Heinsen, died in 1868. Robert Brunskill was a member of the Church of England. To him and his wife the following children were born, all before the family left England, and of whom all but two died in County York. They were: John, Thomas, Robert, Matthew, Wharton, James (who died on the ocean), Elizabeth, Margaret, Ann and Mary.

John Bruuskill was born in England in 1811, and was just reaching manhood when he came to Canada with his parents. He was a farmer and miller by occupation, and his operations were on a large scale. His property was situated at Thorne Hill, and his mill, known as the "Pomona Mills," had a world wide reputation for the flour made there. He was one of the most prominent and highly respected men of

his section, was a member of the Church of England, and in his political views was a Conservative. In 1839, he married Miss Elizabeth Cooper, born in Hull, Yorkshire, England, in 1811, daughter of Jonathan Cooper, who came to Canada in 1831, and settled on a farm in the County of York. Mr. Brunskill's death was very sudden and entirely unexpected. It occurred March 1, 1870, when his wife, on awaking, found her husband lying dead beside her. So great was the shock that she lingered only a few days, and on the following Sunday, March 6, 1870, followed him.

The following excerpt from the *Daily Telegraph*, of March 2nd, not only pays a tribute to Mr. Brunskill, but refers to a disaster coincident with his death: "Mr. Brunskill was well and widely known. He was the proprietor of the Pomona flour and saw mills. He has been for years one of our leading operators in grain and flour, and was a heavy loser by the burning of the Northern elevator last night. He however could not have been aware of his loss at the time of his death." The *Globe* of March 3rd, also bore testimony to Mr. Brunskill's admirable character in the following words: "Mr. Brunskill, the owner of the Pomona flour mills, who has resided at Thorne Hill for over thirty-five years, had an extensive circle of friends and acquaintances. He was well liked by all who knew him, and had also borne the reputation of being most honest and straightforward in his dealings."

The family born to John Brunskill and his wife were as follows: (1) James, born at Richmond Hill, in 1840, a commission merchant of Toronto, died unmarried in 1874. (2) Dr. Thomas. (3) William, born in 1853, died in 1896, the proprietor of the "Olcott Hotel." He married Miss Catherine Dow, and had three children, Alexander, Ross and Fred. (4) Mary Clarkson, wife of Dr. T. C. Scholfield, died in 1896. (5) Frances married Simon Fraser, of the Customs Department in Ottawa.

Dr. Thomas Brunskill was born in 1845, and received his early education in the Richmond Hill grammar school (two of his classmates being His Honor, Chief Justice Falconbridge and the Rev. Father Teefy), and at another school in Hamilton conducted by the Rev. J. G. D. McKenzie. He at first went into the milling business with his father, but later his taste for medicine asserted itself, and he prepared himself for that profession. His first reading was done with Dr. T. C. Scholfield, of Bond Head, and in 1868 he was graduated from the Rolph Medical College of Toronto. He located at Stroud and practiced there until 1880, when he went West to the Rocky Mountains, and

spent five years on a ranch in the cattle business. His first bunch of cattle was sold to Hon. M. H. Cochran, a pioneer in the business in the immediate vicinity. In 1885 Dr. Brunskill returned to Stroud, and, resuming his practice, continued it until 1892. Then he was in the drug business for some years, and since 1897 has made Toronto his home. His interests branch out in various lines and his name is to be found on the rosters of the Masonic Lodge and the A.O.U.W. In politics he is a Reformer, and in religious belief a Methodist.

Dr. Brunskill was united in marriage in 1869 to Miss Jane Marr, born in Markham township, daughter of Joseph and Lucy (Crosby) Marr. Her father was one of the early settlers of the township, whither he had come from Pennsylvania in 1801. He died in 1885, aged eighty-seven years. Mrs. Brunskill has borne her husband four children, namely: Persee R., a stock broker in Toronto; Arthur Dudley, a travelling man; Morley, a butcher in Toronto; and Frances, wife of Mr. John S. McKay, of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's staff in Winnipeg. The family rank high in the esteem of their acquaintances, and Dr. Brunskill has won considerable reputation locally in the practice of his profession.

REV. THOMAS GOLDSMITH, deceased. Broad as are the opportunities for usefulness offered by the ministerial career, there are few men in that profession who have taken a deeper hold upon the hearts of their fellows, or achieved a more marked influence for good upon all with whom they came in contact, than did Rev. Thomas Goldsmith, who passed from his labors in this world to his Heavenly reward April 14, 1902. He was born in Hallowell, Prince Edward County, Feb. 27, 1823, son of David Goldsmith.

The Goldsmith family is of U. E. Loyalist stock, and was founded in Canada by Capt. Thomas Goldsmith, a British officer who came to Canada from the State of New York, soon after the close of the American Revolution. He was given a grant of land in Prince Edward County, and spent the rest of his life there in retirement. His wife was a Miss Conger.

David Goldsmith, son of Capt. Thomas, married a Miss Johnson, who was of Irish extraction.

Rev. Thomas Goldsmith began early to show the traits which made him so successful in the ministry. After receiving what education the schools of his native county afforded, he continued to read and study by himself, becoming a proficient student not only in Latin and Hebrew, but particularly in Greek. When only

nineteen he began his work as a minister and became known as the "boy preacher." For some years he was connected with the Methodist denomination, and was over the New Connexion Church, but later accepted the creed of the Presbyterian Church. In 1865 he was offered a position as agent for the Upper Canada Bible Society, and remained there for five years, when he resumed the work of the ministry. In 1870 he became pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Seaforth, and during his seven years and a half there he built up a large membership. From that charge he was called, in 1877, to St. John's Church, in Hamilton, continuing his successful ministry there until 1889. At that time his health began to fail, and he was thenceforward unable to assume the duties of a regular pastorate. From that time until his death he resided in Toronto, retired from heavy responsibilities, but nevertheless he frequently officiated in various churches for short periods of time, and for one entire year filled the pulpit of St. Paul's Church, Peterboro, and for six months in St. Andrew's, Toronto. His last sermon was preached in the Bloor Street Presbyterian Church, in August, 1900, although he lived for a considerable time afterward. His illness was a lingering one, extending over eighteen months, but he retained his keen mind and accurate memory to the end.

In 1849 Rev. Thomas Goldsmith was united in marriage to Miss Jane Cosford, daughter of Thomas and Anne (Pearson) Cosford. Her parents were Quakers and came from Pennsylvania to County York in the pioneer days, settling in Whitchurch township. Thomas Cosford was a wealthy man, owning at one time eleven farms, a sawmill and a blacksmith shop. Mrs. Goldsmith had an elder sister, Mary Ann, who married Joseph Hartman, for many years Liberal member for North York, and a younger brother, Thomas, who died in 1903. Rev. and Mrs. Goldsmith were the parents of four children, namely: Susanna Catherine, deceased; Alfaretta and Annette, of Toronto; and Fred, deceased.

Rev. Thomas Goldsmith was an eminently broad-minded man, willing to accept the truth in whatever guise or from whatever source it came. Being thus liberal in his attitude, he commanded the respect of all who enjoyed his acquaintance, and he was highly esteemed among Catholics as well as Protestants. He was always a great reader, not only along theological lines, but in literature and science equally. As minister he combined rare eloquence in speaking with the utmost devotion to the pastoral side of his work, particularly among the sick in his congregation. His influence was

widely felt, and throughout his long life he was always a power for good. He upheld the Reform party.

JOHN IRWIN, late of Toronto, was one of the well-to-do men of the city, in which he had been an important factor in business circles for a number of years. He was born in 1825, at the village of Lurganboy, near the town of Manor Hamilton, County Leitrim, Ireland, son of William and Martha (Robinson) Irwin, natives of the Emerald Isle, where the mother died.

In 1850 John Irwin came to Canada, and after spending some time in Quebec, during part of which he was connected with government matters, he located in Toronto, where he engaged in the hotel business for a while as the proprietor of the "General Wolfe House." Mr. Irwin also owned a fine farm near Toronto, which he carried on for some time in connection with his other business. For a number of years he furnished horses for the Toronto Fire Department. He owned much real estate in Toronto, owning the buildings from No. 15 to No. 21 Grenville street (including his home at No. 17 Grenville street), also fifteen or twenty homes on Berkeley street, the Gill house on Yonge street, and others. Mr. Irwin had a fine summer home on the Island, near Toronto, and in connection therewith a fine fruit orchard, and there he and his family spent the summer months.

From 1880 to 1890 Mr. Irwin served his city as alderman and proved as thorough and conscientious in public life as he did in business. From the time he began business in Toronto until his retirement he was very successful, accumulating by his own efforts the large fortune which he enjoyed in his old age.

About 1854 Mr. Irwin married Miss Jane Henry, of County Sligo, Ireland. There were no children born to this union, but they adopted two, a boy and a girl. The girl is now Mrs. Arthur Ardagh, of No. 18 College street, and the boy, John A. Irwin, late of the Assessment Commissioner's office, at the City Hall, now of Buffalo, New York. The subject of this sketch died Sept. 22, 1904; his wife died about five months before. Both are buried in the family plot in the Neeropolis.

JOHN BERTRAM, for many years one of Canada's leading captains of industry, and one who always took a deep interest in public affairs, died at his residence, No. 19 Walmer road, Toronto, Nov. 28, 1904. Born in East Lothian, Scotland, Oct. 16, 1837, Mr. Bertram came to Canada in 1860, and settled at Peter-



John B. Peckham

borough. He carried on the retail hardware business for some years, and it was while he was living in Peterborough that he represented West Peterborough in the Dominion Parliament.

As president of the Collins' Inlet Lumber Company, president of the Bertram Engine Works, chairman of the Dominion Commission on Transportation, and (in 1897) member of the Ontario Forestry Commission, Mr. Bertram was widely known. From 1872 to 1878 he sat in the House of Commons as a supporter of Alexander Mackenzie. In 1888 he located in Toronto, continuing in the retail hardware business and taking up the wholesale trade as well. Mr. Bertram was principally engaged, however, in the lumber business, with which he was identified for a period of twenty-five years, and he was regarded as probably the best authority on forestry in Canada. He practiced the principles of reforestation on his own limits, and his knowledge of the subject proved of great service to the Province when, in the year 1897, he became a member of the Ontario Forestry Commission, along with the late E. W. Rathbun, of Deseronto; the late Alexander Kirkwood, of the Crown Lands department, and Mr. J. B. McWilliams, of Peterborough. As one result of the Commission's work some 3,000,000 or 4,000,000 acres of forest land, unsuitable for agriculture, have been set aside as reserves. It was also as the result of Mr. Bertram's repeated representations that the export duty on logs was imposed by the Ontario government, a change which has given such an impetus to the lumber manufacturing industry on the Canadian side of the Great Lakes.

Mr. Bertram's active interest in the engine and shipbuilding industry began in 1900, with the death of Mr. George H. Bertram, whom he succeeded as head of the Bertram Engine Works Company, remaining in that position until his death. Mr. Bertram was chairman of the Dominion Commission on Transportation, which had the work of investigating means of improving Canadian channels of transportation by land and water. It was his illness which cut short the tour he was making of Canada during June, 1904, in company with his fellow members, namely: Messrs. Robert Reford, Montreal, and E. C. Fry, Quebec.

To quote the words of another: "In character Mr. Bertram was known as a man of strong common sense, firmness and positiveness of ideas. Great thoroughness marked all of his operations." In religion he was a Unitarian.

Mr. Bertram married Miss Helen Shiells, who survives him with seven children.

DR. GEORGE SHAW MARTIN, manager of the International Dental Manufacturing Company, with office at No. 20 Temperance street, Toronto, is a member of an old and honored family long identified with Canada.

The Martin family, which is of English extraction, was founded in Canada by George Martin, father of the Doctor, who was born Dec. 5, 1819, in the parish of Abbey Lanercost, County of Cumberland, England, son of James and Margaret (Elliott) Martin, the former of whom died in England. The latter came to Canada and is buried at Lundy's Lane. In 1840 George Martin and his two brothers, William and Matthew, came to Canada. William settling near London, Ont., Matthew at Niagara Falls, and George in the township of Mono, County Dufferin. When George Martin settled in Mono township the country was covered with dense timber, but he managed to clear a farm from the bush and made his home in that locality until his death, in 1904. He married Jane Shaw, who was born in Sligo, Ireland, daughter of Allen and Margaret (Brett) Shaw, and to this union were born children as follows: Margaret, the wife of William Thompson, of County Dufferin; James, a farmer; Jane, who married Andrew Murphy; Mary, who married William Arnold; Isabella, who married Daniel Nesbitt, of Manitoba; Sarah, who married Frank Cowan; Robert, a farmer on the old homestead in Dufferin County; Frances; and Dr. George Shaw Martin.

George Shaw Martin was born at the old homestead in County Dufferin, in 1867, and received his literary education at the Collingwood Collegiate Institute and the Orangeville high school. In 1888 he entered the Royal College of Dental Surgery of Ontario, at Toronto, and graduated therefrom in 1891 with the degrees of L.D.S. and D.D.S., at once settling in the practice of his profession at the Junction, where he continued until 1905. At that time he was the oldest dentist in the place in point of years of practice. Dr. Martin has always taken a deep interest in the welfare of his profession, having filled successively every office in the gift of the Ontario Dental Society and also of the Toronto Dental Society. He was twice honored with the presidency of the latter society. He was also for nearly ten years associate editor of the *Dominion Dental Journal*.

In 1905 the International Dental Manufacturing Company was founded, by the union of the S. B. Chandler Dental Depot, Limited, and the Davis Dental Manufacturing Company, Limited, with Dr. W. Cecil Trotter, of Toronto, president, and Dr. George Shaw Martin, manager. The company's head office is in Toronto,

while it has a branch office in Buffalo, and manufactures, as the name implies, special lines of dental goods and supplies. In assuming the management of this business Dr. Martin retired from the practice of his profession, transferring his office to the city, and renting his residence at the Junction, where he had for fourteen years been a leading dental surgeon.

In 1904 Dr. Martin was married to Matilda Adams, daughter of Dr. J. G. Adams, a well-known dentist of Toronto, a record of whose life will be found elsewhere. Dr. and Mrs. Martin are members of the Methodist Church. He is a Reformer in political sentiment, and is fraternally affiliated with the Masons, being a past master of Stanley Lodge, A.F. & A. M., No. 426, G.R.C.

WILLIAM H. MOORE, one of the most honest, genial gentlemen of the City of Toronto, and one of the Queen City's oldest grocers, was born in County Monaghan, Ireland, Sept. 12, 1825, son of Alexander Moore, a well-known farmer of the county.

William H. Moore grew to manhood on his father's farm, where he learned the habits of industry and integrity which have characterized him throughout his active business life. On Wednesday, July 22, 1852, Mr. Moore landed on the wharf at Toronto, and since that time has been an honest resident of the Queen City. On landing in Toronto Mr. Moore at once sought employment, and engaged with Walter MacFarland, with whom he remained fifteen months and four days. He then learned clock-making, which he followed five years, at the end of which time he turned his attention to the mercantile business. On going out of the clock business Mr. Moore found his health somewhat impaired, and for the next seven years he travelled in various parts of Canada. In 1863 he embarked in the grocery business on Queen street west, where he remained until May 6, 1876, transferring his business at that time to No. 54 Grange avenue, where he has since been located. Besides his business Mr. Moore is an extensive property owner in this section of the city.

Mr. Moore has made his own way in the world, and is numbered among the well-to-do business men of Toronto. He has the reputation of being a man whose word is as good as his bond, and has never had trouble with any one in a business way. Although past the eightieth milestone in life's journey, he has the full retention of his faculties, and with the exception of an occasional attack of rheumatism is as well as he has ever been.

Mr. and Mrs. Moore are Presbyterians. In

politics he is connected with the Conservative party.

JOHN FARLEY, a contractor of Toronto for many years, who died in that city March 31, 1893, was born in County Monaghan, Ireland, in 1850, son of John and Margaret (Corbet) Farley, both of whom died in Ireland.

In 1871 John Farley, the subject of this sketch, left his native country for the United States, and, settling in New York State, remained there two years. In 1873 he located in Toronto, where he was engaged as a sewer-pipe contractor during his twenty years' residence in the city. He was very well known, as his business brought him in contact with municipal work, and he became acquainted with many men prominent in public affairs. He was a man who could be relied upon in all his business undertakings, and the fact that Mr. Farley was given a contract was assurance that the city would get all that was due value received, as his work was of the best and according to agreement.

Mr. Farley was married in New York State, in 1873, to Miss Maggie A. Latimer, a native of Ireland; daughter of William and Elizabeth (Williamson) Latimer, the former of whom died in Ireland in 1882. In 1887 Mrs. Latimer, who was born in Ireland in 1799, came to Toronto, where she died in 1896. Mr. and Mrs. Farley had four children: William George, of Toronto; Robert John, a veterinary surgeon of Winnipeg; Elizabeth; and Francis Joseph. Mr. Farley was a member of the Church of England, and in political faith he was a Conservative. Fraternally he was connected with the Orangemen. His late residence, where Mrs. Farley now lives, was erected by him in 1884, and is situated at No. 43 Lowther avenue.

WILLIAM T. MASON, who died Nov. 6, 1882, was a well-known and most highly esteemed citizen of Toronto. His birth occurred Jan. 5, 1824, at Ivy Bridge, Devonshire, England, where Thomas Mason, his father, carried on an extensive milling business.

William T. Mason was educated in the home school and in the grammar school at Plymouth, where his father was a local preacher and a leading Methodist. In 1842 he came to Canada, locating at Montreal for a year, and then removed to Toronto, where he became accountant and cashier in the well-known wholesale house of Taylor & Stephenson, remaining a number of years. He then turned his attention to the handling of real estate and the adjustment of estates, many of which were turned over to him by the court

of chancery. This and other outside work was a heavy tax on Mr. Mason, and his health began to fail under the severe mental strain. He quite recovered from the illness, however, and his death occurred Nov. 6, 1882. Mr. Mason was one of the prominent members of the Metropolitan Methodist Church, in which he was a local preacher. On coming to Toronto he assisted greatly in church work. During his short stay at Thornhill he was equally active in religious work, and on returning to Toronto in 1852 was one of the number appointed by the Quarterly Board of the Richmond Street Church to establish a Methodist cause, of which the beginning had been formed in St. John's Ward, and this led to the Elm Street Church.

In speaking of Mr. Mason, the late Hon. John Macdonald, with whom he was first acquainted on coming to Canada, said, after citing many of Mr. Mason's qualities: "I cannot say much more. It is enough to add that among all the good and loving and devoted brethren whom I have ever known, it has never been my lot to know a brother more earnest, having more singleness of purpose, nor showing more devotedness in all branches of God's work, than W. T. Mason."

On Nov. 10, 1856, Mr. Mason and Miss Mary Lawrence were united in marriage. Mrs. Mason is a daughter of Major Peter Lawrence, an early settler of the County of York, who was born in Fredericton, New Brunswick, Nov. 21, 1788, son of John Lawrence, of English parentage. In 1812 Peter Lawrence came to Toronto, and engaged in the tanning business a few miles from the city, and he also owned much property. He took a great interest in military matters, was a major in the militia, and participated in the war of 1812-14, and in the Rebellion of 1837-38. He married Elizabeth Cummer, born in Pennsylvania, Nov. 20, 1793, and they had these children: Margaret, deceased, who married John Wilson; John, William, Peter and Jacob, deceased; Elizabeth, widow of John Walker; Mary, Mrs. Mason; Nancy Catherine, widow of Henry Peterman, of Aurora, Ont.; and Sarah Jane, deceased, who married Frank Noverre.

Mr. and Mrs. Mason had these children: Lieut.-Col. Percival L., of the Queen's Own Rifles, married Miss Luella Mitchell, and had children, Bertha L. and Aileen; Alfred E., of Vancouver, B.C., married Miss Clara Dack, and had one daughter, Edith; Arthur H., of Toronto, married Miss Minnie Davidson, and had five children, Islay, Edna, Carroll, William and Donald; Miss Bertha, of Toronto; William E., of Regina, Sask., married Miss Nellie Cockburn, and has children, Harold, Edgar, Helen

and Herbert; and Thomas Harold, of Toronto.

In the death of Mr. Mason Toronto lost one of her most able and highly respected men.

REV. WALTER MILLAR, who labored long and faithfully as a minister of the Gospel in County York, died at North Arthur, Ont., in 1878. He was born in 1821, in Perthshire, Scotland, son of Rev. James Millar, who died in the old country.

Rev. Walter Millar received his early literary training in his native country, and on reaching his majority came to Canada, spending four years in Toronto as a gardener. While here he decided to study to become a member of the ministry of the Baptist Church, and, returning to Scotland, pursued his studies with that end in view. On the completion thereof the Rev. Mr. Millar again came to this country, and, being ordained, for two years engaged in preaching the Gospel in King township, but in 1857 he settled on a farm in Arthur township, continuing his preaching on Sundays, however. There he resided until his death.

In 1853 the Rev. Mr. Millar was married to Miss Sarah Ann Campbell, born in Brooklyn, N.Y., in 1834, daughter of Neil and Mary (Beaton) Campbell, natives of Scotland. Neil Campbell located in New York in 1834, but two years later removed to King township, settling on a farm, where he continued to reside until his death in 1841. Mrs. Campbell died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Millar, in 1878. She and her husband had three children: Duncan, Mrs. Millar and Flora. To the Rev. Walter and Mrs. Millar five children were born: Mary Ella, who married David Todd, has one daughter, Eva; James, deceased, left two children, Walter and Lois; Flora, wife of William Umbach, had two children, Sarah and Walter; Maggie is the wife of Philip Umbach; and Neil C. is a stationer at No. 996 Queen street, Toronto. In political matters Mr. Millar was a Reformer.

BENJAMIN ELMORE HAWKE, M.D., of No. 21 Wellesley street, Toronto, is one of the well-established physicians of that city, and one whose professional preparation has been unusually complete, a fact which, in connection with his agreeable personality and close attention to his work, accounts fully for the success which he has attained.

The Hawke family was originally of English extraction, but migrated to the New World before the American Revolution and settled in Pennsylvania. In 1811 Benjamin Hawke, grandfather of the Doctor, left the United States, and coming to Canada located in County

York, on Yonge street, about twenty miles from Toronto, then called York. He had charge of building the Yonge street road, through what is now known as Hogg's Hollow. About 1855 he moved with his family to County Waterloo, Wellesley township, where he settled on a farm and remained until his death, in 1866, at the age of eighty-four years. Hawkesville, in the County of Waterloo, was named for the family, some of whom were its first settlers. They were prominent men in their localities, and in the first council for the township of Wellesley there were four members of the name of Hawke. Benjamin Hawke married Miss Mary Lount, an aunt of the late Judge William Lount, so well known in Ontario. Mrs. Hawke was born in Pennsylvania and died in Wellesley.

William Hawke, son of Benjamin, was born in County York, in the Yonge street home, in 1828. He was a farmer and stock raiser by occupation and became one of the prominent men of his locality. His death occurred in 1889, in the Toronto General Hospital, as the result of an operation, an event the more to be deplored as he was but just past the very prime of life. Mr. Hawke was twice married. His first wife was Miss Jane Monkman, who belonged to one of the old families of County York, and by this union there were four children, namely: Erastus, an implement dealer; Lavinia, wife of Pierce Petch; Rachel, wife of David Harrow; and Edgar, Melfort, Sask. By his second marriage Mr. Hawke was united to Miss Isabella Harrow, who was born in Scotland in 1841, daughter of William and Jane Harrow. The Harrow family came to Canada when Mrs. Hawke was nine years old, and settled in County Waterloo on a farm, where her father died later. To Benjamin and Isabella Hawke ten children were born, as follows: George, of Aurora; Albert, a physician in Galt; Henry; Benjamin E.; Calvin; Janet, wife of Rev. A. J. Johnston; Frank; Agnes, residing in Galt; Harvey and Walter, also of Galt.

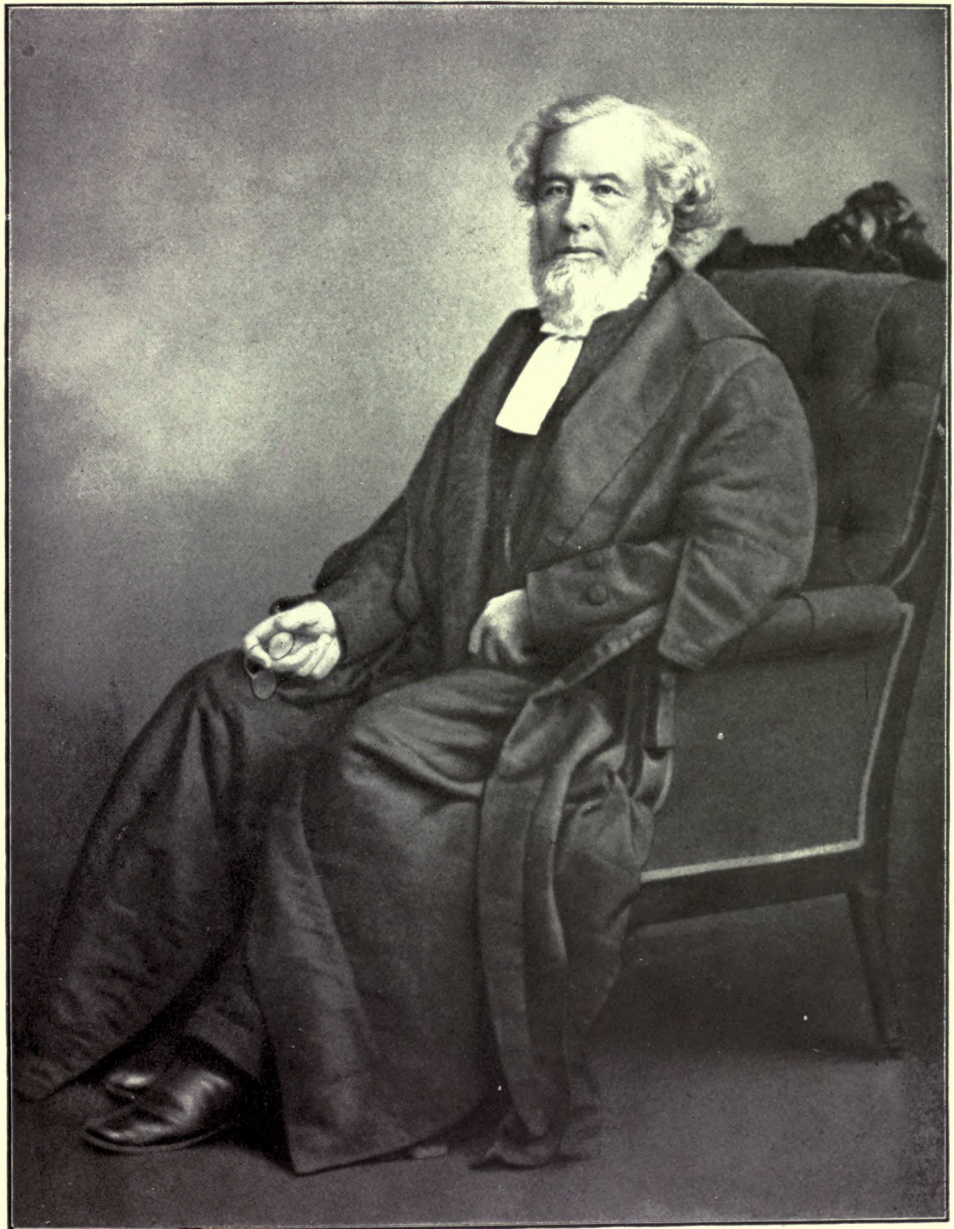
Dr. Benjamin E. Hawke was born in Wellesley in 1866. His general education was received in the Berlin schools, after which he entered upon the study of medicine in Trinity Medical College, of Toronto, from which he graduated in 1887. As he was desirous of still further study along his chosen lines Dr. Hawke then proceeded to New York City, where he entered the New York Polyclinic and Post-Graduate School, from which institution, a year later, he received a degree also. Thus equipped for his profession, he returned to his native township and began practising in the village of Wellesley. After two years he removed to Stratford, where he was located for ten years, and then in

1901 settled in Toronto, where he quickly built up a good practice. Dr. Hawke was married in 1893, to Miss Mayme Trow, daughter of the late Hon. James Trow, of Stratford, who was for twenty-five years a member of the Dominion Parliament. In political faith Dr. Hawke is a Reformer, while fraternally he belongs to the Masons.

The Hawke family are very proud of their descent and carefully cherish certain heirlooms in their possession. Dr. Hawke's mother, who now resides in Galt, is very proud of a chair which Benjamin Hawke brought with him to Canada in 1811, while another valued article is the seat from the first carriage in Toronto; this seat Mrs. Hawke has had upholstered and placed in a corner of her sitting-room in Galt. The Doctor esteems very highly a pair of old-fashioned tongs made by Samuel Lount, a blacksmith at Holland's Landing, and who was hanged in Toronto in the year 1838 for participating in the rebellion of 1837-38. Samuel Lount was a brother of the Doctor's grandmother.

HON. SIR ADAM WILSON, in whose death, in December, 1891, the Dominion of Canada lost one of her ablest and most erudite practitioners and wise and kindly justices, was of the highest type of citizen, upright, honorable and blameless, alike in public and private life.

Sir Adam was born in Edinburgh, Scotland, Sept. 22, 1814. His father, Andrew Wilson, Esq., of Glasgow, had four sons and four daughters: Henry; Andrew; Adam; George; Jane, who married Mr. Hay Wright, of Glasgow; Jessie, who married Mr. Westwater, of Glasgow; Helen, who married Mr. Elkanah Billings, a noted geologist of Montreal; and Grace, who died unmarried. He came to Canada in 1830 and for a time lived in the township of Trafalgar with an uncle, Colonel Chalmers, who at one time was a member of Parliament, and who was engaged in milling and merchandising. Shortly after Sir Adam's coming to Canada, his father's family followed. In January, 1834, Sir Adam was articled to the law in the office of Baldwin and Sullivan. He proved a diligent student, and was called to the Bar at the Trinity term, in 1839. For some months thereafter he remained at his old place in the management of the office, and in January, 1840, he formed a partnership with the Hon. Robert Baldwin, a relationship that was maintained until 1849, when Mr. Baldwin retired from practice. In 1850 Sir Adam was appointed Queen's Counsel; in the same year he formed a partnership with Dr. Larratt W. Smith, and in 1856 a partnership was formed



Adam Wilson

with Hon. Justice Patterson and Mr. James Beaty, Q.C. Sir Adam applied himself to counsel business only, and though clients were numerous he still found time to be actively interested in public affairs, and was allied with the party led by his friend and former partner, Mr. Baldwin. In 1859 and 1860 he sat as mayor of the city of Toronto, being the first mayor elected by a general vote, and he may be said to have been the first practical municipal reformer Toronto ever had. He entered with zeal into all matters pertaining to the city's interests, and bravely met and faced the usual conflicts, being sustained by the people at large. During his mayoralty term he had the honor of receiving in 1860 His Royal Highness, the Prince of Wales, now King Edward VII. In 1860 he was elected member for the North Riding of York in the Parliament of Old Canada, representing that constituency until, in 1863, he was appointed to the Bench. During 1862 he held the office of Solicitor-General and Executive Counselor in the John S. Macdonald administration. He was appointed to the Queen's Bench in 1868, and took his seat in the latter Court. In 1878 he became Chief Justice of the Common Pleas, and in 1884 of the Queen's Bench, and was always looked upon as a sound and able lawyer. He was painstaking and industrious in the study and preparation of all cases entrusted to him, and while on the Bench was fearless and conscientious in his decisions, and ever distinguished for his uniform courtesy. His dignity and self-possession never forsook him, and his receptive as well as alert mind made him ever ready for the unexpected but important points that came within his jurisdiction and required immediate action that must, nevertheless, stand the test of time. Before his resignation as Chief Justice was accepted he was Knighted by Her Majesty, Queen Victoria, an honor, it is believed, he had formerly once if not twice refused. His merits need no commendation. Untiring industry, unselfish devotion to duty and unblemished integrity were the well-known characteristics of his public life.

The "Canada Law Journal" refers to the late Sir Adam Wilson as follows:

"We took occasion to refer at some length to Sir Adam's history and public career, on his retirement from the Bench, in our issue of Dec. 1st, 1887. Since his withdrawal from his position as Chief of the Queen's Bench Division and President of the High Court of Justice, his well-known figure has been almost daily seen in our streets. It was always a pleasure to meet him. His greeting was uniformly sympathetic, and there has seldom lived among us one at

once so kindly and guileless in his disposition, so honorable in his dealings, and with such devotion to duty. His mind was undimmed and active to the last.

"Soon after his retirement Sir Adam and Lady Wilson spent some months abroad. When at home, his residence was at his comfortable homestead in Spadina Crescent. The warm months of summer were for several years spent at his Balmly Beach Cottage, a few miles east of the city, where, in full view of Lake Ontario, and with romantic rural surroundings, the active form of the Knight might be seen directing workmen, or himself often lending a not unskilful hand to their labors. It was pleasant here to meet him in the mellow afternoon of an August day.

"Sir Adam was well read in current literature. He often gave his guests interesting details of men with whom he had been familiar, such as his old friends the Baldwins, Sir Louis Lafontaine, Sir Francis Hincks, Sir George Cartier, Sandfield Macdonald, and Sir John Macdonald. In looking back on his experience of life, as a lawyer, and in the exercise of municipal, executive and judicial functions, there were few of his contemporaries whom he could not measure accurately, but in a kindly spirit. He shunned all ostentation and accepted the honors of Knighthood only on the repeated request of Sir John Macdonald.

"When, under Hon. R. Baldwin, as treasurer of the Law Society in 1856-57, the present main building was erected, Mr. Wilson was chairman of the building committee. His energy there had much to do in establishing the society on its present broad basis, and confirming Osgoode Hall as the judicial and professional center of the Province. This result he used to refer to with satisfaction. On his retirement from the judicial bench, Sir Adam resumed his seat among the benchers, and his work on committees of convocation, with an energy only now expected from representatives of the junior Bar.

"He took a warm interest in the Homoeopathic Hospital and the Home for Incurables, and many other useful charities, which found in Sir Adam a wise and generous benefactor. He had always a lively interest in scientific discovery and discussions, and was a member of the Toronto Astronomical and Physical Society. His literary memorial will be found in the numerous able and learned judgments in the law reports, many of them being exhaustive treatises on the subjects under discussion.

"It may be inferred how pleasant and profitable a companion Sir Adam was to those whose happiness it was to meet with him."

In 1841 Sir Adam Wilson married a sister of the late Robert G. Dalton, Q.C., Emma, the estimable daughter of Thomas Dalton, editor and proprietor of the *Patriot*, a Conservative organ, and one of the first newspapers published in Toronto. Lady Wilson died at her home in Toronto, Dec. 22, 1906.

Of Sir Adam we may say that he wore the white flower of a blameless life, and his death was mourned sincerely in many circles. Upright and honorable, he was always actuated by honest motives, a trait so well recognized that he was as much respected for his many virtues as he was admired for his comprehensive legal learning. Nevertheless, in spite of the prominent position he occupied for so many years, one of his most notable characteristics was his simplicity, his love for the humble things of life. In his decisions he was governed by kindness and sympathy, and his memory is cherished tenderly by all who knew him, rich or poor, for he had the same smile and hearty handshake for all. The sincerity of his good will was so evident, so devoid of affectation, that he won men to him in the pursuit of his most ordinary duties, and retained their friendship as long as he lived. He leaves behind him a record of usefulness that might well serve those who follow him as a standard of emulation.

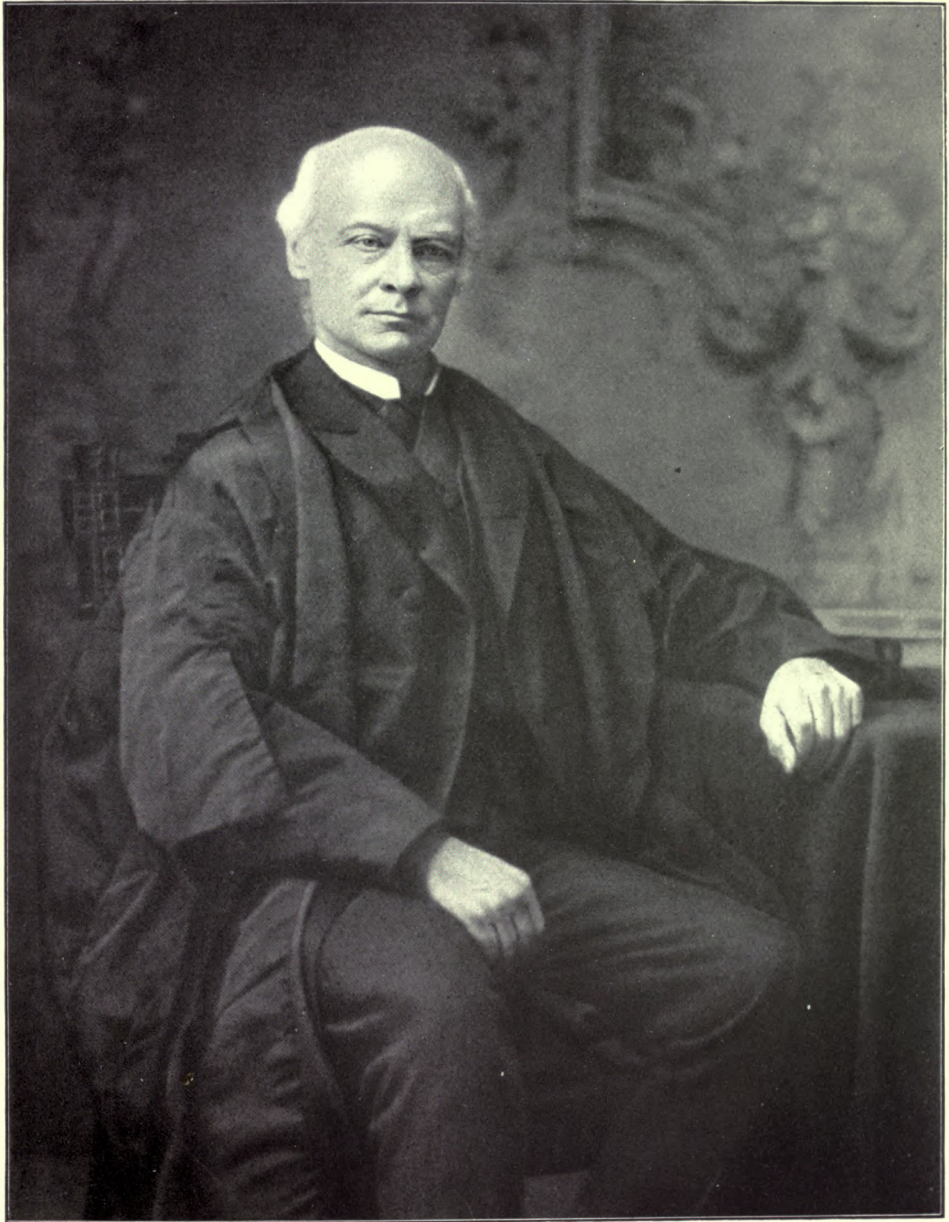
ROBERT GLADSTONE DALTON, Q.C., was one of the best known legal men not only in Toronto, but throughout the Province of Ontario, as he was for over fifty years a distinguished member of the profession of his choice. He was born at Kingston, Canada, May 8, 1819, and became a student at Upper Canada College soon after the founding of that educational institution, which has produced so many men of whom Canada is justly proud.

After Mr. Dalton was called to the bar he practised law in Toronto until 1868, when he was appointed clerk of the Crown and Pleas in the Court of Queen's Bench. In 1871 he was appointed by the John Sandfield Macdonald government clerk in Chambers, and was authorized to hear Chamber motions, such as could be heard by a judge. He acted in this capacity until the Judicature Act was passed in 1881, when he was made Master in Chambers with increased jurisdiction. His duties when clerk in Chambers pertained only to common law cases, but when the Judicature Act came into force he took all Chamber motions. Before he took the position of Master, and when he was a practising barrister, he was at one time in partnership with Mr. Gilbert, who subsequently became sheriff of Chicago.

It did not signify who was arguing before Mr. Dalton, whether the most obnoxious barrister or the most learned Q.C., he gave a most patient hearing, but when the argument was concluded the Master's decision was as a rule soon given, so keen was his insight and so quick his grasp of details. He was a model of judicial fairness, and his method of hearing cases was instructive, and many were the notes, mental and otherwise, which rising scions of the law took of his rulings. So much confidence had members of the Bar in his ability to grasp the points submitted for his consideration that they often presented their cases orally instead of in manuscript form. His court was looked upon as a model one, particularly in its dealings with municipal cases, such as those testing the rights of mayors-elect, etc., to occupy their seats. His knowledge of municipal law was extensive and many members of the Bar elected to take their cases before him when they might have gone before the judges. When his decisions were given they were generally accepted without dissent by both parties to the case, and they were seldom overruled by the higher courts. He was a steady and persistent worker, and after office hours might often be seen wending his way home with a bundle of papers on which he would spend many hours of the night in writing up judgments. Then again, in the morning, before office hours, he might be found busy at work in Osgoode Hall Library. His judgments when delivered were models of brevity, a trait which probably descended to him from his father, Thomas Dalton, who established one of the first newspapers in Toronto, the *Patriot*. In political sentiment Mr. Dalton was a Conservative; he sympathized with the English Unionists, and was a careful reader of the *London Times*.

For some years, while Mr. Dalton occupied the position of chief clerk of Queen's Bench, there were associated with him Mr. John Small and Mr. Alexander Macdonell. "It was a peculiarly pleasant office to do business with in those days," remarked a well-known member of the Bar, "in fact, it was a veritable happy family." The Minister of Justice, in a speech to the County of York Law Association, on Nov. 23rd, 1906, stated that much of the good feeling prevailing in the profession was due to the late Robert G. Dalton, Master in Chambers, who always discouraged sharp practice.

Mr. Dalton's grandfather was honored with the Freedom of the city of Birmingham, England; and the city of Manchester has preserved the memory of a connection of Mr. Dalton,



Robert Wallin

John Dalton, the celebrated physicist and founder of the atomic theory of chemistry, by a life-size statue placed in the vicinity of the street that bears his name.

Mr. Dalton married Ophelia Harriet Hennah, who was born in Cornwall, England, of a family connected for generations with the British Navy. Her grandfather, Captain Hennah, commanded H.M.S. "Mars" at the battle of Trafalgar. Mr. Dalton had three daughters and two sons: Florence Emma, who took the M.A. degree at the University of Toronto, and who resided with her aunt, Lady Wilson, until the latter's death, Dec. 22, 1906; Sophia Frances, now Mrs. Reginald Denison; Mary Gertrude, wife of Walter R. Morson; Robert Wilson Gladstone; and Edward Hennah. Mr. Dalton had four sisters: Sophia, wife of William Bartlett, of the Indian Department; Emma, wife of the Hon. Sir Adam Wilson, president of the High Court of Justice for Ontario; Harriet, who died unmarried; and Mary, wife of Daniel McMichael, LL.D., Q.C.

Robert G. Dalton was a manly man. His was a genial and sunshiny disposition, always looking on the bright side, and for many years his pacific principles and finely developed sense of justice won for him a high reputation as an arbiter. He had all the gifts of perception and decision required for the jurist, and what might have terminated in many a tedious lawsuit was adjusted amicably, to the satisfaction of all parties concerned, by this professional peacemaker. The world knew him as modest and retiring, caring nothing for the bauble of popularity, but his finer nature was revealed to those of more intimate acquaintance. A gifted conversationalist, an eloquent pleader for many rights to man, a shining example of a beautiful life lived in strict accordance with the Golden Rule, his kindly advice and expressions of sympathy gave to many a struggling unfortunate an impetus to a higher and better life. Mr. Dalton died at Toronto on July 24, 1892.

JOSEPH FARR was for a number of years one of the energetic business men and highly esteemed citizens of Toronto, where he died Feb. 22, 1904. He was born in 1846, at Quebec, a son of Henry and Helen Farr.

Henry Farr, best known as Sergeant Farr, came to Quebec from Ireland many years ago. His ancestors, however, were English. He owned a large farm near Quebec, at Lake St. Charles, where he died, after which his widow came to live with her son, the late Joseph Farr, who died at Toronto in 1896. They had chil-

dren as follows: Joseph, John A., Sarah, Isabella A. and Henry, deceased.

The late Joseph Farr was educated in Quebec and entered into business with Robert Mitchell, an extensive contractor, with whom he remained some time. He then became a travelling salesman for the Queen City Oil Company, making a decided success as such and subsequently going into business for himself, in the same line, organizing the Farr Oil Company varnish business, now known as the Imperial Varnish Company. With this concern Mr. Farr continued until his death, the partner attending to the business at the home office, while Mr. Farr did the travelling for the firm. He made many friends by his honorable business representations and his many sterling traits of personality.

In 1873 Mr. Farr was married to Isabella J. Anderson, who was born in Scotland in 1853, daughter of Alexander and Jean (McIntosh) Anderson, the former of whom came with his family to Toronto in 1872 and now resides in Boston, Massachusetts, with a son. He has reached a venerable age, having been born in 1816. His wife was born in 1822, and died in 1904. Their children were: Mrs. Farr, Mary A., Maggie, and George.

To Mr. and Mrs. Farr were born the following named children: Lucy Agnes, wife of William McConoek, who has children—Isabel, George, Alexander and Frank; Adelaide Emily Alice, wife of Frederick H. G. Pole, of Toronto, who has two children, Freda and Howard; Isabella Jane; Ellen Margaret Amelia; Joseph Henry Alexander; Sarah Louisa; George Gordon; Joseph Frederick; Lydia May, and Jessie, deceased.

Mr. and Mrs. Farr were valued members of the social circle to which they belonged, and many outside his family and business connection were affected by his death. For many years he was a member of the English Church, of which he served as treasurer and warden. In political faith he was a Conservative and fraternally a Freemason and a member of the Shrine. He belonged also to the Toronto Board of Trade. In 1887 he built a beautiful home at No. 14 Birch avenue, which is still the family residence.

WILLIAM WHARIN, a substantial business man of Toronto, now situated at No. 441 Spadina avenue, enjoys the distinction of being the oldest jeweler of the Queen City, where he has been in continuous business since 1852.

The Wharin family was founded in Canada in 1830 by William Wharin, father of our subject, who was born in England in 1800. Early

in life he joined the military, and in this capacity came to Canada and resided at Kingston for some time. He next resided in Quebec for a few years, and then accepted the position of lockmaster on the Grenville Canal. He died in Kingston in 1887. Mr. Wharin married Sarah Butterworth, a native of England, and to them were born the following children: Mary, who died unmarried; William; Sarah, deceased; Ann; Frances, deceased.

William Wharin was born in 1829, in England, and was but one year old when the family came to Canada, in which country his education was secured. He then served his time to the jewellery business in Toronto, and in 1852 embarked in his chosen occupation on Church street, just south of King, where he remained until 1858. At this time he removed to the "Rossin House" block, where he continued until 1862, the time of the fire. The next two years were spent at the place now occupied by Stockwell, Henderson & Co., and then he removed to No. 11 King street east. In 1869 he went to the Old Globe building, then to No. 47 King street west, and in 1892 to his present location, No. 441 Spadina avenue. Probably not half a dozen men are in business to-day in Toronto who were thus engaged in 1852, and Mr. Wharin is at least one of the oldest, if not the oldest, business men in the Queen City.

In 1854 Mr. Wharin was married to Mary J. Dunn, who died in 1902, at the age of sixty-six years. Their children were: Fanny; Mabel; William Jarvis, an accountant in Toronto, who married Amy Phillips and has four children—Mary, Ellen, Philip and John; Herbert, also an accountant, who married Maude Hauser, and had two sons—Winston and Douglas; and Sidney J., manager for Nelson & Son, Toronto, who married Kate Semple, and has two children—Kathleen and Robert. Mr. Wharin is a member of the Methodist Church. He is a Reformer in political principle.

ADAM BEATTY. Among the men who have been prominent both in business and public circles of the Queen City is the late Adam Beatty, who was born in County Fermanagh, Ireland, in 1810, son of Luke Beatty.

Mr. Beatty had three brothers who came to Canada, namely: Alexander, who died in Toronto, leaving three children, John and Alexander, both deceased, and a daughter who still resides in Toronto; John, who located in Toronto, and later settled at Tecumseh, where he owned a large farm at the time of his death; and Luke, who located in Toronto, where he died, leaving one son, Alexander.

Adam Beatty located in Toronto shortly

after the Rebellion of 1837-38. He at once embarked in the grain and produce business in which he made a financial success, and then engaged in mercantile pursuits at the corner of Queen and Parliament streets. During his business life, Mr. Beatty purchased largely of real estate, and among his purchases in this line may be mentioned the whole block in which his store was situated on Queen and Parliament streets. This property is now owned by his widow. After closing out his mercantile business, Mr. Beatty settled on Queen street east, where he lived retired for about eighteen years, looking after his investments, and in September, 1881, he moved to No. 147 Sherbourne street, where on the 30th day of the following March, 1882, he died. Not only as a successful business man was Mr. Beatty well known, but his public life brought him strongly before the people. For many years he was assessor of Toronto, in which capacity he served his city faithfully and well, and with credit to his business ability. He also filled the office of alderman for many years, and in his death Toronto lost not only a successful business man, but a popular and efficient city official, and a genial Christian gentleman.

Before leaving Ireland, Adam Beatty was united in marriage with Miss Mary Jane Johnston, a native of the Emerald Isle, daughter of William and Mary Armstrong Johnston, both natives of Ireland, where they died. Mrs. Beatty was the only member of the Johnston family to locate in Toronto, where she still resides, one of the respected and honored ladies of that city. To Mr. and Mrs. Beatty the following children were born: William married and had one daughter, Josephine; Adam lives in Toronto; Margaret married T. Dockray, and became the mother of Minnie, Adam and Herbert; Margaret; Luke married and has one son, Charles; Mary Ann resides at No. 147 Sherbourne street, with her mother: Christopher, deceased, married and at his death left two children, Fred and Ethel; Albert, deceased, married and at his death left one daughter, May; Jane, the wife of Joseph Smith, has one son, Frank; Alexander F. married and has three children, Abigail, Ada and Alexander; and Elizabeth Beatrice, deceased, married Thomas Worts.

Politically Mr. Beatty was a pronounced Conservative. In his religious views he adhered to the teachings of the Church of England.

WALTER H. BLIGHT, of Toronto, city agent for the Ocean Accident and Guarantee Corporation, Limited, of London, England, is a member of an old English family which was

founded in England in the days of William the Conqueror.

The first of the family who came to Canada was William Blight, father of Walter H. He was a son of William and Mary (Selby) Blight, both of whom spent their lives in England. William Blight was born at St. Germans, Cornwall, England, and was baptized in the church there. There he was educated and served an apprenticeship to the hardware business. In 1835 he came to Quebec to take charge of a hardware concern there. After coming to Quebec he married Kathleen Blaiklock, who was born in London, England, in March, 1819, daughter of Captain Henry Musgrave Blaiklock, a native of England, who was in the army for some years, and was captain of militia during the rebellion of 1837. Both Captain Blaiklock and his wife died in Quebec, leaving children as follows: George, Frederick William, Louisa, Kathleen, Elizabeth, Edwin, and Henry M. Of these Henry M. participated in the Crimean war, and died in India. George was a contractor and built the fortifications at Halifax; he left one son, Frederick, who was accidentally killed at Halifax. Frederick William was a Provincial land surveyor and lived at Montreal; he left children as follows: Stansfield, an engineer for the Grand Trunk Railway Company, who, under Mr. Hobson, built the St. Clair tunnel, the terra firma link between the Canadian and American shores; Harry, of Montreal; William, deceased; Mary, and Emma.

William Blight came with his family to Toronto in 1852 and shortly afterwards founded the hardware firm of Markel & Blight, located on the northwest corner of Toronto street and King street east, where the Quebec Bank now stands. In 1857 they sold out the business and Mr. Blight went into the insurance business as manager of the old Phoenix Company, afterward the Western Insurance Company, and still later as manager of the Lancashire Company. He was in the latter position at the time of his death, Nov. 2, 1891.

The following children were born to William Blight and his wife: William, who is a retired manufacturer at Bridgeport, Connecticut; Mary Elizabeth, wife of John Landers, of Toronto; Kathleen Blaiklock, wife of William Webb, of Toronto; Walter Henry; Charlotte Louise; Henry Musgrave, with Rolph, Clark & Co., Toronto; Phebe, wife of George Megloughlin; Francis Thomas Morris, with the Toronto Railroad Company; Ada Caroline, wife of John Ross, of Toronto; and Alfred Wiman,

who is in the fishing tackle business at Toronto.

Walter Henry Blight was born in 1848, at Quebec, and was four years old when his parents settled at Toronto. His education was acquired mainly at the Bartlett Academy, and he began his business life with Charles Doan, with whom he served one year. He was then engaged as a clerk in the hardware house of William Hewitt, on the corner of Yonge and Adelaide streets, where he remained for a year and a half. He next went to Milwaukee, Wisconsin, where he became a commercial salesman for a cutlery firm, with which he remained until 1866. When the Fenian troubles arose Mr. Blight was in the United States and he served his own land in a meritorious manner. In the city of Chicago he organized a body of stalwart young men under the name of the Chicago Volunteers, and with them returned to Canada in 1866, and assisted in repressing the Fenian raiders.

At the close of the Fenian troubles Mr. Blight settled at Toronto and engaged with the firm of Rice, Lewis & Sons, with whom he continued until 1896, when he became interested in insurance, accepting his present position as city agent of the great corporation mentioned in the opening of this sketch. His services are highly appreciated by his employers and he has the merited reputation of being an able business man and honorable gentleman.

In 1876 Mr. Blight was married to Miss Elizabeth Lorondsrough, who was born at Toronto, daughter of William Lorondsrough, formerly a boot and shoe merchant here, who died in 1875. Mrs. Blight died in 1889, the mother of one son and three daughters, the latter being: Edith, wife of Arthur Hawkins; Ida Kathleen; and Retta. The only son went out with the first contingent to South Africa and died there April 15, 1900, of fever, and his remains were laid away in the cemetery at Bloomfontein. This was a sad blow to his family.

Mr. Blight is a member of St. Paul's Methodist Church, as was the late Mrs. Blight. In politics he is a Reformer. In Masonic circles he is a past master of Rehoboam Lodge; past first principal of St. Andrew's and St. John's Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; past preceptor, Geoffrey St. Aldemar; and is a thirty-second-degree Scottish Rite Mason. He is also an Odd-fellow, an Orangeman, and a member of the Sons of England, and has passed through all the chairs of these different bodies. Mr. Blight is a past president of the Veterans' '66 Association, a leading aim of which is opposition to

the use of the British and Canadian flags for business purposes. In 1906 Mr. Blight sent the following notice to every editor in the Dominion of Canada:

Toronto, Feb. 17. 1906.

To the Editor:

Sir,—Believing that the press will be the most effective means of accomplishing what our Association aims at, I desire to direct your attention to the following resolution passed at the recent annual meeting of the Veterans of 1866 Association:

The flag of our country being the emblem of Britain's might and glory, it ought, whenever and wherever displayed, to evoke feelings of patriotic pride in every British subject, but this Association views with regret the prevalent and increasing custom of making it the medium of calling attention to auction sales and otherwise using it for advertising purposes, demeaning the flag and taking from it the respect with which it ought to be viewed.

Resolved, therefore, that the president appoint a committee to act with kindred associations or otherwise, in endeavoring to secure a discontinuance of the practice of using the British or Canadian flags for such purposes.

If you sympathize with our object, will you, through your paper, urge the discontinuance of this practice now thoughtlessly indulged in? If the press generally would take the matter up we would soon have such a public sentiment of respect for the flag that it would no longer be put to the indignity of calling attention to the sale of some poor man's furniture or his cow.

There is no doubt that this matter will be speedily corrected and Mr. Blight's most reasonable position sustained.

JOHN KERR was born in Glasgow, Scotland, in 1820, and was a descendant of the Kerrs, well-known on the Scottish Border. His father, William Kerr, a Scotch merchant, came to Canada in 1835 with his wife, one son (the subject of this sketch) and two daughters, and took up his residence at Huntingdon, near Montreal, where many of his old country friends had bought farms. John Kerr was only fifteen years old when he came to Canada. He was educated at the Glasgow high school where he carried away several prizes. Two years after his coming to Canada the Rebellion of 1837 broke out, and the boy of seventeen joined the volunteers in defence of his newly adopted country and remained under arms till the close of the war. A year or two later he entered the employment of a large lumber firm in Three Rivers, as accountant, and saw much of life in the unexplored forest. In 1860 he came to Toronto, where he began business as an accountant and assignee, first in the firm of Kerr & Anderson, and then in Kerr & Jenkins. Mr. Kerr was a Reformer in politics, and a devout member of the Presbyterian Church. He was a trustee and elder of Knox Church for many years. For several years before his death he was an invalid. He died in 1893, greatly beloved by all who knew him and universally respected as a man of honor and

integrity. His widow, formerly Miss Elizabeth Anderson, of Three Rivers, survived him until 1904.

JOSEPH R. LEE, of 409 King street east, bears the distinction of being the oldest druggist in Toronto. Mr. Lee is a native of the Queen City, and a son of one of her pioneers—the late Samuel Lee.

Samuel Lee was born Dec. 25, 1795, at Enniscorthy, County Wexford, and received his education at Dublin. He entered the East India Company's artillery service, and in 1813 sailed for Madras, where his battery, No. 3, was in active service six years, during which period Mr. Lee visited the greater portion of the Indian Peninsula. Mr. Lee occupied the chair of worshipful master of Lodge "Courage with Humanity," while stationed at Dum Dum, being associated with the A.F. & A.M., and was also a companion of the Honorable and Ancient Order of Red Cross Knights. Mr. Lee's son, Philip Taylor Lee, a prominent Mason of Toronto, is in possession of certificates received from the above lodges by his father, bearing the date of 1827. After leaving Madras, Samuel Lee returned to England, and thence to Canada, arriving in 1833, at New York, in company with his sisters.

Samuel Lee was married in 1835 to Jane Alicia Taylor, born at Carlow, Ireland, daughter of William Taylor. She came in 1831 with her brother Joseph to Toronto, the latter of whom went to New York. After marriage, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Lee settled at what is now Nos. 163-165 Queen street west, the property now owned by Philip Taylor Lee, in Toronto. After settling in Toronto, Samuel Lee was for thirty years the manager for John Richey, the builder, and under his direction many of the principal buildings of Toronto were erected, among which may be mentioned the Trinity College, the Corn Exchange, St. George's Church, Holy Trinity Church, the original Upper Canada College, the Provincial Lunatic Asylum and many others. Mr. Lee's death occurred Jan. 18, 1882, while his wife passed away in 1872. For many years prior to his death Mr. Lee was secretary and treasurer of the "Leader." In 1837 he joined the volunteers under Colonel McLean to defend Toronto against the irregulars under William Lyon Mackenzie. Mr. and Mrs. Lee were the parents of six children: Philip Taylor; Joseph R.; Mrs. E. C. Pomeroy; and William, Samuel and John, deceased.

Joseph R. Lee was born in Toronto in 1845, and received his literary education at the Upper Canada College. He served his apprentice-

ship to the drug business with Dr. Howson, and April 26, 1868, he embarked in that business at No. 409 King street east, where for more than a third of a century he has been actively engaged. In 1872 Mr. Lee opened a drug business at No. 256 Queen street east, which he has also conducted ever since. Mr. Lee's whole time and attention has been given to his business, in which he has been eminently successful.

In 1870 Mr. Lee married Miss Martha Jane Ritchey, born in 1844, daughter of William Ritchey, and granddaughter of John Ritchey. Mrs. Lee died in 1890, leaving the following children: Mrs. H. W. Beatty; William H., a druggist at the corner of Church and Wellesley streets; Mrs. R. J. Christie; Joseph S., a rancher of the North-West; and Lillian Dufferin, at home. Mr. Lee is a communicant of the Church of England. His political principles coincide with the policies of the Conservative party. He has long been a member of the Toronto Board of Trade.

EDWARD THOMAS CARTER, who was for over forty years one of Toronto's well-known business men, continued his active business career up to the very time of his death, which sad event occurred March 2, 1904.

James Carter, father of Edward T., was born in England, and the greater part of his life was spent in Beamsville, Ont., where he was engaged in the harness business for many years. His wife's maiden name was Susannah O'Connor, and she was born in Ireland. Both were members of the Church of England. James Carter died in 1894.

Edward T. Carter was born at Berlin, Ont., Sept. 3, 1847, but passed his boyhood at Beamsville. At the age of eighteen he left school and coming to Toronto took a position with the late John Hallam, a dealer in hides and wool. Later, and on the death of Mr. Hallam, Mr. Carter bought out the business and formed a partnership with his two sons, Henry James and Edward Wright. The latter died shortly after, and another son, William E. H., took his place in the business which the two brothers, since their father's death, have been conducting for themselves.

Mr. Carter married Miss Louisa Carr Hall, their nuptials occurring on Sept. 26, 1872. Mrs. Carter was born in Cleveland, Ohio, in 1848, daughter of Dr. John and Alice (Wright) Hall. Dr. Hall was an Englishman, born in Lincolnshire, England, and was educated in his native land and in the United States. He came to Toronto when a young man, and became one of the well-known physicians and surgeons of

that city, where his son, Dr. John B. Hall, now holds an even more prominent position in the medical fraternity. Dr. John Hall died in 1894, and his wife in 1896. To the union of Edward T. Carter and his wife children were born as follows: Henry James; William E. H.; Edward Wright, deceased; J. Beatrice, wife of E. S. Wellington, of Toronto; and A. L. Madeline. In religious faith Mr. Carter was a member of the Church of England. His close attention to business left him little time for active participation in political affairs, but he always supported the Reform party. For a number of years prior to his death he had been a Mason. During the long period when he was a figure in the city's business life, Mr. Carter had for some time a seat on the Toronto Board of Trade. He was a man of much real ability, commanded general esteem for his upright methods, and made many friends by his many admirable traits of character.

DR. NELSON V. SRIGLEY, who died at Schomberg, Ont., in 1877, was a member of a pioneer family of County York. He was born in Newmarket in 1832, son of Jesse and Phoebe (Wray) Srigley, both natives of County York, where Jesse Srigley was a farmer in King township for many years. He and his wife died there. They had children as follows: James, Enoch, Robert, Richard, Caroline, Amelia, Nelson V., Sarah Ann and Arletta. In religious faith Mr. and Mrs. Srigley were Quakers.

Dr. Srigley received his early education in the schools of his locality, and began to read medicine at Newmarket. He then entered the Toronto school of Medicine, where he completed his medical course, after which he entered Bellevue Hospital, New York City, from which he was also graduated. Dr. Srigley at this time enlisted in the American army, with which he served as surgeon for some time, and on returning to Canada settled at Wingham, where he remained four and a half years. At the end of that period he established himself at Schomberg, continuing to practise there until his death.

Dr. Srigley married Miss Margaret Jane Beatty, daughter of Andrew and Margaret (Verner) Beatty, natives of Ireland, who, on coming to Canada settled for five years in Montreal, and then came to Toronto, where the remainder of their lives was spent. To Dr. and Mrs. Srigley were born the following named children: John W., a druggist with the T. Eaton Company, married Mrs. Violet (Kaake) Srigley; Caroline (deceased) married J. J. Henderson, by whom she had one daughter, Blanche, and one son, Wilfred; and Henrietta

(deceased) married C. B. Edwards, and left three children, Willie, Harvey and Lillian. Dr. Srigley was a Methodist. In politics his sympathies were with the Conservative party, and fraternally he was connected with the Orange-men.

JOHN STEWART, a retired business man now living at No. 179 Sherbourne street, Toronto, is a native of that city, where he was born in 1829, son of Robert Stewart.

The first of the family to come to Canada was John, who left Perthshire, Scotland, to settle in County Halton, Canada, about 1820. There he and his wife, who was before marriage a Miss Lamont, both died. Their children were: Alexander, a builder in Toronto, who has two children living, a daughter and a son, William, of Hamilton; Robert; Dunecan, deceased, a farmer of County Halton; John, who was also a farmer there, but is now deceased; Mary, who married Dr. Russell, and lived to be ninety years old; Elizabeth, who married a Mr. Stewart, of County Halton, and has one son, Robert, of Guelph.

Robert Stewart was born in Perthshire in 1799 and died Dec. 21, 1883. When the family came to America Robert remained but a short time in County Halton, and then went to Toronto where he followed contracting and building all of his life. He married Miss Elizabeth Purkiss, born in England, daughter of John Purkiss, who was for many years a ship builder in Toronto. Mrs. Stewart died in Toronto the mother of four children, namely: John; Elizabeth, Mrs. John Dunecan; and Jane and Margaret, of Toronto. The family were Presbyterians, and in politics Robert Stewart was a Reformer.

John Stewart was educated in the city of his birth, but on reaching maturity went to Milton, and established himself there in a general mercantile business, continuing for a number of years, when he returned to Toronto to take charge of the estate of his father, and has resided there ever since.

Mr. Stewart was married in 1854 to Miss Christina Dunecan, who was born in Glasgow in 1828. To this union two sons have been born, Robert, in business in Hamilton, married Miss Jennie Young of that city, and has four children, Roy, William, Leslie, and Jessie. William is the manager of the Adams Company, of Toronto, and is unmarried. John Stewart has adhered to the faith of his fathers; the Presbyterian, and in political matters is a Reformer.

Mrs. Stewart is a daughter of John Dunecan, who was born in Glasgow, Scotland, Aug. 6, 1805, came to Canada at the age of thirty-seven

years, and very soon thereafter settled at Thornhill. The Northern Railroad Company gave him the position of station agent there, in 1852, and he filled the position until he retired. On that occasion Mr. Dunecan was presented a life pass, engraved on ivory and bound in gold. Before leaving Scotland Mr. Dunecan had married Miss Charlotte McDougal, of Glasgow, daughter of John McDougal. The latter came to Canada the same year as his daughter and son-in-law, but soon returned to Scotland and there died. Mrs. Dunecan died in Thornhill. She was the mother of eight children: Christina, Mrs. Stewart; Charlotte, deceased; John, of Toronto; Miss Ellison, of Thornhill; Helen, Mrs. T. Davis, of London; Isabella, the widow of John P. Sheers; William, deceased; and Miss Elizabeth.

JOSEPH HIND, contractor and builder of East Toronto, was born in King township, County York, Aug. 14, 1848, son of Thomas and Mary (Watson) Hind.

Thomas Hind and his wife were born in England and crossed to Canada on the same vessel, when they were aged twelve and seven years, respectively, but their acquaintance really began after reaching Canada. After their marriage they settled in King township, on a farm. In 1851 they moved to a farm in Walpole township, County Haldimand, near Jarvis, and there they both died. They were devout members of the Methodist Church. Of their family, eleven children lived to maturity, namely: James, a contractor, who died in Detroit; Elizabeth, Mrs. C. Marr, of Walpole; Margaret; Mary, Mrs. Harris, of Hagersville; John, a lumber merchant, of Mooseman, N.W. T., who is married and has one son; Thomas, a contractor and builder, of Atlanta, Georgia, who has a wife and family; William, a teacher in Hamilton, with a wife and family; Watson, who lives with his wife and son on a farm in Hagersville, Ont.; Joseph; Edward, who died unmarried at the homestead in County Haldimand; and Christian, a farmer in the County of Haldimand, who died leaving a family.

Joseph Hind remained in the County of Haldimand until 1863. For a year thereafter he worked on a farm, and then went to Wallace-town and engaged with his brother, Thomas, who was a plow manufacturer, for three years. Again resuming farming, he continued that until his marriage, after that event buying a pump factory in Jarvis, which he operated for six months, when fire destroyed the plant. After following teaming for six years, Mr. Hind began to learn carpentering with William Montgomery, of Jarvis. This occupation he

has followed up to the present time, doing contracting and building for three years in Hagersville, Ont., before coming to East Toronto in 1887. In 1898 he went to Mooseman, N.W. T., and remained there three years engaged in contracting and building, returning to East Toronto at the end of that time. Mr. Hind has also done considerable investing in real estate. After purchasing land he has built houses on it for sale, and has been very successful in all his enterprises of this kind. He has also erected a fine brick house, for his own occupancy on Main Street.

In his earlier life Mr. Hind was a strong Reformer, but of late years he has joined the ranks of the independent voters, thinking that course the best means for securing the best welfare of the town. He has always been active in public affairs, and was elected by acclamation to the first council of East Toronto town. His son Edmund succeeded him shortly, but in 1905 he was again elected to that body. Previous to his western trip he was road commissioner for eight years. In 1906 he ran as an independent candidate for mayor, but was defeated by Mr. Richardson.

On Feb. 28, 1873, Mr. Hind married Miss Mary Broek, who was born in Ireland in 1844, daughter of John and Catherine Broek. On first coming to Canada the Broek family settled in Scarborough township, County York, but later moved to the County of Haldimand, where Mrs. Hind grew to womanhood. Of the nine children born to Joseph and Mary Hind, only six are living, namely: (1) Emalina died at the age of three months. (2) William H., born in Jarvis, who married Miss Nettie Ness, of Barrie, is a conductor on the Canadian Pacific Railway. (3) Edmund, born in County Haldimand, married Miss Etta May, of East Toronto, and has one son, Arthur W.; he is a lumber merchant in Tonawanda, New York. (4) Edwin, twin brother to Edmund, married Miss Lois Morden, of Mooseman, and has one daughter, Mary J.; he is a contractor and builder of the North-West Territory. (5) Maggie M. and (6) Nellie B., twins, died at the age of fifteen months. (7) Lillie E., (8) Carrie L. and (9) Alice M. are at home, the latter being a stenographer in Toronto. Mrs. Hind and her children are members of the Methodist Church, while her husband is a loyal supporter of the church work, though not a member. He is prominent in the East Toronto Lodge, A.O.U.W., and has served as its representative in the Grand Lodge three or four times. Mr. Hind is a man of many fine traits of character, and is a citizen whose value has been thoroughly proved.

RICHARD WICKENS, now living retired at No. 450 Sherbourne street, Toronto, is of English extraction, and belongs to a family founded in Canada by his father, Joel Wickens, who was born in Berkshire, England, in 1784.

Mr. Wickens was born in England Aug. 13, 1826, and was ten years old when he came to Canada with his parents. He received his education in Quebec, and then went into business with his brother-in-law, Mr. Helherington, at Quebec, remaining with him eight years. He then went to another business house, with which he continued until May, 1854, when he located in Toronto, and entered the employ of the British American Association Company. After nineteen years with that concern he was made general agent for the Commercial Union Assurance Company, a position he held for nearly twenty-seven years, when he retired from active business. He purchased his residence, at No. 450 Sherbourne street, in 1877. When he came to Toronto Sherbourne street was a wilderness.

ROBERT BLONG, who is now living retired from active cares except what is involved in looking after his investments, is one of the successful business men of Toronto, and a member of an old family of the County of York, Ontario.

The Blong family was founded in Canada by the father of Robert Blong, Henry Blong, who was born in 1805 in Ireland, of French Huguenot ancestry. He married Aldred Easton, who was born in 1819 in Ireland, and died in Toronto in 1902. In 1843 Henry Blong came to Toronto and engaged in the butchering business at the old market, where he continued until his death, which occurred in 1861. He was one of the well-known men of Toronto and the surrounding country and was very successful as a business man. He and his wife were members of the Church of England. In political sentiment he was a Conservative. He and his wife had the following children: Henry, deceased, who was in the butchering business in Toronto for some time; Richard, who was also in the butchering business until his death; Catherine, deceased, who was the wife of John Craig; Maria, of Toronto; Sarah, the wife of Peter McDonald, of Rosedale; Edward, whose sketch appears elsewhere; George, deceased; Robert; and Jonathan, a well-to-do business man of Port Perry, who was at one time in the meat business in Toronto and is now looking after his investments. The last named has a family of three children, Lillie, Henry and Robert.

Robert Blong was born in Toronto in May,

1859, and on reaching manhood went into the butchering business in his native city, continuing to follow that line until the year 1890, when he retired from active participation in business affairs. Like his father, he met with substantial success in his commercial pursuits, and was an honorable dealer throughout his career. He is a member of the Church of England, and in political opinion he is a Conservative.

MARTIN J. BOGART is one of the few residents of York County, whose family is of old Dutch stock, but whose ancestors, who originally came from Holland, were at first established in New York City, and then in time one branch moved to Canada, and founded the family, which for much more than a century has been identified with the sterling growth and progress of York County.

Martin Bogart, grandfather of Martin J., was born in the State of New Jersey, just opposite New York City. When the family moved to Canada they located in Newmarket for some years, and then settled permanently in King township. There Martin Bogart and his wife died, the former in 1854. Their three children were: Comachy, who married Peter Lockhard, and died at their home on Concession 6, King township, leaving a large family; Peter, who died when a young man; and Martin.

Martin Bogart (2) was born in Newmarket in 1803. His wife was also of American parentage, her family having come from Bucks county, Pennsylvania. Mrs. Bogart, whose maiden name was Elizabeth Walton, was the daughter of Jesse and Hannah Walton, Quakers, and was born in 1800, after the family had come to Canada and settled in New Brunswick. In 1826 they moved to York County, and made their home near Newmarket, on Yonge street. There the daughter was married two years later to Martin Bogart, and the young couple began life together on the farm on Concession 5, Lot 33, which was to be their lifelong home. The brick house now owned by Martin J. Bogart, was built by his father, and there both parents died, he in 1877, and she in 1863. They were church members of the Christian denomination, and very active workers in their church. Five sons and a daughter were born to them, as follows; Martin; Ferdinand, a farmer in King township, who died in September, 1905, leaving a family; Peter, who for some years was a farmer in King township, but later moved to Toronto, and there died in 1895, leaving a family; George; Elias, who moved to the State of Kansas and there died; and Mary A., wife of Richard Rowen, of York County, both of whom are now deceased, leaving children.

Martin J. Bogart, only surviving member of the father's family, was born on the homestead Sept. 3, 1829. As a boy he went to school in King township, and later continued his studies in the Newmarket high school. He fitted himself to be a teacher, and for four years was an instructor in the public schools. After his marriage he devoted his attention entirely to farming, and after some ten years on another farm in Concession 4, he purchased his father's homestead from a brother who then owned it, and has ever since made his home there. The place includes 100 acres of land, in a good state of cultivation, and is one of the valuable farms of the locality. Mr. Bogart has now given up active work on his property, and is passing his later years in well earned ease. He has always been very fond of travel, and earlier in life journeyed quite extensively over a large part of the United States and also through New Brunswick and Nova Scotia; while in the summer of 1860, before his marriage, he made a trip to Scotland, Ireland, England, and other European countries.

Mr. Bogart chose for his companion through life Miss Mary Lemon, who was born in King township in 1829, daughter of Jacob and Catherine Lemon, of one of the old York County families. They were married in 1860, and spent more than forty years of happy wedded life. Mrs. Bogart passed from this world Feb. 21, 1905, leaving the record of a most useful life, and the example of a beautiful Christian character. She bore her husband five children, namely: Caroline, born in 1862, wife of Dr. W. G. Dodds, of Canandaigua, New York, and mother of one son, Granby; Harlan, born in 1866, who received a high school education, is a railroad man, located near Parry Sound, and has one son, Grant; Dr. Edgar A., a veterinary surgeon at Seattle, Washington, is unmarried; Catherine E., born in 1870, is the wife of Dr. James E. Duncan, of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and mother of one son, James E.; and Hiram, born in 1874, unmarried, is a gold miner in Alaska.

From an early age Mr. Bogart has been an enthusiastic and untiring church worker. He first became a communicant of the Christian Church in 1847, and during all these ensuing years has been one of its most valuable members. Besides serving as treasurer, Mr. Bogart has for thirty-two years filled the office of superintendent of the Sunday-school and on several occasions the people of the church have expressed their appreciation of his long service by presenting him with handsome gifts, a Bible, a lamp, and two beautiful upholstered chairs. Mr. Bogart has chosen to do his work for the



Faithfully,
C. D. Watson

public good along these lines of effort and has confined himself to them, instead of engaging also in political affairs, although he is a staunch Liberal in his views and always supports that party.

ALBERT DURRANT WATSON, M.D., of No. 10 Euclid avenue, Toronto, is a well-known and successful physician. He is a Canadian, the family having been residents of Ontario since the year 1819. Dr. Watson is the only surviving son of William Youle Watson, and was born in Peel County, Jan. 8, 1859.

The family was founded in Canada by William Watson, the Doctor's grandfather, who was born in Lincoln, England, in 1786, married in 1812 Miss Youle, and in 1819 brought his wife and family to this country and settled in what was then a part of York County, but since known as the township of Toronto Gore, a part of Peel County. On arrival in Toronto Mrs. Watson died, and was buried in the graveyard of St. James' Cathedral. Mr. Watson afterwards married Miss Elizabeth Gale, and was engaged in agriculture until his death, in the year 1857. Two sons, Henry, who died early, and William Youle—were born of the first union. Four children were born by the second wife: John, deceased; Jesse, now resident in Brampton, Ont.; Hannah, wife of the late William Herald, deceased; and James, deceased.

William Youle Watson, father of the Doctor, was born in England in A.D. 1815, and was four years of age when brought to Canada. He adopted the shoe trade as a calling. When the rebellion broke out, in 1837, Mr. Watson enlisted and served under his country's flag. In politics he was a Reformer, in religion a Methodist, but in every way was more or less independent in thought and action. His entire life on this continent was spent in Peel County, where his death took place at Dixie in A.D. 1898.

Mr. Watson married, in 1836, Mary Ann Aldred, who was born in England in A.D. 1818, and died at Toronto in A.D. 1905. Their eight children are: Ezekiel, deceased; Henry, deceased; Elizabeth, wife of John Sanderson, of Shanty Bay, Ont.; Jesse, deceased; Mary Lovina, wife of H. H. Shaver, police magistrate and Division Court clerk at Cooksville; Eliza R., wife of Miles Vokes, hardware merchant, Toronto; Albert Durrant; and Adelaide Youle, wife of R. H. Graham (alderman), Toronto.

The maternal grandparents of Dr. Watson were James Aldred and his wife, Mary Ann Durrant. James Aldred was born in Suffolk, England, in A.D., 1773. Early last century he enlisted in Wellington's cavalry and served

both in Spain and at Waterloo. Coming to Canada in 1836, he settled in York County but afterwards moved with his wife to Port Elgin, where a small monument may still be seen to mark the last resting-place of these pioneers. Their family were: Eliza, deceased, wife of Captain Cheyne; James, deceased; Mary Ann, deceased 1905; Capt. William, of Windsor; Samuel of Pueblo, Colorado; Frances H., wife of John Ribey, of North Bruce; and John, of Nova Scotia.

Dr. Albert D. Watson received his early education in the public schools of Peel County, and afterwards in Toronto Normal school. He taught for a short time at Malton and Oakville and in 1879 entered the medical department of Toronto University. After receiving his degree, he made a prolonged visit to Great Britain and the continent, where he attended the hospitals of Edinburgh, London and Paris. Returning to Toronto in A.D. 1884, he established himself in that city. He is a member of the medical staff of the Western Hospital and is connected with the British and other Medical Associations.

Dr. Watson possesses literary abilities of a high order, having been a wide reader, especially along the line of psychology and ethics. He has made substantial contributions to Canadian literature. One very original and ingenious paper, entitled "The Reformation and Simplification of the Calendar," was read in 1896 before the Royal Astronomical Society of Toronto, of which Dr. Watson is a member. It was received very favorably by the society and published in full in their transactions. He is the author of three books entitled "Sovereignty of Ideals," "Sovereignty of Character," and "Sovereignty of Service." Besides these books Dr. Watson has published articles in the medical and other magazines, and written poems, few of which, however, have been published.

In September, 1885, Dr. Watson married Miss Sarah G. Clare, daughter of Samuel Clare, of Toronto, who was for eighteen years writing master in the Normal and model schools there. Mrs. Watson was born in Sheffield, Ont., in 1861. Their family consists of five children: William V.; Harry Waldo; Myrtle E.; E. Clare (twins); and Edna Eulalie. Both parents are members of Euclid Avenue Methodist Church, and are prominent figures in the work of that church and of the denomination at large. Dr. Watson has been a member of the general conference for some years, has served on the General Board of Missions and the executive of the Methodist Social Union, and is prominent in the ethical and sociological work of the church. He is the general treasurer of Temperance and

Moral Reform department and a member of the General Conference Special Committee.

Politically Dr. Watson is not a partisan, but is a friend of every government that does not forfeit his confidence by breaking faith with the people, whom he regards as the rightful sovereigns in every land. He is a boundless optimist and hopes to see this country lay the whole world under tribute by giving to it those ideals of human conduct and character which are, he thinks, the chief glory of any nation. His only fear is that the wonderful material prosperity of the people may blind them to the nation's real sources of strength and greatness, which he holds to be the virtue and honor of its citizens.

Dr. Watson is a well-known reformer in the moral field, being the president and founder of the Ethological Association of Canada, president of the Canadian Purity-Education Association and a recognized teacher and leader in ethical ideals. To these ideals in relation to the life of Canada he devotes the best powers and resources of an acute intellect, a ripe culture, a lofty enthusiasm, and untiring energy and a kind and sympathetic heart.

JOHN HOWARD, in whose death in Toronto, in 1872, the city lost one of its progressive and substantial business men, as well as a highly esteemed resident, was born in London, England, in 1796. He grew to manhood in his native country, where he received his education. After some years he emigrated to New York City, where he became engaged in silk manufacturing. He came to Canada from New York about 1841, and locating in the city of Toronto, resumed his silk manufacturing operations, continuing successfully in that line until his death. Mr. Howard married Miss Mary Bloss, born in London, England, in 1800, and she passed away in 1884, aged eighty-four years. The only child of this union, a daughter, Miss Mary Howard, makes her home in Toronto, at No. 16 Oxford street, where her mother died.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard were members of the Church of England. In his political sympathies he was connected with the Conservative party. Fraternal an Orangeman, he was very popular in that order, and in his death the society lost one of its most ardent supporters. John Howard came to Toronto with a reputation for honesty and integrity, and during his many years of business life in the Queen City, he added to his honors, and he died as he lived, true to his God and his neighbour.

WILLIAM MINTO, for many years a well-known resident of Toronto, engaged in busi-

ness as a tea merchant, passed away Jan. 23, 1905, at his late residence, No. 110 Conduit street, Toronto Junction. Mr. Minto was a native of Scotland, born in 1846, son of Alexander and Margaret Minto, who came to Canada in 1852, Mr. Minto dying the next year.

William Minto's educational advantages were secured in the schools of Lower Canada, but his business life was spent in Toronto, where he settled in 1876. With his brother, John Minto, he engaged in the tea business, the first location being on Colborne street, where they continued for many years, later removing to Front street, and continuing at the latter location until William Minto's death. Mr. Minto had a large acquaintance among the business men of the Queen City, and the firm was well and favorably known throughout the Dominion.

In 1877 Mr. Minto was united in marriage with Miss Annie Shaw, born in Birmingham, England, in 1857, daughter of Ambrose and Rebecca (Atkins) Shaw. In 1871 Mr. and Mrs. Shaw came to Canada, settling in Montreal, where Mr. Shaw followed his trade of gunsmith. He subsequently removed to Calgary, where he was engaged in business on his own account until his death, after which his widow located in Toronto, and there passed away. Mr. and Mrs. William Minto had these children: Annie E.; Alexander Henry, who married Helena Wicks, and had two children, Gertrude and William; Alice, deceased; Margaret, who married Royden T. Cowan; William, deceased; Celia; James E.; Helen Jane; Mary; Andrew; Catherine; and Beatrice. Mr. Minto belonged to the Plymouth Brethren. In politics he was a Conservative. In 1896 he removed his residence to Toronto Junction, but carried the business on in the city until his death.

JAMES DEACON, who was for many years engaged successfully in a number of business enterprises throughout the Dominion, and who met his death by drowning at Three Forks, B. C., where he was engaged in mining, was born near Barrie, Ont., in 1838. The family is of Irish extraction, and was founded in Canada by the father of James, who was a member of Her Majesty's army, for services in which he received a grant of land from the Crown. He settled near Barrie, Ont., and there he and his wife died, the parents of four children.

James Deacon received his education in Barrie, and there engaged to learn the blacksmith business, which, however, he followed but a short time, it not proving congenial. He was engaged for some time as a general merchant

in Brandon, Man, thence went to Calgary, where for a time he was engaged in the lumber business, later removing to the coast, where he was following mining as an occupation when he met his death.

Mr. Deacon was united in marriage with Miss Eliza Henderson, daughter of Charles M. and Charlotte (Ames) Henderson, the former born in Ireland in 1812. Mr. Henderson left the old country in 1822, and went to Kentucky, where he was prepared for the ministry, a calling, however, which he never followed. On completing his education he came to Canada, and engaged in civil engineering and surveying. He also owned land in North Gwillimbury, County York, where he was living at the time of his death in 1875. His wife, Charlotte Ames Sprague, was the daughter of Silas Ames, an United Empire Loyalist and an early settler of the County of York, where both he and his wife, who was a native of Nova Scotia, died. The children of Charles M. and Charlotte Henderson were: Silas, of Rossland, B. C.; and Mrs. Deacon.

Mr. and Mrs. James Deacon were the parents of two daughters: Charlotte Henderson and Anna. Mr. Deacon was a faithful member of the English Church, and to this faith his widow and children also adhere. In politics he was a Reformer, and he was fraternally affiliated with the Masonic Order. Since the death of Mr. Deacon Mrs. Deacon and her daughters have made their home in Toronto, where they are most highly esteemed.

LYMAN GEORGE JACKSON was born on the 23rd of May, 1856, next door to his father's printing office, being the only son of Erastus Jackson, who was at that time the editor and proprietor of the *Era*, the only paper then published in Newmarket.

Erastus Jackson was born in the village of Merrickville, County Grenville, Ont., Aug. 29, 1829, and received his education in his native county. He started life as a printer, in January, 1845, at Cobourg. Three years later he removed to Toronto, following his trade till the spring of 1850, when he accepted a situation in a printing office in Guelph. Returning to Toronto in the year 1852 he connected himself with the old *North American*, published by Hon. William McDougall, where he continued till the following year, 1853, when he came to Newmarket, purchasing the *Era*, which he published successfully until 1885 when he retired from business and turned the paper over to his son. For nearly thirty years Mr. Jackson held a seat in the local council, represented the town in the county council for many

years, and has also filled the warden's chair. He has always acted in the interests of the town, and has filled acceptably many positions of trust and honor.

Mr. Erastus Jackson was married (first) to Mahalah Wright. Mr. Jackson then married (second) Miss Sophia Wright, daughter of James Wright, deceased, of County Wellington, and seven children were born to this union, the eldest of whom died quite young. Mr. Jackson is a liberal in politics, and has taken an active part in nearly all of the great conventions of his party in this section. He is greatly esteemed in York County, where his many sterling qualities are recognized and appreciated.

Lyman George Jackson received his education at Mrs. Bayly's private school, at the public school under Mr. Robert Alexander, and at the village grammar school. Owing to ill health he was obliged to abandon his studies for a time, and, after a few weeks' holidays, entered his father's printing office to complete the trade at which he had worked more or less since early boyhood. After becoming a journeyman printer, he assumed the position of bookkeeper and manager for a period of seven years, and, in 1885, after Mr. Erastus Jackson had made a success of the *Era* for over thirty years, his son succeeded as editor and proprietor, the former retaining a financial and editorial interest. Under the capable management of Mr. Lyman George Jackson, the *Era* has continued to hold first place in the estimation of the people, and has been thoroughly alive to the interests of the town which it so ably represents.

In 1878, Mr. L. G. Jackson married Miss Emily Louise Weddel, daughter of the late Calvin Weddel, of East Gwillimbury township, and four sons were born to this union: Edgar, Walter, Leslie and Garnet, the youngest of whom departed this life in 1893, when nearly five years of age.

When a young man, Mr. Lyman George Jackson took an active interest in the game of lacrosse, and for about fifteen years was a member of the town band. For twelve years or more he acted as librarian of the old Mechanics' Institute, was afterwards elected on the board of management, and for over fifteen years took an active interest in its affairs, filling the office of president with much acceptance. Ever since his youth Mr. Jackson has been a staunch abstainer, and is connected with several temperance organizations. During the Ontario Plebiscite he was secretary of the York County organization. In religion he is a Methodist, and has been for some years

superintendent of the Sunday-school. On several occasions he has been chosen representative to conferences, and for four years was on the advisory board of the Methodist Book Room. For some years he was on the executive committee of the Canadian Press Association. He is also ex-president of the North York Sabbath School Association, and he now holds the office of the secretary-treasurer of the Lord's Day Alliance, and is also treasurer of A.O.U.W. Lodge No 84. He is always foremost in any enterprise proposed for the benefit of the town.

Mr. Jackson has travelled a great deal, and his letters to the *Era* while touring the British Isles and France, during the summer of 1905, were interesting and instructive, and greatly appreciated by his readers.

WALTER RIDOUT. In the untimely death, in 1890, of the late Walter Ridout, at the age of thirty-three, there was suddenly cut short a career which had promised to be one of marked success, and to reflect new lustre on a name already well known and honored not alone in Canada, but even more in England, where the Ridouts have been prominent for generations.

The first record of the Ridout family is found in Hutchins' "Visitation of the Somerset," now in the College of Arms, London, in which mention is made of the granting of a coat of arms in 1551, to Thomas Ridout, of the parish of Hensbridge, Somerset, England. The Ridouts have resided principally in Blandford, Sherborne, Dorsetshire, after which Sherbourne street, Toronto, was named by Hon. Thomas Ridout, surveyor general of Canada, who was born at the old family seat. There is mention in Hutchins also of the Bristol Ridouts, first referred to in connection with the marriage in 1674 of Susannah, daughter of John Ridout, of Bristol, to Thomas Strongways, of Milbury, Dorsetshire. Their granddaughter, Elizabeth, married Stephen Fox, who was created Earl of Chester in 1741.

The immediate branch of the family to which Walter Ridout belonged was founded in Canada by George Ridout, his grandfather, who crossed the ocean in 1820. He was born in Bristol in 1783, a son of Nicodemus, elder brother of Hon. Thomas Ridout, the surveyor general of Upper Canada, the latter of whom had already settled in the Dominion when his nephew came there. George Ridout had married long before, leaving England Miss Mary Ann Knight, and they were accompanied to America by their two sons, George Percival and Joseph D., who remained for some time in

the United States, one in New York and the other in Philadelphia. The parents settled first in the latter city, but in 1826, on the recommendation of Hon. Thomas Ridout, came to Little York, and there remained till the death of George Ridout, Sept. 3, 1835. His wife survived him exactly one month. Mr. Ridout had received, very soon after coming to Canada, a government position and retained it for the rest of his life.

The two sons mentioned above subsequently also came to Canada. The elder, George Percival, was born in Bristol, England, in 1807. He came to Toronto prior to the rebellion of 1837-38, and during that struggle was in active service for the Crown, so distinguishing himself that he retired with the rank of captain in the Seventh Battalion of the York Volunteers. He became a very prominent man in Toronto in both political and business circles, representing the city in the Dominion Parliament in 1851-52-53; was one of the founders of the Toronto Board of Trade, which was organized in 1845, and of which he was president from then till 1852, when he was succeeded by a Mr. Clarkson [see the Toronto Board of Trade book for 1904 or 1905]; and he was president of St. George's Society in 1845-46-47. He died in 1872, unmarried.

Joseph D. Ridout was born in Bristol in 1809. His business career began in New York, where he was in the branch house of the firm of Messrs. Tarratt, of Wolverhampton, England. From New York he was sent when only nineteen years of age, to open another branch of the firm in Boston. The ability thus indicated and the confidence reposed in him by his employers, or those connected with him, were features that marked his entire business career. In 1831 he came to Toronto and in the following year formed a partnership with his brother and the Messrs. Tarratt. After his brother's retirement from the business, Joseph D. Ridout took into the firm James Aikenhead and Alexander Crownbie, and finally in 1876 himself withdrew from all future active connection with the house. He had been vice-president of the Farmers' and Mechanics' Building Society, and when it was merged into the Canada Permanent Loan and Savings Company, he became president of the new organization, and retained the office until his resignation in May, 1844, on account of ill health. Like his brother he had helped to found the Toronto Board of Trade. He was a member of St. George's Society, and served as president from 1851 to 1854, inclusive. He was a man of varied interests, belonged to the I.O.O.

F., in which we was at one time Grand Master, was a founder of the Mechanics Institute, and held rank as an officer in the East York militia from 1833 to 1867, retiring with the rank of major. During the rebellion of 1837-38, he saw active service.

Joseph D. Ridout was twice married, his first wife being Miss Julia Elizabeth Gold, a sister of Mrs. F. W. Cumberland. His second wife was a sister of Col. F. W. Cumberland, named Caroline. To them were born two sons, Percival F. and Walter L. Mr. Ridout passed away from this world June 4, 1884; his widow still survives and lives in Toronto.

Walter Ridout was born in Toronto in 1857, and was educated at Upper Canada College. His literary training was but preliminary to the study of architecture, and he made his practical acquaintance with the work of that profession in the office of Stewart and Strickland, a firm with which he later became associated as a partner. He was admirably adapted for the calling he had chosen, and was rapidly making a name for himself when his career was cut short by death. That sad event occurred at his country home in Colborne, Ont., in 1890. He was a member of the Church of England, and in his political views was a Conservative.

In 1881 was solemnized the marriage of Walter Ridout and Miss Alice Boyer, to whom were born three sons, Frederick Walter Boyer (captain, Army Service Corps, stationed in South Africa), Robert Joseph and Lionel Cumberland. Mrs. Ridout was a daughter of Rev. R. C. Boyer, a clergyman in the Church of England. Born in 1826, Rev. Mr. Boyer was educated at Oxford, and came to Canada in 1848. He spent his active life in the service of his church, and his ministrations were ended by his death in 1875. His widow, whose maiden name was Grace Parry, now lives with Mrs. Ridout in San Diego, California.

EDGAR M. COOK, M.D., of No. 90 College street, Toronto, became one of that city's medical practitioners in 1893, and in the intervening years has gained an assured position there, built up a large practice and made an enviable reputation for himself. He came to Toronto from Belleville, County Hastings, where he was born March 11, 1854, son of William McDonald and Susanna (Clark) Cook.

The Cook family was originally of Irish extraction, and was founded in the western world by William Cook, great-grandfather of Dr. Cook. William Cook left Ireland in the latter part of the eighteenth century, and located in the State of Vermont, where he died.

His son John, dissatisfied with the conditions in Vermont, came to Canada and settled in County Hastings, which became the permanent home of the family. John Cook died there, the father of eleven children. Of these only one is living, David, who resides in Michigan.

William McDonald Cook was born in County Hastings, in 1824, and his whole life was passed in the vicinity of Belleville, where his father had located. Growing up under the conditions of pioneer life as he did, his opportunities for education were limited, and the calling of a farmer offered the most promising career for him. He married Susanna, daughter of James Clark, born in Suffolk, England. Her father was one of the pioneers who brought their families to County Hastings at an early day. Mr. Cook and his wife were both Methodists and prominent for years in church work. They were the parents of three sons and four daughters, but only four are living. The eldest daughter, Mary, married William Drew, of County Hastings; her three children all died in childhood. One son, John E. Cook, born in 1861, after completing the course of study in the county schools became a teacher there, and subsequently continued his studies in the Toronto Normal; he is now a barrister in Toronto, commanding a large law practice, and recently took in Mr. Bond as partner. Mr. Cook is very prominent in Masonic circles, being a past master of Doric Lodge, A.F. & A. M.; past master of King Solomon Chapter, R. A.M.; past eminent preceptor of Cyrene Commandery, Knights Templar; and a Noble of the Mystic Shrine. He married Miss Ella Luke, of Toronto. Herbert Cook, born in 1867, married Sarah Juby, of County Hastings, and they occupy the old homestead. Mr. Cook's mother makes her home there with them, but the father passed away there in 1876.

Dr. Edgar M. Cook was the eldest son in his father's family. During his boyhood he studied in the county schools, and thence was sent to the Toronto Normal, where he completed his education. By that time his ambition to become a physician was already strong enough to be the determining factor in his life, and in order to secure the means for his medical studies the young man turned to teaching. For five years he held a position in the school in his home town, in that time saving enough to carry out his cherished purpose. In 1881 he went to Cincinnati, Ohio, and entered the Homoeopathic College there, graduating in 1883. He then returned to Canada, and attended Trinity Medical College, from which institution he received his diploma in 1884, passing the examinations of the College of Physicians and Sur-

geons of Ontario, and becoming a licentiate in March, 1884. Dr. Cook first established himself in Belleville, and in the nine years he practised there built up a large and lucrative patronage. But the demands of such a large practice in a country district are excessive, and Dr. Cook decided in 1893, to establish himself in Toronto instead. The change has proved a wise one, for he has been even more successful in his new environment than in Belleville.

In June, 1898, Dr. Cook was joined in matrimony to Miss Edith Hoskin, a daughter of Thomas Hoskin, one of Toronto's leading business men. Mrs. Cook was one of a family of four, and was reared and educated in Toronto. She is a woman of true culture and beauty of character, and a devoted wife. Both Dr. Cook and his wife are members of the Church of England. The Doctor has been active in fraternal work, belonging to both the Odd Fellows and the Masons, and in the latter fraternity is a member of Cyrene Preceptory, of Toronto, and has taken the various degrees of the Blue Lodge, the Royal Arch Chapter and the Knights Templar. In politics he is a Liberal-Conservative, but always stands for principles which he deems in the best interest of the country in preference to party. Dr. Cook's reputation as a physician is high, while personally he is popular and held in great consideration.

CAPT. THOMAS BROWN (deceased), for twenty-one years a member of the "Queen's Own Rifles," a native of Toronto, born Oct. 8, 1849, and for many years a business man of the Queen City, was a member of one of the pioneer families of that place.

The Brown family is of English extraction and was founded in Canada by Thomas Brown, the grandfather of Capt. Thomas. He and his wife, Ann Spoor, came to Toronto in 1846, and it was he who started the well-known wholesale stationery and bookbinding business of Brown Brothers, with which he was identified until his death, in 1863. His children were: Thomas, deceased; Robert S., a retired citizen of Toronto, who is mentioned elsewhere; Major John, deceased; Richard, who is mentioned elsewhere; William, who has been in the hardware business in Toronto for some time; Rev. George M., of the County of York, who is ex-president of the Methodist Conference; Charles S., deceased; Annie, deceased, who married B. B. Toye; and Maria, deceased.

Of this family Thomas Brown was the father of the subject of this sketch. He was born at Newcastle-upon-Tyne, England, and came to Canada in 1846, in young manhood, marrying

in Toronto Ann Parry, a native of England, daughter of Henry and Esther Parry. Thomas Brown was for many years a member of the firm of Brown Brothers. He died in Toronto in 1866, and his wife now resides there. She is a member of the Methodist Church, to which Mr. Brown also belonged. Their children were: Capt. Thomas; Henry J., of Brown Brothers, Ltd.; Annie M.; Emma H., the wife of William Ewens, of Owen Sound; Minnie, the wife of Dr. W. H. Jeffs, of Eglinton, Ont.; William G., of Toronto; and Harriet E., the wife of George H. Lugsdin, of Minneapolis, Minnesota.

Capt. Thomas Brown was educated in private schools and the model school of Toronto, and for three years thereafter was with the late Senator John Macdonald, in a wholesale dry goods house. He then went into business with his father, who was a member of the firm of Brown Brothers, with which the Captain continued until his death.

On Feb. 2, 1870, Captain Brown was united in marriage with Miss Jennie Irwin, daughter of Capt. Thomas and Margaret (Robb) Irwin, natives of Ireland, the former of whom was a son of Thomas Irwin, who died in Ireland. In Ireland Captain and Mrs. Irwin were married, and in an early day they removed to Montréal, where he died in 1855. He was for many years a captain in the Royal Navy. His wife died in 1859. Their children were: Mrs. Brown and Mary Elizabeth, the latter residing with Mrs. Brown in Toronto. Capt. Thomas and Mrs. Brown had children as follows: Thomas Arthur, born in Toronto in 1871, who died the same year; Thomas Henry, born in 1872, who died in 1887; Myrtle Winifred; Olive Lillian, wife of Thomas Russell, of Toronto; Alberta and Muriel, twins, the latter deceased; and Irwin Arthur, of Toronto.

Captain Brown was a Methodist. In political sentiment he was a Reformer. Fraternally he associated with the Royal Arcanum, and socially he was connected with the National Club of Toronto and the Granite Curling Club. From 1866 to 1887 he was a member of the "Queen's Own," and with this regiment served in the Northwest Rebellion. He was a thorough business man and a Christian gentleman, and was very highly esteemed in the city in which all his life was spent.

THOMAS BRYCE was one of the best known and most highly respected citizens of Toronto, where he passed away at his late residence, No. 95 Woodlawn avenue, on Nov. 6, 1905. Mr. Bryce was born in 1843, in Syring-



J. Brown

ton, Scotland, son of John and Jane Bryce, who came to Canada in 1867, settling first in Toronto. Later they removed to St. Mary's, from which place they subsequently returned to Toronto, where they died. Their children were; Thomas; Agnes, who married James Fraser, of Stratford; Marion, Mrs. William Long; John, deceased; Annie, Mrs. Robert Mearns; Alexander, deceased; William; and Elizabeth, Mrs. H. H. Williams, of Toronto.

Thomas Bryce was educated in his native land, but his entire business and public life was spent in Canada. He came to Toronto with the family and soon thereafter engaged in contracting and building, occupations which he followed for many years, during which time he erected hundreds of dwellings in the city. Mr. Bryce's business methods were such as to command the highest appreciation of those with whom he dealt, and his warm friends were as numerous as his acquaintances. He was always ready to assist the sick or needy, and also took a great interest in all matters for the public good. In 1898 Mr. Bryce was appointed Judge of the Court of Revision, an office in which he was serving at the time of his death.

In 1871 Mr. Bryce was married to Mrs. Louisa Turreff, widow of John Turreff. She is a native of Toronto, and daughter of Mr. William Hill, a pioneer settler of the Queen City, who was born in London, England, and located in Toronto about 1830. He married Miss Mary Achland, born in England in 1817, who survives her husband, residing in Toronto. To Mr. and Mrs. Hill were born these children: Mrs. John Wilson, William B., Mrs. Bryce, Mrs. J. B. Fitz Simons, Mrs. Robert Woodward, Mrs. Frank Rolph, and Mrs. Alexander Bryce.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Bryce had two children: Arthur, who married Vera K. Coxwell, and has three children, Kathleen, Thomas and Mary; and Mrs. Harry W. Gain.

ROBERT WILLIAM ABELL, who passed away in Toronto in 1899, was one of the well-known men, not only of that city, but in all the leading places of Ontario, which he had visited in the establishment of the Ancient Order of Foresters. Mr. Abell was born in Gloucestershire, England, in 1834, son of David Abell, who died in that country.

Robert William Abell grew to manhood in England, and for a time prior to coming to Canada had engaged in a mercantile business. In 1871 he settled in Toronto, where he engaged in the hotel business, at the corner of Queen and Parliament streets. As above mentioned Mr. Abell was prominently identified with the Ancient Order of Foresters. He es-

tablished the first tent in Toronto, this being in 1871, the location being at the corner of King and Berkeley streets. In connection with the order, Mr. Abell travelled over a large portion of Ontario, and founded many tents. A few years before his death Mr. Abell retired from business, and spent his remaining days in the enjoyment of his home at No. 75 McGee street, which he had built, and which is now occupied by his widow.

In 1855 Mr. Abell was united in marriage with Miss Emily Hyatt, born in England, in 1831, daughter of James and Hannah (Hook) Hyatt, and to this union were born the following children: Fanny, who married Francis Consler, and has two children, Annie and Baldwin; Annie, who married Robert Williams (deceased) and has two children, Emily (wife of Alfred G. Snook, has two children, Eileen and Howard) and Frederick (who married Edith Keat, has one son, Robert); Lucy, who married Robert Fair, a hardware merchant of Toronto, and has children, May (who married Ernest Allward, and has one child, Dorothy May), Winnie, Gertrude, Alberta, Harvey (deceased) and Lucy; Rowland David, deceased, who married Ella French and left one daughter, Bessie; Emily, wife of Frank Barclay; and Alice, deceased, who married Harry Lant. In politics Mr. Abell was a Reformer. He was a member of the Baptist Church.

Robert Williams, mentioned in the foregoing, was born in Toronto in 1859, son of George Williams, a well-known citizen, and was there educated. After his marriage to Annie Abell he kept a hotel in Toronto for a few years. By trade he was a machinist. He died May 17, 1904.

DR. JOHN KENNEDY OLIVER, who died in Kingston, Ont., Jan. 1, 1881, was one of the most popular men of that city. He was born in Scotland in 1837, and came to Canada when a young man, being educated at the Queen's University of Kingston, from which he graduated in 1863, M.D., and L.R.C.P. & S. in 1868.

After graduation Dr. Oliver settled in practice in Kingston, where he became very prominent in medical, military and Masonic circles. The Doctor's residence was near St. George's Cathedral, Kingston. From the time of his graduation he was in constant practice at this location, and became well known throughout the city. He was frequently requested to accept the mayoralty of the city, and finally accepted the nomination in the elections of 1880-81, but his sudden death prevented his assuming the duties of that office. The Doctor served his city, however, in the council, and

his country in the Fenian raid, being surgeon-major of the 14th Battalion for some time. He was a Master Mason, high up in the order, which, with the military, had charge of his funeral, which was several miles in length.

Dr. Oliver married Mary Ellen Town, who was born on the Isle of Jersey in 1848, daughter of Richard Town, who built and owned the Masonic building in Kingston. To Dr. and Mrs. Oliver were born: May Rossmore, wife of Frank Gordon, a commercial traveller, who has one daughter, Edna Lorraine; Ethel Gertrude; and one son, deceased. The Doctor had three brothers and two sisters, one of whom, Mary, married Sir James McIntyre, of Liverpool, England.

Mrs. Oliver, some years after her husband's death, settled in Toronto, purchasing the house at No. 217 Dunn avenue, South Parkdale, where she now resides. In Dr. Oliver's death Kingston lost a prominent and useful citizen, the medical fraternity an able member, and his family a kind and loving husband and father.

GEORGE WILLIAM BEYNON, deceased, who was a well-known lawyer of Portage la Prairie, Man., was an unusual personality, and during his lifetime exerted more power for good than most men. A thorough scholar and born teacher, he was further gifted with the power over his fellows that marks a leader of men, and while his lot was not cast in stirring scenes or times he was yet a guiding and determining influence in the lives of many.

Mr. Beynon was born near Montreal in 1848, and was a son of Rev. George Beynon, a prominent Methodist divine. He was a graduate of the University of Toronto, and later was a law student in that city, where, in 1879, he was duly called to the Bar. He first established himself in Minnedosa, Man., where he practiced law for ten years, and then went to Portage la Prairie, where there were more promising openings. He became district registrar there and was still filling the duties of that office at the time of his death, in 1902. His political affiliation was with the Reform party. Besides attending to his business and professional interests Mr. Beynon was always actively engaged in church work, and was one of the noted Sunday-school teachers of the Methodist denomination. He was specially drawn to young people and his Bible class was composed of such. His own genuine Christian character and his deep personal interest in his pupils made him very successful in his work, and numbers of them were firmly settled in right principles of living through his teachings.

In 1881 Mr. Beynon and Miss Edith William-

son, of Brampton, Ont., were united in marriage, and five children came to bless their home: George William, Jr., of Petrolia, who married Miss Ida Walker, of Toronto; Edith Maude, who is the wife of Alexander Garner, of Stratford, and has one daughter, Doris; Garetta, wife of Henry McFadyen, of Duluth, by whom she has had two sons, Douglas and Harry; and two younger sons, Frank Percival and John, who reside with their mother in Toronto. Mrs. Beynon, who survives her husband, and lives at No. 494 Euclid avenue, bears an enviable reputation as an authoress, having not only contributed a number of articles to the leading magazines, but also written several novels, among which "Saints, Sinners and Queen People" has been especially popular and has attained a wide circulation.

MR. AND MRS. JOSEPH LISTER NICHOLS, of Toronto, enjoy the distinction of having been identified with two of the prominent movements of the city from their inception: Mr. Nichols laid the first concrete sidewalk in Toronto, it being in front of the Y.M.C.A. building, on Yonge street, while Mrs. Nichols was a member of the first faculty of the Toronto Conservatory of Music, with which she is still identified. Mr. and Mrs. Nichols are of Leeds, England, where he was born in 1851, son of David Nichols, a contractor of wide reputation in that country.

In his native city Mr. Nichols received his education and there learned the contracting and building business, which he followed in Leeds for some time before coming to Canada. He had contracts for many of the principal buildings of Leeds, and with his father built the now famous Leeds Bridge and Leeds Town Hall. In 1887 Mr. and Mrs. Nichols and their family came to Toronto, where Mr. Nichols resumed his contracting business, giving special attention to concrete walks, in which line he was the pioneer; he also built the concrete swimming baths for the Y.M.C.A. and Upper Canada College. In 1893 he went out of the contracting business and turned his attention to the work of a commercial salesman, in which he was engaged for some time. Probably no man is better known in Canada than is Mr. Nichols, for he has travelled the Dominion from ocean to ocean, visiting every principal city and town. For some time he was connected with an English house. In recent years he has again turned his attention to the building and contracting business, and is now engaged in forming a general concrete construction business in the city of Winnipeg, Manitoba.

Mrs. Nichols, who is well known in musical circles in Toronto, was also born in England,



Genl R. W. Conner

daughter of Thomas and Isabella (Swan) Cockburn, well-known residents of that country, where Mr. Cockburn was a manufacturer of blocks and sails. In Leeds Mrs. Nichols received her literary and musical education, and on coming to Toronto continued to follow the musical profession. In September, 1887, the Toronto Conservatory of Music was opened, and in February, 1888, Mrs. Nichols became a member of the faculty of that institution, with which she has since been identified as a teacher of the piano forte.

To Mr. and Mrs. Nichols have been born three sons: David, an architect of Winnipeg, was educated in Toronto, and inherits the musical taste of his mother; James L. and Jack are in business in Toronto, and like their parents are pioneers in a line of industry, having founded the York Metal Polish business. They manufacture both metal polish and "Grimo," having purchased the latter from another company. Mr. and Mrs. Nichols are consistent members of the Congregational Church. In political sentiment he is a Reformer.

ROBERT LATHAM McCORMACK. secretary of the Conger Coal Company, Limited, and otherwise prominently identified with the business interests of Toronto, makes his home in Toronto Junction, of which place he has been a resident since it was a small village. He has not only seen the rapid development thereof, but has been one of the principal factors in bringing about present conditions.

The McCormack family is of Scotch extraction, the founder of the family in America having been reared near Dundee, Scotland, from which country Alexander McCormack, the great-grandfather of Robert L., emigrated to Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, about the year 1783. The maiden name of Alexander McCormack's wife was Jane Carson. They both died in Pennsylvania, leaving four sons and four daughters, namely: William, Samuel, James, Nathaniel, Mrs. Nancy Duneau, Mrs. Mary Thomas, Mrs. Margaret Smith, and Mrs. Jane Jeffords.

Of the foregoing family Nathaniel McCormack, the grandfather of Robert Latham, was born in 1778, and died in New York State in 1835. He and his brother, William, and their sister, Mrs. Jane Jeffords, settled in New York, where the brothers became wealthy farmers and where both died. Nathaniel McCormack married Helen Campbell, who died in 1876, at the age of about ninety years. She was the mother of children as follows: James, who settled in Michigan and there died; Alexander, who settled in South Carolina, and there died; Rob-

ert; Samuel, who died in St. Louis, Missouri; William, who settled in Missouri, went to California at the time of the gold fever in 1849, and has not been heard from since; George, who died at Ransomville, New York; Nathaniel, who died in Alabama; and one daughter, Mrs. Jane Smith, who died in Michigan in 1885.

Robert McCormack was born in 1818 in New York State, and was the only son of the family to settle in Canada, being therefore the progenitor of the McCormacks in the Dominion. In 1838 he settled in Toronto, on the Don, and engaged in the manufacture of lumber and in the building of sawmills. From the Don Mr. McCormack went to Cashel, where he rented for about two years, moved thence to Markham township, where he was in the mercantile and lumber business, and from there to Vivian, in the township of Whitechurch, where he was engaged in the lumber business. There he died July 29, 1906, in the eighty-ninth year of his age. Robert McCormack married Elizabeth Latham, who was born at Castleblayney, in the North of Ireland, in 1825, and died at Vivian in 1900, in the faith of the Presbyterian Church. To Robert and Elizabeth (Latham) McCormack came the following named children: Ellen, the wife of William Simpson, of Ballantrae, Ont.; Elizabeth, who married Michael Jackson, of Toronto Junction; Mary, the widow of Samuel McMullin, of Ballantrae, Ont.; William Alexander, of Manitoba; Robert Latham, of Toronto Junction; and Nathaniel and George, of Vivian. All of this family were born in the County of York, Ontario.

Robert Latham McCormack was born in Cashel, Markham township, in 1854, and completed his education in the Newmarket high school. From 1877 to 1885 he was with his father in the lumber business, and with this experience he came in the latter year to Toronto Junction, then a mere hamlet, engaging in the coal and lumber business on his own account. After continuing thus for about five years he sold out and purchased a half interest in the Conger Coal Company of Toronto, Limited, Dec. 24, 1890. He and Mr. Ralph E. Gibson, the president of the company, are now sole proprietors, and they conduct an extensive business as dealers in all kinds of hard and soft coal, wood and coke. Though the concern is now such an important one it was established upon a very modest scale, and at the time Mr. McCormack purchased his half interest it was still a small but promising industry. It has developed, however, beyond the most sanguine hopes of the proprietors, as the volume of their annual business shows, 175,000 tons of coal alone being handled yearly. Employment is

given to two hundred people, and one hundred horses are required constantly. The company maintains eleven offices in Toronto besides the main office at No. 6 King street east, and one in Toronto Junction, has a private dock on Esplanade street east, at the foot of Church street, three branch yards in the city and a fourth in Toronto Junction. These accommodations have been acquired from time to time as the growth of the business demanded increased facilities for handling and more room for storing, as well as convenient points from which to deliver and ship, and the thoroughly systematic manner in which the trade is supplied is ample reason in itself for the substantial growth of the company. Its standing in commercial circles testifies sufficiently as to the general confidence in the ability of the proprietors. Both are men of upright character and irreproachable integrity, commanding as much respect for worthy personal traits as for business responsibility. They have other important interests, for the most part in the same line. In 1902, when the Toronto Junction Lumber Company was formed, Mr. McCormack became vice-president of that company, which position he still holds, Mr. R. E. Gibson being the president. Mr. McCormack is also vice-president of the Gravel Construction Company, established in 1899 (Mr. Archy Campbell, M.P., being president), and a director of the Crown Life Insurance Company, Toronto.

On Dec. 20, 1882, Mr. McCormack married Miss Amelia Sharpe, who was born in Whitchurch township, County of York, daughter of George and Maryann (Simpson) Sharpe. To this union have been born children as follows: Carson; Gladys; Grace; Ruth; Robert; Hope; Mary, and three deceased. In 1899 Mr. McCormack purchased his beautiful home, "Oaklands," at No. 336 Annette street, Toronto Junction, to which he has added both in value and attractiveness during his occupancy of the place. Mr. and Mrs. McCormack are members of Victoria Presbyterian Church.

Mr. McCormack has always taken an active part in church matters. In 1885 he was chairman of the building committee which had in charge the erection of the First Presbyterian Church at the Junction. The building known as the Victoria Presbyterian Church, since sold to the Roman Catholics, is on Pacific avenue, and was built at a cost of \$3,000. In 1891 the present edifice was erected, at the corner of Midland and Annette streets, at a cost of \$45,000, and Mr. McCormack acted as chairman of the building committee for this structure also; he is now one of the managers of the church. In his political opinions Mr. McCormack is a

Conservative, and fraternally he is a member of the A.O.U.W., the C.O.F., and the Masonic Fraternity, in all of which he has passed all the chairs. He was the founder of Stanley Lodge, No. 426, A.F. & A.M., as well as of other fraternal organizations at the Junction. Socially he holds membership in the Toronto Albany Club and the Canadian Club, and he is a member of the Toronto Board of Trade. Mr. McCormack was a member of the council of Whitchurch township when he was but twenty-one years old. He was also a member of the first council of Toronto Junction, and for some time was a member of the Junction Collegiate Institute Board. His superior personality has made him a man of note among his business associates and in the community in which he has so long resided, and the confidence and esteem which his fellow men feel for him are well shown in his popularity as a candidate for various honors. He has carried himself with credit in every relation of life.

ANDREW TELFER, whose death occurred in Toronto April 28, 1897, was for many years a well-known business man of that city. He was born in 1829, in Roxburghshire, Scotland, son of Andrew and Christina (Murray) Telfer, both of whom passed away in Scotland.

Andrew Telfer, our subject, was educated in his native shire in Scotland, and came to Canada in 1854, settling in Quebec. For thirteen years he was a member of the firm of Laird & Telfer, of that city. From Quebec, Mr. Telfer went to Montreal, where he was in the wholesale dry goods business for a time, and in 1871 he became a resident of Toronto, and was first engaged as buyer for a large wholesale house, and then formed a partnership with Mr. Crompton under the firm name of Crompton & Telfer, to carry on the corset business. On the dissolution of this partnership Mr. Telfer founded the Telfer Manufacturing Company, for the manufacture of paper boxes, and in this business he continued until his death.

On June 30, 1867, Mr. Telfer returned to Scotland, and married Miss Agnes Dobie, born in the South of Scotland, daughter of the late Rev. John and Janet (Somerville) Dobie, both of whom died in Scotland. To Mr. and Mrs. Telfer were born two daughters: Janet S., widow of the late Rev. John MacGillivray, of Westmount, Montreal; and Mrs. John Turnbull, of Toronto. Mr. Telfer was an elder in St. James' Square Presbyterian Church, Toronto, for many years. In politics he was a Reformer.

JOHN HUNTER, M.D., is not only well known through Ontario as a physician and surgeon of skill, and as a writer whose contributions are gladly accepted by the leading periodicals of the profession throughout the country, but also as a leading politician, educationist and churchman.

The Doctor comes of Irish ancestry, the family having been founded in Canada by his father, David Hunter, who was born in Ireland, and who came to this country about 1814, settling in the County of Peel. There he engaged in farming until about 1854, when he moved to the County of Brant. His wife was Jane Hamilton. The father died when the Doctor was a child, but the mother lived until 1888. In religion Mr. and Mrs. Hunter were Presbyterians. He was a Reformer. They had twelve children. Of these, David H., B.A., was for some years principal of the Woodstock Collegiate Institute; and Adelaide, now Mrs. John Hoodless, of Hamilton, is well-known all over the Dominion as founder of the first college of domestic science in Canada, located in Hamilton, and of which she was for many years president. She has made this subject very popular by addresses delivered throughout the Dominion, the United States and Europe, before large and appreciative audiences of the most intelligent people of these countries.

Dr. John Hunter was born in the County of Peel in 1850. His literary education was received at the Galt Collegiate Institute, but before entering that institution he had been engaged in teaching for three years. In 1872 he entered the Toronto School of Medicine, and graduated from the University of Toronto with the degree of M.D., in 1875. The Doctor subsequently (1888) visited the large hospitals of England, Ireland, Scotland, Germany, Austria, Italy, France and the United States, his post-graduate work being the very best that could be obtained in Europe or America. In 1875 he began the active practice of his profession at Millbrook, County Durham, where he resided for seven years. In 1882, he located in Toronto, where he has since been engaged in general practice. For the past six or eight years he has been giving special attention to diseases of the ear, nose and throat.

Dr. Hunter is a contributor to the leading medical journals of the day, having become a writer through being a close student. He is a very prominent member of the various medical societies of the Dominion, is an ex-president of the Toronto Medical Society, and has held various positions of trust in these associations. He is one of the founders of the Western Hospital and a member on its staff. In the years 1894

and 1895 he was a member of the Public School Board of Toronto, and was one of the original promoters of manual training and domestic science in the schools, as well as of the amalgamation of the school boards. He was elected to the Board of Education on Jan. 1, 1907, by a very large vote over the whole city. His platform was: "Weed out disability from any cause; efficient inspection of our schools; adequate salaries for all our teachers; that the Government and municipalities should make our mines, timber limits and public utilities contribute liberally for the education of the children."

For some time Dr. Hunter was president of the Liberal Association of West Toronto, and in 1905 was the Independent Liberal candidate for this riding, on a special platform declaring against "the Saloon, the Bar and the Treating System." This was the year of the great landslide in politics, when the Conservatives, under the leadership of Mr. Whitney, defeated by a large majority the Reformers under Premier G. W. Ross. In the contest Dr. Hunter polled nearly two thousand votes—an excellent showing under the circumstances then existing, as the Liberals had been in power for about thirty-three years.

In 1877 Dr. Hunter and Miss Lizzie Renwick, daughter of the late John Renwick, of Orono, County Durham, were united in marriage, and to this union the following children were born: Williston M., assistant inspector of gas and electric meters for the Government; Edith M. and Mary; and Mabel and Herbert, both deceased. Dr. Hunter and his estimable wife are members of the Dunn Avenue Presbyterian Church, in which the Doctor is an elder and assistant superintendent of the Sunday-school, and prior to his affiliation with this church he was for eighteen years an elder in Chalmers Church. Dr. Hunter has gained the confidence and good-will of the people of Toronto, and has enjoyed a lucrative practice. He is at home in every line—a close student, a careful practitioner and a steady-handed surgeon in his special work.

The Doctor spent the winter of 1897-98 in Redlands, California, as medical attendant to his brother, the late principal of the Woodstock Collegiate Institute. He has made frequent trips to New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore, Washington, Chicago, St. Louis and Detroit, to visit their hospitals, and to investigate their educational systems, as pursued in their universities, high and public schools.

JOSEPHINE WELLS, D.D.S., a well-known dental practitioner of the city of Toronto, with

offices at No. 653 Spadina avenue, was born in August, 1856, at Aurora, County York, daughter of Charles and Catherine (Tyson) Irwin the former born near Newmarket, County York, in 1831, and the latter at Holland Landing, youngest daughter of Isaiah and Catherine Tyson.

Robert Irwin, the grandfather of Dr. Wells, came to Canada from Pennsylvania in 1800, and settled with his wife, Sarah (Cummer), at Newmarket, where he was engaged as a mechanic. To them were born five children, of whom Charles was the only survivor.

Charles Irwin was born near Newmarket, County York, in 1831. His early life was spent in carpentering, but he later became engaged in the work at his father's gristmill at Aurora, which he managed for a number of years. In 1855 he married Catherine Tyson, who was born at Holland Landing, youngest daughter of Isaiah and Catherine Tyson, and died May 4, 1905. She was the mother of five children: (1) Josephine is mentioned farther on. (2) Minnie H., born in Aurora in 1860, is the wife of Thomas Hammell, of Beeton, Ont., and has four children, Esther, Charles H., Katie and Margaret. (3) Katie, born in 1866, died in young womanhood. (4) Courtwright, born Jan. 1, 1870, in Aurora, now the manager of a music store in London, Ont., married Miss Evelyn Brown, and they have one son, Pearson. (5) William, born Nov. 18, 1872, was educated in the Lloydtown public school and Newmarket high school, taught in the public schools for twelve years, and is at present a student in Victoria College, preparing for the ministry. He married Miss Lillian Richardson, and they reside in Toronto; they have two children, Muriel and Vera.

In 1892 Mr. Charles Irwin came from Schomberg to Toronto, and there he has lived retired to the present time. He is connected with the Methodist Church, and has held various official positions therein. In politics he is a member of the Reform party, and while in Aurora served as a member of the school board, as councillor for the township of King and as county councillor for the County of York (for about ten years—1874 to 1882), and as justice of the peace (for thirty years).

Josephine Irwin was educated in the schools of Aurora, at which place she was reared to womanhood. In March, 1876, she was married to John Wells, D.D.S., who was born in January, 1854, eldest son of J. P. Wells. John Wells taught school for some time, and in 1882 graduated from the Royal Dental College. He practised four years at Meaford, Ont., and four years at Aurora, and in 1889 located in Toronto,

giving up his profession on account of ill health. He died in April, 1904. To Dr. and Mrs. Wells were born five children: Mabel, born in Aurora in 1880, received a high school education; Charles P., born in King in 1882, is single and employed at the post office, Toronto; Arthur Tyson, born in 1882, died in childhood; Edith M., born in 1884, died in 1896; Dalton C. was born in 1900.

Mrs. Wells first took up the study of dentistry with her husband, and entered the Royal Dental College in 1891, graduating therefrom in 1893—the first woman dentist to graduate from that institution. She has since attended to a very successful practice in Toronto, having taken charge of her husband's entire business. She resides in her own home in the Queen City. Mrs. Wells is a member of the Church of Christ, and Mr. Wells died in the same faith.

Mrs. Wells traces her ancestry back to participants of the Revolutionary war in the United States, some of whom removed afterward to Pennsylvania and became identified with the Society of Friends. From Pennsylvania they made their way to Canada prior to the war of 1812, and this has been the home of the family to the present time.

THOMAS WINNING DYAS, who passed away at his summer home on Toronto Island, June 22, 1899, was for many years, and up to the time of his death, advertising and circulating manager of the *Mail and Empire*, Toronto, and one of the best known figures in the publishing world of Canada. Mr. Dyas was born at "Clonturken," the old family residence in County Cavan, Ireland, Sept. 2, 1845, son of John and Ellen (Warren) Dyas, natives of the Emerald Isle. He was educated in the public schools at New Orleans, and the Collegiate Institute of London, Ont., and at the age of eighteen years began life as a civil engineer and surveyor, and for some time practised his profession, but later found his vocation in newspaper work, his first duty being editorial work on the *Farmer's Advocate*, of London. In 1874 he came to Toronto, and was at first on the staff of the *Globe*. In 1877 Mr. Dyas was appointed to the head of the advertising department of the *Mail*, and this position he filled to the time of his death.

In 1871, in London, Mr. Dyas married Miss Emma Wilder Ball, a native of Boston, Massachusetts. Mr. Dyas was a member of the English Church. In politics he was a Conservative. He was fraternally connected with the I.O.O.F. and the A.O.U.W.

NERIAH J. ROADHOUSE, ex-mayor of Newmarket, County York, and a well known business man of this place, engaged as an undertaker and large furniture dealer, was born at Newmarket Nov. 27, 1852, a son of Samuel and Frances (Elvidge) Roadhouse. The Roadhouse family is an old one in Canada, the founder of the family here being

William Roadhouse (1) was one of the very first settlers in County Peel. The children of this pioneer were: William, the grandfather of our subject; Sarah, born in England, the widow of David Donnie, resides in County Peel and has two sons; Henry died in County Peel; Jonathan died in Ontario; John died in California, one of the gold seekers of 1849; Joseph became a prominent man and died at the old home in County Peel; James lived until 1904, in County Peel.

William Roadhouse (2) was born in England, and came to America, sailing from England the day that Queen Victoria was born. He was located for a time in Ottawa, and in 1836 he settled in County York, living a while in Toronto, where he worked at his trade of stone engraver. Later he made a permanent home in Albion township, where he cleared up a farm and there he died in 1878, one of the successful farmers of that locality. He married Sarah Cass, and they had three sons and three daughters: Samuel was the eldest son; Jane, deceased, was the wife of George Monkman, who died in the Northwest Territory; Neriah, born in County York, followed the trade of a blacksmith and died near Toronto; Sarah, deceased, was the wife of M. Stephenson, of Milroy, Ont.; Elizabeth is the wife of Walter Brown, who resides in Toronto; William married, lived on the old homestead until a few years ago, and then moved to Owen Sound.

Samuel Roadhouse was born in County Peel, Ont., in July, 1824, and was reared on the home farm, attending the common schools. In 1838 he came to Newmarket, and learned the cabinet-making trade with John Botsford. He remained with him one year, when Mr. Botsford died, and then Mr. Roadhouse succeeded him in the business, continuing it until his death. In 1845, at Newmarket, he married Miss Frances Elvidge, born in England in 1823, daughter of Henry and Elizabeth Elvidge. Mr. and Mrs. Elvidge came from England in the year 1824 on a sailing vessel by way of Quebec. They remained in that city until 1836, when they came to Newmarket, County York, as early settlers. Henry Elvidge was a millwright, carpenter and farmer, and he found plenty of employment among the early settlers. His children were: Joseph, deceased, of Newmarket; Elizabeth, de-

ceased, wife of W. Weightman, of County York; Edward, formerly a millwright at Newmarket; Mary, deceased, wife of John Atkinson, of County York; Jane, deceased, wife of Henry Fryatt, a retired farmer of County York; Frances, the mother of our subject; William, a resident of Newmarket, who has one son, Herbert; Charles, a business man of Oakland, California; and George, who resides with his family at Brantford, Ont. Samuel Roadhouse died at his home in Newmarket in August, 1890, leaving an ample fortune and an honorable name. His estimable wife survived until May, 1904. In religious faith they were members of the Methodist Church. In politics he was a Reformer until he supported the national policy, when he became a Conservative.

The children of Samuel Roadhouse and his wife were: Charles H., born in 1847, was reared at Newmarket, where he married; he is now a resident of Blythe. Sarah, born in 1849, is the wife of James S. Spiers, who is chief clerk of the Grand Trunk railroad, and is located at Montreal; they have two sons, Charles A. and Harold A. Emma, born in 1855, now deceased, was the wife of Jesse Doan, also deceased; they left one son, Frank. Annie E., born in 1858, is the wife of Thomas H. Hacking of Detroit, and they have two children, Jessie (wife of William Kirton, of Detroit) and Mabel. Ella, born in 1860, is the wife of W. S. McClintock, a druggist of Galva, Illinois, and they have children, Gladys, Francis and Ross. William, born in 1863, married and resides at North Bay, Ont. Neriah J. is mentioned below.

Neriah J. Roadhouse is the third member of the above family. He was reared at Newmarket where he attended school, completing the course in the grammar school. He was seventeen years old when he entered his father's furniture store, and, learning the business, became manager while still young, on account of his father's failing health. In order to prepare himself thoroughly for all the duties of his business, Mr. Roadhouse attended a private embalming school at Toronto, learning the most improved sanitary methods of that profession. Since 1890 he has carried on the business alone and is one of the city's most reliable and representative business men.

Mr. Roadhouse is equally prominent in public life, voting with the Conservative party on important matters. For a period of twelve years he was a member of the town council, his father having served a number of years before him as councillor and reeve. In 1904 his popularity among his fellow citizens was shown by his election to the honorable position of mayor of New-

market, one which he filled with dignity and efficiency.

On July 20, 1886, Mr. Roadhouse was married to Miss Emily Millard, born in County York, daughter of Mordecai and Martha Millard, members of prominent families of the county. Mrs. Roadhouse died at Newmarket, Nov. 24, 1896, leaving three children, namely: Mildred, born in 1888, who is well educated; Geraldine, born in 1890, a student in the Newmarket high school; and Constance, born in 1893.

On June 28, 1897, Mr. Roadhouse was married (second) to Miss Mary Bogart, who belongs to one of the leading families of the county and is a daughter of J. W. and Elizabeth Bogart. She was reared and educated in this city, and is a lady of many social attractions. The hospitable home of Mr. and Mrs. Roadhouse is the scene of many pleasant gatherings. Mrs. Roadhouse is a member of the Christian Church, while Mr. Roadhouse is a Methodist.

JAMES CROCKER, who passed away at his late residence, No. 490 Jarvis street, Toronto, Dec. 23, 1905, was one of the city's most successful business men and highly esteemed citizens. Mr. Crocker was born in Cornwall, England, Aug. 31, 1828. After receiving his education in his native country he came to Canada at the age of twenty years, and soon thereafter settled in Etobicoke township, County York, where he engaged in farming. In about 1848 he located in Toronto, where his business ability soon became apparent to his fellow citizens, who elected him to represent St. Patrick's ward in the city council in the year 1875, by acclamation. After the subdivision of St. Patrick's ward, which was brought about largely through the efforts of Mr. Crocker, and the formation of St. Stephen's ward, he was elected to represent the latter in municipal offices. He was first elected from this ward in 1876 and sat in the city council in 1876, 1877, 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1883, 1884, 1886 and 1889, when he withdrew from municipal life. During these ten years in the council he served the city ably and well, with honor to himself and satisfaction to his constituents.

Mr. Crocker was largely interested in various enterprises in the city, being a director on the board of the Industrial Exhibition Association for twenty-one years and a director of the Union Loan Company. He was also interested in and the owner of valuable real estate in the city. It was largely through his influence—in association with the late Mayor Morrison and Mr. I. I. Withrow—that the Massey Manufacturing Company was induced to move from Newcastle to Toronto, and this is only one of the ways in

which he advanced the interests of the city, the welfare of which he always had at heart. His politics were those of a lifelong Conservative. He was a member of the St. George Society and the York Pioneers' Association, and in religion was a consistent member of the Methodist Church.

In 1850 Mr. Crocker was married to Mary Steele, who was born in Scotland in 1832 and came to Canada when but a child. She survives her husband and resides at 490 Jarvis street. To Mr. and Mrs. Crocker were born these children: Mrs. C. E. Kyle, of Toronto; William, well known in financial circles in Toronto; and John, deceased.

JOHN SMITH, reeve of East Gwillimbury, is also a leading agriculturist of the 4th Concession, Lot 22, and was born in that concession, on Lot 27, Sept. 13, 1851, son of John and Isabella (Fenton) Smith.

John Smith, Sr., was born in Yorkshire, England, and came to Canada in 1828. After marriage he settled in East Gwillimbury, and there spent the remainder of his life, clearing a farm. His death occurred in 1865. He was the father of eleven children, as follows: Mary, widow of George Coltman, residing in East Gwillimbury, had a family of eleven children, of whom eight are still living, William, Thomas, George, Milton, Wilmot, Jane, Minnie and Lidy; William married Miss Gregg, and has six children, Rev. William (a Presbyterian minister), Maggie, Elizabeth, John, Belle and Fred; Sarah, the wife of Benjamin Eves, of East Gwillimbury, has six children, Isabella, William, Julia, Sarah, Minnie and Walter; Julia is the wife of John Hicks, of Bay City, Michigan; Thomas married Miss Sophie Drury, and settled in Toronto, where he died in 1890, leaving two children, Everett and Fred; Elizabeth, widow of Robert Kellington, of Gwillimbury, has three children, Isabel, John and Mary; Margaret, wife of George Smith, of Whitechurch, has a family of six children; George married Miss Annie Boag, and first settled in Gwillimbury, later removing to Toronto, where he died in June, 1905, leaving children—Julia, Wüfred, Maud, Walter, Alice, Florence and Ernest; Annie, the wife of James Boag, lives in East Gwillimbury, and has a family of two, Ralph and Roy; Isabella, the wife of John Graham, resides on the American side of Sault Ste. Marie, where Mr. Graham is an engineer; John is the subject proper of this sketch.

John Smith received a district school education, and, his father having died when he was young, he was obliged at an early age to begin to help care for the younger members of the family. In 1875 he married Miss Mary A.

Johnston, who was born in East Gwillimbury in April, 1856, daughter of John and Mary (Woods) Johnston. They first settled on the home where his father died, his mother living with them for eleven years. In 1888 Mr. Smith purchased the John Fletcher estate, his present farm home, where he has erected new buildings and made many improvements. He also purchased a farm on the 4th Concession, where his eldest son, Albert J., resides, and owns fifty acres in another part of the township. Mr. and Mrs. Smith have seven children: Albert J., born in 1876, married Miss Lonie Lundy, daughter of Joseph Lundy, of County York, and has four children, Milfred, Mildred G., Roy G. and Ross A.; Elmer E., born in 1878, is bookkeeper for a large lumber firm in Muskoka, Ont.; Norman A., born in 1880, lives at the old homestead; Ethel E., born in 1883, married James Crann, a resident of Newmarket, and has one son, Ethan J.; Lily M., born in 1885, lives at home; Frank W., born in 1889, is a student at the Newmarket high school; and Gertrude, born in 1891, is a student in the home school.

Mr. and Mrs. Smith are members of the Christian Church. In political faith Mr. Smith has always been identified with the Reform party, and he was elected in 1900 a member of the council, to which he was re-elected five times in succession. At the present time he is filling the position of Reeve of East Gwillimbury, having been elected to that office in 1906. He has also been a member of the school board for a number of years. Fraternally he is connected with the Order of Foresters at Newmarket.

Mr. Smith is self-made. Early in life he started out to make his own way in the world, and he has been very successful. He is a kindly, Christian man, one who can trust and be trusted.

EDWIN BUNCE WRIGHT, editor and part proprietor of the *Toronto Junction Tribune*, an influential news sheet of this section of Ontario, was born at Collingwood, Ont., Sept. 25, 1879, son of Charles Wright, of the Junction, whose sketch appears elsewhere.

Edwin B. Wright secured his preliminary education in the schools of Collingwood and Toronto Junction, and in 1895 he entered the office of the *Tribune* as an employee, Mr. A. B. Rice being then the owner and editor. Here he remained for two years, then becoming assistant editor of the *Leader and Recorder*, of Toronto Junction, for two years. The next year was spent at the office of the *Telegram*, and after a few months in Manitoba, Mr. Wright returned to Toronto Junction to take charge of the Junction edition of the *Times and Guide of Weston*, a po-

sition in which he continued for eight months. In February, 1904, learning that the *Tribune* was for sale, he interviewed Mr. A. B. Rice and purchased the plant. The paper is a Liberal sheet, founded in 1882 by Dr. J. T. Gilmour, the present warden of the Central Prison, Toronto, who sold it to J. T. Jackson, Mr. A. B. Rice of His Majesty's Customs purchasing it from the latter, and in turn selling it to Mr. Wright. An uncle of Mr. Wright's, Mr. J. Thackray Bunce, was part owner and editor of the *Birmingham Daily and Weekly Post* for forty years, up to the time of his death in 1899. He was formerly an employee of the paper. While Mr. Edwin B. Wright publishes the pioneer newspaper of the Junction, one of his brothers, J. G. Wright, owns the drug store first here, and another, C. F., the pioneer news agency. They are all up-to-date, hustling business men, and leaders in their various lines in the Junction. Mr. Wright is an enthusiastic lacrosse man, and held for several years the positions of manager and vice-president of the Toronto Junction "Shamrocks," a leading Canadian team, and is athletic correspondent to a number of the Toronto publications, as well as being suburban correspondent of the *Toronto Mail and Empire*. In political belief he is a Reformer, and for some time he has been secretary of the Junction Liberal Club.

On June 6, 1904, Mr. Wright married Miss Mary Downey, of St. Catharines, Ont., and to this union was born one daughter, Jean.

SAMUEL McALLISTER, a well-known educator of Toronto, was born in Portaferry, County Down, Ireland, in 1834, son of George and Mary Anne McAllister, also natives of Ireland, and grandson of George McAllister, who was born in Scotland. Four members of the family of George and Mary Anne McAllister came to Canada and the United States, namely: William, a retired business man of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; Alexander, for many years a well-known business man of Winnipeg, where he died in 1905; Mrs. Flanigan, of Philadelphia, who died in 1906; and Samuel.

Samuel McAllister was educated in his native place and at Liverpool, to which city his parents had removed from Ireland. On completing his literary training Mr. McAllister in 1854 began his life work in an evening school in Liverpool. In 1857 he came to Canada and settled in Toronto, for one year working as a clerk in a mercantile house on King street west, conducted by Mr. Henry Graham. In 1858 he became a teacher in Bartlett's Academy, on Queen street west, and in the fall of 1859 entered public school work, in which he was engaged to the

end of 1906, having been a teacher—during his more than forty-seven years of service—under the chairman of every school board of Toronto except Dr. Workman, the first chairman of the first school board of the city. In 1877, when the Ryerson school was opened, Mr. McAllister was made principal thereof, a position he ably filled till his retirement, in December, 1906, being then the senior educator of the city.

In 1861 Mr. McAllister was married to Marion Emery, who was born in London, England, in 1842, daughter of George and Sophia Emma Emery, who came with their family to Toronto in 1855. To this union have been born four children: George Dumerque, of Toronto, who is married to Adeline V. Lewis, and has five children, Mary Doris, Samuel Lewis, George William Nattress, Emma Jean Dover and Helen Isobel; Alexander Laughton, a civil engineer of New York; John Edgar, a civil engineer, manager of the works of the British Columbia Copper Company, at Greenwood, B.C., who married Isobel Gray, and has two children, Donald G. and Samuel; and Emma Hardy, wife of David Evans, of Chicago, who has two children, Chesley McAllister and Mary Elizabeth. Mr. and Mrs. McAllister are members of the Church of England. Fraternally he is connected with the A.O.U.W.

DR. B. F. PEARSON, one of County York's prominent physicians and surgeons, has chosen for his field of practice the village of Queensville, East Gwillimbury. Dr. Pearson was born on Lot 86, King township, Aug. 22, 1839, son of Nathaniel and Martha (Watson) Pearson.

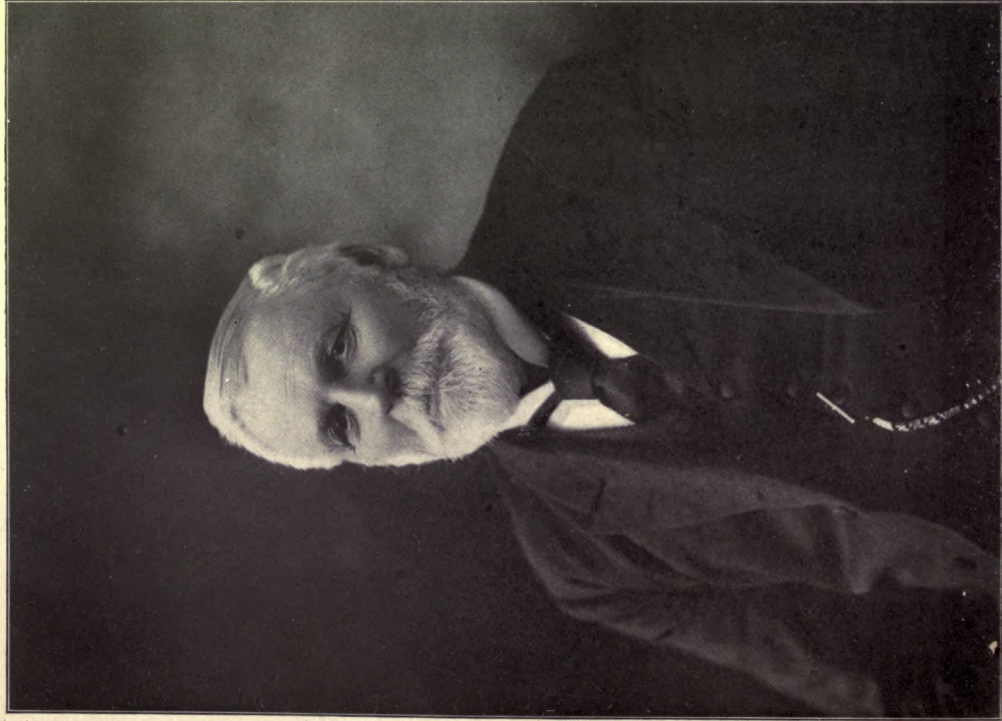
Benjamin Pearson, grandfather of the Doctor, was born in Pennsylvania of English parentage, as was also his wife, Susannah Pentz. They came to Canada in 1797, and settled on Lot 83, King township, on wild land. In those days Yonge street was only a blazed trail leading into Toronto. Mr. and Mrs. Pearson made this farm their permanent home, and there reared their three sons and three daughters: Charlotte, who married Eli Hollingshead; Nancy, who married Thomas Cosford; Mary, who married Peter Rush, of Concession 3, King township; Peter, who married and settled on Lot 90, Whitechurch township; Benjamin, who married and settled on Lot 81, Concession 2, King township, and who also engaged in teaching; and Nathaniel.

Nathaniel Pearson was born on Yonge street, King township, in December, 1803, and settled on his father's old home after his marriage. He engaged in agricultural pursuits the greater part of his life, and for a few years prior to his death in 1882, he made his home with his son

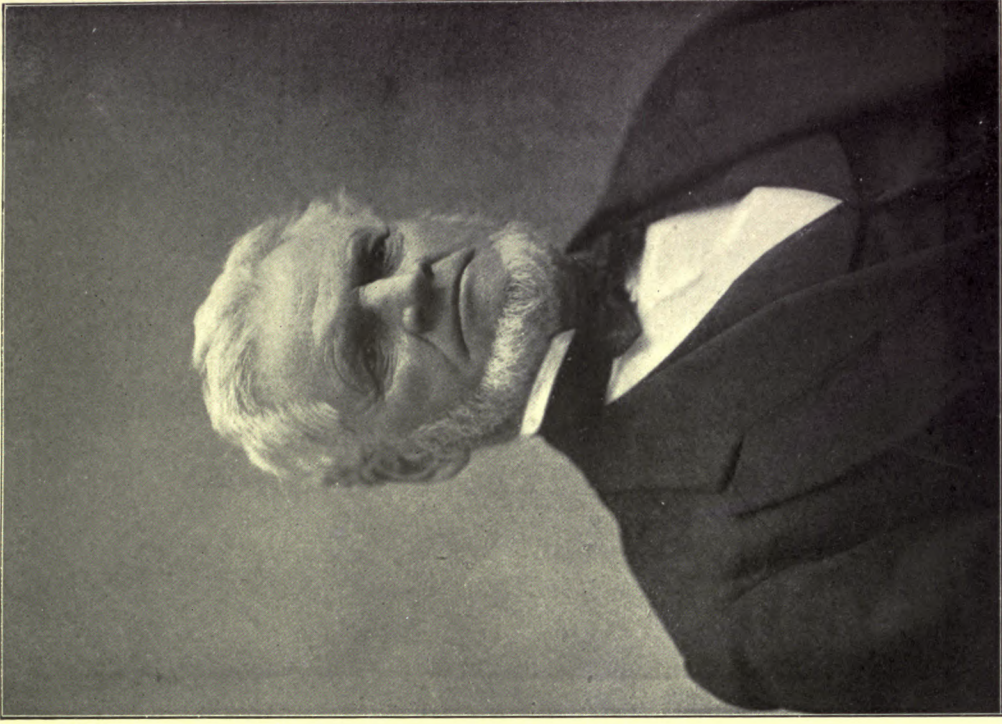
the Doctor, and there his death occurred. Nathaniel Pearson was a magistrate, and also served as assessor of King township for a number of years. He married Martha Watson, who was born in Pennsylvania in 1802, daughter of William Watson, who moved from Pennsylvania to Aurora, Whitechurch township, and there passed the remainder of his days. Both the Watsons and Pearsons had been followers of William Penn, settling in Luzerne county, Pennsylvania. Nathaniel Pearson and his wife always attended the Old Friends' Meeting. She died in 1869, the mother of children as follows: (1) Thomas settled on the old homestead, where he engaged in farming until his death in 1866. He married a Miss Phelps, of Holland Landing, and left two sons, Thomas and Elijah, residents of the Western States. (2) Hiram lived for some years in the old home in King township, and then removed to Osceola, Iowa, where he now lives retired. He married a Miss Ashton, of Whitechurch, and has four daughters, all of whom are married and settled in Iowa. (3) Elizabeth W., deceased, married Rev. James Caswell, and settled at London, where both died; they left two sons, Nathaniel F., living in Montreal; and T. Edward, of the Methodist Book Room, Toronto. (4) William, who was a miller, died young. (5) Charles was killed during the building of Yonge street, when he was fourteen years of age. (6) Susannah married Rev. Samuel B. Gundy, a minister of the Methodist Church, who settled in Toronto, where he died, and where his widow and family still reside. Their children were: William P., Fred. and Samuel B., all in business in Toronto; Harry W., teacher of classics in Toronto Collegiate Institute; Susanna, widow of T. C. Milligan, a barrister of Toronto; Elizabeth, wife of J. H. Denton, a barrister of Toronto; and Pattie, widow of Fred. W. Scott, of Toronto. (7) Dr. B. F. is mentioned below. (8) Jennie died at Sharon in young womanhood.

Dr. B. F. Pearson received his early educational training in the district schools of King township, and in the grammar school of Newmarket. For some four years he taught schools in County Waterloo, and in 1863 entered Dr. Nelles' office in London, remaining one year. He then entered the medical department of Victoria University, and in 1867 graduated from the medical department of Toronto University. He began the practice of his profession at Queensville, where he has since continued, with the exception of nine years spent in Sharon.

Dr. Pearson was married in October, 1870, to Miss Mary Willson, born in 1849, daughter



J. W. Michael



Richard Michael

of William H. Willson and Sarah Harrison, who came from New York State among the early settlers. In 1879 Dr. Pearson purchased real estate in Queensville, and erected a fine brick home, with every modern improvement, and here Mrs. Pearson died in 1896. Six children were born to Dr. and Mrs. Pearson, namely: (1) Ethel Stuart, married John T. Large, of Boston, Massachusetts, representing George B. Hurd & Son, New York; they have two children, Pearson and Gladys. (2) Evelyn married Theodore G. Empie, E. E., of Wilmington, North Carolina. (3) Marjorie married Thomas P. Stewart, of Toronto. (4) Frederick N. spent four years in South Africa and is now in the service of the Canadian Pacific Railway. (5) Frank W. has been for some time engaged as a resident engineer on the Trans-Continental road. (6) Blanche is a graduate of Newmarket high school.

In politics Dr. Pearson is a Reformer, and has for fifteen years been a member of the school board of East Gwillimbury. He is a member of the Masonic Lodge at Sharon, being secretary thereof; and of the United Workmen of Queensville.

JAMES WILLIAM McMICHAEL, now living retired at No. 160 Borden street, Toronto, is a member of a family long identified with Western Ontario, and a resident of the Queen City for many years.

The McMichael family is of Scotch extraction, and was founded in Canada by George McMichael, the grandfather of our subject. He was born in Glasgow, and when a young man came to Canada, settling in County Norfolk, where he had a government grant of 640 acres of land. Shortly after locating on this land Mr. McMichael returned to Scotland, from which country he went to Pennsylvania, U.S.A., and there married a Miss DeMott. During his residence in Pennsylvania ten children were born to him and his wife. Returning to Canada he settled in the bush, his nearest neighbors being eighteen miles distant. The journey from Pennsylvania to Ontario was made with two yoke of oxen. The couple also owned six cows, which were milked, and the milk placed in a churn, the latter being put into the wagon, the joltings of which churned the cream into butter. Mr. McMichael was obliged to go eighteen miles to mill, carrying the corn on his back. Subsequently the top of an oak stump was ground out, and the corn was ground (really pounded) in this. When they reached Hamilton there was but one building there, that being a log tavern. After locating on the bush farm mentioned above they proceeded to hew a home

out of the forest, but Mr. McMichael soon died, and his widow was left alone to rear her family of children. They were: Mary, George, Richard, James, John, Jacob and Daniel (twins), William, Isaac and Aaron.

Of the foregoing family, Richard McMichael was the father of our subject. He was born in 1807, and he died in Waterford, Oct. 15, 1889. He was a farmer of Norfolk County for many years, cultivating the old home farm settled by his father, and was a man prominent in township affairs, being a member of the township and county councils and reeve of the township of Townsend. He was a Reformer in politics, and he and his wife were ardent members of the Baptist Church, which they attended regularly. Richard McMichael married Mahala Perney, who was born in 1811, and who died April 10, 1893. Their children were: Letitia, deceased, married Warner Nellis, and left three children, Richard, Mary and Lena; Charity is the widow of Stephen Fairchild, and has children, Melvin, Anna, May, Harry, and Charlie; James W.; Jonathan lives at Kalamazoo, Michigan. Alexander makes his home at Waterford; Calvin is deceased; Elizabeth is the wife of Alexander McKirlie; Josephine, deceased, married Robert Lutes; and Orpha died unmarried.

James W. McMichael was born in Norfolk County, July 4, 1834, and there grew to manhood and received his education. He married Miss Matilda Barber, who was born in Norfolk County in 1836, daughter of Moses and Nancy Barber, and after their marriage Mr. and Mrs. McMichael settled on a farm in Norfolk County, which Mr. McMichael conducted for many years. He also sold organs and pianos and taught music, and in 1872 located in Toronto, where for some time he was engaged in building and in selling property, also conducting a real estate office, but he is now retired from active business. Mr. and Mrs. McMichael have no children. They are members of the Presbyterian Church, which they attend regularly and support liberally. In political matters Mr. McMichael is connected with the Reform party. Fraternally he is identified with the Masons.

MOSES BARBER, for many years a farmer of Norfolk County, Ont., and a Christian worker whose usefulness extended over a long period, is still held in loving memory in the locality where most of his life was spent. He was a native of the State of New Jersey, born Dec. 29, 1789, at Schooley's Mountain, in Morris county, and was a son of Samuel Barber. The father was born Jan. 29, 1753, and brought his family to Canada in the year 1800. They settled on a farm near the village of Waterford,

and Samuel Barber purchased the Waterford Mills. He had been a merchant in his old home in New Jersey, whither he returned to settle up his account, and having finished his business he started back to Canada. He was last seen near Niagara, and nothing was ever afterward heard of him. Travelling in those days was attended with danger as well as hardship, and travellers known to have money in their possession were never safe on the road. As Mr. Barber must have had considerable, it is supposed that he was murdered and robbed. In consequence of his untimely death the family, a large one, were obliged to give up the mill, and they had to battle unaided against privation amid unfamiliar scenes. Samuel Barber married Abigail Cosad, who was born July 11, 1758, and to them were born twelve children, as follows: Elizabeth, Feb. 8, 1778; Mathias, Dec. 14, 1779; John, April 19, 1781; Daniel, Dec. 2, 1782; Jane, Sept. 27, 1784; Mary, Jan. 16, 1786; Aaron, Dec. 9, 1787; Moses, Dec. 29, 1789; Miriam, April 8, 1792; Elisha, May 11, 1794; Samuel, May 26, 1796; Jacob, July 2, 1797.

Moses Barber was a boy when the family moved to Canada. On July 7, 1811, he married Nancy Nelles, who was born May 18, 1792, in the village of York, and died Feb. 27, 1873, aged eighty years, nine months, nine days. They raised a large family, six of whom, three sons and three daughters, survived them. Mr. Barber passed away March 27, 1881, at the age of ninety-one years, two months, twenty-nine days, at the residence of one of his sons, in Townsend Centre, and he was laid to rest in the burying ground at Boston, Ont., on March 29th.

Mr. Barber was long noted for his interest in religious enterprises. He was liberal in his views, but rigid in his own conduct, and he supported Christian institutions of all kinds. Before there were missionary and Bible societies in Canada he aided those in the United States, having been brought to a saving knowledge of Christ in the summer of 1806, through the instrumentality of missionaries from the Shaftesbury Association of the State of New York. On Oct. 21, 1806, he was baptized by the Rev. David Irish and received into the fellowship of the Boston Church, in which he held membership until his death. He was both active and efficient in the work of that church. "Like a solitary tree when all the forest has gone he stood alone, a reminder of a generation gone from earth. On the farms around him he has seen his fellows successively hold possession and pass away, till those who now possess the soil are only connected with the past by a few such links as these. In the church he could go back beyond any living, and tell us that the trials and

triumphs of the past should encourage us to meet with courage present difficulties, and ultimately share in the final victory. While he lived, the church, though old for the country, might justly claim to still maintain her youth, for our brother was admitted a member in the second year of her existence. Now he has departed, she flies back into the past by many generations, and at once becomes venerable with age."

Mrs. Mary Johnston, who died Sept. 8, 1859, at Boston, Ont., in the eighty-eighth year of her age, had a remarkable experience as a prisoner among the Indians in her early life, an account of which was published at the time of her death.

"Mary Sitts was born of pious parents, at Fort Plain, New York, in May, 1772. At the age of seven years she was captured by a band of hostile Indians, taken from her home and friends, and by them brought to the forests of Canada, bordering upon the Grand river, her friends, at the time of her capture, barely escaping with their lives. She was held by them a number of years, during which time she frequently came near starving to death. On one occasion they threatened to kill her, and inflicted a deep gash in her head, the pains and marks of which followed her to the grave. After years of suffering and privation, never expecting to see home or friends again, she was at length rescued from captivity by Captain Nelles, then living near the Grand river, where she once more found a home and friends. In 1795 she was married to George Cunningham, and settled at Boston, then a dense forest. Her husband was accidentally killed while aiding a neighbor in raising a building, and Mary was left to struggle alone with six small children to support. But being a woman of strong constitution, untiring industry, and indomitable will, aided with the blessing of God, she surmounted all obstacles, and saw her children grow to manhood honored and respected. Her son Henry was, for many years, a useful and zealous minister of the gospel in these parts. Her son William was an efficient and pious deacon. Both have gone to rest. Two of her remaining sons still hold the same office in the church of her choice. It was in her widowhood, in November, 1809, she sought the Lord with all her heart, and He delivered her from all her fears—she sought and found a place among the little band of Christ's followers in this place, and was baptized into the fellowship of the church by Elder Fairchild. She maintained a Christian walk, and kept her place with God's people till called to join the church above. Her home was long the home of God's people, for there they met to worship Him ere a sanctuary was built for his

praise. Being a person of remarkable sympathy and kindness, she spent much time in visiting the sick and dying, and was not unfrequently instrumental in restoring them to health again. During that dark day when our shores were invaded and plundered by a foreign foe she cheered the hearts of both officers and men by providing for their bodily wants. She was even permitted to revisit the home of her childhood—not more to the astonishment of her friends than as though one had arisen from the grave to be their guest and child. The meeting was touching indeed, and the kind providence of God acknowledged both in her deliverance and preservation. She married her second husband, John Johnston, about the year 1810. He was a humble, pious Christian, by whom she had one son, who has long been an honored office-bearer among his brethren. In Christian relationship, what a striking contrast between the little captive maid of seven years and the aged 'mother in Israel,' surrounded with more than a hundred relatives—even down to the fifth generation—all respectable and mostly wealthy members of society; and, better than this, the most of them trying to walk in the fear of God and in the comfort of the Holy Ghost. And what a striking illustration of the words of the Psalmist: 'I have been young, but now I am old, yet have I not seen the righteous forsaken, nor his seed begging bread. . . . A crowd followed her remains to the grave. All felt that they had lost a friend; and of her, as of Mary of old, it shall be said, She hath done what she could.'

Mrs. Johnston was a member of the Boston Baptist Church, referred to several times in the preceding article.

JOHN E. HUGHES, town clerk of Newmarket, County York, was born in Tecumseth, County Simeoe, Oct. 20, 1856, a son of Elwood and Sarah (Bogart) Hughes, members of pioneer families of County York. The parents of Mr. Hughes were both born in County York, the father in 1820 and the mother in 1824. Elwood Hughes was a son of Ellis and Mary Hughes, both of whom were born in 1782, at Cape May, New Jersey. Ellis Hughes came to Canada with his parents in 1819, after residing in Pennsylvania for some years.

On the maternal side the grandparents were John and Catherine (Wilson) Bogart, the former of whom was born in 1789 and the latter in 1790. In 1800 they came to County York and settled in Whitehureh township, near the present town of Newmarket, on Crown lands, where they lived out their days, becoming identified with the progress and development of this sec-

tion. After many years of hard work John Bogart retired, and he died in old age at Newmarket, respected by all who knew him.

Ellis Hughes, the paternal grandfather, emigrated to Canada with his family and household goods in a great covered wagon. By trade he was a hatmaker, but he doubtless found in the new home that he could work at his trade as a side issue and meantime acquire a large lauded property by turning his attention to agriculture. He purchased land in King township and made there a permanent home, on which he died in 1867. His wife died in 1877. They were the parents of twelve children who lived to reach maturity, namely: Seth, born in Pennsylvania, died in Michigan. Whilden, born in Pennsylvania, was reared in Canada; he married and moved to Janesville, Wisconsin, where he became a prosperous stock farmer and died, leaving a wife and family. James P., born in Canada, married and settled as a saddler at Newmarket, then studied dentistry and removed to Bloomfield, Iowa, where he practiced until his death in 1904; he left two children, Dr. Ernest, of Des Moines, and Ada, who is the wife of J. F. Johnston, of Bloomfield, Iowa. William C. was born and married in County York, where he engaged in business for some years, but later removed to Toronto, where he lived retired until his death, in 1904. Charles W., born in County York, married and settled on the old homestead until 1874, when he moved to Niles, Michigan; there he followed farming until his death, in 1885; he left a wife and family, and two of his granddaughters were victims of the Iroquois theatre fire in Chicago—the children of Dr. Oakey, of that city, who also perished. George L., a saddler by trade, settled in King township, where he died in 1902, leaving one daughter. Etha is unmarried. Susannah, born in Pennsylvania in 1814, was the wife of Samuel Kilbun, and settled at Lansing, Michigan, where she died, leaving four children, one of whom, Samuel, is a very prominent lawyer there. Jane, born in 1817, was the wife of Robert Irwin, of Aurora, where he was a flour miller. Elwood, born in 1820, is mentioned below. Melissa, born in 1828, died at Bloomfield, Iowa. Harriet, born in 1833, died at Bloomfield, in 1884.

Elwood Hughes, father of John E., was the third son and sixth member of the above family. He left home when quite young and entered the employ of the late Charles Doan, of Aurora, who was then engaged in a mereantile business at Sharon. Later he had charge of a store at Mono Mills for James Smith, and for some time officiated as deputy sheriff for County Simeoe, under Sheriff Walker Smith. After

his marriage he opened a store at Penville, from which place he removed to Newmarket in the spring of 1853, and there conducted a general store on Prospect avenue. In 1860 Mr. Hughes moved down to Main street, occupying the building next door south of Broughton's drug store. Four years later he sold out, and he lived retired thereafter until his death, Nov. 28, 1895, at his town residence. He was a man of sterling integrity and of quiet disposition, and was respected by everybody. For over forty years he was a useful and worthy member of the Methodist Church and for years was a devoted class-leader. His standing was so good in his religious connection that he was chosen for responsible office. He was a member of the board of trustees during the building of the present edifice and the other members of the board testified to their appreciation of his help when they reverently laid a beautiful wreath on his coffin. For a period of seventeen years he was pew steward, was financial secretary for a long time, for the Quarterly board, and at all times was liberal, charitable and just. No less was he valued in public life. For eighteen consecutive years he was town collector, and he held other offices of trust, and his fellow officials, meeting in sorrow after his death, framed resolutions of esteem, respect and confidence.

In 1851 Mr. Hughes married Miss Sarah Bogart, daughter of John Bogart, Esq., of Whitechurch township. She still survives, residing with their only child, John E. Hughes, in the comfortable family home in Newmarket. Her health is not of the best.

John E. Hughes attended the town schools, his education including a high school course. He very early began to make himself useful in his father's store, but when he entered upon a regular business career he engaged with the Harrison & Davidson Company, general merchants, with whom he continued several years. He then engaged with Danford, Roach & Co., and remained with that firm for ten years. In 1902 Mr. Hughes engaged at office work with the firm of William Cane & Sons, manufacturers of woodenware, and remained with them until 1904, when he was appointed clerk of Newmarket, in which position he is still serving with ability. In 1897 he was elected a member of the council of Newmarket and filled the duties of that office until his appointment as clerk, and he also acts as town treasurer. He is one of Newmarket's most popular as well as enterprising citizens and is a worthy representative of the two honorable old families from which he came.

Mr. Hughes belongs to the Masonic fraternity, being a member of Tuscan Lodge, No. 99, and

Doric Chapter, No. 60, at Newmarket, a Knight Templar and a Shriner. He belongs also to the I.O.O.F.—Pyramid Lodge, No. 156; Newmarket Encampment, No. 32; and Newmarket Canton, No. 3, Uniform Rank.

JOHN JAMES MAGEE, B.A., well known as an educator of Ontario for many years, died at Napanee, April 4, 1891. He was born in County Cavan, Ireland, in 1844, son of James and Mary (Kellett) Magee, also natives of Ireland, who were the founders of this family in Canada, coming hither in the latter part of 1844, and settling in Bradford. Mr. Magee was engaged in farming there, and there he and his wife died in the faith of the Presbyterian Church. Their children were: Charles, deceased; Thomas, of Toronto; and John James.

John James Magee was less than one year old when his parents came to Canada, and in Bradford he received his early literary training. Later he graduated with the gold medal from the Barrie grammar school, and after completing his studies he began teaching, first in the Bradford high school, and later at Newburgh, where he remained until 1869. In that year he removed to Toronto in order to complete his studies, and entered the University of Toronto, from which he was graduated, with honors in mathematics, in 1871, with the degree of B.A. Mr. Magee then went to Napanee, where he taught for a number of years, and later removed to Uxbridge and thence to Port Hope. At the latter place his health failed and he went back to Toronto, where he remained but a short time, however, returning to Napanee, where he continued until his death.

In 1882 Mr. Magee married Miss Mary Caton, born in Hngerford, Ont., a descendant of a United Empire Loyalist, William Caton, who founded the family in Canada, coming hither from the States at the time of the American Revolution and settling at Kingston, where he died. Here his son, Archibald Caton, was born, he being the first white child born in Kingston. He was the grandfather of Mrs. Magee. Archibald Caton and his wife, Mary McKim, had the following children: William, Miles and Allan. Of this family William Caton, the father of Mrs. Magee, was born at Napanee in 1811, and was there engaged in farming all of his life. Mr. Caton was a prominent man in municipal matters in his township and county for a number of years, serving as reeve and councillor for a long period. He married Miss Phoebe Denison, and their children were: Nathan, of Napanee; Maria, wife of Rev. W. J. Young; Lydia, wife of James Bowerman; Hester, wife of James Weeks; and Mrs. Magee.

Mr. and Mrs. Magee were the parents of two daughters: Kellett, of Toronto; and Phoebe Magee, B.A., University of Toronto, 1905. In religious matters Mr. Magee was a Presbyterian. In politics he was in sympathy with the Reform party.

ALEXANDER McCLELLAND (deceased). Among the names of the pioneer teachers of Toronto may be mentioned that of the late Alexander McClelland, who was born in 1819, in County Tyrone, Ireland, son of Thomas and Jane (McKeogn) McClelland, natives of the Emerald Isle, in which country they died.

Alexander McClelland was educated for the ministry, but on locating in Toronto, in 1844, engaged in teaching, which calling he pursued for a number of years, during which time he invested and became largely interested in real estate in Toronto. After giving up teaching Mr. McClelland served the city of Toronto as city assessor for some time, and after his term of service was over he retired from active life to look after his own interests. He was a leading member of the Presbyterian Church. In politics he was a Conservative. His death occurred in 1886, in Toronto, where his entire active life had been spent, and where he had made warm and lasting friends.

Mr. McClelland and Miss Elizabeth McClelland were united in marriage in Toronto. Mrs. McClelland was born in County Tyrone, Ireland, in 1818, and came to Toronto in 1849. She was well educated in her native land, and on coming to Toronto became a teacher, following the profession for a number of years. Mrs. McClelland, who is still residing in Toronto, is the oldest living teacher of the Queen City, and although past the eighty-ninth milestone in life's journey is in full possession of all of her faculties. After the death of her husband she took the management of his city property, and like her husband sold and bought, and built and repaired buildings and property. So carefully did she follow the execution of his plans that on an occasion, when a contractor had gone contrary to her desires, she ordered the work taken down and put up according to stipulations, and the contractor, seeing that she was fully acquainted with her business, made no further move or attempt to dodge the letter of the contract.

To Mr. and Mrs. McClelland were born the following children: Rev. Thomas James, born in Toronto, was a well-known Presbyterian preacher, and died in 1891; he married Matilda Arthur, by whom he had one son, Arthur. Alexander, of Toronto, married Lizzie Bailey, and has four children, Alexander, Donald, Florence

and James. Lizzie is the widow of James O'Hara, of Toronto. Sarah L. cares for her mother. Mrs. McClelland is a member of the Presbyterian Church. She is one of the oldest ladies of the Queen City, in which she has spent so many years, and through her kind, gentle heart has won many friends.

EDWARD TERRY was born in 1840 in the village of Wye, Kent, England, and died in Toronto Oct. 19, 1903. He was descended from ancestors who fought under Cromwell.

Although only sixteen years of age when leaving his native country Mr. Terry retained many of the characteristics of a typical Englishman of the better class. He was plain and outspoken, but of a genial and kindly disposition, which endeared him to all with whom he came in contact, as one who never turned his back on a friend, however humble, and who gave freely of his counsel and substance to the poor and needy. He was a splendid specimen of physical manhood, who did not spare himself in his efforts to uplift his fellowman.

In religion Mr. Terry was a staunch Methodist, and brought his great business ability to bear in the interests of that church. He was a local preacher of note, on the West York circuit, and ably filled positions on the Quarterly Board and as superintendent of Sunday-school for years and trustee of the Spadina Avenue Church, now known as the Broadway Tabernacle. In 1882 Mr. Terry removed to Parkdale, and in 1899, associated with his brother-in-law, Mr. E. G. Kinzinger, and others, he was mainly instrumental in the foundation of the St. Alban's Church, in North Parkdale, and took an active interest in its welfare to the end.

In politics Mr. Terry had strong Liberal leanings, but the sturdy, independent spirit of his Puritan ancestors that was in him prevented him from supporting any measure that had not his unqualified approval. He was a prominent member of the Masonic and other fraternal societies, and in public affairs, as a resident of Parkdale, he held office as reeve until the annexation of that suburb to Toronto. He was also a member of the York County Council for many years.

In 1856 Mr. Terry landed in New York, but finding his surroundings uncongenial early in 1857 removed to Toronto and established himself at the corner of George and Front streets, as a dealer in builders' supplies. He was successful in his operations, and by strict integrity and attention to business earned for himself an enviable reputation among Toronto's substantial and reliable merchants. The business thus

founded is now being successfully continued under the management of his son, William B. Terry.

In 1861 Mr. Terry was united in marriage to Miss Christine (daughter of Jacob and Sarah Cannon) Kinzinger, who was born in London, England, in 1842. The Kinzingers were of an old Essex family who came to Toronto from England in 1856. To this union were born seven children, viz.: Lizzie (Mrs. Charles Hall), Minnie (Mrs. J. A. Austin), Edward (deceased), Fanny G., William B., Horace Jeffrey and Ethel.

None more than he was nobler in

That best portion of a good man's life,
The little, nameless, unremembered acts
Of kindness and of love.

CHARLES SHARPLEY, a well-known market gardener and florist of Bracondale, Ont., was born in Lancashire, England, Sept. 10, 1854, son of Benjamin and Mary A. (Reve) Sharpley, both natives of England. Benjamin Sharpley being born in Yorkshire in 1832, and his wife in Middlesex in 1823.

Benjamin Sharpley and wife were married in England, and in 1857 crossed the ocean in a sailing vessel, being five weeks on the water. Upon their arrival in Canada, they settled in Toronto, where Mr. Sharpley followed his trade of carpenter and contractor. Later he started a carriage manufactory on Yonge street, where, with his son, Charles as a partner, he carried on the business until his death in 1898. He and his wife were members of the English Church, of which he was an active choir member. Mr. Sharpley was a Liberal in politics. Two sons were born to him and his wife: Charles and James.

Charles Sharpley was educated in the schools of Toronto, after leaving which he learned the carriage building and carpenter's trade under the tuition of his father, while yet a young man becoming a member of the firm of Sharpley & Sons, where he remained until his father's death. The business was then sold, and he engaged in gardening. In 1889 he erected his beautiful brick residence and fine hot-houses.

Mr. Sharpley was married in June, 1885, to Miss Mary Jane Burbidge, of Scarborough, Canada, born in 1864, eldest daughter of Robert Burbidge, who came from England to that place, where he resided until his death, his wife and large family still surviving him. To Mr. and Mrs. Charles Sharpley have been born eight children: Ella Mary Jane, born in 1888, who married Sept. 5, 1906, W. B. Morrison, of County York; Eva May, born in 1890; Jessie L., born in 1892; Frederiek C., born in 1894; Mable, born in 1897, who died in May, 1897, aged two months, eleven days; Stella S., born in 1899;

Elsie L., born in 1901; and Reta E., born in 1903.

Mr. Sharpley was one of the founders, and is an active member of Zion Methodist Church of Bracondale, where he has been a trustee for a number of years and a teacher in the Sabbath-school. He has always supported the Conservative party. He is a member of the Sons of England, Yarmouth Lodge; Foresters of Toronto, Court Bathas Lodge, No. 479; the daughters of England, Duchess of Kent Lodge; and Northern Star, No. 778, I.O.L. Mr. Sharpley served six years as a cavalryman in the King's service under Captain Dunn, B Squadron, Lieut.-Col. G. T. Denison, commanding; the last named is now chief magistrate of Toronto.

WILLARD. In the year 1832 William Willard came with his family to Canada from Dorking, Surrey County, England. He was born in 1787, and was therefore about forty-five years of age when he left the old sod to found a new home in the new country. They stayed for a short time in Hamilton, Ont., and then settled in Beverly township, County Wentworth, on a farm. In the old country Mr. Willard had worked as a carpenter, and for a time he followed that trade in Canada before purchasing the 100 acres of land in Beverly, on which he settled. His children were: Maria, who married Mr. Worstfold, and moved to Strathroy, Ont.; William, James, George, David and Charles, who all settled on farms in Beverly township; John, who settled in Parkhill; Henry, who went to Michigan; and Charlotte, who married John Proctor, and located in the State of Michigan. William Willard, the father, died at the age of seventy-four years.

William Willard, the son, was seventeen years of age when the family came to Canada. He, too, followed the carpenter's trade, and for years was instrumental in helping the pioneers build their homes. He helped to build the first church in Beverly township. In 1839 he married Abigail Smith, who was then seventeen years of age, and a member of a family that moved from the State of Vermont to Erie County, Pennsylvania, and from there to Canada. Mrs. Willard had many thrilling experiences in the early days, and was several times chased by bears, and once, when her husband was in Dundas on business, nearly lost her life by being chased by wolves, and being obliged to seek shelter with neighbors. Their children were: Joel, who married and moved to Vancouver, B.C.; William, who went to Galt; John, who moved to St. Mary's; Smith, who located in Toronto; Frank, who died in Toronto, in September, 1905; Abner and George Washington, of

Toronto; and Hattie, who married Wren Saeger, and lives in Galt. The father of these children was a member of the Methodist Church for over forty years, and was active in its work in his younger days. He lived to attain the advanced age of eighty-four years. Both William Willard and his father, William, Sr., were staunch Conservatives, and in 1837 enlisted and were called out to the defence of the government against the rebellion of William Lyon Mackenzie.

William Willard, second son of his father and the third to bear the name, was born in March, 1842, and remained on the farm until he was fifteen years of age, when he began to learn the tailoring trade at Branchton. At the age of seventeen he went to Galt, and with the exception of a couple of years has resided there ever since. On Aug. 12, 1864, he married Mary Hambly, daughter of Charles Hambly who came from Devonshire, England. To this union children as follows were born: James Charles, Abigail J., Elizabeth A., William (who died young), Walter T., William R., Maye M., and Edith (who died young). In 1879 Mr. Willard established his tailoring business, which he has continued up to the present time (1907). In his religious faith he is a Methodist, but in his political principle he has departed from the teachings of his father and is a Liberal.

JAMES CHARLES WILLARD, eldest son of William Willard of Galt, was born in the city of Galt, Oct. 30, 1864. Until 1889 he made his home in his native town, and there learned the tailoring business. In that year he moved to Toronto Junction, and began business on his own account, in which he has been very successful. He has accumulated considerable central property in both Toronto Junction and the City of Toronto. In 1889 he married Selena Peardon, eldest daughter of Richard Peardon, of Bowmanville, Ont., by whom he had two sons, namely: James Harold, born July 6, 1892; and William Hartley, born Oct. 6, 1894. Mrs. Willard passed away Sept. 14, 1897, after eight years of happy wedded life. Mr. Willard married (second) Nettie Florence Beswick, eldest daughter of Richard and Clara Beswick, and to this union have come two children: Arnold Vallance, born Aug. 14, 1899; and Edith Audrey, born Feb. 18, 1906. Mr. and Mrs. Willard are both members of Victoria Presbyterian Church, Toronto Junction.

W. T. WILLARD, son of William and brother of James Charles, was born June 17, 1875, in Galt, where he received a public and high school education. At the age of fourteen he left the Collegiate Institute and started to learn tailoring with his father. At the end of five years, having decided he did not care for the tailor's

trade, he returned to school, and in 1895 matriculated at the Royal College of Dental Surgeons. While out of school he had taken a four years' reading course in the Chautauqua Literary and Scientific Circle. In the fall of 1895 he entered the office of Dr. S. Moyer at Galt as a student, and after spending three and one-half years in the study of his profession he graduated in the spring of 1899. Immediately after his graduation he opened an office in Toronto Junction.

On July 5, 1905, Dr. Willard was united in marriage with Miss Hilda Mae Logan, of Bowmanville, who was born in London Aug. 9, 1880, daughter of Edward H. and Laura Logan. Mrs. Willard lived in her native city until she was five years of age, when her father died. Edward H. Logan was born at Thorndale, Ont., July 31, 1844, son of James Logan, who came from Ireland, and at the age of nineteen left home to go into the grocery business at London, in which he continued as long as he lived. Mrs. Laura Logan was born at Bowmanville, Feb. 28, 1853, daughter of the late Samuel McMurtry, who came from County Carlow, Ireland. Both the Doctor and his wife are members of Victoria Presbyterian Church.

JOHN KAY MACDONALD, though not born in Canada, has spent the greater part of his life there, having come to this country at the early age of nine years. He was born October 12, 1837, in Edinburgh, Scotland, of Highland parents, the youngest son in a family of ten children—five sons and five daughters. His father was Donald Macdonald, second son of Benjamin Macdonald, of Forsee, Caithnessshire. His mother was Elizabeth MacKay. His parents left the North at a comparatively early period after their marriage and went to Edinburgh, where the father engaged in mercantile pursuits till 1843, when with his eldest son, James, he left for Canada, his second son, Benjamin, having preceded them. The subject of this sketch, together with his brother Daniel (now of Winnipeg), and two sisters, Mrs. A. McLean Howard and Mrs. Andrew McBeath, followed in August, 1845. The father had settled on a farm in the County of Peel, where he continued to reside until his death in 1861, and thither the little group of four found their way in due course. Benjamin continued to reside on the old homestead until his death; he was survived by his widow, four sons—William Campbell (late of the Highlands), Donald J., James A. and George—and two daughters—Jean and Wilhelmine.

Mr. John Kay Macdonald spent some years on the farm. He attended the public school and afterward the Weston Grammar School, com-

pleting his education by one session at Knox College, at the same time taking certain classes at the University, intending to enter the ministry of the Presbyterian Church. Immediately following the close of the session he entered, as assistant to the late James Scott Howard, the office of treasurer of the United Counties of York and Peel. While not abandoning the idea of entering the ministry and becoming a missionary, he continued for between two and three years in that position, till on the death of Mr. Howard, in February, 1866, he was himself appointed treasurer of the Counties of York and Peel. This office he held until Peel was formed a separate county, and he has continued as treasurer of the County of York ever since—a period of forty-one years.

The evident leadings of Providence and the ample opportunities afforded him for religious and philanthropic work reconciled him to the giving up of the ministry. He has been closely identified with various philanthropic and religious movements in and around Toronto. He is one of the few survivors who brought the Toronto Y.M.C.A. into existence, and with this he was a very active worker for years until others came who were capable of taking hold of it. Since then he has given his services to other causes, amongst them the Upper Canada Bible Society and the Upper Canada Religious Tract and Book Society. For thirty years he was the honorary secretary of the Tract Society, and for ten years its president. He was a member of the Board of the Upper Canada Bible Society for thirty-five years, and for a number of years a vice-president and its treasurer. He withdrew from these positions some years ago.

Mr. Macdonald has been identified with various interdenominational movements, such as the Ontario Sabbath School Association, of which he was president, and the Ontario Lord's Day Alliance, was its first president, holding that office some four years, and was again pressed to accept the position on the death of the late Principal Caven. He is an active elder in the Presbyterian Church, and has been a constant worker in the Sabbath-school and Bible class. He has given more than twenty years of service as convener of the Assembly's committee on the Aged and Infirm Ministers' Fund, and his untiring efforts have resulted in securing largely increased benefit to the retired ministers of the Church. He has served the church in several ways, as a member of Knox College board and otherwise; was an active mover in bringing into existence St. Andrew's Boys' College, and one of its mainstays. In his absence, and without his consent, he was

made President, and he has continued to hold the office with some reluctance.

In politics Mr. Macdonald is a Conservative, though independent in his views, holding that principle, not policy, should guide. This side of his character is indicated by his connection with the Canada First movement at a time when, in his judgment, political leanings should be laid aside and the country's real good sought. His views are indicated by the motto proposed by him for the new party, which was carried by a majority vote, though in his absence was again brought up and Canada First substituted—"Canada not Faction." This will be found appended to the Declaration of that party. Subsequently his views led him to take a leading part in the Equal Rights movement, of which he was at first vice-chairman and afterward chairman. His relationship to the Confederation Life Association is well known from ocean to ocean. Its organizer and its guide during the thirty-five years of its existence, he has a right to feel gratified at the enviable position it has reached.

Mr. Macdonald married Charlotte Emily, youngest daughter of the late Col. C. S. Perley, and she passed away Aug. 24, 1902. To this union were born three sons and one daughter, namely: John Perley, who met his death through an unfortunate accident; Rev. Donald Bruce, LL.D., Principal of St. Andrew's College; Charles Strange, who is in the office of the C. L. A.; and Charlotte Helen, who is with her father endeavoring to fill her mother's place in the home.

R. G. BARRETT, a venerable member of the Ontario Bar, to which he was admitted over fifty years ago, is a native of England, born in London, Nov. 26, 1822, son of Michael Barrett, a well-known barrister of his day.

Michael Barrett married Miss Frances Scott, and in 1834 came to Ontario, locating first in Toronto, where he was returning officer for St. George's Ward. Shortly after settling in Toronto, he decided to locate in the United States, and accordingly went to Natchez, Mississippi, where he died in 1845, in the prime of life. His children were: Dr. Michael, for thirty years master of the Upper Canada College, a medical practitioner of note, and the founder of the Woman's Medical College at Toronto, one of the first in the Province; Henry, a mariner; R. G.; Mrs. Georgina Frances Devlin, of Yazoo; and William, who was killed in the war of the Rebellion in the United States.

R. G. Barrett went to Caen, Normandy, when five years old, where he remained nine years, acquiring a substantial knowledge of the French



R. G. Barrett

language. In 1830, Mr. Barrett saw the excitement at Caen incident to the passing of King Charles X. of France, at the time of his banishment. In 1836 our subject went to New York, making the trip on the old "City of London," the journey taking nine weeks. Very soon after landing in New York he went to Goderich, Ont., and then to Penetanguishene, where he remained until 1837. He then walked to Newmarket, County of York, at which place his brother, the Dr. Barrett mentioned above, was master of the grammar school. From Newmarket he came on horseback to Toronto, and then went to the Southern States with his father. There he remained until 1844, when he returned to Toronto, and was employed as a teacher in the old district grammar schools. Soon after returning to Toronto, Mr. Barrett took up the study of law, and in 1852 was called to the Bar. He went to Hamilton, where he practised until 1854, returning to Toronto in that year, and there he has resided ever since. Not a man is now living on Bloor Street who resided there at the time of Mr. Barrett's location. In addition to his legal practice Mr. Barrett has been identified with a number of enterprises, among which may be mentioned the Queen City Insurance Company, of which he was the first vice-president. He was one of the founders of the Steam Boiler Guarantee Company, and the Rent Guarantee Company, now defunct.

In 1851, Mr. Barrett was married to Rebeeca Bostwick, daughter of the late Lardner Bostwick, a member of the first council of Toronto. To Mr. and Mrs. Barrett were born fourteen children, nine of whom still survive: Frederick Albert, born Feb. 3, 1853, married Emily Roe, and among their children are Edith and Pauline; Ada, born May 7, 1854; Sarah Frances, born June 25, 1855; Robert George, born March 27, 1857; Reuben Alexander, born Feb. 25, 1859; James M., born June 14, 1860; Annie L., born July 22, 1861; Helena, born May 11, 1863; Edwin Hugh, born April 29, 1864; William S., born July 12, 1865; Lardner Bostwick, born June 22, 1867; Edith G., born Oct. 22, 1869; Christina Florence, born May 15, 1871; Edithel Maude, born July 16, 1874. The mother of these children died in August, 1893, in the faith of the English Church, of which church Mr. Barrett is the oldest living member in Toronto. In his political sympathies he is a Conservative. He belongs to the Masonic fraternity. For some time Mr. Barrett has been retired from his legal practice, giving his time and attention to looking after his business investments. Although past the eighty-fourth milestone in life's journey, his mind is as clear and active as ever, and aside from some slight rheumatic trouble he is in the

best of health. He has seen many changes take place in his adopted city, and his reminiscences of early days are both interesting and instructive.

HON. GEORGE W. ALLAN, who passed away at Toronto in July, 1901, was born in this city in 1822, a son of the late Hon. William Allan, a member of the Legislative Council, and his wife, Leah (Saville) Allan, the latter a member of a well-known family of County York.

Hon. Wm. Allan was born in Huntly, Scotland, and was sixteen years of age when he came to Montreal, removing later to Toronto. He was one of the foremost men of the city in his day and generation and was interested in all the enterprises organized to benefit County York and her people. The death of his wife preceded his own, which took place at Toronto in 1853.

The late Hon. George W. Allan was educated in Upper Canada College. He left school to take up arms in defence of his country in the Rebellion of 1837-38, and when peace was restored he resumed his studies, entering upon the study of law at Toronto. He became one of the well-known men of his profession. In 1854 he was elected mayor of Toronto, and he held other offices of distinction. Without his solicitation or knowledge he was appointed from London a commissioner of the Canada Company, an office he held until his death. For many years he was chaneeller of Trinity University.

In 1858 Mr. Allan was elected to the Legislative Council and at Confederation was appointed to the Senate. One of Toronto's most beautiful parks, the "Allan Gardens," was a partial gift by Mr. Allan to the Horticultural Society, but later was deeded to the city. Mr. Allan had numerous interests in the city and like his father before him took pride in the development and progress of Toronto.

Mr. Allan was twice married, first to Louisa M., the third daughter of the late Sir John Beverly Robinson. She was born at Toronto and died at Rome, Italy, in 1852. There was no issue of this marriage. Mr. Allan married second Adelaide Harriet, the third daughter of Rev. Thomas Schreiber and his wife Sarah, the latter being a daughter of Admiral Bingham. This marriage was solemnized in St. James' Church, Piccadilly, London, England.

The father of Mrs. Allan came to Canada in 1852 and settled at Toronto, his home long being known as "Elmsley House." He was the father of fifteen children, thirteen of whom came to Canada, one of these being Collingwood Schreiber, formerly Deputy Minister of Railways and Canals in Canada, and still prominently identified with the government.

The following children were born to Mr. Allan's second marriage: Maude, who married Allan Cassels, a well-known barrister of Toronto, and has one daughter; George M., a barrister of Winnipeg, who is married and has three children; Mary Adelaide, wife of Herbert Harcourt-Vernon; Charles S., who was drowned in Kempenfelt Bay, in 1883, aged eighteen years; Arthur Campbell, an underwriter in London, married to Cecelia O'Driscoll; Frederick Gamble Bingham, married to Jessie Rathburn, daughter of the late Frederiek Rathburn; and Audrey Elizabeth Schreiber, at home.

Mr. Allan was a consistent member of the Church of England. In political opinion he was a Conservative. He was one of the men of whom it may be truthfully said the world became better for his having lived in it. He was held in the highest esteem in every circle and his memory is kept green in a hundred ways.

JUDGE EDWARD MORGAN. His Honor, Edward Morgan, Junior Judge of the County of York, Ont., appointed to the Bench in the year 1885, is an official known far and wide for his able administration of justice and keen insight regarding the duties and responsibilities of his important position. He is a man of strong personality and high ideals, one who has vigorously made his way to an enviable professional standing through hard work and rigid adherence to honorable standards.

Judge Morgan was born in the isle of St. Vincent, British West Indies, June 28, 1838—the day on which Her Majesty, the late Queen Victoria, was crowned. His father, Rev. Edward Morgan, for many years owned and cultivated a sugar plantation on the island, but entered the ministry and was rector of a parish there for many years, coming thence to Canada in 1855. Settling at Barrie, Ont., he was at first assistant, and later rector, of the Church of England at that place, and there he died, in 1887. Edward Morgan received his early education under the tutelage of an educated father, supplementing this foundation by extensive reading and study along general lines. While still in his native isle he acted as overseer of an extensive sugar plantation, and after coming to Canada he entered upon a regular course of preparation for the profession of his choice. He took up the study of law at Barrie with the well-known firm of Boulton & McCarthy, and soon thereafter began practice at Orangeville, where he remained about four years prior to settling in Newmarket, York County. At the latter place he entered into partnership with the late Alfred Boulton, M.P., this relation continuing until Mr. Morgan's appoint-

ment to the Bench, in 1885, he having been called to the Bar in 1878. His services as county judge have added dignity and popularity to a deservedly high reputation won in private practice.

Judge Morgan married Clara M. H. McCarthy, daughter of the late D'Alton McCarthy, Sr., and sister of the late D'Alton McCarthy, K.C., M.P. She passed away in 1903, leaving three daughters: Miss Hope Morgan, who is well-known in musical circles everywhere, her reputation reaching beyond the bounds of her own country; Florence Morgan; and Vera Morgan.

The judge is a member of the Anglican Church. Though nearing the seventieth milestone in the journey of life, he is in the best of health, with the prospect of years of usefulness still before him.

DONALD CAMPBELL MEYERS, M.D., C. M., M.R.C.S., and L.R.C.P., London, England, 1889, and L.C.P. & S., New York, owner and proprietor of a private hospital at Deer Park, Ont., for the treatment of nervous diseases, and the only one for nervous diseases in Canada, enjoys the distinction of being the first physician in the country to establish a hospital for this express purpose.

Dr. Meyers comes of distinguished German ancestors. Adam Henry Meyers, the founder of the family in Canada, and the grandfather of the doctor, was born in Germany in 1780, and died in Trenton, Ont., in 1832. He was an officer in the German army, and after coming to Canada, in 1804, he served in the war of 1812. Purchasing a large tract of valuable timber land near Belleville, Ont., he engaged in the lumber business until the time of his death. On June 27, 1807, Adam Henry Meyers was united in marriage to Miss Maria H. Walbridge, who was born in 1784, daughter of Asa Walbridge, and died in Trenton, Ont., in 1852. They had children: Elijah Walbridge, father of Dr. Meyers; Adam H.; William F., Mrs. H. M. Cochran, wife of Rev. Mr. Cochran, first rector of St. Thomas' Church, Belleville; and Annie, wife of Sheriff Corbett, Kingston.

Elijah Walbridge Meyers was born at Trenton in 1814, and was educated at the Jesuit College in Montreal. On attaining his majority he engaged in the lumber business for some time, and his later years were devoted to looking after his business investments. He served in the Rebellion of 1837-38, and was given the rank of lieutenant-colonel in the Canadian militia. In 1842 he married Sophia Birdsall, who was born at Rice Lake in 1823, daughter of Richard Birdsall, C.E., and a granddaughter of Senator Burnham, member of the first Parliament of Upper Canada. She died in 1893. To her and

her husband were born children as follows: Adam Henry, for some time a barrister in Toronto, where he died in 1892, unmarried; W. F., M.P.P., of the North-West Territory; Robert David, a journalist in Toronto for some time, who married Helen Strong, and left two sons, Louis and Adam Henry; Donald Campbell, the subject of this sketch; and Walter Herbert, of the North-West Territory.

Donald Campbell Meyers was born at Trenton, Ont., in 1863, and his early education was obtained at the high school in Trenton. In 1884 he entered Trinity Medical College, from which he was graduated in 1888. Immediately after graduation Dr. Meyers went to Europe, where he spent four years in the study of nervous diseases, under the leading medical men of England, Scotland, France, Austria, Switzerland and Italy. Returning to his native land he settled in Toronto, in 1892, and for two years was engaged in a general medical practice, having his office on Simcoe Street. In 1894 he established a hospital on Simcoe Street, Toronto, for the treatment of nervous diseases, this being the first hospital in Canada devoted exclusively to that purpose. In 1897 the Doctor purchased his present beautifully located hospital at Deer Park, on the north side of Heath Street. The building is a commodious one, surrounded by a very beautiful and spacious lawn, adorned with beautiful shade trees, and all the environments and the perfect quiet of the place are certainly conducive to the best interests of all patients attending the institute.

On March 24, 1900, Dr. Meyers and Miss Edith A., daughter of Rev. George Burson, of St. Catharines, were united in marriage. To this union have come the following children: Edith, born Jan. 6, 1901; Eleanor, born June 12, 1902; Margaret, born May 9, 1903; Dorothy, born March 29, 1904; and Donald, born Jan. 27, 1907. Dr. and Mrs. Meyers are members of the Church of England. In politics he is a Conservative. He holds the rank of major in the 10th Regiment, Royal Grenadiers.

WILLIAM ALFRED GEDDES passed away June 11, 1901, and his death removed from the business world of Toronto one of its prominent and highly esteemed citizens. Mr. Geddes was born April 3, 1847, near Galt, Ont., son of James Geddes, a native of England.

James Geddes for many years carried on a large plantation in the West Indies, prior to the emancipation of slaves in that region. On leaving the West Indies he came to Canada, remaining for some time in Toronto, and later settling near Galt, where he died. He was a well-educated man, and after settling in Galt did much

work in the line of conveyancing and in other matters pertaining to legal forms. He married Ann Rachel Abbott, also of English parentage, who died in Guelph, and they had the following named children: Catherine, George, Anne, Emily, Mary, Adelaide, James, Harriet and William Alfred.

William Alfred Geddes was born near Galt, and attended the Galt grammar school. He became a mariner and was purser for several years on steamers plying the lakes, after which he went into business at the Geddes dock, at the foot of Yonge Street. There he continued about thirty years, being thus engaged at the time of his death. He was also financially interested in several boats, among which may be mentioned the "Ocean" and the "Persia," and at one time he was a shareholder in the "Cuba," "California," "Rosedale," and others. He was instrumental in the formation of the Marine Association, of which he was an officer, and was a prominent member of the Board of Trade, serving on the harbor commission of that body. In fraternal connection he was a Freemason of high rank. He was a member of the Church of England, and in political sentiment was a Conservative.

In 1871, Mr. Geddes married Miss Matilda J. Trowell, daughter of the late Capt. John and Jane (Holmes) Trowell, the former of whom was born at Swansea, Wales, and on coming to Canada sailed the lakes for many years, his last boat being the steamer "Algerian." He died in Kingston in October, 1891.

To Mr. and Mrs. William Alfred Geddes were born the following children: Emma Abbott; James, deceased; Isabella M., wife of Dr. R. W. Large, a medical missionary of British Columbia, by whom she has had two sons, Richard Geddes and Gordon Cunningham; Emma Charlotte, wife of William Stewart Pridham, who has one son, Alfred Stewart; William Alfred, of Toronto; and Agatha Louisa.

RICHARD B. NEVITT, A.B., M.D., of No. 46 Bloor Street West, Toronto, has been in continuous practice in that city since 1878. Dr. Nevitt is of Welsh extraction, his great-grandfather having emigrated to America from Wales to the United States many years ago.

John Nevitt, father of Richard B., was a prominent business man of Savannah, Georgia, for many years, and there married Miss Mary Tschudi. They had the following children: John, an architect of Savannah, Georgia; Dr. Richard B.; Sarah, who married Wyatt Owen, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; Mary, who married Douglas Flanigan, of Athens, Georgia; and

Louisa, who married Fred Oates, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Richard B. Nevitt was born in Savannah, Georgia, Nov. 22, 1850. In 1868 he entered Trinity College, Toronto, from which he received the degrees of A.B. and M.B. in 1874. From that year until 1878 Dr. Nevitt was surgeon with the mounted police of the North-West Territory, in the latter year returning to Toronto, where he engaged in general practice for some time. Later he turned his attention to surgery, in which he is now extensively engaged. In 1890 Dr. Nevitt attended the International Medical Congress, at Berlin, Germany, and in 1896 made a trip to London, England, for special work in surgery.

On June 22, 1878, Dr. Nevitt married Miss Elizabeth Beaty, daughter of Robert Beaty, of Toronto, and to this union have been born: Rev. Robert Barrington, rector of St. Boniface Church, of St. Catharines, Ont.; Irving, B.Sc., of Toronto University, class of 1904; Mary, B. A., of Trinity College, class of 1902; Adna, B. A., Trinity College, class of 1904; and Riehard and Bertram, students. Dr. and Mrs. Nevitt are members of the Church of England. Fraternally the Doctor is a member of the Orange Lodge and the C.O.O.F., and socially he belongs to the Royal Canadian Yacht Club.

REV. GEORGE MORTIMER came to Toronto about the year 1834, and settled at Thorn Hill, in the County of York, where he was rector of the Anglican Church until his death. His widow died at Thorn Hill about 1860. They had six children, three sons and three daughters. The eldest daughter married Mr. S. Fry, and they are both deceased, as are also the other two daughters, who were never married. Of the sons, the eldest Cecil Mortimer was for many years a resident of Picton, Ont., returning later to England where he died. He had two sons, who are both deceased.

Arthur Mortimer, the second son, was a clergyman at Adelaide for many years, and subsequently died at Toronto. He had four sons and one daughter, all deceased but Charles White, who is British vice-consul at Los Angeles, California.

Herbert Mortimer, the third son, married Miss S. H. Marsh. For some years he farmed near Bondhead, moving into Toronto about the year 1849. There he became a stock broker and notary public. He died in Toronto in 1892. Their family consists of three sons and two daughters, of whom one son and one daughter reside at present in England with Mrs. Mortimer. The others are in Toronto, namely: Mrs. W. T. Boyd; Thomas, who is in the manufacturers'

agency business; and Herbert, who is a chartered accountant.

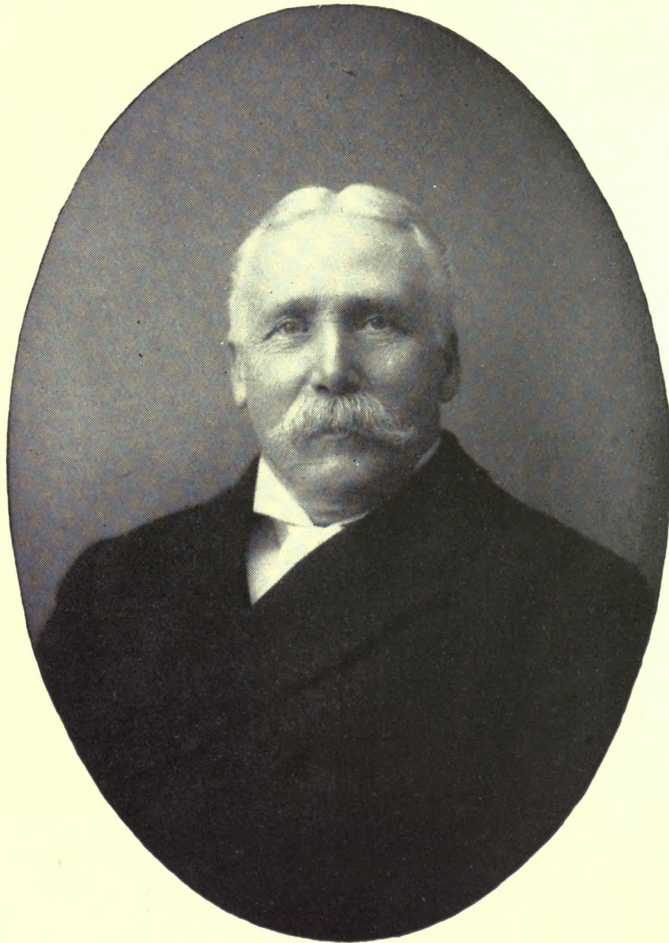
THOMAS DAWSON DELAMERE, M.A., K.C., senior member of the law firm of Delamere, Reesor & Ross, at No. 18 Toronto Street, Toronto, was born in County Down, Ireland, March 25, 1847, son of Dawson Delamere, mention of whom will be found elsewhere.

When Thomas D. Delamere was eight years of age his parents came to Canada, and he was educated at Upper Canada College and Toronto University, from which latter institution he was graduated in 1866 with the degree of B.A., and in 1868 received his M.A. After completing his arts course at the University of Toronto, Mr. Delamere took up the study of law with the late Alexander Leith, Q.C., being called to the Bar in 1870. Soon after he formed a partnership with the late Judge Kenneth MacKenzie, which continued until Mr. MacKenzie was appointed to the Bench. Mr. Delamere is one of the oldest members of the Toronto Bar, and has occupied an office on Toronto Street for more than thirty years. In 1889 he was made a Q.C. Mr. Delamere has taken an interest in military matters and was captain of the University Rifles, No. 9, Queen's Own, with which company he served in the Fenian Raid as corporal.

On June 14, 1888, Mr. Delamere married Mrs. Grace (Biekford) Keefer, widow of the late Ralph W. Keefer, daughter of the late E. O. Biekford, of Gore Vale, Toronto, who came to Canada from the State of New York, where Mrs. Delamere was born. Mr. and Mrs. Delamere have had these children: Beatrice M., Rudolph D., Grace B., Mary E., Harold D. and Thomas D. Mr. and Mrs. Delamere are members of the Church of England. In politics he is a Reformer.

ELI JAMES BARRICK, M.D., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P. & S., London & Edin., is an eminent member of the medical profession, and his reputation extends not only throughout Canada, but also to the United States. His birth occurred in 1838 near Port Colborne, township of Wainfleet, Ontario, where his maternal grandfather, Jacob Ott, a United Empire Loyalist, had settled shortly after the close of the American Revolution.

After receiving his preliminary education in the rural schools of his native locality, Dr. Barrick entered the Normal School at Toronto, where he remained one year and then taught school in the County of Welland for one and a half years. He then returned to the Normal School for another year, receiving the highest certificate granted by the school, and resumed



Yours truly

E. J. Barish

M. D., M. R. C. S., Eng., L. R. C. P. and S. Lon.
and Edin. Toronto, Ont.

teaching in the County of Wellington, Ontario, for three and a half years. During all this time Dr. Barrick had been preparing himself for the practice of medicine and in 1863 he entered the Rolph school, the Medical Department of Victoria University at Toronto, from which he graduated in 1866 with the degree of M.D. The Doctor spent part of the summer of that year in attending the hospitals in New York City, and then went to St. Thomas's Hospital, London, England, and soon after passed the examination for L.R.C.P., Royal College of Physicians of London. In 1867 Dr. Barrick received the degree of M.R.C.S. from Royal College of Surgeons of England, and in the same year went to Edinburgh, Scotland, where he successfully passed the examinations for L.R.C.P. & S., Ed. While in London pursuing his medical studies, Dr. Barrick had the honor of being the first Canadian appointed to the position of Resident Accoucheur at St. Thomas's Hospital, and later as one of the house surgeons. In 1867 Dr. Barrick returned to his native country and was soon elected to the Chair of Demonstrative Anatomy, and shortly afterwards Professor of Midwifery, in his alma mater, in which capacity he served until 1874, when the school was discontinued. During all this time Dr. Barrick engaged in a general practice in Toronto, where he is now one of the oldest medical practitioners. After the dissolution of the school above mentioned, Dr. Barrick became Examiner in Midwifery for Victoria University, and held this position until its federation with Toronto University. In 1885 the Doctor was elected by acclamation as East Toronto's representative in the Ontario Medical Council and was re-elected by acclamation in 1889, serving in that capacity until 1893, when he retired, believing that the honor should go round.

In 1897 Dr. Barrick began active work toward the solution of the problem of preventing the spread of tuberculosis. In 1898 the Toronto Anti-Consumptive League was formed, of which Dr. Barrick has been president ever since. The conclusion of the deliberations of the league were placed before the Canadian Medical Association in a paper read by Dr. Barrick at the annual meeting in Toronto, 1899, and a special committee was appointed to report upon the paper at the next annual meeting. In 1900, at the annual meeting in Ottawa, a report of this committee, endorsing the paper and recommending the formation of the Canadian Association for preventing the spread of tuberculosis, was unanimously adopted. Immediately after the new organization was formed, and provisional officers elected. This was

the beginning of the Canadian Association for the prevention of tuberculosis, so ably presided over by President Senator W. C. Edwards with the active sympathy and support as Honorary President of His Excellency Lord Minto, and now of His Excellency Earl Grey. Dr. Barrick has served on the executive of this association since its formation. The Toronto Anti-Consumptive League was largely instrumental in having the question of \$50,000 for a municipal sanatorium submitted to the Toronto ratepayers in 1904, and in securing a favorable vote thereon.

In March, 1900, Dr. Barrick headed a large deputation of members of the League and other prominent citizens, who waited upon the government and urged for legislation, the outcome of which was an "Act Respecting Municipal Sanatoria for Consumptives."

This Act practically secures government aid of \$4,000 to any municipality towards land and buildings for a municipal sanatorium, and \$1.50 per week for each patient treated therein.

In 1901 Dr. Barrick was elected Vice-President at large of the American Congress on Tuberculosis, and in 1902 was elected second Vice-President of the same organization, of which he was made President in 1903, and as such took an active part in arranging and carrying to a successful issue the American International Congress on Tuberculosis, held at the World's Fair, St. Louis, in 1904, where eminent men, not only of the medical and legal professions, but legislators, sanitarians, philanthropists, etc., discussed the subject of tuberculosis; not so much from a scientific standpoint, as from the practical side of the question, as it affects the whole people.

It is not only in the special line for the good of consumptives that Dr. Barrick has taken an active part, but it is also largely through his efforts as President of the Toronto Ratepayers' Association that the present Board of Control of the City of Toronto was brought into existence, and the new Court of Revision established. The Doctor is a man whose views are broader than any particular profession. He takes in the whole world of suffering humanity, and especially does he believe that the consumptive poor should be cared for, largely at the public expense, and that every precaution should be used to prevent the spread of this disease. This belief is the seed from which has grown the plan of municipal sanatoria for consumptives, as provided for in the Act of 1900 already referred to, and which plan was unanimously endorsed by the American International Congress on tuberculosis held at the World's Fair, St. Louis, in 1904.

In 1870 Dr. Barrick was married to Miss Kate Heal Newcombe, a daughter of William Newcombe and a native of Devonshire, England. Dr. and Mrs. Barrick have two sons, J. Sidney and Ralph N., who are the owners and operators of large tracts of wheat land in Manitoba and Saskatchewan.

Religiously, Dr. Barrick and his wife are members of the Methodist Church and for over thirty years he has been on the Trustee Board of the Metropolitan Methodist Church in Toronto. Politically he is a Liberal-Conservative. During his whole life he has been a total abstainer from tobacco and all intoxicating liquors.

THE GLOBE. It may truthfully be said, and without immodesty, that *The Globe* and the early political history of Canada are inseparably associated. The purpose, in fact, for which the paper was established was to uphold the principle of responsible government which, after a long struggle, was conferred on Canada in 1841. Under the Governor-General, Sir Charles Metcalfe, this was in danger of being sacrificed, and *The Globe* was founded to maintain the ground which had been won with such vigorous effort.

The beginning of *The Globe* dates back to the formative period in the affairs of the Dominion. It was in 1838 that Mr. George Brown had come to New York, then a lad of twenty, with his father, Mr. Peter Brown. Both engaged in newspaper work for a few years, and in December, 1842, they established *The British Chronicle* as the organ of the Scottish population in the United States. As publisher, Mr. George Brown travelled through the northern States soliciting advertisements and subscriptions. In the spring of 1843 he came over to Canada on the same mission. It was the period of the disruption of the Scottish National Church, and both father and son had entered into the dispute on the side of the Free Church. Its adherents in Toronto felt the need of an organ to uphold their interests in opposition to those of the Established Church of Scotland, and proposed that he should undertake the work. Mr. Brown forwarded the proposal to his father in New York, and continued his tour. Upon reaching Kingston, the seat of government, he received overtures which promised better things still. Having come into contact with Samuel Bealey Harrison, then Provincial Secretary for Upper Canada in the Liberal Lafontaine-Baldwin Administration, the political situation was discussed freely.

The Banner STARTED.—Mr. Brown, though only twenty-five, and but a few weeks in this country, had already an astonishing grasp of its political questions, and was himself an advanced Liberal. He was introduced to Mr. Baldwin,

Mr. Hincks and other members of the Administration. Sir Charles Metcalfe had been only about two months in Canada, but those gentlemen whom Mr. Brown met had already anticipated the trouble which followed. It seemed not unlikely that the whole question of responsible government would have to be fought over again, and they were willing to secure the support of another paper. No definite proposals were made, and Mr. Brown continued his tour to Montreal and Quebec. On his return to New York he found various overtures from Kingston and Toronto, and his enthusiasm soon prevailed upon his father to come to Toronto.

The Banner, to which the name of *The British Chronicle* was changed, made its first appearance in Toronto on Aug. 18, 1843. It was above all things the organ of the Free Church party, but it was also a strong supporter of the Administration, which was entering upon its great struggle with the Governor-General as to the true meaning of responsible government. Sir Charles Metcalfe made appointments without consulting the council, his constitutional advisers, and when remonstrated with by the members for so doing declined either to confess that he was in the wrong or to promise that he would not repeat the offence. The ministry resigned and formed themselves into a Parliamentary Opposition. To keep pace with this Opposition, and to give expression to Mr. Brown's own strong views on politics, *The Banner* was found inadequate. Its arguments were addressed chiefly to the Free Church party, and it was felt that there should be a paper above all things political, and the recognized organ of the Reformers. Mr. George Brown was applied to by leading Reformers, and the result was the establishment of *The Globe*.

THE FIRST *Globe*.—The first number of *The Globe*—a weekly, like *The Banner*, which continued to be published for some years by Mr. Peter Brown—was issued on March 5, 1844. In a review of the political history of the Province Mr. Brown presented clearly the infringements of the constitution by Sir Charles Metcalfe, and concluded:—The people must be up and doing—the cause is just. If they now suffer the invaluable principle of responsible government to be taken away, it may be many years and cost them many struggles before it is recovered. The cause we plead is not the cause of party—the battle which the Liberals of Canada have to fight is not the battle of party, but of constitutional right as against the undue interference of executive power.

To promote the practical application of responsible government, the Reform Association of Canada had been formed the previous month.

The Globe strongly endorsed it, and in a few issues later devoted two entire pages to a report of the first general annual meeting, held in Toronto on March 25, 1844. The prospectus of *The Globe*, signed "George Brown, Editor," dealt chiefly with responsible government, but added that every event which might influence the agricultural or commercial interests of Canada would receive earnest attention.

The Globe, Mr. Brown determined, should have an individuality, and with that determination in view he travelled from end to end of the Province, making himself acquainted with the wants and sentiments of the people. In an incredibly short time he knew almost every Reformer worth knowing, *The Globe* became a household word in Upper Canada, and gained a considerable circulation in Lower Canada. It was the recognized organ of the Reform party, but was conducted with an independence, and sometimes an insubordination, that knew no master and would submit to no dictation. The circulation grew rapidly, and it became necessary to issue twice a week in 1846, three times a week, as well as weekly, in 1849, and in October, 1853, it made its first appearance as a daily.

In the meantime Sir Charles Metcalfe had returned to England, but the policy he had striven to maintain was not effectually done away with until the elections of 1847, when it received its death-blow at the polls. To this result *The Globe* contributed much, for Mr. Brown established a western branch in London, and took personal charge for four months of the campaign.

MR. BROWN'S HOUSE ATTACKED.—No legislative act during the existence of the union provoked so much controversy and violence as the passage of the bill in 1849 to provide for the payment of losses sustained during the Rebellion by the loyal inhabitants of Lower Canada. The Tories violently attacked the Governor-General, Lord Elgin, although he had done nothing more than his duty in giving the royal assent to a bill which had passed both Houses. Mr. Brown in *The Globe* and at public meetings made a strenuous defence of the Governor-General, not because he fully approved of the manner in which the measure was promoted, but because he thought the constitutional course of Lord Elgin, in giving his entire support to his advisers on a subject which had already been partially dealt with by the opposite party, should be as vigorously defended as the unconstitutional course of Sir Charles Metcalfe, in refusing the advice of responsible Ministers, was denounced. When the bill was passed the Tory mob in Toronto attacked the private houses of Messrs. Robert Baldwin, W. H. Blake, George Brown, W. Lyon-Mackenzie and others, and threatened

The Globe. In Montreal they pelted the Governor-General with stones and destroyed the Parliament building by fire.

Upon the opening of the Parliamentary session of 1851 various sources of discord appeared among the Government supporters. Some of the party, notably *The Examiner* newspaper, assailed the Ministers for not introducing measures to settle the questions discussed in the elections of 1847. Under the name of Clear Grits they advocated, in addition to the secularization of the clergy reserves, universal suffrage, vote by ballot, free trade and direct taxation, and many other root-and-branch reforms. Some of these measures, notably secularization of the clergy reserves, were advocated by *The Globe*, which continued to give the Government a general support, but the root-and-branch reforms Mr. Brown considered in advance of the times. But the division became so marked that in 1851 both Baldwin and Lafontaine retired from public life, Mr. Hincks became Premier, and there were other changes, the whole effect of which was that *The Globe* withdrew its support. "There is no doubt," wrote Mr. Mackenzie in his life of Mr. Brown, "but that the supineness of the Liberal leaders at this time laid the foundation of the dissensions which were to rend the party asunder at no distant day."

In the general election which followed Mr. Brown offered himself as a candidate, but was beaten in Haldimand. He was subsequently elected for Kent and Lambton, and took his seat at Quebec in August, 1852. He had no sympathy with the Government, and in *The Globe* criticized its measures severely. It was alleged that he was angry because he had not been asked to join the Government, and because *The Globe* was no longer the organ of the Administration. But the truth was that Mr. Brown saw a clear path before him to advocate Reform measures independently of the Government. The Ministry were hostile to dealing with the clergy reserves and other important questions. Mr. Brown was by this time the recognized head of the more advanced wing of the Reform party, but he and his followers had one sentiment in common with Conservatives, namely, hostility to the existing Administration. At the general election of 1854 a great majority of the members elected were opposed to the Government of Mr. Hincks, who retired, and was succeeded by a coalition Government headed by Sir Allan MacNab. This administration *The Globe* opposed as vigorously as the last, and though it bowed to the popular demand and passed a measure handing over the clergy reserves to the various municipal corporations for secular purposes, abundant other material for

criticism was found. "The schism in the Reform ranks continued," wrote Mr. Mackenzie in his life of Mr. Brown, "though events were maturing a feeling in favor of united action and formal organization. Mr. Brown had in several constituencies supported Conservative candidates, who pledged themselves thoroughly in favor of representation by population and of the secularization of the clergy reserves. This in several instances accomplished the defeat of Liberal candidates, who were more or less unwilling to commit themselves to out-and-out measures. It may fairly be questioned whether this course was the best party movement for a leader to take, even under the peculiar circumstances then existing, but if the triumph of righteous principles was the right thing to aim at, there can be no doubt that Mr. Brown's policy was successful. . . . The work he performed in the sessions of 1854, 1855, 1856 and 1857 was far more than any man should attempt. He had noble supporters in the toil in William Lyon Mackenzie and others, whose patriotic efforts for good government will never be forgotten."

THE DOUBLE SHUFFLE.—At the general election of 1857 Mr. Brown was elected in Toronto and North Oxford on the crucial question of representation by population, but when Parliament met the Administration had still a majority of twelve against it. But on the location of the seat of Government at Ottawa the Opposition, led by Mr. Brown, introduced a motion of disapproval, which was carried by fourteen, and the Ministry resigned. Mr. Brown was summoned by the Governor-General, Sir Edmund Head, and formed the Brown-Dorion Administration. This, the shortest Administration in the history of the country, lasted only two days and then was defeated on a motion of non-confidence. Mr. Brown requested the Governor-General to dissolve Parliament, upon the ground that it did not represent the feelings of the country, but Sir Edmund Head declined, alleging that a general election had just taken place, and the Government was compelled to resign. Then occurred the discreditable "double-shuffle." Mr., afterwards Sir A. T., Galt was asked to form a Government, but declined. The Governor-General then asked Mr., afterwards Sir George, Cartier, who, with the assistance of Mr., afterwards Sir John A., Macdonald, formed the Cartier-Macdonald Government. It was much the same as the Macdonald-Cartier which preceded the Brown-Dorion Government. It was little more than an exchange of offices, and would have been free from objection if the members of the Cabinet had returned to their constituents for re-election. They did nothing of the kind. By a clause in the Act to ensure the independence of

Parliament it was declared that a Minister resigning one office and accepting another within a month might continue to retain his office without re-election. This is precisely what the Cartier-Macdonald Cabinet did, but in doing so, though within the letter of the law, they transgressed the spirit of the constitution and the invariable practice in Great Britain. Moreover, Mr. Brown and his colleagues, who had accepted office, were both out of office and out of Parliament.

REPRESENTATION BY POPULATION.—*The Globe* denounced the trick unsparingly, and roused a strong feeling in the country. It is now recognized that the Governor-General, in accepting the resignation of his Ministers and sending for the leader of the Opposition to form an Administration, is committed to give him full confidence. In asking Mr. Brown to undertake the task Sir Edmund Head gave him to understand, as plainly as if he had said it in so many words, that whatever Mr. Brown found necessary should have his support. Lord Dufferin under almost similar circumstances granted Mr. Mackenzie a dissolution in 1873. As a result of *The Globe's* campaign the Independence of Parliament Act was amended to prevent a repetition of such a scandalous abuse.

The Globe, however, continued the agitation for representation by population. The population of Upper Canada in 1858 was estimated at 1,300,000, and that of Lower Canada at 1,000,000, but as each Province had the same number of members, the arrangement meant that 300,000 in the former were not represented. At the request of Mr. Brown a Reform Convention of 570 delegates from both Provinces met in Toronto on Nov. 9, 1859. Two resolutions were passed, the first declaring that the existing legislative union of Upper and Lower Canada had failed to realize the anticipations of its promoters, and in its present form could no longer be continued with advantage to the people, and the second declaring that the remedy for the existing evils would be found in the formation of two or more local Governments, to which should be committed all matters of a sectional character, and in the erection of some joint authority to dispose of the affairs common to all. Mr. Brown who, after the "double shuffle," had been returned again for Toronto, in spite of the desperate efforts of the Cartier-Macdonald Government, moved these resolutions during the next session at Quebec in 1860, and on May 8 both were defeated by large majorities. But the country had not heard the last of them. *The Globe* kept up the demand for reform, and the principles of those resolutions came to be recognized in time as the only ones whereby the Government could be carried on,

and were subsequently embodied in the British North America Act of Confederation.

THOMAS ROBERT GRAVER, who died in Toronto, April 15, 1903, was a well-known hardware man in Ontario for many years. He was born in England in 1848, son of Edward and Elizabeth (Rhymes) Graver, of the same country, and early settlers of Barrie, Ont. Soon after coming to Canada, Edward Graver engaged in the hardware business, in which he continued for many years. He now lives retired in Barrie. His children were: Thomas Robert; Susanna, Mrs. Culverwell; and Sarah, Mrs. Bladen.

After receiving a good education, Thomas R. Graver went into the hardware business with his father at Barrie, under the firm name of Graver & Son, and they carried on a large and successful business for many years, then retired for a number of years, but later re-purchased the business, which they continued until about 1897, when they disposed of it and Thomas R. Graver came to Toronto.

In 1885, Mr. Graver married Miss Margaret McRae, daughter of the late Duncan McRae, M.P.P., for many years a well-known lumberman of North Eldon. Mr. McRae was born in Scotland, and his wife, Maria Dalgleish, in Quebec. After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. McRae settled in the bush at North Eldon, where he engaged in the manufacture of lumber, and meeting with such success that he became one of the lumber kings of Ontario. He represented his riding in the local Parliament or many years, being elected on the Conservative ticket. He and his wife died in 1879. Their children were: Isabella, widow of Alexander Woodson; Susanna, deceased; Margaret, Mrs. Grover; William; John; Maria, wife of James Innis; Andrew, deceased; Agnes, wife of Rev. Dr. Wallis Duncan; Norman; and Walter.

Shortly after their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Graver settled in Toronto, where Mr. Graver engaged in his own business, but after several years returned to Barrie to resume with his father their old business, which was finally disposed of in 1897. He then returned to Toronto, where he continued to reside until the time of his death. In politics he was a Reformer, and in religious faith a Presbyterian. He left one son, Edward Roy.

WILLIAM LINTON, president of the Dominion Short Horn Breeders' Association, is an Englishman who came to the New World in 1857, equipped with ripe experience and means, and by his marked ability has made a position for himself among the foremost men of the Do-

minion. He bears a name which has been handed down through successive generations for over two centuries, and which has ever been kept unsullied and worthy of all honor.

The first William Linton, of whom there is record, was born in England in 1692, and died Feb. 19, 1773. His son, William Linton (2), was born Jan. 15, 1727, and died July 13, 1808. William Linton (3), son of William (2), was born Dec. 25, 1758, and died at Craike, June 22, 1836. These three are all buried at Craike, in Yorkshire, England.

William Linton (4), son of William (3), born Oct. 7, 1805, at Craike, died in January, 1887, and was buried at Sheriff Hutton, in Yorkshire. His business was that of a breeder of Short Horn cattle, a line which he continued successfully up to the time of his death in 1859. On Dec. 20, 1831, he married Jane Rocliffe, whose death occurred July 13, 1848. They were the parents of eight children, of whom only the son William lived in Canada. (1) Mary, born Jan. 17, 1833, married George Earl, of Yorkshire, and died in March, 1887, leaving a family. (2) Jane, born Aug. 14, 1834, is the wife of Alfred Stables, a farmer of Nottaway County, Virginia, and has a large family. (3) John, born Aug. 14, 1836, died in Sheriff Hutton, England, in Oct., 1888, leaving seven children. (4) William. (5) Elizabeth, born March 28, 1840, became the wife of Rev. Mr. McIntosh, of Yorkshire, and died leaving four sons. (6) Ann, born July 7, 1842, is the wife of Edwin Stables, of Nottaway County, Virginia. (7) Hannah, born Nov. 15, 1844, is the wife of John Dixon, of Cadeby, England, and has one son, Linton. (8) Gertrude, born July 21, 1846, married Joseph Suggitt, J.P., of Sheriff Hutton, Yorkshire, and has children, Alfred, Linton, Hettie, Gertrude, Elsie and Daisie. William Linton (4) married (second) Oct. 18, 1849, Mary England, of Hull.

William Linton (5), of Canada, was born at Sheriff Hutton, Yorkshire, England, March 31, 1838. He was given a good education, attending the public schools and then the grammar schools of Lincoln, England. As he grew to manhood he assisted his father in his business of stock raising, and as the latter was one of the foremost breeders of Short Horn cattle in that country, the young man acquired a most valuable experience, which contributed not a little to his own success in the same line later. He remained at home until May, 1857, when he took passage for Quebec, and thence went directly to County York. He worked for a time as deputy sheriff in Barrie, but that same year he married Miss Eunice S. Clark, and they settled on the old Clark homestead, where Mr. Linton went into stock raising on a small scale. He is engaged in

the general breeding of fine stock, but makes a specialty of Short Horn cattle, both he and Sir William Mulock having fine herds and being authorities on the subject. In 1902, during a trip back to England, he bought three head from King Edward's prize herd for Sir William Mulock. In 1904, he was sent by the Dominion Government as emigration agent to England. He was elected in 1903 president of the Dominion Short Horn Breeders' Association and served for two years. Mr. Linton's political associations are with the Liberal party, but he has never sought office, and his official positions have been confined to those of trustee for the public and high schools of Aurora and member of the Council of Aurora.

Mrs. Linton belongs to one of the old families of County York, and was born in 1836, at the homestead on Yonge Street, now in the corporation of Aurora. She was the daughter of Edwards and Annie (Eames) Clark, both natives of the United States. The mother was born near Boston, Mass., in 1790, while the father was born in Vermont, in 1783, and came to Canada with his father, Daniel Clark, in 1796. Daniel Clark was a man of means, and invested largely in land all over County York. Edwards Clark settled on the property now occupied by Mr. Linton, and engaged in agricultural pursuits there until his death in August, 1866, at the age of eighty-three years. His wife passed away May 21, 1850. They left a family of 14 children, of whom Mrs. Linton was the youngest. Her entire life has been spent on the farm which is still her home, though it has necessarily altered considerably in appearance through all these years. Mr. Linton has not only developed its resources greatly, but has put up many new buildings on the place.

Mr. and Mrs. Linton have had a family of eight children: (1) Mary E., born in 1859, died aged six years. (2) Ann J., born in July, 1861, died in August, 1900. (3) Gertrude, born in November, 1864, became the wife of W. E. O'Brien, of Vancouver, B.C., by whom she has had four children, Gertrude, Hazel (deceased, twin to Gertrude), May and Beryl. (4) Roeffle, born in January, 1867, served in the Strathcona Horse in the South African war, and was presented with a medal by King Edward VII., and when he attended the coronation of King Edward received another medal. He now resides at Vandorf. He married Miss Ada Sissman, and they have two children, William and Beryl. (5) Byron, born in August, 1869, died in August, 1876. (6) William, born in February, 1873, lives at home unmarried. (7) Theresa, now in Toronto, has had an unusually complete training as a professional nurse. As

a girl she attended the public and high schools of Aurora, and in 1900 was graduated from the Bible Training School of Toronto. Two years later she entered the Toronto Training School for Nurses, and after two years' work there went to Great Britain with her father and finished her professional studies by a year in the Hospital for Trained Nurses in Dublin. She was graduated at the head of her class, taking high honors, so that she is admirably fitted for professional work. She has a fine mind, which has been well trained along general lines also, and is in the truest sense a cultured woman. During her stay abroad Miss Linton did not devote her entire time to study, but travelled considerably, seeing many points of interest, and visiting among her English relatives. In London she saw the sights which usually attract the tourist, such as the Tower, Westminster Abbey and Natural History Building, visited Scarborough and the castle at York, went to Edinburgh and Glasgow, the lakes of Killarney, and many other noteworthy spots. She returned to Canada in 1905, stopping en route at Montreal to see the Cathedral of Notre Dame and the famous Bank of Montreal. (8) One son died at birth.

The Linton family occupies a high rank among the prominent people of County York, and the Province of Ontario. Mr. Linton's fine character has won him an assured place in the confidence and esteem of those who know him. In religion he and his family are connected with the Disciples of Christ Church.

ANGUS S. WILLIAMS, barrister, at Newmarket, County York, was born Sept. 11, 1868, in East Gwillimbury, County York, son of Addison and Mary (McCoy) Williams, and grandson of Orlin and Merida (Purdy) Williams.

Orlin Williams was born in Watertown, New York, and came in his boyhood days to Prince Edward County, Ontario, and from there to the township of East Gwillimbury, County of York. By trade he was a blacksmith, and he set up his forge and carried on business, combining this with the making of potash for many years. In the latter industry he was assisted by his sons, of whom he had a number, his family being composed of eleven children. The three survivors are: Addison, of the township of East Gwillimbury; John, of the County of Simcoe; and Orlin B., of Broekway Centre, Michigan.

Addison Williams was born in East Gwillimbury, in 1835, and was trained to the blacksmith trade by his father. He married (first) Miss Jane Spooner, of the County of York, and then settled in his native township, where he worked at his trade and also farmed. His first wife

died leaving no children. He married (second) Mary McCoy, daughter of James McCoy, who came to Canada from Belfast, Ireland, in Mrs. Williams' childhood. To this marriage eight children were born, namely: Edmund, a machinist, lives in Cleveland, where he is a prosperous business man (he has two children); Angus is mentioned below; Celia is the wife of J. H. Wight, of the village of Queensville; Norman lives in Toronto; Florence is the wife of Emerson Sheppard, of the township of North Gwillimbury; and Fred E., Hattie M. and Marjorie are at home.

Angus S. Williams was reared and primarily educated in the township of East Gwillimbury, but later entered the high school at Newmarket. During 1893 and 1894, he was a student at Toronto University, and later at Osgoode Hall. While a student at law he gained valuable experience by being connected with the law office of Barwick, Aylesworth, Wright & Moss, one of the leading firms of Toronto. He completed his studies in April, 1903, and was called to the Bar on Nov. 20, 1903. He located almost immediately at Newmarket, and here he has built up a large and lucrative practice.

In June, 1894, Mr. Williams was married to Mrs. B. W. Howard, widow of the late B. W. Howard, one of the prominent and wealthy agriculturists of East Gwillimbury. Mr. Howard is survived by two children, namely: Milly, now the wife of E. S. Cane, of Newmarket; and W. C., of Newmarket. Mrs. Williams is a daughter of Asa and Jane Phillips, a prominent old U.E. Loyalist family of the County of York. Mr. and Mrs. Williams reside on their fine farm near Newmarket, formerly the property of Mr. Howard. Mr. Williams is a strong supporter of the Liberal party, and is at present secretary of the North York Reform Association, and he takes an active part in campaigning. He is past master of Tusean Lodge, No. 99, A.F. & A.M. Both he and his wife are members of the Christian Church, in which he is deacon and superintendent of the Sunday School. He has many friends and admirers among his fellow citizens.

DANIEL A. SINCLAIR, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., of No. 315 Spadina Avenue, Toronto, has been a leading medical practitioner of Canada for more than forty years.

The Sinclair family is originally from France, where the name was spelled St. Clair. In that country was a Count St. Clair, two of whose sons went with William the Conqueror to Britain. One of these brothers became a ruling factor in England and the other in Scotland. It

is from the latter that Dr. D. A. Sinclair is descended, and it was in this country that the name was changed. In direct descent from Count St. Clair is one Daniel Sinclair, grandfather of the Doctor, who was the Grier for and in the employ of the old Duke of Argyle, the grandfather of the present Duke, and was born in Scotland, where he spent his entire life. His children were: Peter; John, a pioneer of Belleville, Ont., and who was a leading lumber merchant there (his son, John, is a business man of Madocok, Ont.); Sarah, Mrs. Malcolm Pringle, who lived in County Bruce; and Duncan, who sailed for many years between Liverpool and the East Indies, and whose mahogany writing desk and chest which accompanied him on all his travels are in the possession of Dr. Sinclair.

Peter Sinclair, father of Daniel A., was born in 1812 in Scotland, and there grew to manhood and married Isabella McTavish, also a native of that country. In 1850, Peter Sinclair and family came to Canada and settled in the County of Elgin, where he followed the merchant tailoring business until his death in 1871; his wife passed away in 1868. They were members of the Presbyterian Church, and in politics he was a Reformer. To Mr. and Mrs. Sinclair were born: Mary, who married John Carswell, and lives in Elgin County, Ont.; Elizabeth, Mrs. Frederick Apel, of Iona, Elgin County; Dr. Daniel A., of Toronto; John, of Chicago; Duncan, a business man of London, Ont.; Peter, who died at the age of twenty-two years in Elgin County, Ont.; Isabella, Mrs. William Robb, of Iona, Elgin County; and Archibald, who died in childhood in Scotland.

Dr. Sinclair was born at Lochgilphead, Argyshire, Scotland, May 24, 1843. His early education was secured in the schools of the County of Elgin, Ont., and in 1860 he entered the Rolph School of Medicine, Victoria University, Toronto, from which he was graduated in 1864, with the degree of M.D. The Doctor began the practice of his profession at Nilestown, near London, Ont., where he remained for a short time, and then went to Wallacetown, West Elgin, where he remained for a time. Going from Wallacetown to Fingal, Ont., he practised there a year, and then located in Melhourne, West Middlesex, Ont., where he remained until the spring of 1870. In 1870 he went to London, England, for further study, and studied at St. Thomas Hospital, London, for about a year, and in 1871 graduated from the Royal College of Surgeons of England with the degree of M.R.C.S.E. Having completed his course in London, Dr. Sinclair returned to Melbourne, West Middlesex, where he resumed his practice, and continued there until 1895, in which year he located

in Toronto. This city has been his home to the present time.

In 1869, Dr. Sinclair was married to Miss Adeline Miller, who was born in West Middlesex, the daughter of Jonathan Miller, a pioneer of that section. Mrs. Sinclair passed away July 10, 1901, leaving these children all born in West Middlesex: (1) Miss Carrie Bella is at home. (2) Rev. Peter F., assistant pastor of St. Andrew's Church, Winnipeg, Man., received the degrees of B.A., 1895, and M.A., 1897, from Toronto University, and graduated from Princeton University in Theology in 1898. (3) Dr. Jonathan, of Buffalo, New York, received the degree of M.D. from Trinity Medical College, Toronto, in 1900, and M.D.C.M. from Trinity University, Toronto, 1900. Later, in the same year he graduated from the New York Medical University. He married Frances Robins. (4) Dr. Daniel A., of Melbourne, West Middlesex, educated at the high school at Glencoe, received his B.A. and M.A. from Toronto University, and later his M.B. from that institution. (5) Harry M., a leading lawyer of Englehart, Ont., received his B.A. in 1900, M.A. and LL.B. from Toronto University in 1905, and was called to the Bar at Osgoode Hall in 1903.

It rounds out a long and useful life with a feeling of completeness for Dr. Sinclair to not only realize that all his sons have entered professional life, but that each one has distinguished himself in the same. Dr. Sinclair is a Reformer in politics, fraternally is connected with the Masonic Order. He is a Presbyterian in religious faith.

FREDERICK M. MORSON, B.A., Second Junior Judge of the County of York, is a member of a prominent English family founded in Canada by Henry Morson, the grandfather of our subject.

Henry Morson was born in the County of Kent, England, and came to Canada with his sons, settling at Ottawa when the capital city was known as Bytown. In his native land Henry Morson had been a lawyer, but after coming to Canada lived a retired life. He married, and they had four children: Henry, Alfred, Frederick, all deceased, and Charles E., still living.

Of this family, Frederick Morson was the father of our subject. He was born in the County of Kent, England, in 1808, and graduated from the Royal Academy of Physicians and Surgeons, London, England, and for some time was a member of the medical staff and surgeon to the King of Holland. On coming to Canada he entered upon the practice of his profession in Montreal, where he became one of the fore-

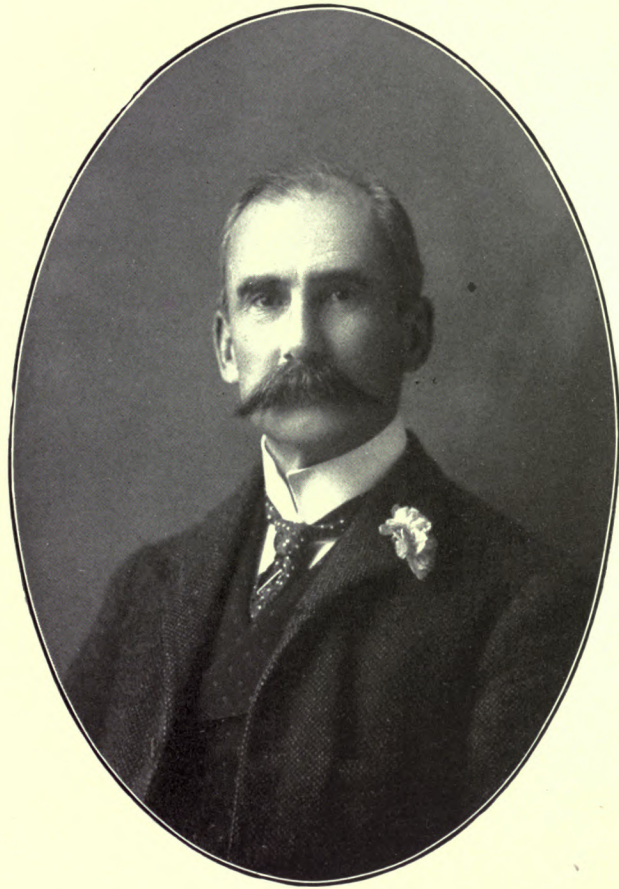
most men in his line. From Montreal, Dr. Morson went to Philadelphia, Penn., where he remained one year, after which he spent one year at New York City. Returning to Ontario in 1861, he settled at Niagara on the Lake, where he resided until 1897, in which year he went to Toronto, dying there in 1899.

In 1852 Dr. Morson married Miss Georgina Kuper, daughter of Commissary General Kuper and niece of Admiral Sir Henry Kuper. She is deceased. In religious belief she was a member of the Church of England, to which Dr. Morson also adhered. She was also a life member of the Woman's Auxiliary, who erected a tablet to her memory in St. Mark's Church, Parkdale. To them the following children were born: Frederick Montye, our subject; Florence, the widow of James L. Scarth, of Toronto; and Mrs. A. M. Macrae, of Toronto.

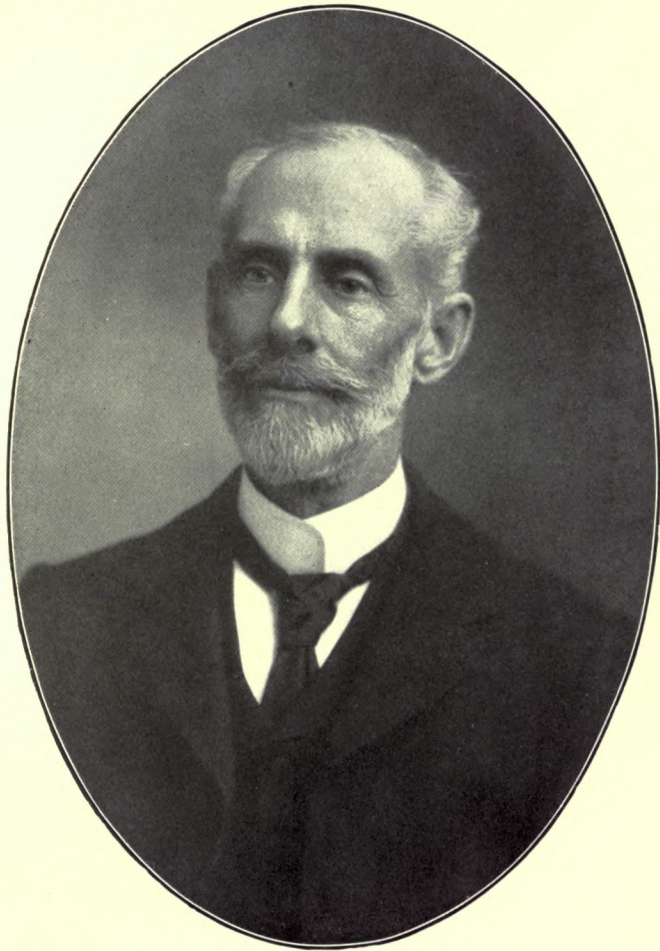
Frederick Montye Morson was born in Chambly, P.Q., near Montreal, Oct. 22, 1853, and received his education in the grammar school at Niagara on the Lake and at Trinity College, Toronto, from which institution he graduated with honors in 1871, with the degree of B.A., and having won a scholarship in classics in each year of his attendance. He then took up the study of law in the offices of Blake, Kerr & Cassels and was called to the bar in 1877. At this time Mr. Morson formed a partnership with the late Edward Martin, of Hamilton, with whom he remained one year, and then located in Toronto and formed a partnership with the late N. G. Bigelow, Q.C. This partnership continued until our subject's appointment to the Bench in 1891, since which time Judge Morson has given his entire time to the duties of his position. It may be said, in passing, that the appointment of Frederick M. Morson to the Bench was the last official act of the late Sir John Macdonald.

Judge Morson is not only a prominent member of both the bar and the bench of County York, but is a Mason of high standing. He is past master of Ionic Lodge, Toronto; past grand registrar of the Grand Lodge of Canada; past principal of Antiquity Chapter of Toronto; past preceptor of Cyrene Preceptory; representative of the Grand Lodge of Mississippi at the Grand Lodge of Canada. At the time of his appointment to the bench, Judge Morson was a director of the Albany Club and is now a member of the Toronto Club. He is a member of the Church of England. Politically he is a Conservative.

WILLIAM CHRISTIE, who passed away at the family residence at No. 383 Berkeley Street, Toronto, Oct. 13, 1904, was for over forty years



J. H. Hanson.



William J. Byrd

identified with the commercial circles of the city and was a prominent and highly esteemed citizen. He was born in Stirlingshire, Scotland, in 1833, and was a son of James Christie, a prosperous farmer of that country.

William Christie passed his boyhood and youth in Scotland, attending the excellent schools there, and at the age of twenty-two came to the New World to seek his fortune. He settled in Toronto in 1855, and very soon after entered upon the business with which his name was so long connected. For thirty-six years Mr. Christie was engaged in dealing in grain, at the St. Lawrence market, and his transactions made him known to large numbers of people, both far and near. His name was quite a familiar one in the country round about, as in the city, for his business brought him in contact with the rural districts fully as much as with Toronto itself.

In 1869, Mr. Christie was united in marriage with Miss Jane Campbell, who was born in Scotland, the daughter of Peter and Mabel (Hepburn) Campbell. Her father was born in 1812, and her mother in 1813. They married in Scotland and in 1862 moved to Canada, and settled on a farm in County Perth, where Mrs. Campbell died in 1895, and where Mr. Campbell still resides. He is a Presbyterian in his religion, and is a Reformer in politics; he is now ninety-five years of age and is well posted in political topics, and as fond of discussing them as ever. To William and Jane Christie came seven children. The late William Christie was a member of the Presbyterian Church, and his family also adhere to that faith. Politically he was a strong Reformer, and devoted to the success of his party, but his business left him no time for undertaking the duties of any office himself. He was held in the highest estimation in Toronto, as a splendid business man, a good citizen and a true Christian gentleman.

J. A. TODD, M.D., a well-known physician of Toronto, was born near Church Hill, June 18, 1854, son of Hugh and Margaret (Allen) Todd, pioneers of the County of Simcoe.

John Todd, paternal grandfather of the Doctor, came from Scotland to Canada soon after the American Revolution, and settled first in County Lanark, and later in the County of Simcoe, where he followed farming. He and his wife both died there, leaving a large family. The maternal grandfather, William Allen, was also one of the pioneer farmers of the County of Simcoe, coming from Glasgow.

Hugh Todd, fifth member of the family of John Todd, grew to manhood in the County of Lanark, but all of his married life was passed in the County of Simcoe. He cleared up a

tract of wild land at Church Hill, and carried on farming there with good results until 1864, when his death occurred. His wife survived him until 1880. They were members of the Presbyterian Church, and prominent in the work of that denomination. In politics Mr. Todd was a Reformer. To Hugh and Margaret Todd came five sons and three daughters, all born in the County of Simcoe: John is a lumber dealer of Collingwood; William, went to Seattle, Washington, became a prominent business man there and died in 1904, leaving two sons, Hugh (of Duluth) and Edward (a banker of Alaska); Hugh is a retired farmer of the County of Grey; Thomas is unmarried and lives in Saskatchewan; Mary married Ephraim Garbut, of Paisley, County Bruce, and both died, leaving three children; Elizabeth resides in Toronto, unmarried; Margaret was educated in Barrie and Ottawa, and is now teaching in the Toronto public schools; Dr. J. A. was the youngest of the family.

Dr. J. A. Todd received his early education in the schools of the County of Simcoe, and from those went on through the Barrie high school. After graduation he taught for a year, and then in 1875 entered upon the study of medicine at Toronto. He completed this course in the Toronto Medical College, receiving his degree in 1879, and at first settled in Cheltenham, County of Peel. He practised there one year, and then moved to Georgetown, Ont., where he remained until 1888. Since that time he has been established in Toronto, at No. 165 College Street, and has built up a large and ever increasing practice. Dr. Todd has the entire confidence of his patients, and is very successful in his methods of treatment.

Dr. Todd was married in September, 1882, to Louisa J. Switzer, daughter of H. M. Switzer, a merchant in Palermo, County Halton. They have two sons, James H. and Allen S. The former, born in 1883, is a graduate of the Toronto Medical College, and at present is practising with his father in Toronto. Allen S., born in 1887, after graduation from college, took a position as clerk in a hardware store in Toronto. Dr. Todd and his wife are members of the Presbyterian Church. He is interested in fraternal orders and belongs to both the Masons and the United Workmen, holding membership in their Toronto lodges. In politics he is Independent, seeking the public's best good rather than any party's success. A self made man he ranks as one of the city's prominent physicians, and he is highly esteemed.

WILLIAM J. DYAS, a well-known publisher of Toronto, is a member of a family of Spanish

origin, which settled in Ireland in the reign of William III.

Mr. Dyas was born in Ireland and came with the family to New Orleans, thence to London, Ont., where he remained for a short time. He then engaged in business in Strathroy, until about 1895, when he moved to Toronto, where he has since engaged in the publication of a number of the leading journals.

ARTHUR JUKES JOHNSON, M.B., Toronto University; M.B., Trinity University; M. R.C.S., London, England, is a well-known, able medical practitioner of the Queen City.

The Johnson family is of English extraction, and was founded in Canada by Col. John Johnson, C.B., the grandfather of our subject. He was born in England, in 1768, and was educated in France, speaking French as readily as his mother tongue. He became a writer of note, his writings being in the French language, and among his words was the "Overland Route from India to England." Entering the British army, he became aide-de-camp to the Duke of Wellington, and while on duty in India met the lady who afterwards became his wife. In 1831 Col. Johnson came to Canada, crossing from Buffalo to the mouth of the Grand River in a sail boat, bringing with him his belongings from England, also complete sets of artisans' tools, which he thought might come into play. On locating at the Grand River, the Colonel purchased a large amount of land, and there spent the remainder of his life, dying in 1846. Both he and his wife are buried there. Their children were: William Arthur; and four daughters, three of whom married officers in the army and one never married.

William Arthur Johnson was born in India in 1819, and was a godson of the Duke of Wellington, after whom he was called Arthur. He came to Canada in 1831 with his parents, and on reaching manhood he attempted farming for a very short time at the old settlement near the mouth of the Grand River. During much of this time Mr. Johnson engaged in the work of the Church, and in 1848 became curate to the late Bishop Bethune, at Cobourg. He was also assistant at Holy Trinity Church, Toronto, and at St. Paul's, Yorkville, in 1846-1848, and returned to Toronto in 1854, when he was appointed rector of St. Philip's Church at Weston. While in that latter place he founded the Trinity College Boys' School, now at Port Hope, as a private school, but later presented it to Trinity University. He remained rector at Weston until his death, Dec. 29, 1880. Mr. Johnson married Laura Eliza Jukes, born in India, daughter of

Dr. Jukes, inspector of hospitals in India. Dr. Jukes was buried at the base of Mt. Ararat, and his widow came to Canada, and, dying here, was buried at Port Maitland. To the Rev. William Arthur Johnson and his wife were born: Mrs. J. Oswell Harrison, of London, England; Mrs. Charles F. Miles, of Toronto; Dr. A. J.; Dr. James Bovell, of London, England; and Andrew William, deceased.

Dr. Arthur Jukes Johnson was born on Bloor St. East, in 1848, and was educated at the Weston grammar school and the Model grammar school of Toronto, and Trinity College school at Weston, which was founded by his father. The Doctor is a member of the Old Boys' Association of that school. After completing his literary course at Trinity College, Toronto, Dr. Johnson took up the study of medicine, and in 1870 received his M.B. from the Toronto University. In the summer of 1870 the Doctor went to England and continued his medical education in London, receiving the degree of M.R.C.S., and while there was house surgeon at the St. Thomas's Hospital. At the invitation of Dr. Hodder, Dr. Johnson returned to Toronto to accept the position of lecturer on Microscopy and Applied Surgery on the medical faculty of Trinity University, a position he held for ten years. For some time the Doctor was examiner in Medical Jurisprudence, at Trinity University, and represented York and Malahide at the Medical Council of Ontario for two terms, at present representing Trinity University in that body. For many years Dr. Johnson was a member of the corporation of Trinity University, and is now a member of the governing board of Trinity College School, Port Hope. He is on the consulting staff of most of the city hospitals, and has served the Toronto Street Railway and Toronto Railway Company for thirty years as their surgeon. For the past twenty-five years, Dr. Johnson has been the expert medical witness for the Crown in all important criminal trials. He was made the first chief coroner of Toronto in 1903.

Dr. Johnson married in 1887, Miss Sophie Maude Widder, of Goderich, daughter of the late Charles Widder of that place, and to this union were born: Arthur Jukes, now a student at Trinity College, Toronto, who attended Trinity College school, Port Hope, the school founded by his grandfather; Miss L.G.D., now at Glen Mawr Ladies' School; and Cecil Widder, deceased. Dr. Johnson is a member of the Church of England, and in politics is Independent. He has a fine home at No. 52 Bloor Street West, which he built in 1883, and to which the many friends of himself and Mrs. Johnson are always sure of a hearty welcome.

WILLIAM IRVING, one of the best architects of his day, was born in Edinburgh, Scotland, in 1830, son of John Irving, a stone carver and contractor of Scotland, where he died. Mr. Irving was educated in the schools of Edinburgh, and came to Canada in 1852, settling in Toronto, where he followed his profession until his death, in 1883. Among his works may be mentioned the Customs building and warehouse, the Dominion Bank, the Ontario Bank, the British American Bank, and many business houses in Toronto.

In January, 1857, Mr. Irving married Miss Mary Sheard, only daughter of Joseph and Sara Sheard, and to them were born six children: William Henry; John; Joseph; George T.; Sara, married to Mr. R. S. Wilson, of Toronto; and Mary B., married to Dr. Frederick Fenton, also of Toronto. Mr. Irving was a member of the Presbyterian Church, and connected with the Caledonian Society. In politics he was a Reformer.

JESSE ASHBRIDGE, deceased. Few of the present residents of Toronto can trace their Canadian ancestry to an earlier date than can the Ashbridge family, whose name has been identified with the place from its very beginning.

About 1793, when there were only a few houses on the present site of Toronto, two brothers, Jonathan and John Ashbridge came from the United States to make their home in that immediate locality. The country was wholly wild, and they took up two adjoining tracts of bush land on what is now Queen Street East. Jonathan settled on the portion now occupied by Mrs. Elizabeth Ashbridge, and John owned the property to the east. There they cleared the land, made good farms and spent their remaining years in these homes. Both married and reared families who were all born in Toronto, and who are all now deceased.

Jesse Ashbridge was the son of Jonathan, and was one of a family of five, three sons and two daughters. He was born on the old homestead in 1826, and grew to manhood on the farm. He was sent to school and had as good an education as his day and generation offered in Toronto. On reaching maturity he chose to continue in the pursuits which had been familiar to him since childhood, and he remained on his father's farm, which later passed into his hands. There he followed agriculture until his death, which occurred in 1874.

The union of Jesse Ashbridge to Miss Elizabeth Rooney took place in 1864. Her parents were Thomas and Mary (Long) Rooney, the former of whom was born in Ireland, and the latter in England. They came to Toronto in

early life, and there met and married. Mr. Rooney died in 1853, and his wife died in 1886. They were the parents of three children, William, who died in the United States; Joshua, of Toledo, Ohio; and Mrs. Ashbridge. To the union of Jesse and Elizabeth Ashbridge, were born two sons; Jesse of Toronto; and Wellington, of the North-West Territory, who married Miss Mabel Davis, of Toronto. The family residence, where Mrs. Elizabeth Ashbridge and her son, Jesse, now live, at No. 1444 Queen Street East, was erected by the late Mr. Ashbridge in 1854. He and his family were Methodists in religious belief, and he was a Reformer in politics. Identified all his life with that section of Toronto in which his house stood, Mr. Ashbridge did his part in developing the city, and was known as a public-spirited citizen, and one of good character in his private life as well.

BENJAMIN PEARSALL, of No. 15 King Street, Toronto, enjoys the distinction of being the oldest manufacturing jeweler and diamond setter in the city. Mr. Pearsall came of an early settled family of Ontario, which was founded therein by his grandfather, Benjamin Pearsall.

Benjamin Pearsall, the grandfather, was born in England about 1800, and received a grant of land from the English Crown for services rendered in the Peninsular wars. This land was situated in Vespra township, County Simcoe, where he located shortly after the battle of Waterloo, in which engagement he participated. After coming to this farm Mr. Pearsall found it all bush, but, with characteristic English energy he set about to clear it up and make thereof a fine farm. Here he remained until his death.

Samuel Pearsall, son of Benjamin and father of our subject, was born in 1818 in England, and was but a child when brought to Canada by his parents. He married Amelia Lewis, who was born in Bristol in 1820, and died in Toronto.

Benjamin Pearsall, our subject, was born on King Street, in Toronto, June 4, 1847, and received his education in his native city. At the age of fourteen years he started out to make his own way in the world, at the meagre wages of two shillings per week. The young man had plenty of persistency, and at the age of nineteen years we find him with his trade learned and with a business of his own, being located at No. 5 King Street East, and when twenty-one years old he was employing eight men at his business. Mr. Pearsall has been in continuous business as a manufacturing jeweler in Toronto, since starting to learn the trade in 1861. He is also one

of the best judges of diamonds in Ontario, having examined and set many of the glittering gems.

Mr. Pearsall has been thrice married. In 1869 he married Isabella Word, by whom he had two sons: Benjamin Robert, a jeweler of Nova Scotia, who married Miss Minnie Douglas, and has one son, Douglas Benjamin; and Frank L., a jeweler of Toronto. Mr. Pearsall's first wife died in 1877, and in 1882 he married Miss Henrietta Smith, daughter of the late John Smith, by whom he had one son, Joseph H., a jeweler with his father. Mr. Pearsall's present wife was Miss Florence Nickel, daughter of Charles Nickel, by whom he has had one son, Charles Corwin. Mr. Pearsall is a Conservative in politics. Fraternally he is connected with the I.O.O.F., and is an Orangeman; and his religious connection is with the Methodist Church.

JOHN ALFRED RAMSDEN, clerk of County York, a prominent ex-member of the municipal council thereof, and a descendant of two early settled families of that municipality, is of English-Irish extraction, and was born April 3, 1850, at Thorn Hill, County York.

The Ramsden family was founded in County York, by John Ramsden, father of our subject, who was born in the West Riding of Yorkshire, England, in 1816, son of Joseph Ramsden, a manufacturer of that section. In 1840, John Ramsden located in County York, and settled on Lot 5, Concession 1, where he resided until 1869, and then moved to East Gwillimbury township, where he engaged in flour and saw milling. After remaining in the latter location for some time, Mr. Ramsden returned to Thorn Hill, County York, whence he moved to Toronto, and lived retired for a number of years. He died in 1892, at Mt. Albert, where he had removed some time previous. Mr. Ramsden was a prominent man in municipal matters. He was a member of the council of the township of East Gwillimbury and also reeve thereof. In politics he was a Liberal. In his religious views he was connected with the Methodist Church.

In 1847 Mr. Ramsden was united in marriage with Miss Ellen Frizell, a native of Thorn Hill and a daughter of Richard Frizell, an early settler of County York. He was an officer in the British army, and as such came to Canada in 1812, after the war was over, settling in York on Lot 40, Thorn Hill. This property Mr. Frizell cleared and re-claimed from the bush, and sold much of it in village lots, Thorn Hill being a part of this farm. Here Mr. Frizell died in about 1846. His wife, who bore the maiden name of Ellen Campbell, was of Scotch

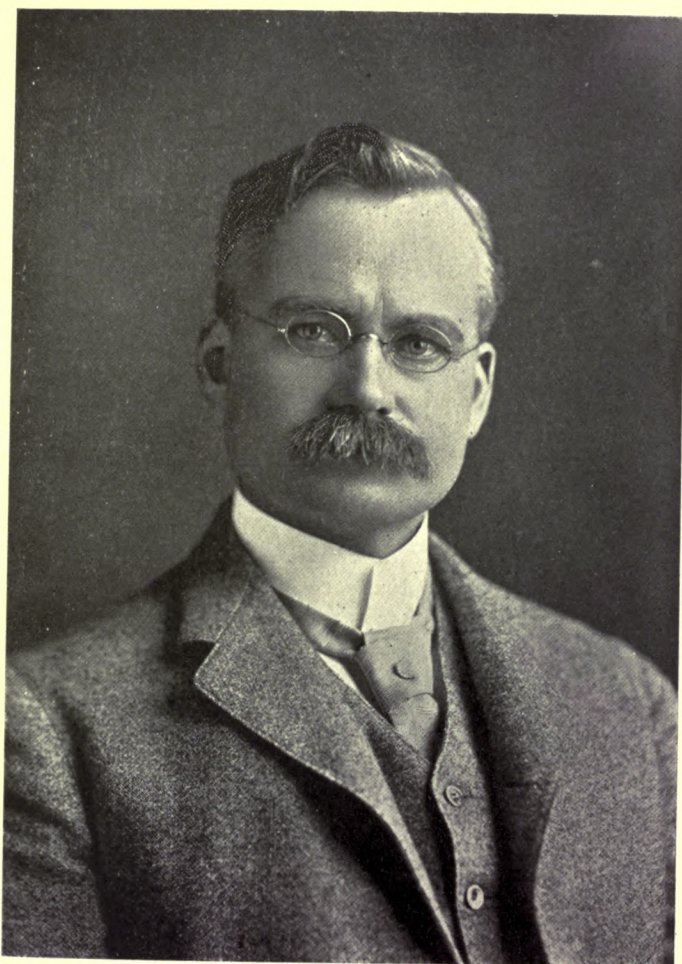
extraction, her husband being of Irish extraction. To John Ramsden and his wife were born the following children: John Alfred; Elizabeth, Mrs. Thomas Lane, of Thornhill; Barbara, Mrs. Charles Lepard, of East Gwillimbury; Mary, Mrs. W. J. Kester, of Zephyr, township of Scott; Charlotte, Mrs. Merritt Douglas; Horace Dean, reeve of East Gwillimbury township, who carries on a mercantile business at Mt. Albert; Joseph George, a member of the city council of Toronto for several years, where he is engaged as a merchant; Edna, of Toronto; and Bertha, deceased.

John Alfred Ramsden was educated in his native place and in Toronto. His first business venture was milling in East Gwillimbury, in which he continued for about twenty-five years, when, disposing of the business he settled in Toronto, in 1897, to assume the duties of his present office. Prior to his appointment as clerk of his native county, Mr. Ramsden was for years active in the workings of the Liberal party. He was a member of the council of East Gwillimbury for four years, reeve of the township for six years, and member of the county council under both the old and new law relating to the members of that body. In 1889 he was warden of County York, and in 1897 resigned his seat in the county council to accept his present position. It will thus be seen that Mr. Ramsden has been prominently identified with the public life of County York for many years, being one of the best known men in the municipality. Fraternally he affiliates with the Masonic order.

On Jan. 17, 1871, Mr. Ramsden was united in marriage with Miss Elizabeth Cuyler, a native of East Gwillimbury, and a daughter of Thompson Cuyler, who was also born in County York. To Mr. and Mrs. Ramsden have been born the following children: Ellen, the wife of Eugene Rowne, of East Gwillimbury, by whom she has one son, Benjamin; Annie; Mabel, the wife of Ross McBean, of Toronto, by whom she has two daughters, Marjorie and Helen; Benjamin, who married Esther Mammill, and is employed in the sub-post office in Toronto; Eva, who married Jas. F. Paisley, of St. Paul, Minn., and has one daughter; and Edna.

JAMES MASSIE. Among the well-known public officials of York County was James Massie, born in Lumphanan, Aberdeenshire, Scotland, in 1833, son of James and Elizabeth (Mason) Massie. The father of our subject was also a native of Aberdeenshire, being for many years a prominent merchant, as well as taking an active part in political and charitable affairs.

James Massie came to Canada in 1854, locat-



H. E. Lewis

ing at Guelph, where he engaged with the firm of Brown & Robinson for some two years, then with Mr. Rutherford and later on formed a partnership with W. J. Brown, under the firm name of W. J. Brown & Co., which continued for six years. At the expiry of this time Mr. Massie took over the entire business, which he continued until 1867, being burned out in that year. Shortly after Mr. Massie built the Alma block and the "Wellington Hotel" at Guelph. In 1871 he retired from business, but resumed in 1873, and continued until 1878. During all this time he took an active part in public affairs, giving liberally of his time and energy in furthering the construction of the Wellington, Grey & Bruce and Huron & Erie railroads, and at different times held every office in the gift of the citizens which he could be induced to accept; including the representation of South Wellington in Parliament from 1874 to 1878. In the latter year Mr. Massie was appointed Registrar for the County of Wellington. In 1880 he took charge of the Central Prison at Toronto, then a new institution in operation less than two years, and during his fifteen years of administration it came to be looked upon as the best managed penal institution on the continent. During Mr. Massie's wardenship numerous profitable and (for the criminal) educating industries were established, in fact all the industries, with the exception of the broom factory.

In 1896, Mr. Massie was appointed Registrar for East and West York, with offices at Toronto, and he continued in this capacity until the day of his death, which occurred suddenly May 1, 1904. Up to the last Mr. Massie took a very active part in all branches of charitable work, being on the boards of many of the largest organizations in the city, and being ever willing to undertake any work for the advancement and assistance of the needy. In all private and public lines Mr. Massie showed the true Scotch principle of having clear cut ideas of the right thing to be done, and the determination of his race to pursue those ideas to the end.

THOMAS WILDS, who passed away at his late residence, No. 163 Curzon Street, Toronto, March 6th, 1901, was one of the well-known and highly respected men of that city. Mr. Wilds was born in Queen's County, Ireland, in 1826, and there grew to manhood, receiving his education in the public schools. When a young man he entered the militia, and served some time.

In 1848, Mr. Wilds came to Newfoundland, and remained some time, later settling in Toronto, where he spent the remainder of his life. He was a man of literary taste, and was very pro-

minent in educational movements in the city, serving on the school board for many years. He was also prominent in public affairs as well, being a leader of the Reform party, for which organization he worked with an untiring zeal, declining office himself, however, outside of school matters.

In 1863, Mr. Wilds married Miss Johanna Kavanaugh, born in County Kilkenny, Ireland, daughter of Michael and Johanna (Farrell) Kavanaugh, who came to Toronto in 1852, where Mr. Kavanaugh died the following year, his widow surviving until 1860. Mr. Wilds was a member of the Roman Catholic Church. Mrs. Wilds, who survives her husband, resides at No. 163 Curzon Street, with one of her nieces, Miss Naddy, and Mrs. O'Connor.

H. E. IRWIN, B.A., K.C., clerk of the peace for the County of York, is descended in both paternal and maternal lines from pioneers of that section and bears a name that is well known there and identified with much of the development of the county.

The Irwin family is of English extraction and is descended from Jared Irwin, who assisted William Penn in laying out the City of Philadelphia.

Thomas Irwin, the grandfather of the subject of this sketch, was born in the County of York, at Newmarket, in 1810. His wife, whose maiden name was Philadelphia Pearson, was born in the County of York about 1812, and died at Newmarket in December, 1903. Her father was a wealthy farmer of that section, who entertained for several days Lord Durham, whom the British Government had sent to Canada to investigate the causes of the Rebellion of 1837-38; her mother was a sister of Samuel Lount, who (though previously reprieved by Her Majesty, Queen Victoria) was hanged for the stand he took regarding the insurrection.

Jared Irwin, the father of our subject, was born in the township of Tecumseth, County of Simcoe, in 1840. He was married in 1860 to Miss Eliza J. Armitage, and to this union four children were born, viz.: Herbert Edward, the subject of this biography; Dr. Eli Franklin, of Weston; Dr. James Walter, of Spruce Creek, Pa.; and Lenore, widow of the late W. M. Doxsee, M.A.

On the Armitage side, H. E. Irwin is descended from Amos Armitage, who founded the family in County York about 1795, in which year he emigrated from Pennsylvania and settled in Whitechurch township. Seth Armitage, son of Amos, was born about five years before the family left the United States. He married a Miss Hughes, and they were the parents of

eleven children, all of whom were living in the year 1904, the oldest aged ninety and the youngest sixty-seven. They are without exception well and strong and in full possession of their faculties. James Armitage, maternal grandfather of Mr. Irwin, was born in 1814, the eldest of the eleven. He married Miss Elmira White, daughter of Stephen and Catherine White, of Bloomfield, Prince Edward County, Ont., the latter a direct descendant of Peregrine White, the first child born amongst the Pilgrim Fathers after reaching the coast of America.

H. E. Irwin was born in Simcoe County in 1862. His earlier education was acquired in the local schools and the Newmarket high school, after which he entered Toronto University and received the degree of B.A. in 1885. He at once began the study of law under Sir William Mullock, and was called to the Bar three years later, since which time he has been practising in Toronto. In 1890 he was elected president of the Literary and Scientific Society of Toronto University. In 1899 Mr. Irwin was appointed clerk of the peace for the county. In 1902 he was made a King's counsel.

From early manhood Mr. Irwin took an active part in politics, being more particularly associated with the Liberal party in North and West York. He is a representative elder in the Toronto Presbytery, to which denomination he and his family belong; a member of the executive committee of the Lord's Day Alliance of Ontario, and for ten years has been a member of the board of trustees of the Collegiate Institute at Toronto Junction, of which he has been chairman, and in which he takes a deep interest. He is also prominently identified with several insurance companies as a director.

In 1889 Mr. Irwin was united in marriage to Miss Minnie S. Mercer, born in County Oxford, daughter of Thomas Mercer, of United Empire Loyalist stock.

LT.-COL. FREDERICK CHARLES DENISON, C.M.G., M.P. The late Lieutenant-Colonel Denison, of Toronto, was probably known in more departments of Canadian society than any other resident of Toronto, for he had attained local distinction at the Bar, had represented his constituency in Parliament as well as in the city government, and was very prominent in Dominion military affairs. His death, in 1896, was a great loss to political, military and legal circles, and was deeply lamented. He was born in 1846, son of Col. George Taylor Denison, and until his marriage his life was passed in the family residence, "Rusholme."

Col. George Taylor Denison was born in Canada and was a member of one of the pioneer

families of Toronto. He served as one of the Governor-General's Body Guard. His wife was a Miss Mary Anne Dewson, who was born May 24, 1817, and passed away in 1900. Their family included ten children, among whom were: Lt.-Col. George; Esther Borden; Lt.-Col. Frederick C.; Elizabeth, wife of Col. Delamere; Henry T.; Admiral John; Lt.-Col. Clarence, of Toronto; and Egerton.

Lt.-Col. Frederick C. Denison was educated at Upper Canada College, and after completing his literary studies began reading law. He was admitted to the Bar and became one of Toronto's leading lawyers, continuing in active practice until the time of his death. A Conservative in his political views, he became prominent in municipal affairs, and was alderman of St. Stephen's ward, in the city of Toronto, from 1878 to 1884, while later he was sent to Parliament and represented West Toronto in the House of Commons, serving from 1887 to 1896. His military experience began in 1865, when he joined the militia; in 1868 he was made a lieutenant, in 1872 captain; four years later major; and in 1884 was promoted to the rank of lieutenant-colonel. Colonel Denison saw active service during the Fenian Raid, in 1866, in the Red River expedition of 1870, as aide-de-camp to Lord Wolseley, and in 1884-85 went to Egypt in command of the Canadian Voyageurs on the Nile employed by the Imperial Government in the Soudan campaign. He distinguished himself during this war, and was not only given prominent mention in the dispatches but received a medal with two clasps, while in 1885 he was made C.M.G.

In 1874 Colonel Denison was married to Miss Julia A. Macklem, who was born in 1845, daughter of Oliver and Julia (Street) Macklem. Oliver Macklem, a son of William Macklem, died at Chippewa, where he was a prominent business man. Mrs. Macklem was born in 1819, and died in 1879. The following children were born to them: Caroline, deceased; Julia A.; Jessie; Oliver R.; Charlotte and Anna, deceased; and Thomas C. Street Macklem, provost of Trinity College.

Lieutenant-Colonel Denison and his wife settled after some years of married life in the old family home, "Rusholme." A large family blessed their union, as follows: Frederick, who married a Miss Power (he has three sons, Frederick Charles, Joseph and Victor); Jessie J.; Harold; Edgar; Dora; Victor; Gordon, and Egerton. Colonel Denison and his wife were both members of the Church of England. He was a man of unusual ability in varied lines, was of upright, honorable character, and deservedly won a high place for himself among his fellow-men.



4
Genl. Decison

JAMES WREGGITT (deceased), a well-known builder and contractor of King township, County of York, was born in England in 1834, a son of Robert Wreggitt, who died in that country. At the age of fourteen the boy came to Canada to live with an uncle who owned a farm near Toronto. He remained there some time working on the farm, and then learned the builder's trade, which he followed for the most of his life. He took a foremost place among the contractors of King township, and put up a large number of houses and barns there. His death occurred at his home Feb. 3, 1883. He was a member of the Church of England and a Conservative in politics.

In 1861 Mr. Wreggitt was joined in matrimony to Miss Rachel Thompson, also a resident in King township. Mrs. Wreggitt survives her husband and at present makes her home in Toronto. She was the mother of five children, namely: Herbert William, who died when three years old; Walter, of Chicago, who married Annie Greene, of London, Canada; William, a builder in Toronto, who married Miss Bertha Black; Amelia Jane, the wife of William Black, to whom she has borne three children, Viola Pearl, Walter Clifford and Elmore Gordon; and Percival Henry, a draughtsman, of Toronto.

The parents of Mrs. Wreggitt, William and Ann (Colley) Thompson, were both natives of England, where he was born in 1810, and his wife in 1809. They came to Canada in 1836, and at first settled at Thorn Hill, but later bought a farm in King township, where they spent the rest of their lives. Mr. Thompson was prosperous, and became the owner of three farms in that immediate vicinity, carrying them on under his own active management till within ten years of his death, when he retired, spending his last years in quiet. His death occurred in 1888, at the age of seventy-eight years, and that of his wife in 1882, at the age of seventy-three years. Their children were as follows: Mary, deceased wife of William Ramsay; Elizabeth, deceased wife of John Brown; Henry, deceased, a farmer, who married Miss Agnes Caswell; Rachel, Mrs. Wreggitt; Annie, Mrs. George Ramsay; William, a farmer, who married Miss Rebecca Irwin; James, a blacksmith, who married Miss Kate Smith; John, a farmer, who married Eliza, sister to Miss Rebecca Irwin; Robert, who died unmarried; Caroline, deceased wife of Alfred Eastwood; and Martha Jane, deceased, who married William Brown.

WILLIAM URBAN MILLS RONALD, who died in Montana in 1896, while on a business

trip to that locality, was a well-known man in Toronto and Winnipeg, and one of the most clever business men of his day. Mr. Ronald was born Aug. 23, 1851, in Montreal, son of Alexander and Mary Lucraft (Mills) Ronald, both of whom were born in Scotland.

Alexander Ronald was the foreman of a boot and shoe factory in Montreal, to the operation of which he gave his time and attention during his active life. He died in New York City in October, 1854, while there on a business trip, and his widow died in Toronto in 1880. Their children were: Mary, born Sept. 8, 1846, died in infancy; Alexander, born 1845, resided in the United States, and died in 1905; and William Urban Mills.

William Urban Mills Ronald was educated at the Norwich and Upper Canada Colleges, Toronto, and began his business life as an office boy, with Thompson & Burns, of Toronto, working himself steadily up to the position of manager and buyer. In 1880 Mr. Ronald went to Winnipeg, where with Mr. J. Porter he founded the firm of Porter & Ronald, which was dissolved in 1894. This firm did a wholesale business in crockery, glassware, etc., and after the dissolution of the firm Mr. Ronald went into business on his own account in Winnipeg, where he continued for one and one-half years, and at the end of this time became salesman for a large firm in Minneapolis, Minnesota, so continuing until the time of his death.

In 1875, in Toronto, Mr. Ronald was united in marriage with Miss Emma W. Wood, who was born in England, Jan. 21, 1853, daughter of Thomas and Jane (Flaville) Wood, natives of Birmingham, England, the former born in 1830, son of John and Maryann Wood, and the latter born in 1830, daughter of William and Susanna Flaville. In 1853, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Wood emigrated to the United States, thence to Toronto, where Mr. Wood engaged in the housefurnishing business, and where he died in 1902, his wife passing away in 1900. Their children were: Emma W., Mrs. Ronald; Jennie F., born July 25, 1854, married Col. John T. Thompson, of Toronto; Mary, born Nov. 27, 1856, married C. A. McBride, of London, England; Sadie, born Nov. 21, 1861, married George Edwards, chartered accountant, of Toronto; Susie, born June 11, 1863, married Frank Heakes, Government architect, of Toronto; Vinie, born March 28, 1865, is the wife of Thomas Flett, of Montreal; Annie, born Dec. 18, 1867, married J. T. McGrath, master mechanic of the Grand Trunk Railroad, Port Huron; and Sarah and Thomas are deceased.

To Mr. and Mrs. Ronald have been born these children: Urban, born Dec. 31, 1877, died June

20, 1878; William Sidney, born May 5, 1879, in Toronto, was educated in the Winnipeg public school and the Winnipeg business college, and is now a chartered accountant in that city; and Daisy Edna, born in Winnipeg, Nov. 9, 1880, was educated in her native city, both in the arts and music, and she also studied music in Toronto, where she is now engaged in teaching.

After their marriage, Mr. and Mrs. Ronald settled on St. Patrick street, whence they removed to Parkdale in 1878, building a home at the corner of Melbourne and Cowan streets, this building still standing. Mr. Ronald was a member of the first school board of Parkdale, was librarian of the First Methodist Sunday-school of that place, and, on settling in Winnipeg, was among the first wholesale business men in that place. His religious faith was that of the Methodist church, and in politics he was a Reformer. He was popular in fraternal circles, and was a member of the Masonic order.

WILLIAM RYAN (deceased). Among the prominent business men of Toronto who have left their impress upon the material interests of the city was the gentleman whose name introduces these lines. Mr. Ryan was born in 1835 in Ireland, son of William and Mary (Ryan) Ryan, who came in 1840 to Montreal, where the father engaged in business. Both parents died there.

The late William Ryan was the only member of his father's family to settle in Toronto. He located in the Queen City in 1870, and founded the pork packing and produce business in which he continued until his death, which occurred in 1896. The business is still carried on, under the firm name of William Ryan Co., at No. 72 Front street.

In 1869 William Ryan and Miss Catherine McSween were united in marriage. Mrs. Ryan is a native of Brockville, Ont., and a daughter of Capt. Roderick McSween, an early settler of Brockville, who was twice married, his second wife, Ellen (McMylor), being the mother of Mrs. Ryan. Mrs. Ryan and her sister, Mrs. John Ryan, were the only members of the McSween family to settle in Toronto. To Mr. and Mrs. William Ryan were born the following named children: Roderick Alexander (deceased), married Anna Josephine Burns, by whom he had one son, William McC. Roderick; William M. is a resident of Toronto; Helen Margaret is deceased; Mary is deceased; Michael P., of the firm of William Ryan Company, married Miss Ruby Shea, of Hamilton, and they have three daughters, Katherine Mar-

jorie and Dorothea E. and Ruby J., twins; Charles Henry is deceased.

Mr. Ryan was a member of the Roman Catholic Church, to which Mrs. Ryan also belongs. He was a Reformer in politics, but never took any part in such matters further than voting.

JAMES JOHN TRESSIDER (deceased) was a well-known contractor and builder in Toronto, where he spent the greater part of his life and where he passed away Feb. 14, 1893.

James J. Tressider was born in Elston, Cornwall, England, in 1842, son of William and Elizabeth Tressider. His father died in his native England, but his mother spent her last years in Toronto. Mr. Tressider was educated in the place of his birth, and grew to manhood there. He was married to Miss Sarah Williams, who was born in England, daughter of Parker and Mary Williams, both of whom died in that country. In 1867 Mr. Tressider came to Canada, and, settling in Toronto, established himself there as a builder. He had left his wife and two children in England, but in 1868 they joined him and the reunited family made their permanent home in that city. The first property which Mr. Tressider purchased was on Brunswick avenue, near Bloor street, and was owned by the late Sheriff F. W. Jarvis. This property, which at the time he bought it was part of a common, Mr. Tressider improved and built on, afterwards exchanging the place of his later residence at No. 462 Bathurst street, where he was living at the time of his death. He followed his trade as a builder and contractor all of his life, and many of the buildings of Toronto were put up under his direction, as he had a large business.

The children born to James Tressider were eight in number, namely: Elizabeth, wife of Robert Oakley and mother of Daisy, Gladys, Muriel, Emerson, Albert, Lena and Christopher; Louisa, wife of Edward Bradshaw; Albert, who married Miss Josephine Lee; Lena, wife of Hardy Squires; Margaret; Mabel, Mrs. Emerson Somers; Beatrice, who married Edward Wheeler, and had one daughter, Ellen; and Maude, who married Edward Foster, and has one daughter. Mr. Tressider had a very pleasing voice, and for a number of years sang in the choir of the Elm Street Methodist Church, of which he was a member. He belonged to the S.O.E. and in politics was a supporter of the Reform party. He was a man of good business judgment, which assured him success in a material way, while his many admirable traits of character won him many friends.

CAPT. CHARLES RUTTER, whose death occurred at his home in Toronto in 1896, was born in Kent, England, in 1840, son of Capt. Charles and Ann (Rutter) Rutter, the former the captain of a Royal mail packet plying between Dover and Calais. Their other children were: Edward, engaged in railroading; John, the late editor of the *Kent Express*, who died in 1899; Elizabeth, who married Slodden Castle, and is deceased; Maria, who married Alex. Leishman, and is also deceased; Lucy, who died in 1894; and Captain Charles.

Capt. Charles Rutter grew to manhood in his native country and there received his literary training. Like his father, he was a seafaring man. When but seventeen years of age he went on shipboard, continuing as a sailor until 1884 when he came to Canada. He was in the merchant service for twenty-four years and circumnavigated the globe three times. From 1870 to 1874 Captain Rutter was engaged in trading along the coast of China and Japan, his family remaining in England. On coming to Canada his intentions were to settle in the North-West and engage in farming, but this idea he gave up, and settled in Toronto, securing employment as head of a department in Taylor's Safe Works, where he was employed up to his last illness. In 1891 the Captain built his late residence, No. 396 Leslie street, where Mrs. Rutter and her daughters now reside.

In England, in 1870, Mr. Rutter was married to Miss Catherine Springall, born three miles from London, in Middlesex, England, in 1847, daughter of John and Maria (Kemp) Springall. To Captain and Mrs. Rutter were born these children: Kate, wife of George Nash, has five children, Victoria (who was born in the year of the Queen's Jubilee), Lillian, Ethel, Nelson and Gertrude; John, who married Laura Ontram, had two children, Hazel and Beryl; Charlotte C. is at home; Ethel, the wife of Edgar Varey, has two children, Bessie and Albert; and Gertrude is at home. Captain Rutter was a member of the Church of England, to which faith his widow adheres. His fraternal connections were with the Masons and the Home Circle.

The Rutter family traced their descent from a Dutch family, De Reuter, some of whom were not unknown to fame as sea dogs. Mrs. Catherine Rutter's maternal grandfather was descended from Sir Robert Kemp, of Gissing Hall, Norfolk, England.

JOSEPH TAIT. Among the men who have taken an active part in public matters in the city of Toronto for the past three decades is

Joseph Tait, the registrar of the Surrogate Court of the County of York.

Mr. Tait comes of sturdy Scotch ancestry, and his great-grandfather, William Tait, was a lifelong resident of Scotland, where he was a horseshoer and manufacturer of farm implements.

Joseph Tait, Sr., son of William and grandfather of Joseph, followed his father's occupations all his life.

John Tait, son of Joseph, Sr., was born in Scotland. He followed in the footsteps of his forefathers, and was a horse shoer and manufacturer of farm implements. He married Miss Williamson Clark, by whom he had the following children: John, who died in Australia; Joseph; and Maggie, now Mrs. Andrew Rogerson, of Annandale, Scotland.

Joseph Tait was born in Scotland in 1839. In his native land he married Lizzie McKie, a native of Scotland, and to them was born one son, John Williamson, now of Toronto. From Scotland, in 1871, Mr. Tait and his family emigrated to Pennsylvania, and in the following year came to Canada, settling in Toronto. On arriving in the Ontario metropolis, Mr. Tait worked at his trade, that of baker, for a few months, after which he started in business on his own account on Yonge street, where he erected suitable buildings for conducting an extensive business. This business Mr. Tait continued until 1897, when he sold out, still owning, however, the realty connected therewith. Mr. Tait, after frequently refusing to be nominated, at last consented, and was elected to represent the old ward of St. John in the municipal council of that city, this being in 1888. In 1889 he was elected to Parliament from the city of Toronto on the Reform ticket. After serving four years in Parliament, Mr. Tait gave his full attention to his business until 1897, when he was appointed to his present position. For many years Mr. Tait had been a well-known campaign speaker in the Province of Ontario in the interest of the Reform party, and for ten years he was on the board of the Globe Printing Company, the owners of Canada's great Liberal organ. For more than a quarter of a century he has been a prominent public man, not only in Toronto, but throughout the whole Province.

Mr. Tait had hardly settled in Toronto, when on Oct. 10, 1872, he was bereft of his wife. For his second wife he married Miss Susie Stibbard, a native of this county, and a member of one of the old pioneer families. Mrs. Tait's father, Robert Stibbard, was born in England, and came to the County of York about 1835,

where he spent the remainder of his life. His death occurred in 1903, at the age of eighty-six years. By trade he was a patternmaker, but in his latter years he followed market gardening. His wife bore the maiden name of Elizabeth McDonald. Mr. and Mrs. Tait are members of the Methodist Church, in which Mr. Tait is a well-known local preacher and a member of the board of trustees, the executive board, and a representative of the church at all general conferences since the union. He is one of the most genial men of the city of Toronto, and at the same time conducts the affairs of his office with business dignity.

REV. ALFRED JOHN ROBINSON, who passed away at Dalesville, Quebec, in 1903, was born in England in 1845, and there received his education. At the age of sixteen years he was converted to the Christian religion, as expressed in the Baptist creed. At eighteen he became a minister in the church, and at twenty-one was ordained a regular pastor. After spending some time in ministerial work Mr. Robinson, in 1882, came to Canada and settled in Toronto, where for five years he was engaged as a Baptist minister. From Toronto he went to Sidney, near Belleville, Hastings County, Ont., where the next five years were spent. He spent a like time at Grenville, Quebec, and then went to Dominionville, Ont., where he also spent five years, thence to Dalesville, where, in the third year of his pastorate, he was taken suddenly ill, and lived but a few days.

The Rev. Mr. Robinson was twice married, having two children by his first wife: Oliver Alfred, deceased; and Laura Annie, the wife of Albert E. Joyce, of Toronto. Mr. Robinson's second wife was Miss Elizabeth Curry, born in England, in 1854, daughter of Henry and Mary (Broster) Curry, who died in the old country. To this union was born one son, Herbert Henry Robinson, who married Jennie McArthur, of Dalesville, Quebec, and has two children, Leonard and Alfred Herbert.

In political views Mr. Robinson was independent, always voting for principle, and not party. In 1904 Mrs. Robinson purchased her home at No. 918 Bloor street west, Toronto, where she has since resided. In October, 1906, she went to New Mexico, U.S.A., with her son Herbert H., and intends to remain there some time, her son having gone into business there.

DR. JAMES REA, who died at No. 301 Dundas street, was one of the well-known and highly esteemed residents, and prominent physicians, of the Queen City. The Doctor was

born Nov. 7, 1861, in the County of Wellington, a son of John and Isabella Rea.

John and Isabella Rea were born in the North of Ireland, and were for many years residents of the County of Wellington. Their children were: William, David, Dr. James, Maggie, Jane and Maria.

Dr. James Rea was educated at Fergus high school, and then taught school for three years. In 1883 he entered Victoria University, from which he was graduated with honors in 1885. He was also graduated with honors from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1886. Having thus prepared himself for the practice of medicine, Dr. Rea settled in Pickering in company with Dr. Bateman, where he remained until 1888, in this year settling in Toronto, where he later built a valuable home, in which he resided until his death.

In 1887 Dr. Rea married Mary Isabella Robinson, who was born in Toronto, daughter of George and Isabelle (Marshall-Young) Robinson, the former of whom was a well-known carriage builder of York for many years. George Robinson built the wheelbarrows for the Australian gold mines which sold for twenty shillings each. He was a son of Robert and Mary (McCormick) Robinson. Isabelle Marshall-Young was a daughter of John Marshall-Young, an early settler of Ontario. To Mr. and Mrs. Robinson were born: Mrs. Rea; George, deceased; Ann, deceased; and Margaret, deceased.

To Dr. and Mrs. Rea were born three children: Stella Robinson and Ethel Isabelle, twins; and Lillian Irena. Dr. Rea was a prominent member of the Y.M.C.A., and was a director of Chalmers Church, in which he was an active worker. He was a member of the I.O.O.F. and C.O.F. During the Northwest Rebellion he served as surgeon. In politics he was a Reformer.

JOHN ABELL (deceased). The American-Abell Engine & Thresher Company, of Toronto, is one of the Queen City's leading industries, and was founded by John Abell, and by him sold to an American company, which adopted its present name. John Abell was born in England, Sept. 17, 1822, son of John and Elizabeth (Baily) Abell, both of whom died in England.

Mr. Abell grew to manhood in his native country, and there his education was received, and at the age of twenty-three years he came to Canada and settled for a short time in Toronto, from which city he went to Woodbridge. There he embarked, in a small way, in the manufacture of farm implements, which busi-



John Bell

ness rapidly increased, under Mr. Abell's energy and enterprise, to one of Canada's leading industries. In 1874, at the time when Mr. Abell had a large number of machines on hand for shipment to various places, his plant was destroyed by fire, and he lost his entire stock of manufactured product, large quantities of lumber, and all of his patterns. The fire was of an incendiary origin, having been set by some party who had blown open and rifled the safe, in this manner hoping to hide the traces of his crime. With characteristic energy Mr. Abell at once rebuilt his plant, purchased lumber, and went to work to reproduce the machines already ordered which had been burned. This he accomplished. In 1886 Mr. Abell removed his plant to Toronto, where he continued to operate until within a short time of his death, when the business was sold to American parties, and the name changed to the present one.

On Dec. 24, 1855, Mr. Abell and Miss Christina Franks were united in marriage. She was born in Vaughan township, County York, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Walker) Franks, the former a native of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and the latter of Kingston, Ont. He was a son of Peter Franks, a pioneer of Richmond Hill, County York, where he settled about 1807, when only about half a dozen log houses comprised the dwellings of Vaughan township. John Franks, his son, was born in 1800, in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and was therefore but seven years of age when brought to Canada. On growing to manhood he married Elizabeth Walker, and settled on a farm in Vaughan township, where he died in 1884. They were members of the Methodist Church. To Mr. and Mrs. Franks were born: Peter, Joseph, Mary Ann, Henry, Mrs. Abell, John, Eliza Jane, Catherine, Elizabeth, William Martin, John, Robert, Matilda and Amanda Louisa.

Mr. and Mrs. Abell had one daughter, Violet Mary. In religious faith he was a member of the Church of England, and in politics a Conservative.

JAMES GEORGE GILES, now living retired at his very pleasant home, No. 31 Rosedale street, Toronto, was for many years identified with the railroad business in England, Canada and the United States. He was born in England in 1820, son of Richard and Mary (Bosely) Giles, both of whom died in England.

James G. Giles was educated in England, and when about fifteen or sixteen years of age engaged with a surveying party, and helped to survey the second railroad in England, this being the line from Paddington to Bristol, in about 1835-6. Mr. Giles continued in railroad

work in England for twenty years, having as many as 500 men under his management and supervision. In 1855 he came to Canada, settling at London, Ont., where he bought a farm in the township of Delaware, County Middlesex, upon which, however, he remained but four months, when he became roadmaster for the Great Western Railroad, a position which he held for three years. After a lapse of three years, during which time he was not connected with railroading, Mr. Giles again resumed this work, becoming superintendent of the road running from Detroit to Grand Haven, Michigan. Returning to Canada he settled for a time in the County of Oxford, and in 1872 located in Toronto and went into business on Yonge street, becoming a general merchant and fruit dealer. Mr. Giles was the first to ship apples to Toronto, the fruit coming from the County of Oxford. After continuing the business for a few years, Mr. Giles turned it over to his son Frank, who has since very successfully conducted it. About 1876 Mr. Giles retired from business, and settled at his present home, which he has made one of the beautiful spots of Rosedale. The lot, 90 x 375 feet, was planted by Mr. Giles himself with flowers, shrubs, fruit trees and hedges, all of which are kept in the neatest condition. He takes great pride in keeping his place in order, everything having a place, and being found therein.

In 1841 Mr. Giles married Elizabeth Hull, born in England in 1820, who died in 1885. They had nine children: Thomas, deceased; James, deceased; Sarah, of New Brunswick; Emma, deceased; Helen, of New Brunswick; Frank, in business in Toronto; Mary Ann, deceased; George, of California; and Hester, at home.

Mr. Giles is a member of the Church of England. In politics he is a Conservative. While in England, he was fraternally connected with the I.O.O.F. The high esteem in which Mr. Giles was held by the men under his supervision while engaged in railroad work is shown by the gift of a handsome gold watch, presented him by his men in 1856.

THOMAS YOUNG SHELTON, who was well known as a shipbuilder and contractor, passed away at his residence, No. 91 Bellwoods avenue, Toronto, in August, 1889. He was born in England in 1837, son of John and Mary Shelton, both of whom died in the old country.

In his early youth Mr. Shelton attended the public schools in the vicinity of his English home, and served his time to the shipbuilding business. In 1871 he came to Canada, and on locating in Toronto engaged in the contracting

and house building trade, at which occupation he continued for some time, finally turning his attention to boat building, and in this latter business he was occupied until his death. In 1871 Mr. Shelton married Miss Emma Reed, who was born in England, daughter of William and Elizabeth Reed, who died in the mother country, Mrs. Shelton being the only member of her parents' family to come to Canada. To Mr. and Mrs. Shelton came seven children: Elizabeth Mary, born in 1872, died in 1873; Ernest L., of Toronto, born in 1877; Nelson, of Toronto, born in 1879; Ada Florance, born in 1880, died in 1881; Leo, born in 1882, died in 1884; Blanche, born in 1884; and Roland, born in 1887.

Thomas Young Shelton was a member of the Church of England, and to this faith Mrs. Shelton and her children adhere. In political matters he was a Conservative. About 1875 Mr. and Mrs. Shelton located at No. 91 Bellwoods avenue, where he had built a home, and here Mrs. Shelton still resides, being one of the oldest residents of the street. Mr. Shelton was a successful business man, his several enterprises being conducted with a vigor and push that brought the most satisfactory results and proved of benefit to the neighborhood. He was a liberal contributor to various public spirited movements in the city, and he was highly esteemed as a good citizen.

ALBERT WINSLOW, youngest son of Capt. George Winslow and Mary Forster, of Derrylin, Enniskillen, Ireland, who settled in Durham County, the former as an agriculturist, was born in 1851. For many years he was a prominent business man of Canada, being president of the Brewers' Association and partner of the Ambrose & Winslow Brewing and Malt-ing Company, Port Hope, until a few years before his death, in 1904. In politics he was a Conservative, and took a great interest in the success of his party in this section, and his fraternal affiliations were with the Masons. He was a member of the Church of England.

To him and his wife, who was Miss Mina E. Hickey, eldest daughter of Zenas Hickey and Deliah Empy, of Morrisburg, Ont., were born four daughters, namely: Sybil, Ombra, Helen and Gladys.

CHARLES P. PLAYTER, a successful druggist, established at No. 1340 Queen street west, Toronto, is a representative of one of Ontario's oldest families, and one which has been continuously identified with the Province since the first Playter settled there.

(I) Col. George Playter, the first of

the name to settle in Canada, was of English ancestry and was an officer in the British army during the American Revolution. He was the owner of considerable property in Philadelphia, but this was confiscated by the Americans because of the Colonel's Tory sentiments. In 1780 Colonel Playter left New Jersey, where he was then residing, and moved to Canada, settling at Castle Frank, in the present city of Toronto, where he passed the remainder of his life as a retired officer. As a U. E. Loyalist, he received land on Yonge street between Richmond Hill and Thornhill, and the east side of Yonge street east to Church street, from Queen street to Bloor, as recorded by the first entry of this property in the registry office. He had five sons: James, Watson, Eli, John and George.

(II) James Playter was born at Castle Frank, and became one of the pioneer farmers of York township. He married Miss Hannah Miles, and both died at their home. They were the parents of four children: James, Aaron, Weldon and Thomas.

(III) James Playter (2) was also born at Castle Frank. He owned large farming interests and likewise a sawmill at Richmond Hill, becoming an extensive manufacturer of lumber. He was twice married, his first wife being Miss Agnes Widdifield, an aunt of Sheriff Widdifield, of County York. Mrs. Agnes Playter died leaving three sons: Charles; Henry, of the United States; and Dr. Edward, of Toronto. For his second wife Mr. Playter married Miss Rebecca Langstaff, and the following family was born to them: Nelson J., of the United States; Agnes, deceased; Caroline; Mary M., Mrs. Henry A. Knowles; Wellington; Robert, of the United States; Edgar, of Toronto; Arthur and Thomas, both deceased.

(IV) Charles Playter, father of Charles P., was born at Richmond Hill in 1832, was educated in the public schools there, and remained at home till ready to choose his life work. He became a farmer and followed agricultural pursuits near Oakville for many years, and then moved to the vicinity of Orangeville, where he remained till he retired and settled down to enjoy his remaining years at Leaside Junction. Mr. Playter married Miss Maria Roosevelt Playter, who was born at Toronto in 1832 and died in 1894. She was a daughter of Emanuel Playter. To Charles and Maria Playter were born the following family: Charles P.; Charlotte, wife of C. W. Lea, of Leaside Junction; Evelyn and Amelia, both deceased.

(V) Charles P. Playter was born at St. George, Ont., in 1868. His boyhood was passed in the vicinities of Oakville and Orangeville

in school, and he continued his studies till he had completed the course offered in the Orangeville high school. After that he went to Toronto and took the course in pharmacy at the Ontario College of Pharmacy, where he received his degree in 1888. For the intervening years he was employed in the drug business and acquired an experience that enabled him, when he started a drug store on his own account in 1902, to make it successful from the beginning. He has remained ever since at his original location at No. 1340 Queen street west, and has built up a large patronage, so that he is now one of the best known druggists in Toronto.

In 1890 the rite of matrimony was solemnized between Charles P. Playter and Miss Adelaide Strickland, of Galt. Mrs. Playter was born in Galt, daughter of the late George T. Strickland and Helen Strickland, of Galt. She has borne her husband two daughters, Muriel and Helen. The family are members of the Church of England. In political views Mr. Playter stands with the Reform party. His only affiliation in fraternal organizations is with the Royal Arcanum. Mr. Playter is popular with both his business associates and in social circles, and the family is one held in high esteem.

JOHN WILSON ROBERTSON, who died in Toronto in 1885, was for many years a well-known builder of the Queen City. He was born in Edinburgh, Scotland, in 1824, son of James Robertson, who came to Canada in 1832, and settled for a short time in Brockville, later coming to Toronto, where he died in 1860.

John Wilson Robertson was educated in Brockville, and on coming to Toronto, served his time to the carpenter's trade, which business he followed until about nine years prior to his death, when he retired from active work. Mr. Robertson built his late residence, at No. 2 Division street, in 1884, and this, together with other valuable residence property, Mrs. Robertson now owns. In 1852 Mr. Robertson married Miss Mary Smith, a member of a family for many years identified with Toronto. She is a daughter of the late William P. and Sarah (Martin) Smith, natives of England who came to Canada in 1832, settling in Muddy York (now Toronto), where Mr. Smith engaged in contracting and building for the remainder of his active life. He was very well known in the city, where he died in 1876. He and his wife had these children: Sarah, who died young; Mrs. Robertson; William, deceased; Thomas, deceased; and Sarah (2), who is the widow of Thomas Lannin.

To Mr. and Mrs. Robertson were born: James Smith, of Toronto, who married Annie Moore Kerry, and has children, Walter and Mary (twins), Alice, Wilburn and Muriel W.; William, of Buffalo, New York, who married Mary Newton, and has six children, Adelaide Mary, Jessie, Gordon, Myrtle, Sadie and Wilda; Charles, of Toronto, who married Sarah Mary Payne Manley, and has one son, Frederick A.; Sarah, deceased, who was the wife of James B. Campbell; John W., of the United States, who married Ella Henderson, and has two children, Ray and Jean; Mary, who is the wife of T. W. Capp, of Toronto, and has four children, Ruth Robertson, Mary Louisa, Hilda Hunt and Harold Edward; and Walter, of New York, who married Rachel McRoberts, and has two children, Walter J. and Mildred.

John Wilson Robertson was a member and elder of the Presbyterian Church. In his political faith he was a staunch Reformer.

JOHN SCOTT, who died at his late residence, No. 85 St. George street, Toronto, March 6, 1905, was born in parish of Lundie, Forfarshire, Scotland, March 2, 1815, and was therefore ninety years and four days old at the time of his death.

The family of Scott is a very old and prominent one in Scotland, but the first of this branch of whom anything definite is known, is Thomas Scott, the great-grandfather of the subject of this sketch. He was born in the parish of Cargill, was married in 1740, and among his children was a son, Thomas Scott, the grandfather of John. This Thomas Scott was also born in the parish of Cargill, but removed to the parish of Lundie, where James Scott, father of John, was born. The latter owned large tracts of land in the parish, where he was well known as a gentleman farmer. He was twice married, first to Agnes Wallace, and subsequently to Annie Lunan, and of the family born of the second union John was the youngest.

John Scott was educated in the public schools of his native parish, and was for some time with a merchant of Dundee. In 1836 he came to Canada, locating at Brockville. Later he went to Prescott, and took an active part in assisting to put down the rebellion of 1837-38, after which he engaged with John Bland, of Prescott, in a general mercantile business, under the firm name of John Bland & Co. After continuing the business for some time Mr. Scott purchased a farm at Burford, which he disposed of soon afterward, however, removing to the township of Orford, County Kent, where he remained for some time, engaged in the

grain business and along other lines. He became well known in that section of Ontario. On closing out his business in the County of Kent, Mr. Scott removed to Toronto, and from 1880 until his death led a retired life.

Mr. Scott was a great reader, his library consisting of the standard works on history, literature and art. His memory was very retentive and he could discuss brilliantly almost any subject. He also kept abreast of the times on current literature, and was probably one of the best read men of his time in Toronto. Mr. Scott was a first cousin of the late Rev. Patrick Bell, inventor of the reaping machine (1846), who was presented 2,000 pounds by the Agricultural Society of Scotland, as a reward for his inventions.

John Scott married Miss Eliza Ann Fraser, who was born at Prescott, Ont., in September, 1819, daughter of John and Catherine (Drummond) Fraser, the former a son of Simon Fraser, a United Empire Loyalist, who founded the Fraser family in Canada. Mrs. Scott died May 9, 1899, the mother of the following family: Miss Katherine S., of Toronto; Annie, who died in March, 1903, the widow of Hugh Innes, leaving one son, John Scott Innes; Miss Elizabeth, of Toronto; James, who married Carrie Barrett, and died leaving three children, Walter Barrett (barrister at Regina), John Roy Stewart Scott (an architect of Toronto, living at the old home on St. George street with his aunt Miss Katherine S. Scott) and Carrie Louise (of Toronto); John Fraser, of Australia, who married Sarah Emily Strachan, and has one son, George Fraser, an accountant who also makes his home with Miss Katherine S. Scott, in Toronto; George Drummond, of Toronto; Eliza Marie, of Toronto; and Alexander B., of Smith's Falls, who married Janet Christie McArthur, and has four children, Alexander Gordon, Janet Florence, Donald M. and Gwendolyn Fraser.

Mr. John Scott was a member of the Presbyterian Church. In political sentiment he was a Reformer.

HENRY BENJAMIN GOODE, who died in St. Paul, Minnesota, in 1883, was at one time a well-known man of Toronto. Mr. Goode was born at Brighton, England, in 1852, son of Benjamin Geldart Goode, a prominent barrister of that place, where the latter spent his entire life. His wife, who bore the maiden name of Georgina Cruickshank, was a relative of Sir Henry Bishop, the latter being our subject's great-uncle.

Henry B. Goode received a good literary training in his native land, and also read law,

but did not engage in any practice. Coming to Canada, he located at Stratford, Ont., where he was employed by the Grand Trunk Railway Company. From Stratford he went to Elora, where he was still employed by the same company as agent, and was then engaged for some time in Toronto in the real estate business in the offices of J. E. Thompson, where he met many business men, forming a wide acquaintance. From Toronto Mr. Goode went to Kincardine, where he managed a land business for some time, and then settled in Ripley, where he opened an office of his own which he conducted for a while. At this time he received a flattering offer from a large wholesale firm of St. Paul, which he accepted, continuing in that position until his death. While in Aylmer Mr. Goode met and married Zelinda Freeman, a native of that place, and the daughter of John and Lucinda (Sullivan) Freeman, the latter of whom was born in Canada in 1831, and the former in Vermont in 1818. He was a son of Leonard Freeman, a United Empire Loyalist, who emigrated to Canada from the United States. He was an officer in the Rebellion of 1837-8. John Freeman, the father of Mrs. Goode, was for many years a lumber merchant of Aylmer, Ontario, where he was well known and very highly respected, and where he died in 1866. To him and his wife these children were born: Zelinda, Mrs. Goode; and Annie.

Mr. Goode was a member of the Church of England, and in political principle was a Conservative.

RICHARD T. COADY, who since 1888 has served continuously as city treasurer of Toronto, and has been connected with the treasury department of the city since 1873, is one of the best known citizens of that city. He has passed his entire life there, having been born on Queen street west, Toronto, Jan. 28, 1852.

James Coady, his father, was a resident of Toronto (then the town of York) from 1827 until his death in 1892. He came to Canada from New Ross, County Wexford, Ireland, and, settling in Toronto, followed mercantile pursuits for a number of years, but he eventually entered the service of the Canadian government, and by his faithfulness to duty set a high standard for the subsequent service of his son, who has ably sustained it. James Coady married a daughter of the late John Kearney, Esq., of Dublin, Ireland, a lady of many accomplishments and marked literary ability, who became well known as a gifted writer. She had wide sympathies and was noted for her charity, and her death, which occurred in 1889, was widely



R. J. Condy

mourned, not only among her relatives and friends, but among the poor throughout the city, many of whom had long been the recipients of her kindly aid.

Richard T. Coady was educated in his native city, attending the Model and Grammar schools, and also receiving instructions under private teachers. After the close of his school life he was for four years accountant with the firm of Messrs. Thompson Smith & Son, who did an extensive lumber business in both Canada and the United States. In 1873 he commenced work in the treasury department of the city of Toronto, as accountant. In time he was promoted to chief accountant and assistant treasurer, and in 1888, by the unanimous vote of the Council, became head of the bureau as city treasurer. That he has been retained in this position ever since is but one mark of the appreciation he has won by the efficient and faithful discharge of every duty connected with the office. However, mere efficiency could never have gained for Mr. Coady the place he holds in the administration of the city's affairs. It is his marked ability as a financier, his unquestioned fitness for the incumbency, that has won him the confidence of citizens and officials alike. The unusual growth of the city, and consequent large increase of the public debt, have added yearly to the heavy responsibilities which rest upon him, and he has made several trips to London, England, 1889, 1892, 1894 and 1895, to float loans for the city. His success in the face of interested opposition, sometimes open and sometimes secret, has given his fellow citizens a faith in his operations which is amply justified by the outcome. The remarkable success of the last loan was due in large measure to his judgment and shrewdness, and to him more than to any other one man can be accredited the present high standing of Toronto's credit.

Mr. Coady has undoubtedly inherited the benevolent disposition of his mother, for he believes in serving his fellowmen individually as well as collectively. He is a member of several charitable and benevolent societies, and it is said that no case of privation or distress is ever made known to him without being investigated and promptly relieved. However, he is very unostentatious in such matters, doing good very quietly.

In 1880 Mr. Coady married Miss Lizzie Gibbons, daughter of the late William Gibbons, Esq., who came to Canada in 1817 from Castlebar, Ireland, and was one of the early pioneers of Toronto, then the muddy little town of York. Mr. and Mrs. Coady have had four children, of whom two daughters and one son

survive. Mr. Coady is a member of the Church of England. He is a Mason, being a Past Master of Wilson Lodge, a charter member of Occident Lodge, A.F. & A.M., and a Past Grand Lodge officer.

WALTER SUTHERLAND LEE. Among the prominent business men of Toronto, Ont., was the late Walter Sutherland Lee, who passed away in the Queen City, Jan. 4, 1902. He was a native of Toronto, born on King street east, Oct. 18, 1837, son of Joseph and Maria (Shanks) Lee, the former a native of Yorkshire, and the latter of London, England. Mr. and Mrs. Lee were married in Islington Church, London, and in 1832 settled in Toronto.

Walter S. Lee was educated at the private seminary conducted by Mr. James Mair, of Toronto, and on embarking in business life became bookkeeper in the Consumers' Gas Company's office, from which position he went to the Western Canada Loan Company, of which he became the managing director. After some years spent in this capacity, Mr. Lee became identified with the Canada Permanent Mortgage Corporation, a company with assets of over \$25,000,000, as general manager, a position he continued to fill until his death. Not only in his business relations was Mr. Lee a well-known citizen of Toronto, but he was an important factor in the management of the municipal affairs. For twenty-one years he was a member of the high school board, for two years of which he was its chairman; for thirty-five years a trustee on the public school board; for twenty-five years on the board of the General Hospital; from its inception until his death a member of the Industrial Exhibition Board; and a member of the Mechanics' Institute Board. He was also a director of the Confederation Life Assurance Company. In every position of trust Mr. Lee manifested ability and discretion, and he was ever foremost in any movement which would be of benefit to his native city.

On Feb. 2, 1860, Mr. Lee married Miss Emma Mary Leuty, born in Toronto, daughter of Joseph and Emma (Bogg) Leuty, early settlers of that city, or Muddy York, as it was then called. Mr. Leuty was born in Yorkshire, England, in 1785, and he died in Toronto in 1850, while his wife, born in Yorkshire in 1803, passed away in Toronto in 1884. In 1832 Mr. and Mrs. Leuty settled in Toronto, Mr. Leuty at this time being one of the independent gentlemen of the city.

Mr. Lee was a member of the Church of England, to which faith the members of his

family also adhere. In politics he was a Conservative and he took a great interest in the success of his party. In fraternal matters he was Past Grand Master of King Solomon's Lodge, A.F. & A.M.

WILLIAM DAVISON (deceased), for many years a business man of Toronto, was born in Hamilton, Ont., in 1836, son of John Davison.

John Davison was born in Yorkshire, England, and on coming to America in early manhood settled in Hamilton, although his father and his brothers settled in Detroit, where his father afterward died. In Hamilton he married Miss Jane Walker, born in England, whose father, John Walker, founded the family in Canada, at Hamilton, but himself returned to England and died there. Later Mr. Davison removed his family to Toronto and in that city was engaged for many years in manufacturing carriages. He and his wife both died there. Their family consisted of two sons, William and Thomas. The latter, whose death occurred in 1881, married Miss Clara Clark, and had two children, Jane Harriet, wife of Edward F. Ball, of New York, and Benjamin John.

William Davison was educated in Toronto, and after leaving school went into the engraving business with Thomas Wheeler, afterward his father-in-law. He remained with him for a number of years. Mr. Davison finally severed this connection to go to British Columbia, where he went into a mercantile concern at the Cariboo Mines. Returning to Toronto in 1873 he formed a partnership with William Scott and Thomas Davison, his brother, in a wholesale commission firm, with their office on Front street. This continued until 1891, when William Davison retired from business. For a couple of years he continued to live at No. 32 Carlton street, where he had built a residence on his return from British Columbia, but in 1893 he built a new home on Clinton avenue, in Deer Park, and resided there, enjoying freedom from heavy responsibilities, until the time of his death, which occurred in 1901. He was a successful business man, honored and respected by a wide circle of friends and acquaintances. Mr. Davison belonged to the Church of England and in politics was a Reformer. He was connected with but one fraternal organization, the A.O.U.W.

In 1858 Mr. Davison married Mary Gertrude Wheeler. No children were born to this union. Mrs. Davison's father, Thomas Wheeler, came from England in 1843, and settled in Toronto. He had been one of the best engravers in England, and followed that business in Canada, being the first in that line to establish himself in

Toronto. His office was on the south side of King street, near Yonge street, and part of his patronage came from the Canadian government, which employed him to make the official seals. Mr. Wheeler was a member of the Church of England, a Conservative in politics, and a Mason. Twice married, Thomas Wheeler's first wife was Miss Albina Boon, by whom he had four children, namely: Mona Georgine, who died in England; Thomas James, a jeweler in Georgetown; Mary G., Mrs. Davison; and Augusta Maria, deceased wife of Michael J. Keating, of St. Catharines. Mrs. Albina Wheeler died in 1843, aged thirty-five years. Mr. Wheeler married for his second wife Miss Eliza Osborne, who was the mother of six children, as follows: Ida, who married a Mr. White; Alexander E., of Toronto; Isabella, Mrs. George Etwell; Florence M., Mrs. John McCollough; Jessie, Mrs. Cory Pearson; and Louise. Mr. Wheeler's death occurred in Toronto in 1880, when he was aged seventy-one years.

ALFRED HUTTY, who died at his residence on Poplar Plains road, Toronto, May 21, 1904, was born in Yorkville, County of York, in 1842, son of Peter Hutter, mention of whom is made elsewhere.

Mr. Hutter was educated at Upper Canada College, and on completing his education engaged in the meat business in Toronto, continuing in this line for some years. He then went into the commission business, in which he became very successful, continuing therein until his death. He was a good business man, and early in life had learned to save and properly invest his money, with the result that at his death he left his family a handsome competency.

In 1867 Mr. Hutter married Miss Dinah Lowthian, daughter of George and Ann (Martin) Lowthian, natives of England and early settlers of the County of Brant, Ont., where Mr. Lowthian engaged in farming. Mrs. Lowthian died in the County of Brant, and Mr. Lowthian subsequently removed to the County of Middlesex, where he continued in farming until his death. His children were: Mrs. Hutter; Mrs. Rogers, of Brussels, Ont.; and Dr. T. Lowthian, of Michigan. To Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Hutter these children were born: Mary Elizabeth, Margaret Ann, George Peter, Mabel G., Alfred I. and Nina L., deceased. Mr. Hutter was a member of the Church of England. Politically he affiliated with the Conservative party.

WILLIAM H. HAYES, who departed this life Dec. 5, 1898, was born in East Whitby in 1837, son of the late Rev. William Hayes, a

Methodist minister. Rev. Mr. Hayes was born in Somersetshire, England, and founded the family in Canada, settling near Columbus, Ont., at an early date. He later moved to Myrtle, County of Ontario, where he lived for some time on a farm, returning to Columbus, where he died in 1892. His wife, Harriet Retallic, was the daughter of William Retallic, who served in the war of 1812, and died in Columbus.

William H. Hayes was educated at Columbus and Oshawa, and began business on his own account on a farm in the County of Ontario, near Port Perry, where he carried on agricultural pursuits for a number of years very successfully. With the exception of a few years spent at Prince Albert, Mr. Hayes passed his entire life on this farm, and there died. In 1865 he married Miss Elisabeth Bell, daughter of Joseph and Ann (Hickingbottom) Bell, the former born in 1818, in Whitehaven, Cumberland, England, and educated for the English Church clergy, and the latter born in Yorkshire, in 1821. They came to Canada in 1844, settling near Brooklin, Ontario County, where Mr. Bell engaged in agricultural pursuits. His wife passed away in 1847, while he survived until 1867. Three children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Hayes: Annie, deceased, who married John Hurd; Josephine Bell, wife of Ralph S. Fleury, druggist, of Toronto; and William Edgar, a druggist of Toronto.

Mr. Hayes was a staunch Reformer in politics. In his religious belief he was a member of the Methodist Church. Fraternally he was a member of the I.O.O.F. and the L.O.L., in which orders he was very popular.

JOHN SPAULDING STEELE, who passed away in the year 1885, was not only one of the well-known business men of Oshawa, but also identified with commercial interests in Toronto. Mr. Steele was born in Grafton, Ont., in 1837, son of John and Mary (Spaulding) Steele, the former a native of Glasgow, and the latter of the United States, of United Empire Loyalist extraction.

On Aug. 15, 1820, John Steele embarked on a sailing vessel for Quebec, and in Canada engaged in the mercantile and lumber business in Quebec and other places. He was not prosperous in trade, but was very well versed in legal matters, and was known as "Squire" Steele and "Judge" Steele, although not a lawyer by profession.

John Spaulding Steele was educated at Port Hope. He began his business experience in the Bank of Montreal, and after remaining there for some time decided to embark in busi-

ness for himself. Accordingly he went to Oshawa, where he engaged extensively in the grain business and in mercantile pursuits, and became a very prominent and prosperous man. He was a member of the council of Oshawa for many years, and was tendered the mayoralty, but declined. He was also prominent in church affairs, being elder in the Presbyterian Church for many years and superintendent of the Sunday-school.

In 1883 the business was established in Toronto, Mr. R. C. Steele becoming manager, while Mr. John S. Steele looked after the business at Oshawa. In 1885 the Oshawa business was sold and he moved to Toronto, and his death occurred a short time afterward.

Mr. Steele and Miss Harriet Greig were united in marriage in Oshawa. She was born at Columbus, Ont., daughter of Alexander and Harriet (McCullough) Greig, natives of Scotland, and granddaughter of John Alexander Greig, who came to Canada. The Greig family was founded in Canada, however, by Alexander Greig, the father of Mrs. Steele, who was born in 1802, and when a young man came to this country, settling near Columbus, where he purchased a large tract of land. He converted it into one of the most beautiful farms in Canada, and the land is still in the possession of the family. Having settled himself, Mr. Greig sent for his parents, who had a home with him until they died. Later, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Greig settled in Oshawa, where he died in 1870, and she in 1880. Their children were: Mary Agnes, Mrs. McKenzie; Harriet, Mrs. Steele; Margaret, wife of Rev. James Ross; Dr. W. J., of Toronto; and Lillian, wife of Thomas Stewart, barrister, of Lindsay.

To Mr. and Mrs. Steele were born two sons and two daughters: Minnie Evelyn; James Arthur, who married Clara Trojan, of Berlin, Germany, by whom he had three children; Rev. Stuart, B.A., at present on the mission field in connection with the Presbyterian Church; and Beatrice M., who is now married and lives in New York. Mr. Steele was a prominent Reformer. With his family he was identified with the Presbyterian Church.

JOSEPH DAVIDSON, a prominent business man and highly respected citizen of Toronto, died March 1, 1901, in Toronto. He was born in Burlington, Ont., Dec. 24, 1829, son of John Davidson.

John Davidson was born in 1793 in Northumberlandshire, England, of Scotch parentage, and was the first of the family to come to Canada. He settled in Burlington in 1828, where he farmed until his death, in 1851. His wife

was Hannah Foster, born in 1797, at Grimsby, England, and she died in 1876, at Penetanguishene.

Joseph Davidson was educated in the common schools, and then engaged in the manufacture of lumber, owning mills located at Fort William, Penetanguishene, Fredericksburg, Walsingham, Princeton and other places. He also owned large tracts of pine land in Canada, and the timber from this land was converted into lumber and sold. He continued in the lumber business for thirty years, and lived retired for ten or twelve years prior to his death. In politics he was a Reformer.

In 1855 Mr. Davidson was united in marriage with Miss Caroline France, daughter of Isaac France, of Canandaigua, New York. Isaac France was the owner of several farms, and for some time served as sheriff of Sussex county, New Jersey. He was born in 1766, in New Jersey, son of John France, whose father was a French Huguenot who settled in New Jersey at an early date and became a general in the Revolutionary War. Isaac France married Margaret Staekhouse, born in 1798, in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; she died in 1859, in New York. Her husband died in 1836, at Canandaigua, New York.

After their marriage, Mr. and Mrs. Davidson located at Ingersoll, removing to Toronto in 1868, where Mr. Davidson purchased his home at No. 217 Spadina avenue. Later they moved to No. 22 Madison avenue, where Mrs. Davidson still resides. Mr. Davidson was well known in the lumber districts all over the country, and also in Toronto where he spent so many years of his active life. Their children were: Judson France, of Toronto, unmarried; Frederic Joseph Arthur, M.A., Toronto University, 1893, Ph.D., Leipsic, 1900, and professor in Toronto University, married Helen Louise Mason, daughter of Francis Ambrose Mason, of New York, and they have three children: Joseph Jocelyn, Edith Frederica, and Marcia Alysoune.

WILLIAM MARTIN REFORD, who passed from this world Feb. 10, 1895, at his home in Toronto, was born in Cookstown, Ireland, in February, 1834, son of Joseph and Grace (Wilson) Reford, the former of whom died in that country.

In 1844 Mrs. Joseph Reford brought her family to Canada and settled in Toronto, on Berkeley street. The boy William finished his education in the Toronto schools, and then went to Pickering where he entered a grocery store in order to learn the business. After he had acquired the necessary familiarity with it he

and his brother Robert opened a store together in Toronto, at the corner of Colborne street and Market Square, under the name of Robert Reford & Co. The partnership continued until 1863, when William M. Reford withdrew from the firm and went into business for himself on Front street, opposite the "Black Horse Hotel." There he continued for some time, but finally sold out and went to the oil fields of Pennsylvania, where he remained four years. Returning from there to Toronto, he engaged in the brokerage and real estate business, and continued to devote his attention to this line until his death.

In 1860 William M. Reford was united in matrimony to Miss Rosa Cameron Metcalf. Children as follows were born to them: (1) Sarah E., Mrs. Alexander S. M. Stewart, has four children, Graham, Sutherland, Rosalie and Reford. (2) Frederick William, of Chicago, married Miss Angie Hubert, and has one son, Robert L. (3) Thomas M., is a resident of New Brunswick. (4) Robert, of Toronto, is accountant of the Bank of Toronto. (5) Barbara married T. B. McCarthy, of Toronto, and has one son, Thomas B. Cameron. Both Mr. and Mrs. Reford had much artistic talent, and on the walls of the home at No. 53 Albany avenue are many pictures painted by Mr. Reford. Mrs. Reford began to give evidence of artistic ability when only ten years old, and has been engaged in work of that nature more or less since. She does beautiful painting on china and her home is filled with specimens of her work. She is a member of the Church of England, to which Mr. Reford also belonged.

Mrs. Reford, who was born in Toronto, March 9, 1841, comes of English lineage on both sides. Her father, Thomas Metcalf, was born in England in 1813. He came to Toronto in 1830, and for more than forty years was in the First Division Court office, in connection with Mr. A. MacLean Howard. Mr. Metcalf served in the rebellion of 1837-38. Twice married, the only surviving child of his first wife, Sarah (Wilson) Metcalf, is Mrs. Reford. The others died young. For his second wife, Mr. Metcalf married a sister of the first, Miss Susanna Wilson, and they had four children, namely: Mrs. R. J. Score; Mrs. William Fahey, of Toronto; Mrs. Richard Stedman, of Penetanguishene; and Mrs. Charles Murdock. Thomas Metcalf died in 1899. His wife, Susanna, died Nov. 15, 1906.

David Wilson, the maternal grandfather of Mrs. Reford, was an Englishman, and came to Toronto when a boy. Later in life he engaged in the boot and shoe business. He became very prominent in his line, and conducted a most



August Pulster

successful store on King street, between Yonge and Bay streets. The famous General Brock was wearing Mr. Wilson's boots at the time of his death, in the battle of Queenston. David Wilson owned considerable property on King street and was quite well off. He died in 1847. His family consisted of fourteen children, of whom Sarah was born in Toronto in 1818.

WILLIAM INCE, in whose death, Oct. 20, 1905, Toronto lost one of her oldest business men and most highly esteemed citizens, had been established at one location for sixty years, and was known not only as the oldest wholesale grocer in Toronto, but one of the oldest anywhere in the Dominion.

Richard Ince, father of William, was a native of Ireland, as was also his wife, Maria (Bailey) Ince. They came to Canada in 1831, and settled near Montreal, at Coteau Landing, where Richard Ince died. His widow later came to Toronto, and there passed her remaining years. They were the parents of seven children, namely: Mrs. George Oates, Mrs. John W. Young, and Mrs. James Young, of Toronto; William; Thomas; and two who died and were buried at sea.

William Ince was born in Queen's County Ireland, Aug. 16, 1825. He was a schoolboy in his seventh year when his parents brought their family to Canada, and he acquired most of his education in the Dominion schools. His entire business life was spent in Toronto, where at the age of twenty he opened the wholesale grocery store whose management proved to be his life-long occupation. He began in the location at Nos. 41-43 Front street east, which was so well adapted to his needs that he never moved, and his sons, William and James, still continue at the same place. The fact that so young a man could, from the very beginning handle an enterprise of such scope so successfully tells the whole story of Mr. Ince's native capacity. Executive ability, foresight, judgment, all these had he in a marked degree, while his integrity was unassailable. His name became throughout the Dominion a synonym for business honesty, for his patrons always found his goods exactly as they were represented. He had other important business connections, having been vice-president of the British-Canadian Loan and Investment Company, Limited, and for twenty years was a director of the Dominion Bank.

On May 3, 1859, at the Church of the Holy Trinity, was solemnized the marriage of William Ince to Miss Helen Jane Young, who was born in England about 1835. Her parents were Capt. James and Eliza Young, who on coming

to Canada settled first in Barrie and later in Toronto. Both died in that city, he in 1841 and she in 1847. Their children were: Mrs. Thomas Carter; James, deceased; John W., deceased; Hugh, deceased; Alfred, deceased; and Mrs. Ince. To the union of Mr. and Mrs. Ince were born six children, as follows: William and James, who since their father's death have carried on the business; John Henry; George, of Toronto; Mrs. Harry Paterson, and Mrs. A. D. Longmuir. For many years the family residence was at No. 60 Grosvenor street, where Mr. Ince built when that section was largely open common. In 1890 he erected the handsome residence at No. 94 Prince Arthur avenue in which his widow still lives. Mr. Ince and his wife were members of Holy Trinity Church, and he was a member of the Synod for fifty-seven years. In politics he was a Conservative.

THOMAS ADAIR, who died in Toronto Dec. 25, 1901, was born in Glasgow, Scotland, Dec. 25, 1826, son of James and Margaret Adair. The Adairs came to Canada about 1841, and settled in the County of Bruce, where James Adair followed the weaving trade, which had been his occupation in the old country. Later he went to Southampton, where he and his wife died. Their children were as follows: Thomas, James and John.

Thomas Adair was educated in Scotland, and on coming to Canada learned the framing business, which he followed for some time, later becoming a contractor for the government, and for a number of years was engaged in building docks. About 1880 he retired from active work and settled in Toronto, where he spent the remainder of his life.

Mr. Adair was twice married, his first wife being Miss Margaret Inglis, by whom he had ten children. In 1871 Mr. Adair married Miss Margaret Graham, born in Liverpool, England, daughter of Andrew and Margaret Graham, natives of Scotland, who came to Canada, settling at Stratford in 1842. By Mr. Adair's second marriage there were three children. Mr. Adair was a Presbyterian in religious faith and a Reformer in politics. Fraternally he affiliated with the Masons.

MORGAN BALDWIN, who passed away in 1898, was a native of Toronto, and a member of the well-known pioneer family which has been identified with the city for more than a century. Mr. Baldwin was born in 1834, son of John Spread Baldwin and grandson of Robert Warren Baldwin.

John Spread Baldwin was born in Cork, Ire-

land, and came to Toronto in the latter part of the eighteenth century, engaging in business at the corner of King and Frederick streets. He married Ann Shaw, daughter of Major-General Shaw, of Oak Hill. Mrs. Baldwin was a native of Toronto, in which city both she and her husband died. Their children were: Rev. Canon Baldwin; Morgan Baldwin; Rev. Maurice Baldwin, Bishop of Huron; and Rev. Arthur Baldwin, of Toronto.

Morgan Baldwin was educated at the Upper Canada College, after which he spent three years at sea. In 1880 he was appointed harbor-master at Toronto, which position he filled until a few years prior to his death, in 1898. Aside from Mr. Baldwin's public work as harbor-master he ably served his city as alderman for five years, and in all his public life acquitted himself to the satisfaction of those whose interests he represented.

In 1855 Mr. Morgan Baldwin and Miss Frances Ross were united in marriage. Mrs. Baldwin was a daughter of W. C. and Elizabeth (LeLeivre) Ross. Mr. Ross was born in Scotland in 1805, and died in 1856. His wife was born in 1812, in Quebec, and died in 1887. She was a daughter of Captain Francis and Jane (LeBreton) LeLeivre, the latter of whom was born on the Isle of Jersey. Captain LeLeivre was an early settler of Ontario; both he and his wife died in Quebec. In 1820 Mr. William C. Ross came to Canada, locating in Brantford, Ont., where he engaged in business, and later moving to Toronto, where he and Mrs. Ross died. Their children were: John, deceased, who was in the government service; Mrs. Morgan Baldwin; Mrs. Joseph Small; William, who died in the North-West; Mrs. Hope Sewell, of Canada; Mrs. Edward LeMoine; and Mrs. C. L. Gettings, of Quebec. Mr. Ross was a Conservative in politics, and a Presbyterian in religion; his wife was a member of the Church of England.

To Mr. and Mrs. Morgan Baldwin were born these children: Edith; F. M., who married Miss Florence McLaren, of Chatham, and has three children, Frances, Arthur and William; and Miss Alice. In 1894 Mr. Baldwin completed his residence at No. 96 Dowling avenue, from which a fine view of the bay may be had, and where Mrs. Baldwin and her daughters reside. The family are members of the Church of England. In politics Mr. Baldwin was a Conservative.

THOMAS EDMUND SCHOLES, who died in Toronto in 1898, was for many years a well-known and popular hotel man of that city. He

was born in Quebec in 1853, son of John and Ann Scholes, natives of Ireland.

Thomas E. Scholes was educated in Toronto, whither his parents came when he was a lad. Later he served his time at the moulder's trade, which, however, he did not follow, but turned his attention to the hotel business. In 1875 he embarked in that business at the corner of Queen and Dundas streets, Toronto, and there remained eight years, at the end of which time he built at the corner of Queen west and King streets, what is now known as the "Ocean House." There he remained for a number of years, retiring a few years prior to his death. In all Mr. Scholes was engaged in the hotel business for twenty-three years.

On July 3, 1876, Mr. Scholes married Miss Anna Jane Scholes (who, although of the same name, was no relation to him), daughter of Richard and Mary (Wylie) Scholes, natives of Ireland. They came to Canada in 1843, settling in Toronto, where Richard Scholes was for some time in the hotel business. He was foreman of St. Patrick ward for a number of years. Mr. and Mrs. Richard Scholes had these children: Anna Jane, Mrs. Scholes; Richard; Alexander; Fanny, and Matthew.

To Thomas Edmund Scholes and his wife were born: Minnie Florence, wife of W. Brydson, who has one daughter, Wilma Florence; Alushia Jane, deceased; Francis Edmond; Wellington Thomas; Arthur R.; and Albert John. Mr. Scholes was a member of the Church of England. In politics he was a Conservative, and fraternally a member of the I.O.O.F.

GEORGE HILLAM, now living retired at No. 121 College street, Toronto, is one of the well-known builders of the Queen City. He was born in Kilkenny, Ireland, March 14, 1830, son of Joseph and Jane (James) Hillam, and grandson of Thomas and Rachel (Armstrong) Hillam.

In 1847 the family left the Emerald Isle for the new country, taking seven weeks to make the voyage in a sailing vessel, the "Ann Kenny," Captain Baldwin in charge. They made the trip from Montreal to Toronto in the "Sovereign," which landed them at Toronto dock at 7 p.m., Aug. 7, 1847. Shortly after settling in Toronto, Thomas and Rachel (Armstrong) Hillam died, and were buried in St. James cemetery.

Their son, Joseph Hillam, the father of our subject, engaged in building in Toronto, and was a well-known man in that city for many years. He died in 1891, while his wife passed away in 1861. They were members of the Methodist Church, and the parents of these

children: Thomas, deceased, a builder of Toronto; George; William, deceased, a reporter; Joseph, deceased, a proof-reader; John and James, twins, the former of whom lives in California, where the latter died; Richard, of the United States; and Ann, the wife of John McKay, of Toronto.

On reaching his majority George Hillam engaged in building and followed that business throughout his active career. Among the public buildings with which Mr. Hillam was connected may be mentioned: the University building, the Toronto jail, the Toronto asylum, in the building of all three of which he was foreman; and Victoria college, the Customs house building and Customs warehouse, and the Central prison, in all of which he was clerk of works for the government, and many other prominent edifices. Mr. Hillam also erected the residences at Nos. 115, 117, 119, 121 and 123 College street, which he owns, and also owns residences on Chestnut Place and Buchanan street.

Mr. Hillam's first marriage was to Lucy Coyne, who died in 1856. Mr. Hillam's second wife was Eliza McMullen, by whom he had four children: Jane, Thomas, George, and Anne, at home. Mr. Hillam's third wife was Mary Doig. Mr. and Mrs. Hillam are members of the Methodist Church. In politics he is a Reformer.

CAPT. JOHN PIRRITE. commander of a lake vessel for a number of years, who passed from this world in Toronto, July 22, 1902, was an early settler in the County of York, but was born in Ireland, in 1822, son of John Pirritte.

John Pirritte was an officer in the 79th Highlanders. He married in Ireland, but later the regiment was ordered to Canada, arriving there in 1824. They were stationed at first at Kingston, and then were transferred to Toronto, going thither by rail. Some time after this Mr. Pirritte sold out his commission, and settled in Weston for the rest of his life, dying there in 1861. His wife's death occurred in that same town in 1859. Mr. Pirritte was an active member and an elder in the Presbyterian Church.

Capt. John Pirritte spent his early life in Toronto and Weston, receiving his education in the schools of those cities. He entered upon his vocation as a sailor early in life, and from a lowly position on one of the lake boats, worked his way up till he became captain of a steamer. He commanded this for a number of years, till in 1878 he received the appointment of deputy collector at Port Dalhousie, in connection with the Welland canal. This position

he filled most efficiently till about four years before his death, when he was retired. Going to Toronto he made his home there for his remaining days.

Capt. Pirritte was twice married. By his first wife he had two children, viz.: Mrs. Quackenbush, of Niagara Falls; and John R. His second wife was Miss Sarah Duffy, who was born in Weston, daughter of Robert and Mary (Walker) Duffy. Robert Duffy was born in the North of Ireland, son of Andrew, who founded the family in Canada, and who died in Toronto. The son was a much esteemed resident of Weston for forty years, where Mrs. Duffy died in 1877. Mr. Duffy was for many years an active worker in the Methodist Church. Retiring at the age of forty, he passed the rest of his days living with his daughters, Mrs. Pirritte, Mrs. Wellwood and Mrs. Shuttleworth. Both Capt. Pirritte and his wife were members of the Presbyterian Church. The Captain was also connected with the society of the York Pioneers, in which his was a familiar and popular figure.

ROBERT WALKER, who died in Toronto in 1893, was born near the city limits of that city, in County York, in 1834, son of Walter Walker, a brother of Robert Walker, of "The Golden Lion." Walter Walker's father came from England to Canada at a very early date, settling in County Peel, where he died.

Walter Walker was born in Cumberland, England, where he received his education and married Miss Sarah Wise. Coming to Toronto when it was known as Muddy York, he settled on Bloor street, and for some time followed the cooper's trade. He then settled on a tract of land near the cemetery, just outside the city limits of Toronto, later disposing of this property, however, and resuming his trade. At one time he owned the land on either side of Walker avenue, and it was in his honor that the street was so named. Mr. and Mrs. Walter Walker had children as follows: Sarah, the widow of George Robinson, of Toronto; Mary, Mrs. Dennis Daniels, of Toronto; Abigail, Mrs. James Wallace, of Granton; Robert; Walter, deceased, and John, deceased.

Robert Walker received his education at the Normal School, Toronto, and after leaving school learned the machinist's trade. He was the inventor and manufacturer of a drill to be used in iron work, which he introduced into various parts of Canada. On Aug. 5, 1859, Mr. Walker married Mrs. Sarah (Jotham) Stone, who was born in 1826, daughter of John and Ann (Weekley) Jotham, natives of England, who came to Canada. Mrs. Walker lo-

eated in New York City in 1841, and there married her first husband, Mr. Stone, who died leaving the following children: Louisa, Jennie, Amelia and James, of whom Amelia, now the widow of John Consalus, alone survives. Mrs. Walker's maternal grandfather, George Weekley, died in England; his wife was a Miss Shergold, daughter of an English minister.

To Mr. and Mrs. Walker were born the following children: Walter, who lives on the old homestead at No. 1228 Yonge street, married Carrie Brown, and has children, Albert Woodland and Irving; Emily, twin of Walter, married Thomas Walter Scott, and has two sons, Latimer W. W. and Elmore; and Lillian, wife of Charles Senior, of Toronto, has two children, Charles Norman and Dorothy May.

In politics Mr. Walker was a Liberal. He was a regular attendant of the Methodist Church, and fraternally he affiliated with the I.O.O.F.

CHARLES DEZELL FULLER, who during his life was well-known and highly esteemed, was called from this world in 1902. He was born at Ogdensburg, New York, son of Benjamin R. and Nancy (Speer) Fuller.

Benjamin Fuller came with his family from the United States to Canada, and settled at what is now Fuller, Ont. He became the first postmaster at that point, and the office was named for him. There were seven sons in the family, James, John Speer, William D., Benjamin, Thomas A., George and Charles Dezell.

Charles Dezell Fuller received his education in the public schools of Prince Edward County, and later attended the Toronto Normal School. Thus prepared he followed for some time the profession of a teacher, holding positions in Michigan. When he returned to Ontario he decided to locate in Belleville, and there engaged in the grain, coal and wood business. After twenty-five years of successful dealing there, Mr. Fuller moved to Aylmer, Ont., and spent some five or six years there as a grain dealer, going thence to Streetsville. In that town he conducted a private bank for one year, and then went to Toronto, where the rest of his life was spent. His occupations there were in the banking and brokerage line. His affiliations in a political way were with the Reform party, while fraternally he belonged to the Masons. He was a member of the Church of England, to which Mrs. Fuller also adheres.

The present Mrs. Fuller was the second wife of her husband and bore the maiden name of Miss Mai Richardson. Although they had no children their union was a happy one, for Mr.

Fuller was a man devoted to his home and wife, and of a most genial and delightful disposition. Mrs. Fuller was born in Bond Head, Simcoe County, daughter of Austin and Angelina (Black) Richardson, whose family history follows:

The parents of Austin Richardson were John and Mary A. Richardson, both born in County of Armagh, Ireland. They came to Canada about 1829 and settled in Simcoe County on a farm. John Richardson served in the Rebellion of 1837-38, and the musket he carried at that time is now a cherished possession of his son, Austin. He died in 1877, at the age of ninety-five years and nine months, while his wife passed away in 1891, aged eighty-eight. Austin Richardson was born in Tecumseh township, Feb. 9, 1839, and has resided in Bond Head since he was nineteen years of age. He married Miss Angelina Black, who was born in Toronto, June 24, 1843, and to their union were born children as follows: Thomas, of Quebec; Mrs. Fuller; Elizabeth, Mrs. B. O'Donnell, of Grand Forks, B.C.; Fred, of Winnipeg; Florence, Mrs. Arthur Manning, of Willow Range, Manitoba; Laura, Mrs. John Cummings, of Atlin, B.C.; and Hillyard, also of Atlin, British Columbia.

THOMAS STORM, who died in Toronto Dec. 24, 1870, was for many years a prominent resident of the Queen City. He was born in Lancashire, England, in 1801, and there grew to manhood. In 1830 Mr. Storm came to Toronto, settling on Richmond street, where he soon thereafter began the business of contracting and building. Many of the old buildings of the city were erected by Mr. Storm, and their substantial construction testifies to the excellence of his work.

In his native country Mr. Storm married Mary Hopkins, daughter of James and Sarah Hopkins, and to this union the following children were born: William George, deceased, was a well-known architect of Toronto, and designed St. James Cathedral, Toronto University, Victoria College and other public buildings of the city; Sarah Ann married Rev. John Bredin; Mrs. S. S. Martin; Annie E., and Harriet L. Mr. Storm supported the Conservative party, and at one time served as a member of the council, and he always took a great activity in all matters of public interest. He was a member of the Methodist Church, which he attended faithfully and supported liberally. Mr. Storm won the respect and esteem of the community in which he resided by his honesty and integrity, his kindly manner and his genial

cordiality. He accumulated a competency through his own native energy and enterprise, and no citizen was more highly valued.

CHARLES REED, now living retired in Toronto, at No. 64 Oak street, was born in that city April 23, 1836, son of Gabriel and Eliza (Connor) Reed.

Gabriel Reed, the first of the family to come to Canada, was, like his wife, of Irish blood, and both were born on the Emerald Isle, he in 1802 and she in 1804. In 1832 they crossed the ocean and located permanently in Toronto, where Mr. Reed, a sawyer, secured work under a Mr. Tinning, with whom he remained many years. Both parents were members of the English Church. They had six children who grew to maturity, namely: Jane, who died unmarried; John, deceased; Margaret, who died unmarried; Elizabeth, late wife of Isaac Ginn; Charles; and Maria, Mrs. Frank Wade, of Winnipeg. Gabriel Reed reached only middle life, dying at the age of forty-eight years, but his wife lived until 1872.

During his boyhood Charles Reed was sent to the public schools of Toronto, but while he enjoyed the best advantages offered then, the schools were necessarily rather primitive in those days. On leaving school he served his apprenticeship as a painter, and when only twenty-two years old embarked as a contractor, painter and decorator in a business of his own. He followed this line continuously for forty-five years until his retirement, and he became a leading man in his business. He made it his principle to employ a few expert painters instead of many poor ones. Because of this, and also because he never contracted to do more than he could accomplish within a reasonable time, his work was in great demand, and he secured the best contracts in the city.

Mr. Reed had always looked forward to a time when he could retire from business and enjoy the fruits of his earlier toil. With such a patronage as he enjoyed, he was able to accumulate a competence, and in 1903 he retired definitely from active work as a painter and contractor. His real estate interests, however, are sufficient to occupy quite a little of his time. He has done a good deal of building, having put up two residences on Sackville street, two on Reed street (which was named for him), and five on Oak street. Of these he has sold all but those on Oak street. He also owns a summer residence in Parry Sound, where he goes for the fishing and shooting seasons.

In June, 1888, Mr. Reed married Miss Sarah Ardagh, daughter of William and Ellen (Mc-

Donald) Ardagh, who were early settlers of Toronto, whither they came in their childhood, and where Mr. Ardagh became a well-known contractor. They were the parents of seven children, of whom Mrs. Reed was second in order of birth. Mr. and Mrs. Reed have two sons: Charles Ardagh, of Toronto, who married Miss Rose Gearrie, and has one son, Charles Ardagh; and William John, of Toronto. Both Mr. and Mrs. Reed are members of the English Church. In politics Mr. Reed is a Conservative. A man whose whole life has been of the utmost integrity, he stands high in the estimation of his fellow citizens, and now in the evening of his days is a representative of that splendid type of men who have done their work well and deserve the ease and quiet they enjoy.

WILLIAM HOLLIS LESTER, who was for twenty years identified with Her Majesty's Service in Toronto, died in the Queen City in 1894. Mr. Lester was born at St. John, N.B., in 1837, son of Gilbert Lester. He was educated in St. John, and there he engaged in a mercantile business for some time. Coming to Toronto he became identified with Her Majesty's service, with which he continued up to the time of his death. Mr. Lester was twice married, his first wife being Miss Margaret Bunting, by whom he had the following family: Margaret, Mrs. H. Hardy; Virginia, the wife of John Canovan; Miss Hettie, and two who died young. Mr. Lester's second wife was Miss Kate Hardy, daughter of H. A. and M. A. (Ryerson) Hardy, and granddaughter of Rev. John Ryerson, a brother of the late Dr. Edgerton Ryerson, the founder of the educational system of Canada. H. A. Hardy was a leading barrister of Brantford, later settling in County Norfolk, of which county he was Crown Attorney for some time, and wherein he died in 1884. His widow survives and makes her home with her daughter, Mrs. Lester. Their children were: Mrs. Lester; Henry, deceased; Ella, Mrs. D. Duncombe; and Mrs. E. W. Syer.

To Mr. and Mrs. Lester were born four children: Edgerton, Arthur, William H., and Eleda. Mr. Lester was a member of the Church of England, to which Mrs. Lester also adheres. He was fraternally connected with the Masons, and was very popular in that order.

CHARLES S. CARLETON, who died in Toronto in 1898, was born in Frankfort, Ont., in 1849, son of William and Maria (Sweep) Carleton, the former a native of Ireland, and the latter of Canada, a daughter of a British officer who lost his life in the war of 1812. William

Carleton was a principal in the schools of Canada, and also at Galveston, Texas, where both he and his wife died. Their children were: Wellington J., George Wylie, Charles S., Andrew Benjamin, William Hall, and Harry Stewart.

Charles S. Carleton was educated in the high school at Markham village; after completing his education he engaged in the jewelry business in Ottawa, where he resided for two or three years. He then settled in Markham village, where he was a general merchant for fifteen years, at the end of which time he disposed of his business, and settled at Niagara Falls, New York, where he remained for a short time, then went to Hamilton, and finally, in 1890, he settled in Toronto. He had lived retired after disposing of his business in Markham. In religion Mr. Carleton was a Methodist.

In 1870 Mr. Charles S. Carleton married Miss Maria Burk, a member of a family long identified with the County of York. She is a daughter of David and Jane Lydia (Campbell) Burk, natives of Ireland, the former born in 1805, and the latter in 1809. Jane Lydia (Campbell) Burk was a niece of Admiral Campbell, and daughter of William Charles Campbell, a well-known barrister of Dublin, Ireland. In 1833 Mr. and Mrs. David Burk settled in Toronto, but soon thereafter went to Lot 27, Concession 10, Markham township, County of York, and there they spent the remainder of their lives, Mrs. Burk dying in 1876, while her husband survived her four years. They were members of the Church of England, and in politics Mr. Burk was a Conservative. They had these children: Ann, who died young; William Henry of Pickering; Elizabeth, the wife of Hiram Miller; Ann, widow of Henry Harrison; David C., of Toronto; Mrs. Carleton; Jane, Mrs. T. F. Webb, of Toronto; Ebenezer, deceased; and Sophie, Mrs. H. Robinson, of Toronto.

To Mr. and Mrs. Carleton were born the following children: (1) Charles Hubert, M.A., (Oxon.), General Secretary of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew in the United States, with headquarters in Boston, Massachusetts, and also editor of St. Andrew's Cross, published at Boston, was born in Markham, Ontario, in 1871. He received the degree of B.A. from Trinity University, Toronto, in 1893, and that of M.A. from the same institution in 1894. After a four years' course at Brasenose College, Oxford, England, Mr. Carleton received in 1898 the degree of B.A., and in 1900 that of M.A. After living in London, England, for two years, he assumed, in 1901, the duties of his

present position. (2) Blanche M. died in 1903. (3) Mabel A. is home. (4) Clarence Vivian is deceased. (5) Maud Marion is also deceased.

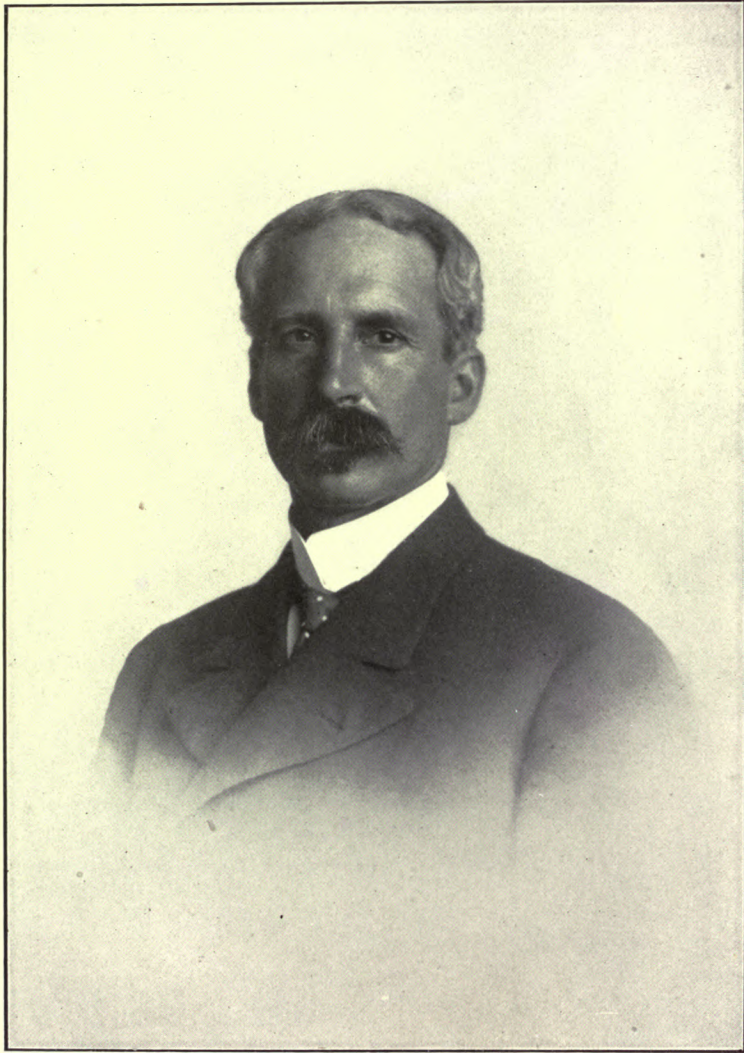
In 1901 Mrs. Carleton purchased her present home, at No. 19 MacKenzie avenue, Rosedale, Toronto, where she now resides.

COL. JOSEPH MARTIN DELAMERE, Assistant Clerk of the Legislative Assembly, Toronto, is a native of Ireland, son of Dawson and Jane (Martin) Delamere, both natives of the Emerald Isle, the former born July 1, 1803, and the latter July 29, 1808.

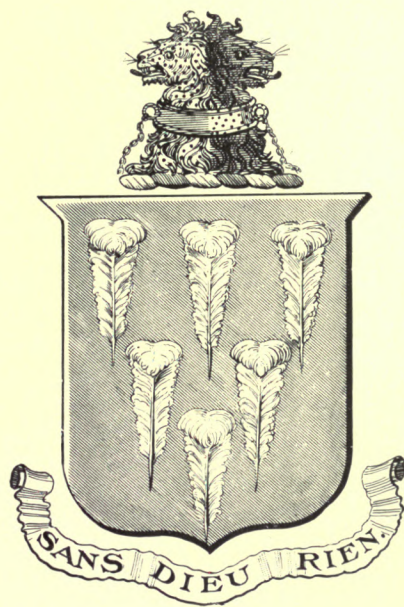
In Ireland Dawson Delamere was a civil engineer. He married Jane Martin in 1832, and on June 1, 1855, they settled in Toronto, where Mr. Delamere was connected with Her Majesty's Customs until his death in 1876. His wife survived him ten years. Both were members of the Church of England. Their children were as follows: J. Henry, clerk of the Provisional County of Haliburton, at Minden; Sarah M., of Toronto; T. D., K.C., of Toronto; Emily M., wife of Venerable Archdeacon A. C. Hill, of St. Thomas; Joseph M.; and Margaret B., widow of Davidson Black.

Col. Joseph M. Delamere was born July 2, 1849, and was but six years of age when he came to Canada with his parents. He was educated at Upper Canada College, and, while a student in that institution, joined the Queen's Own Regiment, and has been identified with the militia since that time—1865. He served during the Fenian raid, 1870, receiving a medal for his services, and he also served in the North-West Rebellion as Adjutant of the Regiment, and was in operation against Chief Bear's Band, during June and July, 1885, receiving a medal there also. He received the rank of colonel March 26, 1896, and is now in command of the Third Infantry Brigade. In May, 1868, Colonel Delamere was appointed a clerk at the Parliament Buildings, and in 1871 became postmaster there, a very important position, inasmuch as there is a great amount of mail matter handled at that office.

On April 22, 1878, Colonel Delamere was united in marriage with Miss E. M. Denison, daughter of the late Col. George T. Denison, of "Rusholme," Toronto. To this union the following children have been born: Dawson George died at the age of seven years. Eva M. married H. C. Strange, of the Bank of Commerce, Berlin, Ont. Thomas G., is president and financial agent of the Canada Poultry and Produce Company of Stratford, Ont; he married Miss Agnes F. Morison, of Winnipeg, Man.,



Emilius Jarvis



JARVIS ARMS.

and has one son, Allan M.; he served in the 2nd C.M.R. in South Africa, and received a medal with four clasps. The Colonel and his estimable wife are members of the Church of England, and he is a member of the Toronto Club, the Canadian Military Institute, is on the executive committee of the Dominion and Provincial Rifle Association, and a member of many other organizations.

ÆMILIUS JARVIS, of the firm of Æmilus Jarvis & Co., bankers and brokers, with offices in the McKinnon Building, Toronto, is one of the leading business men of that city, and is a lineal descendant of one of the first families of Western Ontario, both in prominence and in time of settlement.

The Jarvis family came from New England, and was planted in Canada by William Jarvis, who was the first provincial secretary of the Province of Upper Canada, now Ontario, under Governor Simcoe, the first Governor. He was the first grand master Mason of Upper Canada, and was known as "Mr. Secretary Jarvis." Born in Stamford, Connecticut, in 1756, he came to Upper Canada in 1792, with Governor Simcoe. He had a Crown grant in 1792, the property consisting of 225 acres lying on either side of what is now Jarvis street, one of the exceptionally fine residence streets of the city. Mr. Secretary Jarvis was a son of Samuel Jarvis, of Stamford, Connecticut. His wife was Hannah Owen Peters, daughter of Rev. Samuel Peters, D.D., who had the refusal of the first bishopric of the Province of Upper Canada and that of Vermont, he choosing the latter. William Jarvis was a captain in the Queen's Rangers Dragoons, commanded by Lieut. Col. John Graves Simcoe, and he fought with that regiment throughout the Revolutionary war. After the conclusion of that struggle he was given a commission in the Imperial army, with which he remained until coming to Toronto in 1792 as a U. E. Loyalist.

Among the children of Mr. Secretary Jarvis was a son, Col. Samuel Peters Jarvis, who was born in 1792, and who died in September, 1857. He was the chief superintendent of Indian affairs, and was registrar of the Home District. During the rebellion of 1837-38, he was in command of the garrison at Toronto, and it is in his honor that Jarvis street in Toronto is named. The following incident will serve to illustrate the manner in which Col. Jarvis settled some affairs. Under date of February, 1828, there appeared in the *Canadian Freeman* a libelous article signed "A Relative," which was directed against Colonel Jar-

vis, who very deliberately went to the office of the *Freeman*, and, picking up the type, threw it into Toronto Bay. Col. Samuel Peters Jarvis married Mary Boyles Powell, daughter of William Dummer Powell, Chief Justice of Upper Canada, and among the children of this union was a son, William Dummer Powell Jarvis, born in Toronto in 1821, who died in 1860. He was a barrister of Osgoode Hall, and he married Diana Irving, daughter of Captain the Hon. Jacob Æmilus Irving, of Bonshaw, in the County of York, and among their children was Æmilus Jarvis.

Æmilus Jarvis was born at Bonshaw in 1860, and was educated at Upper Canada College. He began his active life as a mariner on the salt water, in which capacity he continued for two years. He then entered the Bank of Hamilton, Ont., remaining five years, at the end of which time he became manager of the Traders Bank of Hamilton, a position he held for eight years. He next became inspector for the same bank, a position he resigned in 1892 to found the firm of Æmilus Jarvis & Co. In addition to his banking interests Mr. Jarvis is a director in many enterprises, chief among which are the British Columbia Packers' Association, the largest salmon packing company in the Empire; The Niagara Falls, St. Catharines & Toronto Railway Company; the Toronto Hotel Company; The Hamilton Steamboat Company; the Dominion Telegraph Company; the Toronto Safe Deposit and Agency Company; the Sand & Dredging Company (Ltd.) of Toronto, and the Ontario Dock Company. He is also a well-known yachtsman and general patron of legitimate sport. He has been closely associated for years with the Royal Canadian Yacht Club, of which he was Commodore for several years.

In 1886 Mr. Æmilus Jarvis and Miss Elizabeth Margaret Harriet Augusta Irving were united in marriage, the lady being a daughter of Sir Æmilus Irving, K.C., of Toronto. To this union have been born: Mary Powell, born in Hamilton, Oct. 31, 1888; Bertha Margaret, born in Hamilton, July 18, 1890; William Dummer Powell, born March 31, 1892; and Æmilus Irving, born Feb. 16, 1894, in Toronto; Augusta Louisa, born at Oakville June 15, 1896; and Samuel Peters, born in Toronto July 24, 1903. Mr. and Mrs. Jarvis are members of St. James Cathedral, in which he holds three of the original pews. In no way could Mr. Jarvis be classed as a politician. His fraternal connections are with the Masons. Mr. and Mrs. Jarvis reside at Hazelburn, No. 34 Prince Arthur avenue, Toronto.

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all false - Colonial Advocate article 18 May 1826; Jarvis + others attached on 8th 5

RICHARD HENRY LEAR, who died Dec. 5, 1888, was born at Plympton, England, in 1833. He was the son of Thomas Sullock and Anne (Lethbridge) Lear. His father, a retired excise officer, died when he was about fifteen years old, at which time he was apprenticed to Mr. Cornelius, of Plymouth, to learn plumbing.

After serving his apprenticeship, Mr. Lear started for Australia, at that time the field of great excitement on account of the discoveries of gold. After a stay there of three years he returned to Plymouth, England, to marry Elizabeth, daughter of Charles and Elizabeth (Chave) Dandy. To Mr. and Mrs. Lear were born: Elizabeth, the wife of John Nelson McKendry, by whom she has one daughter, Margaret, the wife of Dr. Wallace Seccombe; Annie, the wife of William H. Meredith, by whom she has four children, Harry (who married Miss Edna Jarman, of Windsor, Ont.), Annie Eveline, Winnifred, and Elmore Lear; Richard Henry (of Winnipeg, Man.), who married Miss Rose Dyer (deceased), by whom he has two children, Katherine and William Thomas; Katie (deceased); Susan Dandy, the wife of Robert S. Dinsmore, by whom she has four children, Richard H. Lear, Arthur Dandy, Roberta S., and Charles Adrian; Charles (deceased); Clara (deceased), who married Harry B. White, of Brockville, Ont., by whom she had three children, Clarence Lear, Gladys Irene, and Ernest B. (deceased); Miss Emma, at home; Lydia Dandy, the wife of James E. Laughlin, by whom she has three children, Everett J., Minola E., and Lydia Lear; Thomas Sullock (deceased); and Minnie (deceased). Mrs. Lear makes her home in Toronto, and is living at No. 34 Henry street.

After his marriage Mr. Lear returned to Castlemaine, Australia, where he had already attained a good position and built up a prosperous business. At the urgent request of their friends at the end of six years Mr. and Mrs. Lear returned to England to embark on an enterprise which proved a failure, and in which his health broke down. Though given up by leading physicians, Mr. Lear rallied sufficiently to come to Canada to make another start in life. Making his way to Toronto in 1873, he commenced as a journeyman, without a friend, but by faithful attention to business and honorable dealing he soon obtained the friendship of many. At the corner of Yonge and Queen streets he established a business which afterwards became well known over the country as "Lear's Noted Gas Fixture Emporium." From this location he went to Richmond street, becoming the pioneer business man

of that street, where he purchased a small church building, remodelling it into a business place. This property is now owned by his widow, Mrs. Lear. Mr. Lear was very active in the work of the Elm Street Methodist Church, of which he was an official member for years. In politics he was a Reformer. He was one of the prime movers of the Royal Templars of Temperance of Toronto, when that order was formed. He was the first secretary and lieutenant commander of the Order of the Knights Templars of Temperance. He was highly esteemed by all, and did what he could for the welfare of his city. Beginning with nothing but a determination to succeed, and a thorough knowledge of business, he worked his way to the top, and at the time of his death was enjoying the fruits of his early labors.

WILLIAM ECKARDT (deceased), who for so many years was a prominent real estate dealer in Toronto, was born in Markham township, County York, March 11, 1825, son of Godleb Eckardt, a pioneer settler of that township.

Godleb Eckardt was of German stock, but the family immigrated to the United States many years ago. Godleb, the first to settle in Canada, located in Markham township, and there spent the rest of his life. He married Katie Hellamke, and a family of five children was born to them, William, Philip, Barney, Hulet and James.

William Eckardt grew to manhood in his native township and for a number of years engaged in farming there, but in 1876 he removed to Toronto and went into the real estate business, which he followed for many years. During this time his marked capacity for such dealings brought him both success and reputation, but declining health at last made it necessary for him to withdraw from active occupation and his last years were spent in retirement. His demise occurred in August, 1902, in Toronto. As long as he lived in Markham township Mr. Eckardt was a leader in local politics, and as an enthusiastic "Grit" he spared neither time nor trouble to advance the interests of the Reform party. In Toronto, while not so well known as in his rural home, he was among the highly esteemed citizens and was held in much respect. He was a member of the Methodist Church and one whose life bore witness to his sincerity.

Mr. Eckardt was married Feb. 20, 1861, to Miss Sarah Herrington, daughter of John and Sarah (Hastings) Herrington, and to this union six children were born: (1) A. J. H., a casket

maker, of Toronto, married (first) Miss Lucy Philp, by whom he had three children, William, Norman and Gladys; after the death of his first wife he was united to her sister, Miss Millie Philp. (2) H. P., a Toronto wholesale merchant, married Miss Ella Philp, and had two children, Douglas and Helen. (3) Ross is a resident of California. (4) Alonzo is of Dawson City. (5) Mabel is the widow of E. Y. Eaton, of Toronto. (6) Winifred Maud.

John Herrington, the father of Mrs. Eckardt, was an Irishman, born in County Tyrone in 1788. He was a son of Jackson Herrington, who was a wholesale hardware merchant in Ireland, and who never left his native country. John Herrington came to Canada when a young man and settled in Markham township, where he was in business for many years as a merchant. His death occurred at Richmond Hill Feb. 11, 1882, when he was aged ninety-three years, eleven months. He belonged to the Methodist Church, and in political opinion was a Conservative. Mr. Herrington married Sarah Hastings, also a native of Ireland, born in 1815, who survived him for about seven years, passing away in Toronto Jan. 12, 1889. They were the parents of the following children: John, who died at Richmond Hill; Mary, Mrs. Corbett, of California; Sarah, Mrs. Eckardt, born in Markham township; Isabella, Mrs. T. H. Bull, of Toronto; Mariah, Mrs. Wells, of Toronto; Matilda, Mrs. Charles Meredith, of Toronto; William, of Dawson City; and Margaret, Mrs. James Patrick, of California.

THOMAS MULHOLLAND. Among the men formerly prominent in the County of York, Ont., whose names are still familiar there and whose memories are still green, none is recalled with more expression of respect and esteem than Thomas Mulholland, whose death occurred Dec. 20, 1890, at his residence in the township of West York. He was born in July, 1815, on the farm upon which he spent his entire life, son of Henry and Jane (Armstrong) Mulholland.

Henry Mulholland was born in Ireland in the latter part of the seventeenth century, and in 1806 came to Canada, settling in the township of East York, York County, where he resided for a number of years before removing to West York. There he made his home until his death, in 1834. In that year he was returning from a trip to Ireland when his vessel collided with an iceberg and went to the bottom of the ocean, all the passengers being lost but three. Mr. Mulholland was among those who perished. He had served in the war of

1812. The farm on which he settled on coming to Canada was on Lots 6 and 7, in Concession 2, and consisted of 200 acres, to which much has since been added, and which is still in the possession of some of his descendants.

Henry Mulholland married Jane Armstrong, who died in Toronto in September, 1849, and they had children as follows: Anne, Mrs. James Stewart; William, deceased, who was a farmer of East York; David, deceased; Henry and John, who died in 1877; Sarah, who married William Dunean; Eliza, who married George White; Jane, wife of James Francis; Angeline, who married David McBride; and Thomas.

Thomas Mulholland had large landed possessions, among which were 1,500 acres in Innisfil township, in the County of Simcoe; 200 acres in King township; 400 acres in York township, and a large amount of real estate in Toronto. He was a very extensive dealer and speculator in real estate and accumulated a handsome fortune. He started his children out in life well equipped to fight life's battles, and the County of York is better morally and commercially for his having lived there.

In 1847 Mr. Mulholland married Miss Mary Ann Conland, who was born Jan. 1, 1825, in Ireland, daughter of Benjamin and Mary (Wilson) Conland, the former of whom died in 1860 in York township, while the latter died in 1828 in Ireland, leaving three children, namely: Elizabeth, Mrs. Francis Watson, deceased; Mary Ann, Mrs. Mulholland; and Sarah, widow of John Wilson, living near St. Mary's, Ont. Mr. Conland married again, and this wife died in August, 1862; no children were born to the second union.

Mrs. Mulholland resides at No. 26 Breadalbane street, Toronto. Although past her eighty-second year she is in the best of health and spirits, and in the full retention of her faculties. Her reminiscences of early days are interesting and instructive. She is well known in her locality and very highly regarded, being one of the surviving members of that pioneer band which the present generation has reason to regard with the greatest measure of respect and esteem.

To Mr. and Mrs. Mulholland the following children were born: Sarah, the wife of Milton Marden, has had three children—Thomas, who resides in British Columbia; Frederick, who was killed in the South African war; and Addie, the wife of Dr. Hewettson. Elizabeth is the wife of John Lahner, of the County of Simcoe. William Henry, of Simcoe County, married Julia Robinson and they have had children—Edna (the wife of Robert Cunningham, of the Sault), Frank, Thomas, Wilfred and

Burleigh. Thomas Wellington, of West York, married Ruth Armstrong, and has children—Annie, Sarah, Elsie, Olive and Ruth. Benjamin Franklin, of West York, married Ida McBride, and has three children—Ethel, May and Percy. Angeline is unmarried. Frederick and David are on the old farm. Burleigh, Adelaide and Mabel complete the family.

In political faith Mr. Mulholland was a Reformer, and he was greatly interested in the success of his party, but would never agree to accept office, preferring to give his entire time and attention to his business interests. He supported the Methodist Church, but was not a member of that organization. He was a man of high integrity and thorough honesty, and was honored and respected by all who knew him.

W. H. CLAY, clerk and treasurer of the municipality of East Toronto, has risen to a position of responsibility and importance in the town from a very modest beginning, and has made his way by his own unaided efforts. He comes from a family long resident in England, only one other member of which has come to Canada.

Joseph H. Clay, father of W. H., was born in Windsor in 1831, and was a baker by trade. He married Miss Emily Woodward, a native of Somersetshire, born in 1829. They had made their home in Bristol and are still residing there, the parents of eleven children. Only W. H. and Charles crossed the ocean, the latter becoming foreman of the Coleman Baking Company, of Toronto; he is married and has a family.

W. H. Clay was born in Bristol, Jan. 23, 1855, and was educated in England. He learned the trade of a baker from his father, working with him until the age of eighteen. He then determined to embrace the wider opportunities offered on the other side of the Atlantic, and in 1873 embarked on one of the Allan Line steamers for Quebec. He proceeded to Point Edward, and secured employment there as a baker, continuing at that work for seven years. In 1880 he gave it up to enter the employ of the Grand Trunk Railroad, and for four years was stationed at Toronto. In 1888 he was transferred to East Toronto, and has made his home there ever since. His connection with the railroad lasted until 1902, when he resigned, and he has from that date devoted his entire attention to his duties as a regularly appointed municipal officer, being clerk and treasurer of East Toronto. When Mr. Clay was first stationed at that place in 1888, it was about the time the town was first incorporated, and he

was then chosen town clerk, entering upon his duties the following March, an office which he has filled continuously for eighteen years. This did not interfere with his work for the railroad, but after he was made treasurer in 1901, he decided to resign from the railroad, and accordingly did so the following year. Mr. Clay has also served twelve years on the school board. In political sentiment he is a Tory.

In July, 1874, Mr. Clay was united in marriage to Miss Caroline Earl, who was born in London, England. While she was still young her father, George Earl, emigrated to Ontario, and settled at Belleville, where his daughter was educated. Mr. Clay bought land in East Toronto in 1893, and the family has a permanent home there. They have eight children, namely: W. J., born at Point Edward, and educated in Toronto and East Toronto, married Miss Maud Robb, of Toronto, and resides at Toronto Junction, where he is employed by the Canadian Pacific Railway; Henry C., educated in Toronto, married Miss Mary Robb, has one son, Earl, and is employed by the Canadian Pacific Railroad at Toronto Junction; Lottie, born in Michigan, married E. A. V. Mitchell, of Winnipeg, and has one son, Ashley; Caroline is at home; George C., born in Toronto, is an employe of the Canadian Pacific; Isabell, born at Toronto, is at present at home; Annie was born in East Toronto; and Mildred is attending school. Both Mr. and Mrs. Clay are members of the Church of England.

In fraternal circles Mr. Clay has been very active and is well known and influential. He belongs to The Beaches Lodge, No. 473, of the Masonic Order; is a member of the United Workmen of Canada; of Court York, Ancient Order of Foresters; of Lodge Cambridge, Sons of England, of East Toronto, in which he is past president and secretary; and of the Canadian Order of Chosen Friends, East Toronto Council, No. 84, of which he is recording secretary. In whatever sphere he moves, he has proved himself an able man, and he is held in high esteem by the citizens of East Toronto.

JOHN JOSEPH BERNARD was born in 1840, at Lockport, New York, son of Thomas and Nancy Bernard, and he died in the County of Ontario, Ont., in 1900.

Thomas Bernard, his father, was born in Ireland, and was but eighteen years of age when he emigrated to the New World, settling for a time at Lockport, New York. He was a marble and fine stone cutter by trade, and this he followed at Flos, whither he later removed, and afterward engaged in farming in that locality, an occupation he followed until his

death. He married a daughter of Major T. McAvoy, who settled in Flos as one of the first settlers there, taking up a large tract of land on which some of his family are still living.

John Joseph Bernard was educated at Flos and at Barrie, and he began his business career in a dry goods house at Whitby, in 1869. In 1870 he moved to the County of Ontario, where he engaged in a general mercantile business in which he prospered, so continuing until his death, in 1900. From 1871 he was the postmaster at Brechin, and both as an official and as a business man, was held in the highest public esteem. In political principle he was a Reformer.

In 1869 Mr. Bernard married a Miss Matilda Mason, daughter of Richard and Margaret (Love) Mason, natives of Belfast, Ireland. Mr. Mason was educated in Belfast College, and was a man of great intellectual attainments and a successful teacher. His death took place at Belleville in 1853, and that of his wife in 1886. In religious belief the Bernards and the Masons were all Roman Catholics. Mr. Bernard is survived by his widow and one son, John Francis Bernard.

WILLIAM HENRY FOORD, Superintendent of Mount Pleasant Cemetery, Deer Park, is a member of an old English family, the earliest member of which of whom any record can be found being the late Richard James Foord, grandfather of William Henry.

Richard James Foord was born in Portsmouth, England, about 1795, and on reaching his majority became a shoe manufacturer, a business which he followed all his life. He and his wife, Elizabeth Elenor (Hellyer) Foord, both died in Portsmouth. Their children were: Richard James (2), father of William Henry; George Robert; William Henry; and Edward.

Richard James Foord (2), son of Richard J., was also born at Portsmouth and there followed the same business as that in which his father had been engaged. He died in 1866, and in 1873 his widow, whose maiden name was Charlotte Wilkey, came with her family to Canada, settling at Peterborough. She subsequently married Thomas Kent, who died Jan. 6, 1906, she still residing in Toronto. The family of Mr. and Mrs. Richard James Foord (2), then living, all of whom came to Canada, were: R. J., of Toronto; Mary Jane, now deceased, who married Richard Waller; William Henry; Eliza Ann, who died unmarried; and Miss Fannie.

William Henry Foord was born in South Sea, England, Aug. 8, 1862. After completing his literary education at Peterborough, he served time under a landscape gardener, at the request

of his stepfather, and then served an apprenticeship and acquired a thorough knowledge of the machinist's trade, including draughting, etc. For twelve years he was superintendent of the Peterborough Cemetery, but in 1902 he came to Toronto as assistant superintendent of the Mt. Pleasant Cemetery, and at the time of the death of Jeffrey Foot, in 1905, he was appointed superintendent. Mt. Pleasant Cemetery comprises 250 acres, and up to March 24, 1906, 20,680 bodies had been interred therein, in addition to 1,000 or more unknown transferred from the cemetery on Bloor street.

In 1885 Mr. Foord married Miss Elizabeth Telford, born at Peterborough, daughter of Thomas Telford, and of this union there were born two children: Elizabeth May and Thomas Telford, both born at Peterborough. Mr. and Mrs. Foord are members of the Presbyterian Church. In politics Mr. Foord is independent. Fraternally he is connected with Doric Lodge of Masons, the I.O.O.F., the C.O.F. and the Sons of England.

JOHN SANDHAM, who died at Niagara-on-the-Lake in 1899, was born in County Antrim, Ireland, in 1822, son of James and Annie (Logan) Sandham, and grandson of Major-General Sandham of the Royal Horse Artillery. Mrs. Sandham died in Ireland, and her husband, with his family, came to Canada and about 1852 settled at St. Catharines, where he died in 1886.

John Sandham was educated in Dublin, Ireland, but began his business life in St. Catharines, Ont., whence he removed in 1856, to Niagara-on-the-Lake, and there he resided until his death. In 1850 Mr. Sandham married Miss Mary Moffatt, daughter of William and Ann Moffatt, who came from Durham, England, about 1828, settling at Niagara-on-the-Lake, where Mr. Moffatt engaged in business for many years, and where he and his wife died in 1865. Their children were: Mrs. Sandham, Mrs. Beaupre, William and Richard. To Mr. and Mrs. Sandham were born the following children: James W., of St. Thomas, an engineer on the Michigan Central Railroad, married Agnes Howard, and has eight children: Howard, William M., Jessie, Agnes, Elizabeth, James, Hugh and Arthur; Annie is the wife of M. W. Swayze, of St. Catharines, and has four children: Arthur, Fred, Alice and Annie; Misses Emma and Louise are at home. The two last named were born in Ireland, and the others in Canada. The family are members of the Church of England. Mr. Sandham was a Conservative. He was fraternally connected with the Orange Lodge, of which he was past master. Mrs. Sandham and her daughters, Emma and Louise,

settled in Toronto in 1901, and here they have made their home ever since.

EDWARD BLONG (deceased). Probably no man in the County of York was more widely and favorably known than Edward Blong. He was born in Queen's County, Ireland, in 1838, son of Henry and Alldred (Easton) Blong.

In 1843 the Blong family came from their native country to Canada, settling in the County of York, where both father and mother died. Edward Blong was but five years old when he came to Canada, where he grew to manhood. His first venture was in the general live stock business, and later he went into the cattle exporting trade, which brought him into business relations with the farmers for many miles around Toronto, by whom he was highly esteemed as an honorable and upright business man. In this line he continued until retiring from active operations, in 1889. In 1864 he erected his home at No. 881 Queen street east, where he continued to live until his death, which occurred July 26, 1899.

Mr. Blong married, in 1864, Miss Margaret McFarlane, daughter of Peter and Elizabeth (Lang) McFarlane, natives of Scotland, where Mr. McFarlane died in 1844. In 1854 his widow and family came to Toronto, where Mrs. McFarlane died in 1890. Mrs. Blong was born in 1844, the year of her father's death. She has been a resident of the Queen City ever since coming thither with her mother in 1854. Mr. and Mrs. Blong had children as follows: James Henry married Susan Taylor, of Toronto, and died March 19, 1902, leaving three children, Verna Margaret (who died in April, 1906), Lona Macfarlane and Winnifred Kerwin; Elizabeth, the wife of Dr. G. S. Cleland, has two children, Margaret Blong and Isabelle Esther; Edward died young; Edward Valentine, of Toronto, married Miss Mary Helen Wiley, of Midland, Ont.; Margaret is the wife of W. M. Johnston, D.D.S., of Erie, Pennsylvania; George died in 1903; Annie C. married Andrew Fuler-ton McCallum, a civil engineer of Quebec; Eldred Allan married James Hunter Jenkins, of Toronto; Mary McLaughlin and Jessie are residents of Toronto.

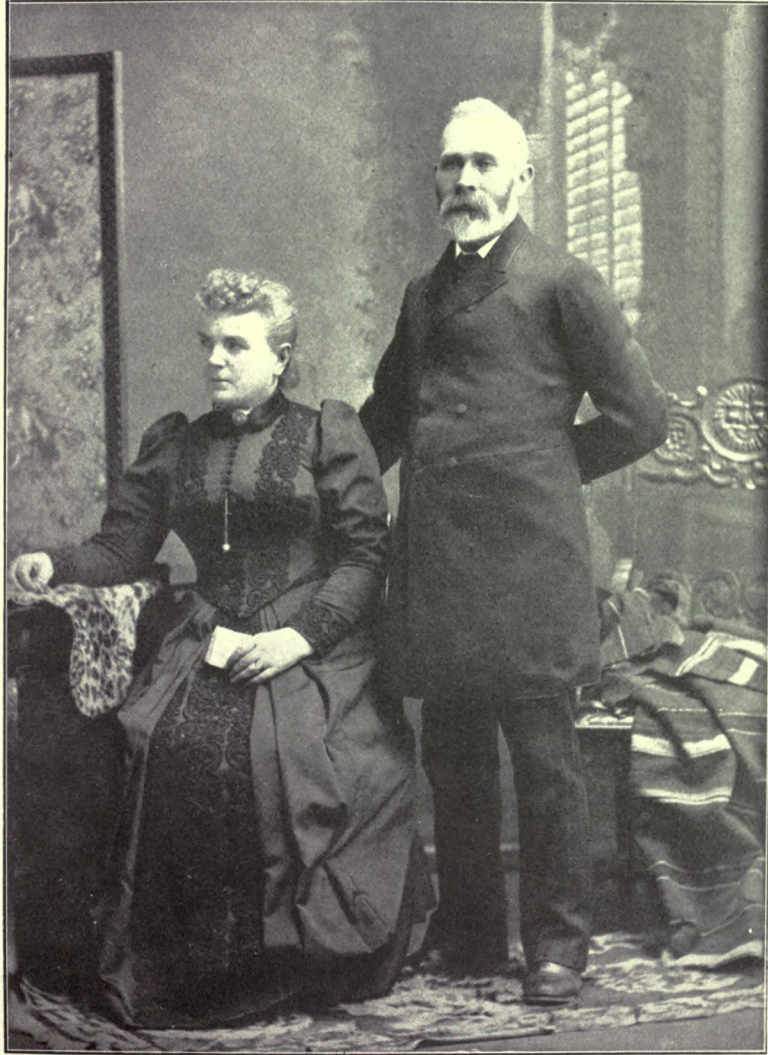
During Mr. Blong's business life in Toronto he was one of the most successful men of the city, being a good financier, and through his own efforts accumulating a handsome competency. He represented the First ward of Toronto in the city council for some time. While Mr. Blong's political leanings were Conservative he always gave due consideration to the fitness of the man for the position, regardless of his political affiliations. In his death Toronto lost

one of her most prominent citizens, the Presbyterian Church a devout member, and his family a kind and loving husband and father. Mrs. Blong built her present home on Kensington avenue, Eglinton, in 1904.

WILLIAM PLANT, a veteran terra cotta and brick maker, of Toronto, and one of the oldest in the business in that city, was born in 1824, in Staffordshire, England, son of James and Lucy (Pearson) Plant, the former born about 1784, and the latter in 1786. James Plant died in England aged about forty years, from the effects of heavy lifting, his widow surviving him until 1866.

William Plant grew to manhood and received his education in his native land, there learning the terra cotta and brick-making business, in which he engaged when twenty years of age. In 1863 he came to Canada and settled in Toronto, where for a short time he worked for Thomas Nightingale, a brickmaker of the Queen City, but the following year he embarked in the manufacture of terra cotta on his own account, his plant being located at Yorkville. After continuing here for some time, Mr. Plant removed to the grounds now occupied by the Western Cattle Market, where he engaged in brickmaking for two years, then purchasing twenty-two acres of land on Wells Hill, where he continued in business for twelve years. He then sold out his business and purchased 240 acres of land at Niagara Falls, where five or six years were spent, at the end of which time Mr. Plant returned to Toronto, and now resides at No. 13 Fisher street.

In 1844 Mr. Plant was married to Miss Sarah Whitehouse, born at Albury, England, in 1825, who died in Toronto in 1900. She was a woman of sweet disposition and an exemplary Christian character, influencing for good all who met her. She was a daughter of Stephen and Harriet (Franks) Whitehouse, who settled in Canada in 1863, Mr. Whitehouse being a brickmaker who will be remembered by many of the early settlers of Toronto. To Mr. and Mrs. Plant were born the following children: Harriet, who married James Waword, of Muskoka, and has six sons and three daughters; James, a well-known brickmaker of New York State, who received the gold medal for terra cotta work at the World's Columbian Exposition, Chicago, 1893, and who married Sarah Edwards, and has three children, James, L——— and Louise; and Lucy, wife of William Rankin, a well-known business man of Toronto, and the mother of one child, Annie, who holds the degree of B.A. from the University of To-



Margaret Blong Edward Blong

ronto, and is well known in literary circles in Canada and the United States.

Mrs. Plant died in the faith of the Presbyterian Church, to which her husband also adheres. In political matters he has always been a Reformer.

ALFRED G. ECCLESTONE, who died in Toronto, April 30, 1902, was born in Kingston in 1833, son of Robert and Mary Ann (Goslin) Ecclestone, natives of England. About 1830 the Ecclestons came to Canada, settling at Kingston, and later removing to Hamilton, where Mr. Ecclestone was in the confectionery business. After the death of his wife he returned to England for a time, but came back to Hamilton, where he died. His children were as follows: Robert, of New Zealand; Mary Ann, deceased; Alfred G.; Samuel, deceased; Helen; Priscilla, deceased; and Alice.

Alfred G. Ecclestone was educated in a private school in Hamilton, where he began his business life. He then went to his farm in the County of Peel, upon which he remained about twenty years, and in 1885 located in Toronto, at No. 86 Macdonell avenue, where he purchased 180 feet on the west side of the street, upon which he built, and a part of which he later sold. After locating in Toronto Mr. Ecclestone continued in the real estate business until his death. In 1862 he married Miss Amelia Jane Burgess, who was born in the County of Peel in 1842, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Hamilton) Burgess, natives of Ireland, who came to the County of Peel about 1832. There Mr. Burgess cleared a fine farm from the bush, and later rented the farm and settled in Hamilton, where he died in 1864. He served in the Rebellion of 1837-38. Mr. and Mrs. Burgess had but one child, Mrs. Ecclestone.

Mr. and Mrs. Ecclestone had the following children: William Burgess, who is in the piano business in Toronto, married Ada Yearsley and had two children, Frederick and Olive; Edwin C., a druggist of Detroit, married Berdie Mann, and has one son, Eugene C.; Minnie May, the wife of Walter H. Smith, of Toronto, has two children, Norma and Carroll; Robert C. is a resident of British Columbia; Alfred N., of Toronto, married Florence Watson, and has one daughter, Margaret May; Bessie H., the wife of Dr. M. W. Sparrow, of Toronto, had two children, Eugene E. and Alfred E.; Arthur R. is a resident of Toronto.

Mr. Ecclestone was a member of the Methodist Church. He was a Reformer in politics, and fraternized with the Freemasons.

T. J. WOODCOCK, councillor of the County of York, and located at Newmarket, was born

in the County of Leeds, Ont., March 16, 1848, son of Jacob and Jane (Hyland) Woodcock.

Jacob Woodcock was born in the County of Frontenac, Ont., in 1814, and his wife in Fermanagh, Ireland, in 1819. Jacob Woodcock was a son of Abraham Woodcock, a native of Holland, who left the State of New Hampshire during the Revolutionary War, and who, after coming to Canada, settled as a farmer at Kingston where he lived and died, survived by a family of which Jacob was the youngest member. After his marriage, Jacob Woodcock settled as a farmer in the County of Leeds, and was among the pioneer settlers in his locality. In 1862 he came to the County of York, and leased a farm in Georgina township, but later he moved to Whitechurch township, where he lived until his death in 1896, his wife surviving him four years and dying at Newmarket in 1900. In religion Mr. and Mrs. Woodcock were members of the Methodist Church. He was a Conservative in politics, but never aspired to office. Of the ten children of Jacob Woodcock and wife, six lived to maturity: Sylvester died in 1901, after a life as a lumberman in York and Ontario; Joel, born in the County of Leeds, and following lumbering in the County of York, married Mary Smart and has several children; Mary Ann, born in the County of Leeds, is the wife of Edward Grindell, a mechanical engineer in Toronto; John, born in the County of Leeds, is a farmer in Whitechurch township, County York; Margaret married John Broderick, a farmer in County York; the subject of our sketch is the youngest son and the fifth member of the family.

T. J. Woodcock received a district school training at a log schoolhouse near Udora, Georgina township, which he supplemented with study and reading whenever opportunity offered. He has always been particularly interested in history. When he started out to make his own way in the world, he went into the woods and learned the lumbering business, which he carried on until 1875, when he engaged as a general merchant near Mount Albert, County of York. He continued there until 1878, when he came to Newmarket, where he worked as foreman in furnishing ties for the Grand Trunk Railroad. Then he entered Judge Morgan's law office and remained there for some time. Since then he has been engaged in a conveyancing and real estate business, and has also effectively filled the position of warden and county councillor.

In 1869 Mr. Woodcock was married to Phoebe Rayner, born in 1847, in the County of York, daughter of John and Harriet Rayner, a pioneer family of this county, and the former a

soldier during the Rebellion of 1837. Mr. and Mrs. Woodcock have one son, Beverly W., born in the County of York, Oct. 9, 1876, who was educated in the Collegiate High School of Newmarket. He has proved himself an enterprising young business man, being in partnership with his father in the real estate line. Mr. Woodcock has been identified with the Conservative party all his life, and, for the past thirty-six years, has taken an active part on behalf of the party in every contest, not only in his own riding of North York but also in adjoining ridings. He is one of the public-spirited men of his community, always ready to co-operate with other men of reliability in movements for the public welfare. For many years he has been connected with the Agricultural Society of County York, and has served as president, vice-president and director for several years. In 1890 he was elected county councillor, which position he has held continuously, with the exception of the year 1892, this making a record of fifteen years in this responsible office, and in 1899 he was elected warden of the county. For the past eight years he has also been Government County auditor for the Province of Ontario, and audits all the government, city, and county accounts of the county and city pertaining to administration of justice.

Mrs. Woodcock is a member of the Christian Church, which Mr. Woodcock liberally supports. He is a member of the Order of Maccabees, No. 34, Newmarket. Mr. Woodcock is recognized as one of the county's most faithful public officials, while personally, he is held in the highest esteem for the qualities which make up a beloved member of the home circle, an honored business man in his own community and a loyal, faithful citizen.

JOHN GILES. Few families have resided for so many consecutive years in the County of York as have the Gileses, who from 1787 have been represented in the locality, and for very nearly that whole period have continued to occupy the homestead first chosen by the emigrant ancestor. The present head of the family is John Giles, one of the oldest residents of Etobicoke township, where he was born, July 3, 1828.

The first of the Giles name in Canada was James, a British soldier in the Queen's rangers, and a native of Lincolnshire, England. He came to Toronto with the army, and remained there until he was accidentally drowned on the lake, together with a Mr. Peeler. He left a family of five children, all born in Canada: (1) Sarah, married an army officer and

returned to England where she died, leaving no children. (2) John was the eldest son. (3) Enos married and settled on Dundas street, Toronto, following the calling of a carpenter. He left six children, Sarah, Joseph, Samuel, Robert, John and Margaret. (4) William married (first) a Miss Tivey, and (second) a Miss Keyser; he settled on a farm in Etobicoke on the Humber river. He died there, leaving six children, Joseph, Thomas, Richard, Charles, William and Harriet. (5) Nancy became the wife of George Dyer, who settled first in Etobicoke, and later moved to Port Credit, where both husband and wife died leaving two children.

John Giles was born in Toronto in 1794. He grew up on his father's farm, and after the latter's death he assumed charge of the family affairs, and operated the homestead. His whole life was spent there engaged in farming. In 1821 he married Sarah, the eldest of four daughters, born to William and Sarah Patrick. Mr. Patrick brought his family from Suffolk, England, and located in Toronto, on Queen street, where he worked as a blacksmith, until his death. John Giles passed away at his home Nov. 23, 1868, and his wife passed away Nov. 13, 1893, aged eighty-nine. They were consistent members of the Church of England, and Mr. Giles served for many years as a warden. In politics he was a strong Conservative.

The family born to John and Sarah Giles numbered eight: (1) Charles, born in 1823, was brought up to farm work and made it his life calling. He married Miss Kate Alloway, and settled in Etobicoke, but after his wife died he moved to Glencoe, and there lives retired. He has two sons. (2) Harriet, born in 1826, is deceased. She married John Vearey, formerly of Niagara, and now of Toronto. (3) John, Jr., was the third child. (4) William, born in 1831, of Toronto, has been twice married. By his first wife he had three children, and four by the second. (5) Sarah, born in 1833, is deceased. She married John Munhouse, of Toronto. (6) Mary J., born in 1835, married the late William McDowell, a hotel man of Humber, and has two daughters, Eva and Lillie. (7) Thomas, born in 1838, married Miss Richardson, of Ontario, lived on a part of the old homestead, and there died, leaving a daughter Mabel. (8) Martha, born in 1841, is the wife of George Powell, a professor in the Toronto schools, and they have three children, Ernest, George and May.

John Giles, Jr., attended the Etobicoke schools until he was fourteen, and then went to work in the Gambel Woolen Factory, where he remained nine years. After his marriage, in

1866, he gave up mill work and went to farming on rented land in Oxford, but after some years there the brother who had been running the homestead died, and John Giles purchased the place. He remained there, very successfully operating it, until August, 1896. In that year his wife died, and ever since Mr. Giles has given up active work and lives retired in his old home, having sold off most of the farm land.

In 1866 Mr. Giles married Miss Maggie Monroe, who was born in Scotland. Her father, William Monroe, died there, and the daughter came to Canada when a young woman. No children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Giles. She was a member of the Church of England, her husband also belonging to that Church. Mr. Giles' political views are those of the Conservative party. He is a man of the highest character, which his long life has served to reveal to the fullest extent, and his friends are many.

JOHN DUCKWORTH, who died in Toronto in 1881, was a well-known ornamental plasterer and decorator of the city for many years. He was born in Paterson, New Jersey, in or about the year 1829, of English parents, both of whom died there. He grew to manhood in his native city, and learned his trade in New York City, returning later to Paterson where he followed it for some time.

When about thirty years of age John Duckworth came to Toronto, and at once found work at his trade, and therein continued until his death. Among the many buildings which were decorated by Mr. Duckworth may be mentioned the Post Office building, the ornamental finishing of which was designed and executed by him; the Dominion Bank; the British and American Insurance Company building, and many others. All were finished in workmanlike manner and are lasting monuments to him as a skilful designer and workman.

Mr. Duckworth was twice married, his first wife being Matilda Nightingale, by whom he had the following children; William; James; Maria, widow of Charles Collard, of Toronto; John, an architect of Scranton, Pennsylvania; Lawrence and David, of Toronto. In 1872 Mr. Duckworth married Mrs. James Armstrong Kerr (nee Catherine Christie) and to this union was born one daughter, Minnie. Mrs. Duckworth was born in Limerick, Ireland, in 1843, daughter of Thomas and Catherine (Farrell) Christie, also natives of Limerick. In 1843 they came to Canada, where Mr. Christie engaged at his business—professional and landscape gardening, in which work he continued until his death, in 1871. He was twice mar-

ried, Mrs. Duckworth being the only surviving member of the first union. He married second Ella McCauly, and had three sons, James, Thomas and John. Mrs. Duckworth came to Canada when less than one year of age, and in her childhood days picked berries on the site of what is now Jarvis street. At that time St. George street was not known—in fact the city had not extended so far west, Duke and Duchess streets being the principal residence streets at that time.

Mrs. Duckworth was first married to Mr. James Armstrong Kerr, a native of the North of Ireland, and a son of Captain Peter Kerr of the British army, who fought under Wellington in the Peninsular War, also under Sir John Moore. On coming to Toronto Mr. Kerr engaged in the lumber business for many years, and died there in 1871. The children born to this union were: Peter, Sarah and Catherine.

AMOS J. HUGHES, town clerk and treasurer of East Gwillimbury township, York County, was born on Lot 11, Concession 3, in that township, Feb. 17, 1841, son of Job and Elizabeth (Thorpe) Hughes, the former born in King township in 1810, son of Amos and Rebecca (Chapman) Hughes, who came from Bucks and Berks Counties, Pennsylvania, in 1802, and were of Welsh descent.

Amos Hughes first settled near Glenville, in King township, where he lived some years, before settling in Sharon Village, East Gwillimbury, and there he spent the remainder of his life, dying in June, 1834. His wife passed away in 1830, in the faith of the Quaker Church, to which Mr. Hughes also belonged. He was one of the earliest adherents of David Willson, founder of the Children of Peace, who erected the temple finished at Sharon in 1831. Mr. and Mrs. Amos Hughes had children: Mary, deceased, was the wife of Isaac Wilson, who died in East Gwillimbury in May, 1876; Rachael, born in 1813, was the wife of William Graham, who died in Sharon in May, 1903; Ellen, born in 1815, married (first) James Henderson, who was killed in the Mackenzie Rebellion of 1837, and married (second) John Reid, of County York, and settled in East Gwillimbury, where she died in February, 1905; Job, the father of our subject, was the only son.

Job Hughes grew up on the farm, and continued at that occupation all his life, purchasing a home on the 2nd Concession, Lot 6, where he resided until about 1837. In this year he married and took up his home on part of Lot 11, Concession 3, in Sharon, erecting new buildings, and there he resided until his death, in

August, 1875. His wife Elizabeth, who was born in 1813, was the daughter of John and Dora (Phillips) Thorpe, natives of Ireland. Job Hughes was a member of the Davidite Church, the founders of which were of the Quaker faith. In politics he was a strong Liberal. He and his wife had a family of five children: (1) Rachael, born in 1838, is the widow of Ezra H. Doan, who died in East Gwillimbury in 1872, leaving five children, Ellen, Florence, Rebecca, Emma and Ezra J. (2) Amos J. is mentioned below. (3) James H., born in March, 1844, received a University education, and taught school when a young man. He married, in Toronto, Miss Helen Gurnett, of Aurora, and they settled in Toronto. While on a business trip to Chicago, in 1892, Mr. Hughes was taken sick and died in that city. (4) John W., born in January, 1847, is engaged in business in Toledo, Ohio. He married Mary Green, of Detroit, and they have one daughter, Florence M. (5) David Willson Hughes, born in March, 1849, married Miss Jerusha Doan, and they now reside in Toronto, where he is a wool dealer, having formerly, for a number of years, been a merchant in Sharon and Bolton villages; they have one daughter, Eva L., a teacher in the schools of Toronto.

Amos J. Hughes received his early education in the schools of the county, and was later a student at Fort Edward school of New York. In 1861 he took a Normal course in Toronto, and commenced teaching, a profession which he followed for two years. In December, 1865, he married Miss Martha D. Phillips, born on Yonge street, Jan. 12, 1845, daughter of David and Emmeline (Hill) Phillips. After marriage Mr. and Mrs. Hughes settled in the old original Hughes homestead, in the village of Sharon, where has lived all his married life, he owning the old home farm. To Mr. and Mrs. Hughes have been born a son and a daughter: Job W., born Sept. 21, 1866, was educated in the schools of Newmarket and the Commercial College of Hamilton. He married (first) Miss Isabella Brown, of Bolton, County Peel, who died March 1, 1900, at the farm home in Gwillimbury, leaving one daughter, Bessie. He married (second) Clara Cowieson, of Ontario, and they now reside at Souris, Manitoba, where he follows farming. They have one daughter, Helen B. Miss Addie E., daughter of our subject, born in February, 1868, married Ellis M. Long, a business man of Toronto, and they have one son, Leslie H., born March 12, 1896.

Mr. and Mrs. Hughes are members of the Presbyterian Church. He has always been identified with the old Liberal party, and in 1875 was elected a member of the council for

East Gwillimbury. In 1876 he was a member of the county council and deputy reeve, and in February, 1887, he was appointed clerk of the township, as well as treasurer, positions which he still holds and which he very efficiently fills. He is also secretary of the board of health of East Gwillimbury, and from 1894 until 1905 was inspector of licenses for North York. He filled the positions of secretary and treasurer of the Agricultural Society of East Gwillimbury, and has been D.G.W.P. of the Sons of Temperance for many years, and also R.K. and F.S. of the Knights of the Maccabees.

CHARLES W. TAYLOR, who passed away at his home in Toronto on Thursday morning, June 25, 1903, had for many years filled a position of more than usual responsibility, and of far-reaching influence. The power of the press in these days can scarcely be exaggerated, and when exercised by such a man as Mr. Taylor its possibilities for good are unlimited. His untimely death, in the fifty-third year of his age, when at the very acme of his powers, was a loss not to be estimated in words.

Charles W. Taylor was born in the old fort at Toronto, May 22, 1851, son of Capt. John and Ann (Dodd) Taylor, the latter a native of England. Captain Taylor was an officer in the 71st Highlanders, and in that capacity came to Canada in 1845. He severed his connection with the army later, however, and in 1857 settled in Bothwell, in the County of Kent, Ont., as manager of Hon. George Brown's property there. There were six children in his family besides Charles W., namely: Henry, of Chatham; John, of Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic; Judge George, of White Horse, Yukon; William; Mrs. George Bingham, of Denver, Colorado; and Mrs. Rosebrugh, of Bothwell, Ontario.

Charles W. Taylor gained his first experience in practical business life in the Bothwell post office, to which his father had been appointed, but after a brief novitiate there he entered the office of the Globe Printing Company, and remained with that concern from the age of fourteen up to his death. The company was practically owned by Hon. George Brown, and it was owing to the warm attachment between him and Captain Taylor, growing out of their original business relations, that the boy was first given the place. His marked adaptability for the work was soon manifested, however, and so close and whole-hearted was his attention to his duties that he won the favor of all, and advanced by various stages from the humble place of an office boy to the position of business manager of the greatest pub-



C. W. Taylor

lishing house on the continent, with which he was connected from 1865 to 1903, with ever-increasing satisfaction to all concerned.

In 1877 Mr. Taylor was married to Miss Pauline Yale, eldest of the two children born to Sanford and Disera (Charles) Yale, the other being Annie, wife of Judge Taylor, brother of Charles W. Taylor. Welcome Yale, Mrs. Taylor's grandfather, was a native of Michigan, and for many years resided at Grand Rapids, that State, where he died when over eighty years of age. He was engaged as a lumber merchant during his active years. He married Chlotilda Peck, who was of German extraction, and she also died in Grand Rapids. Their children, Sanford, George, Henry and Sarah, are all deceased. Sanford Yale was born in Chip-pawa, Canada, in 1820. He settled in Canada when a young man, and became one of the leading lumbermen of Toronto, owning mills and timber tracts at Angus; he died in Toronto in 1876. His wife, who was a native of Canada, died in Princeton in 1869, at the age of forty-eight years.

Mr. and Mrs. Taylor became the parents of four children, all of whom survive their father, namely: Laura; Fred, in the employ of McKenzie & Mann; Charles, with the Toronto Lithographing Company; and William, a student. Mr. and Mrs. Taylor both united with the Presbyterian Church, and in fraternal connection he was a member of the A.O.U.W. His long connection with the *Globe* makes an exposition of his political principles unnecessary. Mr. Taylor's death, which was sudden, occurred at his late residence, No. 42 Wilcox street, Toronto.

Mr. Robert Jaffray, in one of the many tributes to the memory of Mr. Taylor, said: "He was the most generally liked man among his associates I have ever known. If he had a fault at all it was of extreme generosity, or generosity to a point of self-forgetfulness. His death deprives the *Globe* of the services of an officer who during the whole of his business life had no other interest than its welfare and progress. Such whole-souled enthusiasm is rare, even in these days of business concentration. Mr. Taylor, though he took no part in public life, had a very wide acquaintance with public men, and through personal contact exerted often a marked influence upon public affairs. The interest he took in the staff was that almost of a father and in times of sickness or trouble he was always sympathetic. My own personal feeling is that I have lost a very devoted and loyal friend, and that feeling is shared by all members of the *Globe* board."

Judge Winchester, referring to the sudden

death of Mr. Taylor, said: "I am sure we all feel very deeply the loss sustained in the death of Mr. Taylor. He leaves a host of friends to mourn his loss."

The *News* paid the following tribute to Mr. Taylor: "Few men who could be taken out would leave a wider circle of mourning friends than Charles W. Taylor. He served the *Globe* the greater part of his life, and during many years as chief of the business department. He was known wherever the paper circulated and everywhere was recognized as one of its chief sources of strength and popularity. He was scrupulously honest in all his business dealings and in all the more private relations of life he was as big-hearted and free-handed a man as ever lived in the community."

JAMES WELLS. To have achieved by one's individual efforts a position not only of independence and comfort, but even of affluence, is a record of which any man may be proud, while in the case of James Wells, one of King township's retired capitalists, he has not only built up his own fortunes, but has also done much to further the development and prosperity of his section, laboring for its welfare on the school board for many years. He is a native of the County of York, born in King township, Concession 3, Lot 9, in June, 1830, son of Joseph and Eliza (Lloyd) Wells.

Mr. Wells comes of English ancestry, and his grandparents came from England to Canada in 1812, settling in Little York, now Toronto. In after years they moved to Aurora, where the grandfather died. Joseph Wells was born before the family left the mother country, the youngest son. His wife, Eliza Lloyd, was a native of Pennsylvania, born in 1804. After their marriage they made their home on a large farm in Concession 3, King township, which Joseph Wells bought. There he built the first frame barn ever erected in the township. After he had brought this farm into a good state of cultivation, he bought another farm in Lot 10, of the 2nd Concession, which he also cleared, and on which he made his home until his death, reaching the ripe old age of ninety-two years. His wife died some years before. They were very devout members of the Presbyterian Church, active in all its good works, and Mr. Wells was the donor of land for the first church edifice erected in that township. He was equally prominent in local politics and represented the Conservative party in the council for many years.

To this worthy couple were born eight children: (1) Lavina, born in 1828, married John Rankin, of Toronto, where she died, leaving a

large family. (2) James was the first son. (3) Job married and settled on a farm near the homestead, and there died, leaving a family. (4) Martha, born in 1835, married the late Peter McCallum, of Aurora, where she still lives, the mother of several children. (5) Joel, born in 1838, married and settled in King township, Concession 6, being in business as a merchant. Later he moved into the State of New York, and established himself in the furniture business. He is now deceased. Twice married, he had two children by the first union and four by the second, all of them now residing in the United States. (6) Caroline, born in 1840, married Charles Hill, of Toronto, and has a family. (7) Lloyd, born in 1843, a resident of British Columbia, is married and has one daughter, May. (8) Phila, born in 1846, became the wife of Henry Kitchen, of King City, and there died leaving no children.

James Wells received his education in the district schools of King township, and then settled down to farm work, assisting his father at home until he was thirty years of age. After his marriage, in 1861, he bought a farm from his father, and lived there until 1897. He made it one of the best places in the neighborhood, putting up good barns and a brick dwelling. His son, James H. Wells, has occupied it since his father's retirement from its active management. At that time, in 1897, he purchased a corner lot on Concession 3, where he built a handsome brick home, and is there spending his later years. Job Wells, his brother, started a cheese factory at the same point, and Mr. Wells became a stockholder. Eventually he purchased his brother's interest, formed a company with others, and is now continuing the business on that basis, he acting as salesman. Mr. Wells is a large property owner, and possesses several other farms in King township, occupied by his children.

In 1861 James Wells was married to Miss Jannet Gray, who was born in East York, in April, 1835, daughter of John and Ann (Carley) Gray. Her parents came from Scotland in the early days of York County. The following children, all of whom are living, have blessed this union: (1) William J., the eldest, born in 1863, married a Miss Wells, of King township, and they live with their children on one of his father's farms. (2) Annie E., born in 1866, is the wife of Neil McMurchy, of Concession 5. (3) Albert B., born in 1868, married Miss Annie Farran, of King township, and they live on Concession 3. They have had three sons, Joseph, Harper and James. (4) Ellen J., born in 1870, married George Forrester, a farmer of Markham, and has four

children. (5) Lavinia, born in 1872, is the wife of C. J. Brodie, of Concession 5, Whitechurch, and has three daughters. (6) James Harvey, born in 1876, married Miss Lottie Montgomery, of Guelph, and has five children. They live on the old homestead. (7) Mary B., born in 1879, is the wife of Andrew McClure, of Concession 7.

James Wells has long been one of the leading men of his section, and has borne his part in its development. While a strong supporter of the Conservative party, he has never sought office and has confined his personal service to working on the school board, having been a trustee for many years. Both he and his wife belong to the Presbyterian Church, and are among the most helpful members. The family has a high standing in the community, and represents the best type of residents.

CHARLES STARR, who may well be named as one of the most prosperous and most widely known farmers of this county, resides on his beautiful and highly cultivated farm on Concession 4, Lot 31, Whitechurch township. Mr. Starr was born on Lot 30, same concession, July 6, 1832, son of Mordecai and Sarah (Wasley) Starr, who came from Bucks County, Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Sarah (Wasley) Starr, was born in June, 1802, daughter of Francis and Hannah Wasley, who came to Canada in 1804, the same year in which the Starr family came.

Mordecai Starr was born in 1797, and he and Sarah Wasley were married July 26, 1819. They settled on Lot 30, adjoining our subject's present farm, Mr. Starr starting to clear a farm from his bush land. He became one of the successful farmers, and here made his home for many years, dying Dec. 29, 1874; his wife passed away in 1870. They were pioneer Quakers of this section and helped to found the meeting-house at Whitechurch. Mr. and Mrs. Starr had eight children: (1) Hannah, born May 15, 1820, married Samuel Lundy, deceased, of Whitechurch. (2) Sarah, born in October, 1821, married James Sisler, and died at Mount Albert, Ont., leaving two daughters—Hulda and Hannah. (3) Hulda, born in January, 1828, died unmarried in March, 1885. (4) Jane, born in August, 1840, married Alfred Faulkner, and died in East Gwillimbury. (5) Susan, born Aug. 24, 1843, married Samuel Harris, who resides in Rockwood, Wellington County, and has two sons—Wasley and Charles. (6) Francis, born Feb. 29, 1824, when a young man engaged in school teaching, and became well and favorably known as an educator. He married Miss Mary Cody, of Yonge street, and they settled

in the 3rd Concession, where Mr. Starr engaged in farming until his death in 1904; his wife passed away the year previous. They had eleven children—Nelson, Mordecai, Albert, May, Emma, Hannah, Elizabeth, Stephen, Joseph, Sarah Rebekah and Huldah Susanna, the four last named dying young. (7) James, born June 10, 1826, married Miss Mary Bogart, of Whitechurch, and they settled on the 4th Concession, and engaged in farming until Mr. Starr's death, in December, 1893. He left five children—Robert A., James Albert, Lyman, Eliza and Henrietta. (8) Charles was the youngest.

Charles Starr, the only son of the family still surviving, was educated in the district schools and the grammar school of Newmarket, and has always lived on the farm which he now occupies. He has been energetic and enterprising, and his success is due entirely to his own efforts. In May, 1874, Mr. Starr married Miss Hannah Hustler, born in 1845, in Halton County, daughter of Jeremiah and Mary Hustler, and to this union have been born four daughters: Miss Sarah, educated in the Newmarket high school, the Pickering College, Pickering, Ont., a graduate of the University of Toronto, 1902, and of the Ontario Normal College, 1903, resides at home; Mary Agnes was educated in Pickering College, Pickering, Ont.; Isabella E. was educated in Pickering College, of Pickering, Ont.; and Anna L. is a student of the Pickering College, of Pickering. These young ladies are all highly educated, cultured and refined. Mr. and Mrs. Starr are connected with the Quaker Church. In politics Mr. Starr has always been identified with the old Reform party.

The Starrs are directly descended from the good old Quaker family of that name in Pennsylvania, in the day of William Penn. When the Starr family migrated to Canada in 1804, Toronto consisted of but five houses, three of which were log houses. Newmarket is said to have had its name even in that early day. The rules of the Society of Friends have always been strictly adhered to by Charles Starr, as well as by his father. Mr. Starr is known as a man of kindly word and liberal purse, and many a fellowman, less fortunate in the possession of this world's goods than himself, has been given cause to recall his memory with gratitude and affection. He and his estimable wife have reared a family of which not only they, but the community as well, may well be proud. Mr. and Mrs. Charles Starr are truly representative people of York County, Ontario.

GEORGE H. HOGABOOM, who died in Toronto in 1894, was born at Sharon, County

York, in 1842, son of John Clinton and Maria Leah (Hare) Hogaboom, United Empire Loyalists who founded the family in Canada.

The family is of German extraction, and John Hogaboom was clerk of the court at Newmarket for many years. He died there in 1883. His widow died in Toronto. Their children were: Mary Caroline, who married C. Beatson Clark, and settled in England; George H.; Norton, deceased; and Caroline Jane, deceased. By a former marriage John Hogaboom had two daughters, Mrs. Thomas Wayling, of Sharon; and Mrs. Samuel MacDonald.

George H. Hogaboom was educated in the Newmarket high school and Queen's College, Kingston, and succeeded his father as clerk of the court at Newmarket, being also engaged in a brokerage business. In 1887 he located in Toronto, where he continued his brokerage business, and also bought the assets of the Central Bank, which he took over as a speculation. Mr. Hogaboom was a lover of fine horses, and his stable contained many of fine breed.

In 1872 Mr. Hogaboom married Miss Frances A. Bingham, daughter of Robert and Amelia (Ferguson) Bingham. Robert Bingham came to Muddy York at an early day, and intended purchasing land at the corner of Queen and Yonge streets, Toronto, but decided to go to Barrie, and this he did. He later removed to Elgin Mills, where for some time he kept a hotel, in 1853 going to Bradford, where he died. His children were: Mary, who married J. M. C. L. Stevenson, of Barrie; Charlotte, deceased; Martha, deceased; Maria, Mrs. Nichol, of British Columbia; W. R., of Mount Clemens, Michigan; Mrs. John Kelly, of Durham; Frances A., Mrs. Hogaboom; George, a druggist at No. 100 Yonge street, Toronto; and Mrs. J. S. Boddy, of Hamilton.

To Mr. and Mrs. Hogaboom were born children as follows: Ethel Mary, Grace Amelia and Christine Gladys. Mr. Hogaboom was a member of the Church of England. In politics he was a Conservative. He affiliated with the Masons, and was past master of the Grand Lodge of Ancient Free and Accepted Masons of Canada in 1869.

ALEXANDER J. McCracken, a retired business man of Newmarket, formerly interested in the carriage-making and dealing line at that place, was born in Osnabruck, County Stormont, Ont., Aug. 2, 1824, son of Hugh and Elizabeth (Stata) McCracken, one of the old U. E. Loyalist families of Canada.

Hugh McCracken, grandfather of Alexander J., was an officer in the British army, and he

served until his death in Quebec, where his wife also died. They left but one son, Hugh (2), father of Alexander J.

Hugh McCracken (2) settled as a farmer in County Stormont and there followed agricultural pursuits until his death, which occurred in 1840. He married Elizabeth Stata, daughter of Philip Stata, who came from Pennsylvania to Canada and settled in County Stormont, and who had a family of four daughters and one son, all of whom are deceased. Mrs. McCracken, who was the first white child born in County Stormont, died in 1869. Both she and her husband were members of the Church of England. They were the parents of the following children: Archibald, born in 1816, married Catherine Dafoe, of County Stormont, and settled in the old McCracken homestead where he lived until his death, leaving a family; Minerva M., deceased, married Samuel Weggant, who settled and died in County Stormont, leaving children; Caroline, born in 1820, married John Papps, who settled near the McCracken homestead and she died leaving two children; Parmelia, born in 1822, resides in the State of New York, unmarried; Gordon, born in 1826, died in young manhood while working at his trade as machinist, in Rochester, New York; Alexander J.; and Lenora, born in 1831, married John Cridelman, who settled as a farmer near the McCracken homestead, and she died leaving two children.

Alexander J. McCracken was reared in the old family home in County Stormont and was educated in the district schools. In his locality it was the custom for young men to early learn a self-supporting trade, and he chose that of carriagemaker. Going to Cincinnati he worked as a journeyman carriage builder for four years, and then went to Connersville, Indiana, where he went into partnership with John Drew. They remained together in business for two years, when they sold out and opened works in Indianapolis, Indiana, where they continued in business until 1857. In that year the McCracken family returned to Canada, and Mr. McCracken engaged in carriage manufacture, and was interested in marble works and a livery business for almost thirty years, meeting with much success. He was also concerned in lumbering. He invested in property in Newmarket, and continued to reside here until 1885, when he retired from business.

In 1853 Mr. McCracken was married to Harriet Pearson, daughter of Samuel and Rachel Pearson, pioneers of Newmarket. Mrs. McCracken was born in the County of York in February, 1824, and prior to her marriage had been a teacher in the public schools. Mr. and

Mrs. McCracken have had six children: Ella, born in Indianapolis, Indiana, in 1854, died at the age of fourteen years; Samuel N., born in 1858, became an engineer on the Lake Shore Railroad, in the States, where he was stricken with consumption, and he died at home in 1889, unmarried; Dr. Charles L., born in 1860, who studied medicine at Toronto, and then settled at Redwood City, California, where he is engaged in practice, married Miss Ella Hargraves, of California, and they have one son, Charles; Louis, born in 1862 in Newmarket, died aged seven years; Hattie, who was born in 1864 at Newmarket, was educated in the common and high schools and is at home, one of the members of Newmarket's exclusive circle; and George Gordon, born in 1866, studied pharmacy and located at Adrian, Michigan, where he was in the drug business until failing health made it necessary to make a change, and he is now the travelling representative of the White Eagle Lead Company, of Cincinnati (he has two sons, Robert and Donald).

Mr. McCracken has always lent his influence in the direction of good government, has supported the Government party and on several occasions he has been a valued member of the city council of Newmarket. For a number of years he also served as one of the school trustees, having always been interested in the advancement of education. With his family he belongs to the Presbyterian Church. He is one of the self-made men of his city. His life has been an exemplary one, and he is in the enjoyment of public confidence and esteem.

EDWARD LESLIE, who died in Paterson, New Jersey, in March, 1895, was a man whose name will ever be remembered in railway circles in Canada and the United States, as the inventor of the Rotary Steam Snow Plow, for railway use. Mr. Leslie was born at Newcastle, County Wicklow, Ireland, in 1841, son of Guy and Mary (Leggett) Leslie. In 1842 the family came to Canada and settled at Garafraxa, later removing to Orangeville, where Guy Leslie became postmaster, and where he and his wife died.

Edward Leslie was educated at Garafraxa, and was bailiff there for some time before going to Orangeville, where he was also postmaster, succeeding his father in the latter position. While at Orangeville Mr. Leslie conceived the idea of a rotary steam plow, which he perfected and had patented in all the leading countries of the world. He later went to Paterson, New Jersey, where he had these machines made, and where he resided until the time of his death, which was hastened by the heavy

mental strain under which he had been laboring for some years. His machines are now in use in different countries, and are considered the finest snow plows known to railway men.

In Orangeville, Mr. Leslie and Miss Marian Ramsey were united in marriage. She was born in Ireland, daughter of William and Mary Ann (Reed) Ramsey. Her father was professor of music at Mount Mellick, Queen's County, Ireland, where he died. Mrs. Leslie came to Canada in 1872, and in 1895 settled in Toronto, where she now resides, her residence being at No. 70 Rathnelly avenue. To Mr. and Mrs. Leslie were born the following children: Guy, a prominent member of the Masonic order; Amy; George; Edward; Maggie; and Rowland. Mr. Leslie attended the Methodist Church. In political sentiment he was a Conservative.

ARTHUR COULSON, deceased, who was for many years a well-known merchant in Montreal, was born in the city of Toronto in 1837, a son of Samuel and May (Kennedy) Coulson. The parents were natives of Scotland, and on coming to Canada settled first at Montreal, but later removed to Toronto.

Arthur Coulson spent the earlier part of his life in Toronto, where he was educated, and where he gained his first experience in mercantile affairs, the line of work which he elected to be his lifelong occupation. Later he removed to Montreal and embarked in business for himself, carrying on until his death a wholesale dry goods establishment in that city. He was a man of good business ability and built up a large trade in the comparatively few years before death called him from his work. That regrettable event occurred Oct. 23, 1871, in Montreal, when he was only thirty-four years of age. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Coulson was united in marriage, in 1870, to Miss Margaret Augusta Pfaff, daughter of Anthony Pfaff. She returned to Toronto after his death. To this union one son was born, Duncan Arthur, in 1871. This son was educated in Toronto and since 1890 has been accountant in the J. A. Simmers seed establishment in that city. He married Miss L. M. Mulholland, of Toronto. Mrs. Margaret Coulson belonged to the Church of England. Her father was a German, came to Canada about 1830, and purchased a farm in Vaughan township, County York.

MARK MARKS. In the business circles of Toronto no name is more truly a synonym for

strict integrity and straightforward dealing than that of Marks, for in three distinct lines of business father and sons have all stood for absolute reliability and honesty.

Mark Marks, the first of this family to settle in Canada, was born in Swansea, Wales, in 1842, son of Harris Marks, who lived and died in that country. When thirty-one years old he came to the New World, and settling in Toronto took a position as commercial salesman with M. & L. Samuel, Benjamin & Co. He remained with the firm for nearly twenty years and then embarked in business for himself as a commission merchant and hardware dealer, continuing the enterprise successfully up to the time of his death. His business was of a character to make his name known all over Ontario, and everywhere his reputation was of the highest. His death occurred while he was on a business trip to London, Ont., in 1890, and he passed away in the "Tecumseh House" there.

Mr. Marks was united in marriage, in 1873, to Miss Deborah Lyons, who was born in Birmingham, England, daughter of Nathan and Annie (Lyons) Lyons, both of whom were of German ancestry. The Lyons family came to America in 1873, living first in Ogdensburg, New York, and later in Toronto, where Mr. Lyons went into business as an optician. He still resides in the city. Mrs. Lyons died in 1900. To Mr. and Mrs. Marks were born the following children: Annie, Henry, Millie, Elly, and Lottie, the last named Mrs. Joseph Oppenheim, of Toronto, and the mother of one son, born July 21, 1904. The family are all members of the Synagogue on Bond street. The late Mark Marks was connected with the Commercial Travellers' Association of Toronto, and was also a prominent figure in Masonic circles. In politics he was a Conservative, as are his two sons.

HENRY MARKS, eldest son of Mark Marks, is well established in business as a member of the firm of Lyons & Marks, wholesale jobbers of hardware, hotel and plumbers' supplies. He is a man of good education, acquired in his native city, and of good business qualifications, and is regarded as one of the rising young men of Toronto.

ELLY MARKS, the younger son, has won an equally favorable place in the public estimation. Educated in Toronto, he afterwards travelled extensively, visiting most of the points of interest in both Europe and America. In 1891, after his return, he established the firm of which he is still at the head, known as the Marks Stamp Company, and though he began

in quite a small way his interests have increased until now he is carrying on the largest concern of the kind in Canada. The stock comprises some twenty-five or thirty million stamps, including full lines of the stamps of all nations, and his orders come from all parts of both Canada and the United States. The firm is especially known for its ability to fill any order on short notice. The credit for this success is very largely due to Mr. Marks himself, who has untiringly given his personal supervision to his business in all its details.

GEORGE C. HUSBAND, who passed away in Toronto, March 29, 1901, was a well-known and highly esteemed business man of that city. He was born in the township of Nassagaweya, Halton County, Ontario, in 1863, son of Henry and Mary (Alderson) Husband, also natives of Canada, the former for many years headmaster at the Oakville (Ont.) high school, though now a resident of Toronto.

George C. Husband was educated at Oakville, Ont., and qualified for teaching at the age of seventeen years. He continued, however, at that profession only a year or two, and then came to Toronto, where for seven years he was employed by Rice & Davis in the fruit business. At the expiration of that time Mr. Husband engaged in the same business with his brother, Cameron Husband, and later on H. M. Mulholland became a partner. They were located at No. 82 Colborne Street, and there Mr. Husband continued until his death.

In 1889 Mr. Husband married Miss Mary Arvilla Curtis, born in Trafalgar, Ont., daughter of Samuel and Jane (Lucas) Curtis, natives of Canada, the former of whom was for some time a farmer near Burlington, where he died in 1895, aged seventy-three. Mrs. Curtis resides in Toronto. To Mr. and Mrs. Husband were born three children: Orville C., Franklin George and Bessie Georgina.

Mr. Husband was a member of the Presbyterian Church. He was a Reformer in politics, and fraternally was connected with the Masons and I.O.O.F. Mr. Husband was successful from the time of his start in Toronto, where his entire business life was passed. His tireless energy, business sagacity and skilful management, in addition to his personal popularity, made his business one of the successful ones of the Queen City, in which he was an exemplary citizen and a Christian gentleman.

JOSEPH C. LUNDY, town clerk of Whitechurch, and a retired farmer of the County of York, is one of the county's successful business men. He was born in Whitechurch town-

ship Nov. 10, 1842, son of Ebenezer and Rachel (Collins) Lundy, the former born in Whitechurch in January, 1803, son of Richard and Mary Lundy.

Richard and Mary Lundy were both natives of Pennsylvania, and came to Canada in 1798, settling in Whitechurch, where they spent the remainder of their lives, and there died, leaving one son and two daughters: Annie, deceased, was the wife of Mordecai Widdifield, who settled in Uxbridge, County Ontario; Mrs. Joseph Hilborn, now deceased, who located in Western Ontario; and Ebenezer, father of our subject. The family were Quakers in religion, and they established this religion in the section into which they removed.

Ebenezer Lundy grew up at the old homestead, and received a limited education. He was married at the Friends' Church at Uxbridge, April 21, 1825, his marriage certificate being recorded in the first book of records of the Yonge street monthly meeting in 1825. He married Miss Rachel Collins, daughter of Elijah and Elizabeth Collins, also Quakers, who came from Pennsylvania, descendants of an old English family who went to the United States with William Penn. They were United Empire Loyalists. Mr. Ebenezer Lundy settled on the old Lundy homestead on Concession 5, Lot 27, and later purchased Lot 27, on the 4th Concession, adjoining his former property. Here he made many improvements, erecting a large brick house and fine outbuildings, and became one of the wealthiest and most influential men of the section. He died at his home, April 28, 1874, and after his death his widow resided with our subject until her death, Aug. 29, 1889. She and her husband were Quakers. He was a Reformer in his political views, but never took any active part in local affairs.

Mr. and Mrs. Lundy had a large family of children: Isaac, Edward, Emily, Nelson and Abram died young; Mary, born in March, 1826, was the wife of Joseph Randall, who settled in Whitby township, Ontario County, and died, leaving seven children, John, Edward, Frank, Walter, Ebenezer, Mary and Rachel; Angelina, the widow of Mark Spoffard of Pickering township, Ontario County, has one son, Frank; Elizabeth, born in 1834, was the wife of John Taylor of Whitechurch township, and died the mother of two children, Nelson and Rachel; Sarah, born in 1841, deceased, was the wife of Crawford MacPherson, a school teacher of Whitechurch, and had one son, Joseph A.; Susan, born in 1845, is now the widow of Robert Tindall, of County Ontario; and Joseph C.

Joseph C. Lundy was the only son of this



Geo. C. Hubbard

family to grow to maturity. He received a fair education in the public schools, and when a young man engaged in farming on the old homestead, handed down from his grandfather to his father and thence to him.

Mr. Lundy was married Oct. 25, 1864, to Miss Charlotte E. Crone, born in East Gwillimbury, Sept. 8, 1845, daughter of Joel and Elizabeth Crone, one of the well-to-do pioneer families who came from the United States to County York. Mr. Crone is still living at the age of ninety-four years. Mrs. Lundy is one of six children. She grew to womanhood in the place of her nativity, and there received a good education. After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Lundy settled at the old homestead in Whitechurch township, and there they resided until 1891, when he purchased real estate near the town of Newmarket in Whitechurch township, and erected a fine brick residence, owning one of the fine homes of Whitechurch township.

To Mr. and Mrs. Lundy have been born five children: (1) Dr. Pemberton, born in 1865, at the old homestead, was educated in the high schools of Newmarket and Toronto, and took a medical course at the latter city. He located first at Tonawanda, New York, where he practised his profession for seven years, and then removed to Buffalo. During the Spanish American war he was selected surgeon of a regiment, and served one and one-half years in the Philippines, and then returned to New York, where he still resides, engaged in the practice of his profession. (2) Emily Ida, born at the old homestead, married Joseph M. Belfry, a merchant of Newmarket, where she died Jan. 13, 1899. (3) Wilnot C., born in 1869, is a merchant tailor of Newmarket. (4) Marshall, born in 1871, commenced railroad work when a young man, and is now employed as trainman on the New York Central running between Buffalo and New York. He married Miss Maguarite Miller, of Grand Rapids, Michigan, and they reside in New York City. (5) Miss Annie M., educated in the Newmarket schools, resides at home. Mr. and Mrs. Lundy are members of the Christian Church. In politics he has always supported the Reform party, and in 1874 he was elected a member of the council of Whitechurch, a position which he held for eight years. In 1887 he was elected clerk of the township and in 1889 was appointed treasurer, in which capacity he is now efficiently serving, as well as holding the position of inspector and treasurer of the Industrial Home, a position he has held for seventeen years.

ALBERT ANDREWS, who passed away in Toronto in 1895, was a native of the Queen

City, born in 1838, son of George and Ann (Andrews) Andrews, natives of Suffolk, England.

George Andrews and his wife were early settlers in Toronto, the former conducting a shoe store on Yonge street for some years. He later removed to Aurora, County of York, where he farmed for the remainder of his life, and there died, as did also his wife. They were members of the Methodist Church. To George and Ann Andrews were born these children: Rev. Alfred; Ann, Mrs. George C. Harris; Abigail; widow of John Richardson, of Winnipeg; Mary Ann, wife of William Graham; George W.; Hannah, deceased, who married R. L. Nichols, of Markham township, County of York; and Albert.

Albert Andrews received a good education in his native city and at Aurora, County of York, and at the latter city commenced teaching, a profession which he followed throughout his life, becoming well-known as an educator throughout Ontario. He also spent some years teaching in Ohio. In Aurora, Mr. Andrews was married to Miss Mary Ann Knight, born in London, England, daughter of Thomas and Ann (Green) Knight. Mr. and Mrs. Knight came to Canada in 1833, settling in Goderich, whence they went to Bradford and then to Woodstock, where both died. Mr. Knight was a merchant for some time after settling in this country. He and his wife were Methodists. They had the following children: Elizabeth and Jane Charlotte, who both died unmarried; Richard, who died in Woodstock in 1904; and Mrs. Andrews.

To Mr. and Mrs. Albert Andrews were born these children: Clara; Albert, who married Jessie Boyce; Mary; Edward Blake, who married Luella Spink, and has two children, Norman Edward and Edmund Russell; and Henry H. Mr. Andrews was a Methodist, and his widow and children adhere to that faith. In politics he was connected with the Reform party.

CHARLES FORSYTH, one of the prominent citizens and successful business men of Weston, County York, Ont., engaged in contracting and building, was born at West Fenton, in the parish of Dirleton, County of Haddington, Scotland, April 14, 1833, son of John and Charlotte Forsyth, natives of that country.

John Forsyth was born in 1804, and his wife in 1796. They came to Canada in 1863, settling on a farm in Muskoka, Macaulay township, County Simcoe, where he died in 1885, three years after the death of his wife. They were both members of the Presbyterian Church in which he had been deacon in the old coun-

try. To John Forsyth and wife were born four children: Alice, born in Scotland, April 3, 1831, married James McNee, of Muskoka, Macaulay township, and at her death left four children, John, James, Ellen and Charlotte; John, born in Scotland in 1835, married and settled on a farm near the old homestead, where he has reared a large family; Charles; and Robert, born in Scotland in 1838, there learned the tailoring trade, which he is now following in Dundas, where with his wife and two children, Kate and Charlotte, he now makes his home.

Charles Forsyth received his literary training in his native country, where he was reared to manhood and learned the trade of a millwright. On July 21, 1855, he sailed from Liverpool on the sailing vessel "Emerald Isle," but after being out six days the ship was compelled to return to port on account of being disabled. It finally reached New York, Sept. 13, 1855, from which city Mr. Forsyth made his way at once to St. Catharines, Ontario, and then engaged in work at the village of Weston, with a Mr. Laurie.

In 1857 Mr. Forsyth married Miss Margaret Pirritte, born in 1835, daughter of John and Joanna Pirritte. In 1858 Mr. Forsyth purchased real estate and erected a home on Maria street, where he lived for six years. In 1867 he purchased real estate on Main street, building two fine homes, and he is also the owner of other valuable property. Mr. and Mrs. Forsyth are the parents of children as follows: Charlotte passed away in March, 1874; William R., born in Weston in 1860, married to Miss Lizzie Jackson, of Weston, is now a resident of Medicine Lodge, Kansas, where he owns and operates a feed-mill; John K., born in 1862, a millwright, of Toronto, married at Toronto Elizabeth Hunter, of Markham, and has two children, Ray and Mary; Margaret Scott, born in July, 1865, is a music teacher at Weston, and also followed that profession for four years in Kansas, where she had gone to visit her brother; Isabelle Allison, born in 1868, married Thomas Jewell, who is engaged in the mercantile business at Enid, Oklahoma, and they have one son, Clifford F.; Miss Annie Elizabeth, born in 1870, resides at home; Charles, born in 1872, married Miss Annie Nixon, and they settled in Toronto, where he died in 1897, leaving one son, Charles L., now in Kansas, who was reared and educated by his grandparents in Weston; James Pirritte, born in Weston, in 1875, married Miss Jessie Wilby, of Weston, and they now reside in Edmonton, Northwest Territory, where he is engaged as a hardware merchant, and they have two children, Charles

and Margaret; and Miss Mabel, born in Weston in 1877, resides at home.

Mr. and Mrs. Forsyth are members of the Methodist Church, of which for many years Mr. Forsyth has been a trustee. In politics a Reformer, he has filled the position of school trustee for a number of years. Fraternally he is connected with the Masons and Odd Fellows. For over fifty years Mr. Forsyth has been a resident of Weston, and during this long period has done much to further movements of benefit to the village. He is a self-made man, and is highly esteemed by all with whom he has come into contact.

CHARLES LUNDY, a highly-esteemed retired citizen of Newmarket, York County, was for a number of years engaged in the grain buying business. Mr. Lundy was born in Whitechurch township, April 22, 1839, son of Samuel and Hannah (Starr) Lundy.

Samuel Lundy was born in Pennsylvania in 1798, son of William Lundy, also a native of that State, born in 1765. His wife, Agnes Randie, was born in New Jersey in 1766, and they came from Pennsylvania in 1799, locating in Whitechurch township, where they made a permanent home from the wild land. They left five children at their death: Martha, born in Pennsylvania in 1796, married William Ray, of Ontario County, and both are deceased; William, born in Whitechurch township in 1802, settled first on the old homestead and later removed to Ohio, where he died; Edward died young; Sarah, born in 1798, twin to Samuel, married Joshua Wilson, who settled and died in Whitechurch township, leaving a family of ten children, two of whom still reside in Canada; and Samuel.

Samuel Lundy was less than two years of age when his parents came to Canada, and he was educated in the district schools of York County. After his marriage he settled on a part of the old homestead, to which he added until he owned 500 acres of well cultivated land, still owned by his descendants. He became one of the most successful farmers of his section, and died at his home in Whitechurch township in 1861. His wife passed away in 1895, in the faith of the Quaker Church, to which her husband always adhered. During the rebellion of 1837-8, Mr. Lundy was taken a prisoner, and held as such for some time, on account of his politics, being a Reformer. Of his twelve children, eight grew to maturity, Charles, our subject, being the eldest.

Charles Lundy received a fair education in the schools of Whitechurch township, and when a young man first engaged in farming in East

Gwillimbury, purchasing his present home, adjoining the town of Newmarket, in the year 1862. In 1863 he married Miss Catherine Walks, born in Ontario County in 1841, daughter of James and Catherine Walks. In 1875 Mr. Lundy engaged in business as a grain buyer, and at this he continued until 1900, also carrying on the dairy business for twenty-five years. In 1900 he retired from active life.

To Mr. and Mrs. Lundy three children were born: Emma V., born in 1864, married Steven Griffith, of Newmarket, and died Aug. 28, 1893. Samuel E., born in 1866, engaged in business with his father, and continued therein until his death in 1904; he married Miss Rachel Randall, but had no children. Hannah G., born in 1868, died when four years of age.

Mrs. Lundy is a Methodist, her husband attending the same church. Mr. Lundy has always been loyal to the old Grit party, but has never aspired to any office. He has been president of the Board of Agriculture in Newmarket for a number of years, and is a charter member of the Independent Order of Foresters, Newmarket Lodge. He is very highly esteemed in Newmarket, where he has led such a long and honorable life.

ROBERT McKAY (deceased), who passed away at his Toronto residence, No. 101 Hamilton street, in 1899, had been a resident of that city for thirteen years. He was born in 1841 in Ireland, and spent most of his life in his native land. The McKay family came originally of Irish Protestants of the North. George McKay, father of Robert, was born in Ireland and died there. The son grew to manhood in the Emerald Isle, and was there married to Miss Ellen Mills, a daughter of James and Ann (Mullen) Mills, farming people of Ireland. In 1883 he and Mrs. McKay left their native land for the United States, and resided there for a couple of years, in 1885 moving to Canada. They settled in Toronto, and there the remainder of Mr. McKay's life was spent. He lived retired from business. At the time of his death, in 1899, the family residence was at No. 101 Hamilton street, but one year later Mrs. McKay purchased her present home, an attractive place at No. 91 Langley avenue. She is also the owner of other valuable real estate in the city on Victor avenue.

The children born to Robert and Ellen McKay were six in number, namely: Elizabeth; James, a steam fitter in Toronto; George McKay, of the Northwest Territory; Robert M. McKay, of New York; Christopher K. McKay, a mattress maker in Toronto, and Frederick F. McKay, of Toronto. Mr. McKay was a man of

fine character, domestic in his tastes and devoted to his family, and his death at the age of fifty-eight was an irreparable loss to them. He was a Conservative in politics, belonged to the Royal Templars, and was a member of the Presbyterian Church.

ROBERT W. PHILLIPS, one of the leading farmers of King township, and an influential member of the council, is the only male representative in the fourth generation of a family which has been prominently identified with that section since the opening year of the nineteenth century. Through all the succeeding years the men of his name have nobly borne their part in redeeming the land from its wild state, and in furthering its welfare not alone along the line of material progress but equally in the realm of education and good citizenship.

The founder of the family in Canada was Isaac Phillips, who is supposed to have been born in Williamsport, Pennsylvania, where his people lived at the time of the American Revolution. The Phillips family was of Welsh descent, and various members of it took part in the struggles between the Colonies and England. Isaac Phillips left the United States for Canada in 1800, accompanied by his family, and settled on Yonge street, King township. He professed the faith of the Quakers, and his remains are buried in the Friends' burying ground, about a mile from his old home. He left a family of seven children, two sons and five daughters—the latter all married and settled in the County of York; one son, William, married and settled on his father's homestead, and there died leaving a family who are now all deceased.

Samuel Phillips, second son of Isaac, was born in Pennsylvania, and was there educated as a physician, a profession which he followed all his life, although he also gave considerable attention to farming. He came to Canada when his father did, but returned to Pennsylvania for his medical education. Later, in 1814, he married Martha Siddons, who was a Quaker like himself, and whose parents also came from Pennsylvania. The young couple settled first on Lot 89, on Yonge street, adjoining the present home of their grandson, Robert W., but a number of years later Samuel Phillips cleared up the latter property, in Lot 88, and lived there until his death in May, 1873, five years after the death of his wife. They were largely instrumental in founding the Friends' Church in King township, and in erecting there the first building for worship by that sect. In politics Samuel Phillips was an ardent Reformer, active in the public life of his

locality, and was elected the first councilman to represent that part of the county.

Of the seven children born to Samuel and Martha Phillips, only Daniel, the youngest, survives: (1) Isaac, the eldest, born in 1815, in the County of York, died in 1875, leaving two sons and a daughter, one of the sons now being a physician in Rochester, New York. (2) Jessie, born in 1816, died in 1889, leaving four sons and three daughters. (3) Joel, born in 1819, was a prominent farmer and counsellor in King township. He died in 1899, leaving one son, David, of County Simeoe. (4) David, born in 1822, died in 1844, leaving one daughter, who is now Mrs. Amos Hughes, of East Gwillimbury. (5) Fannie, born in 1826, married Dr. Silas Hollingshed, who settled in Toronto. Her death occurred in 1896. Two sons were born to her and her husband, George, a farmer near Rochester, New York; and Isaac, residing in New York State. (6) Eliza was born in 1828, and died in 1856. (7) Daniel became the father of Robert W. Phillips.

Daniel Phillips was born on the homestead Jan. 29, 1831, and has passed his entire life there, devoting his attention to agricultural pursuits. In January, 1858, he married Miss Susan Moore, daughter of Robert and Maria (Young) Moore. Robert Moore was a native of Concord, New Hampshire, and his wife of Niagara. They settled at Newmarket in 1812, but later removed to East Gwillimbury, where both parents died, leaving a family of eight children. Mrs. Phillips, the second daughter, was born at their later home in 1834, was given a good education and taught for some time in the County of York. After their marriage Daniel Phillips and his wife settled down on the old family homestead, and have remained there ever since, although the son and his wife have for some time relieved the parents of all care and responsibility. The original dwelling was burned in 1888, and in the following year the present residence was built, a large brick house, which is one of the fine modern homes in that locality. Daniel Phillips and his wife have had two children, Robert W. and a daughter, Mary A. The latter was born in 1869, and was educated in the Newmarket high school; she is the wife of John J. Watson, formerly of King township, but now a druggist in New York City.

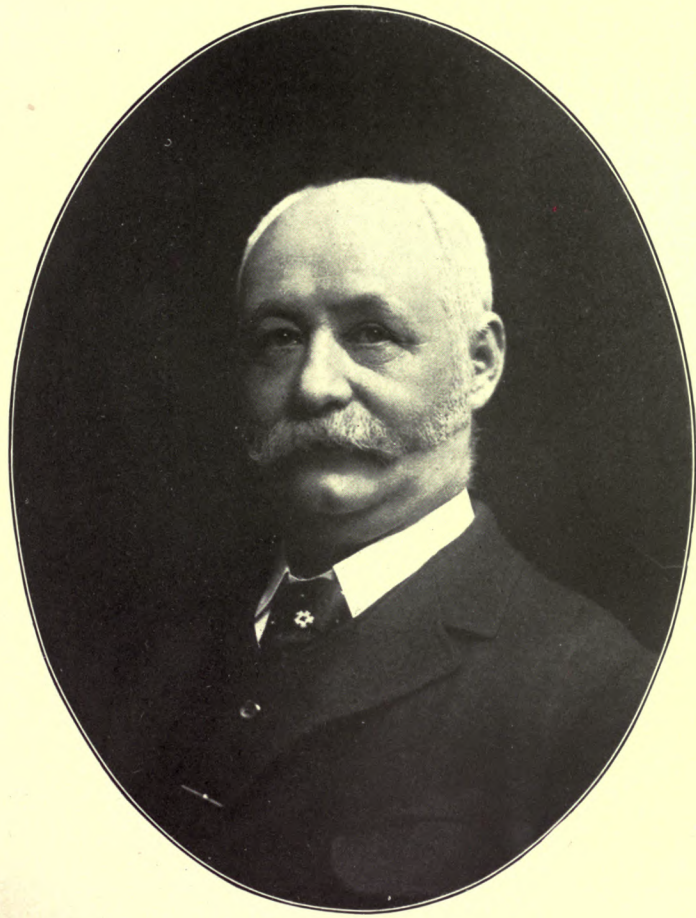
Robert W. Phillips was born in February, 1860. His parents believed in giving their children good educations, so the boy was sent to school until he had completed the course in the Newmarket high school. After his graduation there he spent three years teaching in County York schools, and then returned to the

home farm to lighten his father's task of superintending the work of the place. For the greater part of the time since then he has had the entire management of the farm, which he conducts with much success, reaping substantial returns. He has also taken considerable interest in township and county matters, and since 1901 has served as a member of the council, where he is a supporter of Reform principles and measures. Fraternal orders have also attracted his attention, and he is a member of Newmarket Lodge, A.O.U.W., in which he has filled all the offices, and from which he has been sent as a representative to the Grand Lodge.

In 1886 Robert W. Phillips and Alfaretta Dennis were united in marriage. Miss Dennis was born in Whitechurch, daughter of Brooks and Esther (Chantler) Dennis, who were among the early settlers of that section of the county. She was the youngest of ten children. In religious faith, Robert Phillips is a member of the Methodist Church, which is his mother's also, while his father adheres to the Quaker belief. The Phillips family is one which has always stood high in the esteem of the community, and the present representative is a worthy successor to those who have gone before him, while his wife, who is a woman of many fine qualities both of heart and mind, shares in his popularity.

THOMAS DUNNET, M.A. By the death of the late Thomas Dunnet, of Toronto, a wider range of activities was affected than is often the case, for not only had Mr. Dunnet's countless charities made his name a familiar one in philanthropic work, but his constant interest in fraternal organizations had brought him prominence there, while his long and honorable business career had made him known in yet a third and larger field. His keen intellect and classical culture, marked throughout his life, were a still further claim to distinction.

Thomas Dunnet was born in Wick, Scotland, in 1848, son of William and Christina (Black) Dunnet. He was a precocious boy, of unusual powers, and was only twelve and a half years old when in 1860 he received his first indenture to teach, a document signed by the Mayor of Wick, and which Mrs. Dunnet still preserves. His first school was in Aberdeen, where he continued to teach till he was eighteen years old. At that age he left his native land, crossed the ocean to Canada and settled first at Kingston, teaching there for a year. He then accepted a position as purser with Mr. Folger, who ran a line of steamers between Cape Vincent and Kingston, and he remained in that ca-



Wm. Sumner.

capacity two years. In 1869 Mr. Dunnet came to Toronto and engaged with the firm of McCrosson & Co., furriers, on King street, where he was manager for some time. On severing his connection with them, he went into the wholesale hat and fur business as a member of the firm of Briggs & Dunnet, locating on Front street west. Later he was on Wellington street, and was burned out in the fire of 1894. After this disaster Mr. Dunnet resumed business in a somewhat different line, as a manufacturer of hats, under the firm name of Dunnet & Crean, and continued in this till his retirement from active life in 1900. His success in business was a fitting reward for his upright dealings and methods. He was a member of the Toronto Board of Trade.

All through his life Mr. Dunnet was an enthusiastic lodge man and was a member of a number of organizations. He belonged for many years to the I.O.O.F., and was a Past President of Covenant Lodge; he was a member of the Caledonia Society, Past President of the Caithness Society and a life member of St. Andrew's Society, besides being a director of the "Saturday Night." In politics Mr. Dunnet was a Liberal.

The charitable nature of Mr. Dunnet was often in evidence as he contributed generously to all worthy causes, the Boys' Home and the Home for Sick Children being two of his beneficiaries. On the anniversary of his silver wedding, instead of having a formal celebration of the event in a social way, Mr. Dunnet marked the day by sending out \$600 in cash to various deserving institutions, a genuine and heartfelt acknowledgment of his twenty-five years of married happiness. He was beloved by all who knew him, and when he died in 1900, his funeral was thronged with Catholics and Protestants alike, with the rich and with the poor, all realizing their loss.

In 1875 was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Dunnet to Miss Jessie McCammon, daughter of Robert M. and Christina (Black) McCammon. Mrs. Dunnet is a member of old St. Andrew's Church, of which Mr. Dunnet was an adherent. Mrs. Dunnet's father was born in Ireland in 1815, and came to Canada in 1830, settling in Kingston, where for many years he carried on the baking business. At one time he had served as a clerk for the father of the late Sir Oliver Mowat. He served in the Rebellion of 1837-38, and in 1866 when the Prince of Wales visited Canada was one of the aldermen of Kingston. At the time of his death in 1902 Mr. McCammon was the oldest resident of Kingston. He married Miss Christina Black, a woman of true patriotic spirit, who used to

relate proudly how she made bullets for the soldiers in the Rebellion of 1837. She was the daughter of Alexander Black, an architect who was the designer of the circular staircase, and who built the first of that kind in Scotland, in Castle Brawl. Mr. Black died about 1866, having reached the remarkable age of 101 years.

SAMUEL ROBERT BRIGGS (deceased), for many years a prominent business man of Toronto, was a member of an English family long identified with that city.

The first of the family of whom any definite records are at hand was Thomas Briggs, a native of Yorkshire, England, and for many years a contractor and builder of that locality. His wife bore the maiden name of Ann Brownbridge, and of their family, three sons—William, Robert and Henry—came to America. Of these,

William Briggs was the father of Samuel Robert. He was born at Kingston-on-the-Hull, Yorkshire, England, in 1818, and there grew to manhood, and for some time engaged with his father in the contracting business. In 1845 he came to Canada and settled in Toronto, where he became a contractor, a business he followed a number of years before retirement. His residence is now at No. 9 Maitland street, this being a part of the sixteen acres which he took up on locating in the city, and on which he built his first house. Mr. Briggs' wife was Mary Machim, daughter of Captain Machim, and she died in 1850, leaving three children: Samuel Robert; George, of Toronto; and Annie, the wife of William Loyd, of Toronto.

Samuel Robert Briggs was born in Yorkshire, England, in 1840, and was therefore but a child when his parents came to Toronto. Here he received his literary education, and spent his entire business life. On reaching his majority he engaged for a time in the contracting business, in company with his father, subsequently engaging in the wholesale lumber business, shipping large quantities of that product to the United States. After continuing in the lumber business for a number of years, Mr. Briggs engaged in an entirely different line of work, founding, in Toronto, the Willard Tract Depository, which was subsequently made into a stock company, of which he was the efficient manager until his death, in 1887.

In 1862, Mr. Samuel Robert Briggs married Miss Mary Jane Tregear, born in Montreal in 1844. To this union the following children were born: Samuel E., a business man of New York City, married Isabel Reis; Dr. William Albert, of Siam, married Annie Bell King, and

has four children—Albert Edgar, Wilson, Helen and Victoria; Norman D. is deceased; Mary Florence is the wife of Dr. Robert Crawford, of Winnipeg; Verena M., married to Dr. M. J. Sisley, of Parkdale, has one son, Edgar Briggs; and Gertrude M. is deceased.

Mr. Briggs was an enthusiastic worker in all lines of religious activity. He was a prominent member of the Presbyterian Church, was a Bible class teacher for many years, and a member of the Y.M.C.A. He was a Reformer in politics.

JOHN ROBERTSON, deceased. The estimation in which the late John Robertson, a trusted buyer for the firm of John Macdonald & Co., was held in both the business and social circles of Toronto may be clearly seen from the following tribute to him, which appeared in the *Dry Goods Review* for November, 1900, shortly after his demise:

"The familiar figure of John Robertson, buyer for the staple department of John Macdonald & Co., will never more be seen or his kindly voice be heard in the Order of Dry Goods Men on both continents, where he was well and favorably known. On Wednesday, Oct. 3, at St. Denis Hotel, New York City, Mr. Robertson died of heart failure. He had crossed the ocean by S. S. 'Teutonie' for Toronto, after spending several weeks in the foreign markets.

"The order came very suddenly for him to pass from things of time and enter upon the realities of eternity, bereaving his family of a kind, affectionate and indulgent husband and father; the firm of which he was an employee, of a faithful, upright and trustworthy servant, and his intimate friends of a desirable companion.

"On December 6, 1882, he entered the employ of John Macdonald & Co. as a salesman. His ability was soon recognized by the firm, who appointed him one of their special travelers. After a few years close attention to business and establishing himself by faithfulness and loyalty, he was appointed assistant buyer of the staple department. Upon the position of buyer becoming vacant, he was chosen to fill the vacancy, and filled it successfully until his demise. After the arrival of his body in Toronto, many friends visited his late residence. His funeral took place on Saturday, Oct. 6, and was largely attended both by friends and acquaintances."

John Robertson was a native of Scotland and inherited the noble traits of that strong race. He was born in 1853, at Knaps, Auch Lee, Aberdeenshire, son of John and Christine (Henderson) Robertson. He was educated in the

excellent schools of his native land, and there gained his first familiarity with the details of the dry goods business. Beginning in Aberdeen, he went from that city to Glasgow, and after some years there took a position in London. The succeeding interval was spent in Glasgow, and then Mr. Robertson for the first time left the British Isles, and travelled to foreign shores. He was still in the employ of a Glasgow firm, but was sent to Demerara in the West Indies, and remained there six years and a half. At the end of that time, in 1882, he removed to Canada, settled in Toronto, and entered upon his successful career with John Macdonald & Co., which continued until his death.

In his domestic relations Mr. Robertson showed himself equally a man of admirable character. Twice married, his first wife was Miss Isobel McDonald, who died in Toronto in 1894, leaving four children: Archibald John, George Donald, Catherine Isobel and Christine M. In 1897 Mr. Robertson and Mrs. Jane (Manning) Philp were made man and wife. Mrs. Robertson was a daughter of John and Mary Ann (Cheeseworth) Manning, natives of England, whence they came to Toronto in 1872, and there died. Mr. Manning was for many years prominently connected with the St. Lawrence market as a buyer of hides and skins. Mr. James W. Philp, to whom Mrs. Robertson was first married, was a dry goods man of Glasgow, who died in 1875, in Lochore, Fife, Scotland. His only daughter, Jennie Wilson, deceased, is buried in Toronto. Before her union with Mr. Robertson, Mrs. Philp had been for eighteen years with the firm of Page & Son, Toronto, and then had gone into business on her own account, inaugurating in the Queen City the industry of home manufacture of ladies' and children's underwear, an idea which originated with her. She ranked as one of the oldest business women in Toronto in the length of her establishment.

The late John Robertson was a man who gave his undivided attention and energies to his business, but this did not prevent his having various other lines of interest. He belonged to the A.O.U.W., kept an intelligent grasp on the political situation, supporting the Reform party, and with his wife he belonged to the Presbyterian Church.

GEORGE MORLEY, senior member of the firm of Morley & Ashbridge, well-known brick manufacturers of Greenwood avenue, Toronto, is a member of a family long identified with the business interests of the Queen City and for

several generations engaged in the manufacture of brick. For the early history of the Morley family the reader is referred to the sketch of Walker Morley, elsewhere.

George Morley was born in Toronto in 1865, and in his native city grew to manhood. On reaching his majority he gave his attention to the business in which the family has been engaged for many years, learning brickmaking with his father, with whom he remained until 1892, when he went to Victoria, B.C., remaining there two years. He then settled in Union (now Cumberland), where he was manager of a brick plant for one year, this being the first brickmaking plant in that place. From Union, Mr. Morley went to Nelson, where he established a business of his own, the second brickyard of the place, having as a partner John P. Hutchinson, the firm doing business under the name of Morley & Hutchinson. He continued here until 1898, when he closed out his interests, and in the winter of that year located in Toronto, where, with Mr. Jesse Ashbridge as partner, under the firm name of Morley & Ashbridge, he commenced the manufacture of brick on the east side of Greenwood avenue. Here the firm owns three and one-half acres of land; and the annual output of the plant is 2,000,000 brick. Employment is given on an average to fifteen men.

In 1901 Mr. George Morley and Miss Sarah Speede were united in marriage, and to this union there have been born three children: George Clarence, Lisle Ernest and Rita Adele. Mr. and Mrs. Morley attend the English Church.

ZENAS BLACK. In the past twenty years no citizen of King township has rendered more continuous public service than has Zenas Black, and this service, too, has not been in one line alone, but had its place in the administration of several different departments of the local government. Mr. Black has always been identified with the progress of York County, and has spared neither time nor effort to further its welfare to the best of his ability. His whole life has been spent in King township, almost in one spot, as he was born on a farm just opposite his present home, Sept. 18, 1844, son of John and Amynta (Hilyer) Black.

John Black was born in Quebec in October, 1818, but his experience was limited to pioneer life, for his parents came to Yory County during the following year, and settled on the line of King township, a region then of almost unbroken forest. The first home was constructed of round logs, and continued to be the family

dwelling until 1865, when John Black replaced it by a handsome brick dwelling. He made farming his calling, and was very successful in his operations. He also took a prominent part in political affairs, and as a representative of the Reform party, was for a number of years a member of the town council. He also sat for several years in the county council. John Black died in 1895, and was survived by his wife, Mrs. Amynta (Hilyer) Black until Nov. 1, 1905. They were members of the Methodist Church.

Mrs. Black was born near Kettleby in June, 1817, and was married in 1840. She was the oldest daughter of Zenas Hilyer, who came from Bucks county, Pennsylvania, in 1801, and settled at Kettleby. A farmer by occupation, he was also a mail contractor, and was the first mail carrier to that section of the county from Aurora. His wife died first, and for a number of years after her death he lived with his son-in-law, John Black, his death occurring in 1870. After her mother's death, the responsibility of bringing up the children fell on Mrs. Black—no light task, as there was a large family. The children were as follows: Harriet, deceased wife of David Lloyd, of King township; Lavina, deceased wife of Peter Lochart, also deceased, of the County of Peel; Eli, a resident of Haliburton, in Eastern Canada; Alfred, deceased, of Aurora; Annie, who died unmarried. Mrs. Black's own children numbered seven: (1) Jarad was the oldest of the family. Twice married, his first wife was Miss Matilda Billings, by whom he had one daughter, Matilda. This child was brought up by the grandmother, and is now the wife of Elwood Barradell, a farmer in Concession 5, King township. Jarad Black chose for his second wife Miss Phoebe Stephenson, of King township, and they reside on a farm in East Gwillimbury. (2) Joel, born in 1842, married Miss Katie Gleason, of King township, and has three children, namely; Marshall, a hotel man in Buffalo; Morly; and Mabel. Formerly a hardware merchant in Newmarket, Mr. Black has now been for some time established in business in Buffalo. (3) Zenas was the third in order of birth. (4) Margaret, born in 1846, is the wife of John T. Curtis, a farmer on Concession 5, King township, and they have four children, William, Libbie, Norman and John T., Jr. The two older sons are threshers. (5) Mary A., born in 1848, married Henry Curtis, of King township, and died in May, 1872, leaving a son, Wellington, living on a farm in Concession 5, King township. (6) Maria, born in 1850, married Thomas Kirk, a business man of Toronto. They have two children, Herman and Maggie. (7)

John married Miss Martha Stephenson, of King township, and has eight children: Laura, Jarad C., Frank, Edgar, Mary, Gertrude, Leonard and Howard. He lives on his father's old homestead.

Zenas Black grew up on the farm, attending the district school. As a young man he spent several years as a thresher, working all over the county. After his marriage in 1870, he purchased the farm upon which he has ever since lived, Concession 3, Lot 2, Old Survey, and now has one of the best farms in the region. He has built a large brick house, good barns, and other needful structures, is progressive and up-to-date in his methods, and has grown wealthy from the returns of his labor. Like his father, he has taken much interest in all matters of public concern, and has strongly advocated the principles of the Reformers. In 1885 he was elected assessor of the township, and after filling that office most efficiently for fifteen years, served for two years as collector. He has also been connected with the school board, acting as secretary and treasurer for twenty years. Fraternally he belongs to the Order of Foresters, a member of the Kettleby Lodge, which he joined fifteen years ago.

On Feb. 8, 1870, was celebrated the union of Zenas Black and Miss Fannie Reilly, daughter of Archibald and Annie (Wood) Reilly. The parents, who were both born in County Cavan, Ireland, left that country very soon after their marriage, and, coming to Canada in 1830, settled for the rest of their lives in King township. They left a family of eight children, six of whom are still living. Mrs. Black, who was born in 1845, was the seventh. To the union of Zenas and Fannie Black seven children have been born: (1) Minnie Alzetta, born March 3, 1873, is the wife of Albert E. Somerville, a grocer in Toronto, and the mother of Blanche, Alice and Grace. (2) William J., born Nov. 10, 1874, married Miss Millie Wreggitt, and has three children, Pearl, Clifford and Gordon. He has been a street car conductor in Toronto for eleven years. (3) Alberta Phoebe, born June 1, 1877, is the wife of William Wreggitt, a contractor and builder of Toronto. (4) J. Addison, born March 21, 1880, holds a government position in Winnipeg. (5) Zenas Franklin, born April 2, 1883, was educated in the home schools, and has since been one of his father's helpers on the homestead. He belongs to the Order of Foresters. (6) Rosswell Joel, born Nov. 21, 1887, is also at home and shares the duties of the farm work. (7) Mabel Florence, born Oct. 10, 1889, has been well educated, and is one of the popular young ladies of the neigh-

borhood. The family are all connected with the Methodist Church. They stand deservedly high in the esteem of the community, and Mr. Black is one of the self-made men of the county, who owes his success to his own manly and upright character.

JAMES BRIMSTIN, who died in Toronto Sept. 29, 1899, was for thirty years prominently identified with the business interests of that city. He was born in County Fermanagh, Ireland, in 1835, and in his native land grew to maturity. When a young man he came to Canada in company with his two brothers, Hugh and Alexander Brimstin.

Soon after settling in Canada Mr. Brimstin engaged in the cutlery business in Toronto, being located for ten years at No. 288 Yonge street. The next twenty years he was at No. 360 Yonge street. He was considered one of the best men in his line to be found in Canada, thoroughly understanding his business and giving his entire attention thereto, and his patrons knew they could depend upon his word in regard to his goods, his products being his best advertisement.

Mr. Brimstin was twice married, the first time to Miss Jane Nixon, and to this union were born five children: Minnie, a missionary in China; William, of Boston; George, of Toronto; Robert, of Pittsburg; and Maria Jane, of Toronto. The mother of these children died in 1891, and in 1892 Mr. Brimstin married (second) Miss Anna Jane Nixon, who was born in Ireland, daughter of John Nixon, who came to Toronto and died in 1885. To Mr. Brimstin's second marriage has been born one son, Nelson Nixon, who resides with his mother and sister Maria J., at No. 20 Wellesley avenue, Toronto.

Mr. Brimstin was an active member of Carlton Street Methodist Church. After the death of her husband Mrs. Brimstin sold out the cutlery business, and purchased the houses at Nos. 18 and 20 Wellesley avenue, in one of which she makes her home.

REUBEN COONS was born in Matilda township, County Grenville, March 24, 1825, and died in Toronto Dec. 30, 1903, in his seventy-ninth year, being the third son of Jacob and Rebecca (Brady) Coons. His grandfather was born in Holland early in the eighteenth century, and prior to the American revolution settled in what is now known as the United States. When the struggle for independence began Mr. Coons remained loyal to the Crown, came to Canada, an United Empire Loyalist, and settled in County Grenville—obtaining a grant of land from the Crown—where he spent the re-



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mainder of his days. He had four sons, the third being Jacob, the father of the subject of this sketch, who was born in 1787 and died in Prescott in 1882, aged ninety-five years. He had served with his father in the American war in 1813, but the most of his days were spent in farming.

Reuben Coons spent his school days in Prescott, under the instruction of Rev. Reuben Tupper, after which he began as clerk with his uncle, Samuel Brady, who with Mr. Horton, M.P., kept a general store in Prescott. He was then eleven years old. In 1842 he came to Kingston, where he clerked for his brother Nicholas, who came to Toronto in 1844, his brother having a store on King street, opposite Toronto street. He was afterwards with Romain Brothers and Peter Patterson, and subsequently in the employ of the Grand Trunk Railway Company for twelve years, when he started a real estate and insurance business, in which he continued about thirty years, after which he retired from active operations.

Mr. Coons had three brothers, viz.: Samuel M., an undertaker in Prescott; Nicholas, a dry goods merchant in Toronto, afterwards an attorney in Chicago; and Daniel—all deceased.

Mr. Coons was twice married, first in 1846 to Frances E. Murchison, a daughter of John Murchison, a pioneer of Toronto, and second in 1860 to Anne Watson, daughter of James Watson, a native of Cumberland, England. He had four sons who predeceased him, and left one daughter living. He was a member of the Methodist Church, and in politics a Conservative.

ALEXANDER McKELLAR, who died in Toronto June 10, 1902, was a well-known resident of the Queen City, and was born in the County of Middlesex, Ont, in 1859, son of Donald and Mary (McKay) McKellar, both natives of Scotland, who came to Canada as young people, and were here married. Mr. McKellar went into a mercantile business at Belmont, County of Middlesex, in which he continued many years, dying in 1892. His widow still survives, and is living at that place. The children of this worthy couple were: Alexander, George, John, Ellen and Dougald.

Alexander McKellar was educated in the public schools of Belmont, and in the London Collegiate Institute. He began his business life with his father at Belmont, whence he went to the North-West, where he spent a few years. Returning in 1887 he settled in Toronto, and was for some time in charge of the clothing department of the Thomas Thompson Company, of Toronto. From this capacity Mr. McKel-

lar accepted the position of travelling salesman for the Toronto Carpet Company, and was still engaged as such at the time of his death.

In 1887 Alexander McKellar was married to Miss Sarah J. McDonald, daughter of the Rev. Kenneth McDonald, who was born in the County of Glengarry, Ont., in 1831, son of John McDonald, also born in Canada, who was the son of Donald McDonald, a native of Inverness, Scotland, who came to Canada in 1736. Rev. Kenneth McDonald, the father of Mrs. McKellar, has been a lifelong minister of the Presbyterian Church; he married Helen Carruthers, born in Canada in 1840, daughter of James and Helen (Moffat) Carruthers, natives of Dumfriesshire, Scotland. To the parents of Mrs. McKellar were born these children: Sarah J. (Mrs. McKellar), James A., Helen K. and John W.

To Mr. and Mrs. McKellar were born children as follows: Kenneth B., Lotta M., Donald R., A. Ross, Dougal, Helen, Mary and John A. (deceased). Mr. McKellar was a Presbyterian. In politics he was a Reformer, and he affiliated fraternally with the A.O.U.W.

MAJOR JOHN DUNLOP HAY, who was born in Toronto Nov. 13, 1854, son of Robert Hay, M.P., was one of the popular business and military men of that city, as well as the representative of one of its early settlers.

Robert Hay was born May 18, 1808, and emigrated to Toronto from his home in Perthshire, Scotland. He became a member of the well-known firm of Jacques & Hay, furniture manufacturers. In his political belief he was a Conservative, and he represented Toronto in Parliament for ten years. He died in July, 1890, at his residence in Toronto, No. 43 St. George street. On Nov. 18, 1847, he married Mary Dunlop, who was born in Scotland in 1827, and who died January 13, 1872. Their children were: Robert; Mary, wife of Col. John I. Davidson; John Dunlop; Elizabeth, wife of James Turnbull, of Hamilton; Annie, wife of John B. Kay; and Sophia, who died in childhood. The family were all reared in the Presbyterian faith and were members of St. Andrew's Church under the late Rev. D. J. Macdonell.

Major John Dunlop Hay received his literary training at Dr. Tassie's in Galt, Upper Canada College in Toronto, and was for two years in Scotland. On his return from the latter country he joined his father in the lumber business at New Lowell, where he remained some years. In 1885, on his return from the North-West Rebellion, he went into business with his brother-in-law, Col. John I. Davidson, forming the wholesale grocery firm of David-

son & Hay, Ltd., of which firm Mr. Hay was vice-president until his death. From the *Toronto World* is quoted the following: "Major Hay had long been a principal figure in military life in Toronto until about a year before his death, when he dropped active relations therewith on account of business pressure. He began his military career as an officer of the 9th Field Battery of the Canadian Artillery. In January, 1884, he was appointed 2nd lieutenant of the Royal Grenadiers, by Colonel Grasett. When the regiment left Toronto for the North-West Rebellion (1885) Lieutenant Hay was one of the fifteen combatant officers. On Oct. 16, 1885, he was given a step in rank and became first lieutenant. During the Rebellion he distinguished himself for bravery, earning the medal and clasp. He was also mentioned in the despatches. He was in the engagements at Fish Creek and Batoche. In January, 1890, he was appointed captain, and on Dec. 16, 1892, was appointed major."

In social circles there was no more prominent figure than Major Hay. A good singer and gifted raconteur, he was welcome everywhere. He was a member of the Royal Canadian Yacht Club, the Toronto Club, the Ontario Jockey Club, the Military Institute, the Victoria Club, the Hunt Club (of which he was one of the promoters), and various other organizations. Under the auspices of the Hunt Club was instituted the Toronto Horse Show, at the first exhibition of which Major Hay exhibited his hackney gelding "Brilliant" in the first event on the opening day, April 25, 1895, and won the first prize.

Maj. John Dunlop Hay was married Oct. 7, 1891, to Elizabeth Strathearn, eldest daughter of the late William Hendrie, of Hamilton, and his wife Margaret (Walker) Hendrie, of Arbroath, Scotland. Mr. Hendrie came from Glasgow, Scotland, to Hamilton in April, 1855, where he met and married Miss Walker, who with her brother James had arrived in Hamilton on Aug. 1, 1855. Mr. Hendrie was for many years President of the Ontario Jockey Club, and was the owner of many fine horses, among which were "Butter Scotch," winner of the last Queen's Plate, and "Lyddite," winner of the first King's Plate, at the Ontario Jockey Club's races, also the great two-year-old "Martimas," who won the Futurity stakes at Sheephead Bay in August, 1898. He was an honorary member of the Jockey Club of England, the only Canadian ever so honored. He was a prominent man throughout Canada, and one of the leading financiers in Ontario; he died in Hamilton June 27, 1906.

Major Hay and his wife were the parents of

four children: Margaret Dunlop; William Hendrie; and Robert and John Strathearn, twins. Mrs. Hay is a member of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, to which faith her husband also adhered. Major Hay died suddenly of apoplexy at his residence, No. 43 St. George street, Toronto, Nov. 8, 1897, and was buried the day his twin sons were six months old.

SAMUEL SYKES, a retired business man of Newmarket, Ont., was born Jan. 25, 1821, in Adwalton, Yorkshire, England, son of John and Ann (Stell) Sykes, whose lives were passed in Yorkshire. Of the children of John and Ann Sykes who came to Canada James, a business man of Toronto, died in February, 1905, leaving three children—Prof. F. H. (of Columbia University, New York), William J. (a business man of Toronto), and Emily (who married Henry Kelly, Custom House officer at Toronto); Mary was married in England to William Wright, whom she accompanied to Toronto, where he engaged in business until his death, leaving his widow (who lives in that city) with three children—Anna (Mrs. Davis, of Toronto), James (of Toronto), and Sarah (wife of Edward Jenkinson, of Toronto); and Samuel is mentioned below.

Samuel Sykes was educated in England where he learned the profession of mechanical engineering. In 1843 he came to New York and worked there, and at Philadelphia, and on the Reading Railroad, for some ten years. In 1855 he came to Toronto as mechanical superintendent of the Toronto Locomotive Works, where he superintended the building of the first locomotive that was placed on the old Northern Railroad, which was later merged into the Grand Trunk. Mr. Sykes superintended the building of twenty-one of the first locomotives ever constructed in Canada, a notable achievement. Whatever changes have come about in the intervening years between then and the present, they were wonders of mechanism, and have never been surpassed in point of strength. After three years of work at Toronto, Mr. Sykes came to Newmarket where he built the first foundry and machine shops in the village. He carried on this enterprise until 1876 when he retired, selling his profitable business to the Crane Company.

In 1866 Mr. Sykes invested in real estate, purchasing desirable property on Main street, Newmarket, where he erected a handsome large brick house and a number of other dwellings. He owns a great deal of property, all of which is constantly advancing in value.

While still a resident of New York Mr. Sykes married Miss Annie Hill, a daughter of

Daniel Hill, of Long Island. She died in March, 1894, leaving three daughters: Isabella, Josephine and Adeline, all of whom are cultured, educated ladies, residing at home. The family belong to the Church of England, Mr. Sykes being one of the prime movers in having the present church founded at Newmarket. In politics Mr. Sykes has always supported the Conservative party. He has filled the office of councilman for three years, and for a number of years has been a member of the school board. He is a charter member of Newmarket Masonic Lodge.

Mr. Sykes's material success in life was the direct result of his own industry, and during his almost forty years of business life he formed friendships which make him now an honored and esteemed citizen by those who know him both in business and private life.

MAJOR CHARLES WADSWORTH, magistrate of County York, and head of the well-known milling firm of C. & W. Wadsworth, of the village of Weston, was born Oct. 13, 1869, in Weston, son of Thomas R. and Annie E. (Eagle) Wadsworth, the former born in this village in June, 1834, and the latter in Weston in 1850.

Charles Wadsworth, grandfather of the Major, came to Canada from Essex, England, with his brother, W. R., in 1828, and founded the present mills at Weston, where he and his son, to whom the mills have been handed down, spent their lives engaged in milling. After the death of his first wife, who left him one son, Charles, Thomas R. Wadsworth married (second) Miss Elizabeth Wadsworth, daughter of W. R. Wadsworth, and she is still living and resides at Weston.

Major Charles Wadsworth's early education was secured in a private school in Toronto, and Mr. Barron's school of Gore's Landing. Later he attended the Upper Canada College, and after leaving that institution he entered the employ of the Imperial Bank of Canada. After four years there he came to Weston and engaged in business with his father. In 1895 he entered the Queen's Own, and after serving three years in that regiment, he crossed to England, where he received a captain's commission in the 5th V. B., South Wales Borderers. Afterwards he served as a lieutenant in the regular army, shortly after that receiving a line commission as captain. At the time of his retirement, in 1903, he was appointed Major of the Reserves, after having been for seven years in the British service. During his absence in England the mills were rented until 1906, when

he again took up the management of the business, and in this he is now engaged.

On March 11, 1895, Major Wadsworth married Miss Elizabeth Isabel Bose, daughter of Henry Bose, of England, the ceremony taking place in that country. After their marriage they returned to Canada for one year, when they again returned to England and remained seven years. He and his wife had a son and a daughter: C. Rodney and Enid M.

In religion Major and Mrs. Wadsworth are connected with the Church of England, and in politics the Major has always been associated with the Conservative party; in 1905 he was appointed magistrate of York county, a position he has filled very acceptably until the present time. In fraternal circles the Major is a member of the A.F. & A.M., of Weston. He is also a member of the Albany Club of Toronto, and the Royal Canadian Yacht Club.

HENRY TASKER. In the death of Henry Tasker, which occurred in Toronto in 1887, the Queen City lost a good citizen and an enterprising business man.

Mr. Tasker was born in 1825, in Yorkshire, England, son of Richard Tasker, who died in that country. He grew to manhood in his native land, where he received his education and embarked in the saw manufacturing business, in which he continued for some time. In 1857 he settled in Toronto, where he engaged in mercantile pursuits, dealing extensively in hardware, cutlery, etc., on Yonge street, in which he continued successfully for a period of thirty years, retiring a short time prior to his death.

In England Mr. Tasker was united in marriage with Miss Ann Lee, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Lee, and to this union five children were born: Miss K. A., at home; Miss Florence; J. B.; W.F.; and Harry, who died in infancy. Mr. Tasker was a member of the Methodist Church. In politics he was a Conservative.

ALFRED LOVE, one of the highly esteemed and respected citizens of the town of Aurora, York County, who is serving as magistrate and notary public of Aurora, was born in King township, in February, 1847, son of Mathew and Eliza (Beynon) Love, a pioneer family of King township.

Mathew Love was born in King township in 1811, of U. E. Loyalist stock, and his wife in Ireland in 1807, she being the daughter of John Beynon, who came to York County in 1820, and settled as a farmer in King township, where he died, leaving nine children:

Jonathan, Rev. George, John, Thomas, Barnes, Eliza, Esther, who was the wife of John Lindsey, of York County, Jane, wife of John Elliott, of Toronto, and Margaret, wife of John Gamble, of York County.

Mathew Love was the son of James and Mary (Whitton) Love, who came from Wayne County, Pennsylvania, in 1799, to King township, and were the very first settlers on Lot 66, Concession 1, King township, where they spent the remainder of their lives. After coming to Canada they were connected with the Methodist Church. James and Mary Love had these children: John, born in Pennsylvania, settled and died in King township, leaving children—John, Edgar, James, Jane, Lydia, Mary and Lovina; James Love, born in Pennsylvania, settled in Illinois, and had six children—Joel, Robert, Evan, Mary, Jane and Elzada, all residents of that state; Mathew was third in the order of birth; David, born in York County in 1818, married a Miss Hollingshead, settled as a farmer in King township, and had eight children—William, James, John, Robert, Henry, Mary (wife of Alfred Ireland), Lydia (on the old homestead), and George (of Markham township); Robert, born in 1826, in King township, married Mary A. Fleury, of York County, and settled on his father's old homestead, where he died, leaving a family as follows—Amos, Joseph, Anson, Martin, Lambert, Arthur, Mary E. (deceased, of Toronto), and Lydia (wife of a Mr. Harris, of Toronto); Mary, born in King township in 1828, and now deceased, was the wife of Jonathan Beynon (also deceased), of King township, and they had these children—Mariah (wife of John Newlove, of California), Elijah (deceased), Isaiah (deceased), Sarah (the wife of John Ogden of Aurora), Elizabeth, Mary J., and John (of Manitoba); and Lydia, born in King township in 1831, now deceased, was the wife of Barnes Beynon, and died in King township, leaving children—Mary (wife of John Rupert, of Toronto), Jane (wife of Thomas Pedlow, deceased, of Toronto), James B. (of Manitoba), Margaret (wife of James Dyer, of St. Catharines), Levina (wife of Edward Grice, deceased, of Toronto), Ann (single, of Toronto), and Catherine (wife of John C. Wallace, of Toronto).

Mathew Love, son of James, and father of Alfred, was educated in the public schools of King township, where, when a young man he taught school for several terms. He was also a clerk for the Jesse Ketchum Tanning Company for some years, and in 1834 he married Eliza Beynon, mentioned above, and settled in King township, where he carried

on farming until a few years prior to his death, when he located in Aurora, and there lived retired. He died in 1889, and his wife passed away in 1885. He was a consistent member of the Methodist Church, and was for many years a church officer. While a staunch Reformer in politics, he never aspired to public office.

Mr. and Mrs. Mathew Love were the parents of these children: Mariah, born in King township, in 1835, resides in Aurora; Ruth, born in 1838, married Rev. J. F. Dyer, of the M. E. Church, of Youngstown, Ohio; Emma, born in 1841, is the wife of John Sampson, of Manitoba, and has two sons—Wilbur and Walter; Miriam, Aaron and Moses, triplets, born in February, 1844, all lived to maturity; Moses died in 1878. Miriam and Aaron still surviving; Alfred; Alpheus, died when a child; Enoch W., born in 1852, and now in the milling business, married Miss Emma Lloyd, of Whitchurch township, and has children—Harriet (of Toronto), Mamie Lou, Charles E. (of Toronto), and George B. (at the old home).

Alfred Love received his early education in the schools of King township, and he later became a pupil at the Newmarket high school, after which he taught school for twelve years. In February, 1876, he married Miss Mary Rank, born in King township in 1847, daughter of Thomas and Annie Rank. After marriage Mr. and Mrs. Love settled in King township, where he engaged in teaching until 1880, when he located in Aurora, and engaged with the J. Fleury firm as a bookkeeper, remaining eleven years. He then engaged in mercantile pursuits, and in the real estate and conveyance business for some years, and still continues in the real estate business to a certain extent. After locating in Aurora he purchased land and erected a fine brick home, where he has resided since 1883.

To Mr. and Mrs. Love have been born four children: Lois E., born in 1885, is an operator for the telephone company of Aurora; Abbie, born in 1888, and educated in the High school of Aurora, is now employed as a clerk in Toronto; Otto B., born in 1890, died in childhood; Frank S., born in 1882, is a graduate of the high school of Aurora, and of the Commercial College of Toronto, and is now employed with the Canadian Pacific Railway Company at Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Love are connected with the Methodist Church. In politics he is a Reformer. In 1890 he was elected councilman, serving one year in that capacity, and in 1893 was elected a trustee of the high school, serving continuously in that position to the present

time. In 1896 Mr. Love was elected magistrate of York County, and still holds that position, and has largely the administration of justice for the town, and acts as well as assessor and collector of taxes of the town of Aurora. In 1905 Mr. Love was appointed notary public, and he is still filling that position very acceptably. He is fraternally connected with the Masonic Order at Newmarket.

Mr. Love is essentially a self-made man. Starting out in life with no capital, except a determination to succeed and a pair of willing hands, he has worked his way, step by step, to the prominent place in which he now finds himself. A conscientious, fearless public official, a business man of strict integrity, a kind and gentle husband and father, and withal a genial and pleasant companion, Mr. Love is truly a representative citizen of County York, Ontario.

JAMES McBAIN, who departed this life in Toronto April 24, 1893, had spent many years in that city, but all the earlier part of his life was passed in his native Scotland, where he was born in Aberdeenshire, in 1839. His father was Duncan McBain, who married a Miss Davison.

James McBain grew to manhood in Scotland, receiving the thorough education that most Scotch boys get, and after leaving school engaged for a time in farming. He came to Canada first in 1868, remained for four years, and then returned to Scotland, where he was married, again coming to Canada. This time he stayed two years, and then, going back to Scotland, remained there eight years. At the end of that time he once more came to Canada, and locating in Toronto, he was employed by the Grand Trunk Railroad, and this time his location in the Western world was permanent. He was still in the employ of the Grand Trunk Railway Company when his death occurred.

Mr. McBain was married in Scotland, in 1872, to Miss Jessie Ross, like himself a native of Aberdeenshire. They became the parents of three children, Elizabeth, Alex. and David, all now residing in Toronto. The family were members of the Presbyterian Church, and in politics Mr. McBain was a Reformer. He was a man of many estimable traits of character, and was much respected by those who knew him.

JOHN WREFORD WALKER was born in England in 1841, and died in Toronto in 1887. His parents, James and Susan (Wreford) Walker, were also natives of England. James Walker came to Canada in 1856, locating in Toronto, where he followed tailoring, and later removed to Fergus, where he died. His wife passed away in England.

John W. Walker received his business training in Toronto, and early in life engaged in the grocery business on Queen street west, later becoming manager of the Cooperation Association, a position he held until retiring from active business life. In 1868 Mr. Walker was united in marriage with Miss Agnes Marshall, who was born in Ireland, daughter of Samuel Alexander and Agnes (Webster) Marshall. The Marshalls came to Canada in 1838, settling in Montreal, where Mrs. Marshall died. In 1848 Mr. Marshall located in Toronto, and embarked in the manufacture of soap and candles, continuing therein for some time. He later engaged in the bakery business, from which he retired twenty years before his death. His children were: Agnes, Mrs. Walker; Mary, and Margaret Elizabeth, both deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Marshall were members of the Presbyterian Church.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Walker had these children: Laura Mary; Charlotte Frances, deceased; and Albert James, who married Evelyln Dodds, and had two children, Cordwell Llewellyn and Laura Elizabeth. Mr. Walker was a member of the Presbyterian Church, to the faith of which Mrs. Walker also adheres. In politics he was a Conservative. Fraternally, Mr. Walker was connected with the I. O. O. F. and the Sons of England. In August, 1904, Mrs. Walker purchased her home at No. 50 Rathnelly avenue, where she now resides.

THOMAS R. BAIN, who died in Toronto Oct. 18, 1902, was for many years a well-known business man of that city. He was born in 1843 in Scotland, son of James and Agnes Bain, natives of Scotland, who came to Canada in 1855, settling at Whitby, and there died. James Bain was a hardware merchant in Scotland, but lived retired after locating in Canada. His children were: Thomas R., Jane, and George.

Thomas R. Bain was educated in Whitby, and there learned the hardware business and the trade of tinsmithing. He began his business life in Toronto in 1871, as a member of the well-known hardware firm of Wheeler & Bain, and he was connected therewith until his death. He was very active in business, devoting his whole life to it, and he was rated as one of the successful men of the city.

In 1868 Mr. Bain married Margaret Mary Cooke, born in Dublin, Ireland, in 1837, daughter of David and Elizabeth (Martin) Cooke. Mrs. Bain came to Canada in 1863, and now survives her husband, residing at No. 98 McPherson avenue, Toronto, with her daughter, Miss Agnes. Mr. and Mrs. Bain also had one son, Thomas, who died at the age of nine years.

Mr. Bain was a member of the Presbyterian

Church. In politics he was a Reformer, taking a deep interest in the welfare of the party. For a few years he served on the Board of License Commissioners. He took an interest in a number of fraternal societies; he was a Freemason, an active member of the R. A. Chapter of St. Andrew and St. John; a veteran of the I. O. O. F., also a member of the I. O. F. and A. O. U. W.

GEORGE DANA PORTER, M.D., of No. 455 Huron street, is one of the rising young physicians of the city of Toronto. Dr. Porter is of United Empire Loyalist stock in both paternal and maternal lines. At an early period in the history of the American Colonies the Porters emigrated from England to what is now the United States, whence they came to Canada, locating in Nova Scotia. Here the Rev. William Henry Porter was born in 1838, a son of Theodore Harding Porter, a Baptist preacher of Nova Scotia for many years. Rev. William Henry Porter was for some time a minister in the Baptist Church in Nova Scotia, and in 1873 he located in Ontario, where he has since centered his ministerial labors, now being engaged at Toronto. In Nova Scotia Rev. William Henry Porter married Eliza Marshall, daughter of Robert Marshall, and she died in 1878, leaving the following children: Mrs. John Kirkwood, of Ontario; William Bordman, a Sea Captain, of New York City; Mary Agnes; Dr. George Dana; Carrie, the wife of Ernest Langley, a professor in Dartmouth College; and Nellie Helen, who married John Lang, of Indianapolis, Indiana.

George Dana Porter was born in 1870, in Jamaica. His literary education was acquired in Woodstock College, after which he entered upon the study of medicine, and in 1894 he was graduated from the medical department of the Toronto University. For three years he practised at Rockland, and at the end of that time went to London, England, to continue his studies, returning in 1899 and locating in Toronto, where he has since continued his professional work.

In 1897 Dr. Porter and Miss Lena Harris, daughter of John Harris, of Brantford, were united in marriage, and to this union two sons and one daughter have been born: Dana Harris, Chester John, and Ruth Evelyn. In religion Dr. and Mrs. Porter are members of the Baptist Church. In politics he is a Liberal.

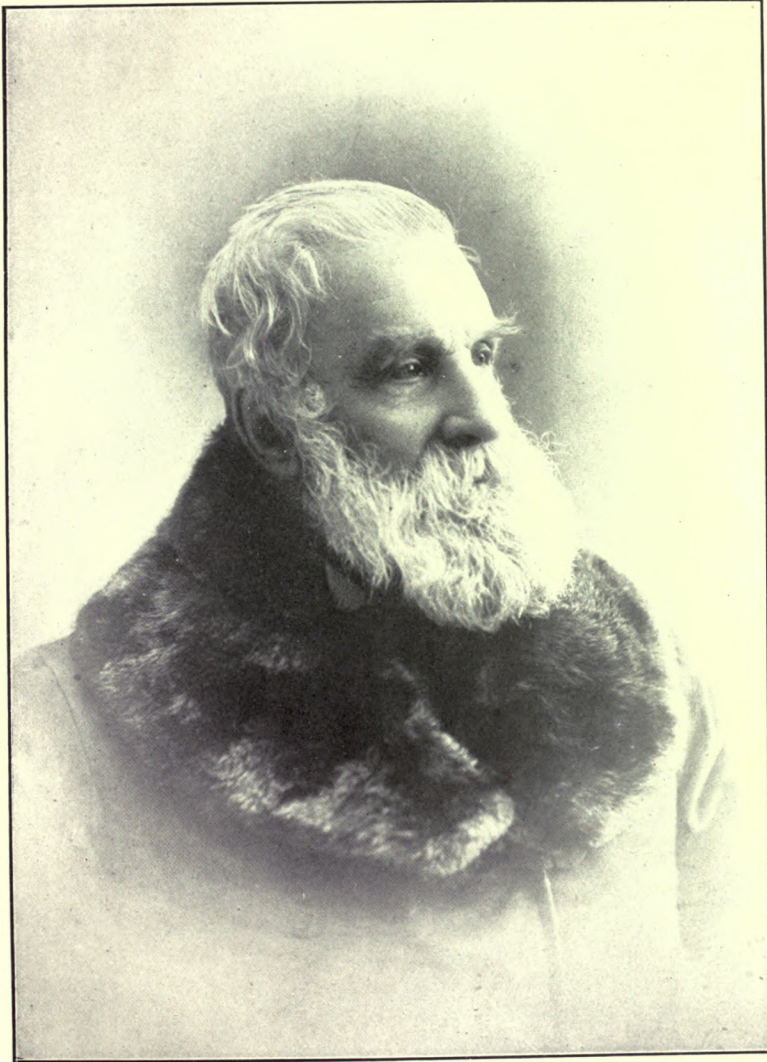
JAMES BRAKENRIDGE STRATHY, in his lifetime prominently identified with the business industries and official life of Canada, was a native of Scotland, born in Perth.

Alexander Hepburn Belshes Strathy, born in

Scotland, emigrated to Canada in 1835, settling in Westminster, Ont., where he lived for many years, and where he became the owner of valuable real estate. His country home, "Beechwood," was one of the comfortable rural homes of the county. From that place he moved to London, and resided in the city until his death, in 1875. He married Alison Brakenridge, who survived her husband until 1889. Their home was blessed with seven sons and five daughters, as follows: John; James B.; David; Alexander; Edmund; Henry S., of Toronto; Dr. George William, deceased, who was Professor of Music at Trinity University, Toronto, for a number of years; Helen, Mrs. McArthur; Eliza, deceased; Adelian, who married Dr. Dougald MacKellar; Miss M. F., and one that died in infancy.

James Brakenridge Strathy was born in Perthshire, Scotland, July 3, 1813, and his death occurred at Kingston, Ont., Aug. 2, 1896. His education was acquired in Edinburgh, and in 1834, with his brother John, he came to Canada, and for a short time was located at Toronto, where he was in a bank. Then he moved to Flamboro, where for some time he was carrying on a milling business. This he gave up and went to London, Ont., to become clerk of the municipal council, a position he filled with great efficiency until he was appointed Collector of Customs at London. In this capacity he proved himself an able public official, just and conscientious, and he filled the office to the full satisfaction of the government until 1877, when he retired from active work, and settled in Kingston, where his death occurred.

On Feb. 21, 1844, Mr. Strathy was united in marriage with Miss Elvira Lee, who was born near St. Thomas, Ont., in February, 1820, daughter of the late Dr. Hiram Davis Lee. Dr. Lee was born in 1791, and died in 1847, from the fever he took from the emigrants he attended, giving his life and strength to them. He was a son of Hooker Lee, a United Empire Loyalist, and founder of the Lee family in Canada. Dr. Lee was a well-known physician of London, Ont., in which place he died; his wife, Anne Terry, born in 1802, died in 1874. She was a daughter of Parshall Terry, a U. E. Loyalist, who at one time lived in Scarborough township, County of York. To Dr. Hiram Davis and Anne (Terry) Lee were born the following children: Edward; Rolph; Hiram; Simeoe; James; Edmund; William; Elvira, Mrs. Strathy; one that died in infancy unnamed; Anne, who died in infancy; Annie, deceased, who married C. B. Daly, an engineer; and Louisa, Mrs. Herbert Anstey, of Oyster Bay, Long Island. To James Brakenridge and Elvira (Lee) Strathy came children as follows: Edward, of the Montreal



J. W. Knapp

Trust & Deposit Company, Montreal; H. G. Gordon, a stock broker of Montreal; Dr. Frederick Rolph Lee, of Harborne, Birmingham, England, whose home, "Craig Ellachie," is a substantial, pleasant dwelling with grounds; Miss Louise M., of Toronto; Arthur, deceased; Col. J. Alexander L., deceased, Colonel of the Scotch Fusiliers of Montreal, the "Royal Scots"; Frances Mary, wife of James R. Stirling, late of the Imperial Army, and a resident of England, by whom she had seven children: Elvira, Luard, Gordon, Gwladys (deceased), Ethel, Nina, and Frances (deceased).

In his political faith, Mr. Strathy was a Conservative, wishing the country to prosper under a just government; and he maintained membership in the Anglican Church.

On Feb. 21, 1894, Mr. and Mrs. Strathy celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage, on which occasion their children and friends united to make the day a happy one. Mrs. Strathy survives her husband, and with her daughter, Miss Louise M., resides at No. 17 Walmer Road, Toronto, to which place they moved in 1903. In spite of her eighty-six years Mrs. Strathy is enjoying full possession of her faculties and good health, and she is always pleased with the reunion of her family, and the calls of her large circle of friends.

JAMES W. JACKSON, justice of the peace, of Norway, York township, is a well-known and influential man in that community, where he has made his home since 1891. He was born in Scarborough township Nov. 26, 1854, son of Robert and Mary A. (Thompson) Jackson, both natives of Yorkshire, England.

Robert Jackson was twice married, the first time before leaving England. His wife, whose maiden name was Miss Wilson, accompanied him to Canada in 1835, and they settled on wild land in Scarborough township, where Mrs. Jackson died. She left a family of ten children, of whom only two daughters survive, Mrs. Evans, of Nanticoke, Haldimand Township, and Mrs. John Fossett, of Forest, Lambton County. In 1849 Mr. Robert Jackson was united to Miss Thompson, whose father, Pennoek Thompson, had come to Canada in 1848, and taken up wild land in Scarborough township, where he worked at farming till his death. There were two other children, William, who was killed in the coal mines of Pennsylvania; and Jane, deceased wife of Dr. Hepkins, of Scarborough township. The Thompson family was one of wealth and importance in England, and Mrs. Jackson received a fine education before leaving that country. Robert Jackson was a man of influence in his section, and for a number of years was a mem-

ber of the council for Scarborough township. He was very prominent in church work, was largely instrumental in organizing Christ's Church, and in erecting a building for worship, and for many years was warden and trustee.

The death of Robert Jackson occurred on his homestead in 1863, but his wife lived till 1896. She was left with three sons to bring up: (1) Squire Thompson lives on the old Jackson farm, and has retired from active work. He married (first) a Miss Maggie McEllmurray, of Scarborough township, and had three daughters, viz.: Ida, Mrs. R. Forfor, of York township; Edna, Mrs. Charles Beldam, of Scarborough township; and Minnie, who died when a young lady. His present wife is Emma, eldest daughter of George Chester, a justice of the peace in Scarborough township. There is one son by this union, George C. (2) Edward C., born in 1852, married Miss Agnes McDougal, of Toronto. They live in that city, where Mr. Jackson is a jeweler. There are two daughters: Edna, Mrs. H. Cameron, of Jackson Point, York township; and Eva, at home. (3) James W. was the youngest.

James W. Jackson was educated in the public schools of Scarborough, and after finishing his studies he went to Toronto and learned the trade of a jeweler, which he followed for some fourteen years after his marriage. During the last few years of his residence in Toronto Mr. Jackson became connected with the Robert Watson Company, confectioners, and for seventeen years was city traveller for the firm, retiring in June, 1906. In 1889 he gave up his jewelry business; in 1891 bought property on Berkeley avenue, in Norway, and has ever since made his home there. Being a natural mechanic, he put up his own house, a large, modern one of brick, which is an ornament to the district. Since then he has done considerable building, putting up other houses for sale on his various properties. His enterprises have all been successful, and he is a man of considerable wealth and of assured position.

On March 14, 1876, James W. Jackson and Henrietta M. Sheppard were united in marriage. Mrs. Jackson was the only daughter of Charles and Eliza (Cousins) Sheppard. The former was born in Wiltshire, England, in 1819, and two years later was brought by his father, Thomas Sheppard, to Canada. They became prominent among the pioneer families of Yonge street, and Charles Sheppard was a leading man in York township. His wife died in July, 1898, and he in November, 1900. Mrs. Jackson was born July 9, 1856, and was educated in Toronto. To her and her husband were born seven children. (1) Mabel Rose, born in January, 1877, married in 1897 Robert Mitchell. She died, leaving him with one daughter, Reta M., and they now live in

Toronto. (2) Charles E. E., born in Toronto in September, 1878, joined the Queen's Own Regiment, first Canadian contingent, for the South African War, and fell in action, Feb. 18, 1900. (3) Sidney T., born in January, 1880, enlisted at Philadelphia, Pa., in the 6th U. S. Cavalry, for service in the Cuban War, was wounded at Santiago and was in hospital some months. He was stationed at Fort Reno, Oklahoma, for the rest of his enlistment, and then returned to Canada. He married Miss Mary Gammond, of Kaminisukwia, Ont., and has one son, Elmer R. He was in the lumber business at Port Arthur, but he returned to Norway again in January, 1907. (4) Ethel M., born July 19, 1881, married F. P. Baxter (youngest son of Alderman Baxter), of Toronto, now of Norway, and has three children, Loleta M., Henrietta M. and Earl Frederick. (5) Rena M., born 1883, married Thomas Bruce, of East Toronto, now of Norway. (6) George F., born in February, 1885, married Miss Lyla Hyman. (7) Harry C., born in November, 1886, lives at home. All are living in Norway now, on Berkeley avenue and Smali street.

In religious faith Mr. Jackson and his wife are members of the English Church, Norway; he has held various official positions in it. Both are prominent in its work. In politics a Conservative, Mr. Jackson has always been active in township affairs, has been on the school board nine years, much of that time as chairman; is president of the Ratepayers' Association, and since 1905 has been justice of the peace for his district. He is a member of the York township council for 1907. He is a man of marked ability, and of strong character, and commands the confidence of his fellow townsmen. He is a member of the Canadian Home Circle.

DAVID TENNANT, who died in Toronto in 1891, was born in New York City in 1835, son of David and Isabella (Leathem) Tennant, natives of Scotland. In 1843 the family settled in Toronto, where the senior Tennant followed his trade of stone cutting for many years. Here both he and his wife died.

David Tennant, Jr., received his literary education in the schools of Toronto, and there followed the building trade for many years, erecting properties on Spadina avenue when Toronto was still a new place, and also owning buildings in other parts of the city. In 1874 he married Miss Agnes Cowan, born in Scotland in 1838, daughter of William and Julia (Sim) Cowan, both of whom died in that country, where Mr. Cowan had followed the building business. In 1869 Miss Cowan left her native land for Canada, landing in Toronto Sept. 1, 1869, where she

later met and married Mr. Tennant, and in which city she has since resided. She and her husband had the following children: Isabella L., teacher of English and French in the Technical High School of Toronto, was a graduate of the University of Toronto in 1899, with the degree of B.A.; William Cowan, B.A.Sc., of the University of Toronto, was accidentally killed in 1904 while engaged as a civil engineer on the Canadian Pacific Railroad; David, who also holds the degree of B.A.Sc. from the University of Toronto, is with the Dominion Bridge Company, Lachine, Province of Quebec.

Mr. Tennant was a member of Knox Presbyterian Church. In his political views he was a staunch Reformer.

GEORGE CHARLTON was, at the time of his death, in 1902, a venerable York pioneer. He came to this county with the family, arriving at Toronto, then known as Muddy York, on the 12th day of August, 1832. His father purchased a farm, on which there was a small clearing, situated on the 2nd Concession, Vaughan, where our subject spent his early days in helping to clear the homestead. It was interesting to hear him tell of the old times, when logging and husking bees and barn raisings were the chief recreations of the early settler—a time when neighbor helped neighbor, all glad to lend a hand. Those may well be called the happy days of yore, when the old or the new log house was the scene of many happy gatherings; when in the generous warmth of the big fireplace, into which the big back log had to be got in with hand sleighs, many were the hairbreadth escapes which were told; when, by opposing sides, the first log barn was put up amid cheers, after which came the big supper, and in many instances the new barn was dedicated by the old-fashioned country dance. Mr. Charlton remembered well the exciting times of 1837-38, the now almost forgotten Mackenzie rebellion; how the old Loyalists stood by the government, and although there was little sympathy with those that took up arms against the government, yet now all admit that it gave to this country a parliament for the people. It was in 1838 that Capt. Barwick Gapper raised a company of cavalry. George Charlton and his brother, the late John Charlton, became members. They drilled at Richmond Hill. For some years, after Capt. Gapper gave up the command, Col. McLeod, who for so many years held command of the Northwest Police at Fort McLeod, which was named after him, held command. It is believed that Geo. Charlton was the last surviving member of this excellent company. He also told of the introduction of the first reaping machine made

in this country, by the late John Bell, whose factory was located in what is now Victoria street, then known as Upper George street; this machine was purchased by the late George Cruickshank in the year 1846, and was pronounced a great success. Many threats were made to burn the machine and farm buildings, as it was feared that the introduction of this kind of machinery would injure the farm laborer, but happily nothing of this kind occurred, and to-day the reaper is one of the greatest helps in cutting the crops. Mr. Charlton was also a brother of the late William Charlton, who for twenty years was a member of the fire brigade, and during fourteen years he was assistant chief, associated with the late Chiefs Ashfield and Richard Ardagh. It is strange that both Ardagh and Charlton, who were boon companions, should have been killed while in the discharge of their duties.

George Charlton was the owner of a fine farm, one and a quarter miles from Thornhill. He gave up farming, however, many years ago, and took up the business of grain buying, and for upwards of twenty-five years was one of the most popular men on the Toronto Market. When George Charlton said the price, the seller knew that it was the top price that grain was selling at. He was obliged to give up business on account of bodily affliction.

Mr. Charlton was married in 1845 to Ann Gardhouse, daughter of the late Robert Gardhouse, of York County, and sister of the late Edward Gardhouse, who was for many years Mayor of Rochelle, Illinois. Mr. Charlton died in 1902 at his home, No. 101 Wood street, Toronto. "It was interesting to have a half hour's chat with the old gentleman about the old pioneers of York, of which he was a much respected member. He looked back to the old log home and school house on the hill as the happiest time of his life."

WILLIAM JOHNSTON BARTON, who died in Toronto, Nov. 27, 1900, was a member of a prominent pioneer family of Western Ontario. Mr. Barton was born in 1837, at Adjala, County of Simcoe, Ont., son of Thomas and Mary (Sproule) Barton.

Thomas Barton, Sr., grandfather of William Johnston, came from Ireland to Canada about the year 1822, settling in the County of Simcoe, where he died. His son,

Thomas Barton, was born in Ireland and came with his father to Canada. He followed farming throughout his long and active life, his death occurring in 1860. His wife, Mary Sproule, was born in Ireland, and died in the County of Simcoe in 1861. They were the parents of the

following children: Robert, George, James, Victoria and William Johnston.

William Johnston Barton was educated in his native township, and, remaining at home, engaged in work on the home farm, at which he continued until his twenty-eighth year, when he embarked in a general mercantile business at Beeton, County Simcoe. He then engaged in a sawmill and lumber business, in which he continued for a number of years, prior to selling out. After a few years of retirement, at Beeton, he located in Toronto, and purchased lots on Bathurst street, upon which he erected ten houses, which he sold. Mr. Barton continued in the real estate line the rest of his active life, and at his death the business was taken in hand by his widow, who built four fine residences on Albany avenue, in 1901, which were the first of the new buildings to adorn that prominent Toronto thoroughfare.

In 1863 William J. Barton married Miss Sarah Brawley, born in County Simcoe, in 1839, daughter of Alexander and Ann (Hammell) Brawley, the latter of whom was a daughter of Captain William Hammell, who, on locating in this country, drilled troops for the Rebellion of 1837-38. Captain Hammell's sons served in this struggle, but he himself could not participate, being too old. He had come to Canada in 1827, settling in the County of Simcoe, where he owned large tracts of land at the time of his death. His wife was Margaret McMannis, also a native of Ireland. Alexander Brawley was born in Ireland in 1808, son of Charles and Sarah (Cameron) Brawley. He was the founder of the family in Canada, having settled in the County of Simcoe in 1820, where he followed farming, and where both he and his wife died. They were members of the Church of England. In political principle he was a Conservative. To Alexander Brawley and his wife were born three children, all in the County of Simcoe, namely, William, Mrs. Barton, and Frank.

To Mr. and Mrs. Barton these children were born: Thomas Alexander, who died in Tecumseth; Alma Anna Georgiana, wife of James Simpson, a reporter on the *Star*; and Mabel Frances Mary Maude, at home. In his religious belief Mr. Barton was a Methodist. In politics he was a Reformer.

ALBERT MABLEY. There are few, if any, families in York County who can boast of so long and uninterrupted a possession of their homesteads as can that of Mabley, now represented by Albert Mabley, whose farm in Concession 2, Lot 25, King township, has descended through four generations, and has been occupied

by a direct descendant of the original owner, who located there in 1786.

The founder of the Canadian branch of the family was William Mabley, who came from England to York County in 1786, and chose the site of the present homestead for his location, making some of the first improvements in that locality. He was the father of six sons and three daughters, namely: Robert, William, Francis, Richard, James, John, Ann, Elizabeth, and Mary.

John Mabley, son of William, was born in 1813 in England, whither his parents returned for a time. His wife was Rebecca Bennett, who was born in 1818 in England. Her father, John Bennett, came from England and settled in King township. John Mabley, after inheriting the homestead, put up a brick house upon it, and extended the improvements his father had put on the place. There his life passed peacefully, drawing to a close in March, 1892. His wife died Aug. 11, 1905. They were members of the Church of England, and among the founders of church work in that part of the country. In politics he was a Conservative. Besides the one son, to whom the farm descended, there were four daughters, namely: Lucy, Mrs. James Jefferson, of Manitoba; Sarah A., deceased wife of David Terry, of King township; Emma, Mrs. Elias Clink, of Toronto; and Eliza, wife of the late Joseph Mills, of Manitoba.

John Mabley (2) was also an only son, and received the family estate from his father. He was born upon it Jan. 19, 1853, and there passed his entire life. In December, 1880, he was married to Miss Ida R. Barradell, like himself, a native of King township, and of English parentage. Mrs. Mabley was born June 29, 1863, only daughter of Thomas and Jane Barradell, who came from England and settled on Concession 5, King township. There was also one son, William R. Barradell, a postman in Toronto, who married a Miss Clellan, of King township, and has four daughters, Lena and Lulu (twins), Helen and Marguerite. John and Ida Mabley lived for a long time after their marriage on the Mabley farm, to the management of which he gave his entire attention, but not long before his death he purchased a home in Buffalo, and moved there. His death occurred in this new home Dec. 4, 1899, and his wife and family at once returned to the old farm. There Mrs. Mabley died Oct. 29, 1905. They were the parents of four children, Albert being the eldest. Charles, born Aug. 19, 1885, is unmarried, and employed in an Aurora shoe factory. Rebecca, born Oct. 29, 1888, resides in Toronto. Ethel, born Dec. 14, 1898, is the youngest. John Mabley took an active part in the life about him,

held several local offices, was a director in the township agricultural society for many years, and was prominent in Masonic circles.

Albert Mabley was born on the homestead March 25, 1883, and as a boy attended the district schools. When his father died he became a shareholder and manager of the farm, and has been operating it with much success. He was married Jan. 4, 1904, to Miss Jessie Smith, born in the County of Perth in June, 1884. Her parents, now deceased, were William and Jennie (Mutch) Smith, who were both natives of Scotland, but were married in the County of Perth, where Mr. Smith was a stock breeder. Mrs. Mabley was their only child. In October, 1905, a son, William Karl, was born to Mr. and Mrs. Mabley, the fifth of the name to live upon the old homestead. Mr. Mabley and his wife belong to the Baptist Church. Like his father, he is a good Conservative, enterprising and progressive, and is one of the promising young men of the township, with a bright future before him.

WILLIAM ADAMS (deceased), for many years a resident of Toronto, and a well-known business man there, was born in Vaughan township, County York, in 1836, son of James and Sarah Adams, natives of Ireland, who migrated to Canada and settled in Vaughan township in the early days when it was sparsely inhabited. They cleared up a farm there and made it their permanent home. Mr. Adams passed away at his home there, in 1905, in his ninety-eighth year. His wife, a few years his junior, passed away in 1893.

William Adams grew to manhood on this old farm, and in its regular, busy life in his father's household formed those habits of thrift and industry which played so large a part in his later success in business. Soon after reaching his majority he went west to British Columbia and California, and was engaged there for some time in mining ventures. On returning to Ontario, he first visited the old homestead in Vaughan township, but soon decided upon Toronto as his permanent place of residence. On settling there he formed a partnership with Mr. McNeil in the grocery business in 1864, under the firm name of McNeil & Adams, and continued so for some years. When the connection was dissolved, associated with Mr. George Burns, Mr. Adams began the wholesale liquor business, and upon the death of Mr. Burns continued alone, with his place of business located at No. 3 Front street east, where he continued in that line till his own death. Previously to that event, which occurred Feb. 2, 1902, the family residence was at No. 62 Glen road.

Mr. Adams was united in marriage in 1884



Sam Smith

to Miss Lizzie Graham, who was born in Ireland in 1860, daughter of David and Ann Jane Graham. The parents were both natives of the Emerald Isle, and died in that country. The daughter came to Canada in 1877, and since her marriage has always lived in Toronto. Since her husband's death she has purchased her present abode, at No. 187 Close avenue, and there makes her home with her two sons, Arthur and Irving. The late Mr. Adams was a member of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, to which his wife also belongs. He was a supporter of Conservative principles.

JOHN FINCH (deceased), of Toronto, was a lifelong resident of that city, and for more than sixty years made his home on University avenue, where his parents settled soon after their marriage.

Richard Finch, father of John, was a native of Ireland, born in Queen's County in 1806. He came to Toronto in 1832, and there a few years later met Miss Jane Whattley, who became his wife. She was an English woman, and came to Canada in 1835. Their married life was passed at their home on University avenue, where they reared a family consisting of three sons and one daughter: John; William, who died in Topeka, Kansas; James, of Toronto Junction; and Mrs. Scales, of Toronto Junction. Richard Finch died in Toronto in 1886, while his wife survived till 1901. Both belonged to the Church of England. Richard Finch's brother, John, was shot during the Rebellion of 1837-38, while riding horseback on King street.

John Finch was born in 1840 and was educated in the Toronto schools. His tastes inclined him toward building, and he learned the business under Mr. John Riehey, with whom he remained about fifteen years. He became thoroughly experienced, and in 1875 bought out his employer. He continued in business as a contractor and builder from that time until his death, and became one of the prominent men in his line. His demise occurred suddenly, Jan. 11, 1906, and was both a deep calamity for his family and a source of much regret to his friends and business associates, among whom he had always stood high, commanding both respect and liking. He was a member of the Church of England and in politics a Conservative.

Mrs. Finch, who survives her husband, was before marriage Miss Kate McDonald, and was born in 1846 at Bolton, Ont., daughter of Francis and Ann (Long) McDonald. Her father, who was born in County Armagh, Ireland, in 1814, and died in 1892, was a cooper by trade. He came to Canada when a young man and settled at Bolton, where he continued his business

until the time of his death. His wife, whom he met after reaching Canada, was born in England in 1823, and died in 1863. They had nine children, Mrs. Finch being the third in the order of birth. To Mr. and Mrs. Finch four children were born, two sons and two daughters, but both the latter (Adelaide Jane and Louise May) are deceased. The two sons are John L. and James W., both of Toronto.

JOHN SMITH. Seldom has the death of a prominent citizen occasioned more general regret or been more sincerely mourned than was that of John Smith, who passed away in Toronto Sept. 29, 1881. Such a life as his was an inspiration as well as an example to the rising generation about him, for while he amassed a fortune, he never sacrificed his integrity or self-respect to attain worldly success, and he enjoyed the unstinted honor and confidence of all.

Mr. Smith was born in Reading, Pennsylvania, Oct. 24, 1818, and came to Toronto when a young man. He first conducted a retail grocery on Yonge street, and then, in partnership with A. M. Smith, opened, some years after his arrival in the city, a wholesale grocery business on Front street, continuing in that line until he retired with a handsome fortune. At different periods in his career he was associated with the late Mr. Arthurs and the late Thomas Fair. In addition to managing his large business interests, Mr. Smith found time to concern himself with municipal affairs, and was a very prominent man in the Reform party. For a number of years he was a member of the City Council, representing St. James' ward. Lodge work also found a supporter in him, and he was an influential member of the Masons. In his earlier years he had also seen military service, and was a special constable at the time of the Fenian raid. In various lines of activity Mr. Smith proved himself an able, upright, broad-minded and loyal citizen.

Mr. Smith chose for his wife Miss Margaret McCabe, who was born in Ireland, and who died in Toronto Feb. 14, 1896. A large family was born to them, six daughters and four sons, of whom four daughters and three sons are living. In religious belief Mr. Smith was a Presbyterian.

The Oath of Residence of John Smith bears the date Aug. 27, 1858, and reads as follows:

"County of York, City of Toronto. To wit: I, John Smith, do swear that I have resided three years in this province with intent to settle therein, without having been during that time a stated resident in any foreign country. So help me, God."

JOHN BARCLAY McKAY, who passed away in July, 1901, at his late residence, No. 21 Hazel-

ton avenue, was born in the Highlands of Scotland in 1830, son of Price and Margaret McKay, both of whom died in their native Scotland, where the former was a tradesman.

John Barclay McKay was educated in Scotland, and about the year 1850 he settled in Brantford, Ont., where his brothers, Duncan, James and Donald, who had previously come to Canada, were engaged in the saddlery business. Mr. McKay went into the dry goods business at Brantford, but soon sold out and removed to St. Louis, Missouri, where he was engaged in the wholesale fruit business for about twenty years. Closing out his interests in St. Louis, Mr. McKay returned to Canada, and settling in Toronto, engaged in the flour and grain business until retiring from active life.

Prior to settling in St. Louis Mr. McKay married Miss Hester Ann Jackson, daughter of the late Benjamin Jackson, of Toronto. The ceremony was performed at Trinity Church by the late Rev. Mr. Sanson, of that church. To Mr. and Mrs. McKay were born the following children: Benjamin Price, in the insurance business in Toronto; William Jackson, of Chicago, who married Mary Dannett; Edward Blair, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, who married Ella McCauley; and Anne, a teacher of music in Toronto. All these children are natives of St. Louis, Missouri. Mr. McKay was a member of the Presbyterian Church. In politics he was a Reformer. He was also prominently connected with the Caledonian Society of St. Louis and Toronto.

JAMES CRUICKSHANK, a well-known public official of Weston, Ont., who was for a number of years engaged in the manufacture of carriages and wagons at this village, was born in Aberdeenshire, Scotland, in February, 1830, eldest son of Lewis and Ann (Burnett) Cruickshank, natives of that shire, who came to Canada in 1856 and spent the remainder of their lives in Weston, where she died in 1859, and he in 1883.

James Cruickshank received his literary training in his native country, and there also learned something about the carriage and wagon maker's trade. He came to Canada in 1851 and located in Weston, which place has been his home to the present time. Soon after arrival Mr. Cruickshank married Miss Annie Wallace, born near Cookstown, County Tyrone, Ireland, and seven children were born to this union: W. J. is one of the successors to his father's business; Isabella, the wife of Thomas McLellan, a farmer of County York, has four children; J. L. is married, and a partner in the manufacturing business with his brother, W. J.; Dr. G. R. is a practising physician of Windsor, and is

married and has two children; Dr. Jean, a graduate of the Toronto Medical University, practised medicine in Toronto for some years prior to her marriage to Dr. L. J. C. Bailey, of Vaughan township, County York, and they now reside and both practise medicine in Greensburg, Pennsylvania; Alexander, a contractor and builder, of the Northwest, is married and has a family; and Lillian, wife of Dr. Beasley, of Sandwich, County Essex, has four children.

In 1858 Mr. Cruickshank engaged in business in Weston, locating his shops on the bank of the Humber river, and he continued actively engaged until 1887, in which year he retired, his sons, W. J. and J. L., being his successors. In 1877 Mr. Cruickshank was appointed magistrate of Weston and of County York, and he was again honored with that office in 1905, a position which he will hold all of his life. He was appointed a member of the high school board in 1871, and was for nine years previously a member of the public school board. He has always been a staunch adherent of the principles of the old Grit party. Mr. and Mrs. Cruickshank are members of the Presbyterian Church. Mr. Cruickshank has many friends throughout the community, and is exceedingly popular.

N. ALLEN BROWN, one of York County's most highly esteemed residents, who has spent his entire life in Whitechurch township, where he was born Jan. 13, 1834, is a son of Samuel and Annie (Gamble) Brown.

The paternal grandfather of N. Allen Brown came to Canada from Cornwall, England, as did his four sons and three daughters: Jonathan, Samuel, Philip, John W., Mrs. Lucy White, Mrs. Grace Jory, and Mrs. Elizabeth Wilton.

Samuel Brown was born in Cornwall, England, in 1797, and came to Canada in 1820, while his wife was born in 1797, in King township, and died in 1844, daughter of Nathaniel and Susannah (Mercer) Gamble, natives of Scotland, whence they removed to Pennsylvania, and thence to Canada about 1795. They settled on Yonge street, King township, where Mr. Gamble carried on a hotel business for many years. Nathaniel Gamble died in 1836, his widow surviving him for twenty years. Their children were: Annie, the mother of our subject, who was the first white child born on Yonge street, in the Quaker Settlement north of Aurora; James, who settled and died in Whitechurch township; Thomas, deceased; Mary, deceased, wife of William Miller, of Markham; Allen, deceased; Susan, deceased; Sarah, deceased, wife of Wellington Selby (also deceased), of East Gwillimbury; and George, the only living member of this fam-

ily, now residing in Toronto, in his eighty-sixth year. The Gambles were members of the English Church.

Samuel Brown, the father of N. Allen, was a brewer of malt in England, and followed that occupation after locating in Canada. Mr. Brown was married in 1829, after which he settled in Whitechurch township, on Lot 15, Concession 2, there starting life in a little log cabin, which he later replaced with a house, and there he continued to reside until his death, in 1871; his wife passed away in 1844. By a former marriage, Mr. Brown had one son, John, deceased, of Barrie, who had four children: James, William, Alfred and Mrs. Willson. To Samuel and Annie (Gamble) Brown were born seven children, as follows: (1) Susannah, born on the old homestead in Whitechurch in 1830, married Hugh Richardson, deceased, and they resided in Tecumseth. Mrs. Richardson is still living, the mother of the following children, all of whom survive: Emily, Hugh E., Samuel, Wesley, Mary, William, Susannah, Lillian and Britton. Of these, both Wesley and William are dentists. (2) Thomas, born in 1832, died in boyhood. (3) N. Allen, is mentioned below. (4) James, born in 1836, married Martha Rowland of York County, and they removed to Barrie, Simcoe County, where he died in January, 1903; she passed away some years ago, leaving four children: Wesley, William, Mrs. Henry Williams, and Mrs. David Peacock. (5) George, born in 1838, married Miss Jane Shepherd, and settled on a farm in Essa township. At the time of the American War in the States, it is supposed that he enlisted and lost his life in that struggle. He left his wife and four children: Celina A., Samuel J., William J., and George, all of whom reside in Dakota. (6) Mary, born in 1840, was educated to become a teacher, a profession which she followed until her marriage to James Lawrence, who settled in Simcoe County and died, leaving a large family: Robert, Emma J., Joseph, William, Kennedy, Thomas, Rev. Albert, Walter, Ida and Ernest. (7) Lucy A., born in 1842, died in childhood. Samuel Brown, the father, was appointed a constable to follow the notorious Christie, who murdered Isaac James, a son of Ezekiel James, near Uxbridge township and the Uxbridge woods; then, stealing his victim's team, fled to the United States. Mr. Brown followed him for about six months, and captured him on Troy bridge and returned with his prisoner to Canada, where about the year 1827 the latter paid the penalty of his crime on the gallows. Mr. Brown's fame as a detective spread all over the Dominion.

N. Allen Brown, eldest son, and the third member of the foregoing family, received his

education in the schools of Whitechurch, and spent his boyhood and young manhood as was customary for farmers' sons to do in those days. On March 15, 1855, he married Miss Jane Campbell, born in Gwillimbury Nov. 23, 1836, daughter of Robert and Amelia (Long) Campbell, who came from Ireland and settled in Simcoe County, where members of the family are still to be found. After marriage, Mr. and Mrs. Brown located on Concession 2, where Mr. Brown cleared up a farm, they making their home in a log cabin while he was building a better home. This farm, which consisted of 100 acres, Mr. Brown cleared up by himself, and he has become one of the well-to-do and successful farmers of the section. He has been enterprising and energetic, and his success is entirely due to his own individual efforts. Mrs. Brown died on the farm April 20, 1889, and ten years later Mr. Brown retired from active life and removed to Aurora, purchasing a fine modern brick house on Victoria street, where he now resides.

To Mr. and Mrs. Brown were born four children: (1) W. J., born in 1857, married Miss Elizabeth A. McKee, and now resides on his father's old homestead; he has two daughters: Gladys E., a student of the Aurora public schools; and Flora M., also a student of the schools. (2) Miss Amelia A., born in Whitechurch, received a fine education, and, being an only daughter, has remained at home. (3) Samuel A., born June 7, 1862, died May 13, 1886. (4) Robert N., born April 6, 1870, died Sept. 19, 1896; he married Miss Pansy E. Blevins, of Michigan, and they settled on one of his father's farms, where he died, leaving two sons, Allen M. and Robert N., who reside with their grandfather, our subject. In religious belief Mr. Brown is a Methodist, as was his wife. In politics he is a Conservative.

ANDREW HENRY TURNER, who died in Toronto in 1899, was born at Uxbridge, County York, in 1865, son of Andrew, Sr., and Annie (Wren) Turner.

David Turner, grandfather of Andrew Henry, founded the family in County York in pioneer days. He cleared up a farm from the bush in Scott township, and there both he and his wife, Isabella, died.

Andrew Turner, Sr., was born in Scott township, County York, and he engaged in farming nearly all of his active life. His children were: David; Dr. Joseph, of New York; Andrew Henry; Thomas, on the old farm in Scott township; John Wesley; Miss Maude; Franklin, a merchant at Dauphin, Man.; and William, also a merchant at Dauphin, Manitoba.

Andrew Henry Turner received his education

at Uxbridge high school, graduating therefrom at the age of sixteen years. He then settled in Toronto, and for nine years was with Caldecott, Burton & Co., at the end of which time he became connected with the Ontario Bank of Toronto, and later became financial manager for Messrs. Lailey and Watson, with whom he remained until his death.

In 1885 Mr. Turner was united in marriage with Miss Mary Stephens, who was born at Clover Hill, daughter of John and Eliza (Annett) Stephens, the former of whom was born in Ireland in 1823, and came to Canada in 1842, settling near Barrie, County Simcoe, where he met and married Miss Annett, who was born in County Simcoe in 1835, and who died there in 1865. Mr. Stephens was a farmer in that county for many years, and later settled in Toronto, where he was residing at the time of his death. The children born to him and his wife were: Margaret, the wife of Hugh Wilson; Jane, who married James Sawers; Eliza, wife of Thomas Young, of Cleveland, Ohio; James, of Pennsylvania; Mary, Mrs. Turner; and Sarah, wife of Frank Schutt, of Minnesota.

To Mr. and Mrs. Turner were born the following children: Beatrice, Wilda and Henry Ehner. The family are Methodists. In politics Mr. Turner was a Conservative, while in fraternal connection he belonged to the K. O. T. M.

TIMOTHY BOTSFORD, a very highly esteemed citizen of Newmarket, York County, engaged in the saddlery business, was born on Main street, Newmarket, Dec. 31, 1832, son of John J. and Phoebe (Millard) Botsford.

John J. Botsford was born near Auburn, New York, in 1806, son of John H. Botsford, who died at Auburn. He came to Newmarket as early as 1828, and in 1829 married Phoebe Millard. They settled in Newmarket, where Mr. Botsford took up cabinet making, working at this trade until his death, in 1846, when comparatively a young man. He was very prosperous, being worth something like \$35,000 at the time of his demise. In politics he was a Liberal, and in religion a Presbyterian. His seven children were: Joseph, born in 1830, a cabinet maker, removed to Fort William, where he died, leaving his widow, formerly Fannie Earl, with a family of children, who still reside there: Timothy; Mary A., born in 1834, married R. Simpson, deceased, a leading merchant of Toronto, and they had one daughter, Maggie, wife of Major Hamilton Merritt, of Canada, a soldier of South African fame, and she, with her mother, is spending her time in travel on the Continent; Nelson, born in 1836, married Eliza Galbraith, of Toronto, and they settled in Newmarket, where he followed con-

tracting and building until a short time previous to his death, when he removed to Toronto, passing away in that city in December, 1903 (his wife having died in 1900), leaving seven children: Charles, Frank, William, Annie, Maud, Joseph and Ernest; Elizabeth J., born in 1838, is a resident of Newmarket; John A., born in 1840, located in Toronto, where he engaged in mercantile pursuits until his death, on Christmas, 1903, leaving a widow, formerly Emma Carpenter, of Toronto, and three children: Frederick, John and Bessie; and Charles S., born in 1843, was for some years a merchant of Toronto, where he married a Miss Clark, of New York, but a few years ago he retired from business, a very wealthy man, and, removing to Peterborough, he has since led a retired life (he has three children, his two sons being in Europe, while his daughter, Florence, is at home).

Timothy Botsford grew up at the home in Newmarket, receiving a common-school education, and when fifteen years of age he was apprenticed to learn the saddler's trade, at which he spent five years in Newmarket with William Wallace. Then he engaged in business on his own account, working at his trade until 1858, when he engaged with his father-in-law, Dr. Ford, of Newmarket, in the milling business, managing it for six years, and in 1864 he again engaged in the harness business, which he has followed to the present time.

In 1856 Mr. Botsford married Miss Sarah S. Ford, born in New York State in 1838, daughter of Dr. Orrin Ford, who came to Newmarket from Fredonia, New York, where Mrs. Botsford was born. She was educated in the high school of Newmarket. To Mr. and Mrs. Botsford have been born these children: Nelson, born in 1857, a commercial traveller of Toronto, married Miss Annie Cowan, of Syracuse, New York, and has four children: Albert, Victor, Rollo and Eva; Albert L., born in 1859, resides in the States; Alvin, born in 1863, is a plumber of Buffalo, New York; Orrin F., who died in 1900, was a druggist of Toronto, and married Letta Sanderson, also deceased, and they left one son, William, a veteran of the Spanish-American war, now in business in Winnipeg; Julia, born in Newmarket, graduated from the Normal school of Toronto, and is now a teacher of the Grace street school, Toronto; and Nellie, born in Newmarket, educated in the schools of Toronto, where she taught for some two or three years, married Melville Tudhope, a practising attorney of Orillia, Ont., and has one daughter, Leslie.

In religious faith Mr. Botsford and his family are connected with the English Church. He has always supported the Reform party, and has filled various positions on the school board for a



A. Mills

number of years. Mr. Botsford is prominently connected with the Masonic Order of Newmarket, and is very popular therein. He and his family are very highly esteemed in their native place, and he has an enviable reputation for honesty and integrity.

WILLIAM ROBERT SHIELDS, whose earthly life drew to its close in Toronto, May 10, 1894, was for many years an influential newspaper man, whose signal ability in his chosen line had enabled him to reach the position of superintendent of the *Evening Telegram*.

Born in Ireland in 1840, Mr. Shields was a son of George and Jane (Carroll) Shields, both of whom died in Liverpool, England. William Robert Shields grew to manhood in his native land and was given a good education, for he early manifested his literary proclivities and received the training necessary for newspaper work. On crossing the Atlantic he at first settled in Detroit, Michigan, where he was engaged in journalistic work. The following year, 1869, Mr. Shields moved to Toronto, and resumed his previous occupation in his new surroundings. His natural aptitude for this profession attracted attention and he rose rapidly until he attained the position which he held for some time prior to his death.

Mr. Shields chose as his partner in life's pilgrimage Miss Elizabeth Annie Richey, of Toronto, to whom he was united in 1874. Mrs. Shields was also born in Ireland, and was the daughter of the late William Richey, who founded the *Ballina Herald*, an Irish newspaper still published. In 1870 Mr. Richey came to Canada, settled in Maryboro township, County Waterloo, and became an influential citizen, serving there in both township and county councils. He died in 1877, aged fifty-one years. He was a brother of J. H. Richey, captain and paymaster of the Grenadiers. His wife was Louise Jane Boyd, daughter of John Boyd, gentleman, and Louise (Stinson) Boyd, daughter of Rector Stinson, and granddaughter of Archdeacon Quade, of Killala, County Mayo, Ireland. Mrs. Shields is also a niece of the late Colonel Gilmour, Q. O. R. The latter, Charles Gilmour, was a clerk in the legislature of the Liberal Government for thirty years.

To the union of Mr. Shields and his wife were born five children, viz.: Willa Roberta, Sylvesterine Boyd, Stella Dagmar, Yeta Otoline and Charles Parnell. The family are all adherents of the Church of England, in which faith Mr. Shields died. His political preferences were for the Reform party, and fraternally he was a Mason.

JOHN CLAUSON MILLER, M.P.P., who passed away at Colton, California, April 2, 1884, was a well-known business and public man of Ontario. He was born in the County of Leeds December 16, 1836.

The Miller family is of German descent, founded in Canada about the time of the American Revolution by the grandfather of John C. Miller, who served under Burgoyne, and was a United Empire Loyalist. For services rendered he received from the Crown a grant of land in the County of Leeds, upon which he settled, and where he died. On this farm Samuel Miller, the father of John C. Miller, was born in 1796, and was a lifelong farmer in that county. He married Melita Hayes, who, it is said, was a relative of President Hayes, of the United States. The children of Samuel and Melita Miller were as follows: John Clauson; Annis, deceased, who married John Thompson; Henry, of Pennsylvania; Samuel, of Michigan; Sarah, who is on the old homestead; Martha, who married a Mr. Huntley; and Melita, widow of John Diekey, residing on the old homestead. The father of these children died in 1880, and the mother in 1878.

John Clauson Miller was educated in the public schools of his native place, and at the age of fourteen years held a certificate for teaching, in which profession he engaged for a few years. Later he became an assistant in the post office at Brockville. Mr. Miller was born for a business career, and was therefore not content with clerkships, even under the government. He consequently engaged in a general mercantile business at Seely's Bay, in the County of Leeds. In 1864 he removed to Brockville, and for some time was deputy sheriff of Leeds County. In 1868 he was appointed superintendent of woods and forests under the Provincial Government of Ontario, and settled in Toronto. In 1871 with A. G. P. Dodge, of New York, he founded the Parry Sound Lumber Company, and later purchased the Dodge interest, becoming sole owner, and so continued until he died. In 1876 Mr. Miller took his seat in the Legislature, representing the Muskoka and Parry Sound Districts, and continued to serve until 1883, when he resigned his seat to contest the same riding for the Dominion, and was beaten by Col. O'Brien by three votes.

On Aug. 2, 1859, Mr. Miller married Miss Adelaide Augusta Chamberlain, who was born in the County of Leeds Aug. 2, 1836, daughter of the late Dr. Asher A. Chamberlain. Dr. Chamberlain was born in 1810, and came with his mother from Vermont to the County of Leeds in 1812, his father having died in the

States. Dr. Chamberlain was a self-made man, and was a lifelong medical practitioner of Leeds County. He married Miss Eliza Ann Toffey, who was born in Dutchess County, New York, in 1803, daughter of Hulett and Martha (Schofield) Toffey, the latter of whom was a daughter of Dr. James Schofield, a United Empire Loyalist, and an early settler of the County of Leeds. Martha Schofield Toffey was born at Pawling, Dutchess County, in 1784, and her husband in 1776. They were married Jan. 27, 1803, and to them were born six children: Eliza Ann; Major Ira, who served in the Rebellion of 1837-38; Peter, M.D., D.D., of the County of Leeds; James, a farmer of that county; Lucy, who married Mr. Hartwell; and Ann, Mrs. Fredenburg. Mr. and Mrs. Asher A. Chamberlain had but two children: Adelaide A. (Mrs. Miller) and Dr. Theodore, both of Toronto.

To Mr. and Mrs. John Clauson Miller were born two children: John B. and Miss Addie Augusta. John B. Miller is the president and owner of the Parry Sound Lumber Company, and vice-president of the Polson Iron Works. He married (first) Hannah Pollock Hunter, by whom he had two children: John C., who was drowned with his mother in 1893, and Henry H., now an officer in the Queen's Own Rifles. John B. Miller took for his second wife Miss Jessie Thompson, by whom he had one son, John Thompson, deceased.

John Clauson Miller was an attendant of the Baptist Church, of which his widow is a member. He was a Reformer in politics, and was one of his party's standbys, though he was careful in voting on various bills, always standing up for what seemed right in his judgment. Fraternally he was a member of the Freemasons.

In 1880 Mr. Miller erected a handsome residence at Parry Sound, where some years of his life was spent, during his business and public career there. Since his death his widow has sold the property, and is now residing in her pleasant home in Toronto, located at No. 431 Jarvis street. John Clauson Miller was essentially a self-made man. Starting out in life a poor boy, he determined to succeed through honorable methods. This he did, through strict integrity and upright business dealings, and in his death Canada lost not only a public official of the highest honor, but a successful business man, a representative citizen and a true Christian gentleman.

CÆSAR COXHEAD, contractor and builder, of Mimico, Etobicoke township, was born in

the County of Wellington Feb. 10, 1860, and is the third to bear his name.

The Coxhead family is of English stock, and the first Casar Coxhead died in his native England. His son Casar was born in Oxfordshire, March 25, 1818. In 1839 he married Miss Sarah Stockford, born in the same locality, May 9, 1819, and they came to Canada a few years after their marriage. The voyage across the Atlantic lasted six weeks, and, landing at New York City, they remained in York State a year before proceeding to Canada. There they settled first in Markham township, for one year, and then moved to Pilkington township, County of Wellington, Mr. Coxhead buying a farm and operating it for many years. He finally gave up active work and retired to Elora, where the rest of his life was spent. He passed away March 26, 1894, and his wife's death occurred only four days later. Both were members of the Church of England, and in politics Mr. Coxhead was a Liberal. Of the children born to Casar and Sarah Coxhead, ten reached maturity: The eldest daughter, born in England, now Mrs. George Stickney, of the County of Wellington; William, born in New York State, a farmer of Garafraxa, Ont., who died, leaving a wife and family; Jonas, born in Canada, a contractor and builder, who married and moved to British Columbia; Ann, wife of John Harper, of Toronto; Mary, wife of Levi Brown, of Guelph; Job, a mechanic of Toronto, where he lives with his family; Leah, residing in Toronto; Emma, wife of D. Jones, of Elora, Ont.; Sarah, wife of Matthew Overland, of Erin, Ont.; and Casar.

Casar Coxhead grew to manhood on his father's farm, attending the public schools during his boyhood. At the age of eighteen he was made an apprentice in Guelph with his brother, Jonas, to learn carpentry, and for a few years after his apprenticeship was completed he continued to work for others. In 1885 he began for himself as a contractor and builder, and has continued at that work ever since, usually on his own account, but sometimes as a foreman for others. He has prospered in his undertakings, and having invested in land, became quite a property owner, chiefly in Mimico.

On Feb. 20, 1884, Mr. Coxhead was married to Miss Eliza Golby, of Galt, where she was born, daughter of Silas Golby. The Golbys were one of the old English families of that place, and Mrs. Coxhead grew up there, receiving a good education. After their marriage Mr. Coxhead took his wife first to Parkdale, near Toronto, where he bought land and built a home. They lived there until 1889,

when he sold out and moved to Mimico, and built a good modern brick house, with all the improvements. This has been his home ever since, and in it they have reared a family of six children, born as follows: Susan G.; Arthur, working with his father; Cæsar S.; Fannie E.; Ernest G.; and Charlotte H. Mr. Coxhead and his wife belong to the Church of England, and he is lay superintendent of the Sunday school in the Mimico church. Both are active in its work, and are valued members of the organization. Fraternaly Mr. Coxhead belongs to the Canadian Order of Foresters, and in politics he is a Liberal. Starting in the world with no resources, except what lay in himself, Mr. Coxhead has done well, and deservedly enjoys the respect and confidence of those who know him.

THOMAS RATCLIFF, who died in Toronto in 1903, was born in Essex, England, in 1843, son of William and Sarah (Polly) Ratcliff. The parents, also natives of England, came about 1847 to County York, Ont., and settled in Markham township, where Mr. Ratcliff farmed and carried on sawmilling. Here he and his wife died. They were the parents of the following named children: Henry, of Markham; Rev. Frederick, deceased; Sarah, Mrs. John Bowman; Joseph, of Toronto; David, of Stouffville, and Thomas, the subject of this sketch.

Thomas Ratcliff was educated in Markham township, and there began his business life as a farmer and lumberman. He continued in business there for ten years and then went to Newmarket, where he established the *North York Reformer*, a Liberal sheet, which he published for many years. Selling out to go to Toronto, he there spent the remaining years of his life in retirement.

In 1865, in Whitechurch township, County York, Mr. Ratcliff married Miss Elizabeth Pretty, who was born in that township, daughter of Joseph and Catherine (Hilts) Pretty, the former a native of Devonshire, England, and the latter of Canada. Mr. Pretty came to Canada when about twenty years of age and located in Whitechurch township, where he carried on farming until his death, in 1885, when he was eighty-three years of age. His widow died Dec. 24, 1906, at ninety years of age. Their children were: Mary, widow of William Oliver; Mrs. Ratcliff; Hezekiah (deceased); Frederick, of Toronto; and David, of Bethesda.

To Mr. and Mrs. Ratcliff children as follows were born: Marjorie; Fred A., of Toronto, who married Marie West, and has three children—Gordon, Arthur and Dorothy May; Herbert, and Harold. Mr. Ratcliff was a Baptist in religious belief, and a consistent member. In poli-

tics a Reformer, he never sought or cared for public office, preferring to give his time and attention to his business interests. Fraternaly, he was connected with the Masonic order.

DR. JOHN HERBERT FERGUSON, of No. 109 Delaware avenue, Toronto, is numbered among the capable physicians of the Queen City. He comes from sturdy Scotch ancestry, the family being founded in Canada by the great-grandfather of the Doctor, who settled in Ontario, and there died.

John Ferguson, grandfather of Dr. John H., was born at Russell, Ont., and there engaged in farming during his active life. He and his wife, both members of the Baptist Church, had these children: Peter, John, Duncan, Daniel, Ella, Christina and Eliza.

Duncan Ferguson, son of John, was born at Russell, and is now engaged in the nursery business. He married Miss Lydia Van Allen, who died in 1872. One son, John Herbert, was the only child of this union.

John Herbert Ferguson was born at Aylmer, Ont. Having decided on the practice of medicine as his life work, he entered Trinity Medical College in 1892, being graduated therefrom in 1895, with the degree of M. D. He spent one year as house surgeon at the Children's Hospital, Toronto, and in 1897 he settled in the general practice of medicine and surgery in Toronto, and is now one of the successful practitioners of the city. Dr. Ferguson is a member of the Baptist Church. In politics he adheres to the principles of the Reform party.

THOMAS SOMERVILLE, a councilman of Newmarket, County York, and proprietor of an extensive livery business, was born in King township Oct. 6, 1854, son of James and Jane (Thompson) Somerville, one of the pioneer families of that township.

Both James Somerville and his wife were born in County Armagh, Ireland. Mr. Somerville came to Canada when a young man, crossing the ocean in a sailing vessel, which took from six to eight weeks to make the journey. After locating in this country he enlisted in the Mackenzie Rebellion of 1837-8, being a member of what was known as the "Muddy York" regiment. In 1848 he married Mrs. Jane Thompson Stephens, who had come alone from Ireland, and after marriage they located in a little log cabin in King township. Here Mr. Somerville cleared up a farm and made a permanent home, and here his wife died in 1881, leaving him two children. Mr. Somerville resided at the old home until 1885, when his son, Thomas, purchased his present home

in Newmarket, and here James Somerville made his home until his death in 1887, when ninety-one years of age. He and his wife were members of the Church of England. He was a Conservative in politics. Of their family our subject is the eldest, and his sister, Miss Mary A., makes her home with him.

Thomas Somerville received a district school education while growing up on the King township farm. There he worked until 1875, when he was appointed to a position on the police force of Toronto, serving thereon until June, 1885, when he gave up this work and located in Newmarket, purchasing his present livery business, and in this he has been successfully engaged for the past twenty years. Mr. Somerville purchased a fine brick residence on Main street, and there he now resides.

In 1889 Mr. Somerville married Miss Christina McDonald, of Toronto, born near Niagara Falls, in 1860, daughter of Archie and Mary McDonald, who came to Toronto from Scotland a great many years ago. Mrs. Somerville was reared and educated in the Queen City, where she grew to womanhood. Her father, who was a civil engineer by profession, died in 1895, in Toronto, where he had made his home for many years, and Mrs. Somerville's mother still survives, and has three daughters.

To Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Somerville have been born two daughters: Edna, born in 1891; and Jessie, born in 1894. Both Mr. and Mrs. Somerville are members of the Presbyterian Church. In politics he is a Grit, and in 1892 was elected a member of the Newmarket council, in which body he has served creditably ever since. He is a member of the Sons of England Benefit Society of Newmarket, and an official therein. He is also connected with the I. O. O. F. of Newmarket.

DANIEL TRENOR (deceased). Before Toronto became a city (1834) there came to that municipality three brothers, Daniel, Peter and Dr. Patrick Trenor, all of whom spent the remainder of their lives in the Queen City. Dr. Patrick Trenor never married, but the other two of the three brothers left families, who are now residing in Toronto.

Daniel Trenor was born in County Derry, Ireland, and came to Toronto about 1832, soon thereafter settling in the grocery and liquor business on Bathurst street, near Wellington avenue. Here he continued business until his death, and in this community accumulated a handsome property, which was added to by his widow, who erected several dwelling houses on Wellington avenue. In Toronto Mr. Trenor

married Mary Brett, born in County Sligo, Ireland. She also came to Toronto in 1832, and here died in 1892, when seventy-five years of age, Mr. Trenor passing away many years before. Mr. and Mrs. Trenor had two daughters—Rose and Margaret—and a son—Daniel, of Chicago, who married Mary Burke, and had one son, Daniel Brett. The Misses Rose and Margaret Trenor reside at No. 60 Bathurst street.

Mr. and Mrs. Trenor were members of the Roman Catholic Church, and were highly esteemed in Toronto.

WILLIAM THOMAS. Among the contractors who were well known in Toronto prior to 1877 was William Thomas, whose death in that year, when only forty-four years old, abruptly cut short a prosperous career.

William Thomas was born in Belfast, Ireland, in 1833, son of Edward Thomas, who died in that city. The son grew to manhood there, was well educated and remained in his native land till 1856, when he set sail for Canada. For a short time he taught school in Collingwood, but having thus gained time to look about him in the new surroundings, and familiarize himself somewhat with the existing conditions, he removed to Bolton and went into business as a merchant. Nine years later he went to Toronto and engaged there in work as a contractor, builder and painter, in which lines he continued from 1865 until his death in 1877.

On May 4, 1861, William Thomas and Miss Sarah A. Harper were united in marriage. Mrs. Thomas was born in Enniskillen, Ireland, in September, 1839, but was brought to this country when only a year old. To her husband she bore six children: (1) Sara is the wife of Edward T. Dinsmore, of Toronto, and has three children, Effie May, Edward Jackson and William Harper. (2) Euphemia Blanche (Effie), who married George Spence, of Toronto, is the mother of six children, Ina May, Beatrice Ormand, William Reginald, George Roland, Muriel Dinsmore and Winifred Monerieff. (3) Alfred Edward resides in Oelwein, Iowa. He married Miss Elizabeth Anketele, and has a son and daughter, Percy Wilfred and Bessie. (4) William James, in Toronto Junction, married Miss Lillie Perry, and is the father of two sons, Harold T. and Victor G. (5) George Robert Wilkes, of Toronto, is unmarried. (6) Victor Harper, of Saskatchewan, married Miss Mary Anketele, and has four sons, William James, Glenn Harper, Ralph Edward and Lee Victor. Mr. Thomas was a man of much ability, and was held in high esteem. He was a Conservative in politics, and a member of the Methodist

Church. Mrs. Thomas still resides in Toronto. She is a member of the Presbyterian Church.

Mrs. Sarah A. Thomas was a daughter of Thomas and Ann (McElroy) Harper, the former of whom was born in Ireland in 1779, and died in Albion township, County Peel, in 1869. His wife survived him till 1880, and died in the Toronto home of her daughter, Mrs. Thomas, at the age of 75 years. In the old country Mr. Harper was an officer in the Revenue Police force, but in 1840 they came to Canada, made their home at first in Toronto and finally settled in County Peel. They were members of the Presbyterian Church. Mrs. Thomas was the youngest of their children, the others being: William John, who died in Australia; Thomas, deceased, a farmer in Albion township; George, who resides in Auckland, New Zealand; and James, who died in either Australia or New Zealand.

HENRY RUTHERFORD, who for many years lived retired in Toronto, died at his home in that city, at No. 87 Euclid avenue, in 1894. He was born in Clarke township, County Durham, in October, 1848, son of Henry and Isabella (Mitchell) Rutherford, natives of Scotland, and early settlers of Durham, where they engaged in farming until they died.

Henry Rutherford was educated in County Durham, and learned the milling business, which he followed there for about eighteen years. He then removed to Lambton Mills, and engaged in the milling business until failing health caused him to retire from active work. Settling in Toronto, he erected his home at No. 87 Euclid avenue, and there resided until his death.

Mr. Rutherford married Miss Catherine Fallis, born in County Durham, daughter of John and Margaret Fallis, natives of the Emerald Isle, who settled in County Durham in 1840, and engaged in farming, and there both died, the former in 1859, and the latter in 1893. Their children were: Mary, William, Richard, Jane, John, James, Margaret and Mrs. Rutherford.

Mr. Rutherford was a member of the Presbyterian Church, to which faith Mrs. Rutherford also adheres. In his political sympathies he was connected with the Reform party.

GEORGE DUNN (deceased), of Toronto, was born in the north of Ireland in 1847, son of John and Elizabeth (Calwell) Dunn, both natives of that county, and both died there.

George Dunn left the old world in 1861, and crossing the ocean to Canada, soon decided upon Toronto as his permanent location. He engaged in business there for himself, and until

his death carried on the manufacture of trunks, doing a prosperous business. Eight years after his arrival in Toronto he was married to Miss Rebecca Sturgeon, the wedding being solemnized in St. Stephen's Church, on College street. Miss Sturgeon was also a native of Ireland, born in 1848, but from the age of three years her life was passed in the United States and Canada. To Mr. and Mrs. Dunn came a family of seven children, namely: (1) Annie Jane married Charles F. Schilling, and has four children, Charles F., Beverley St. Clair, Jessie Rebecca and Hazel Isobel. (2) Elizabeth is Mrs. H. Miller. (3) Jessie Rebecca. (4) John is deceased. (5) Laura Georgina. (6) Daniel Sturgeon. (7) George Herbert S. Mr. Dunn and his wife belonged to the Presbyterian Church, being esteemed members of the society. He was a Conservative in politics. Socially he belonged to the Orangemen, and to the Sons of Ireland, besides belonging to the Home Circle, No. 5, of which Mrs. Dunn has been a member also. The family resided at No. 274 Euclid avenue, where Mr. Dunn built a good home in 1884. It was in this home that his death occurred in 1899, at the age of fifty-two years.

Mrs. Dunn was a daughter of Daniel and Ann Jane (Sturgeon) Sturgeon, both natives of the North of Ireland. In 1851 Mr. Sturgeon came to America, spending three years in Brooklyn, New York. He then removed to Canada and arrived at Toronto July 11, 1856, where he followed carpentering and building for the rest of his life. He was one of the first builders employed on the University building. He died in Toronto in 1886, aged seventy-six. His wife had died there in 1863, when only forty-six years old. Their children were: Cumberland, deceased; William, of New York; Christopher, of New York; James B., of Chicago; Thomas, of Toronto; Sarah, Mrs. Thomas Hare; Bessie; and Rebecca, Mrs. Dunn.

SAMUEL JAMES WILLCOCK, one of the well-known citizens of Toronto, who is now serving as road inspector for the city, is a native of Toronto, and a member of a family founded therein in 1840 by his father and mother, Abel and Fanny (Job) Willcock, natives of Cornwall, England.

Abel Willcock was born Jan. 13, 1812, and his wife June 14, 1811, and they were married Oct. 3, 1833. Seven years thereafter they came to Canada and settled in Toronto, where Abel Willcock was for a number of years a well-known contractor and builder, among the structures erected by him being the old St. Andrew's Market and the Queen Street West

Methodist Church, which he built in 1845. About 1869 he retired from the building business and became assessor for St. Andrew's ward, which he also represented in the city council for two years. He died in 1878, his wife surviving him until 1892, and both died in the faith of the Methodist Church. In politics he was a Reformer. Their children, the first three of whom were born in England, were: Abel, deceased, born in 1834, left one son, Alfred, of Chicago; Mary, born in 1836, is the widow of William Briscoe; Fanny, born in 1838, is the wife of Thomas Jackson, of New Toronto; Robert, born Oct. 28, 1841, died the following year; Ann, widow of J. S. Durham, was born in 1843; Robert (2), born Oct. 6, 1845, died in 1893; Stephen was born in 1847; John, born Nov. 5, 1849, left one daughter, Mrs. Preston Clark, of New York City; George, born Aug. 7, 1851, has two children, Lillian and Georgiana; Samuel James was born Oct. 3, 1853; and Jonathan, born in 1857, died unmarried.

Samuel James Willcock was educated in the John street school under Mr. Samuel McAllister, now principal of Ryerson school, and after completing his literary training took up the carriage maker's trade with his brother-in-law, Mr. Briscoe. This work not proving congenial, however, he turned his attention to the machinists' trade with Messrs. Dickie & Neil, continuing therein for five years, and helping to put together the first freight car for the Toronto, Grey & Bruce Railroad. In 1880 he went into the lumber business in Toronto, and so continued for five years, when he became lumber inspector for Donogh & Oliver, from this position becoming manager and bookkeeper for C. R. S. Dimmick. In 1897 he was appointed city road inspector for Toronto, a position which he has since filled with general satisfaction. He is well-fitted for this capacity, having the happy faculty for managing men in the way to accomplish the best results.

In 1879 Mr. Willcock was married to Miss Elizabeth Jane Jose, born in Toronto in 1859, daughter of John and Jane (Vance) Jose, early settlers of Toronto, and to this union there have been born children as follows: Edith; Ella J., deceased; Olive and Ella, twins, the former of whom is deceased; George G. R.; Robert, deceased; Henry Jeffrey; Olive; and Gertrude.

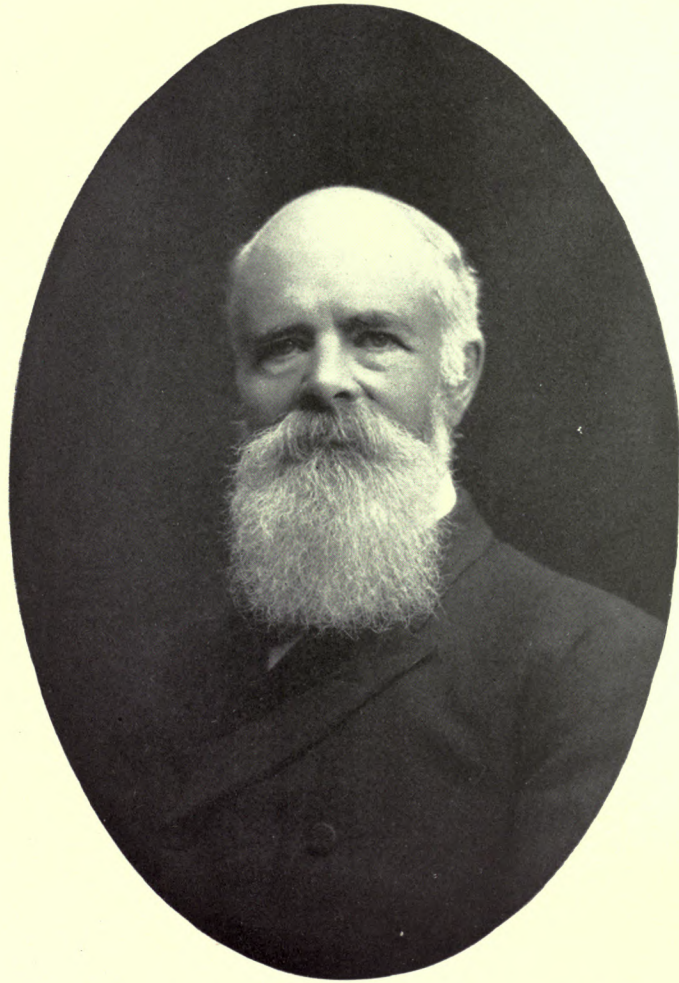
Mr. and Mrs. Willcock are members of the Methodist Church, and have a large social circle in their community. Mr. Willcock casts his vote in support of the Reform party, and his fraternal connections are with the Masons and Odd Fellows.

WILLIAM DAVID McINTOSH, a retired merchant now living in Toronto in ease and affluence, in the spacious and beautiful home, furnished richly and comfortably in modern style and tastefully decorated with choice paintings, flowers and works of art, where he and his devoted wife have been residing ever since 1879, enjoying in peace and quietness the well-earned reward of years of patient work and labor as a successful business man, was born in August, 1836, in London, England. He is a son of the late Thomas McIntosh, a well-known merchant and native of Edinburgh. It is worthy of remark that four generations of the family—his grandfather, father, himself and his late son Thomas, have engaged in mercantile business.

Mr. McIntosh began his business career in the year 1850, being apprenticed to Mr. John Craw, of Jedburgh, Scotland, grocer. Coming to Toronto in April, 1857, not quite of age, yet being ambitious, he at once secured a position with Messrs. J. & W. Hogg, of Yonge street. In November of the same year he formed a co-partnership with the late Thomas Gladstone, under the firm name of Gladstone & McIntosh, as flour and grain merchants, at No. 209 Yonge street, converting the carriage house of the late John Ewart into a shop for their business. In 1865 the partnership was dissolved, Mr. McIntosh purchasing the share and interest of his partner. Afterward he bought the old building and soon erected a substantial brick store in keeping with the locality, where he carried on a successful business until he transferred it to his late son Thomas. He then retired, in 1886.

In 1869, being assured of Toronto's growth and prosperity, and especially of the prospective increase in value of property in that vicinity, Mr. McIntosh purchased the land at the southwest corner of Yonge and Albert streets, whereon he erected substantial buildings, and in 1904 sold the whole block to the T. Eaton Company. He still owns the old shop at No. 209 Yonge street, besides other valuable property, all which he has accumulated since arriving in Canada without capital, by habits of thrift and industry and straightforward dealings in business, thereby setting a good example, to young men coming hither, of what can be done by pluck, energy, honesty and sobriety, verifying the old adage, "Where there's a will there's a way."

In 1858 Mr. McIntosh married Miss Maria Leck, daughter of the late Robert Leck, who came from Scotland about 1865 to Toronto, where he died. Mrs. McIntosh's mother died in Scotland several years ago. Mr. and Mrs.



Wm W. Sutcliffe

McIntosh had six children: William, manufacturers' agent, of Toronto; Mary, wife of M. J. Adams, Toronto; Thomas, deceased, who married Margaret Rutherford, of Montreal; Robert, of Port Essington, B.C., merchant; and Pitcairn and Samuel S., who died in infancy. Also there are seven grandchildren, John, William, Robert, Mary and Marguerita Adams, children of Mrs. and Mr. M. J. Adams, and Bessie and Helen McIntosh, children of the late Thomas McIntosh, who died in 1902.

The family are members of the Presbyterian Church. In politics Mr. McIntosh is a Reformer, a member of St. Andrew's Society, also a Freemason. He occupies an assured position among the representative financiers of Toronto, and, although past the allotted span of life, he is active, hale and hearty, and a thoroughly progressive and worthy citizen of our Queen City.

HUGH SUMMERVILLE (deceased), who belonged to one of the early families in County York, was born at Sharon in 1849, and was the third of the seven children born to Christopher and Elizabeth (Humphrey) Summerville. The parents were natives of Ireland, who settled at Sharon in 1846 and there died in 1902 and 1888, respectively.

Hugh Summerville remained at home till he was sixteen years old and then went to the United States to make his own way in life. After some time there he returned to Canada, learned the milling business with one of his brothers and engaged therein until 1890, when he migrated to the Northwest. There he went into the flour and grain business and followed it with much success till his death, which was caused by an accident in 1899, when he was run over by a train.

Mr. Summerville was married in 1870 to Miss Mary Wagner, who was born in Uxbridge, Ont., in 1851, daughter of Christopher and Nancy (Fralick) Wagner. To this union five children were born, as follows: Ada May, Mrs. H. F. Cumming; Goldie, Mrs. Henry Zarfass; John Christopher, of Manitoba, who married Miss Mary Boyd; William Arthur, a business man, well-known in Canada and the United States; and Henry, at home. The Summervilles are Methodists in religious belief, while politically the late Hugh Summerville was a Conservative. The members of the family are all natural musicians of a high order, whose work affords the greatest pleasure to their many friends.

The Wagner family to which Mrs. Summerville belongs, was founded in Canada by her grandfather, John Wagner, who was a native of Prussia, and served in the German army

for twenty-one years. He emigrated from that country to Canada more than a century ago, and was the first settler in the section near Wagner Lake, which was named for him. He married Miss Mary La Fountain, an aunt of Lady Laurier, and a sister of the well-known Mr. La Fountain, for many years a member of Parliament from Quebec. Their son Christopher Wagner, and his wife, Mary (Fralick) Wagner, were both natives of Uxbridge, Ont. The children born to the latter couple were: Matilda; Mary, Mrs. Summerville; John; David; Louisa; Christopher; Annie; and Oliver La Fountain Wagner. In August, 1898, Christopher Wagner and his wife celebrated their golden wedding, and they now live on King street, Toronto. All of their eight children are alive and married, not a death occurring to cause a break in the family.

THOMAS B. DOAN. Among the fine farms of East Gwillimbury township, County York, is that of Thomas B. Doan, located on the 3rd Concession, Lot 16. Mr. Doan was born at Sharon, East Gwillimbury, Nov. 25, 1847, son of Juda and Joanna (Belfry) Doan, natives of this county.

Juda Doan was born in King township, in 1816, and grew up on the old home farm on Yonge street, King township, where he lived until his marriage. He then removed to Sharon, where his father, Mahlon Doan, had purchased a home, to which Juda had fallen heir, and here lived until his death in 1873, his widow surviving until 1897. In religious matters they were formerly Quakers, but later branched into what is known as the Davidites, who erected the temple now in Sharon. Mr. Doan was a Liberal, but never took any active part in political matters. Mr. and Mrs. Doan had these children: Isabella, the wife of James Anderson, a prominent stockman of Iowa; James H., who married Miss Rachel Willis, of Yonge street, King township, and resided in Queensville, where he died in 1876, she surviving until 1884, when she passed away, leaving one son—Fremont, of Peterborough; Agnes, born in 1849, who married Frank Keam, a Methodist minister of Barrie, Ont.; Martha, born in 1852, who married John Marell, of North Gwillimbury, and has six children—Ethel, James, Joanna, John L., Thomas and Willard; Joanna, born in 1856, who married Rev. Thomas Manning, a Methodist minister of London, and died, leaving four children—Frank, Fred W., Herbert and Josephine; William H., born in 1859, who married Minnie Wailing, of Sharon, and they reside on the homestead, and have seven children—Irene,

Arthur, Isabel, Gordon, Stewart, Melville and Girda; Miss Rebecca, born in 1861, who resides at the old homestead; Josephine, who died in young womanhood; and Thomas B.

Thomas B. Doan grew to manhood on the old homestead in Sharon, where he attended the district schools. In January, 1873, he married Miss Rebecca Graham, born in December, 1848, daughter of Jeremiah and Jane (Burr) Graham, the former born in the State of Ohio in 1809, and the latter a native of Canada. Mr. and Mrs. Graham became the parents of children as follows: David, a farmer of Sutton, and formerly a teacher in the schools of this county, who married Susan Wardell, and has ten children: William, who married Jane Millner, and died at Queensville in 1876; Nancy, of Toronto, widow of Rev. Jesse Tatton, by whom she had seven children; Hester, the wife of Rev. William Percy, of Stouffville, by whom she has eight children; John, who is unmarried, and resides in Georgina; and Rebecca, wife of Thomas B. Doan.

Mr. Doan, after marriage, purchased the John Read estate, where he now has his home, and this he improved highly, erecting barns and outbuildings, and he also owns the old Jeremiah Graham estate, upon which his wife was born and reared, and this latter place is now occupied by his son, Seymour Doan. Mr. and Mrs. Doan had two sons: Seymour, born in November, 1873, married Miss Susan Strasler, and has one daughter—Elva; and Milton E., born in 1891, is a student at school. Mr. and Mrs. Doan are connected with the Methodist Church, in which Mrs. Doan's father was for over forty years a Christian minister. Mr. Doan has always supported the old Liberal party, although he has never aspired to office.

He has always been prominently connected with any movement which assured the betterment of his native locality and the town in which he resides. He and his worthy wife are most highly esteemed in this section, as good citizens and kindly, Christian people.

JOHN R. BULL. Among the leading citizens of York township none is more deserving of mention in this volume than John R. Bull, a retired farmer of Davenport, now residing on St. Clair avenue. Mr. Bull was born on his present farm, Oct. 10, 1825, son of the late John and Sarah (Robinson) Bull, of County Tipperary, Ireland, the former born June 19, 1794, and the latter Oct. 10, 1800.

John and Sarah Bull were married in the old country in 1817, and the following year came to Canada on a sailing vessel, landing at New Brunswick, after nine weeks on the ocean.

There Mr. Bull engaged in the mercantile business for five years. In 1823 he located in Toronto, whence he removed to the 3rd Concession of York township, where he followed farming until his death. His first home was a log house, which he later replaced with a frame dwelling, in which he was living at the time of his death, Sept. 10, 1871. His wife survived him, dying Oct. 25, 1883. In religious matters Mr. and Mrs. Bull were leading members of the Methodist Church, in which Mr. Bull was an officer for many years. In politics he was a staunch Conservative, but would never accept office. Mr. and Mrs. John Bull had children as follows: William, born in September, 1820, married and settled in the wheelwright business at Carlton, this county, where he died, leaving a family; Sarah A., born in 1822, married William Cathcart, of York township, who died in Chatham, Ont., and has a family; John R.; Phoebe, born in December, 1829, is the wife of Nehemiah Mathews, of Muskoka; Hessa, born in April, 1832, is the widow of William Mabley, and resides in Cleveland, Ohio (she has a family); George, born July 12, 1834, married and settled in Marion, Ohio, where he engaged in the clothing business and died in 1879, leaving a family; Martha, born in February, 1837, is the widow of Joseph Mabley, who settled at Jackson, Ohio, where he was engaged in the clothing business; and Tirza E., born in January, 1843, is the wife of J. P. Hicks, a merchant of Sandusky, Ohio, and has one son, Thomas.

John R. Bull was educated in the district schools of Davenport, where he grew to manhood and engaged in farming, becoming the manager of the old home farm some years prior to his father's death. On Feb. 20, 1873, Mr. Bull married Miss Maria McLean. He erected his present fine home in 1889, and there he and his wife have since resided, Mr. Bull retiring from farming in that year. They are members of the Methodist church, of which he has been a trustee for many years, as well as steward and member of the Quarterly Board. In political matters he has always supported the Conservative party, and he has been school trustee for twelve years in succession. He has been a member of the York Pioneers for twenty-four years. As a worthy representative of one of York County's old and honored families, Mr. Bull is greatly esteemed by his fellow townsmen. He is very public-spirited, and is foremost in any movement calculated to be of benefit to the community.

WILLIAM J. DOUGLAS, clerk and treasurer of North Toronto, York township, an

enterprising and public-spirited citizen of that place, was born in Eglinton April 24, 1856, son of William and Eliza (Gillespie) Douglas.

The Douglas family was founded in Canada by John Douglas, who was born in Ireland in 1804, and in 1830 came to Toronto, where his death occurred in 1865. He married Eliza Kerr, of Toronto, and they were the parents of six children, five of whom grew to maturity: William, Mary, John, Jane and James. Of these children William, the eldest, was born April 28, 1834, in Toronto, and resided in that city until twenty-one years of age, when he removed to Eglinton. There he engaged in the carriage business, which he still continues to carry on. In May, 1855, Mr. Douglas married Eliza Gillespie, of Yorkville, and to this union five children were born, four of them still living, namely: William J., Sarah Jane (the wife of Richard Bulmer), Samuel J. and Edgar R. William Douglas is a prominent member of the Orangemen, having filled all of the chairs, and was grand lecturer of the local Grand Lodge of Ontario. He is also a member of the Order of Black Knights and of the Independent Order of Foresters. He was a member of Volunteer Fire Department No. 6, Toronto, and when the department was formed in North Toronto, was appointed chief, an office which he has filled acceptably and efficiently to the present time.

William J. Douglas received his early education in the public school of his native locality, and spent one year at the Model School of Toronto, which he left at the age of fifteen years to go to work with his father at carriage-making. After a number of years in the employ of his father Mr. Douglas engaged with Barber & Ellis, of Toronto, in the stationery business, and he continued with this firm six years. In 1890 he was appointed clerk of the town of North Toronto, and in 1896 treasurer, and he has ably filled these positions ever since. Mr. Douglas was married Nov. 21, 1888, to Margaret Millar, of Eglinton, and to them were born four children: Lister Allan, born Dec. 9, 1889, who died March 10, 1893; Austin Samuel, born Dec. 14, 1893; Jessie Isabella, born Aug. 17, 1897; and Florence Clara, born June 26, 1899. Mr. Douglas is a member of the Methodist Church, of which he is a trustee, a member of the board and steward. He is also a member of the Orange and Masonic orders, a past master of each, and also a past chief ranger of the I. O. F.

WILLIAM THOMAS JEFFERSON, who died at his late residence, No. 3 Walker avenue, Toronto, April 20, 1904, was born in England

in 1834, son of Jonathan and Jane (Carlisle) Jefferson. The parents were also natives of England, and coming to Canada in 1837 settled at Jefferson, County York, the place being named after the family, or after the old Jefferson homestead. Here Jonathan Jefferson died, while his wife came to Toronto with her son William. Both Mr. and Mrs. Jefferson were members of the Church of England. Five children were born to them: William Thomas, George, Jonathan, Jane C. and Martha.

William Thomas Jefferson was educated at Jefferson, and engaged in farming there and at Owen Sound for some years. He then came to Toronto, where he was employed by the city at the Reservoir. Mr. Jefferson married Miss Rachel Pointen, who was born in Norfolk, England, daughter of William and Mary Ann (Clarke) Pointen, natives of England, who came to Canada in 1853. They settled at Aurora, York County, where Mrs. Pointen died. Mr. Pointen survived her some years, dying with his daughter, Mrs. Jefferson, in Toronto, in July, 1903, when aged ninety-two years. Both Mr. and Mrs. Pointen were Methodists. Their children were: Mrs. Jefferson; Hannah, the wife of Richard Sharpen; Ellen, deceased, who married Matthew Sharpen; Phoebe, deceased, who married William Pointen; and Eliza, the wife of Moses Kernathan, of Montana.

To Mr. and Mrs. Jefferson four children were born: Emma Jane, who died at the age of eighteen years; William Thomas, of Toronto, who married Annie Pollard, and they had three children—Irene, May and William T.; Edith Alberta; and Martha Rosette. Mr. Jefferson was a member of the Presbyterian Church, and in political opinion he was a Reformer. He was a veteran of the Fenian Raid, for which he held his medal.

THOMAS JACKSON, a prosperous farmer of New Toronto, County York, was born in Yorkshire, England, Oct. 3, 1831, but his adult life has been spent wholly in Canada. His parents, James and Annie Jackson, natives of the same county, lived and died there, rearing a family of sixteen children, nine of whom died in England. Henry, the eldest son, died near Chicago, Illinois, where he and his family lived on a farm. George died in Sydney, Australia, and Joseph died in Melbourne. Of the four still living, Harriet is the wife of Casper Jackson, of Sheffield, England, and has two children; Eliza, married a Mr. Jones, of Yorkshire; Charles, a farmer, married a Miss Marshall, of England, has five children, and lives

retired in Dixie, Toronto township. Thomas is mentioned below.

Thomas and Charles Jackson were the only members of their father's family to come to Canada. Thomas attended Thorne College while growing up, and continued to reside in England until he was twenty-five years old, in 1856 embarking on a sailing vessel for New York. On landing, two months later, he came direct to Toronto. His father had been a farmer, and accustomed to that labor the newcomer worked for a couple of years on various farms, but after his marriage, in 1858, he rented the place which is still the family home. He has made farming his lifelong calling, and being both industrious and progressive has met with abundant success.

Mr. Jackson has been twice married. His first wife was Miss Ann Unwin, born in Mansfield, England, daughter of Charles Unwin, who died in that country. After nearly twenty years of married life she passed away in 1875, leaving no children. The following year Mr. Jackson was united to Miss Fanny Willecock, who was born in Cornwall, England, in November, 1838, and who was brought to Toronto the next year by her parents, Abel and Fanny Willecock. Mrs. Jackson was the third child born to them. She was educated in private schools in Toronto. Two children came to this union: William G., born in 1877, was educated in the Etobicoke schools; and Mary Ethel, born June 24, 1879, was educated in Parkdale Collegiate School and Toronto College, and is now the wife of Dr. James B. Coleridge, a leading physician of Ingersoll, Ontario.

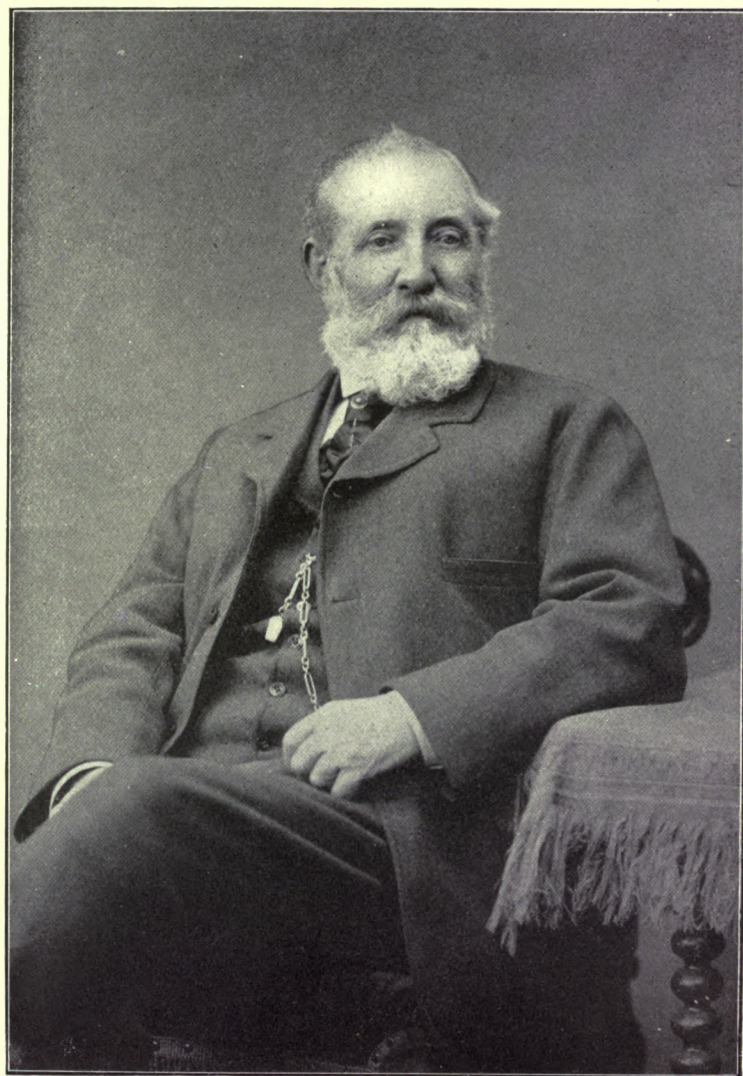
Mr. Jackson has never sought to take active part in politics, but has always been a loyal supporter of the Reform party. In religious connection he belongs to the Church of England, and has been warden of the Mimico Church, but his wife is a member of the Methodist denomination. Mr. Jackson was practically without means when he arrived in Canada, and his success reflects the greatest credit upon him, stamping him as a man of ability and determination. He holds high standing in the community, where he and his wife have many warm friends.

WILLIAM W. IRWIN, deceased. In the calling of an engineer occur more hazards than in most walks of life, and with these hazards come opportunities for heroism and self-sacrifice no less great because often unnoticed and unknown. But with these come only too frequently the moments when the lives of numbers are saved by the voluntary surrender of life by the man upon whose skill and nerve all are de-

pendent. At such a price did the late William W. Irwin stand at his post in a railway collision and thereby secure the safety of every passenger on his train.

Mr. Irwin was born at Newmarket, County York, March 12, 1846, a son of Eli and Mary (Crone) Irwin, early settlers in that section. There were four other children in the family, John, Henry, Samuel and Hattie, the last named the wife of Reuben J. Kennedy, of Toronto. William W. Irwin spent his schooldays in Newmarket, and then learned the milling business, which he followed till he was twenty-seven years old. At that age he went to Erie, Pennsylvania, and began working for the Pennsylvania Railway Company, which he served for twenty-nine years. Beginning as a brakeman, in a year Mr. Irwin was promoted to the position of fireman and worked in that capacity seven years and ten months. He was then, in 1882, made engineer, and eventually put in charge of one of the company's fine passenger trains. During the twenty years in which he ran his engine Mr. Irwin was never responsible for any accident, the one in which he lost his life being due to the carelessness of one of the crew of the other train. The fatal collision occurred April 20, 1902, near New Castle, Pennsylvania. When it was seen to be inevitable, Mr. Irwin's fireman jumped and escaped with slight injuries, but he himself realized that the only chance for escape for the rest of the train was for him to remain at his post and render the impact as light as possible. He was instantly killed, but not a passenger was seriously injured, and the costly sacrifice was at least not made in vain.

In September, 1872, Mr. Irwin and Miss Emily Burns were united in marriage. Mrs. Irwin was born in Ireland, the daughter of James and Ann (Wood) Burns, also of that country. In 1870 they settled in Toronto, where Mr. Burns was in the employ of the government for a time, and then went to Newmarket, where he was in the registry office until his death, in 1869. His wife, who died in 1891, bore him six children, Eliza Jane, Ellen Ann, George, Emily, Sophie May and Rebecca. They were members of the Richmond Street Methodist Church, and were highly esteemed. To the union of William W. and Emily Irwin was born one daughter, Georgine, whose birth occurred in Pennsylvania. Their religious faith was that of the Methodist Church. In politics Mr. Irwin was a Republican, while fraternally he belonged to the great order of his calling, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, and to the A. O. U. W. Mrs. Irwin, since her husband's death, has returned to Canada and resides in Toronto.



John Ritchie

JOHN RITCHIE, who departed this life at his late residence, No. 221 Jarvis street, Toronto, Sept. 13, 1896, was one of the best known men of the Queen City, and during his day one of the leaders in his line of business. His birth occurred in Aberdeenshire, Scotland, July 20, 1820, and his literary training was all received in his native country.

Mr. Ritchie learned the business of plumbing, steam fitting and the manufacture of brass goods, and began his business career in the place of his nativity. In 1855 he emigrated to New York, whence he came two years later to Toronto. He at once embarked in business on King street east, between Frederick and George streets, in the manufacture of brass goods, and in plumbing and steam fitting. So strictly trustworthy was Mr. Ritchie that he commanded the best trade of the city, such as banking houses, the University building, the old jail and any number of large business and public houses. He subsequently removed his place of business, in 1879, to Adelaide street east, where he discontinued the manufacture of brass goods, giving his entire time and attention to the other branches of his business. As a proof of Mr. Ritchie's efficiency in the business, it may be noted that in 1876, in the Centennial at Philadelphia, he received the brass, bronze and silver medals, on his manufactured goods at that grand fair. In 1877, at Sydney, New South Wales, Mr. Ritchie's goods took first premium, and in 1878, at the Toronto Exhibition, he took twelve first prizes on his manufactured articles. It was not only as a business man that Mr. Ritchie was well known, but as a leading factor in municipal matters as well. During the years 1875, '76, '77, '78 he was a member of the council of Toronto, and served on many important committees during his term of service.

Mr. Ritchie was twice married, his first wife being Miss Mary Smith, by whom he had two sons: John and William. He married (second) Mrs. Campbell, daughter of the late James Miller, an early settler of Toronto, and to this union were born: Arthur, Frederick and Gordon. The family are Presbyterians, and Mr. Ritchie was a member of the Knox Church from 1857 until 1896. He was a member of St. Andrew's and the Caledonian Societies, and the Masonic fraternity, in all of which he had high standing. In politics he was a Reformer.

THOMAS BICKELL was born in Devonshire, England, in 1816, and died in St. Mary's, Ont., in 1885. His father, John Bickell, died in the old country.

Mr. Bickell learned the grocery business in

his native land. Coming to Quebec in 1834, he soon went into the grocery and liquor business, in which he continued some time. Later he engaged in the crockery business, which he sold to go to St. Mary's, in 1865. There for some time he engaged in soapmaking, and then travelled for Whitehead & Turner, of Quebec, being with that firm at the time of his death.

Mr. Bickell was married in Quebec to Miss Ann Elizabeth Hobbs, daughter of Thomas and Ann (Clearihue) Hobbs, and a descendant of French Huguenots. Mr. Hobbs was born in England and there learned the trade of cabinet-making, which he followed on John street, Quebec, after his arrival in 1807. He married Ann Clearihue, a native of Scotland, who came to Canada in 1809, and after their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Hobbs lived in Quebec, where Mrs. Bickell was born July 12, 1820. To Mr. and Mrs. Bickell were born: Elizabeth Ann, the wife of James Shaw, of Toronto; Mrs. Charles Cliff; Mrs. Robert Wright; Charles; Walter; and Lewis. The family are members of the Methodist Church. In political opinion Mr. Bickell was a Reformer. He affiliated fraternally with the I. O. O. F.

Since 1888 Mrs. Bickell has made her home in Toronto, at No. 244 McCaul street, which property she purchased after Mr. Bickell's death. She is a member of the King's Daughters, and the oldest member of her branch of the society, being now past the eighty-sixth milestone in life's journey. However she is remarkably active and in full possession of her faculties, and a visit to Mrs. Bickell is a very enjoyable experience. She has a remarkable memory, and her reminiscences of far-away days are very interesting.

HENRY F. HOPPER, late of York township, County York, was successfully engaged in stock dealing at Richmond Hill. Mr. Hopper was born in Yorkshire, England, in February, 1848, son of Robert and Charlotte (Fisher) Hopper.

Robert Hopper was born in Yorkshire, in 1822, and his wife in 1825. They came to Canada in 1854, on the sailing vessel "Meteor," being eight weeks on the ocean. The first year they settled in Markham township, County York, Mr. Hopper working as a farm laborer, and then removed to Richmond Hill, in the fall of 1856, Mr. Hopper engaging in the butchering business, in which he continued during the balance of his active life. He died at Richmond Hill in 1892, and his wife passed away at the home of her daughter, in Lindsay, in 1897. After locating in Canada Mr. and Mrs. Hopper were connected with the Method-

ist Church, though they had been members of the Church of England in their native country. In politics he was a staunch Conservative. Mr. and Mrs. Hopper were the parents of twelve children: (1) Thomas, born in England in August, 1846, now a retired farmer of Richmond Hill, first married Miss Mariah Leak, who died leaving three children—George, Nellie and Charles—and for his second wife married Mrs. J. Snyder, of Vaughan township. (2) Henry F., is mentioned below. (3) Jane, born in England in 1850, married David Benson, formerly a farmer of King township, now of Richmond Hill. She died at the former place, April 26, 1882, leaving children—Walter, Elvis, Merritt, Effie and Leonard. (4) Robert F., born in Cornwall, England, May 28, 1852, married a lady of Montana, where he is now engaged in business as a blacksmith. He has one daughter. (5) William, born in March, 1855, learned the printers' trade at Richmond Hill when a young man, and is now a resident of Pennsylvania, where he edits a paper. (6) Elizabeth, born at Richmond Hill, May 15, 1857, is the wife of R. J. Evans, a baker of Port Perry, Ont., and has a family of six children. (7) Charlotte, born in 1859, died in childhood. (8) Betsy and (9) David, twins, were born in 1862. The former married Harry Bell, who resides in Leamington, County Essex, and has a family of three children. David died when five months old. (10) Henrietta, born in January, 1865, is the widow of Capt. George Crandel, of Lindsay. (11) George J., died in childhood. (12) Alice O., born in October, 1870, was educated in the high school of Richmond Hill, and was for five years a teacher in County York. She is now the wife of Oscar Smyth, who resides near Leamington, County Essex, and has a family of three children.

Henry F. Hopper commenced his education in England, and later attended the schools of Richmond Hill. When a young man he worked at the butchering business with his father, becoming the latter's successor at the age of twenty-three years. He continued to follow that line until 1901, when he turned the business over to his son Herbert, from which time until his death he was engaged in buying and shipping cattle.

Mr. Hopper was married Feb. 8, 1871, to Miss Phoebe A. Granger, who was born at Thorn Hill, Jan. 24, 1853, daughter of Thomas and Mary A. Granger, of England. Mrs. Hopper passed away Feb. 12, 1886, leaving a family of six children, as follows: Herbert H., born in May, 1872, who is his father's successor in the butchering business, which he is successfully conducting, married Miss Ida Coombs, and they

are the parents of one daughter, Eva; Florence M., born Sept. 25, 1873, is the wife of Frank Simes, a resident of Richmond Hill, and they have one daughter, Mabel I.; Charlotte L., born Aug. 25, 1875, is the wife of Harry Lever, of Weston, County York, and has one son, Wilfred; Edith J., born April 16, 1878, is unmarried, and makes her home in Toronto; Frederick M., born in May, 1881, and Ernest F., born in July, 1884, are unmarried, and live at the homestead.

In May, 1887, Mr. Henry F. Hopper was united in marriage with Mrs. Catherine (Ludford) Granger, who was born at Thorn Hill in 1841, daughter of Thomas Ludford, who came to this country from England in pioneer days. To this union there were born no children.

Mr. Hopper was the owner of considerable real estate at Richmond Hill, and had two fine homes, one of which is occupied by his son. In religious connection, like his wife and family, he belonged to the Methodist Church. Mr. Hopper was prominent in public matters as a staunch Conservative, serving as councilman at Richmond Hill for three years. Fraternally he was connected with the United Workmen and the Ancient Order of Foresters, having been representative in the Grand Lodge of each, and was also a Mason of high standing. He was a man of estimable character and pleasing personality, having many friends throughout the community, who mourned his decease, which occurred in December, 1906.

THOMAS DALE (deceased) was the founder in Canada of the Dale family, which has been identified with the County of York for so many years. He was born in County Armagh, Ireland, in 1798, and coming to Canada settled in the township of Markham, County York. Here he married Jane Whaley, who was born in Ireland in 1811, daughter of Thomas and Margaret Whaley, early settlers of Markham township, where the former purchased 900 acres of land. Mr. Whaley also owned a saw-mill, and was one of the leading business men of his day in that section. There he and his wife both died, leaving children: David, Eliza, Jane, Margaret, Sally, Mary and Alexander.

After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Dale settled on the 3rd Concession of Markham township, and resided there for some time, later removing to King township, in the same county. They remained here for some time, on a 200-acre tract, but later removed to Uxbridge, where Mr. Dale died on March 5, 1880. Eight children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Dale: Margaret and Ann, deceased; James; Mary Jane;

Thomas, deceased; Elizabeth; Thomas and Sarah. Miss Sarah and Miss Elizabeth reside at No. 143 John street, Toronto. They are members of the Methodist Church, in the faith of which their father died. He was a Reformer in political sentiment.

CHARLES MASON, a well-known business man of Toronto Junction, and one of the oldest brick manufacturers of this section of Ontario, is a native of England, born in 1835, son of John and Ann (Blackburn) Mason.

John Mason was born in Lincolnshire, England, March 12, 1799, and was there engaged in shoemaking for some years. In his native country he married Ann Blackburn, born in 1802, and they came to Canada in 1854, Mr. Mason following his trade here until his death, Nov. 4, 1886. His wife survived him until 1896, when she passed away. Their children were: William, deceased, a brickmaker and a farmer; John, an agriculturist; Ann, deceased, who married John Cottingham; Mary, deceased, who married John Mason; Jabez, of Toronto; Sarah, widow of William Shaw, of Toronto; Charles; Eliza, widow of William Sutton; Harriet, of England, who married Charles Storr; Jane, of Toronto, wife of Thomas Riddall; Blackburn, of "The Canadian Soo"; and George, of Toronto Junction.

In his native country Charles Mason had been engaged in farming, but on coming to Canada with his parents he learned the brick-making business, which he followed at Yorkville for some years. In 1881 he settled on the Weston road, in Toronto Junction, and five years later built his present brickmaking plant, which has a capacity of over 1,600,000 bricks annually, and in connection with which he employs twelve men. Mr. Mason makes both red and white brick, and his business is in a very flourishing condition, he being considered one of the substantial men of his community. In his political belief he is a Reformer. He and his family attend the Methodist Church.

In 1865 Mr. Mason was married to Miss Anne Wray, born in Yorkshire, England, in 1843, daughter of Joseph and Hannah (Hill) Wray, and to this union there have been born the following children: Charles, deceased; John Walter, a brickmaker; George Henry, of the Toronto Junction fire department, who married Rebecca Davidge, and has three children—Edward Preston, Frances Theresa, and Alfred Wray; Robert Wesley, a brickmaker, who married Lillie Downey, and has one son, Robert Wilton; William, also engaged in brickmaking, who married Vollair Hayward, and has one son, Charles Wray; Ernest Howard, a brick-

maker, who married Gertrude Davies; and Frederick Charles, also engaged in brickmaking.

FREDERICK R. GEE (deceased) was one of the successful and honored business men of Toronto for a number of years. He was born in 1847, in Pickering, Ont., and died in Toronto Nov. 20, 1896.

William and Hannah (Barnes) Gee, the parents of Frederick R. Gee, were natives of England, the father born in 1804, in Northumberland, and the mother born in 1813. In 1840 they came to Canada, settling first in Scarborough township, County York, Ont., but later removing to Pickering, where Mr. Gee followed farming until his death, which occurred in 1884. His wife died in 1881, and they were buried in the Salem cemetery, not far distant from their former home. Their children were: John G., who died in 1904; Elizabeth, widow of Rev. John Hodgson, of Toronto; Rev. Daniel G., who died in 1893; William, of Pickering township; Mary, wife of Rev. C. C. Cookman; Rev. Thomas G., of Chicago; Frederick R.; and Harry G., of Toronto.

The late Frederick R. Gee was educated at Pickering, and for some time was a teacher in the public schools of Ontario. He then learned the milling business with J. L. Spink, and settling later in Osborne there engaged in that business for about twelve years with the late Hon. T. N. Gibbs. Mr. Gee removed then to Sunderland, and still later to Toronto, continuing to carry on milling, and then established himself in Pickering for some five years, at the end of that time returning to Toronto, where he resided until his death. He was a man of excellent business qualifications, and one who enjoyed in large measure the respect and confidence of all who knew him.

Mr. Gee was united in marriage with Miss Emma Tatton, who was born in County York, near Lake Simcoe, daughter of the late Rev. Jesse Tatton and his wife Nancy (Graham) Tatton, the latter a daughter of Rev. J. Graham. Jesse Tatton was a son of John Tatton, of New Brunswick, who, in 1842, settled in King township, County York, where he farmed until his death, in 1870. Jesse Tatton was born in New Brunswick in 1825, and on reaching his majority became a minister in the Christian Church. His last pastorate was at Osborne, where he died in 1875. His widow, who was born in 1835, resides in Toronto. They had children as follows: Emma, Mrs. Gee; Hester, of Toronto; Clarence; and Gertrude, wife of J. A. McConnell. By his former wife, whose maiden name was Hayght, Rev. Jesse Tatton

had one son, Alfred Tatton, now of South Dakota.

To Mr. and Mrs. Gee were born four children, namely: Roy Stanley, of Toronto, who married Maud Armstrong; Louie A., deceased, wife of Elmer Ogilvie, who had one son, Carl; Geraldine; and Francis Russell. Mr. Gee was a worthy member of the Methodist Church, to which religious body Mrs. Gee also belongs. In politics he was a Conservative, and fraternally he belonged to the A. O. U. W.

MICHAEL HYNES, whose entire business life was spent in the Queen City, died in Toronto in 1875. He was born in Ireland in 1824, son of Patrick and Fanny (Bergen) Hynes, who came to Ontario about 1831, and who had children as follows: Michael and William, deceased; Patrick, a resident of Toronto; and Mary and Catherine, both deceased.

Michael Hynes was educated in Toronto, and after finishing his schooling engaged in contracting and plastering, in which business he continued until his death. He was married in 1848 to Margaret O'Connor, daughter of James and Mary O'Connor, natives of Ireland, who came to Canada in 1838. The following children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Hynes: Sister Attracta, of the St. Joseph Sisterhood; Michael John, of the United States; William J.; Lillie; Mary; Lucy; and J. P., of Toronto. Mr. and Mrs. Hynes were both faithful members of the Roman Catholic Church. In politics he was a Conservative.

GEORGE LAWLER BRYSON, who died in 1871 in Montreal, was born in Londonderry, Ireland, in 1834, son of Capt. Thomas M. Bryson, a mariner between the old country and Ontario, who died on his ship and was buried at sea.

George L. Bryson came to Canada about 1842, settling at St. John, N.B., for a time, and then, after residing in Montreal for a while, he went to St. Catherines, Ont., where he engaged in the hardware business with a Mr. Coy. There he remained until 1858, when he located in Toronto and engaged in the hardware business on his own account, in which he continued for eight years, when failing health made it necessary for him to retire from business. He then removed to Montreal, where the remaining years of his life were spent.

In Montreal, in 1861, Mr. Bryson married Miss Mary Thompson, daughter of Hugh and Rachel (Bell) Thompson, the former of whom was the largest leather merchant in Montreal. Mr. Thompson was born in Belfast, Ireland, in 1799, and died in 1868, while his wife, born in

the same year, died in 1861. They were married in Ireland and came to Canada in 1824, settling in Montreal, where he engaged in the leather business, also owning a large tannery at Rexton Falls. His children were Agnes, Ellen, John and Mary Ann. The family were Presbyterians.

To Mr. and Mrs. Bryson were born children as follows: Rachel Bell, who is the wife of Dr. John A. Macdonald, of Brandon, Man., and has three children, Marion Easter, Frederick William and Jean; Edmund Francis, of Cleveland, Ohio, who is married; Miss Florence; George Frederick, of Toronto; and Mary Elizabeth, a nurse, of New York City. Mr. Bryson was a Presbyterian.

SCOTT SHIELDS. The name of the late Scott Shields is remembered among those of the early settlers of what is now Toronto, but which at the time of his locating here, in 1816, was known as Muddy York. Mr. Shields, whose death occurred Sept. 3, 1856, in Toronto, was a native of the North of Ireland, born in 1793, son of William Shields and his wife, whose maiden name was Scott.

Scott Shields grew to manhood in his native country, and there received his literary training. He married Agnes Bowman, born in Ireland in 1795, and in 1816 they crossed the Atlantic and located for some time in Quebec. After a short stay they settled in Toronto, where, for a number of years Mr. Shields was engaged in contracting and building. Soon after locating in Toronto, Mr. Shields purchased the ground now occupied by the wholesale house of John Macdonald & Co., upon which he erected a residence, and there lived for some time. He then sold the place for business property and built a residence at the corner of Yonge and Cruickshank streets and here he resided until his death, having retired from business some time prior to his decease. Shortly after Mr. Shields' death his family removed to Bolton, Ont., and there Mrs. Shields died Dec. 6, 1861. To Mr. and Mrs. Shields were born two sons and three daughters, of whom Agnes, of Toronto, is the only survivor. The other children were: Margaret, who died unmarried; William, who was for some time a merchant at Bolton and died unmarried; John, also a merchant at Bolton; and Jane, who died in 1899, unmarried.

About 1884 the surviving members of the family returned to Toronto, and purchased the fine residential property at No. 330 College street, now owned by Miss Agnes Shields. The residence was built by the late Sheriff Jarvis. Mr. and Mrs. Shields were Presbyterians, to



Aly. Fraser

which faith Miss Agnes also adheres. In politics he was a Reformer, and his fraternal connections were with the Freemasons, which he joined in the old country.

D. JAMES SINCLAIR, of No. 69 Bay street, Toronto, enjoys the distinction of being the pioneer wholesale commission florist in Canada, and, up to the present writing, the only one in this Dominion.

Mr. Sinclair comes of sturdy Scotch ancestry, and the family was founded in Canada in 1846 by his grandfather, who was born at Caithness, Scotland, and there married Isabella Cougal. Coming to Canada, he settled near Brampton, in the County of Peel, where he died in 1854. His widow, born in 1809, died in the County of Peel in 1893. In political faith he was a Reformer. In religious belief both he and his wife were Presbyterians. Their children were: William, a well-known teacher in Canada for many years; John; Eliza, deceased; and George and Donald, deceased.

John Sinclair, father of D. James, was born in Caithness, Scotland, March 28, 1846, and accompanied the family to Canada; thirteen weeks were consumed in crossing the ocean in a sailing vessel. He grew to manhood in the County of Peel, and for seventeen years was a teacher in that county. Finally he retired to a fine farm of 300 acres, which he owned, in Chinguaeousy township, County of Peel, and there he still resides. In 1873 he married Miss Eliza Starrat, who was born in the County of Peel, March 28, 1853, daughter of Andrew and Fanny (Marrigold) Starrat, and to this union were born children as follows: D. James; Nellie, deceased; E. J., a farmer in Manitoba; E. G. and W. H., both in the County of Peel; and Gladys, at home.

D. James Sinclair was born June 16, 1874, in the County of Peel, and was educated in the Brampton high school and the British American Business College, at Toronto. On completing his education he immediately turned his attention to the florist's business, and for some time was with J. H. Dunlop, of Toronto. While there engaged he became impressed with the idea of starting a wholesale commission and florists' supply business, there being no organization of the kind in Canada. It required much thought and preparation, but on Oct. 1, 1901, he opened his present business at No. 69 Bay street. His cut flowers are in demand from long distances, and he requires the assistance of eight workmen. On Sept. 15, 1906, he opened an eastern branch in Montreal. Mr. Sinclair has a number of specialties, im-

porting all the latest lines of supplies from Europe and the United States.

On March 10, 1900, Mr. Sinclair was married to Miss Mary P. Martin, a native of Brampton, daughter of Robert Martin. They have one son, Clive, born in Toronto Jan. 20, 1902. Mr. and Mrs. Sinclair are members of the Presbyterian Church. In politics he is a Reformer, and in fraternal affiliation a Mason. He is one of Toronto's representative business men, and an active member of the Board of Trade.

ALEXANDER FRASER, who died in Toronto Feb. 25, 1900, was one of the highly esteemed and well-known contractors of that section of Canada. Mr. Fraser was born in Banff, Scotland, Jan. 9, 1837, son of James and Barbara (Joss) Fraser, who came to Canada in 1856, settling in Arthur village, County of Wellington, where Mr. Fraser engaged in contracting and building, and where he died. His widow survived him about nine years. Their children were: Alexander, Barbara, Margaret, James, Mary S., John, Isabella, Bathia, Isabella (2), Jean and Janet.

Alexander Fraser was educated in his native land, and with his father learned the contracting business. He had conceived the idea of settling in Canada, and accordingly sailed for this country in 1856 with his uncle, Hugh Fraser. It was his intention to secure a home for his parents on their arrival, but his boat being delayed, they arrived shortly before he did. Mr. Fraser began his business life at the village of Arthur, County of Wellington, with his father, later embarking in the sawmill business at the same place, where he continued until settling in Toronto in 1887. His first railway contracting work was for the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, for the construction of a fence along their line, and this proved to be the turning point in his line of contracting, for from that time until his death he was engaged extensively in railway contracting work. His business was largely with the Canadian Pacific, constructing cordons, bridges, etc. For some time Mr. Fraser purchased his timber from various points in Canada and the United States, but later, as a member of a syndicate, purchased 32,500 acres of timber land in the State of Kentucky, from which he afterwards secured his timber. Mr. Fraser was developing this property to a large degree at the time of his death in 1900. His business made him well known throughout Canada and a great part of the United States, and he could scarcely visit a town or city without meeting an acquaintance or a friend.

In 1864 Mr. Fraser was married to Miss

Sarah F. Giles, born in Ireland, daughter of James and Jane Jephson Giles, the former of whom died in Ireland, after which, in 1845, the widow and her children, Margaret, Deborah, Sarah F., and Amelia came to Canada. Here the mother died in 1872. To Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Fraser were born the following children: Amelia; James Giles, of Toronto, who married Miss Minnie May, by whom he has one daughter, Sarah; Jane, the wife of Richard E. Jamieson, of Vancouver, B.C., by whom she has three children, Frank Fraser, Janie and Sarah F.; Henry Wernham, of Vancouver, B. C.; and Walter Jephson Joss, who died in Toronto in 1902.

Since dictating the above, Mrs. Fraser passed away on the 2nd of April, 1906, after an illness of only one week's duration. She had a noble, generous nature, was a loving, devoted mother, and an earnest worker in church and missionary interests. Mr. and Mrs. Fraser's memories are cherished by the family and large circle of friends, for their sterling Christian qualities and works of philanthropy.

WILLIAM BLACK, whose death occurred in Toronto Nov. 14, 1893, was born in Dufferin County, Ont., in 1862, son of Thomas and Lucinda (Spence) Black, the former a native of Ireland, and the latter of Canada. Thomas Black was a farmer of Dufferin County, where he and his wife died.

William Black was educated in the common and high schools of Orangeville, where he commenced his business career. He was for some time engaged with his brother in business on College street, Toronto, and later became a clerk in a grocery. He had arranged to go into business for himself again, and while in the country arranging for the shipment of his provisions contracted the cold which resulted in his death. Mr. Black was married June 28, 1893, to Thirza Gray, who was born in Dufferin County, daughter of Rev. M. S. and Harriet (Anstead) Gray. The Rev. Mr. Gray was in the ministry of the Congregational Church for over sixty years and died in 1905, aged eighty-two years; his wife passed away in 1894.

William Black was a member of the Methodist Church, a Conservative in politics, and connected fraternally with the I. O. O. F. and the K. O. T. M. Mrs. Black, his widow, is a graduate of the Toronto Conservatory of Music, class of 1895. She is a teacher of Theory, Harmony and Instrumental Music, a profession which she carried on up to the time of her marriage, and at which she is now successfully engaged in Toronto. She is very well known as a musical educator, and has a large class

of pupils. Like her husband, she is very popular in Toronto.

DUNCAN CAMPBELL, M.D., whose death occurred in Toronto April 29, 1903, was a physician of recognized ability and force, whose career was unfortunately hampered by failing health and finally cut short at an age when he was at the fullness of his powers mentally. He was born at Delaware, Ont., Sept. 5, 1860, son of Colin and Janet (Munroe) Campbell.

Both parents were of Scotch birth, and came to this country when young people. Colin Campbell settled first at Delaware, on a farm, where he remained for a number of years, but finally removed to St. Thomas, and it was there that his death occurred. His wife died at Littlewood, Ont., in 1905, leaving four children, Donald, Mary, Eliza and Nancy.

Duncan Campbell received his literary training at St. Thomas, and after completing his studies there taught for several years. At the end of that time he was ready to enter on the study of medicine, and enrolled himself in the ranks of the students at the Trinity Medical College, in Toronto. He received his degree therefrom in 1888, and at once established himself at Belmont, where he stayed for two years. A better opening offering itself at Newmarket, he removed thither and practiced for ten years, when ill health compelled him to seek a new location, where his professional duties would be less arduous. He became resident physician at the Keeley Institute, in Toronto, and remained there the four years preceding his demise.

Dr. Campbell was married in 1888 to Mrs. Thomas Ramsey, whose maiden name was Mary Frances Broom. Her parents were William and Lydia (Kipp) Broom, the latter a native of Canada. Mr. Broom was born in 1816 in England, came to Canada as a young man and settled near London in the undertaking and cabinet making business. After living at Vienna for nearly fifty years, he moved to Aylmer, and there died in 1899. Mrs. Broom died in Minneapolis in 1893, aged seventy-two years. Their children were: Mrs. Henry Sheldon; Mary Frances; William, Curtis and Bertina, of Minneapolis; and Henry, of Montana. There were also two children by a former marriage, Mrs. Waterson and John Broom. Mary F. Broom was born at Vienna, Ont., and was first married to Mr. Ramsey, a native of Canada, who was a mechanic by occupation, and who died in 1886 aged thirty-four. There were two children by this union, William and Audrey, while by her marriage with Dr. Campbell there

was one daughter, Jean. Dr. Campbell was a devout member of the Presbyterian Church, while in politics he was a Reformer. His name was enrolled in the membership of the Masonic fraternity and of the Odd Fellows.

FRANK R. CUMMER, music instructor and art collector at Aurora, York County, Ont., was born at Willow Dale, on Yonge street, York County, Oct. 24, 1858, son of Joshua and Angeline (Irwin) Cummer.

Jacob and Elizabeth (Fisher) Cummer, the grandparents of Frank R., were born in 1767 and 1775, respectively, and they came from Pennsylvania some time in the early part of the nineteenth century, and took up land on Yonge street, York County. At one time he owned 1,000 acres of land, which was later divided among his children, who were: Mary, born May 26, 1792; Betsey, in November, 1793; Daniel, in 1795; John, in March, 1797; Catherine, in 1798; David, in 1800; Jacob, in 1803; Joseph, in 1804; Sallie, May 28, 1806; Nancy, Aug. 16, 1808; Joshua, Sept. 19, 1810; Peter, Sept. 10, 1812; and Samuel, Dec. 8, 1815, all of whom lived and died in York County.

Joshua Cummer was born on Yonge street, Sept. 19, 1810, and his wife, Angeline Irwin, March 18, 1816. They were married in 1835. She was a daughter of Charles and Hannah (Penrose) Irwin, who came from Pennsylvania and settled near Toronto, where they became substantial farmers. Joshua Cummer settled as a farmer on Yonge street, on a farm left him by his thrifty father. He operated his land until 1876, when he retired and lived in Aurora until his death, in 1879, leaving his estimable wife, who still survives and resides with our subject. In religion they were Methodists. The children of Joshua Cummer and his wife were: Syrian, born in February, 1837, was reared on the homestead, but in young manhood removed to Owen Sound, where he built a grist mill and continued in the milling business until recently, when he retired; he married Rose Shaw, of Peterborough, and they have children. Rachel P., born Oct. 9, 1839, is the wife of Alfred Brunton, a farmer of Bruce County, Ont., and they have children. Eli, born in July, 1841, was a partner with his brother for some years near Owen Sound, but is now employed in a railroad office in Toronto; he married Susan Bishop, of Owen Sound, and they have five children. Elizabeth H., born Nov. 15, 1845, married Harrison Read, formerly a teacher in Markham village, now residing retired in Aurora, Ont.; they have three children—Charles, William and Maud (Mrs. Marks). Milton E., born Aug. 19, 1847, mar-

ried Miss Martha Gemby, of York County, and he and his wife live in Portage la Prairie, where he is a contractor and builder; they have two children—Arthur and Etta. Charles H., born in December, 1851, died in his prime on Feb. 1, 1889, one of the brilliant young men of his neighborhood. He was a graduate of Belleville College, where he took the gold medal, and for several terms was an instructor in the Bryant & Stratton Commercial College in Chicago, later was the editor of a newspaper at Merrill, Wisconsin, where he was engaged until a short time before his death, in 1889, when he came home on a visit. While on this visit he was seized with an illness from which he died. His untimely death was a great grief to his family and friends.

Frank R. Cummer was educated in the public schools of York County, where he completed his education. In 1878 he crossed the ocean to London and Hamburg, Germany, to study music, and entered the Leipsic Conservatory of Music, remaining there one and one-half years. Returning home he remained one and a half years, and then again went to Germany, remaining in Leipsic one and a half years in 1881-1882. Finishing his training in 1883 he travelled all through Europe, including Russia. In 1891 he visited Italy, Switzerland, and a number of other foreign countries, and in 1900 again crossed the ocean, going to Gibraltar, through Spain, Egypt, Palestine, Turkey, Greece and Italy, also taking in the Paris Exposition.

Since finishing his studies, while not traveling, Mr. Cummer has been an instructor in music in Toronto, and in 1885 he purchased real estate, and erected one of the finest modern brick houses in Aurora, equipped with hot water heat and every modern convenience. In 1901 he erected his picture gallery, which is connected with his home, Villa del Prado, and he owns one of the finest collections of photos and steel engravings in America, comprising upward of 1,000 pictures collected in Europe, Asia and Africa. Like his father he is a Reformer in politics.

JAMES HENRY LITTLE was born in Ireland in 1840, and died in 1880 at Parry Sound. His parents, William and Jane (West) Little, came to Canada, settling near Gloucester, where Mr. Little engaged in farming for a time. Later removing to Parry Sound, he continued in agricultural pursuits there until his death.

James Henry Little was educated at Gloucester, and his business life was largely spent at Parry Sound, where he had large lumber contracting and farming interests. He married

Miss Mary J. Clark, a daughter of James and Jane (Vance) Clark, natives of Ireland, who came to Canada about 1842-43, settling near Huntingdon, Quebec, where Mr. Clark carried on shoemaking and farming until his death. His widow survived until 1901. They had children as follows: Hannah, Oliver, Thomas, Mary J., Elizabeth, John, Margaret, Matilda, Sarah and Samuel.

James H. Little and his wife were the parents of the following children: Emily, deceased; Ida, the widow of Thomas McGown, who has children—Ella May, Etta, Ernest, Harry and Ida; Jennie; Gertrude, wife of George Smith, who has children—Conrad, Marion, Austin, Jennie, Olive and Meade; Ernest, deceased; Maude; and Etta, wife of Elmer Cook, of Michigan, who has one daughter, Jennie. The family are Presbyterians. In politics Mr. Little was a Conservative.

In 1905 Mrs. Little settled in Toronto, purchasing the home at No. 211 Bathurst street, where she has since resided. However, she still retains her home and farm property at Parry Sound.

ROBERT LOVE, who died in Toronto July 17, 1899, had been established there for nearly thirty years and was one of the foremost tailors in the city, having built up a splendid business reputation.

Mr. Love was born in Ayrshire, Scotland, in 1839, and was named after his father, who was born in that country and died there. He grew to manhood in his native shire, learned the tailors' trade, and going into business in Glasgow followed that occupation there until 1870. In that year Mr. Love left Scotland forever, to try his fortune in a distant land, crossing the ocean to Canada. He settled first at Hamilton and worked at tailoring there for a time, but as Toronto seemed to offer greater advantages he moved to that city and made it his permanent abode. He prospered in his business, for his work was always first-class, commanding the patronage of the best people of the city. Mr. Love at the time of his death was the owner of various residence properties in Toronto, including his home at No. 2 Sullivan street, where his widow still lives. He was fully identified with the business circles of the Queen City, for when he died he had been engaged in his own particular line longer than any other man in Toronto.

In 1864 Robert Love was married in Glasgow to Miss Mary Carmichael, daughter of Dougal Carmichael, who was a lifelong resident of his native Scotland. Two children survive Mr. Love, namely: Mary, born in Scot-

land, wife of R. Herbert King, and mother of five children—Fred, Edna M., Herbert W., Robert J., and Russell E.; and Robert B., of Toronto, who married Miss Nellie Abbott, and has two children—Robert C. and Helen. The late Robert Love was a consistent member of the Presbyterian Church, while in politics he was a Reformer.

CHARLES FULLER, a well-known resident of Toronto, who died in that city Jan. 27, 1894, was of English parentage, the son of Edward Ives and Mary E. (Barratt) Fuller, both of whom died in England. He was born Jan. 5, 1838, in Bath, a city one of whose claims to fame rests upon the fact that the great astronomer Herschel was at one time organist there in the Octagonal chapel.

Mr. Fuller attended school in England, receiving a good education, and on reaching manhood decided upon the profession of an artist, spending a considerable period in France in study and work. On returning to England he continued in his chosen line until 1862, after which time art was no longer his sole occupation. In that year he came to Canada to visit, and was so pleased that he decided to remain, his resolve being strengthened by the persuasions of his cousin, Thomas Fuller, the architect of the Parliament Buildings, and still more by the preferences of Miss Hirschfelder, to whom he had become engaged. On settling in Toronto, Mr. Fuller embarked in the book business in partnership with the late Dr. William Chewett, but the firm was later bought out by the Copp-Clark Company, Ltd., and Mr. Fuller became a member of that concern, acting as president thereof till his death.

On Dec. 30, 1864, Mr. Fuller was married to Miss Rosamond Hirschfelder, a native of Toronto, and a daughter of Prof. Myers Hirschfelder, who for forty years was professor of Oriental languages in the University of Toronto, and who died Aug. 24, 1902, aged eighty-three years. Mrs. Hirschfelder died Oct. 30, 1898, at the age of seventy-five years. Their children were: Fanny, who married Alfred Chapman, of Toronto; and Rosamond. To Mr. and Mrs. Fuller seven children were born: Charles Barratt, deceased in 1878; Mary, who married G. A. Newman, and has three children, Maitland, Helen and Hilda; Edward, manager of the Bank of Toronto, in Montreal, who married Miss Emily St. George Bates, and has two children, Naomi and Edward; George, of New York City; Miss Rosamond; Caroline, wife of William D'Espard, of Toronto, who has one daughter, Margaret; and Miss Janet Ada. The family are connected with the



L. W. Bunting

Church of England, in which Mr. Fuller was a communicant. He held membership in the Masonic fraternity, while his political ideas led him to support the Conservative party.

GEORGE DAVID CHESSELL, one of Toronto's well-known and highly esteemed citizens, passed away Oct. 14, 1900. Mr. Chessell was born in London, England, in 1851, son of Reuben Chessell, who died in that country, and he had been a resident of the city for thirty years.

Mr. Chessell came to Canada in 1870, locating in Toronto, where he engaged in painting and decorating for a matter of some eighteen years. He then became connected with the General Hospital, and was well-known to the surgeons of that institution. In Toronto, in 1882, Mr. Chessell and Miss Eliza Eleanor Wood were united in marriage. Mrs. Chessell was born in England, daughter of J. R. Wood, Sr., member of the firm of J. R. Wood & Son, market gardeners of Toronto, a full sketch of whom is to be found elsewhere. To Mr. and Mrs. Chessell were born a family of children, four of whom reached the ages of maturity, as follows: Harriet, the wife of Charles G. Phillips; Florence Eleanor; Charles Herbert; and William B.

Mr. Chessell was a consistent member of the Church of England, while his estimable widow is connected with the Baptist faith. He was socially prominent, holding membership in the C. O. F., and with the Sons of England. In politics he was a Reformer, and he took a great interest in the success of his party, although never caring to hold public office.

CHRISTOPHER W. BUNTING, who passed out of life Jan. 14, 1896, was practically a life-long resident of Toronto, and one of the most widely known men in the Province of Ontario. As managing director for many years of the *Mail and Empire*, a leading daily of Toronto, he was, through that medium, known to all as a man of most profound convictions on questions of public and private interest, and one, moreover, who had the courage of those convictions to an unusual degree. In his element as a leader of thought and moulder of enlightened opinion, he was nevertheless a practical business man, a genial social companion, a staunch friend and a model domestic man, combining the gifts which made him great among men with the graces which made him lovable among the companions of his daily labors as well as in social and domestic circles. In an article which appeared in the *Mail and Empire* the day of his death there was a paragraph which

strikes the keynote of his broad career and suggests the affectionate esteem and admiration which all who came in contact with him entertained for this remarkable character.

"The story of his life is the story of a man whose great business and financial ability, strong will power, and indomitable energy could not fail to make him a dominant influence in the community, while his many fine social qualities, his broad charity, his great kindness of heart, and unwearying sympathy endeared him to all with whom he came in contact. It is the story of a man of immense personal magnetism, who was built not to follow, but to lead, and to follow whom was a pride to those who worked under him. Few men have been able to gain the warm place in the hearts of their subordinates that he held—a position which neither time nor change could shake, but which grew ever firmer as the years passed by. There are hundreds of men living to-day who carry with them grateful and loving memories of kindnesses received at his hands, recollections of cheery words which came to them from him in gloomy days when kindness was most needed, or of deeds of generosity done, as it were, in the dark, and which will never be told. That is the tale of his life; it is written in letters of gold upon the hearts of men, and his memory will be cherished for many years as that of a manly, straightforward and whole-souled Christian gentleman."

Christopher W. Bunting was born Sept. 11, 1837, at Amigan, County Limerick, Ireland, and was a descendant of an ancient and honorable family in that county. His father, William Bunting, was a somewhat extensive landed proprietor. He died in 1840, only six years after his marriage, which was to Jane, daughter of Mr. George Roberts Crowe, of Limerick, who survived him some forty-five years, passing away June 20, 1885, at the home of her son, Christopher. She came to Canada in 1850, bringing her two children, Christopher and his sister, Wilhelmena, who died shortly after her mother, and they settled in Toronto, making a permanent home in that city. Mrs. Bunting was a woman of charitable character, and a zealous Christian worker, and for many years was an active member of the Metropolitan Church, in which congregation she was much beloved for her earnestness and goodness. She was widely known and highly esteemed among the Methodist workers in Toronto for her usefulness and benevolence. Through her Mr. Bunting was related to General Lord Roberts, formerly commander of the British forces in India, and later commander-in-chief of the army in Africa, and of the British army.

Christopher W. Bunting received an excellent foundation for his education in his native land, and after coming to Toronto continued his studies for some years, here attending the parish school of St. James, where St. James' Sunday school now stands. The printing business had been selected for him, so on leaving school he entered the *Globe* establishment, the office at that time being on King street, at about the present site of the Bank of Commerce. In his first work he displayed the same spirit which characterized his labors throughout life, entering upon his duties with an enthusiasm and zeal, which soon made him an expert compositor, the best one of the paper. His efficiency attracted the notice of his superiors, and he was rapidly promoted, for several years acting as foreman, in which position he gained the reputation of being the quickest and most accurate in the city. Perhaps the tactful good nature for which he was noted all his life assisted him as much as his practical knowledge in making his work as foreman run smoothly.

In 1866 Mr. Bunting left the *Globe* to take up commercial life. He was an accountant of unusual ability, and as such became connected with the firm of Boyd & Arthurs. His expert knowledge of bookkeeping soon led to his appointment as financial manager of the firm of John Smith & Co., wholesale grocers, who then had their warehouse on Front street, and the following year, 1867, he left them to become a member of the new firm of John Boyd & Co., wholesale grocers, who did a very large business for some years. The members were John Boyd, Alexander M. Munro and Christopher W. Bunting. In 1870 Mr. Munro withdrew from the partnership, followed in 1871 by Mr. Boyd, and their interest was purchased by Henry W. Bailey, an American, the firm of Bailey & Bunting continuing the wholesale grocery business for two years. Mr. Bailey had been interested in the importation of sugar, and in 1873 the firm went into the sugar business exclusively, transferring their headquarters to Clifton, Ont., as affording better shipping facilities. For the four succeeding years Mr. Bunting travelled extensively in the interests of the firm. In this experience, as in every other, Mr. Bunting was paving the way for success in the undertaking by which he is best remembered—his association with the *Mail* and the *Mail and Empire*. As foreman of the *Globe* he gained that practical acquaintance with the mechanical workings of a newspaper which enabled him afterward to direct that part of the work intelligently and to the best advantage. In the several years of his activity

as a business man he became well known for his ability as a financial manager, and made a name for unimpeachable integrity, also showing resources of judgment and enterprise which gave him a standing and confidence among commercial men to the end of his days.

Mr. Bunting's connection as managing director of the *Mail* dated from Nov. 22, 1877. It had been established six years previously, as the recognized organ of the Conservative party, and was conducted by Thomas C. Pattison, who as editor displayed marked ability. But its continued success demanded more capital than Mr. Pattison had at his command, and this was supplied by Mr. Bunting and Mr. John Rioridon. When he entered upon his new duties Mr. Bunting made the following announcement regarding the change: "It is nearly six years since the *Mail* was organized by a joint stock company, and during that time it has gradually acquired circulation and influence which render it second to no other newspaper in the Dominion. It is needless to say that this position has been attained only by large expenditure. The company not being in a position to continue the enterprise by the contribution of additional capital, circumstances have arisen which have necessitated a change in the proprietary. The property has been purchased by Mr. Christopher Bunting, under whose sole management and control the paper will for the future be published, and whose long experience in newspaper life, extending over a period of fifteen years, will, we trust, enable him to maintain and extend its efficiency in every department."

To the upbuilding and maintaining of this newspaper Mr. Bunting practically devoted the remainder of his life. He was public-spirited, especially in the matter of public improvements and education, and he advocated and upheld every improvement in that direction with his powerful pen and personal influence. All that is ideal in modern journalism he made his standard, aiming to have his journal not only a reliable newspaper, but one that would attract all by its impartiality, its fairness in every question, and its high moral tone, its acceptability in every respect. Though it was the recognized organ of the Conservative party Mr. Bunting aimed to be liberal and just on all questions, and reserved the right to be independent on the questions of the day, and though he did not spare criticism when he thought it necessary, he never failed in courtesy or became vituperative. He aimed at the truth, no matter which party received the benefit. As has been said, "He broke through the traditional theory of organship and lent

to political discussion a newer and better tone." One of the sorrows of his life was the difference which arose between him and his life-long friend, Sir John A. Macdonald, the Conservative chieftain, of whom he had long been a close associate and confidant. In 1885, when the Riel matter was receiving so much attention, he made a stand against the claim for immunity and maintained his ground to the end, in the face of much criticism from Sir John's supporters. He stood, as he had always stood, for truth, and he was deeply wounded at the allegation that his position was taken on account of personal resentment. The statement he had made some years before regarding the policy of the *Mail* held good then. "In politics as in other matters, the *Mail* has no interests to serve except its duty to the public. It has no favors to ask from friend or foe, and looks for its further success only to its own merits as a newspaper and to its honesty and ability as a leader of public opinion."

Mr. Bunting's ambition extended to every department. He inspired his staff with his own enthusiasm, and every employee felt a personal interest in doing his work to Mr. Bunting's satisfaction rather than merely doing what was assigned to him as so much necessary labor. Here, again, his kindly disposition and unfailing good nature won the esteem of all under his direction to the extent of increasing their efficiency to the utmost, whether it concerned the gathering of the news, or the mechanical working of the paper. Under such conditions success was inevitable. The old quarters were outgrown, and the necessity for the enlargement of the paper and the erection of a more commodious building was soon apparent. The first step taken was the purchase of the old building, which the paper had occupied, at the corner of King and Bay streets, together with a block of land in the rear, upon which the north end of the present building was at once erected. There the work of editing and printing was continued during the tearing down of the old building, and the completion of the new one. New equipment was added, and the *Mail* came out as an eight, twelve or sixteen page paper, as the demands of the day required it. It continued to grow in strength as well as in size, and, being started as a recognized power, won its right to that recognition by satisfying its patrons from every point of view. Mr. Bunting had fine impulses with regard to matters of history, morals and literature, which were apparent to all who followed his articles, and he set an example in this respect which many journalists might emulate with profit. His idea was not

only to keep his own paper up to the high-water mark, but also to elevate the standard of journalism generally, and that he accomplished much in this direction, his standing among those of his own profession fully attested. "His commanding abilities and fearlessness of character, not less than his uniform courtesy and kindness to all with whom he came in contact, had earned for him an almost measureless portion of friendship and affection. During a long and arduous career he had been enabled to make for himself a name for integrity, honor and liberality, which will long live in the hearts not only of the relatives whom he has left, but of all who had possessed the privilege of an acquaintance with him."

From 1878 to 1882, in addition to running the paper, Mr. Bunting was member for Wexford in the Dominion Parliament, where on account of his ability as a speaker he was foremost among the debaters of his party. His fluency of expression, his fine voice and commanding presence, gave him marked prominence among the speakers of that body. Moreover, he was a tireless worker, both for the interests of his party and the constituents whom he represented, and he never failed in his duty to either. He felt personally responsible for everything affecting the welfare of his district, and to such an extent did this responsibility weigh upon him that at the expiration of his term he retired from the public service gladly, feeling that his health could no longer stand the strain of his newspaper work and Parliamentary duties combined. Though he contested West Durham against Mr. Edward Blake in the general elections of 1882, none was more personally gratified at Mr. Blake's success, though for his party's sake Mr. Bunting, no doubt, felt some disappointment. During his service his experience in business life proved of great value. In an editorial published in the *Mail and Empire* on the day of his death, and which commented upon his services as "one of the founders and strong supporters of the Liberal-Conservative party, and one of the inspirers and framers of the policy which that party had carried out since 1878," appeared the following: "His usefulness as a public man was best known to his old chief and to those of the old Cabinet that framed the National Policy in 1879. His varied and intimate knowledge of business was of constant assistance on that occasion, and though, in the nature of things, that assistance was confidentially given and not known to the public, it was not unfelt nor unacknowledged by his leader. His political courage was of a high character, for though after his retirement in

1882 from the representation of Welland he was unwilling to burden himself again with the duties of a member of Parliament, yet when his party desired it, he went into the contest in West Durham against no less brilliant a rival than Mr. Blake, and very nearly succeeded in defeating him. Probably no one wished Mr. Blake joy of his success more heartily than Mr. Bunting, who was by no means desirous of success on his own account, though, naturally, he would have welcomed the gain for his party's sake." His comprehensive knowledge concerning many things which might properly have been considered out of his sphere was a constant source of wonder to his associates. For instance, in the great struggle on the Canadian Pacific Railway measure, in 1881, his intimate knowledge of railway plans and finances was of the greatest service, making the *Mail's* utterances authoritative, and his suggestions and assistance making the work of his staff much easier. In this as in other great matters, he worked unceasingly for the best good of the country, and his name in connection with any public enterprise carried deserved weight. Though his activity was greatest in national affairs, he considered local interests as equally important, and many a good measure owes its success to his support and encouragement. During his residence in Clifton he did all in his power to promote the welfare of the town, and was of special assistance in placing its financial affairs upon a solid basis. Many of the first improvements there owed their existence to his efforts. From the time of his connection with the *Mail*, he was prominent in municipal affairs in Toronto, and the city never had a more powerful advocate of non-partisanship in municipal government. He protected the right, regardless of party considerations, and was fearless and unswerving in the interest of the general good. His practical knowledge of municipal finances and wide information about civic affairs generally gave his opinions and suggestions more than ordinary weight, and his recognized honesty won him friends in every issue which he chose to champion. Being a keen observer, he had well founded ideas on the needs of the city, and was foremost in promoting such enterprises as he believed would work to its permanent good. He was one of the best friends of higher education Toronto had, taking particular interest in the University of Toronto, which in his opinion was the first among the national institutions. Though it has been under the control of a Liberal government for many years, Mr. Bunting allowed no considerations of party to affect his interest in or work for the university. He had very high ideas

about the value of a university education, and deemed no sacrifice which would contribute to the welfare of this institution as too great to make. The public school, the Normal, and in fact, all educational enterprises, had his hearty support. He was himself unusually well read, and a close student of literature, and his knowledge of Shakespeare was intimate. His taste and judgment in literary matters was exalted, but he was lenient in criticising the works of others. In his earlier days he was a prominent member of various literary societies, and an active worker in such organizations, in fact anything that tended to culture, to refinement, to elevating conditions generally received his earnest co-operation.

For over twenty years Mr. Bunting was a member of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society, for which he did more, perhaps, than any other one member, the high position which the organization has attained being due in a great measure to his efforts. The society has many opportunities for benevolent and charitable work, and these he extended and improved to the utmost. He gave freely of his time and money to promote the noble objects of the association, and found many occasions for the exercise of personal kindness and generosity, which he never neglected. It was seldom that he turned any applicant away, for he preferred to assist an occasional unworthy one, than to refuse a worthy person. During his term as president—1884-85 and 1885-86—he worked untiringly to aid Irish emigrants, especially to secure them suitable employment. However, this was not the only outlet for his benevolent and charitable impulses. His support was always given to all Christian enterprises and good works.

On Nov. 5, 1868, Mr. Bunting was united in marriage with Miss Mary Elizabeth, second daughter of J. E. Ellis, of Toronto, and she survived him, with five sons and one daughter, namely: Alice M., who married Dr. H. B. Yates, of Montreal; William H., a railroad contractor and builder at Savanne, Ont.; George E., of Toronto, who married Bessie B. French, of Buffalo, N.Y.; Christopher E., of Toronto; John R., of Yorkton, N.W.T., manager of the Bank of Toronto; Sidney C., an accountant in the Bank of British North America, at Toronto. Though for so many years a prominent figure in public life, Mr. Bunting was pre-eminently domestic in his tastes, and his devoted affection for his family was most marked. He was socially inclined, and made many purely personal friends, but his family was first, and nowhere was he more missed than in the home circle. Only those who knew him intimately

could have an adequate conception of what his presence in that home meant. His religious home was with the congregation of St. James' Cathedral, in the work of which he took an active part for many years. He was a member of the committee who conceived and carried out the renovation of the church several years before his death.

Mr. Bunting was a member of the Masonic fraternity from March, 1861, until his death. He was initiated in King Solomon's Lodge, Toronto, and was elected secretary of the lodge the same year. In 1862 he was made junior warden, and in 1863 became senior warden. Then for two years he was master of the lodge, with which he retained his connection until 1874. He was a member of the Grand Lodge from 1865 until 1880, during part of which time he was grand senior deacon, and he was active in Masonic affairs generally until about ten years before his decease. During his connection with the Grand Lodge his financial abilities were again called into play. At that time the Masonic body in Toronto had no regular system for the management of its finances, and Mr. Bunting was asked to suggest a method which would cover all the requirements of the case. The system he then inaugurated has been successfully followed ever since, and the speech he made in explanation, in presenting it to the fraternity, was so masterly that he was advised by eminent members of the Bar to qualify for the legal profession. In the construction of the Masonic Hall, on Toronto street, he was among the most active promoters.

Mr. Bunting passed away in his prime, when life apparently still had much in store for him. He was taken ill the September before his death, and after a couple of months' sickness here went south, on the advice of physicians, to Asheville, N.C., where for a time he seemed to be greatly benefited. However, no permanent good resulted, and his son, W. H. Bunting, brought him back in December. His death occurred a couple of weeks later at his home, No. 25 Queen's Park, in Toronto, closing a remarkable career at its height.

WILLIAM GIBSON, who died in Simeoe in 1871, was born in the township of Toronto, County of Wentworth, Ont., Jan. 27, 1831, son of William and Mary (Sinclair) Gibson. The father was born in Scotland Aug. 10, 1794, and coming to Canada settled in Hamilton, where in time he became a farmer. He was a stonecutter by trade, and had followed that occupation in his native country. His death occurred in Toronto, while his wife died in 1897, in Hamilton. She was born in 1809.

On reaching manhood William Gibson first engaged in farming in Toronto township, and later carried on the manufacture of lumber, his sawmill being located at Simeoe. He continued milling up to the time of his death. In 1853 he was united in marriage with Miss Elizabeth Milne, who was born in Markham township, York County, Dec. 25, 1830, daughter of Peter and Hannah (McKay) Milne, the former of whom was born on Long Island, New York, son of Alexander and Jane (Gibson) Milne, natives of Scotland, born in 1777 and 1774, respectively. Alexander and Jane (Gibson) Milne came from Scotland, and Mr. Milne engaged in blacksmithing. He removed from New York to York County, Ont., in 1815, as a United Empire Loyalist, and settled on the "Don," where he operated a woollen mill for some time, owned a great deal of land and ran a sawmill. There he died in 1883. His wife had passed away in 1844. Their children were: William, Helen, Peter, Eliza, Silas, David and James. Peter Milne, the father of Mrs. Gibson, settled in Markham township, York County, and engaged in the wool carding business. He was also a merchant of Markham village for some time, and later purchased 200 acres of land on the 8th Concession, Markham township. He died in Simeoe, Ont., in 1878. His wife was born in York County, and died in 1901. They had these children: Ellen, Mrs. Joseph Freeman, of Markham township; Jane, Mrs. Scott Bowman, who died leaving one child, Mrs. Valentine; Elizabeth, Mrs. Gibson; Hannah; and Peter.

To Mr. and Mrs. Gibson were born the following children: Helen (deceased), married J. K. McLennon, and had one daughter, Helen; Hannah is deceased; William, a lawyer in Chicago, married Mary Kimball, and his children are Elizabeth, Marion, Jane and Ruth; Jane died unmarried; Elizabeth Maude is a resident of Toronto; Peter is deceased; John is at home. Mr. Gibson was a Presbyterian. In politics he was a Reformer. He was a Mason and prominent in fraternal circles.

JOHN NICHOLS, a business man of Toronto, is of English birth and ancestry, and is a native of Devonshire, born in 1834, son of Philip Nichols.

When Mr. Nichols was a mere child his mother died, so that he was deprived of many of the home surroundings of the ordinary boy. But he was ambitious and made the most of his opportunities, receiving as good an education as was offered the children of that day. After working five years on a farm he began his apprenticeship in the manufacture of shoes at

the age of fifteen, and worked at that till he was twenty-three. By that time his attention had been called to the better openings offered in the New World, and selecting Toronto as his location he sailed for Canada in 1857. For the first few years he was employed by others, but in 1871 he started in business for himself on Yonge street, south of Gerrard. It was not long before he moved to his present location, Nos. 483½-485 Yonge street, although it was far from being then the business centre it has now become. It had always, however, attracted Mr. Nichols, for as early as June, 1857, soon after his arrival in Toronto, while walking in that direction with a friend, he remarked on its being a fine place for a home. The friend replied: "This place here! Why it will never be worth a dollar a foot!" a prophecy now disproved many times over. Mr. Nichols' business is both manufacturing and repairing, as he keeps three men continually at work in the latter department. In length of time he antedates every other shoe manufacturer at present doing business in the city.

John Nichols was united in matrimony to Miss Ann Lowe, who was born in Ireland in 1832, and came in 1846 to Canada with her parents, George and Jane (Mitchell) Lowe. They were farming people and lived at the Painted Post, Kingston road, Scarborough township, where Mr. Lowe died. Mrs. Lowe's death occurred in Toronto. Mrs. Nichols passed away in October, 1904, at the family residence, No. 339 Euclid avenue. She was a devout believer in the doctrines of the Anglican Church, of which denomination Mr. Nichols is also a member. Two sons and a daughter were born to John and Ann Nichols, Thomas, Alfred John, and Eliza Jane. Mr. Nichols is one of the well-known business men of Toronto, and is very highly esteemed, both in commercial and social circles. He has never been particularly active in politics, but is a strong adherent of the Conservative party. Fraternally he belongs to the I. O. O. F. and the A. O. U. W.

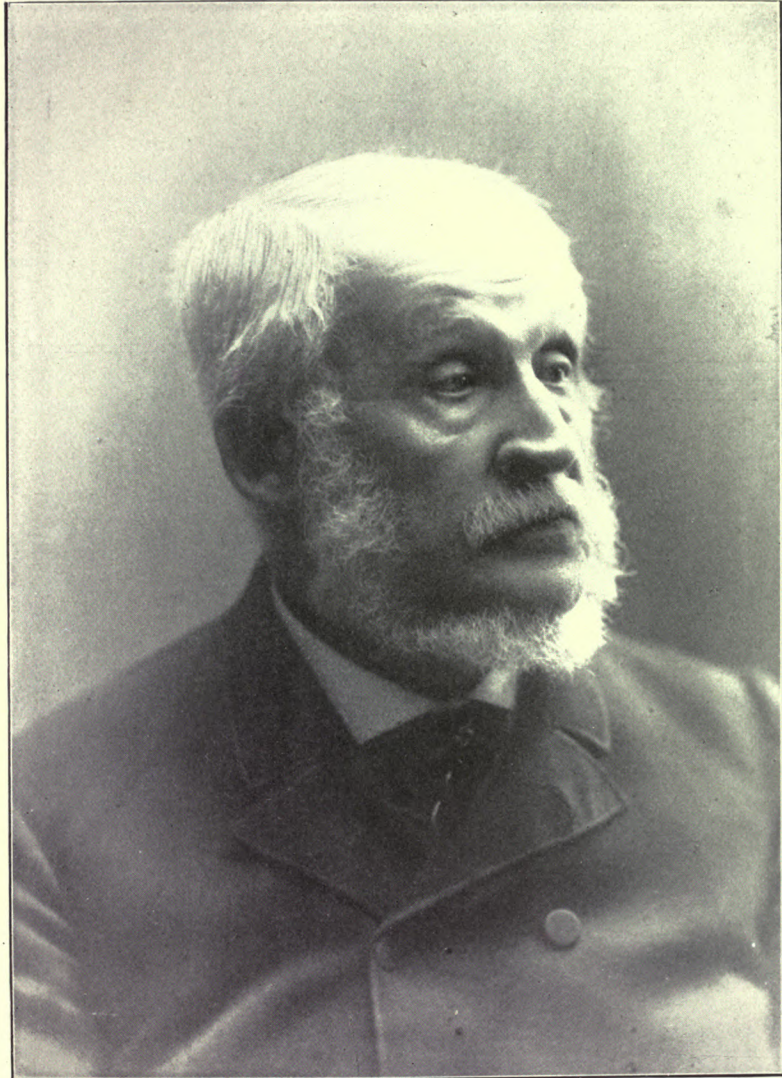
WILLIAM JAY, senior member of the well-known firm of William Jay & Son, florists, No. 42 Wells street, and until Jan. 10, 1907, also at No. 438 Spadina avenue, Toronto, has been a grower of flowers and choice plants in the city for more than twenty-five years, and is therefore numbered among the older members of that business. Mr. Jay is a native of Hereford, England, born Nov. 18, 1848, son of William and Mary Jay, farming people of England, in which country they both passed away.

In his native country Mr. Jay grew to man-

hood and there learned the work of a florist. In 1870 he came to Toronto, and one year thereafter engaged in the florist's business. In 1881 he laid the foundation of his present greenhouse on Wells street, and the original house still stands in a well preserved state, being in daily use. Something of an idea of the growth of Mr. Jay's business may be gained from the fact that his first greenhouse had but between 500 and 600 feet of glass, and that at present it covers about 7,000 square feet, many times the area of the first one. Mr. Jay's lot is 267 feet on Wells street and 223 feet deep. For some time Mr. Jay, in addition to his work as a florist, carried on a general jobbing and gardening business, in which he employed from ten to twelve men. Since 1882, however, he has given his entire attention to the growing of choice flowers and plants, and a trip through his greenhouse convinces the visitor that he is a natural florist. The heating and ventilating of the greenhouse are of the model style, and everything is in perfect order and scrupulously clean. The business is carried on under the name of William Jay & Son. In 1892 Mr. Jay opened his store at No. 438 Spadina avenue, where a choice display of flowers and plants was seen at all times, and where designs specially adapted to all occasions could be secured on short order. On Jan. 10, 1907, they decided to sell the Spadina avenue store, and they have since devoted all their time to the greenhouses and business on Wells street, which has been growing very fast, and they are finding all the business necessary to keep them very busy, and also to bring in a very profitable return for their labors.

In November, 1873, Mr. Jay and Miss Mary Jane Lowe were united in marriage. She was born in Ireland, daughter of George and Jane (Mitchell) Lowe. The only survivor of the children of Mr. and Mrs. Jay is William Charles Jay, junior member of the firm of William Jay & Son, who married Leone Emma Souter, of Buffalo, New York. Mr. Jay is a member of the Methodist Church. In politics he is a Reformer, and he is fraternally connected with the A. O. U. W. He is a member of the Gardeners' and Florists' Association of Toronto, of the Canadian Horticultural Society, and of the Electoral District Society of Toronto.

FRANCIS RICHARDSON, who departed this life at his residence, No. 198 Carlton street, Oct. 11, 1898, was for many years one of the well-known and most highly esteemed citizens of Toronto. He was born in Exeter, England, April 16, 1813, son of Francis Richardson, a



Francis Richardson

well-known barrister of that place. The latter had also two daughters: Elizabeth, deceased, who was the wife of Rev. Charles Worthy, a celebrated clergyman of the Church of England, of Western Super Mara; and Anne, who died unmarried at the age of eighty-three.

Mr. Richardson was educated in his native country, both in the arts and law, but not liking the legal profession he turned his attention to the drug business, which he followed for some years prior to coming to Canada. On reaching this country, in 1840, he settled in Toronto and continued to engage in the same business, locating in a store on King street east, near Yonge street, where he remained about fourteen years, when he retired from that line. For thirty years he was president of the Union Loan & Savings Company, of Toronto, in which he was a large stockholder, and the business of which was later merged into the Toronto Mortgage Company. In 1852 Mr. Richardson built his home at the northwest corner of Ontario and Carlton streets, which was the oldest residence property on the latter street, and has recently been torn down. There Mr. Richardson lived retired for some time before his death. He also owned much other real estate in Toronto, among his holdings being several fine dwellings.

Mr. Richardson was married Aug. 1, 1844, to Miss Harriet Otway, who was born in Plymouth, England, Jan. 2, 1825, daughter of the late Capt. Robert Otway, of the Royal Navy, the last of the naval officers to receive a land grant from the Crown. In 1840 Captain Otway and his wife, whose maiden name was Jane Seaton, came to Canada and settled on Davenport road, now one of the residential streets of Toronto. There the Captain led a retired life until his death in 1855, at the age of sixty-eight years. His widow survived until 1870.

To Mr. and Mrs. Richardson two daughters were born: Lily, the wife of George Shaw, a member of the faculty of the Toronto Collegiate Institute; and Helen, who married Walter F. Stewart, manager of the Western Lands Company, of Toronto, and has five children, Otway, Lawrence, Jack, Iris and Walter. Mrs. Richardson now makes her home with her daughter, at No. 482 Ontario street.

Mr. Richardson was a consistent member of the Church of England, and was instrumental in erecting St. Peter's Church in Toronto. He was a very benevolent man, ever ready to assist a worthy enterprise or institution, and was highly esteemed and respected. He was a Freemason, was the first grand master of

Ionic Lodge of Toronto, and had reached the Knight Templar degree.

THOMAS LANNIN, for many years one of the valued and esteemed residents of Toronto, was born in 1836, in Cork, Ireland, and died in Toronto Feb. 21, 1904. In 1842 he came to Canada with his mother, a widow, and after a few years' residence in Kingston came to Toronto, where he served out an apprenticeship in the printing office of the *Christian Guardian*, working as journeyman on that paper. He also worked on the first issue of the *Toronto Daily Globe*. For a time he was settled in Chicago, going from there to St. Louis, Missouri, and thence to Baton Rouge, Louisiana, at the time slavery existed in the South. Later he returned from the States and again found work in Toronto, on the *Mail*, afterwards on the *Sentinel*, which at that time was conducted by the late E. F. Clarke, M.P., a sketch of whom appears elsewhere.

In 1861 Mr. Lannin was united in marriage to Sarah Smith, who was born in 1839, in Toronto, a daughter of William P. and Sarah (Martin) Smith, early settlers of Toronto. The parents of Mrs. Lannin were born in England. Her father entered into a building business with a Mr. Jamison, but their plant was destroyed by fire, and after that Mr. Smith continued in business alone. He died in Toronto in 1876, aged seventy-six years. Mr. and Mrs. Lannin had four children born to them, as follows: Nathaniel P., of Bellevue, Kentucky; Thomas, of Indianapolis, Indiana; William, of Toronto; and a daughter, Laura. In politics Mr. Lannin was a Conservative. Fraternally he was an Orangeman, and he was a member also of the Printers' Union.

Mrs. Lannin, who with her daughter resides at No. 67 Huron street, Toronto, has seen many changes during her long life here, and as she is a most intelligent conversationalist her reminiscences of earlier days are both entertaining and instructive. She can recall when she attended the first public school in the place, and a private school which was taught by the Reeves sisters upon the present site of the City Hall. She well remembers when Sherbourne street, north of Queen, was all bush, and was known as Allen's bush, and also remembers when the one letter carrier came through the streets and received a penny for every letter delivered. Even when she settled in her present comfortable home there were no houses erected between her own and Grange avenue. She can recall also many interesting events concerning many of the old families of the city. An hour spent in her society in

her hospitable home is like reading an interesting page of local history.

ANGUS MACKAY, who passed away at his late residence, No. 12 Kensington avenue, Toronto, in February, 1903, was a well-known and highly esteemed citizen of that place. Mr. Mackay was born in Scotland in 1824, son of William and Janet (Gordon) Mackay, both of whom died in that country.

Angus Mackay received his education in the place of his nativity, and there married Elizabeth Gunn. About 1854 Mr. and Mrs. Mackay came to Canada, and three years later settled in Toronto, becoming engaged in business at the wharf with a Mr. Millay, with whom he was connected until the time of his death. Mr. Mackay was a resident of Toronto for forty-six years, and during this time made many warm friends. Mrs. Mackay, who was born in Scotland, died in Toronto about 1882, the mother of these children: Donald Gunn, a business man of New York City, New York, married Jeann Knowles, and has three children, David, Donald and Alma; Miss Elizabeth, of Toronto; Agnes Gordon, who married H. Hancock of the Toronto Lumber Company, and has four children—Gertrude, J. Gordon, Charles and Margaret; Miss Maria; and Jesse Gordon.

Mr. and Mrs. Mackay were members of Knox Presbyterian Church. In politics he was a Reformer.

WILLIAM BRIMACOMBE, a representative and influential citizen of York township, County of York, and a man widely known throughout his community, is held in high esteem by his acquaintances as a man of integrity and sound principles. Mr. Brimacombe was born in Devonshire, England, in February, 1863, son of William and Eliza (Andrews) Brimacombe, natives of that place, the former born in 1835, and the latter in 1838.

Mr. and Mrs. William Brimacombe came to Canada, via Quebec, in 1874, and settled as renters in York township, later purchasing land in the Bracondale district, where he engaged as a market gardener for the city of Toronto. Here he resided until his death in February, 1903. He and his wife were connected with the Methodist Church, in which he was an officer for many years, and one of the organizers of Zion Church. In politics Mr. Brimacombe was a Reformer. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Brimacombe, all of whom are living, are: Elizabeth, born in England, married E. J. Kibblewhite, of Alton, Ont., and has a family of three children; Mary J. is the wife of Richard McLean, of Toronto Junction; Matthew is

unmarried and a resident of Alberta; Eliza Ann is the wife of A. S. Burgess, who resides at Zion City, Illinois, being one of the deacons of the church, and has a family of five children; John is single and a resident of Alberta; P. M. is unmarried and resides in Toronto; George is also single and resides in Alberta; and William.

William Brimacombe's education, which was begun in England was finished in Toronto. When a young man he engaged in farming and gardening, and finally purchased the present home, where he erected buildings and cleared the land, starting a greenhouse gardening business. In 1893 he married Miss Maggie A. Dundass, born in Dorchester, County Middlesex, Ont., who for a time prior to her marriage was a teacher in the public schools of that section. She was the daughter of John N. Dundass, one of Middlesex county's old pioneers.

In religious belief Mr. Brimacombe is connected with the Methodist Church. In his political views he is a Reformer.

WILLIAM FEATHERSTONHAUGH, a well-known citizen of Ontario, died in Toronto in 1884. He was a native of the County of Durham, England, born in 1818, son of Henry and Marian (Cooke) Featherstonhaugh, the former a retired English gentleman. The parents both died in England.

William Featherstonhaugh was educated in England, and there engaged in business as a ship broker, in which business he continued until 1855. In that year he came to Canada, settling for a short time in Barrie, whence he went to Penetanguishene, where he was bursar in the Reformatory for a number of years. From the latter place he removed to Toronto, to accept a similar position in the Central Prison, remaining there until his death.

In 1848, in England, Mr. Featherstonhaugh married Miss Catherine Louisa Harle, a native of Newcastle, born in 1826, daughter of John and Catherine (Pollard) Harle. John Harle was also a ship broker in England, in which country he and his wife died. To Mr. Featherstonhaugh and his wife were born the following children: Louisa Jane (deceased), married Mr. Jack Beckwith, by whom she had one daughter, Edith, who married Wolfram Court and has two daughters, Louisa and Edith; Eleanor Harle married F. McKenzie Fraser; Kate married Major Peter Burnet, Enderby, B.C.; Marianne is at home; Rosina, the wife of E. A. Mumford, of Montreal, has one daughter, Helen; W. H. married Helen, daughter of Rev. G. Anderson, and has one daughter, E. L. (Pansy); John Edgar, of Toronto, married Helen

Maude Rowe, daughter of Mrs. H. Rowe, of Port Hope, and has five children, Edgar, Murray, Elsie, Dora and Jessie; Joseph James, of Buffalo, New York, married Minnie Guernsey, daughter of Major Guernsey, of Port Hope, a retired British officer, and has two children, Gilmour and Phyllis. The members of this family belong to the Church of England, in the faith of which Mr. Featherstonhaugh died.

RICHARD REED, one of Toronto's well-known business men, residing at No. 192 Jones avenue, is not only extensively engaged in gardening, but also carries on a large contracting and building business. Mr. Reed was born at Cullom, Berkshire, England, July 6, 1862, son of Richard, Sr., and Martha (Towerton) Reed, natives of the same country. Richard Reed, Sr., followed blacksmithing in his native land, and there died in 1864, his wife passing away in 1896. Their children were: Richard, Henry and William, all of Toronto.

Richard Reed was educated in England, and when twenty years of age came to Canada, founding the family in this country. After learning the brick-laying trade he engaged at that occupation for twelve years, at the end of which time he also took up gardening, which he has continued to the present time, having three large greenhouses with a glass area of 12,000 square feet. Here he raises all kinds of vegetables for the early market, and his greenhouses in midwinter look like a June garden. Mr. Reed has also engaged extensively in building residences for rent, and has now twelve such properties.

On March 3, 1887, Mr. Reed was married to Miss Alice Sheather, born in England Oct. 6, 1863, daughter of Thomas S. and Agnes (Hawkins) Sheather. To Mr. and Mrs. Reed have been born nine children, all in Toronto: Agnes, Charles, Martha, Louisa, Minnie, Richard and Lillie (twins), Violet and Albert. Mr. Reed and his family are Methodists. He is connected with the Orangemen, and is an active member of the Vegetable Gardeners' Association.

ROBERT MOORE died Jan. 10, 1879, at his home on Concession 2, of West York township, where he was born in 1829, son of William and Sarah (Harrison) Moore.

William Moore was born in Ireland, and came to Ontario when a young man, settling in York township, York County, when that country was all bush land. To get to his new home he was forced to cut a path through the woods, now the Forest Hill road, and after many years of labor succeeded in clearing up his 200 acres, which were located on Lot 1,

Concession 2. In his latter days he went to Yorkville, where he died in 1861. The children of William and Sarah Moore were: James, a farmer, deceased; Charles, who died, aged twenty-three years; William Andrew, deceased, a farmer of West York township; Dr. Joseph, who died in England; George, of Oakville; Ann, Mrs. James Duncan, deceased; Sarah Ann, Mrs. James Dobson; and Robert. All of these children were born on the home farm.

Robert Moore grew to manhood on the old farm, which he never left. He married in 1858 Miss Ann Heron, daughter of William and Hannah (Skeldon) Heron, whose other children were: Samuel, a farmer; George, a farmer; William, deceased, a farmer of Scarborough; John, a farmer of the same place; Christopher, who died young; Lucy, widow of Donald Stevenson, of East Toronto; Mary and Sarah, deceased; Jane, of Pickering, widow of Steven Westery; and Elizabeth, of Scarborough. Mr. Heron was a Methodist, and in politics connected with the Reform party.

George Skeldon, grandfather of Mrs. Moore, came to Toronto with his wife when there were three buildings erected in the city. He later settled in Scarborough and there died.

Mr. and Mrs. Moore had the following children: Horace Addison married Alice Brown, and lives in Montana; Edwin died, aged twenty-three years; Harvey Campbell, who lives in East Toronto, was educated in Toronto, and married Mary Fitzgerald; Herbert Harrison is a civil engineer at Calgary, N.W.T.; Arthur Heron, of East Toronto, married Emma Hyslop, and has five children—Garrett, Charles, Percy, Victor and Winnie; Frank Aldred is an engineer at Deer Park; Ida Helen is the wife of Arthur Stanton, of Yorkville, and has one son—Robert Moore; Miss Anna Hope is at home. The family are members of the Presbyterian Church. In politics they are Reformers.

SAMUEL SMITH McDONELL, who died in Toronto in November, 1903, was born in that city in 1838, and was a member of a family long identified with Western Ontario.

Mr. McDonell was a son of James and Margaret Leah (Smith) McDonell, both of whom were born in Toronto, the former a son of the Hon. Alexander Macdonell, a native of Scotland. Margaret Leah (Smith) McDonell was a daughter of the Hon. Samuel Smith. James McDonell was in the civil service for many years and his death took place in Toronto.

Samuel Smith McDonell was educated at Upper Canada College, and spent his whole life in the city of Toronto, where he was well-known

and highly esteemed. In politics he supported the Conservative party. He was a member of the Church of England.

In 1872, Samuel S. McDonell was married to Miss Jane Fisher, born at Port Hope, Ont., in 1848, daughter of Alexander and Mary (Brogdin) Fisher, and a granddaughter of John Fisher, a native of Scotland. To this union were born the following children: Florence Mary is the wife of James William Bain, barrister at law, and has one daughter, Margaret; Leila Isabella; and James Arthur Edward. The family is well-known and very highly esteemed.

JOHN THOMAS GURNETT, well-known throughout the Dominion as a travelling salesman, died in Toronto in 1886. His birth occurred in London, England, in 1826, and he was a son of John Gurnett, who died in England.

John Thomas Gurnett came to Canada when about fourteen years of age, and on reaching his majority engaged in the tannery and leather business in the County of York, owning his own tanneries. After continuing in this business for many years, Mr. Gurnett closed out his business, and for some years prior to his death engaged as a commercial salesman in Canada, for a New York firm, and in this he was very successful.

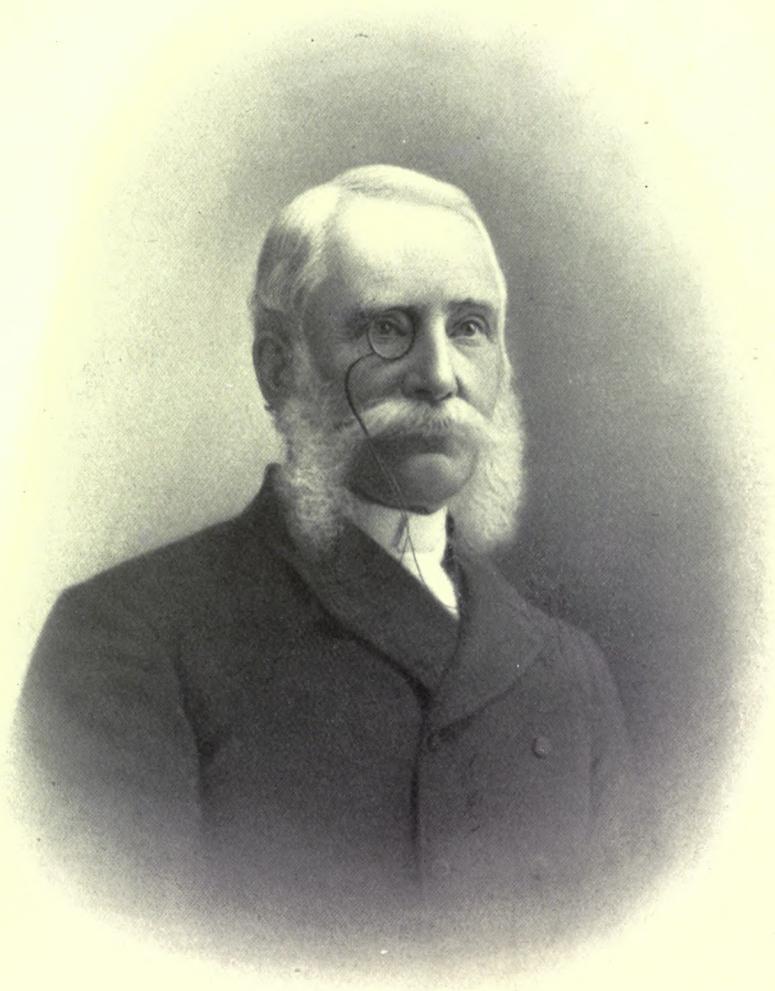
In 1870 Mr. Gurnett married Miss Jane Phepoe Colles, born in Dublin, Ireland, in 1849, daughter of Sir William and Jane (Phepoe) Colles, the latter a daughter of the Hon. Thomas Phepoe (a son of Baron Skreen, a son of Lord Skreen), who died in Ireland. Sir William Colles was born March 30, 1803, son of Richard Colles, Esq., a Dublin barrister, and first cousin of Abraham Colles, the celebrated surgeon of Stephens Green, Dublin. In 1835, while seneschal of the manor of Malahide, and Judge of the Malahide minor courts, the most extensive judicial jurisdiction in Ireland, Mr. Colles was knighted by His Excellency Constantine Phipps, Earl Mulgrave and Lord Lieutenant of Ireland. As Sir William omitted to register his knighthood, it was omitted from the titles of the Irish peerage list. In 1859 Sir William came to Canada, for a time residing in Toronto, when he purchased a large amount of land near Durham, County Grey, Ont., and there resided until 1873, when he settled in Blythe, engaged in the practice of law, and there continued until his death in 1879. His wife, Jane Phepoe, was a great-great-granddaughter of General Gillespie, commander of the English forces in India for some time, who was killed while scaling the walls of Calcutta. To Sir William Colles and his wife were born

the following children: Thomas; Wilhelmina; William Henry George, now high school inspector for the County of Kent, Ont.; Beresford; Bessie; Edward Gillespie Taylor, of Chicago; and Jane Phepoe (now Mrs. Gurnett).

To Mr. and Mrs. Gurnett the following children have been born: John James, sergeant-major instructor of gunning, in Shoeburyness, England; Ernest C., who twice served in South Africa in the Boer war; Ray Helen, stenographer and private secretary; Rosa Eleanor, now wife of Henry Gledhill, of Toronto, and mother of one daughter—Verna; Arthur Reginald; Eva Constance; Mabel Eugenia; Hilda Henderson; Frank Manly, who died when seventeen years old; Florence May, deceased; and one child who died in infancy. Mr. Gurnett was a member of the Methodist Church, while his family attend the Church of England. He was connected with Wilson Lodge, the Royal Arch Masons, King Solomon Chapter, and the I.O.O.F.

THOMAS WOODS, who died in Toronto in 1898, was a native of the Emerald Isle, born in 1845, son of William and Anne Woods, the former of whom died in Ireland, but the latter is now living in Toronto, whither she had come after her husband's death.

Thomas Woods was educated in Ireland and came to Toronto about 1875, engaging with a well-known business firm of the city, with whom he continued for a number of years, and then engaged in the fancy goods business which was founded and carried on by the lady who became his wife. Mr. Woods married Miss Emma L. Jessop, born in Queen's County, Ireland, daughter of A. Penrose Jessop, a gentleman farmer and large estate owner in Ireland, where he and his wife both died. Shortly after locating in Toronto Miss Jessop (now Mrs. Woods) embarked in the fancy goods business on Queen street, and in this she was engaged at the time of her marriage. She continued for a number of years thereafter, Mr. Woods joining her in the business after their marriage. Mrs. Woods is one of the few ladies of the city who have been successful in a business founded and carried on by themselves alone, and she continued in business for about twenty years. Recently she sold her property on Wright avenue, and purchased her home at No. 306 Willoughby avenue, Toronto Junction. To Mr. and Mrs. Woods were born four children, of whom the only son, Frederick William, was drowned at the age of nineteen years while a student at the University; and three daughters, the Misses A., G. and I. Woods. Mr.



A. Merckau Howard

Woods was a member of the Church of England. His political affiliations were with the Conservative party.

GEORGE BAILEY, now living retired at No. 207 Close avenue, Toronto, comes of a family long identified with Canada. Many years ago Mr. Bailey's great grandfather came from England to America, locating in New Brunswick as an United Empire Loyalist, leaving valuable property rather than come under American rule. There he and his son, our subject's grandfather, died. A son of the latter, George Bailey, Sr., was born in St. John, N.B., in 1790, and in 1837 settled on Concession 12, Nissouri township, County Oxford, where he cleared 200 acres of land from the bush, and spent the remainder of his life in Ingersoll, that county. His wife was Ann Sharp, also of United Empire Loyalist extraction, and she died in 1877, Mr. Bailey passing away in 1866.

George Bailey was born at St. John, N.B., and his entire business life was spent in the County of Oxford, he having been a well-known business man in Ingersoll for thirty years. About 1888 Mr. Bailey retired from business life, and settled in Toronto, where he has since resided. Charles L. Bailey, manager for William Jessop & Sons, Limited, of Toronto, is a son of our subject. George Bailey was married in 1852 to Miss Sydney Sabina Leonard, born in the North of Ireland. They are members of the Methodist Church. Although his father was a Conservative, Mr. Bailey adheres to the principles of the Reform party, and is staunch in its support.

AUSTIN BROWN was for many years a highly esteemed citizen of the Queen City, where he died in 1892. Mr. Brown was born in England in 1818, son of William and Jane (Gillingham) Brown, both of whom died in the old country.

Mr. Brown grew to manhood in his native country, and was there educated. In 1842 he came to Canada, and settled in Toronto, where for many years he served in the capacity of bookkeeper. Later he engaged in a grocery business on Yonge street, but on account of ill-health retired therefrom and entered the cab business. His health continuing poor, he was forced to suspend business and to pass the remainder of his life retired from active work. In 1868 he purchased the homestead at No. 9 Soho street, which house is now over one hundred years old, and built extensively on the surrounding property. He was married in Toronto in 1847 to Miss Eliza Farley, born in 1825, in England, daughter of George and Anne

(Bray) Farley, natives of England, who came to Toronto in 1837. Here Mr. Farley lived until his death, his widow also passing away in the Queen City. Their children were: George; John, of Newburgh; Mrs. Brown; Arthur, who died in 1904 in Toronto, was an old business man of the city; James, of Birch avenue, North Toronto; Thomas, of Chatham; and Phoebe (Mrs. William Mincker). Mr. and Mrs. Farley were Methodists.

Mr. and Mrs. Brown had these children: Eliza Ann, wife of C. R. S. Dinnick, contractor and builder, at Toronto; Joseph, of Petrolea; William George, of Toronto; Seviah Jane; Phoebe, wife of Henry Job; Emma Gertrude; and Arthur B., of Toronto. Mr. Brown was a member of the Methodist Church. In politics he was a Conservative. William George and Arthur B. Brown are extensive real estate owners in Toronto, their property being largely in houses, of which they own over one hundred and thirty.

ALLAN MACLEAN HOWARD, clerk of the First Division Court of the County of York, belongs to a family identified with Canada's history since an early day, but unlike many of the pioneers the Howards have carefully preserved family records, and can trace the line back to the days of the French Huguenots, while on the maternal side Mr. Howard is of Highland Scotch ancestry.

(I.) Nicola Huart (the original form of the name), the first of the family of whom there is accurate knowledge, was the great-great-grandfather of Allan MacLean Howard. This Nicola was born in Lower Normandy, France, but in childhood was sent by his father with his mother and sister to Holland, to avoid trouble after the Edict of Nantes was revoked. From Holland they went to England, where they were joined by the father, and the re-united family crossed to Ireland. There the son in time became a silk manufacturer, but was eventually compelled to abandon his business because of English hostility to such work in Ireland. He continued to live in that country, however, until his death.

(II.) James Scott Howard, son of Nicola, was born in Bandon, County Cork, and there engaged in business. He married a Miss Scott, also a native of Ireland. Both died in Bandon and were buried in the Killbrogan churchyard, County Cork. They were the parents of four children, namely: John, who died in the United States; James Scott, Jr.; and two daughters.

(III.) James Scott Howard, Jr., was born in Ireland in 1798. At the age of twenty-one he

accompanied Chief Justice Sullivan to Canada and at first settled at Fredericton, where he met Miss Salome MacLean, who afterwards became his wife. Later in that same year, 1819, he removed to Little York, now Toronto, and took an official position under the Hon. William Allan. In 1828 he became postmaster and held the office till 1837, Hon. Mr. Allan then giving him his choice of several positions. He was removed through political trickery. He then moved to Oakville, County of Halton, but afterwards removed to Burford. Then he received from Sir Francis Hincks the appointment as treasurer of the Old Home District in the Counties of York, Ontario, Simcoe and Wellington, in 1842, holding the office until his death, in 1866. His first wife was Miss Salome MacLean, whom he married in 1823 in Fredericton, in which city she was born in 1796; she died in Toronto in 1858. Both belonged to the Church of England. They had two children, Prudence Eliza and Allan MacLean.

On the maternal side A. MacLean Howard comes of United Empire Loyalist stock. His grandfather, Capt. Archibald MacLean, was an officer descended in the ninth generation from Robert Bruce. He was born in 1753, in Scotland, son of Hector MacLean, of Torren. During the American Rebellion of 1776 he was a captain of a New York Loyalist Volunteer Corps, serving from 1775 to 1783, and holding a commission dated 1776. He was a distinguished soldier, who displayed special bravery at the battle of Entaw Springs, South Carolina, where he was wounded. During the war of 1812 he again was in active service and was staff adjutant. In civil life he distinguished himself also, and for twenty-one years represented New Brunswick in Parliament. He married Miss Salome French, daughter of Captain French, of Delaney's 2nd Battalion.

(IV.) Allan MacLean Howard was born in the family residence in Richmond street, Toronto, May 7, 1825, and educated in the old home district grammar school. He spent some time in his father's office. In May, 1854, he received the appointment of clerk of the First Division Court of the County of York, which he still holds. Mr. Howard married, in 1851, Miss Wilhelmina McDonald, daughter of Donald and Elizabeth (McKay) McDonald, who was born in Edinburgh in 1831. The family came to Canada about 1837. Mrs. Allan MacLean Howard has always been connected with the Church of England, in which Mr. Howard has always taken an active part. He also belongs to the U. E. Loyalist Society.

Mr. Howard has five children living: Allan MacLean Howard, Jr., who is deputy clerk

under his father; Rev. James Scott Howard, rector of church at Newcastle; Donald M. Howard, who took a degree in law at Trinity College, Toronto, but left the Bar, being appointed inspector of Royal North-West Mounted Police, was a captain of Royal Grenadiers, in the North-West Rebellion, 1885, went to South Africa with the Stratheona Horse, received the appointment of major, and now holds the position of inspector Royal North-West Mounted Police, at Herschel Island, within the Arctic Circle (his report to Parliament, to be found under Supplementary Report of the Royal North-West Mounted Police, 1905, contains valuable information concerning the Mackenzie river district); Elizabeth Salome and Lucy Mande are at home.

THOMAS ROBINSON, who died April 23, 1898, in Emily, Ont., was born there in 1844, son of Robert and Elizabeth (Humphrey) Robinson, natives of County Leitrim, Ireland, who came to Canada in 1833, settling first in Toronto, where they were residing during the Rebellion of 1837-8, and later removing to Emily, County Victoria, where they lived until their death. They had seven children: Mary, Thomas, William, Susan, Letitia, Robert and Ann Elizabeth. In politics the father was a Conservative, and in religion a member of the Church of England.

Thomas Robinson was educated at Emily, and engaged at farming on the old home place for some time. He later purchased another place, and at his death left 300 acres. Mr. Robinson was a member of the school board for ten or twelve years. In 1869 he married Rachel Corneil, born in Ops township, Victoria County, daughter of Charles and Elizabeth (Thornton) Corneil, natives of Ireland. The former was born in 1807 in County Limerick, and died in 1881, and his wife, born in County Cavan in 1817, died in 1854. He was a son of Samuel Corneil, who founded the family in Canada, settling in Peterborough, where he died. Charles and Elizabeth Corneil had children as follows: Samuel, Eliza, Sarah, Mary, William, Susan, Rachel, David H., Maggie and Adeline. He was a member of the English Church.

Mr. and Mrs. Robinson had children as follows: Elizabeth, the wife of John Heyden, of Minnesota, U.S.A.; Charles R., of Toronto, who married Ada Wensley; Lottie, and Percy T., of Toronto. Mr. Robinson was a Methodist. In politics he was connected with the Conservative party, and his social relations were with the Chosen Friends.

EDWARD PEARSON, for many years a retired citizen of Weston, where he died in 1884, was born in Yorkshire, England, in 1807. He grew to manhood in his native place, and there received his education. At an early date he came to Canada, and, settling on a farm near Brampton, operated there for a number of years. He then retired from active work, and became a resident of Weston, where he continued to live until his death.

Mr. Pearson married Mrs. McMahon, widow of Thomas McMahon, and a native of England. Mrs. Pearson came to Canada about 1865, and here she has lived ever since with the exception of a short time spent in England. Mr. Thomas McMahon, to whom Mrs. Pearson was first married, left one son, Frank, of Toronto.

In 1884, after the death of her second husband, Mrs. Pearson settled in Toronto, and here she has made her home ever since, being located at No. 414 Brunswick Avenue.

THOMAS COLE, whose death occurred in Toronto, Aug. 24, 1891, was born in Devonshire, England, in 1825, son of Thomas and Elizabeth Cole, natives of England, who came to Canada in 1833, settling in County Peel, Ont., where the elder Cole farmed until his death.

Thomas Cole, our subject, grew to manhood in County Peel, and there engaged in farming until 1889, in which year he retired from active work and removed to Toronto, purchasing a home at No. 176 Crawford street, where he passed the remainder of his days.

In 1851 Mr. Cole married Miss Elizabeth Bland, daughter of John and Ann (Walker) Bland, natives of York, England, who came to Canada in 1833, settling in County Peel. These good people at one time owned nearly 500 acres of fine farm land, and there both died. Their children were: Elizabeth, Mrs. Cole; Anna Isabella, who married William Wiley (a farmer of County Peel, who died in 1890), and they had seven children, John, Maria, Isabelle, Newman, William H., George and Albert; Mrs. Wiley, who was born in England, and now resides in Toronto with Mrs. Cole; and John, Thomas Walker, and George, all deceased.

To Mr. and Mrs. Cole were born children as follows: John, deceased; Ann Judith, wife of Joseph Nattress; Elizabeth, widow of John Webster; Thomas W., a merchant of Toronto; Isabella, wife of George Train; and Thomas, on the old farm. Mr. Cole was a consistent member of the Church of England, and his ballot was cast in support of the Conservative party.

PATRICK HYNES, of No. 181 Wilton avenue, Toronto, is one of the oldest residents of that city, where he has lived since 1831, watching it grow to its present proportions, and doing his part in its development and government. He was born in County Tipperary, Ireland, May 1, 1830, son of Patrick and Frances (Bergin) Hynes.

Patrick Hynes, Sr., was born in King's County, Ireland, in 1798, son of Edward Hynes, a high school teacher, who died in the old country. Patrick was the only one of the family to go to America, and he immigrated to Canada in 1831, accompanied by his wife and three children. Mrs. Frances Hynes was a daughter of Darby Bergin, an extensive farmer in Ireland, where he died. After reaching Canada Mr. Hynes first located in Cornwall, but soon removed to Toronto, and engaged in contracting and plastering, a business which he pursued until his death, in 1857. Mrs. Hynes died in Toronto in 1874, the mother of five children, as follows: Michael, deceased, who with his two brothers William and Patrick formed the contracting firm of Hynes Bros.; William, deceased; Patrick; and Mary and Catherine, who were both born in Toronto and died unmarried. The family have all been Roman Catholics, and in political sentiment Mr. Hynes was a Conservative.

Patrick Hynes grew up in Toronto, attending first a private school and later St. Michael's College, Clover Hill, Toronto. After finishing his education he learned his father's business of decorative plastering, and in 1847 he and his elder brothers formed the firm of Hynes Brothers, which continued to exist for about forty years. Under the same firm name the brothers also conducted a boot and shoe store in Toronto, which proved to be a successful enterprise. They were best known, however, for their work in decorative plastering, specimens of which can be seen in Osgoode Hall, the Customs House, the old Court House on Adelaide street, and other buildings of similar character. To the work in Osgoode Hall in particular a high tribute was paid by the late Judge Haggarty, when he said: "After a visit to Italy and other places noted for their art treasures, I have seen nothing finer than the elaborate plaster work in Osgoode Hall." All the figures and enrichments used in these buildings were specially modeled from drawings by Architects Cumberland, Storm and Windier, by this firm.

A Conservative in his views, Mr. Hynes was always actively interested in municipal politics, and in 1863 was elected alderman from St. David's Ward, holding that position for ten

years, until he resigned. The following year, under the newly established civil service, he was appointed to a responsible position in the post office department and held it until he was superannuated, in 1889. He was captain of Company No. 6, Reserve Militia, of Toronto. He is a Roman Catholic in his religious belief and has been a member of St. Vincent de Paul Society for fifty-two years, and has been assistant secretary and agent of the St. Vincent de Paul Children's Aid Society of Toronto for the last twelve years. Mr. Hynes' residence is at No. 181 Wilton avenue, a home which he built in 1864. In all his various relations in life Mr. Hynes has made his strong personality felt, and now in his latter years he is as highly respected as he is widely known. On Sept. 11, 1906, he was appointed a Justice of the Peace for the County of York.

In 1861 was solemnized the union of Patrick Hynes and Ellen Augusta Spilling, daughter of Cornelius and Annie (Skelley) Spilling. Three children were born to them, namely: Ellen Augusta, who died when one year old; Michael Edward, in the post office, who married Miss Helena Knox, and had five children, Augusta, Celia, Irene, Lillie and Percy; and William Albert, also in the post office, who married Miss Mary Lee, and had six children, Lillian, Albert, William, Mildred, Francis and Frederick. Mrs. Ellen A. Hynes died in 1868, and in 1870 Mr. Hynes married (second) Catherine Jane Kingsley, who was born in Ireland, daughter of William and Ellen (Minehan) Kingsley. By this second marriage there were seven children, as follows: Kate Frances, who married Vincent A. Russell and has four children; Charles Patrick, an ornamental plasterer in New York City; Frank Kingsley, in the wholesale millinery business in New York, who married Miss Jessie Fox; Florence, married to Mathew Sheedy; Aileen; Mary Nora, deceased; and Thomas William, an electrician.

EDWARD I. JOHNSON, who may well be named as one of the prosperous citizens of York township, is engaged in market gardening on St. Clair avenue, Bracondale. He was born in 1838, in Yorkshire, England, son of Edward and Jane Johnson, natives of that shire.

Edward Johnson came to Long Island, New York, being employed in the Brooklyn Navy Yard as a blacksmith, owning a home in the city, where he lived until his death in 1867. His wife died when Edward I. Johnson was but four years old, and the latter was taken to England by his father, and there educated. When a young man he came to Canada, settling in Toronto, then a small country town. In his

native country Mr. Johnson had learned the machinist's trade, and on locating in Toronto he worked in the locomotive shops of the Grand Trunk Railway for fourteen years, at the end of which time he purchased real estate on the west end of Claremont street, which he sold in 1885 to buy land in Bracondale, where he erected a home and engaged in the market gardening business. This he has followed to the present time with great success.

In 1873 Mr. Johnson was married to Miss Rebecca McIntyre, of Toronto, daughter of James and Mary McIntyre, one of the Queen City's early families and natives of Ireland. To Mr. and Mrs. Johnson were born four children, two of whom died in childhood, while William Johnson, born in Toronto, resides at the home, and Miss Bertha, also born in Toronto, holds a position in that city. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson are members of the Catholic Church, although Mr. Johnson's parents were of the English faith. He has always supported the Conservative party.

JOHN REED, who died in Toronto in 1901, after a long and useful life, was an estimable citizen and a much respected man. He was born in the south of Ireland in 1829, son of Gabriel and Elizabeth Reed, who, in 1832, settled in Little York (Toronto), where Mr. Reed followed the occupation of a sawyer until his death. He and his wife had five children: Jane, deceased; John; Charles, of Toronto; Elizabeth, deceased; Maria.

John Reed was but three years of age when the family settled in Toronto. Here he grew to manhood, receiving his education in the public schools, and learned the trade of painter and decorator, a business which he followed for some time in the Queen City. Mr. Reed then removed to Chicago, and there the next twenty years of his life were spent, at the end of which time he returned to Toronto, and continued to reside there until his death. In business circles Mr. Reed was regarded as a man of good judgment and clear insight, while as a citizen and as a neighbor he was held in high esteem. In politics he was an active Conservative. For a number of years he served in the Toronto city council.

Mr. Reed was married in Toronto, in 1853, to Miss Matilda Watson, born in Toronto in 1831, daughter of Richard and Elizabeth (Carter) Watson, natives of England. In 1807 Mr. and Mrs. Watson settled in New York City, whence they came in 1819 to Muddy York (Toronto), and here Mr. Watson followed the carpentering business until his death in 1854, his widow surviving him until 1869. On Mr. Wat-

son's arrival in Canada, Toronto was but a hamlet, but he lived to see it grow into a hustling, wide-awake city of many thousands. He and his wife were the parents of these children: Henry, deceased; Mary Ann, who died aged ninety-two years; Richard; George; Elizabeth; Charlotte; Susan; Mrs. Reed; and William.

Mr. and Mrs. John Reed were the parents of children as follows: Matilda, who married H. J. Brown, of Toronto, son of the late Thomas Brown (sketch elsewhere), and seven children were born to them, namely: Harry R. (deceased), Frank, Edgar, Elsie, Gertrude, Percy and Jack Howard; Jane Ann, who married William Alexander Medland, of England, and has four children—William, Ross, Alice, and Gordon; and Frank Emerson, of Chicago, who married Mary Wies, and has three children, Madeline, Gordon and Lawrence. Mr. Reed was a member of the Church of England, and to the faith of this church Mrs. Reed also adheres.

MOSES SEYMOUR McCRAANEY, late of Toronto, was born in the County of Halton, Ont., Feb. 5, 1832, a member of a pioneer family of that county. The farm upon which the founder of the family in Canada, William McCraney, Sr., settled, is now owned by the widow of Moses S. McCraney.

William McCraney, Sr., the grandfather of Moses S. McCraney, came from New Jersey in 1800, settling at Grand River, Ont., where he remained for two or three years before locating in the County of Halton, in Trafalgar township. Here he cleared a farm from the bush, and followed his trade of blacksmithing. Mr. and Mrs. McCraney died on the farm, leaving children as follows: William, George, Eunice, Christine and Hiram. Hiram McCraney had two sons, both of whom were members of Parliament, William of the Dominion House, and Daniel of the local house.

William McCraney, the second son of William McCraney, Sr., was for many years a merchant at Cayuga, where he also engaged in the lumber business. He died in 1847 at Cayuga, and after his death his widow moved to County Halton, where she died in 1900. They had children as follows: Moses Seymour; James, of County Halton; George, deceased; Philip; Ellen, Mrs. William Carter; and Eunice, Mrs. Ruddell. The parents were members of the Methodist Church. In politics the father was a Reformer.

Moses Seymour McCraney grew to maturity in his native place and began his business life at Bronte, where for a few years he was engaged in the grain business. After six years he removed to Oakville, where he remained eigh-

teen years, and then located in Toronto, embarking in the coal business, in which he continued until a short time prior to his death. It was Mr. McCraney who invented the coal dump cart, now so extensively used in Toronto, and he had partially arranged for the manufacture of these carts at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, at the time of his death. Mr. McCraney's whole-souled nature may be judged from his disposition of the old farm in Halton County, which came to him, he being the eldest son of his father. While the law gave him the land Mr. McCraney felt that his brothers and sisters were duly entitled to their proportion of the estate, and he therefore divided it among them, a most honorable thing to do.

In 1858 Mr. Moses S. McCraney and Miss Sarah Thompson were united in marriage. Mrs. McCraney was born in County Halton, in 1832, daughter of James and Catherine (Triller) Thompson, the former of whom was born in Roscommon, Ireland, in 1798. In 1819 Mr. Thompson came to Canada, settling in County Halton, where he embarked in the flour and saw-mill business, continuing same until 1843. He died in 1845. His wife was born in New Jersey in 1798, daughter of Philip and Catherine Triller, who came to Canada in 1805, locating first at Grimsby; about two years later they settled in Nelson township, County Halton, where Mr. Triller cleared up a farm from the bush. When Philip Triller settled in County Halton his nearest neighbor was nine miles distant, and the next one was eleven miles away. Catherine (Triller) Thompson, the mother of Mrs. McCraney, was the first woman married in County Halton, and her niece, Mary Howell, was the first white child born in the county. The children of Philip and Catherine Triller were: William, Philip, Jacob, Joseph, John, Mary, Elizabeth, Annie, Catherine and Sarah. The father of this family died in 1822, while the mother survived until 1847. James and Catherine (Triller) Thompson had the following children: Joseph, deceased; Edward; Marshall; Elizabeth; Adorah, Mrs. James McWayne; Elecia, who married Philip Triller Nelson; and Sarah, Mrs. McCraney.

Mr. and Mrs. Moses Seymour McCraney had two sons: Thompson, attorney for the Rock Island Railway Company, Chicago, married Anna Gordon, of Milford, Pennsylvania. Franklin George, who resides on the old farm in County Halton, married Grace Green, of Brantford, and has children—Isabel, Murray, and Helen. Mr. McCraney was a member of the Presbyterian Church, and in political matters his sympathies were with the Reform party. He died in Toronto, Dec. 26, 1892. Mrs. McCraney sur-

vives and lives at No. 233 Dovecourt Road, Toronto.

ADOLPH PETERSEN, whose life was brought to its close in Toronto in March, 1904, was born at Lubeck, Germany, in 1838, son of Charles Petersen, who died in that country.

Mr. Petersen spent his school days in his native land and there grew to manhood. He made several trips across the Atlantic with his uncle before coming to settle, and when he finally left Germany forever behind him he located in New York City. When the American Civil War broke out he enlisted, and was in active service from 1861 to 1865. After the close of the war he decided to locate in Canada, and going to Toronto was for some time connected with Mr. Nerlich, who was both a cigar importer and a dealer in fancy goods. From Toronto Mr. Petersen went to Hamilton, and was associated for a while with a Mr. Brown in the stationery business, but eventually returned to the former city. His next venture was as a member of the Nordheimer Company, piano-makers, and in this business Mr. Petersen continued for nearly thirty-five years. At the end of that time he opened an art store, selling pictures and framing, and was thus engaged, at No. 382 Gerrard street, at the time of his death. Mr. Petersen was a man of most exemplary character, a member of the Presbyterian Church, and a citizen who commanded the respect of his associates. He belonged to the Masonic fraternity and was in political matters a Conservative.

Mr. Petersen married Miss Agnes Jewett, and a family of seven children was born to them, viz.: William A., of the United States; Laura Kate, wife of A. Clark, of New York City; Walter, of New York City; R. Berton; Agnes L., deceased; Rudolph, of Toronto, who is carrying on the business left by his father; and Grace, at home. Mrs. Petersen was the youngest daughter of Charles and Catherine (Matthews) Jewett, the former a native of the United States, but for many years a well-known tanner and dealer in leather at Port Perry, where he died. His wife, who was born in Canada and was the daughter of James Matthews, a German, died at Lindsay. They had five children.

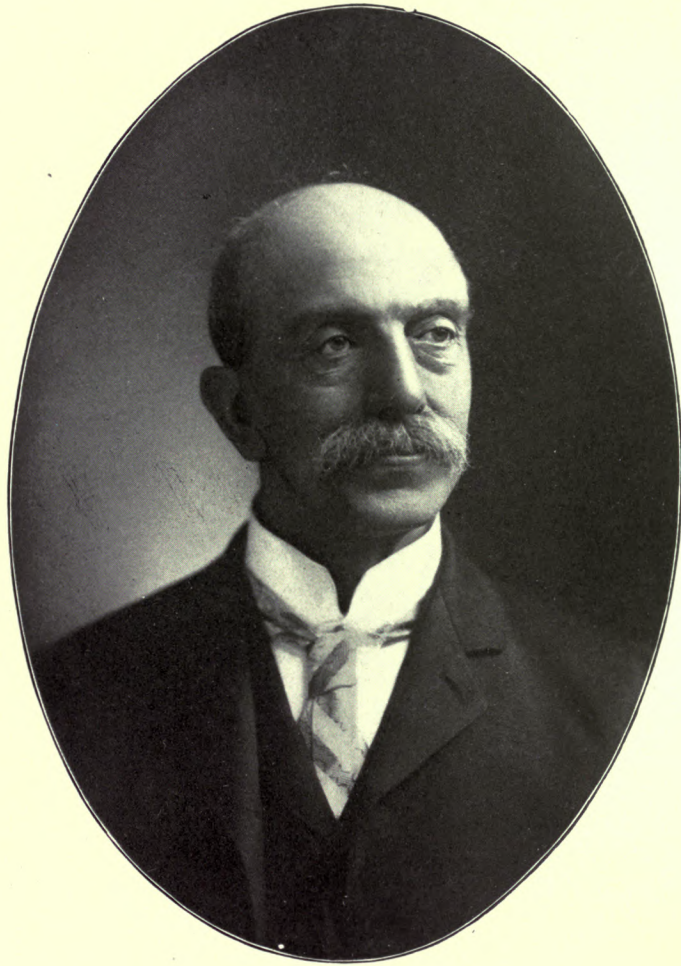
JOHN MILLAR, B.A., late Deputy Minister of Education of Ontario, was a thorough school man, of international reputation, having been a student of school matters of both Canada and the United States. In his official capacity he became well acquainted with the presidents of the Universities of Harvard, Yale, Princeton,

and, in fact, nearly all of the great institutions of learning of the American Republic as well as of his own country.

Mr. Millar was a self-made man and relied upon himself from his thirteenth year. He was born in Ireland, Adare, Limerick, Feb. 27, 1842, and died in Toronto in 1905. He was a son of Henry and Jane (Piper) Millar, natives of Ireland and descendants of the Palatines, and Lady Dunraven was his godmother. In 1842, when John Millar was not yet one year old, his parents came to Canada, settling near Uxbridge, Ont., where the father proceeded to clear a home from the bush. When in this country but a short time Henry Millar was killed by the fall of a tree which he was cutting down, and Mrs. Millar was left to rear her three small children, John, Louisa and Henry.

John Millar attended the district schools, and at the age of sixteen years was given his certificate as a public school teacher. He attended sessions Nos. 27 and 28 of the Toronto Normal School, and when nineteen years old held the first class Grade A certificate. He taught two years in Barton, and five years in London, Ont., from which latter place he went to St. Thomas and later became head master of the Collegiate Institute as well as of the public schools of that city. In this capacity he continued until 1890, when he was appointed Deputy Minister of Education, a position he ably filled until his death. During his teaching in St. Thomas, Mr. Millar prosecuted his studies in the classics, and with a leave of absence of three months from his work at St. Thomas, which time was spent at the University of Toronto, he passed his examination in 1872, and received from the University the degree of Bachelor of Arts. For two years Mr. Millar was chairman of the High School section of the Ontario Teachers' Association, served as president of the Association, and for some time was vice-president of the Dominion Teachers' Association. In July, 1904, at Winnipeg, Mr. Millar was unanimously elected president of the Dominion Teachers' Association, and was outlining the work of that association when his death occurred. For four years he was a member of the Senate of the University of Toronto. He annotated several editions of the English classics, and was the author of "School Management," "A Guide to Good Reading," "The Educational System of New York State," and other valuable works.

Mr. Millar was twice married. His first wife, Susan Dingle, died in 1889, leaving one daughter, Edith Beatrice. On Sept. 25, 1890, Mr. Millar married Miss Kate McCallum, who was



John Millar

born in London, Ont., daughter of Neil and Catherine (McAlpine) McCallum, natives of Scotland. To Mr. and Mrs. Millar were born three children: Gladys Louisa, Katie Maude and John Jerrold.

Mr. Millar was a prominent member of the Methodist church, in which he held many responsible positions, including that of representative to the General Conference. In his death the educational system of Ontario lost one of its very best men, the city of Toronto a highly-esteemed citizen, and his family a kind husband and indulgent father. It was remarked at Mr. Millar's funeral that those assembled to pay their last tribute of respect to their departed friend constituted a distinctive gathering of educators, who had come from all over the surrounding country where Mr. Millar was so well known.

CHARLES R. BOLTON, an honored veteran of the great Civil War of the United States, who is now conducting an undertaking establishment at No. 493 Queen street west, Toronto, was born Dec. 13, 1845, in Finsbury Square, London, England, son of John and Mary Bolton, natives of England. John Bolton, after the death of his wife, came to Canada in 1855, and settled on Spadina avenue, Toronto, where he kept the "Royal George Hotel" for many years. Later he retired from active life, and died Oct. 30, 1883, aged sixty-nine years.

Charles R. Bolton received his education in his native country and came to Canada with his father when ten years of age. He remained with his father until 1862, assisting him in the conduct of the hotel, but in that year he went to Cincinnati, Ohio, where he enlisted in Company K, 11th Ohio Cavalry. Previous to his enlistment, he had been the first bugler in the Tenth Royals of Canada, and as such he served three years in the Trans-Mississippi Division, United States Army, being chief bugler on the staff; he was also engaged on the frontier during the Indian raids, participating in a number of skirmishes with Sioux Indians.

After his honorable discharge, Mr. Bolton returned to Toronto, and in 1866 was employed by J. S. Fawkes in the undertaking business, making the first casket that was used in the city. After four years with Mr. Fawkes he was next employed by Henry Stone, then by the late John Young for thirteen years, and at the end of that time worked with M. McCabe for another period of thirteen years, when the latter died. He then managed the business for the widow for three years, afterwards opening his own establishment, and continuing in that business to the present time. While employed

with Mr. John Young, he did the first embalming that was done in Toronto. Mr. Bolton is the holder of three diplomas received for embalming; the first from Prof. A. Renouard, the second from Dr. Myer's College of Embalming, and the third from the Embalming Association of Canada. He is a member of the Board of Examiners of the last named association.

Mr. Bolton was married, June 20, 1867, to Miss Sarah Nurse, born in England in 1849, daughter of Richard and Ann Nurse, and to this union have come eleven children: Jennie L., born in 1868, married Joseph McMillan, of Welland, and has one son, Joseph B.; John, born in 1870, a plumber of Toronto, married Louisa Sigley and has two children, Jessie and Adaline; Jessie, born in 1872, is the wife of Nathaniel Stafford, of Port Perry, and has one son, Charles W.; Edith L., born in 1873, married William Lettau, of New York, and has two children, Adaline and Emil; Maud S., born in 1875, married Alex. Wiley, of Toronto; Miss Florence A., born in 1877, resides at home; Charlotte G., born in 1878, married George Middleton, a business man of Toronto; Bertha, born in 1882, died aged five years; Ernest E., born in 1883, is a graduate of the Canadian School of Embalming, and the manager of his father's business; Clara, born in 1885, died when three months old; and Miss Edna M., born in 1886, resides at the homestead.

Mr. Bolton has always been connected with the English Church. In politics he is a Conservative, and while a resident of the States he voted in support of the Republican party. He is a charter member and bugler of the Toronto Order, Grand Army of the Republic, and one of the few Canadians to wear the G. A. R. badge. He is a member of the I.O.O.F., having been connected with that order for a period of thirty-seven years. Mr. Bolton is an upright, honest, Christian gentleman, and a credit to the community in which he resides.

THOMAS BROMHALL, a former resident of Toronto, who died in that city in 1890, was born in 1842, in Cheshire, England, son of James and Ann (Brentware) Bromhall, who died in England.

The late Thomas Bromhall was educated in England, and there he married Miss Mary Ann Shufflebotham, born in Newcastle, Staffordshire, England, in 1848, daughter of Edward and Mary Ann (Turkey) Shufflebotham, the former of whom was born in 1820, and the latter in 1815 (died in 1877). In 1903 Mrs. Bromhall married J. S. Patterson.

From the age of eleven years Mrs. Patterson has been interested in the healing art and all

her studies were directed to that point. In 1875 when she and her first husband, the late Thomas Bromhall, came to Toronto, they founded the Electric and Therapeutic Institute. This they carried on together until the death of Mr. Bromhall, since when Mrs. Patterson has continued it. It is recognized as one of the leading institutions of the city, and patients from all parts of the country treated here are loud in their praise of benefits received. In this line of practice, Mrs. Bromhall-Patterson is the oldest practitioner in Toronto. The business was carried on for some years on Czar street, but since 1884 has been established at No. 14 St. Mary's street.

The children born to Mr. and Mrs. Bromhall were: William Henry, of Buffalo; Ethel Louise, who was the first child born on Czar street, as her parents were the first settlers there; James; and Maude and Minnie, twins.

Mr. Bromhall was a Reformer in his political sentiments. He was a member of the Methodist Church.

ALFRED R. WARD, of Toronto, is engaged in the photographic business, having a studio located at No. 289 Yonge street. Mr. Ward was born Aug. 30, 1862, in Oshawa, Ontario.

The Wards are from Devonshire, England, where George Ward, father of Alfred R., was born in 1834. In 1852 he came to Canada, settling at Cartwright, where he engaged in farming for some time, now living retired at Argyle. His wife was born in Devonshire, England, in 1832, and they were the parents of the following twelve children: William George; John; Walter, deceased; Alfred R.; Alice, deceased; Arthur; Edwin; Sarah; Ellen; Susan; Henry and Emily.

Alfred R. Ward was educated at Laxton, Ont., and in 1885 settled in Toronto, where he engaged with S. J. Dixon to learn the photographing business, continuing with this gentleman for a period of fourteen years. He then embarked in the business on his own account, and has continued therein to the present time, being one of the oldest in business in this part of the city.

In 1889 Mr. Ward married Mary Agnes Davis, born in the County of Durham, July 11, 1868, daughter of William and Margaret (Paul) Davis, the former of Devonshire, England, and the latter of Quebec. They now reside at Uxbridge, where Mr. Davis is engaged in agricultural pursuits. Their children were: Mrs. Ward, George, Maggie, Joshua, Alice Maude, Amy, William, Harriet, Catherine, Charles and Wellington. To Mr. and Mrs. Alfred R. Ward there have been born five chil-

dren: Ethel, born in 1890, died aged three years; Gladys, born in 1892; Sybil, in 1894; Alfreda in 1896; and Judson Clarence in 1898. The family are members of the Methodist Church. In politics Mr. Ward is a Reformer.

PETER ROUTLEDGE, postmaster at Oak Ridges, Ont., is a blacksmith by occupation, but his great natural talent for all kinds of mechanical work has led him far afield from his original trade, and into the realm of invention, where he has perfected a number of devices for application in his own trade.

The Routledge family originated in England, and for the most part have all followed the blacksmith's trade. The first to emigrate to Canada was Robert Routledge, father of Peter, who was born and reared in Yorkshire. He was married there to Mary White, and in 1845 they brought their family to America, landing at Quebec, after a tedious voyage of seven weeks on a sailing vessel. They first settled at Newmarket, where Robert Routledge resumed blacksmithing, but after a few years he moved his family to Whitechurch in Concession 3, remained there until 1857, and then took up his residence at what is now his son's home, on Yonge street, in King township, still working at his trade. His death occurred only about five years later, in 1862, while his wife lived until 1871. They were members of the Church of England, and in politics he was a Conservative. Of their five children, all born in England, the eldest, Margaret, married the late Charles McMunn, of British Columbia, where his widow still resides. Mary J., born in 1840, was educated in Canada, and now makes her home with her brother, Peter. Anne, born in 1841, is the wife of John McLellan, of British Columbia, and the mother of a family. John, a blacksmith, died at the homestead unmarried, in 1875. Peter is mentioned below.

Peter Routledge was born in Yorkshire, in April, 1843, but grew up in Canada and received his education mainly in the district schools here. While still a boy he learned from his father the family trade, and has followed it up to the present time. His mechanical bent displayed itself early, but it was not until some time in the seventies that he began seriously to turn his attention toward invention. Since then he has done considerable work in the line of steam rotary engines, and a number of his devices have never been patented. Mr. Routledge has always been a supporter of the Conservative party, but has taken little part in public affairs beyond serving as one of the trustees of the school board. Fraternally he is one of the oldest members of the Masonic lodge in

Aurora. He has always manifested interest in military matters, having in his youth attended the military school in Toronto, and received therefrom a first-class certificate. At the time of the Fenian raid he served in the Oak Ridges cavalry under Col. McLeod, and in recognition of his services received a medal and a grant of 160 acres of land from the government. Since 1889, in addition to his private business dealings, he has filled the office of postmaster at Oak Ridges.

On Feb. 8, 1877, Peter Routledge was united in marriage to Miss Emma Watson, like himself a native of Yorkshire, born in February, 1849. Her parents were John Penn Watson and Mary (Marshall) Watson, born in Yorkshire in 1817 and 1824, respectively. They came to Canada in 1861 and settled first in Toronto, but before long moved to Weston. There they rented a farm which Mr. Watson conducted until his death in 1878. His wife lived until 1904, when she passed away at the home of Mr. Routledge, and was buried beside her husband at Thornhill. In religion both were Methodists. Besides their daughter they had two sons, Charles, a carpenter at Weston, who is married and has a family; and Penn, born in Canada, a butcher at Newmarket, who married Miss Carrie Ough, and has one son. Mrs. Routledge, the only daughter, was reared and educated in Canada. Since their marriage she and her husband have always lived in their present home, where they have brought up a family of six children. Mary Etta, the eldest, born in 1878, has received a good education, being a graduate of the Newmarket high school, and has taught for several years. At present she resides in British Columbia. John Robert, born in 1880, helps his father on the home farm; he belongs to the Masonic order. P. Marsh, born in 1882, is a blacksmith and works with his father. Victor Charles, born in 1884, educated in the Aurora high school, works on the homestead. Edmund Watson, born in 1887, is at home. Margaret Ema Lucy, born in 1890, is a student in the Aurora high school. The parents are members of the English Church, in which Mr. Routledge has been warden for many years. He is a well-known man in King township, where he has actively promoted everything that would further the progress and development of the region. While he has had his times of trial and hardships, he has always maintained his reputation for the utmost integrity, and has now achieved a substantial success which has demonstrated forcibly the real power of industry, intelligence and uprightness.

JOHN CHALMERS, who died in Toronto, Feb. 23, 1902, was born in County Down, Ireland, in 1849, son of George and Fanny (Mornahan) Chalmers, both of whom died in Ireland.

When fourteen years of age, John Chalmers started out in life for himself. In Glasgow he served his time as an engineer, in which work he became proficient. In 1873, in Glasgow, Mr. Chalmers and Miss Marion Hill were united in marriage. Mrs. Chalmers was born in Ireland, of Scotch parentage, daughter of John and Christina (Towers) Hill, who came to Canada in 1874, and settled in the North-West Territory. John Hill and his wife were both born in 1830, and they were the parents of the following children: Mrs. Chalmers, Agnes, Jessie, John, James, Eliza, Jennie, Walter and Sarah.

In 1874 Mr. and Mrs. Chalmers came to Canada, and located at St. Mary's where Mr. Chalmers found employment as an engineer in a flouring mill. In 1876 he located in the County of York, and in 1880 in Toronto, where he engaged in the grocery business at No. 109¹/₂ Church street, with a Mr. Wilson, under the firm name of Chalmers and Wilson. Later Mr. Chalmers sold out his interest, and again engaged himself at the John Doty engine works. At the time of his death he was employed at the John Inglis & Sons Engine Works, Toronto.

Mr. Chalmers was a man of strict integrity, and from the time he settled in Toronto until his death, he was a hard working man of industrious habits. He built the three residences at Nos. 239, 241 and 243 Manning avenue, which Mrs. Chalmers now owns, and in one of which (241) she resides.

Mr. and Mrs. Chalmers were the parents of the following children: Christina, who married Robert McQuaig, and has four children, Chalmers, Kathleen, Robert, and Doreen; Georgina, wife of Frank Mills, a grain merchant, of Kerwood, Ont.; William, an operator with the Great Northwestern Telegraph Company; Marion, who married James Henry, and has one son, George; Walter, police constable; Albert, a boilermaker; and Frank, a student. Mr. Chalmers was a member of the Presbyterian Church. His support was given the Conservative party. He was a member of the A.O.U.W.; and master of Enniskillen L.O.L. Lodge, No. 387, of Toronto. He also belonged to the Boilermakers' Union, of which he was treasurer.

JOSEPH STEPHENSON, engaged in the cultivation of the soil on Lot 6, Concession 3, is one of East Gwillimbury's prominent and influen-

tial farmers. He was born in Pickering township, Ontario County, in April, 1858, son of Benjamin and Jane (Gibson) Stephenson, natives of England, the former of Carnaby and the latter of Yorkshire.

Benjamin Stephenson and wife were married in England, and in the same year came to Canada, being eleven weeks on the ocean. They at once located in Pickering township, Ontario County, and here for several years Mr. Stephenson worked at day laboring, afterward at farming for several years, and then brought his family to York County. Settling in Whitechurch township, he here became a successful and prosperous agriculturist. Mr. Stephenson was the only member of his family to come to Canada. He continued to reside in Whitechurch township until after the death of his wife, in 1892, when he retired from active work and removed to Toronto, in which city he now makes his home with one of his daughters. He is a member of the Methodist Church, as was his wife. They had a family of nine children: Henry, died in boyhood; Edward, born in 1849, and now a telegraph operator, of Whiteby, married Miss Lizzie Shaw, of Aurora, and has two children, Ruby and Roy; Lizzie, born in 1852, married Richard Remmer, who settled at St. Mary's, and there she died; Annie, born in 1855, married Joseph Fisher, a business man of Toronto, and they have three children, Ernest, Thora and Sadie; Joseph was born in 1858; Jennie, born in 1861, married Thomas Legge, a prominent stock man and reeve of King township; Nellie, born in 1864, is the wife of Robert Rutherford, a merchant of King township, and has four children, Beatrice, Irene, Hazel and Ruby; Benjamin, born in 1867, married Miss Martha Legge, of King township, and they settled for some years on the old homestead, or until his mother's death, when they came to East Gwillimbury, and he now owns a farm adjoining that of our subject (they have four children, Ross, Laura, Gertrude and Carl); and Lottie, born in 1870, married Samuel Linton, and resides in Pickering township.

Joseph Stephenson received a scanty education in the district schools of Pickering township, and when but nine years of age started out with a team to work on his father's farm. At this he continued throughout his young manhood, and he remained at home until his marriage in January, 1882, to Miss Alice Folllott, born in King township in 1855, daughter of Thomas and Mary Folllott, representatives of old and honored York County families. Mr. Folllott was born in Wiltshire, England, in 1812, and his wife in Scotland in 1817. They were married in Canada and settled on the 2nd

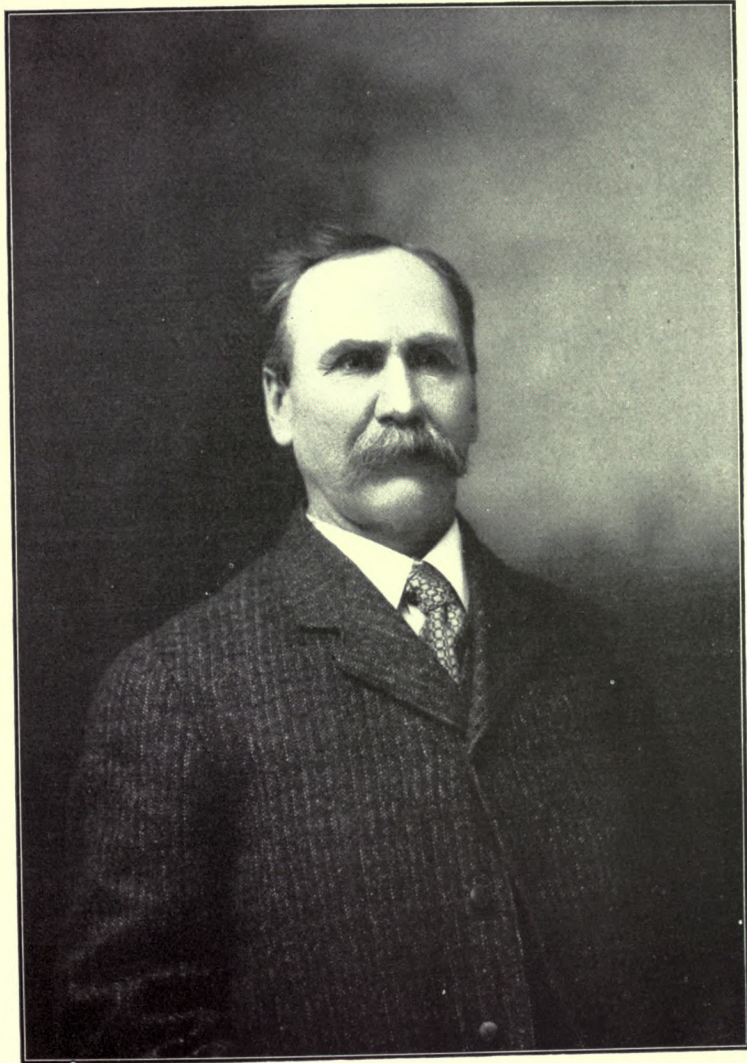
Concession in King township, where Mr. Folllott died in 1889, his wife having passed away the year previous.

After marriage Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Stephenson settled on a farm in King township for three years, after which he rented a farm in Whitechurch township, 2nd Concession, and here he continued seven years. He then removed to Aurora, engaging in droving and stock buying for four years, and became so successful at this occupation that he was enabled, in 1895, to purchase his present farm on the 3rd Concession of East Gwillimbury. Here he has erected a fine brick residence, large bank barns and good, substantial outbuildings. His farm is well situated and finely kept, and under Mr. Stephenson's personal management has become one of the most fertile and productive in the county. He also owns a house and lot in Aurora.

To Mr. and Mrs. Stephenson have been born two daughters: Miss Rosa, born in King township, in 1883, and educated in the schools of Aurora and the district schools of East Gwillimbury, lives at home; and Ethel, born in Whitechurch, in 1888, died on Christmas Day, 1900. Mr. and Mrs. Stephenson are members of the Methodist Church, in which he is a trustee and a member of the official board. He has long been prominently identified with the work of the church, and gives it his liberal support. In political matters, like his father, Mr. Stephenson is a supporter of the principles of the Reform party, and has served very satisfactorily as school trustee in this section. In reviewing his past life, it will be readily seen that he is a man of energy and enterprise. Starting life as a poor boy, he has worked his way, step by step, up the ladder of success, and has now found for himself a place at the top thereof. He is most highly esteemed in East Gwillimbury by his fellow townsmen, who recognize and appreciate his many sterling traits of character.

WILLIAM PEARS, president and manager of the Ontario Paving Brick Company, and president of the brick manufacturers' section of the Builders' Exchange of Toronto, is widely known in business, municipal and educational circles in the Dominion. He was born in Toronto, Aug. 5, 1854, son of Leonard and Sarah (Townesley) Pears.

The family was founded in Canada by Leonard Pears and his brother George, in 1851, they settling in Yorkville, County York, where George Pears engaged in a milling business, erecting the first coffee and spice mills in this section. His last place of business was at the



Wm Sears

intersection of Yonge and Alexander streets, Toronto, and he now lives retired at Grosvenor street.

Leonard Pears was born in 1826, and in his native country, England, was engaged in farming. On coming to Canada, however, he turned his attention to brickmaking, in company with John Townsley, continuing in that business until his retirement, in 1889. On Dec. 25, 1851, Mr. Pears married Sarah Townsley, daughter of John and Hanna (Stockdale) Townsley, of Yorkshire, England. John Townsley was a brickmaker, of Yorkville, County York, for many years, and there died in 1860, his wife passing away in 1885. Their children were: George, Sarah (Mrs. Pears), Isabella, Emma, Thomas, James, Benjamin and John.

John Townsley, father of Mrs. Pears, had two brothers, James and William, who also came to Canada, and who engaged in the manufacture of brick at Yorkville. James Townsley died in 1854, leaving one daughter, Margaret Maude, who married Thomas Nightingale, also a brickmaker; both are now deceased. William Townsley left two sons, William and James, both now deceased, who were brickmakers. Mary Townsley, daughter of William, married James Freek, of Richmond Hill, who died in 1904 in Barrie, his widow residing in that city. Harriet Townsley, daughter of William and sister of Mary, married Prof. James McLellan, principal of the School of Pedagogy, Hamilton, Ont. The third daughter of William Townsley, Eliza, married the late Edwin Murphy.

Leonard Pears and his wife became the parents of the following children: William, a brickmaker of Toronto; James, a brickmaker of North Toronto; Elizabeth; Robert, of Toronto Junction; John T., a merchant of Toronto; Septimus, engineer at the Parliament buildings; Benjamin, of Toronto, a contractor; Annie, Mrs. Edward Gibb, of Toronto Junction; and Louise, who resides at home.

William Pears received his education in his native city, and there learned the brickmaking business, embarking therein on his own account in 1877 at Kincairdine, where he remained for one year. He then returned to Toronto for one year, spending a like time in London, Ont. Returning to Toronto he assumed the management of the Yorkville & Carlton Brick Company, at Carlton, which position he held for nine years, at the end of that time purchasing the plant, which he enlarged. There for seventeen years he carried on active operations. He was elected manager of the Ontario Paving Brick Company, which was established in 1894, in 1902 assuming control of the same, becom-

ing its president and manager. This company turns out 5,000,000 paving brick and 5,000,000 building brick annually. In 1892 Mr. Pears was elected president of the Builders' Exchange, a position which he filled for two years, and since 1900 he has been president of the brick manufacturers' section of that body. He has been a member of the council of Toronto Junction for six years; in 1894 and 1895 was mayor of that city; has served on the school board of the Junction for several terms, and was a member of the school board of York township schools for eleven years.

On Feb. 28, 1877, Mr. Pears was married to Miss Annie Piggott, and to this union were born children as follows: William (a brickmaker), Laura, John and Annie. The family are Methodists. In political opinion Mr. Pears is independent. Fraternally he is connected with the I.O.O.F. and Stanley Lodge, A.F. & A.M., of Toronto Junction.

DONALD MacDONALD, who passed away in August, 1899, was born in Scotland, in 1835, a son of Lauchlin and Christina (MacLean) MacDonald. In 1850 the family came to Canada and settled in the County of Bruce, where the father died Aug. 24, 1857, his wife surviving him until June 9, 1879. They were Presbyterians in religious faith, and the father was a Reformer in politics. Their children were: Archibald, John, Lauchlin, Florence, Donald, Neil, Dougall, Alexander, all now deceased except John, Lauchlin, Florence and Dougall.

The late Donald MacDonald was educated in his native land and in Canada. He then engaged in the manufacturing business at Lucknow, in which he continued to be interested until his death.

In 1856 Mr. MacDonald was married to Elizabeth Spragg, who belongs to one of the prominent families of the County of York. Her parents were Caleb and Christianna (Wideman) Spragg, the former born in the County of Wellington in 1812, and the latter in York in 1813. The paternal grandfather was Elijah Spragg and the maternal was Ludwick Wideman, who came to Canada in 1803, when the great and important city of Toronto was only a hamlet of three houses. Later he settled in Markham township, where he died, and his government title is still in the possession of his heirs.

Caleb Spragg, father of Mrs. MacDonald, was born in 1813, and he died in 1900, and his wife in 1892. Their children were: Phoebe, Ludwick, Elizabeth, Margaret, Philip, Joshua, Caleb, David, Mary Ann, Sarah Jane, Christianna and Aaron.

These children were born to Mr. and Mrs.

MacDonald: Ludwick, deceased; Lauchlin, of Regina, who married Agnes J. Hyslop, has these children: Donald, Elizabeth May, Burt Austen and Lorne; Caleb, of Toronto, married Viola Atcheson, and they have one daughter, Corabelle; Christianna, of Toronto, is the wife of John Beekman, and their children are Lionel, Frederick, Phebe, Donald and Mary; Archibald, of Rochester, New York, married Mary Peters and they have children, Gertrude, Phebe, Beatrice and Florence; Donald, also of Rochester, married Dolly Dyes, and had two children, Leila and Marguerite, and he married (second) Cassie McLaren; Margaret Jane is of Toronto; Phebe is deceased; and Mary Elizabeth is also of Toronto. The family belongs to the Presbyterian Church. In politics the late Mr. MacDonald was a Reformer.

Mrs. MacDonald's great-grandfather, Philip Wideman, served in the Mackenzie Rebellion, in 1837, and was a son of Philip Wideman, who had twelve children. The latter was a man of great strength and quick eye. It was possible for him to kill a pigeon with a blow of a fish-pole, and at that time they were so numerous that the feathers were preserved and made into a feather bed and the soft mattress is still owned in the family.

JACOB BULL, reeve of the village of Weston, County York, Ont., and a highly esteemed resident thereof, was for a number of years engaged in contracting and building. Mr. Bull was born near the city of Toronto, Jan. 26, 1838, son of Edward and Margaret (McKay) Bull, the former born in Tipperary, Ireland, in 1798, and the latter in County York, Ontario.

John Bull, grandfather of Jacob, came to Canada in 1826, settling on government land and making a permanent home from the wild land. He and his wife had four sons and two daughters, the sons being: Thomas, Bartholomew, John and Edward.

Edward Bull, son of John, came to Canada when a young man, and soon after locating here was injured by a fall, which lamed his knee for life. He worked at the shoemaker's trade in Toronto for a time, but later purchased land near Weston, clearing up a farm. He also bought a farm on the Davenport Road, where he was living at the time of his son Jacob's birth. Mr. Bull later returned to the farm near Weston, and there spent the remainder of his life, dying in 1873, while his wife passed away in 1870. They were Methodists in religious faith, Mr. Bull being class leader in the church for many years. In politics he was a Conservative. Seven children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Bull: John, born in 1832,

married a Miss Bunt, of Woodbridge, and settled on the old homestead, where he died in 1891, leaving a son, Charles, who resides at the old home; Mary A., born in 1834, married James Stott, of Barrie, Ont., and at her death left three children—Edward, Bella and Maggie; William died when five years of age; Bartholomew, born in 1840, died at the age of twenty-three years; Thomas, born in 1843, died at the age of seventeen years; Maggie, born in 1845, married a Mr. Gill, of Marquette, Michigan, and has a family; and Jacob.

Jacob Bull was educated in the district schools of York township, and also attended Weston high school. Until he reached his sixteenth year he worked on the farm, but at that age he started to learn the carpenter's trade in the village of Weston, with Squire Tyrrell, with whom he continued four years. In 1860, Mr. Bull left Canada for California, via New York and Panama, arriving in that State in January, 1861, and at once engaged at his trade in San Francisco, becoming a contractor and builder. After nine years of contracting and building in California, Mr. Bull returned to Canada, and in 1870 crossed the ocean to the Old World, visiting England, Ireland, and other countries, and spending a summer there. On his return to Canada he purchased real estate in Weston, and erected a fine home on John street, where he has lived to the present time.

In 1871 Mr. Bull married Miss Nancy Gray, born in Weston in March, 1845, daughter of Allen Gray, and to this union were born three children: Alice, born in Weston, was educated in the Weston high school, and has engaged in school teaching at Toronto Junction for four years; Caroline, born in Weston, died in April, 1879; and Florence, also born in Weston, is engaged in music teaching. The family are members of the Methodist Church.

Mr. Bull has always been identified with the Conservative party. In 1882 he was elected a member of the council of Weston, serving with that body sixteen years, and as reeve of Weston for eight years, four years of which latter time he was a member of the county council. He has also filled the position of trustee on the district and high school boards for eight or nine years. Mr. Bull is a charter member of the Weston Lodge of Masons, organized in 1873, and is the only living charter member of this lodge, in which he has filled all of the chairs. Mr. Bull has won a place for himself among the front ranks of the men of his county. He is a strong, forcible speaker, well-informed on the questions of vital importance to Weston, and he looks zealously after his village's interests.

JOHN H. FRANCIS is one of the prominent and leading citizens of Yonge street, Thornhill, Markham and Vaughan townships, and is influential in business and social circles. He is at present engaged in a general mercantile business and conducts one of the best patronized stores of his vicinity. Mr. Francis was born Feb. 14, 1861, on Concession 8, Markham township, son of John and Mary (Latimer) Francis, pioneers of the County of York.

John Francis was born in England, son of Robert Francis, who came to Canada among the early pioneers of Markham and York townships, and here made his home until his death. His wife, Mary (Latimer) Francis, was born in County Tyrone, Ireland, daughter of William Latimer, who died in the old country, Mrs. Francis coming to Canada when but a girl. After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. John Francis settled at Newton Brook, in York township, and there he engaged in farming until his retirement from active life, when he removed to Thornhill, and there he died in 1901, leaving his wife, who is still living at date of publication. In religion he was a Methodist, and an active worker in the church. He was an independent voter in politics. There were nine children born to Mr. and Mrs. Francis, one of whom died in childhood, the others being: (1) Robert died in young manhood. (2) Samuel, born in Markham, is a farmer of that township, where he married Miss Mary Miller, and has had children—Robert A. (deceased), William, Lela M., Lizzie, and Mary. (3) Elijah is single and a resident of England. (4) Elizabeth married John T. B. Lindsay, a member of the mercantile firm of Lindsay, Francis & Co., who died in 1890, leaving his wife and three children—Ada, William and Arthur, all students at school; their other three children—Howard, Frank and Bertha, are deceased. (5) Mary J. died in young womanhood. (6) William was reared to manhood, becoming a resident of Toronto, where he became the manufacturer of the Francis famous Ark Brand paints, the factory being located on Queen and Sherbourne streets. The Francis Ready-Mixed paints are greatly in favor and have a large trade all over this section of the country. The firm name has been changed to Benjamin Moor & Co., and they are now located at Toronto Junction, with W. G. Francis as manager. William Francis married Miss Furnivell, of Hamilton, and they have two children—Furnivell and Lloyd L. (7) Edward is now a member of the firm of Lindsay, Francis & Co., of Thornhill, and married Miss Nellie Lane, a native of Vaughan township, and they reside in Thornhill village, and have two children—Allen and Lillian. (8) John H.

John H. Francis received his early educational training in the district schools of his native township, and this was supplemented by a course at the Commercial Business College, Toronto, from which he graduated. In 1885, when still a young man, Mr. Francis engaged in the mercantile business with Mr. Lindsay, his brother-in-law, this partnership continuing until Mr. Lindsay's death in 1890. Since this time Mr. Francis has been manager of the firm, which is still conducted under the old name of Lindsay, Francis & Co. With his brother, Edward, he has been successful in building up a paying trade among the residents of this section. His native business ability, his good management, which he gives personally to the business, the firm's sound financial standing, and the pleasing personality of the partners, have won the confidence of the buying public, and they have patronized the store of Lindsay, Francis & Co. to a great extent. Mr. Francis is one of the directors of and stockholders in the firm of Benjamin Moor & Co., Toronto Junction. He also owns much real estate, possessing a fine residence in the village of Thornhill, and a brick block and several cottages which he rents, and with his brother Edward owns the old homestead farm in Newton Brook, York township. In religious matters Mr. Francis and his wife are connected with the Methodist Church, in which he has served for a number of years as an official, at present being a trustee and member of the choir. Mrs. Francis has always been active in church and charitable work, and for a long time was organist and is now a member of the choir. Mr. Francis' political beliefs make him a Conservative, but he has never aspired to public recognition, preferring to give his entire time and attention to his extensive business interests. Mr. Francis is very popular fraternally, as a member of the United Workmen, and the Foresters of Thornhill.

In the year 1888, Mr. John H. Francis was united in marriage to Miss Phoebe Ludford, who was born and reared in Thornhill. There have been three sons born to this union, namely: Harry Cecil, Norman Arthur and Gordon Lindsay.

MORDECAI F. STARR, a highly respected farmer and stock dealer of Lot 27, Concession 4, Whitechurch township, York County, was born in this township, on Lot 32, Concession 3, Dec. 17, 1856, son of Francis and Mary (Cody) Starr, the former born in Whitechurch township in 1824, and the latter on Yonge street, Gwillimbury township, in 1828, daugh-

ter of Stephen and Rebecca Cody, of Bucks County, Pennsylvania.

Francis Starr was the son of Mordecai Starr, who emigrated from Pennsylvania shortly after 1800, settled at Whitechurch, there reared his children and died. Francis, on account of white swelling under the arm, was incapacitated for farm work, so took to teaching for some years, his being the first school in the 4th Concession, Whitechurch. He was married, in 1852, to Mary Cody, born in 1828, daughter of Stephen Cody, and after marriage settled in Whitechurch township, on land purchased for a home on the 3rd Concession. Here he spent the remainder of his life in farming and teaching, and died in 1904. His wife passed away some two years before. He was a leading elder in the Friends' Church, where he and his family always worshipped. In politics he was a staunch Reformer, and was secretary and treasurer of the school board for twenty-one years. As a token of appreciation of his services he was presented by the people a fine reclining chair, which he prized very highly. He and his wife had eleven children: (1) Stephen died when eighteen years of age. (2) Joseph died at Newmarket when sixteen years of age. (3) Sarah R., and (4) Susannah died in childhood. (5) William N., born in Whitechurch township, and now a merchant grocer of Newmarket, married (first) Helena Randall, who died, leaving one son, Alfred. He married (second) Susannah Cody, of Newmarket, and they have two daughters, Edith and Jean. (6) Miss Mary F., born in 1858, is a graduate of Pickering College, and resides at the homestead. (7) Emmeline, born in 1860, married Joseph Pollard, a farmer of Woodstock, and has three children, Francis, Edna and Hannah. (8) Hannah J., born in 1863, graduated in the Newmarket and Toronto Collegiate schools, and taught school for some years in Newmarket before entering Pickering College, a Quaker institution, in which she is now teaching. (9) Elizabeth, born in 1866, was educated for a teacher, following that profession until her marriage to John D. Rowland, a merchant and hardware dealer, of East Gwillimbury; she has two children, Stewart and Aileen. (10) Mordecai F. is mentioned below. (11) Albert E. married Florence E. Willoughby, of Toronto, and they reside near the old homestead, where he follows dairying.

Mordecai F. Starr was educated in the schools of Whitechurch township, and since completing his education he has engaged extensively in farming. On Dec. 19, 1877, he married Miss Harriet F. Stephens, born on the 2nd Concession, Lot 28, in 1857, daughter of Nel-

son and Emily (Penrose) Stephens. After his marriage he first settled on his father's old homestead, which he purchased, and which he continued to operate for thirteen years. At the end of that time he sold out and purchased the James Wilson farm on Concession 4, on which he made many general improvements. In 1904 Mr. Starr purchased the two farms of Joshua Wilson, also on the 4th Concession, these farms being the finest in Whitechurch township.

The six children born to Mr. and Mrs. Starr are as follows: Miss Esther, born in 1879, at home; Elmer, born in 1881; Edgar, born in 1883; Emily, born in 1887; Mary E., born in 1894; and Nelson E., born in 1896. The family are all members of the Quaker Church, of which Mr. Starr is an active supporter. In political matters a Reformer, he has served in the position of trustee of the schools for some eleven years, being at present one of the board.

WILLIAM CRAIG, who died in Toronto July 5, 1882, was a native of Glasgow, Scotland, born in 1827. His parents, George and Janet (Anderson) Craig, were also natives of Scotland, and came to Canada in 1847, settling in Toronto. Here George Craig was connected with Jacques & Hay for a number of years. He and his wife had children: Jean, George, Janet, William, John, and Helen.

William Craig learned wood-turning in Glasgow, and followed that occupation for a number of years in Toronto. In 1854 Mr. Craig and Miss Janet Campbell, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Parker) Campbell, were united in marriage. William Campbell came to Canada in 1837, settling in Toronto, where he lived for many years, working at upholstery with Jacques & Hay. He afterward removed to Owen Sound, where he owned a farm, upon which he died. His wife passed away in Toronto. Their children were: Elizabeth, William, Janet, John, James, Archie, George, and Agnes.

Mr. and Mrs. Craig had the following named children: William, of Toronto; Helen, the wife of Charles Murray, of Coeur d'Alene, Idaho; George, of Toronto; Elizabeth, at home; Agnes, a stenographer, of Toronto; John, of Toronto; and Jean, the wife of Thomas Oliver, of Copper Cliff, Ont. Mr. Craig was a Presbyterian. In political matters he voted with the Reform party.

THOMAS FRANKLIN McMAHON, of Richmond Hill, was born in Whitechurch, near Aurora, Feb. 1, 1852. His parents came from County Clare, Ireland, in 1846, and settled in the County of York, Ont., where he attended

the Aurora public schools, and when seventeen years of age secured a first class A certificate. He followed the teacher's profession for thirteen years, and after concluding a four years' term as principal of the Richmond Hill public schools he purchased the *Liberal* newspaper, which under his able management has risen to be one of the most influential journals in the county. As a bookseller and stationer the proprietor enjoys an extensive trade, and on several occasions has done the year's printing for the county council. Mr. McMahon has always supported the Liberal party in politics. In religion he is a Methodist, and he is a member of the Quarterly Official Board. For many years he has been an active member of several societies, belonging to Richmond Lodge, No. 23, A.F. & A.M.; Court Richmond, No. 7046, A.O.F.; and Ivy Lodge, No. 114, A.O.U.W. In 1904 he was district secretary in No. 11a, A.F. & A.M., and at the annual communication in that year was made a member of the Grand Lodge in Canada. As a Forester he has been district chief ranger, and at present holds the position of district secretary-treasurer. He is recorder of Ivy Lodge, is a past master Workman, and has frequently acted as delegate for the above society.

Mr. McMahon has long taken an interest in many sports and with the exception of one year has been secretary of the Home Curling Club since its organization in 1889. He has never offered himself as a candidate for municipal honors, but takes an active interest in the welfare of the village, and has been secretary of the public library board for the past twenty years. He is also clerk of the Third Division Court for the County of York, having been appointed to that position in January, 1899, succeeding the late James M. Lawrence.

On June 30, 1886, Mr. McMahon was married to Tillie Irene, youngest daughter of the late Frederick Ferdinand Schmidt, of Chatham, Ont., whose death twelve years afterward awakened feelings of deepest sympathy and regret among relatives and friends. Mr. McMahon has three children: Goldwin Starr, studying law in the office of Denton, Dun & Boulton; and Nora Marian and Hazel Irene, at home.

LIEUT. ROBERT H. STOBO, one of the old and respected residents of Scarborough township, County York, whose death occurred March 24, 1888, was born in that township in 1839, a son of John and Frances (Chester) Stobo. The father was born in Scotland and the mother in Northumberland, England. They came to Canada in youth, married here, and set-

tled on a farm in Scarborough township, where the father died. The mother died in Toronto. They had children as follows: Isaac; Robert Hamilton; Elizabeth, wife of Robert Jackson; Frances, Mrs. James Young; James; and Hannah, wife of John Young.

Robert Hamilton Stobo grew to manhood in his native township, where he was educated and where he engaged in farming all his life with the exception of the time spent in military service during the Fenian Raid. His land was on Lots 21 and 22, Concessions B and C.

Mr. Stobo was married in Scarborough, to Margaret Ann Secor, who was born in Scarborough township, daughter of Isaac and Margaret (Crone) Secor, the former of whom was born in that township, and the latter in Cumberland, England. Isaac Secor was a son of Joseph Secor, and a grandson of Isaac Secor, who came from New York and founded the family in Canada. He was of French extraction, married Ann Stevens, and both died in Scarborough. The father of Mrs. Stobo was a lifelong farmer in Scarborough and died at Toronto in 1898, aged seventy-six years. His wife died in the same year, aged seventy-five years. They had children as follows, all of whom survive: Margaret Ann, Mrs. Stobo; Joseph, of Thornbury; Mary Jane, Mrs. Angus; Catherine, wife of Robert Patten, of Allegheny, Pennsylvania; and Elizabeth, wife of Angus Secor, of Toronto.

The following children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Stobo; Margaret; Frances Elizabeth; Herbert John, who married Agnes Green, of Scarborough, and has one daughter, Margaret Isabel; Ada Jean; Robert James, who was a soldier in the South African war, died in the service, and was buried at Heidelberg; Lydia Eleanor; Isaac Albert; and Catherine May.

In religious faith Mr. Stobo was a Presbyterian. In political conviction he was a Conservative. In the spring of 1903 Mrs. Stobo settled in a comfortable home in Toronto.

DR. GEORGE SHEPHERD, who passed away at his late residence, No. 2 Wilton Crescent, Toronto, on May 31, 1892, was a well-known dentist of the Queen City, where he was born Aug. 4, 1853. His parents were John and Jane Shepherd, natives of Devonshire, England, who came to Canada when young people, and were married in Toronto. Here for a number of years Mr. Shepherd was engaged in mercantile pursuits on Yonge street. He died in Barrie, Ont., his widow still surviving. Their children were: Dr. George; John; William; Mary J., who married Henry Smith; Elizabeth, who married John Green; Joseph, deceased;

Harriet, who married Thomas Ashton; and Tom, deceased.

Dr. George Shepherd grew to manhood and received his literary training in his native city. Having decided on the practice of dentistry as his life work, he entered the Royal College of Dental Surgery of Toronto, from which institution he was graduated in 1878. The same year the Doctor was married, and soon after this event he and his wife settled at Collingwood, where he engaged successfully in practice for a number of years. Later they went to Galt, and thence to Hamilton, from that place returning to Toronto, where the Doctor remained until his death.

In 1878 Dr. Shepherd married Miss Mary Henderson, who was born in Glasgow, Scotland, daughter of the late Rev. Luke G. and Margaret (Black) Henderson, natives of Scotland. In 1870 Rev. Mr. Henderson and his wife came to Canada, and for a number of years he was pastor at Muskoka. He died at the home of Dr. George Shepherd, in 1889, aged seventy-four years. His widow survived him until Sept. 4, 1904, when she passed away aged eighty-eight years. They had children as follows: Isabella, deceased, who married Donald MacKenzie; Mrs. Shepherd; James B., of Toronto; Agnes, Mrs. George Foreman; and Ina G., who married Rev. W. A. Duncan.

To Dr. and Mrs. Shepherd were born two daughters and one son: Lydia Christina, the wife of S. E. M. Henderson, of Schenectady, New York, has two daughters, Margaret Eileen and Ruth Shepherd; Miss Harriet Atwood and George W. are at home.

The Doctor was elder in Cooke's Church, Toronto, for some time prior to his death, and his widow is a member of that church. In politics he was connected with the Conservative party, but never cared to hold public office, taking but a good citizen's interest in political matters.

WILLIAM HENRY THORNE, of No. 66 Bloor street east, Toronto, is a member of an old family of York. His father, Benjamin Thorne (who died in 1848), came from Sherburne, England, with William Parsons in 1828, and settled at what is now Thornhill, named in honor of Mr. Thorne. Here Benjamin Thorne and Mr. Parsons conducted a general milling, tanning and store business until they died. In about 1840 Mr. Thorne embarked in a business in Toronto, under the name of B. Thorne & Co., which was conducted as a general business, all lines in demand being handled. Mr. Thorne was a great grain dealer, and was the first man to pay cash for wheat in Upper Canada. He was

at one time president of the Bank of Montreal, and was a director in the Bank of Upper Canada. He was a magistrate for many years. Benjamin Thorne was married by Bishop Strachan, in the old St. James' Cathedral, to Miss Annie Marie Wilcox, born in England, daughter of Col. John Ledge Wilcox, who came from England to Upper Canada, settling at Cobourg. To Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Thorne were born: William Henry, Anna, Benjamin, Richard, Charles, Horace, and Kate, of Toronto, all born at Thornhill.

William Henry Thorne, J.P., the subject of this sketch, was born in 1832, at Thornhill, and was educated at Upper Canada College. His first venture was in the tanning business, which he carried on with saw-mills, flour-mills, and general store at Holland Landing for twenty-five years. He then located in Toronto, where he has remained to the present time. Mr. Thorne was in the county council for twenty years, and was warden of the County of York for two terms, 1872 and 1873. He has been a magistrate and Justice of the Peace for the county for over forty years. In political opinion he is a Conservative, and in 1874 was a candidate for the representation of North York in the Commons, but was defeated by the late A. H. Dymond by a small majority. At that election he received the votes of all the residents, without exception, of Holland Landing.

Mr. Thorne married first in 1860 Isabella McIntosh. He again married, in 1874, Victoria Adelaide, widow of the late William Barry, and a sister of Mr. R. T. Coady, city treasurer of Toronto, whose sketch appears elsewhere. Mr. and Mrs. Thorne are members of the Church of England. He is identified fraternally with the Masonic order. "Thorne" Lodge, A.F. & A.M., at Holland Landing, was named after him. He served as captain in the militia for many years.

WILLIAM DEZELL FULLER, who died in Belleville, Ont., Aug. 20, 1897, was a member of a family long identified with the Province of Ontario. He was a native of the United States, born in Ogdensburg, New York, in 1830, son of Col. Benjamin Rice Fuller, who was born in the State of New York in 1800, and whose wife, Nancy Spears, was also a native of the "Empire State."

Col. Benjamin R. Fuller and his family located in County Hastings, Ont., the town of Fuller, in that county, being named in his honor. There he engaged in the lumber business until his death, in 1872, his widow surviving until 1887, and dying in Belleville. Their children were James D., John S., William D.



Wm. H. Stone



and Benjamin R., all deceased; Thomas A.; George W., of the United States; and Charles D. Fuller.

William D. Fuller received his education in his native State. His business training was begun in Belleville, in 1868, as a grain merchant, in which line he continued until about 1892, when he retired from active business operations. He was also United States consul at Belleville for a number of years during his business life there.

In 1869 Mr. Fuller married Miss Delilah Faulkner, a native of Ontario, daughter of Francis Dwight and Eleanor (Kimmerly) Faulkner. Mr. Faulkner was born at Sidney, County Hastings, in 1811, and Mrs. Faulkner was born in 1821, in Belleville, of which place her father, Andrew Kimmerly, was the first business man. Francis D. Faulkner and his wife had children as follows: James K.; Delilah, Mrs. Fuller; Andrew Bidwell, deceased; Gilbert Wellington; Frances Wilmont; and Emma, Mrs. E. W. Vermilyea.

Mr. and Mrs. Fuller had one daughter, Lottie, who resides with her mother at No. 157 Harbord street, Toronto, where they settled in 1898, and have since resided. They are members of the Church of England. In political matters Mr. Fuller was a Reformer.

ROBERT GREEN, deceased. The steady and marked growth of the city of Toronto has offered many opportunities for acquiring an independence if not a fortune to those who threw in their lot with her in the earlier days, when any business established there had every chance of striking root firmly and growing with the increase in population. The late Robert Green had participated in the city's mercantile life for a number of years before going into business for himself, and had become favorably known.

Mr. Green was born in Glasgow, Scotland, in 1837, son of John and Margaret (Weir) Green. Both of the parents died in their native land, but two of their sons and two daughters made their homes in Canada. Robert Green came in 1858 and settled at Ayr, but soon moved to Galt, where he established himself as a merchant tailor in partnership with Robert Taylor. After the firm dissolved Mr. Green came to Toronto. He did not attempt to embark in business for himself at once, but spent thirteen years with the firm of W. A. Murray & Company. Leaving them, he opened a tailoring establishment at No. 401 Yonge street, which he conducted successfully ever after until his death, which event occurred Jan. 21, 1895.

Mr. Green's domestic life was a happy one. He was united in marriage to Miss Rebecca Barnes, who was born in Ireland, of which country her parents, Henry and Rebecca (Watson) Barnes, were natives, and they died there. Mrs. Green came to Canada in 1867, and is now the only living representative of her father's family. To her and her husband was born one child, Robert Henry, who married Miss Eleanor Cook, and they are the parents of one child.

The late Mr. Green was a man who held himself aloof from none of the interests about him, but did his part in various ways as a citizen and a member of society. In political matters he upheld the Reform party, and in religious work was a supporter of the Presbyterian Church, to which he belonged, while fraternally he was a member of St. Andrew's Society, the Caledonians and the Home Circle.

WILLIAM PURDY MUNRO, who passed from this life March 12, 1899, in Toronto, was a member of a pioneer family of the County of York, and was born at Thornhill in 1826, son of Timothy and Huldah (Purdy) Munro.

Timothy Munro was the child of Scotch parents who had settled in the United States previous to his birth. He was one of the United Empire Loyalists who moved to Canada, and after living for a short time in Kingston, settled at Thornhill, County of York. Thence he moved to another place, in the same county, then to Reach township, and finally to Uxbridge, where he died in 1892, aged eighty-nine years. He was twice married. His first wife Huldah (Purdy) Munro, died in 1828, leaving two sons: William P.; and Oron, who later settled in the United States and there died. By the second marriage there were five children, James, Sarah Catherine, Mary Ann, Newbury and Elizabeth. The mother of this family died in 1897.

William P. Munro grew up in the County of York, attending the schools of that region. On reaching manhood he decided upon farming as the most congenial business for him, following that during his active life. In 1892 he removed to Toronto, where he resided at No. 783 Gerard street east, the house in which his death occurred. In politics he was a Reformer, although he took no active part in municipal affairs. In religious belief the family were Methodists. Mr. Munro's marriage was solemnized in Markham township in 1849, when he was united to Miss Phoebe Ann Willmot, who was born in that township in 1830, one of the ten children in the family of Peter and Mercy (Marr) Willmot. Her maternal grand-

parents were William and Phoebe (Earl) Marr, the former an early settler in Markham township. The paternal grandfather was Isaiah Willmot, who was a pioneer in the County of York, at one time owned 1,800 acres of land there, and there died. The children born to the union of Mr. and Mrs. William P. Munro were: Francis, deceased, who married Miss Elizabeth Button, and had three children, Purdy, Bert-ram and Herbert; Minerva, the wife of Edward Elson; and Newbury.

The Elson family was founded in Canada by John Elson, who was born in Germany, and who settled in Canada on Lot 13, Concession 3, of Markham, County of York, Ont. His son, Henry, born in 1797, was the first white child born in Markham township. He died in 1886, aged eighty-eight years. Joseph Elson, the father of Edward Elson, was born on the same farm in 1828, and he died in 1900, aged seventy-two years. This same farm is still in the possession of one of Joseph Elson's sons, Margaretta McClean, wife of Joseph Elson, was the daughter of John and Elizabeth (Preston) McClean, who landed in Toronto from the north of Ireland when Toronto was called Muddy York.

JOHN MORROW, now living retired at No. 137 Jameson avenue, Toronto, is a member of one of the pioneer families of the County of York, and was born in that county in 1832, on Lot 26, Concession 7, in the township of Vaughan. For more than thirty-three years he served with honor and efficiency in the inland revenue department of His Majesty's government.

The Morrow family was originally Scottish, but for several generations resided in the North of Ireland, moving thither many years ago. From these ancestors came the Morrrows of the Dominion of Canada, the family being founded here by James Morrow, father of John Morrow.

James Morrow was born in the North of Ireland in 1788. When twenty years of age he joined the military to police the home lands while the veterans were away serving in the Napoleonic wars, remaining in this service for a period of ten years. On May 24, 1819, the very day of the birth of Her Majesty, the late beloved Queen Victoria, James Morrow landed in Muddy York (now Toronto), and at once joined a surveying party under a Mr. Goessman, to survey the northern townships of the County of York. Later he visited the United States and remained five years, but subsequently returned to York County. In 1829 he settled on Lot 26, Concession 7, in the township of Vaughan, where he developed a farm which he

continued to occupy until his death, in 1869. This farm is still in the possession of the family, being occupied at present by his son, Archibald Morrow.

In 1824 James Morrow was united in marriage with Miss Louisa McNeil, who was born in County Cavan, Ireland, in 1800, daughter of James McNeil, who died in Ireland. After his death his widow, with her two children, started for Canada, but their vessel was wrecked and Mrs. McNeil was lost. The survivors, including the McNeil children, reached Canada, landing at Toronto in 1824. They subsequently settled in the Niagara district, where James Morrow met and married Louisa McNeil, as above stated.

Mr. and Mrs. James Morrow settled down on his farm, which was ever afterward the family home. Mrs. Morrow died in 1873, the mother of these children: Charles, Jane, Joseph, John, Elizabeth and Archibald. The parents were members of the Methodist Church.

During the early settlement of Vaughan township Mr. Morrow had to carry his flour and feed, his meat, and in fact all his purchases, on his back from Hogg's Hollow to his home, a distance of fully fourteen miles. In political sentiment he was a Conservative. During the rebellion of 1837-38 four persons called at his home, gathering up guns. They asked Mr. Morrow if he had anything in the line of firearms, and receiving an answer in the affirmative requested him to turn anything of the kind over to them immediately. Mr. Morrow was a man of courage. He procured his gun, went to his door, brought the weapon to his shoulder, and grimly said: "Come and take it." The party left without the gun.

John Morrow was reared in his native place and was educated in the local schools and at the Normal School at Toronto, where he attended in 1849, 1850 and 1851. Following this he taught school for about eight years, after which he was associated for a short time with the late H. S. Howland. In 1866 he entered the inland revenue department at Toronto, as deputy collector, serving as such until 1873, when he became collector, and in 1880 was promoted to the position of district inspector of inland revenue. This responsible office he filled until he was superannuated, in 1900, having been in the department for thirty-four years.

In 1855 Mr. Morrow was united in marriage with Miss Margaret Sankey, daughter of John Sankey, for many years a resident of Toronto. Mrs. Morrow was born at Oldham, England, in 1832, and came to Toronto when thirteen years of age. In politics Mr. Morrow is a Conservative. His fraternal connections are with

the Masons and the Orangemen. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Church.

ANER CHURCH MATTHEWS, who died at his late residence in Vaughan township, County York, in 1876, was one of the men who redeemed a farm from the bush in that township, and was one of its best and most valued citizens. He was born in Lower Canada in 1810, son of Aner and Rhoda (Church) Matthews. The parents of Mr. Matthews were of United States ancestry, but the founder of the family in Canada settled in Lower Canada one hundred years ago. The children of Aner Matthews and Rhoda (Church) Matthews, were: Hannah, Samantha, Aurelia, Maria, Theresa, Cassins, Aner Church and Lyman.

Aner Church Matthews was educated in Toronto, and in 1836 he was married at Buffalo, New York, to Miss Emma Hawkins, daughter of Adolphus and Anna (Drake) Hawkins, natives of the United States, the former born in 1793, and the latter in 1794. They died in Ohio, the father in 1867, and the mother in 1869. Their children were: Mrs. Matthews and Mrs. John Fox, the latter deceased.

In 1838 Mr. Matthews settled on Concession 6, in Vaughan township, County York, where he undertook and succeeded in the clearing of a farm from the bush, on which he resided until his death. He became a man of prominence in his locality, and for many years served as magistrate. He was a member of the township and county councils, in which his good judgment and strict integrity made his public services of the greatest value. After his death Mrs. Matthews disposed of the farm and removed to Toronto, where she has resided ever since.

The children born to Mr. and Mrs. Matthews were: Wilbur C., general manager for R. G. Dunn & Co., Toronto; Alonzo C., Montreal; Samantha, deceased; Emily Marie, deceased; Harry E., Toronto; Miss Theresa, at home; Nellie, widow, Toronto; William W., Winnipeg; Erastus Walter, Portland, Oregon; Emma, Mrs. George J. Clarke, Virden, Manitoba.

Mr. Matthews was a worthy, Christian man, a member of the Wesleyan Methodist Church. In his political belief he was a Reformer.

JOHN PRICE, a well-known and highly-esteemed citizen of Toronto, Ont., who is engaged extensively in the brick manufacturing business at No. 122 Greenwood avenue, was born in Somersetshire, England, March 28, 1845, son of William and Jane (Manchip) Price.

John Price was educated in his native country, and there grew to manhood, learning the brick manufacturing business, which was the occupation followed by both his father and grandfather before him. In 1869 Mr. Price came to Canada, and on first locating in the new country engaged in farming, which he later gave up, however, to engage in the business which he had followed in England, his first work as a brickmaker being in Toronto for William Plant, whose yard was situated on the present site of the Western Cattle Market. Mr. Plant and Mr. Price then engaged in the manufacture of sewer pipe, under the firm name of Plant & Price, and this partnership continued for one year, when Mr. Price became manager for Lucas Bros., brickmakers, a position he held for two years. He then formed a partnership with John Lucas, and the firm of Price & Lucas continued for six years, when it was dissolved, Mr. Price at this time founding his present plant on Greenwood avenue, which has since grown to be one of the largest in the country. This is really the Price & Lucas plant greatly enlarged. The latter firm was founded in 1878 and employed about eight to ten men, having an output of 10,000 bricks daily under the old horse-power regime. Since coming into full possession of the business Mr. Price has enlarged it until he now turns out 43,000 bricks per day, and employs forty-three men. Mr. Price owns twenty-five acres of valuable brick clay land in the city, from which his product is produced. In addition to other lines Mr. Price makes a fine face brick, which is greatly in demand, among the buildings having this being the Foresters' Temple and the Home Savings Bank. In addition to his extensive brick business Mr. Price owns much residential property in the city, the accumulation of which is due entirely to his own efforts and business ability.

On March 9, 1874, Mr. Price married Jane Powell, and to them were born children as follows: George Powell, who married Emma Kerr, and has three children, Isabella, Albert and Harold; Charles; Harry; Louisa; and Susie Jane. The family are members of the Methodist Church. Mr. Price belongs to the Sons of England.

JOHN PHILIP LEE, JR., who passed away in Toronto, Dec. 30, 1902, was a well-known business man of that city for many years. Mr. Lee was born on the Isle of Jersey, in 1856, son of John Philip and Anne (Le Va Launt) Lee, who came to Canada in 1872, where the father of our subject followed his business

of shipwright. He was drowned in Toronto Bay in 1891; his wife died in Jersey, in 1867.

John Philip Lee came to Toronto in 1871, when fifteen years of age, and prior to this had served his time to the carpenter's trade. On reaching Toronto he engaged with Kennedy & Co., later becoming a member of the firm, where he remained for fourteen years. He then became manager for J. B. Smith, in which position he continued until his death. Mr. Lee was considered one of the best mechanics in his line in the city, anything that could be made of wood being readily provided by his skilful hand.

In 1877 Mr. Lee and Miss Harriet Jane Maehon were united in marriage. Mrs. Lee was born in Gaspé, Province of Quebec, in 1857, daughter of Philip Alfred and Elizabeth (Prinex) Maehon, natives of the Isle of Jersey. They came to Quebec in 1850, where Mr. Maehon followed contracting and building, and here they died, he in 1895, and she in 1904.

Mrs. Lee, prior to her marriage, made a trip to the old country, visiting the scene of her parents' early days, and here she met Mr. Lee, whose wife she later became. To John Philip Lee and his wife these children were born: Percival, director of physical culture in the Y. M. C. A., at Ottawa, married Miss Ethel Storey; Lillian; Amy; Harry; Arthur; Lewis; Edgar; Albert; John; and four children, deceased.

Mr. Lee was a member of the Methodist Church. In politics he was a Conservative, and fraternally was affiliated with the Home Order of the Sons of England, and Canadian Order of Home Circle No. 12. Mr. Lee built several houses in Toronto, including the one owned by Mrs. Lee, on North Arthur street. He also did woodwork for many of the leading buildings in this city, viz.: McCaul Street Methodist Church, now a Jewish Synagogue; St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church; Normal School; "King Edward Hotel"; Medical Building; Telegram Building; Harris Abattoir, etc. His two sons, Harry and Arthur, are contractors and builders, and are promising business men, having built several dwellings which are a credit to the city, including the one in which they reside on Grace street. Mr. Lee was a skilful mechanic, a thorough business man, a Christian gentleman, and a kind-hearted husband and father.

WILLIAM C. WIDDIFIELD, B.A., a prominent barrister and notary of Newmarket, Ont., was born Jan. 22, 1855, on the homestead farm in the township of Whitechurch, County of York, where his father, Charles W. Widdifield,

was born, living there until his death. Henry W. Widdifield, his grandfather, came from the State of Pennsylvania in the year 1799 and picked out the homestead, Lot 32, 3rd Concession, Whitechurch township, and then returned home, where he made arrangements for finally moving to this country. In the year 1801 he moved from Pennsylvania and settled on the farm in Whitechurch, which still remains in the family name.

William C. Widdifield was brought up on the farm, and finding that there were more boys than there were farms in the family he branched out and took a college training and became a graduate of Arts in the Toronto University in 1880, after which he took up the study of law, and became a barrister and solicitor, in 1885. Settling in the town of Newmarket in the practice of his profession, he has remained there ever since. Mr. Widdifield had five sisters and three brothers, the brothers being: the late Sheriff Widdifield, who is mentioned elsewhere; J. E. Widdifield, who is still living on the homestead farm; and Charles Howard Widdifield, who died at an early age.

Mr. Widdifield was married in November, 1891, to Miss Emma Cane, a resident of Newmarket, and a daughter of the late William Cane, a prominent manufacturer of the town of Newmarket, who is mentioned elsewhere. They have two children: Marjorie Cane, aged eleven years; and Kathleen Cane, aged eight.

By close attention to his practice Mr. Widdifield has won for himself a very large circle of clients and friends. In 1904 he was chosen as the standard-bearer of the Liberal party to represent them in the local legislature, but that being the occasion of the general defeat of the Ross government, his contest was unsuccessful. He has been a member of the high school board for the past twenty years. In fraternal matters he is a member of the Canadian Order of Woodmen, of Newmarket, and the Canadian Home Circle, of Newmarket. In religion he and his family are identified with the Friends Church.

FRANK ROSAR (deceased) led an unostentatious life, but its record shows that he left the world far better and happier than he found it, and in his death the city of Toronto lost a citizen of more than usual worth. His charities were many, one of his most notable characteristics being his sincere sympathy with those in need or sorrow.

Mr. Rosar was born in Prussia, Germany, in 1829, son of Peter and Elizabeth Rosar, who emigrated from Germany when Frank was thirteen years of age, settling in Buffalo, New



W. C. Middifield

York. The father engaged in business in Buffalo, and there he and his wife spent the remainder of their lives. Early in life Frank Rosar learned the business of moulder, which he followed in Buffalo until 1853, when he came to Canada. In 1868 he married Miss Rosalia Solleder, who was born at St. Mary's, Pennsylvania, in 1846, daughter of John and Annie Solleder, natives of Germany, who emigrated to Pennsylvania, went thence to Cleveland, Ohio, thence to Buffalo, New York, and finally to Toronto, where Mr. Solleder engaged in the undertaking business. Some years prior to his death he retired from business and moved to Hamilton, thence to Rochester, New York, where he died in 1890. His wife passed away in 1886, leaving three children: John, the only son, who died in Rochester; Mary, the wife of George Pell of that city; and Mrs. Rosar.

After their marriage, Mr. and Mrs. Rosar settled on King street, where he owned real estate, and in 1873 he gave up the business of moulder to become the successor of his father-in-law. Mr. Rosar continued in that business until his death, March 24, 1903, in the faith of the Catholic Church, to which Mrs. Rosar and her children adhere. In politics he was independent. He was a member of the C. M. B. A., and was also a Forester. Mr. Rosar left his family amply provided for.

To Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rosar were born children as follows: Frank, who died at his home on Queen street west, in 1895, married Carrie Carney, of Toronto, by whom he had one son, Frank M. Louisa (deceased) married Dennis Hayes, and had three children, Edna, Clarence and Frank. John, born in Toronto in August, 1868, was educated in the public schools, and is employed by his mother in the undertaking business; he is unmarried, and resides at home. George died in childhood. William, born in March, 1872, was formerly for sixteen years in Rice, Lewis & Co.'s hardware establishment, and is now manager of the "Tremont House," in Toronto, he married Miss Christina Medlay, of Toronto, and has three sons, Wilfred, Bernard and Paul. Edward J., born in 1876, is engaged with his brother John in the undertaking business, now owned by his mother; he married Miss Rosanna Cosgrove, of Toronto, where he resides, and has two children, Edna and John. Peter, born in October, 1878, died in young manhood, Feb. 24, 1902. Lillie, born in May, 1881, is a graduate of St. Joseph's College, Toronto. Annie died in her third year. Charlotte, born in November, 1885, is also a graduate of St. Joseph's College.

In July, 1906, Mrs. Rosar and her daughter

Lillie, made a trip across the ocean, visiting the following places: Gibraltar, Naples, Capri, Pompeii, Rome, Florence, Venice, Padua, Milan, Paris, Brussels, Dublin, Killarney, Cork, Blarney and Queenstown.

WILLIAM JOHNSTON COTTON, whose death occurred in Toronto in 1897, was a native of that city, having been born on Yonge street in 1834, son of Robert and Isabella (Sproule) Cotton. Both the parents were born in Ireland, and came to Canada before their marriage. Here they married and settled for a time near "The Don," then going to County Simcoe, where Mr. Cotton was killed in 1846. He left these children: William Johnston; Ann Jane; Mary, deceased; Isabella; Elizabeth; and Robert, who died in infancy. Mrs. Cotton subsequently married James Sigsworth, and is now deceased.

William Johnston Cotton received his education in the County of Simcoe. He then engaged in farming on his father's old place, whence he went to Peel County, also farming there for a time, until he went to Toronto, where he spent the remainder of his life. Mr. Cotton was married in 1855 to Miss Sarah Ferguson, daughter of James Ferguson. Mr. Ferguson was born in England and there married his first wife, by whom he had five children. For his second wife he married Miss Catherine Collins. In about 1835 James Ferguson located in Toronto, where he farmed for some time, and then went to the United States, where his death occurred. His children were: Sarah, Mrs. Cotton; James, who died at the age of twenty-one years; John, deceased, who was chief engineer at the Toronto waterworks at one time; Joseph, deceased; Thomas, of the United States; Johanna, deceased; and Edward, of Minnesota.

To Mr. Cotton and his wife were born: Dr. James Milton, of Toronto; Robert Newton, of Chicago; Emma, at home; William A., of Toronto; John W., of Chicago; Walter H., of Chicago; Lena, and Minnie. The family are members of the Methodist Church, to which Mr. Cotton belonged. In politics he was a Reformer.

JOHN WALKER was born in Toronto in 1840, and died in that city in October, 1887. His father, Walter Walker, an early settler of Toronto, spent his life there, engaged in the cooperage business.

John Walker grew to manhood in his native city, and followed the trade of wheelwright, also engaging in the manufacture of brick-makers' supplies. This business is now con-

ducted by his son, Edgar Walker. Mr. Walker married Emily Grainger, daughter of John and Laura (Stibbard) Grainger, the former of whom was born in Yorkshire, England, coming to Toronto at the time it was known as "Muddy York." He followed market gardening until the close of his active life, and his death occurred in Toronto in 1892; his wife passed away the previous year. They were Methodists. Mr. Grainger was a soldier in the rebellion of 1837-38. Their children were: Emily, Mrs. Walker; Hannah, the wife of Charles West, of Toronto; Oliver, of Toronto; Elizabeth, the wife of George B. Crown; Mary Ann, the wife of Henry Duke; Albert, deceased, who was a member of the "Queen's Own"; Phoebe, who married Charles Bonnick; Adie, the wife of Samuel William Sims; and Edwin, of Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Walker had children as follows: Edgar, of Toronto, who married Miss Marshall, and has two sons, Roy and Norman; and Laura, who married Walter D. Kinsman, has two sons, Ralph and Donald, and one daughter, Adie. In religious faith Mr. Walker was a Wesleyan.

THOMAS FORSTER, deceased. For more than a quarter of a century one of the well-known agriculturists of County Halton was the late Thomas Forster, who gave the best part of his life to the cultivation of the soil, reaping a harvest so substantial that in his declining years he retired from all active toil and passed his last days quietly in Brampton, where he died in December, 1887. He represented the second generation of his family in Canada.

James Forster, of the Forsters of Northumberland and the Carmichaels of Hindford (Earldom), Scotland, father of Thomas, came with his wife, Elizabeth (Moffitt) Forster, from England in 1828, and settled in what is now the County of Peel, where he took up 350 acres of land and also carried on a milling business on quite an extensive scale. For a number of years he operated two sawmills and two flourmills, but finally sold them and retired from business some time before his death, which occurred at Glen Williams in 1873. He was always in the forefront of every great moral movement of his time. His wife died while the family were still living in County Peel. Their children numbered eight: William, James, John, Betsey, Ann, Thomas, Hannah, and Dr. Moffitt, all now deceased except the last named, who is a physician in Palmerston, Ont. The mother of this family was Mr. Forster's second wife, for he had married

early in life, and lost both his wife and their two children.

Thomas Forster was born in Brampton, Cumberlandshire, England, in 1825, and was three years old when the family came to Canada. When he was old enough to take up the responsibilities of life he went into the milling business with his father, and continued in it till his marriage, in 1847, when he devoted himself instead to agricultural pursuits, which absorbed his attention thereafter. In 1850 he settled in County Halton and remained there till he retired to Brampton, in 1876. He was a justice of the peace, and like his father, ever foremost in religious and moral activities. He declined political honors. In political views he was a Reformer.

Mr. Forster was married June 1, 1847, to Miss Martha Wilkinson, daughter of John and Martha (Allinson) Wilkinson. Mrs. Forster survives her husband, and is now residing in Toronto at No. 83 College street. Although over eighty years of age, she is in full possession of her faculties and still enjoys good health. She is the mother of two sons, viz.: James Wilkinson, of Brampton, born in 1848, who married Miss Maria Preston, and has four children, Edgar, Ernest, Herbert and Percy; and John W. L., the artist, of Toronto. The family are members of the Methodist Church.

Mrs. Martha (Wilkinson) Forster was a granddaughter of John Wilkinson, of Warecop, one of the old 'states-folk of England, and John Wilkinson, his son, was the father of Mrs. Forster. He died in 1853. He left the old estate and homestead for Canada with his family in 1820. His wife, like himself a native of England, was born in 1780, and died Feb. 4, 1871. Her maiden name was Martha Allinson. To them were born children as follows: Ann, May 29, 1807; John, March 12, 1810; James, June 17, 1812; Margaret, March 25, 1815; Jane, March 25, 1817; William, Jan. 21, 1819, who died Sept. 12, 1820; and Martha, Nov. 30, 1822, who married Thomas Forster. Mrs. Forster's descent on the Allinson side is from the Wycliffes, as follows:

(I) Joseph Allinson, who married Ann Wycliffe, daughter of David and Martha (Rawlins) Wycliffe. David Wycliffe was son of Thomas Wycliffe, by his wife Ann, daughter of Lord Mortham, and who was nephew and heir to William de Wycliffe, of Wycliffe Hall, the family home of the reformer, John Wycliffe.

(II) Joseph Allinson.

(III) John Allinson, who married Jan. 13, 1780, Miss Margaret Ewbank, and became the

father of Martha Allinson, wife of John Wilkinson, already named.

WILLIAM R. WOOD. The firm of J. R. Wood & Son, No. 653 Ossington avenue, Toronto, is one of the reliable market-gardening firms of Ontario.

The Wood family was founded in Canada by J. R. Wood, the senior member of the firm, in 1870. He was born in the County of Kent, England, in 1835, son of John Wood. Mr. Wood grew to manhood in his native land, and learned the trade of carpenter prior to coming to America. His marriage took place there also, in 1857, to Miss Eliza Ann Phillips, born in County Kent, who died in Toronto in July, 1898. They had these children: John Henry, who married and has children, Fred, Charles, Ruby, Hazel and Walter; Henry Charles, deceased, married to Ellen Davis, who resides on Clinton street, Toronto, with her children, Albert A., Edgar and Anna; Charles M., who married Harriet Goodchild, and they have these children, Arthur, Charles Ernest, and Hattie; Eliza, widow of George Chassell, of Toronto, and mother of Hattie, Florence, Bertie and William; Eleanor; James A., deceased, who was accidentally killed when a lad, falling from the dock of the steamship company as the family arrived in Canada; Sarah Ann, wife of H. B. Wood, and mother of Amy, Arthur, James and Fannie; Arthur R., deceased; Fanny, who married George Giles, and has children, Annie and Nellie; Mary Ann, who married Alfred Soloman, and had children, William, Stanley, Violet, Daisy and May; George W., of Toronto, who married Jennie Hook, and has two children, Cecil and Lily; and William R., of Toronto. John Henry Wood, the eldest son, has been a member of Batteries A and B, and was the second man in Canada to receive the Imperial Long Service Good Conduct medal. He was a member of the special guard of Princess Louise when she visited Canada.

On coming to Toronto in 1870, J. R. Wood went to work at his trade, which he followed for twelve years. In 1871 he built the sixth new house west of Queen's Park and north of College street. In 1882 he launched the business which is now conducted under the name of J. R. Wood & Son, conducting the same in York township, himself, until 1898, when the present firm was organized, William R. Wood being the junior member, who now conducts the business.

William R. Wood was born at Toronto in 1877 and obtained his education here. He is a practical gardener and raises almost everything in popular demand, possible in this clim-

ate. The firm also was interested as florists, but this branch of the business has been discontinued. Mr. Wood married Flora Froud, and has one son, Roy William.

Mr. Wood belongs to an old P. M. Church family. In politics he is a Reformer. He is an energetic, enterprising business man, who enjoys universal esteem.

HENRY DEARLE PALSER, in whose death, which occurred Jan. 8, 1902, at his residence, No. 47 Elm street, Toronto, the Queen City lost one of its most enterprising business men, was born at Highbury Vale, Islington, London, England, in 1845, son of John Dearle and May (Selman) Palser, both of whom died in England.

Henry Dearle Palser was educated in London, and in 1873 came to Canada, locating in Toronto on July 8th of that year. In 1874 he founded the Yorkville Laundry at No. 695 Yonge street, and here he continued until 1886, in which year he located the business at No. 47 Elm street, where he conducted it most successfully until his death. Mr. Palser carried on a very extensive business, employing from sixty to seventy-five hands, and his work was always of the best, continually giving him an increasing amount of patronage.

In London, England, in 1870, Mr. Palser was united in marriage with Miss Susan Young, who was born at Langley, near Windsor, England, in 1849, daughter of Thomas and Phoebe (Bennett) Young, natives of England, where Mr. Young was at the head of large landed estates for many years, and where he was accidentally killed in 1858, at the age of fifty years. In 1870 his widow came to Canada, settling in Yorkville, where she died June 26, 1881. Their children were: Mrs. John Paxton; Mrs. Joseph Braace; Alfred; Mrs. Palser; and Rev. William, of Oswego, New York. The parents of these children were members of the Church of England.

One son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Palser, Robert Dearle, of New York City. Mr. Palser was a member of the Church of England. In his political principles he was a Conservative. His fraternal connections were with the Sons of England and the A. O. U. W. On July 5, 1904, Mrs. Palser settled at her present home, "Dearlemont," on Farnham avenue, in Deer Park.

HINDE BROTHERS. One of the well-known brick manufacturing concerns of Carlton West, York township, is that of Hinde Brothers, which was established in 1903 by the

sons of Richard Hinde, the founder of the family in Canada.

Richard Hinde was born in Surrey, England, in 1852, son of William and Elizabeth (Woodham) Hinde, the former of whom died in 1855, and the latter in 1866, their three children being: William, of Toronto Junction; Richard; and Elizabeth, all of whom were christened in Addlestone Church, Surrey, where the father was buried, the mother being interred in Brockley cemetery, Dedford, England.

In 1871 Richard Hinde came to Canada. He was a member of the Knights of St. John, Knights of Malta and the Orangemen. In Canada he married Sarah Timms, born in England, in 1844, and to this union there were born six children:

(1) William Hinde, eldest of the family, was born in York township in 1875. In 1897 he married Mary Watts, born at Collingwood, and they have one daughter, Audrey. William Hinde is a member of the Knights of St. John, the Knights of Malta, and the Orangemen.

(2) James Hinde, born in York township in 1877, married Rhoda Lee. He belonged to the I. O. O. F.

(3) Arthur, born in 1879, belongs to the Sons of England.

(4) Bertram, born in 1881, is a member of the Orangemen.

(5) Ada, and (6) Edith, were the two daughters.

In 1903 the firm of Hinde Brothers was formed and the plant on St. Clair avenue, Toronto Junction, erected, it having a capacity of from 1,500,000 to 2,000,000 brick annually, in the production of which twelve or more men are employed.

All four brothers are independent in politics, while their religious belief is that of the English Church.

ALFRED GEORGE WATERS. On March 14, 1905, there passed away in Toronto Alfred George Waters, an Englishman by birth, but one whose mature years had all been spent in his adopted city. He was born in Gloucester, England, in 1843, son of George Waters.

Alfred G. Waters grew up in England and pursued his studies in the English schools. His business training also was acquired in that country, and he worked there some years as an accountant before coming, when still a young man, to Canada. He first located at Barrie, and there secured a position as bookkeeper, which he filled efficiently for a number of years. From Barrie Mr. Waters moved to Toronto, where he became bookkeeper for the

"Arlington Hotel," and the remainder of his life was spent there.

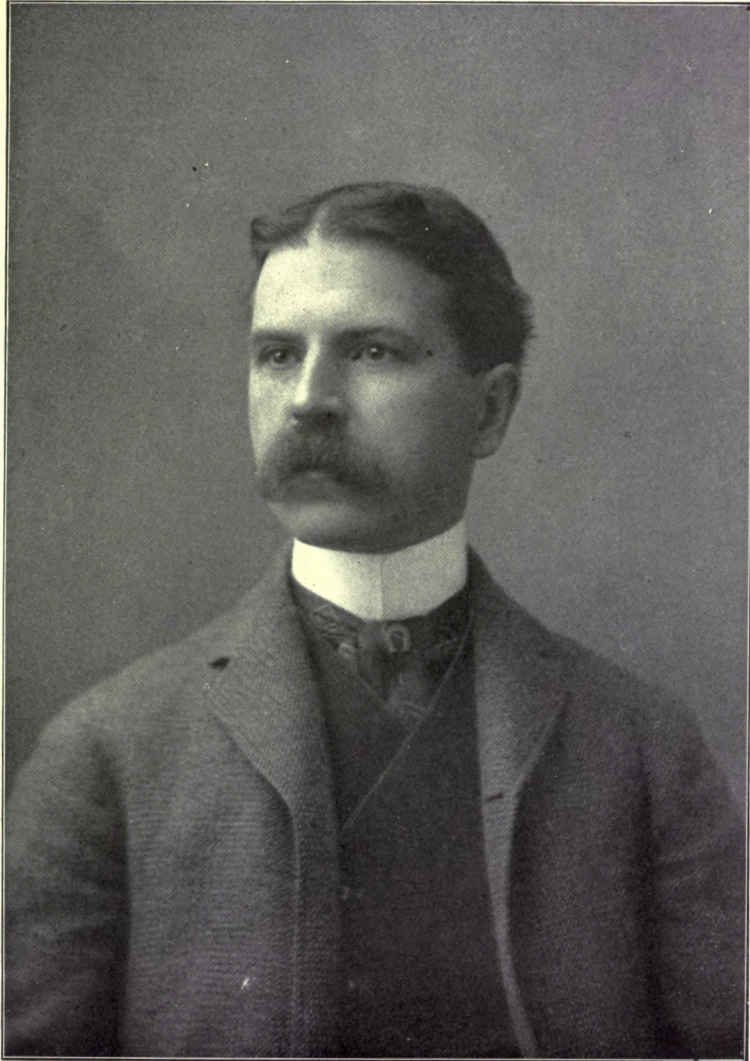
Mr. Waters married, in 1871, Miss Anna Rose, a native of Calcutta, India, and a daughter of Charles and Charlotte Rose. Mr. Rose, who was a cousin of the late Lord Strathnain, Commander of the forces in India, was for some time in the employ of the British government at Calcutta, but returned to England for the latter part of his life. His wife passed away in 1902, aged seventy-nine years. They had eleven children, viz.: Robert; Richard; Charles; George; Judge Rose, of South Africa; Frederick L. H.; Mrs. Waters; Mrs. Macdonald; Mrs. Capt. Wilson; Mrs. Jordan; and Caroline.

Mr. Waters is survived by his widow and seven children, namely: Alfred Charles, with the Hubbs & Howe Company, of Toronto; Frederick George, with Parswell & Co., of Toronto; William Stanley, of Boston, Mass.; Robert W., with W. Trombly, of Toronto Junction; Thomas Edwin, with Messrs. White & Co., in Hamilton; Florence L., at home; and Herbert Francis, with the Ontario Accident Insurance Company, of Toronto. Mr. Waters was never active in politics, but supported the Conservative party. Fraternally he belonged to the Masons, and in religious belief he accepted the teachings of the Church of England, of which he was a member.

ROBERT CAIGER. Among the prominent business men and influential citizens of Toronto, who have passed off the scene of life, was Robert Caiger, whose death occurred in February, 1899, in Toronto. He was born on St. Patrick Square, in that city, in 1849, son of William Caiger, who was born in England and came to Canada, settling in Toronto at an early day. For twenty-five years William Caiger was sexton of St. George's Church, and he died in Toronto in 1872.

Robert Caiger was educated in the public schools of his native city, and then served his time to the brass moulding trade, with Thomas Dean, with whom he remained thirty years. Mr. Caiger was one of the most skillful workers in brass to be found in the country, and his long association with Mr. Dean speaks in the highest terms of his skill and workmanship. The many years of work as a brass moulder began to impair Mr. Caiger's health, and he accordingly went into the brass-moulding business in company with Mr. John Fogg, the firm trading under the name of Fogg & Caiger, which partnership had continued up to the year that Mr. Caiger died.

Mr. Caiger was married in Toronto, in 1872,



W. E. Chalcraft

to Miss Mary Jane Doyle, daughter of Valentine and Mary (Marren) Doyle, the former a native of Rochester, New York, and the latter a native of Ireland. He was a son of James Doyle, who came to Toronto, when it was known as Muddy York, and died in 1874. His widow survived until 1898, when she died, aged ninety-one years. Valentine Doyle was born in 1828, and spent most of his life in Toronto. He was a sailor when young, but later followed his trade, that of shipbuilding. His wife died in 1854, leaving the following children: Mrs. Caiger, James and Sara.

To Mr. and Mrs. Caiger these children were born: (1) William Valentine, born in Toronto in 1872, died in 1902; he married Anne Edmonds, by whom he had two children, Walter Henry, and William Andrew. He was a prominent member of the Knights of Pythias. (2) Bertha Marion. Robert Caiger was a member of the Church of England. His political support was given the Conservative party, and he took a great interest in its success. Fraternally he affiliated with the Knights of Pythias. Mrs. Caiger, after the death of her husband, took a trip to the United States, but later returned to Toronto, where she has since resided.

WILLIAM EDWIN CHALCRAFT, who passed away in Toronto May 29, 1903, was one of the enterprising men of his day, and successfully prosecuted a business founded by himself, and since his death conducted by his widow. Mr. Chalcraft was born in Woodstock, Feb. 2, 1859, son of Edwin and Margaret (Loveys) Chalcraft.

The Chalcraft family was founded in Canada by John Chalcraft, the grandfather of William E., a native of Headley, Hants, England, who came to Canada about 1851, settling in Woodstock, where he died. His wife, Sarah Edwards, died in London, Ont. Their children were: Mark, Edwin, Kate, Emma, Andrew, Frank and Albert. Of this family Edwin Chalcraft, father of William E., embarked in the hardware business at Brantford, and became a leading factor in the commercial circles of that place, where he is now living retired. He was the father of two children, Frederick (of Brantford), and William Edwin.

William Edwin Chalcraft received his education at Brantford, and there began his business life in a mercantile house. From there he went to Hamilton, where he was associated with Donald McGinnis's wholesale dry goods firm, after leaving whom he went to London, and there formed a partnership with John Birrell & Co. In 1888 Mr. Chalcraft located

in Toronto, and embarked in the clothing business, as a member of the firm of Boisseau, Chalcraft & Co., on Colborne street, whence he later removed to Front street. While in that location the firm became Chalcraft, Simpson & Co., which partnership was subsequently dissolved, the business becoming W. E. Chalcraft & Co. They located at No. 71 York street, where Mr. Chalcraft continued until his death. He established this business himself and was very successful, being enterprising and energetic, and possessed of a large amount of business acumen. As an accountant Mr. Chalcraft had no superior.

In 1886 Mr. Chalcraft married Miss Clara Randall. The Randalls have been long resident in Ontario, the family coming from New Hampshire in an early day. The first of whom we have any data is Eleazer Randall, Mrs. Chalcraft's grandfather, who was born in New Hampshire and there died. He married Clarissa Wheeler in 1815, and they became the parents of these children: Eleazer, Shubel, George, Diana (deceased), Martha (deceased), Sarah (deceased), Abigail and Roxanna. Of this family George Randall, the father of Mrs. Chalcraft, was born in New Hampshire in 1832, and came to Canada in 1851, founding the family in this country. He became well known early in life as a contractor and builder for the Grand Trunk Railway Company, having charge of the erection of many passenger stations throughout Ontario. Later he engaged in business in Waterloo and Berlin, being now engaged as a wholesale grocer at the latter place. Mr. Randall has also been engaged in distilling and in the dry goods business, and was one of the founders of the Farr Alpaca Company, of Holyoke, Massachusetts, which he established in company with his nephew, Mr. Farr, and which was well known in Hespeler as the Randall, Farr, Alpaca Company, but on the removal to Massachusetts the name was changed to the Farr Alpaca Company. Mr. Randall is a Conservative in political faith, and has been prominent in public matters, having been warden of Waterloo County, a member of the council of Berlin, and served as mayor of the town of Waterloo. Mr. Randall married Miss Caroline Roos in 1855, and to this union were born: Walter (deceased), Clara (Mrs. Chalcraft), Emma, George (of Berlin), and Albert (deceased).

After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Chalcraft settled in London, from which city they came to Toronto in 1888, as previously mentioned. Two daughters, Elsie Irene and Mabel Ethel, were born to them. They reside with their mother at No. 40 Bedford road, Toronto,

in the new home built by Mrs. Chalcraft in 1904. Mr. Chalcraft was a member of the Church of England. In politics he was a Reformer.

DAVID GARDINER, whose death took place in Toronto, July 24, 1904, was born in Dundee, Scotland, in September, 1835, son of Thomas Gardiner.

Thomas Gardiner and his wife, Mary (Nicol) Gardiner, were both natives of Dundee, where they married and remained for some time. In 1871 they came to Canada, but Mrs. Gardiner died in Montreal very soon after landing there. Her husband came on to Toronto, where he spent the rest of his life, following his trade as a baker. Their children were as follows: James; Thomas, of Toronto; Neil, of Toronto; William, of California; John, of Chicago; David; Mary, Mrs. George Jack; Elizabeth, Mrs. McMillan; and Maggie, Mrs. Day.

David Gardiner remained in Scotland till he was of age, and learned his father's trade. In 1867 he left home to try life in the New World, preceding his parents by four years, and settled in Toronto, where he worked for some time as a baker. In 1877 he started in business on his own account, opening a restaurant which he conducted very successfully for fifteen years, after which he retired from active work and lived quietly at his home, No. 90 Oak street, where he died twelve years later. Mr. Gardiner built the house himself, and it is now owned and occupied by his widow. He and his wife both belonged to the Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Gardiner was twice married. His first wife was Miss Jessie Gorry, and to them were born five children, as follows: (1) David, married Miss Jennie Neil, and has two children, Florence and Herbert. (2) Jessie is the wife of William McDowell, and mother of four children, Lena, Emily, Catheline and William. (3) Annie is the wife of Samuel Allan, by whom she has had Minnie, William, Annie, Flora, Bella, Frederick, Herbert, Violet and Esther. (4) Mary married William Hays, and has two sons, Gordon Victor and Arthur Herbert. (5) Agnes married Martin Corkoran, and has children, Lena, William, Norman and Ernest. After the death of his first wife, Mr. Gardiner was in 1872 united to Mrs. Jane Finlayson, and to this marriage also there were five children: (1) William David married Miss Daisy Dirk, and has two daughters, Gladys Louise and Mabel Jane. (2) Elizabeth, married Henry Hartman, and has three children, Evelyn E., Bertha and Irène. (3) Walter, married Miss Mabel Allan, and has one son, Allan Lewis. (4)

Louise is the wife of Thomas Hodgson, to whom she has borne one son, Fforde Victor. (5) Emma is the wife of Julius C. Noe.

Mrs. David Gardiner bore the maiden name of Jane Meehan, and was born in 1851 at Quebec, to John and Elizabeth (Newberry) Meehan. Her father was born in Ireland in 1802, and died in Quebec in 1892, while her mother's death occurred at Toronto in 1897, when she was aged eighty-one years. Mrs. Gardiner was one of a large family, namely: Elizabeth, Mrs. Ashdown; Margaret, Mrs. Downs; Mary Ann, Mrs. Shannon; Jane, Mrs. Gardiner; William, deceased; Peter; and Abraham. She was first married to the late John Alexander Finlayson, by whom she had two children, viz.: Maria Jane, who is the wife of William Collins, and has four children, Lillie, William, John and James; and Mary Ann, who married Charles Standish, and has two children, Edward and Mand.

BELL BROTHERS. Among the many extensive enterprises of the city of Toronto, Ont., may be mentioned the brick manufacturing firm of Bell Brothers, of No. 301 Greenwood avenue, proprietors of one of the leading industries of their line in the Queen City.

The Bell family, of which the brothers are members, is of English extraction, and was founded in Canada by the brothers in 1882. Their father, John Bell, was born in England in 1837, and there was engaged in the manufacture of brick for many years. After coming to Toronto he assisted his sons in their business, but was never actively engaged in business on his own account after coming to this country. He died in Toronto in 1904, in his sixty-eighth year, while his widow, whose maiden name was Maria Hembry, and who was born in England in 1845, is still a resident of Toronto. Of their children James is the senior member of the firm of Bell Brothers, and George, the junior member.

JAMES BELL was born in Bridgewater, Somersetshire, England, Sept. 27, 1862, and there grew to manhood, learning the brickmaking trade with his father. In 1882, with his brother George, he came to Toronto, and in 1897 the firm was founded. James Bell married in Toronto, Oct. 10, 1888, Mary Hind, and to this union there were born five children: Leonard, Ethel, Norman, Edgar and Cecil.

GEORGE BELL was born Nov. 10, 1868, at Bridgewater, Somersetshire, England, and there learned the brickmaking business. In 1882 he and his brother, James, settled in Toronto. There, May 30, 1897, he married Emma Hill,

who bore him three children, namely: Harold, Fidelia and Elsie.

Fifteen years after coming to Toronto, the Bell brothers established the firm of which they are still proprietors, their first location being at No. 100 Greenwood avenue. After five years they removed their plant to their present site, No. 301, the same thoroughfare, where they own six acres of land, employ twenty-five men, and have a capacity of 25,000 brick daily. In their religious faith the brothers are Methodists. They are members of the Sons of England and the A. O. F., and in politics both are independent.

SAMUEL WESLEY WARNICA, who died at his home in Toronto April 14, 1901, was a member of an old and prominent family of Ontario. He was born in Painswick, County of Simcoe, in 1838, son of George Frederick and Phoebe (Lyons) Warnica.

George Frederick Warnica, Sr., father of George Frederick, was a native of Denmark, born in 1764, and came to Canada about 1800, crossed Lake Simcoe in a row boat in 1808, and subsequently settled in the township of Innisfil, County of Simcoe, where he lived a quiet life. His wife was a Miss Wolfe, of the State of New York, who with her grandmother (who was scalped) was all that was left of her family, all perishing at the hands of the Mohawk Indians.

George Frederick Warnica, son of George Frederick, Sr., was born in New York State, and was for many years a well known farmer in the County of Simcoe. He was a member of the first county council of that county, and a councillor for forty years. He died on the farm which he had cleared Sept. 20, 1806, and his wife, Phoebe Lyons, died at the home of her youngest daughter in the township of Essa. Their children were: Phoebe, Mrs. D. Rogers, now deceased; John, of Tollendale; Horton, of Franklin, now deceased; Martha, widow of W. Hunter; Samuel Wesley; Sarah, wife of Silas Smith, of Franklin, Pennsylvania; Leonard Barnabas, deceased; Alfred, deceased; Elizabeth Abigail, Mrs. John P. Carr, of Thornton, County of Simcoe; and Charles Manson, who died at the age of sixteen, while serving in the Civil War in the States.

Samuel Wesley Warnica was given such educational advantages as his native county afforded in the early pioneer days, and on reaching his majority he engaged in farming and lumbering, so continuing until retiring from active work in 1886. He then settled in Toronto, where he passed the remainder of his life, and where he died.

Mr. Warnica was twice married, his first wife being Martha Montgomery, who bore him nine children, as follows: Emma, deceased; Edward; Ashford, on the old Warnica homestead; Lincoln, deceased; Arthur, of Albany, New York; Ida, wife of Dr. F. D. Price, of Toronto; and Teffie, Mamie and Mabel, all three deceased.

In 1884 Mr. Warnica married (second) Annie Ziegler Müller, who was born at Collingwood, of German ancestry, being the second daughter of Philip and Margaret (Ziegler) Müller. Mr. Müller was educated for the German ministry, but his inclinations led him to a military life; he was the seventh son of a military family, his father and six brothers being in good standing with the military government of the German Empire. Coming to Canada from New York in 1850, he became a resident of the Dominion, and died at Silver Islet about 1875, aged sixty-two years, and his wife passed away in 1872. Their children were: Katherine, who married Henry Pedwell; Annie Ziegler, Mrs. Warnica; Fanny, Mrs. Alexander Munroe; and Lizzetta, who married Peter Heuser. To Mr. and Mrs. Warnica was born one son, Louis.

Mr. Warnica attended the Congregational Church. In political opinion he was a Reformer. In 1905 Mrs. Warnica purchased the home known as the Murray property, at No. 66 Bond street, and there she now resides.

JOHN YOUNG, deceased. A life that is quiet and uneventful often seems to the onlooker one of small influence and little value to the world at large, but the more penetrating eye in many cases discovers beneath the surface a character that is potent for good and far-reaching in its effects in shaping the development of others. Such was the life of the late John Young, of Toronto, who passed away in that city in December, 1885, aged only forty-five years.

John Young was born in Montreal in 1840. His father, Alexander Young, the first of the name to settle in Canada, came from the North of Ireland and spent the rest of his life in business in Montreal. There the son grew up and was educated, and then was for some time in business there with an uncle, but in 1869 he removed to Toronto and embarked on his own account in the undertaking business, which he conducted from that time till his death. The establishment is still carried on under the same name, though owned now by others. Aside from his business, to which he gave the most careful attention, Mr. Young's main interest was in church work, particularly the departments that brought him in contact with the young people.

For twelve years he was superintendent of the Sunday-school of the Elm Street Methodist Church, of which he was a member, and his influence for good over the young can hardly be over-estimated. They were much attached to him personally and his death caused deep regret.

Before leaving Montreal Mr. Young had been united in marriage with Miss Eliza Jane Cunningham, daughter of William Cunningham, of that city, who came thither from the North of Ireland. To this union were born two daughters, Edith and Elizabeth, and two sons, Harold, who died young, and Dr. Frederick A. Young, of Winnipeg, who took his degrees in medicine at the University of Toronto, and in London, England. Mr. Young was not a politician in any sense, but always supported the Reform party. Fraternally he belonged to the Masonic order and to the I. O. O. F.

JOSEPH EMERSON, who during his lifetime was one of Toronto's respected and esteemed citizens, seemed only in the prime of his life and with the richest of his years before him when the summons came for him from the dread messenger of Death. He was at the time in California, whither he had gone in the hope of regaining his health, which had failed him in Canada.

A native of England, Mr. Emerson was born in 1841. His parents, also of English birth, were James and Eliza Emerson, who came to Canada in 1857 and settled in Toronto. James Emerson went into the furniture business there and so continued until his demise, when he was succeeded by his son Charles, since deceased. The death of Mrs. Emerson occurred in Toronto also. Joseph Emerson received practically all his education in England. Soon after settling in Toronto he began to make his way in the world, choosing gardening and farming as his occupation. He bought a place of twenty acres situated on Bloor street, and made his home there until his death, in 1891, at the age of fifty. After that sad event the property was sold. When Mr. Emerson went to California great hopes were entertained of his gaining material benefit from the climate and he made a brave struggle, but all in vain. His remains were brought back to Toronto for interment. He left a wife, Mrs. Catherine Isabelle (Irwin) Emerson, and a family of eight children, viz.: Frederick, a farmer in Oakville, who married Miss Eliza Clark, and has three children, Lewis, Viola and May; Eliza, at home; Susie, the wife of Rev. John Coburn, of Stayner, who has three children, Wesley, Lillian and Kathleen; Caroline, wife of James Springett, and mother

of three children, Marjorie, Trevor and Mildred; Minnie and Emily, at home; Charles, who married Miss Sarah Black; and Ralph, at home. Mrs. Emerson and her daughters and son reside at No. 37½ O'Hara avenue. Mr. Emerson was a preacher of the Methodist Church and became well known locally.

Mrs. Catherine I. Emerson is a daughter of John and Margaret J. Irwin, natives of Ireland, and she was born in that country in 1843, and came with her parents to Canada in 1848, settling in Toronto. There Mr. Irwin was at first in business as a cooper, but later moved to a farm near Cooksville, and from there to another in York township, where he and his wife both died, in 1865 and 1866, respectively. Mrs. Emerson was their eldest child; the next was Mrs. William Armstrong, of Toronto; a son named Rutledge lives in Toronto.

ISAAC HUTCHINSON, who departed this life in 1895, was born in Toronto in 1824, the son of Isaac Hutchinson. The latter came to Canada in 1822, settling in Toronto, where he carried on a blacksmith business and did the iron work on the first bridge put across the Don. He married Elizabeth Charlton, who was born in England, and died in Toronto in 1878, and to this union were born: John, deceased, who was a blacksmith; Thomas, a merchant, deceased; Mrs. Elizabeth Lewis; Mrs. Mary Ann McLean; Mrs. Sargent; and Isaac.

Isaac Hutchinson received his education in his native city, where he learned the blacksmith's trade, which he followed for some time. He also owned two tanneries, one in Toronto and the other in Stouffville, and a grocery store and shoe store in Toronto. In his religious belief Mr. Hutchinson was a Methodist. In politics he was a Reformer. In 1855 he married Miss Margaret Barron, who was born in Toronto, daughter of John and Ann (Robson) Barron. John Barron was born in Cumberland, England, in 1792, and died in County York in 1859, having come to Canada in 1832, settled in Toronto, and later removed to York township. Mr. Barron voted with the Reform party. To him and his worthy wife were born: Mrs. Jacobs, deceased; Mrs. Hargraves, deceased; John, deceased, who was a shoe dealer on King street, Toronto; Mrs. Watson, of York township, York County; and Mrs. Hutchinson.

Children as follows were born to Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Hutchinson: John, bookkeeper for Samuel Rogers, married Anne Elliott, and has these children, Annie May, John, Florence, Cora and Louise; Thomas, bookkeeper for Elias Rogers, married May Duffett, and has three children, Elsie May, Walter and Edith; Eunice,

the wife of Manford Wardell, has children, Ruby, Clifford and Fanny; Isaac married Alice Boothe, and has two children, Herbert and Evelyn; Joseph, of Vancouver, B.C., married Maude Miller, and has one son, Roy; Elizabeth, the wife of Henry Shambrook, has three children, Olive, Ethel and Rita; Emma, the wife of Edwin Spear, has two children, Gertrude and Gordon; Henry, in the post office at Winnipeg, married Amelia Cox, and has one son, Harris; George, M.D., is a resident of Nova Scotia; William, of New York, married Maude Cornish; and Letitia, the wife of Charles Shepherd, has these children, Edward, Elmer and Hazel.

JOHN MITCHELL, who died in County Halton, Ont., Dec. 21, 1896, was a member of a family long identified with Canada. He was born in the County of Peel in 1833, son of Matthew and Nancy (McKinley) Mitchell, the former a native of England, and the latter of Pennsylvania.

Matthew Mitchell was a son of John Mitchell, who founded the family in Canada, settling in County Peel, Ont., where he cleared a farm from the bush and there spent the remainder of his life. He had two sons, Matthew and Richard, and two daughters, Jane and Elizabeth. Matthew Mitchell spent his life in the Counties of Peel and Halton, where he was engaged in farming, and he died in the former county. His wife, who was Nancy McKinley, had a brother, George, who also came to Canada, they being the founders of the McKinley family in this country. The children of Matthew and Nancy Mitchell were: Mary, deceased, who married George Close; George McKinley, deceased; John; Leurania, widow of Joseph Stoddard; and Matthew, deceased.

John Mitchell was educated in the Counties of Peel and York, and spent his active life in County Halton, engaged in farming. In 1856 he married Miss Margaret Campbell, who was born in Toronto in 1838, on Queen street, opposite the Metropolitan Church, daughter of William and Jane (Murray) Campbell, the former born in Dumfries, Scotland, in 1807, and the latter at Hawick, in 1809. Both Mr. and Mrs. Campbell came to Canada as young people in 1829, locating in Toronto, where they were married in 1833. Mr. Campbell was a blacksmith on Queen street east, opposite the Metropolitan Methodist Church. His shop and Mr. Good's foundry were burned in 1842, and soon thereafter he went to Brampton, where he continued his trade, and died July 5, 1895, his wife surviving until March, 1897. Their children were: John, of County Peel; William, of Illinois; Margaret, Mrs. Mitchell; James, of

Barrie; Thomas, of Iowa; Robert, of Snellgrove; David, deceased; Anderson, deceased; and Susan, of Brampton.

To Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell were born the following children: William, of Toronto, who married Edith Ingledew; Matthew, of Brampton, who married Emma Dewar; Thomas, of Toronto, who married Mary Somers, and they have four children, Marie, Gordon, Jean and Doris; Jane, the widow of John McKay, who was born in County Halton in 1864, and there engaged in farming until his death, in 1905, since when Mrs. McKay has resided in Toronto; Miss Elsie; Margaret; Elizabeth; Jessie; and Dr. David McKinley, of Fort William, who married Hester Morris, and they have two children, Margaret and Helen.

Mr. Mitchell was a member of the Methodist Church, to the faith of which Mrs. Mitchell and her children also adhere. He was a Reformer. Fraternally he was connected with the I. O. O. F. In 1899 Mrs. Mitchell settled in Toronto, where she has since made her home, at No. 17 Grange avenue.

GEORGE SIMPSON, who died in Toronto Feb. 17, 1893, was born in Marfelt, Ireland, near Londonderry, in 1819, son of Alexander Simpson, who came to Canada, where he died. His wife predeceased him many years, passing away in Toronto.

George Simpson came to Canada in 1835, and served in the rebellion of 1837-38. He settled in Toronto, coming from Montreal by way of the canal, and engaged in the grocery business at the lower market, where he continued until his retirement from active life, some twenty years prior to his death. In politics Mr. Simpson was a Conservative. In his religious views he was a Methodist. He affiliated with the Orange-men.

Mr. Simpson was married in 1854 to Miss Sarah Jane Helliwell, daughter of William Helliwell, a native of Todmorden, England, where he was born in 1815. He followed flour-milling and farming in Scarborough township, York County, where he died in August, 1899. William Helliwell married (first) Miss Elizabeth Bright, daughter of Thomas Bright, and she died leaving children as follows: Sarah J.; Mary Margaret, who married H. P. Dwight, of Toronto; Elizabeth Ann, widow of John Morse, of Toronto; Harriet, of Chatham; and Frank, of Toronto, who married Miss Fuller and has children, Ernest, Mabel McLean and Roena. Mr. Helliwell married for his second wife, Miss Jane Bright, sister of his first wife, and they had these children: Henrietta, Caroline, Minnie, James, Horatio, Arthur, Harvey, William and Lillie.

To Mr. and Mrs. Simpson these children were born: Emily Louise, deceased, married W. T. Eyer, and had two sons, William (deceased), and George; George Alexander Raglan, of Minneapolis, Minn., married Lila Swain, and has one son, Dwight Swain; Florence Isabell, widow of Charles Andrew Boush, has two children, Gertrude Isabell and Charles Andrew; Minnie Helena, wife of Angus Carmichael, of Kenora, Ont., has three sons, Hugh Melville Simpson, Ross McNiven and George Raymond; Herbert Helliwell married Lulu Lapham, and both have died, leaving two children, Edna June and George; Carrie Eleanor Gertrude is deceased; William Morgan, of Portland, Oregon, now of Toronto, married Lillie Wilson.

GEORGE KENNEDY, M.A., LL.D., K.C., law clerk of the Department of Lands, Forests and Mines, was born at Bytown (now Ottawa), March 1, 1838, son of Donald and Janet (Buckham) Kennedy.

Donald Kennedy was a son of Donald, Sr., and Catherine (Ferguson) Kennedy, and was born near Blair-Athol, Perthshire, Scotland. In 1818 Donald Kennedy, Sr., and his wife and family came to Ontario, settling in the township of Beekwith, County of Lanark, where Mr. Kennedy carried on a farm, and where he died about 1840, his wife passing away about 1847. Their children were: John, Alexander, Donald, Robert, Janet, Catherine and Ann.

Donald Kennedy, the father of George, was born in 1804, and on reaching his majority he became a surveyor, architect and builder, making his home in Bytown. Later in life he purchased a farm in the township of Nepean, near Ottawa, where he died in 1888. His wife, Janet Buckham, was born in Dunblane, Perthshire, Scotland, in 1806, daughter of George and Janet (Herbertson) Buckham. In Scotland George Buckham was a gardener, and on coming to Canada followed farming in the township of Torbolton, County of Carleton, dying in Bytown as did also his wife. Their children were: John, Margaret, Isabella and Janet. To Donald Kennedy by his first wife, Janet, were born: Donald, a mill owner of Minneapolis; Dr. George, who is mentioned below; Thomas, of Ottawa; Jessie, the wife of Henry Mather; James, a mill owner of British Columbia; Robert, of Portland, Oregon, a member of the Pacific Coast Elevator Company; and Catherine, the wife of Lewis Williams, of British Columbia; and by a second marriage Donald Kennedy became the father of Annie, wife of William McIntosh, of Ottawa.

Dr. George Kennedy was educated at the Ottawa Grammar School and Toronto University,

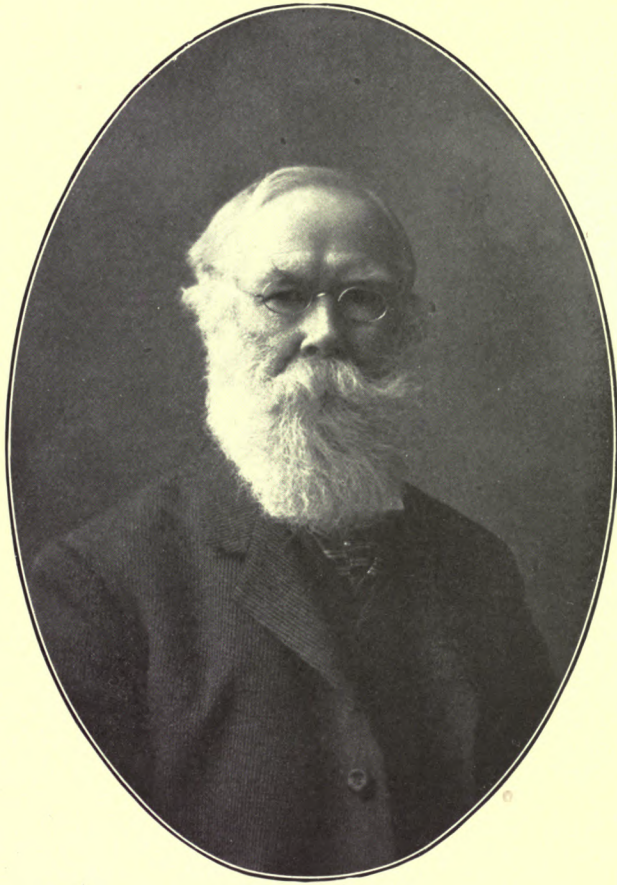
from which he graduated in 1857, with the degree of B.A., taking the gold medal in metaphysics and ethics. There were but eight in his class, five of whom are now deceased, those living being: Dr. Kennedy, T. H. Bull and William Oliver, all of Toronto. Those deceased were: William S. Francis, Peter McDermid, James Ross, J. F. Smith and Nelson Burns. Shortly after graduation Dr. Kennedy entered upon the study of law with the firm of Crooks, Kingsmill & Cattanaeh, of Toronto, and was called to the Bar in 1865. Until 1872 he practised law in Ottawa, in that year receiving the appointment to the Crown Lands Department, as law clerk, with offices in the Parliament Building. On receiving the appointment he removed to Toronto, where he has since resided. In 1860 Dr. Kennedy received his M.A. degree, in 1864 the degree of LL.B., in 1877 that of LL.D., and was made K.C. in 1902.

In 1883 Dr. Kennedy married Sarah, daughter of Henry Jackson. The Doctor is a life member of the Ontario Literary and Scientific Society of Ottawa; an honorary member of the Canadian Institute, was president for two years, and has been editor of its Transactions since 1888; ex-president and honorary member of St. Andrew's Society; ex-president of the Caledonian Society; ex-president of the Burns' Literary Society; member of the Gaelic Society; of the National Club; and he is also a member of the British Association for the Advancement of Science; of the Ontario Historical Society; of the Champlain Society; the British Empire League, and the Navy League. The Doctor and his wife attend the Bloor Street Presbyterian Church.

THOMAS HELLIWELL, whose death took place in Toronto in 1862, was born in 1795 in Yorkshire, England, son of Thomas Helliwell, Sr., of whom a complete history will be found in the sketch of William Helliwell, elsewhere.

Thomas Helliwell, the subject of this sketch, came to Canada in 1818, and was for a short time located at Niagara Falls, from which place he came to the County of York, locating on the "Don." There he engaged in the brewing and milling business until 1847, in which year the brewery and mill were destroyed by fire. Mr. Helliwell abandoned these lines and gave his entire attention to the management of a fine tract of land in York County. His residence being located in Toronto, he would drive each day to his farm, returning therefrom in the evening.

Mr. Helliwell was twice married, in 1820 to Mary Willson, daughter of Thomas Willson, of Stamford, near Niagara Falls. She died in To-



W. W. W.

ronto in 1833, aged thirty-six years, the mother of the following named children: Sarah, John, Abigail, Thomas and William. Mr. Helliwell's second wife was Anne Ashworth, daughter of Edmund Ashworth, of Lancashire, England, and she died in 1851, leaving five sons, Edward, Christopher, Gordon, Elliott and Alexander. Mr. and Mrs. Helliwell were consistent members of the Church of England. In politics he was a staunch Conservative.

JAMES VEITCH SPEARS, postmaster at Deer Park, Ont., and a well known and highly-esteemed citizen, was born at Leith, Scotland, in 1825, son of Alexander and Marion (Murray) Spears, both natives of that country, where the former died. After the death of her husband, the mother came to Canada, where she passed away.

James V. Spears came to Canada in 1845, settling in Pickering township, County Ontario, where he engaged in farming and sawmilling. There he remained for nine years, and then, until 1862, followed farming alone. In that year he removed to Broek township, in the same county, and remained until 1865 engaged in agricultural pursuits, from which year until 1874 he was located in Whitby township, and he then located in Davisville, County York. In 1887 Mr. Spears was made bookkeeper for Mt. Pleasant cemetery, a position which he resigned in June, 1905, and in 1899 he was appointed postmaster at Deer Park, which position he still fills, his daughter, Miss Alexandra, being assistant. While residing in Pickering township, Mr. Spears was deputy reeve of the township, for several years a member of the county council, and a trustee of the schools of the township.

Mr. Spears was married, in 1849, to Miss Moriah L. Spears, born in Edinburgh in 1826, daughter of Robert and Euphemia (Ainslie) Spears, who came to Canada in 1834, settling in Whitby, where they spent the remainder of their lives. To Mr. and Mrs. Spears these children have been born: Euphemia, wife of James Walker, of Deer Park; Robert, of Toronto, who married Elizabeth Ryan; Duncan, who died in 1884; Harriet, at home; and Alexandra, assistant postmistress at Deer Park. In his political faith Mr. Spears is a Liberal, and in his religious belief he and all his family are Presbyterians.

HENRY DOANE, who passed away at his home, No. 9 Isabella street, Toronto, in 1876, was one of the well-known and highly respected business men of the city. He was born in Eng-

land in 1829, son of James Doane, who died in that country.

Henry Doane came to Montreal in his fourteenth year, and from that place soon went to the State of New York, where he learned blacksmithing. After completing his apprenticeship he came to Toronto and purchased the business of Mr. Hobbs, which was located on the site of the present Majestic Theatre building. This purchase was made in 1857, and seven years later Mr. Doane sold his shop and went into the hotel business for two years. He then bought out a livery business on King street, and later removed the business to the present site of the Grand Opera House. This he sold to build a livery establishment on Yonge street, in which he continued until his death, and which is now conducted by his sons, Frederick and Joseph.

In 1855 Mr. Doane married Miss Elizabeth Hasson, daughter of George Hasson, an early settler of Toronto. To Mr. and Mrs. Doane were born these children: Frederick and Joseph, in the livery business on Yonge street, Toronto; James, of New York State, and one daughter.

In politics Mr. Doane was a Reformer. He was fraternally connected with the Masons and St. George's Society. He was very successful in all his business operations, and had an unblemished reputation for honesty and integrity among his business acquaintances.

THOMAS WINSLOW ANDERSON, who departed this life March 20, 1895, at his home in Eglinton, was a member of a prominent family of York. Mr. Anderson was born in the County of York in 1809, son of Cornelius Anderson, a native of Aberdeenshire, Scotland, who came to Canada about 1800, settling in the township of West York, York County, where he cleared up a farm. Thomas Winslow Anderson grew to manhood in his native county, and there spent his entire life. He owned a fine farm in West York, and a great deal of property in Toronto, being a man who could successfully turn his attention to various lines of business.

In 1836 Mr. Anderson married Miss Jane Drummond, who was born in Toronto in 1818, and now lives in her native city, where she has been located since her husband's death. Colin Drummond, her father, was a native of Scotland and his wife, Catherine, was born in Johnstown, New York. Colin Drummond came to Canada and to Toronto at a very early day, and was a member of the first council of the Queen City. He died in 1836. Mrs. Anderson recalls the early days of Toronto, when St. James Square was a pasture, and when the beautiful residence streets of to-day were still in the timber. The streets were without pavements or sidewalks.

To Mr. and Mrs. Anderson were born these children: Colin D., now of New York; Thomas, of Toronto; Catherine J., Mrs. Robert Brown, of Barrie, Ont.; Isabella, deceased, who married James B. Mullaney; John, of Eglinton, Ont.; Caroline, who is with her mother; and Blanche, who married J. K. Leslie, of Toronto. Mr. Anderson was a Reformer in political sentiment. In his religious sympathies he was connected with the Presbyterian Church.

JOSEPH McCLEARY, who passed away at his residence, No. 49 Henry street, Nov. 23, 1902, was born in County Derry, Ireland, in 1844, son of Adam and Nancy (Wilson) McCleary. The father died in the old country, while his widow came to Canada, settling in Toronto in 1847. There her family joined her in 1850.

Joseph McCleary from the age of six lived in Canada. He was educated in the schools of Canada, and afterward learned the painter's trade, working under the father of J. B. Lee, a well-known citizen of Toronto. Until his marriage he followed this occupation, but subsequently went into the grocery and liquor business, and devoted his attention to it with such success that he was enabled to retire from active life after a quarter of a century.

Mr. McCleary chose for his wife Miss Mary Ann Lennox, to whom he was united in 1872. She was born in Scarborough township, County of York, daughter of Henry and Sarah (Lennox) Lennox. Mr. Lennox was born in County Derry, Ireland, in 1819, and his wife in the same section in 1823. They were married in 1840, and in that same year came to Canada. At first they settled in Toronto, but soon moved to Concession 1, Scarborough township, on the Kingston road. Mr. Lennox cleared his farm from the bush, and lived there until after his wife's death, when he went to Toronto and passed his remaining years in retirement there. His death took place Sept. 13, 1879, and he was buried beside his wife at St. Margaret's, Scarborough township. They had eleven children, seven now deceased. The living are: Charlotte, wife of Richard Crews; Mary Ann, Mrs. McCleary; James Henry; and Sarah, Mrs. Boddy. Mr. McCleary and his wife belonged to the Church of England, and were active in its good works. Politically he was a Conservative. His fraternal affiliations were with the Orangemen and the Masons.

JAMES READ. In the death of James Read, in Toronto, in 1893, there passed away a member of one of the oldest families in Markham township, County of York, and a man who had

spent all but the last year of his life in that section of the province. He was a son of William Sutton and Sophie (Henrick) Read.

William S. Read was born in Scotland, and at the age of eight emigrated with his father to Maryland, U.S.A., and when a young man came to Canada. His wife was born in the United States, and in her young womanhood came to Canada, settling in Markham township, where she met and married Mr. Read. They settled in Markham township, where there were no signs of the present fertile fields, but only a vast stretch of wild bush land, while Toronto was then known by the name of York. Mr. Read took up land in the 8th Concession, and there cleared up a farm, which became his home for the remainder of his life, and on which he and his wife died. Their children, all born in Canada, were as follows: Mary Jane, Mrs. Miller, of Toronto; Rachel; Eliza; Lucy; Andrew; Harrison; and James.

James Read was born in 1831, and grew to manhood on his father's farm, where he helped his father in the work of the place. His education was gained in the local schools. Not long after reaching his majority he married, in 1854, Miss Nancy L. Miller, like himself a native of Markham township. Having decided upon farming as his permanent occupation, it was not long before Mr. Read settled himself and his wife on a farm of their own, in Lot 20, rear of Concession 8, where they remained for nearly forty years, years that brought much toil, but also a plentiful reward in the prosperity that attended Mr. Read's labors, and that enabled him in 1892 to retire from his more active life to take up his residence in Toronto. In the following year, however, his earthly life was brought to a close, and his widow was left to continue her pilgrimage alone. Mr. Read belonged to the Baptist Church, and in politics was a Reformer, who took a keen interest in local affairs always, but never aspired to office. The children born to him and his wife were seven in number, namely: Nellie, who married W. G. Woodruff, and had four children, Russell, Minnie, Beatrice and Stanley; Lorinda, deceased; William P., deceased; Hattie; Mary Augusta, wife of W. W. Hunter, and mother of Ona, Fred, Harry C. (deceased), Vera May, and Reva R. (deceased); Libbie Blanche; Benjamin Franklin Delos.

Mrs. Nancy L. Read was born in 1839, daughter of Jacob and Phoebe (Gould) Miller, who came from the United States. Mrs. Miller was an aunt of the late Jay Gould, of New York. Jacob Miller cleared a farm in Markham township, in Concession 9, and there he and his wife reared a family of twelve sons and four

daughters, namely: Hiram, Joshua, Jacob, Avery, Abel, Warren, James, John, Elijah, Nathan, Alfred, Robert, Mary, Martha, Lorinda and Nancy Lundy Miller.

B. D. HUMPHREY is a well-known resident of Toronto, engaged in business as a funeral director, with an establishment at No. 321 Yonge street. He was born Jan. 25, 1864, at Whitby, Ont., son of Edmund and Louisa (Meyerhoffer) Humphrey.

Edmund Humphrey, grandfather of B. D. Humphrey, came from the State of Vermont to Toronto, and worked on the old fort as a carpenter. He erected a frame house on the corner of Adelaide and Toronto streets, where he made his home until his death, which occurred in 1836. His children were: Thomas, Caleb, John, James, Edmund, Mary (who married J. Mitchell), Mrs. Wymen, Mrs. Arabella Garsides and Mrs. Hunt, all now deceased. Of this family, Edmund Humphrey, born in Toronto Oct. 30, 1825, was reared in the city and served an apprenticeship to the trade of millwright with Mr. Sodden, of Thorn Hill, York County. He married in Toronto Miss Louisa Meyerhoffer, who was born at Richmond Hill in 1830, daughter of Rev. V. P. Meyerhoffer, a pioneer minister and doctor of York County. After his marriage Mr. Humphrey removed to Whitby, Ont., where he was engaged as a patternmaker in a foundry for about thirty-four years. In 1874 his wife died, and in 1890 he returned to Toronto, where he lived retired until his death, in March, 1904. Mr. and Mrs. Humphrey were members of the English Church. In political sentiment he was a Conservative; he was a member of the Orangemen, and worshipful master of Whitby Lodge. The following named children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Humphrey: Vincent, who was an undertaker of Toronto, died in May, 1886, leaving a widow and four children; E. J., an undertaker of Toronto, is married and has four children; Caleb, born in 1856, is foreman of the Canadian Transfer Company, is married, and has a family; J. A., born in 1858, an undertaker of Toronto, is married and has a family; Jane, born in 1860, married John Wilkinson, of Toronto, and has three children: B. D. was born Jan. 25, 1864; James, born in 1866, was formerly superintendent of the Toronto Silver Plate Company, and is now foreman of the National Casket Company, of Toronto (he is married and has one daughter Vclera); Thomas, born in 1868, a cigar merchant of Toronto, is unmarried; Albert E., born in 1870, a hardware merchant of Toronto, married Miss Monroe.

B. D. Humphrey was educated in the schools of Whitby. When a young man he learned the details of the undertaking business, graduating from the School of Embalming of Toronto in 1890, and he has been engaged in this line for twenty-eight years. His place on Yonge street is one of the finest of its kind in the Queen City.

In December, 1896, Mr. Humphrey was married to Miss Josephine Pearson, who was born in Toronto, youngest daughter of the late Robert Pearson, the first engineer of the Great Northern railway out of this city. Mr. Pearson was a railroad engineer for forty-five years, and was well-known and popular among railroad men, being grand chief of the Order of Locomotive Engineers. He was also a Mason, belonging to King Solomon Lodge.

Mr. and Mrs. Humphrey have one daughter, Ruth, born in Toronto in 1898. Mr. and Mrs. Humphrey are connected with the Methodist Church. He votes independently. He is a leader in fraternal circles, holding membership in the Freemasons, the Ancient Order of Foresters, the Companions of the Forest, the Sons of England, and the Knights of Pythias. He also belongs to the Gentlemen's Driving Club, of Toronto, and the Caer-Howell Bowling Club.

ROBERT BRUNSKILL, whose death occurred in 1858, was born in England in 1822, son of Robert Brunskill, Sr., a native of England, who came to Canada in 1840, locating at St. Mary's, whence he went to Richmond Hill, County of York.

After settling in County York Robert Brunskill, our subject, engaged in farming on the east side of Yonge street, York township, where he continued until his death. In 1852 he married Miss Hannah Loadman, daughter of James and Mary (Kirby) Loadman, the former born in England in 1796, and the latter in 1802. They located in the County of York in 1833, settling on the 7th Concession of Markham township, where Mr. Loadman engaged in farming for some time. They then removed to Richmond Hill, whence they went to Whitechurch township, and there he died in 1864. Their children were: James, who settled at Whitechurch, married Miss Ann Miller; Isabel is the widow of George Peach; Mrs. Brunskill; and Frances and Mary Ann are deceased.

After the death of Mr. Brunskill, his widow removed to Toronto, and settled first on Parliament street, but she now resides at No. 7 Withrow avenue. Mr. and Mrs. Brunskill had two daughters: Mrs. William Lawson, of Brandon, Man. (who has seven children, Ernest,

Clarkson B., Annie L., Aliee May, Fred, Frank and Olive); and Mary Louisa, who married the late Walter R. West, of Thorn Hill, and had one daughter Lulu Aliee, now Mrs. Wm. H. Robinson, and who resides with her mother at No 7 Withrow avenue. Mr. Brunskill was a Methodist, to which faith his widow also adheres. He was a Conservative in political belief.

LAMBERT B. PEARSON, a retired farmer of Newmarket, County of York, was born in King township, on Concession 1, in July, 1828, son of Peter P. and Clarissa (Fitzgerald) Pearson.

Benjamin and Susan (Pence) Pearson, paternal grandparents of Lambert B., were both born in 1777, in Lycoming County, Pennsylvania, and they came to Canada about the close of the Revolutionary war, their people being U. E. Loyalists. In religious belief they were Quakers, and thus were utterly opposed to war. Benjamin Pearson and wife settled, after their marriage, in a little log cabin in King township, where their lives were spent, a family was reared and a surrounding farm developed. His children were: Nathaniel; Peter P.; Benjamin; Nancy, deceased, wife of Thomas Cosford, of King township; Charlotte, deceased, wife of Eli Hollingshead, of King township; and Mary, also deceased, wife of the late Peter Rush, of King township.

Peter P. Pearson was born June 15, 1806, in King township, and his wife in Quebec, in 1808, daughter of Major and Mariah Fitzgerald. The Fitzgeralds came to Canada from Ireland, locating first at Quebec and then moving to King township. Some years later the father died at Toronto. He was a soldier in the British service and fought in the war of 1812. Mrs. Pearson was one of a large family.

Peter P. Pearson was reared in King township. His education was very limited, on account of poor school facilities in that region. When he reached a proper age he learned the blaeksmith's trade, and served out a full apprenticeship. After his marriage he settled first in Whitechurch township on Concession 1, right in the midst of the wilderness, where he continued to work at his trade and cultivate his land. His death occurred on his farm in April, 1880, his wife having passed away some years previously. Both were consistent members of the Methodist Church, in which he always took a deep interest, and he served in both church and Sunday-school offices. In the early days he was one of the promoters of its usefulness in this locality. In politics he was a Reformer, but he was never willing to accept office. The children of Peter P. Pearson and

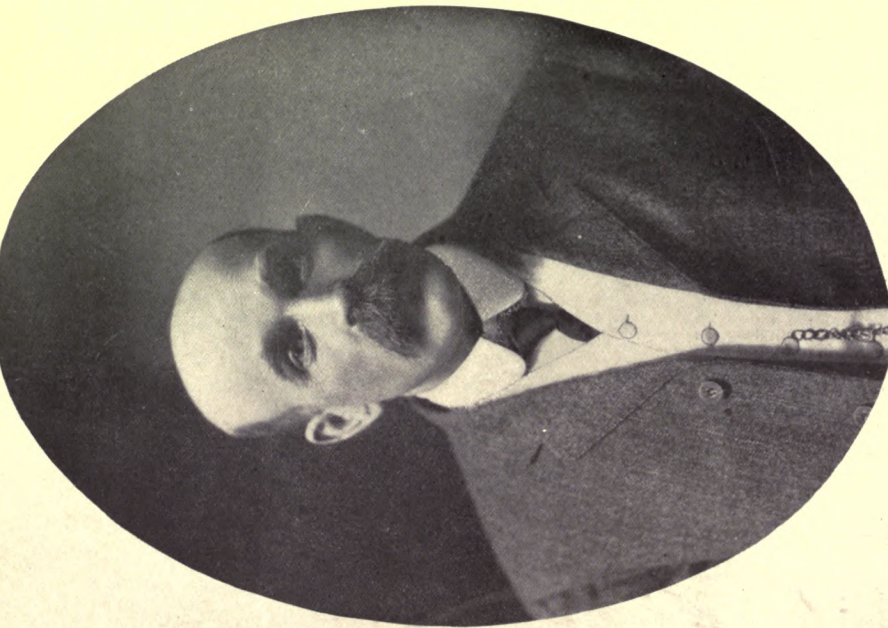
wife numbered thirteen, and seven of these lived to maturity. John, Henry, Walter, Peter, Dennis and Rebeeca all died in infaney. The others were: Lambert B.; Maria, born near Newmarket in 1830, is the wife of Henry Richardson, of Newmarket, and they have two ehildren, Edwin and Sarah; Susan C., born in Whitechurch township, in 1835, was the wife of P. W. Plater, of Whitechurch, and died leaving one daughter, Louisa, now Mrs. Lewis Lukes, of Toronto; Robert W., born in 1836, married Janetta McLeod, of County Ontario, and they reside on the old Pearson homestead in Whitechurch township, and have three ehildren, Ida, Clara and Gerald; Silas, born in 1840, married a Miss Bayne, of County Grey, who died at Toronto, survived by her husband; Ella, born in 1845, married Harry Coke, a business man of Toronto, and they have three sons, Fred (of British Columbia), Clarence and Reginald (both of Toronto).

Lambert B. Pearson, eldest of his parents' family, was educated in the district schools of Whitechurch township, and the high school at Newmarket, and after his school days closed he assumed the duties of an agrieculturist. He settled on Concession 2, in King township, where he cleared up a farm from wild land.

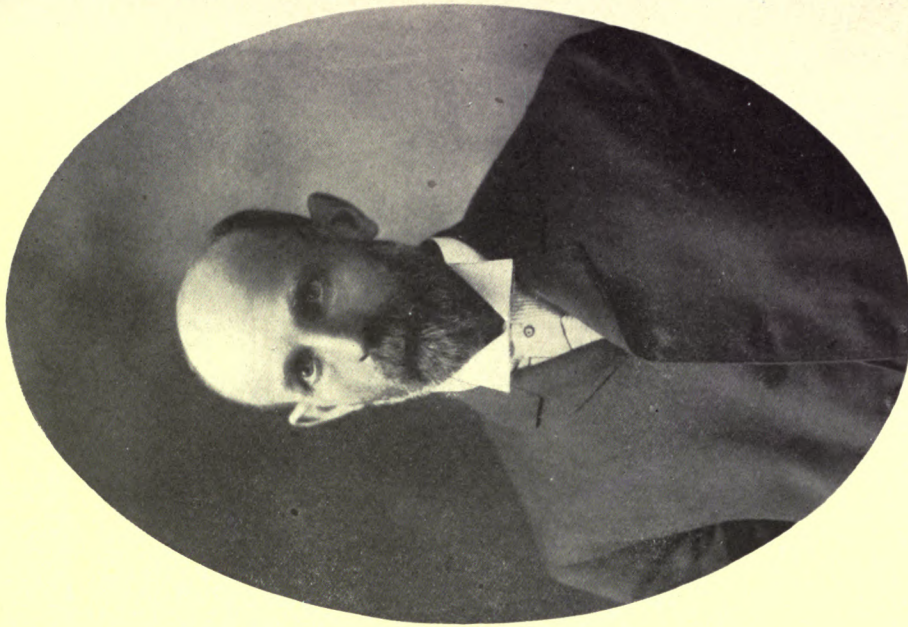
In 1853 Mr. Pearson was married to Eliza Richardson, born in July, 1830, in England, daughter of Capt. North Richardson, who came from England to Canada and led the life of a gentleman at Newmarket. Mrs. Pearson was the youngest of his three daughters, and was reared and educated at Newmarket. The death of Mrs. Pearson took place in 1896, and she left one son and two daughters, namely: Fannie M., born in 1855, married Henry Case, who was born at Port Hope in 1846, a son of Henry Case, who came from England to Port Hope; Susanah Catherine, born in 1858, married O. L. Stephens, a business man of Aurora, and they have three children, Alma, Eliza D. and Harry; and P. W., born in 1860.

P. W. Pearson was educated in the common schools of Newmarket and Ottawa, where he fitted for a teacher, and for some ten years he suceessfully engaged in professional work in County York. He married Miss Lida Davis, of King township, daughter of Silas and Margaret Davis, and of a prominent family of the township. They reside at Newmarket, where Mr. Pearson is now engaged in a lumber and coal business. They have one daughter, Lida B. Mr. Pearson is an active member of the Methodist Church and is a leader in much of its philanthropic work. He is also a member of the town council.

In 1900 Mr. Lambert B. Pearson retired from the farm and moved to a comfortable home on



Fred. W. Smith



Sidney Smith

Prospect avenue, Newmarket. He is a member of the Methodist Church, and during life his wife was also active in its work. In politics Mr. Pearson has always been identified with the Reform party, but never asked for nor received a favor therefrom. He is a man who is generally respected by all with whom he has had business or social relations through a long life.

SMITH BROTHERS, one of the leading business firms of Toronto, is made up of two brothers, Fred W. and Sidney Smith, proprietors of the oldest carriage and wagon factory in the city—a business founded in 1843 by William Smith, father of the present owners. William Smith was born in March, 1820, in England, son of William Smith, and came to Canada in 1827, settling in the township of York, County of York, where he passed the rest of his life. He was seven years of age when he came to Canada, and very soon thereafter was engaged as water boy at the erection of a building on a portion of the ground now occupied by the Christie Biscuit Works, for which service he received two shillings per week. Being of a mechanical turn of mind he decided to learn the trade of carriage and wagon making, and was so skilled a workman by 1843 that he felt justified in embarking in the business for himself. His beginning was in a small building on Duke street, near the site of the present plant, and as success attended him he enlarged and improved his works and continued in business until February, 1886, when he turned it over to his two capable sons, Fred W. and Sidney. They have continued the business together under the firm style of Smith Brothers.

In 1891 Smith Brothers erected the present plant on the corner of Duke and Parliament streets, a building of very large dimensions, four stories in height, and equipped with improved machinery and appliances, and they employ thirty-eight skilled workmen. While still a young man William Smith made a sleigh for his own private use, and, as a sample of their father's skill at that time, his sons preserve it in the factory.

William Smith married Edith Dallimore, who was born in the County of York, daughter of William Dallimore, a pioneer settler of the county. The survivors of this family are: George A., of St. Paul; John, of California; and Mrs. Mary Puters, wife of John Puters, of Toronto. William Smith and his wife were members of the Methodist Church. In politics he was independent. Mr. and Mrs. William Smith had children as follows: Mrs. H. R. Frankland, of the County of York; Fred W., of the firm of Smith Brothers; Sidney, of the same firm;

Maggie, deceased, wife of William Woolard, by whom she had one son, Mason Smith; Lillie, wife of Rev. Samuel Knowles, of Randolph, Maine, and who has five children, Frank, Winnifred, Olive, Mirian and Lawrence; Helen, who married Thomas Davis, of Toronto, and has one son, Harold; Arthur, who died aged one year; Herbert, residing in Calgary, N.W.T., who married Mary Arnot, and has a daughter, Mildred; and Edith, who married A. A. McKay, of Toronto, son of Robert McKay, and has four children, Roy, Ralph, Lois and Edith. William Smith died in January, 1892, and his wife Edith, in June, 1905. Alfred M. Smith, a brother of William Smith, was a cooper in Toronto for many years, and died at Drayton, County of Wellington.

FRED W. SMITH, the senior member of the firm of Smith Brothers, was born in 1858, in Toronto, and he received his literary training in his native city, then entering the business with which he has been identified ever since. In 1883 he was united in marriage with Miss Isabella Manning, daughter of James and Ann (McMannis) Manning, early settlers in the County of Simcoe. To Mr. and Mrs. Smith two children have been born, Winnifred and Dallimore. In politics Mr. Smith is affiliated with the Conservative party. His fraternal connections are with the I.O.O.F., the A.O.U.W., and the Orangemen, and with the Carriage and Wagon Makers' organization at Toronto, of which he has been president. Both he and his wife are members of All Saints Church.

SIDNEY SMITH, the junior member of the firm of Smith Brothers, was born Dec. 22, 1860, at Toronto, and was educated in the excellent schools of his native city. His whole business life has been connected with the house in which he is now interested. In December, 1891, he married Elizabeth Myers, who was born in London, England, daughter of Solomon Myers. Two children have been born to them, Percy and Edith Grace. In political views Mr. Smith is a Conservative, and in his religious views a Methodist. He is a member of the I. O. O. F. and the A. O. U. W.

For three score years and more this reputable business house has been in existence in Toronto. It has established a reputation for excellence that extends over a wide extent of territory. The name of Smith Brothers is sufficient recommendation.

JOHN GRAHAM, who died at his home at No. 60 Alexander street, Toronto, in 1891, was not only one of the successful business men of that city, but a self-made man as well. He was left an orphan at the age of four years,

and as soon as he was old enough to earn money in any way, was obliged to begin the battle of life for himself.

John Graham was born in Ireland in 1839. Shortly after his birth, his parents came to Canada, where both died within a few years after their arrival. Mr. Graham's first work of any importance was as a sailor, which occupation he followed for a number of years, both on the lakes and on salt water, on one trip spending thirteen years. On retiring from this calling Mr. Graham went into the wholesale liquor business, and also in the hotel business. He founded the "Carlton Hotel," at Toronto, which he conducted for about eleven years in connection with the wholesale liquor business. About the year 1888 Mr. Graham retired from business, having accumulated a handsome competency in his business career. In the same year he built a brick residence at No. 60 Alexander street, where his widow now resides.

Mr. Graham married Helen Mahoren, a daughter of Thomas and Mary (Mahoren) Mahoren, both of whom were born in Ireland, and came to Toronto at an early date, where Mr. Mahoren was engaged in business for some years. He and his wife died in the faith of the Church of England. He was a Conservative. To Mr. and Mrs. Graham were born these children: George, of Delhi; Clifford, of Toronto; Amanda, the wife of Robert Tate; Helen and Clarke, at home. Mr. Graham was a consistent member of the Church of England. In politics he was a Conservative, and in fraternal connections a prominent Mason and an Orangeman.

DR. EDWARD PAYSON GORDON, whose death occurred in San Francisco, California, in 1902, was born in 1866, at St. Helen's, son of William and Martha (Parr) Gordon, the former a native of Scotland and the latter of Canada. Alexander Gordon, his grandfather, was the founder of the family in this country. William Gordon was for some years a prominent business man of St. Helen's, but for a long period has been a resident of the Queen City.

Dr. Edward P. Gordon received his education at the Jarvis Street Collegiate Institute in Toronto, and at Toronto Medical School. In 1885 he entered the Toronto Medical College, being graduated therefrom in 1890, with the degree of M.D. Soon after his graduation he became connected with the Canadian Pacific Steamship Company, as surgeon, travelling between Vancouver and Hong Kong, China, and while thus associated travelled practically around the world, obtaining an experience valuable both from a professional and from a literary standpoint. After filling this position for about two years,

Dr. Gordon settled in the practice of his profession in Toronto, remaining until 1899, when he settled in British Columbia as a practising physician and surgeon to the mining districts of that country. He remained in the West until his death.

In 1894 Dr. Gordon was married to Miss Margaret Donald, who was born in Toronto, daughter of the late Richard Donald, who was for forty or more years prominently identified with the business interests of Toronto, where he died. He was born in Scotland in 1829. To Dr. and Mrs. Gordon were born two children, namely: Edward and Elizabeth.

In 1906 Mrs. Gordon completed the course of study at the Royal College of Dental Surgery of Ontario, receiving the degree of D.D.S., and since that time she has been in the active practice of her profession in her native city. In religious belief Dr. Gordon was a Presbyterian. He was a Reformer in politics.

IRA BATES, of Norway, York township, formerly engaged in the hotel business there, belongs to a family who through three generations have been doing their part to promote the advancement of the country in which their lot was cast. Mr. Bates himself was born in Scarborough township, Sept. 23, 1835.

The paternal grandfather was Adam Bates, who was one of the Loyalists leaving New England after the Revolution, and who made his home in Clarke township, County Durham, on a farm which he cleared from wild land. During the war of 1812 he served in the army. In 1820 he moved to York township, and settled in Scarborough, where once more he wrestled with the wilderness till he had made another good farm home. There he died, leaving a family of four sons and one daughter, James, Adney, Rogers, Earl and Cornelia, the last named the first white child born in Clarke township.

Earl Bates, a native of Clarke township, County Durham, married first Miss Nancy Jones, who was born in Scarborough, County York, daughter of James Jones, a pioneer of that section. The young couple settled on land which Mr. Bates purchased from the government, cleared it, developing it into a fine farm and there reared their family. Mr. Bates' operations were successful, and he became a wealthy farmer. In 1852 he lost his wife and returned to County Durham, where he later married again, a Miss Lovekins becoming his second wife. They both died there in 1867. Mr. Bates was the father of a large family, all by his earlier union, viz.: Beulah, who married the late George South, of Orangeville, Ont.,

and had a family; Ira; Eliza, residing with her children in Toronto, the widow of the late John Atkinson; Betsey A., born in 1837, who married Joseph Secor, deceased, of Toronto, and lives there with her children; Mercy, born in 1840, the widow of Westley Waltham, of Toronto, and mother of a family; Almira, who died in early womanhood; Sarah, who died in childhood; and Simpson E., unmarried, who lives on the old Scarborough homestead.

Ira Bates grew up on the farm, attending the district schools and helping his father. He remained at home till 1865, continuing for the first six years of his married life, his agricultural labors. But in 1865 he left the farm and started in a hotel business, located on Kennedy Road, Scarborough. He stayed there five years and then purchased a hotel in the town of Norway, conducting it very successfully till 1896. While he retired from business then, he still makes his home there, and is one of the town's foremost citizens.

In 1859 Mr. Bates and Miss Jane Marsh were united in marriage. Miss Marsh was born in Liverpool, England, in 1833, daughter of Walter Marsh. She was educated in the old country, in London, and in Toronto, whither her father came in her youth. Later he moved to Buffalo, New York, and there died. Mrs. Bates was his only child. The happy married life of Mr. and Mrs. Bates continued nearly half a century, but was unfortunately ended in February, 1905, by the death of Mrs. Bates. They had six children, as follows: Mercy, born in Scarborough, who married C. J. Kean, a wholesale liquor merchant, of Toronto, and has three children, Frank, Verna and Roy; Merian, born in Scarborough and educated in Norway, who married Frederick Tribblecock, a Toronto merchant, and has three children, Percy, Lloyd and Merian; Earl, of Toronto; Charles, who died in early manhood; Jane M., deceased when only a young lady; and Wellington, who died in childhood. The family were all connected with the Church of England, and Mr. Bates was one of the men most active in securing the erection of the new Church of St. John the Baptist in Norway, contributing generously himself. He served as warden for over twenty years.

In politics Mr. Bates has been a Reformer. Besides serving on the school board at Scarborough, he has been road commissioner at Norway, and has always taken a deep interest in all affairs of local importance. Fraternally he is a Mason, belonging to Orion Lodge, of Toronto, as well as being an active member in the Toronto lodges of the United Workmen and the Foresters. His present position of affluence

is the result of his own unaided efforts, and he has won a well-deserved reputation for integrity which insures him the lasting respect and confidence of his neighbors.

THOMAS LILLEY, who died in Toronto Sept. 19, 1898, was born in Ecton, Northamptonshire, England, in 1835, only son of Richard and Mary Lilley. In his native country Mr. Lilley was reared and educated, and there became a gentleman's gardener, coming to Canada in 1871. He located in Toronto, and soon afterwards purchased property at what is now No. 325 Dundas street, where he engaged in gardening, and later went into the florist business, in which he successfully continued until his death. Since that time his widow and daughters have continued the business. Mr. Lilley was a business man of rare ability and judgment, and was very successful in all of his undertakings. The place covers a large tract of land with eight greenhouses and a fine residence at No. 325 Dundas street. Mrs. Lilley is now one of the oldest florists in Toronto.

Mr. Lilley was a member of the Methodist Church, to which faith Mrs. Lilley also adheres. He was independent in politics.

GEORGE J. HUNTLEY, of No. 1496 Bloor street west, Toronto, enjoys the distinction of being the oldest market gardener in point of years in business now operating in the Queen City, and he also has the honor of having captured every medal offered by His Majesty King Edward VII. for the best specimens of vegetables exhibited at the Industrial Exhibition, Toronto. Mr. Huntley was born in England in 1849, son of Charles and Emma (Walker) Huntley, residents of Toronto, but natives of England.

Mr. Huntley was but a lad when his parents settled in Toronto. He received his education in England and the schools of Toronto, and when still at an early age began market gardening with his father, purchasing his present place on Bloor street about 1876. Here he has been engaged in market gardening for thirty-seven years, and that his vegetables are the finest raised in the Dominion has been proved by the fact that in 1901, 1902, 1903 and 1904, when medals for the finest vegetables raised were offered, Mr. Huntley carried off these honors, together with the diplomas of the manager of the Toronto Industrial Exhibition (Canadian National Exhibition).

In 1870 Mr. Huntley married Miss Mary Daly, born in Ireland in 1851, daughter of William and Margaret (Tyrrell) Daly, the former of whom died in 1851, Mrs. Daly coming

to Canada with her children in 1854. Her family consisted of these children: Patrick J., who died in Chicago; William, deceased; and Mrs. Huntley. The mother of this family later married Robert Smith, a market gardener, and died in 1890.

To Mr. and Mrs. George J. Huntley have been born: Margaret, deceased; Joseph, of Toronto; James, deceased; John, of Toronto; Mary Jane, deceased; and Michael, Edward Teresa, Vincent and William, all of Toronto. Mr. and Mrs. Huntley are members of the Roman Catholic Church. In politics he is a Reformer.

JAMES WATSON, who departed this life on Feb. 18, 1885, was born in the parish of Fordyce, Banffshire, Scotland, in 1848, son of John and Janet (Murray) Watson, both of whom were born in Scotland, but came to Ontario after their son, our subject, had settled here in 1868.

After locating in Ontario Mr. Watson went to Montreal, remaining for a time and engaging in the dry goods business with Gault Brothers. He then came to Toronto, and when still a young man went into business with Lockhart & Holden, wholesale dry goods merchants, and remained with that firm until it suspended business. Mr. Watson then went to London, Ont., where he engaged in business with his wife's brother, Mr. George Boyd, and this partnership continued until Mr. Watson's death in 1885. In 1876 Mr. Watson and Miss Sarah Boyd were united in marriage. Mrs. Watson was the daughter of George and Agnes (Buntin) Boyd, natives of The Renton, Dumbartonshire, Scotland, where they had been schoolmates. They were both born in 1815, and they died within one year of each other, she in December, 1891, and he in November, 1892. They had come to Canada in the fifties, settling in Toronto, where he engaged in a wholesale stationery business, until a few years prior to his death, and his last years were spent retired. He and his wife were Presbyterians. In politics he was a Reformer. They had these children: Isabella, Mrs. William Lepper, of Chicago, Ill.; Andrew, who carried on a wholesale stationery business in Montreal; Alexander, of Chicago; Agnes, Mrs. Charles Richardson, of Quebec; Mrs. Watson; James, deceased; Margaret, the wife of James Young, of Toronto; and George and John, of Toronto.

To Mr. and Mrs. Watson were born two sons: (1) George Boyd, born in London, Ont., in October, 1877, is engaged in business there. He married in April, 1906, Edna Marie Morrison, youngest daughter of Angus Morrison, man-

ager of the Canadian Oil Company, of London, Ont. (2) James Murray, born in November, 1880, is of Toronto. Mr. Watson was a Reformer. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church, and to that faith Mrs. Watson also belongs.

WALTER AUGUSTUS ANDREWS. Among the business men of Toronto none is better known than Walter A. Andrews, the veteran piano and organ dealer of that city. Uniting with great native capacity the qualities of energy, honesty and daring, he has carried a great number of undertakings to success. He was born in Kingston on the Thames, England, April 4, 1842, son of Andrew and Eleanor (Beville) Andrews, the former of whom was born in 1804, near the Thames, and died in June, 1903, and the latter was born in 1800, and died in 1881.

Thomas Andrews, the grandfather of Walter A., was born in England, where he owned and operated a mill. He married and became the father of: Thomas, who was killed in the battle of Kabul; and Andrew, the father of our subject.

Andrew Andrews' wife was the granddaughter of the Count and Countess Beville, of France, who were driven out of that country during the Revolution, and she was a daughter of Thomas Beville. She and her husband came to Ontario in 1851, settling in Toronto, where Mr. Andrews went into the provision business with H. W. Cuff, in the St. Lawrence Market site. Mr. Andrews sold out his share of the business to Mr. Cuff, and opened the Elysium Gardens on Spadina avenue, which was the first place of public entertainment in Toronto. This he later sold and went into auctioneering, continuing in this line until he retired from business. He and his wife had two children: Andrew Oatsey, an auctioneer of North street, Toronto; and Walter Augustus.

Walter Augustus Andrews was but eight years of age when brought to Canada by his parents, and his education was gained in the grammar school on the corner of Richmond and George streets, Toronto. At the age of nineteen years, having learned dentistry under G. W. Elliott, he enlisted in the American army during the Rebellion, in the 13th New York, under General Hancock, and was appointed assistant surgeon in the Little Rock Hospital, on the James River, Virginia, where he was stationed eighteen months. He then went to New York to deal in horses and cattle for the army, in which line he continued for one year, and then opened a recruiting office on Breaker street, New York City, where he continued



W. H. Brown

until 1864. Returning to Toronto, he shortly after took a trip to the Wyoming oil fields, where he remained about nine months, and then came back to Toronto. He opened and conducted the "Grand Opera Hotel" for three years. In 1870 Mr. Andrews went into the piano and organ business, in which he has continued ever since. He was the first to exhibit pianos at the Provincial Fair, opened by the Marquis of Lorne and Princess Louise, whom he had the honor and pleasure of receiving, as he also had the following year of Lord and Lady Dufferin, Sir John A. Macdonald and Sir John Thompson.

In June, 1870, Mr. Andrews was married to Miss Rebecca Barbara Bowman. The Bowman family is of German extraction, and went over to County Derry, Ireland, in the time of King William of Orange. The first of the family of which we have any data is Benjamin Bowman, the great-grandfather of Mrs. Andrews; he was born in Derry, Ireland, and his son Benjamin, the grandfather of Mrs. Andrews, married Margaret Redfern, of Derry, and both died in Ireland. The children of this family who came to Canada were: Benjamin, who settled in Markham township, County York, in 1825, built the village of Almira; Robert, who came to Ontario in 1825, settled in Queensville, where he farmed until his death; James was the father of Mrs. Andrews. John and Martha Bowman remained in Ireland.

James Bowman was born in Derry, Ireland, in 1805, and came to Canada in 1825, settling on Concession 1, of Markham township, County York, when that country was all bush. He cleared a farm from the wild land. He had barely arrived in Ontario when he met Captain Peter Spring, of the Light Horsemen, with whom he went to look at land in Markham township, where he met his future wife, Miss Barbara Anne Spring. They were married in 1830. She was born in 1815 on the 3rd Line of Markham township. Her mother, Anne (Columbus) Spring, was born in Toronto, daughter of Isaac and Anne (Du Bey) Columbus, the former of whom kept the first jewelry store and gun shop in Muddy York (Toronto). James Bowman bought his father-in-law's farm, and here he farmed until his death in 1875, his wife surviving until 1889. They were Presbyterians. He was a Conservative in politics, and a great friend and admirer of the late Sir John A. Macdonald. He was the first Conservative councilman of the township of Markham, and later served as deputy of the County of York. The children born to Mr. and Mrs. Bowman were as follows: Jane, deceased, married William John Remsden; James lives in Manitoba; Dr.

Isaac is deceased; Nancy, deceased, married George Eakin; Margaret is the widow of Mr. Ayerst; Angelina and Sarah are deceased; Rebecca Barbara is the wife of our subject; Benjamin resides at Cleveland, Ohio; William Robert is located at Portage la Prairie; Elizabeth is the wife of Thomas Redfern; and John M. is in Toronto. All of the above family were born in the township of Markham, County of York.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter A. Andrews' children are as follows: Barbara Jane; Sarah Elliott; Maude Mary; Frederick William; John Bowman; and Gerhardt Heintzman. The family are members of the Knox Presbyterian Church. Mr. Andrews gives his support to the Conservative party.

CHARLES JOSEPH STUART, who died in Toronto in December, 1903, was born in Glenlivet, Scotland, in 1837, son of Charles and Elspet (Grant) Stuart, both of whom died in the old country. Mr. Stuart grew to manhood in his native country, and attended school there. He was engaged in the wholesale merchandise business before coming to Canada, in 1868. In 1870 he settled in Toronto, engaging in the grocery business on Queen street west, where he continued for about ten years. At the end of that time he located at No. 285 King street west, and there remained in business until his death. He was very well known and highly esteemed in commercial circles in the city.

In 1870 Mr. Stuart and Miss Henrietta Cruickshank were united in marriage. Mrs. Stuart was born in Aberdeen, Scotland, daughter of Richard and Catherine (Dawson) Cruickshank. To Mr. and Mrs. Stuart were born two children: Henry C., who died in April, 1905, married Alice Muldoon, of Guelph, and had one daughter, Kathleen, who died in June, 1905; and Miss Elsie is at home. Mr. Stuart was a member of the Roman Catholic Church. In politics he adhered to the principles of the Reform party.

WILLIAM M. ROSE, deceased. In the death of the late William M. Rose Toronto lost one of its most enterprising young business men. As a member of the large publishing house of Hunter, Rose & Co. he was recognized for his energy and indomitable ambition to carry to even greater prosperity the great firm founded by his father. His arduous work, together with a cold which he contracted, brought to an untimely end a career apparently destined to become an important factor in Toronto's commercial interests.

Born in Quebec in 1863, son of George Me-

Lean and Margaret (Manson) Rose, of whom mention is made elsewhere, William M. Rose grew up in Toronto, receiving a good literary training as a preparation for his business career. He was then taken into the firm of Hunter, Rose & Co., and from that time devoted his entire energies to the promotion of the company's interests. His energy, however, proved far in excess of his strength, and in 1892 he found it necessary to spend some time in California to recuperate. He returned greatly benefited by the change, but at once threw himself into his business again with all his former intensity and again broke down. His death occurred April 29, 1898, and was an inestimable loss to the firm and to the city, as well as to his family and friends. In religion he was a member of the Unitarian Church, in politics a Reformer, and fraternally a member of the I.O.F.

While in Santa Barbara, California, Mr. Rose met Miss Florence Massey, a native of San Francisco, and they were married in 1894, in New York City. Three children were born to them, Donald and Barbara, twins, and Constance.

Mrs. Rose is a daughter of the late Atkins Massey, a resident of San Francisco from the days of '49 until his death, in 1892. A native of Virginia, he was born in Appomattox county in 1819, son of Henry Massey. For a while he resided in Philadelphia, but at the time of the gold fever in California he went there and was so favorably impressed with the country that he located in San Francisco permanently. He was the first undertaker there, and besides succeeding in this his regular business, he speculated successfully in stocks, and when he died, in 1892, he was one of the wealthy men of the city. His wife, who survives him, and now makes her home with Mrs. Rose, was Miss Mary C. Dougherty. She was born in Philadelphia in 1832, fourth child of Robert and Mary (Hammell) Dougherty. Mr. and Mrs. Massey had children: Harry, deceased; Mazie, wife of Henry Bradbury, of New York City; George L., of Brooklyn, New York; Florence, Mrs. Rose; Atkins J., of California; and Robert, deceased. Mrs. Massey went to Europe in 1874 to educate her children, and while there travelled extensively through France, Germany, Ireland, England, Italy, Switzerland and Austria, living in Rome, Italy, three winters. Mrs. Rose was largely educated in England, Paris and Heidelberg, and is a very proficient scholar in French, German and Italian.

FORBES McHARDY (deceased), who was for many years in the wholesale grocery business on Front street east, was among the well-

known business men of Toronto. He was born in Scotland in 1837, son of John and Penelope (Michie) McHardy, who emigrated from Scotland about 1847-48, and settled in the County of Huron, Ont., where John McHardy engaged in farming until his death, and where his wife also died. One of the sons of the family is now cultivating the farm.

Forbes McHardy was the only member of his father's family to go into business in Toronto. He came to the city when a young man, and was engaged with his uncle, George Michie, in the wholesale grocery business, shortly afterwards embarking in that business on his own account, and continuing successfully until his death. Mr. McHardy was a man well and favorably known. Honest and upright in his business dealings, and prompt in filling orders, he had the confidence and esteem of the community, and the respect of all with whom he came in contact.

In 1869 Mr. Forbes McHardy and Miss Noble M. Montgomery, daughter of John and Jane Campbell (Dickson) Montgomery, were united in marriage. John Montgomery was born in County Armagh, Ireland, son of John and Ann (Williamson) Montgomery, who settled in Hamilton many years ago, where they died. Mrs. McHardy's father was for many years a well-known dry goods and clothing merchant of Brantford, where he died in 1895, his wife passing away in 1898. Their children were: Mrs. McHardy; Henry, of Toronto; James, Robert and John, of the United States; and Jennie, Mrs. Frank Anderson, of Toronto.

To Mr. and Mrs. McHardy were born the following children: Alice, of Toronto; John Forbes, of the United States; William, a business man, of Toronto; Charles, an accountant, of Toronto; Alexander, a florist, of Toronto; and Jean and Mary, of Toronto. Mr. McHardy was a Reformer in politics. He was a member of St. Andrew's Society. He and his wife were connected with the Presbyterian Church.

EDWIN GRAINGER, a wholesale and retail florist and apiarist on Yonge street, Deer Park, is a member of a family long identified with Toronto and the County of York. The family is of English extraction, and was founded in Canada by John Grainger, father of Edwin.

John Grainger was born in Yorkshire, England, Dec. 20, 1811. Coming to Canada, he settled in Montreal, where he remained about three years, at the end of which time he located in Toronto, on Yonge street, near Bloor, and there he engaged in the gardening business, in the conduct of which he continued until he removed to the corner of Avenue Road and St.

Clair avenue, when Hayden street was opened up through the old garden and the land sold out in business sites. His death occurred Aug. 24, 1892. It was in 1845 that he located in Deer Park, and founded the business now carried on by our subject. In 1838 he married Laura Stibbard, of Toronto, a native of Norfolk, England, who died Oct. 9, 1891. She was the daughter of Robert Stibbard, for some time a cabinet maker, and an early settler in Toronto, in which city he died. To John and Laura (Stibbard) Grainger were born the following children: Emily, Mrs. John Walker; Hannah, wife of Charles West; Oliver, of Toronto; Elizabeth, wife of George B. Crown; Mary Ann, wife of H. R. Duke; Phoebe, wife of C. Bonnick; Adie, Mrs. S. W. Sims; Albert, a member of the Queen's Own Rifles, who died at the age of twenty-one years; Edwin; and Frederick and Matthew, who died in infancy. John Grainger served as a volunteer during the Mackenzie Rebellion as a member of the company commanded by Captain Jarvis. He was a member of the York Pioneers and was nicknamed "Honest John" Grainger.

Edwin Grainger was born in Toronto in 1860, and there received his education. In 1890 he and his brother, Oliver, purchased their father's business at Deer Park, and conducted the same in partnership until 1901, when Edwin purchased his brother's interest, and has since conducted it alone. When Mr. Grainger assumed charge of the business there were but 10,000 square feet of glass roofing in the plant, and he added thereto 10,000 more square feet, giving a total of 20,000 square feet. Here Mr. Grainger raises the choicest of all kinds of flowers, bulbs, etc., for the wholesale and retail trade. As indicated at the outset, Mr. Grainger is also interested in bee culture. He is a member of the Ontario Bee-Keepers' Association, and manager of their department at the Industrial Exposition held annually in Toronto. He is also a member of the International Bee-Keepers' Association which includes both the United States and Canada. His interest in public affairs is evidenced by his being secretary and treasurer of the Deer Park school board and treasurer of the public library.

Mr. Grainger has been twice married. His first wife, to whom he was married April 15, 1885, was Miss Susannah West, who died March 2, 1886, leaving one son, now deceased. On Dec. 29, 1891, Mr. Grainger married Miss Eunice West, sister of his first wife, and to this union have been born: Myrna Evelyn, Elsie May, Edna Irene and Edwin Victor. Mrs. Grainger was born at Ailsa Craig, Ont., Aug. 19, 1866, daughter of Samuel and Ann (Whittaker) West, who

came to Canada from England about 1844. On locating in Canada Mr. West followed farming until his death, when eighty years of age; his wife passed away at the age of sixty years. The children born to Mr. and Mrs. West were: Margaret, Mary, Samuel, George, Tabitha, Edward, Susannah, Lois, Eunice (wife of Mr. Grainger), and Rosetta.

Mr. Grainger is independent in his political views. Both he and his wife attend the Methodist Church. For a number of years he has been actively engaged in Sunday school work as teacher in the Yonge street Methodist Sunday school, where he has also for a considerable time been leader of the Sunday school orchestra. His fraternal connection is with the Royal Templars, and with the Gardeners and Florists' Club and the York Pioneers.

CHARLES BARBER, whose death occurred March 18, 1904, at his late residence, No. 455 Ontario street, Toronto, was born in Ireland in 1821, son of John and Elizabeth Barber, natives of the Emerald Isle, where both died.

Charles Barber was educated in Ireland, and when nineteen years of age emigrated to New York, where he entered the wholesale brewing business with his brothers, James and Thomas. There he remained for about nine years, in 1849 locating in Toronto, where he purchased the soap and candle business on South Park street. After continuing there for many years he went into the potash business, being the pioneer in that line in Toronto, and he carried it on until wood ashes could no longer be obtained, when he cleared up the business. After a short period in the grocery business he retired from active life.

Mr. Barber was married in Toronto in 1852 to Miss Lucinda Bright, daughter of Thomas and Jane (Hunter) Bright, the former born in Ireland, and the latter in England. Mr. and Mrs. Bright came to Canada when young people, and were married in Toronto, where Mr. Bright was a speculator for a number of years. He was accidentally killed in 1835, while his wife died in 1864. Their children, all born in Toronto, and all now deceased except Mrs. Barber, were as follows: Lucinda, Mrs. Barber; Mary, wife of George Stegman; Nancy, wife of John Taylor; Elizabeth, married to William Helliwell; Sarah, who married James Worts; Caroline, wife of George Taylor; Harriet, who married John Wilmot, deceased; Margaret, who married William Gooderham; Charles and William. All the daughters' husbands are also deceased.

To Mr. and Mrs. Charles Barber seven children were born: Albert, who married Maggie

Collier and has four children, Charles, Florence, Gertrude and Irene; Charles, a resident of Toronto; Harvey, of Montreal (he and his wife Rose, have one daughter); Maggie; Victor, of Toronto, who married Dorothy McBride, and has children—Ethel and Gladys; William, of Toronto, who married Caroline Ayre and has two children, Dorothy and John; and Minnie, the wife of James Innes. The family are members of the Church of England. In politics Mr. Barber was a Conservative.

WILLIAM J. LAWRENCE, a leading citizen of Eglinton, North Toronto, is a wholesale florist. He makes a specialty of roses and carnations and cultivates all kinds of decorative plants. Active in public affairs, he is a councillor in the municipal council of the town of North Toronto and chairman of the Water, Fire and Light Committee, to which positions he was elected in 1906 and again in 1907. He is also president of the Canadian Horticultural Society for the current year.

Mr. Lawrence married Minnie E. Martin, of Toronto, and four children were born to this union: Winnifred May, Edith Lylian, Edward Lloyd S., and Wilfred K., the latter of whom died Dec. 4th, 1906, aged one year and nine months.

Mr. Lawrence is a lover of music, and as a tenor singer he held the solo position in the Central Methodist Church, Toronto, for about five years, and then took the same position in the Trinity Methodist Church, Toronto, which he has now held for about four years. He has also been a member of the Mendelssohn Choir for several years, going with them on their first and second trips to Buffalo, N. Y., and to Buffalo and New York City this year.

William Lawrence, grandfather of William J., a native of Norfolk, England, came to Canada with his family in 1848, and settled in Yorkville, where, for thirteen years he engaged in the market gardening on Avenue Rd. At the end of that time he located at Eglinton, but after seven years at the latter place he returned to Yorkville, remaining there until his death in 1889. He married Susan Broughton, of Norfolk, England, and they were the parents of ten children: Robert, James, George, Stephen, Sophia, John, William, Mary Ann and two who died in infancy.

Stephen Lawrence, son of William and father of William J., born in 1843, has followed gardening all his life. For twenty-eight years he was assistant gardener on the estate of Sir David McPherson, and at the time Sir David donated his collection of greenhouse plants to the city of Toronto he expressed a desire that

Mr. Lawrence still retain his position and care for the plants. This he did, but later resigned the position and located in Deer Park, subsequently removing to North Toronto. He married in 1863 Jane Dunn, of Yorkville, and to this union were born eight children: William J., George E. (died Oct. 27, 1903), Annie S., Lillie H., Alfred S., Robert C., and two who died in infancy.

JOHN EVANS, who passed from this world in 1893, had been for a number of years one of Toronto's business men, esteemed and respected by those who knew him. He was of English ancestry, and his father was the first of the family to settle in America.

The paternal grandfather, John Evans, lived and died in England. His son, John, was born there, but about the time of the rebellion of 1837 came to Canada and made his earlier home here in Paris, Ont., where he bought a farm which he conducted for some time. Finally he went into business as a merchant in Brantford. From there he went to Toronto and became manager of the waterworks, which were then owned by Mr. Furnace, and after they were purchased by the city Mr. Evans continued to hold the same position for a considerable time. He died in Toronto in 1893, aged eighty-seven years. Mr. Evans was twice married, first in England to Mary Emily Wake-man, who was the mother of his son, John, and second to her sister, Rebecca. The latter died in Toronto in 1890.

John Evans was born in England in 1832 and was about five years old when his father brought the family to Canada. He was educated at Paris and Galt, and began his business life in Bradford in a general mercantile line. His first establishment was destroyed by fire, and in 1858 he settled in Toronto, where he and Paul Richmond were partners in a leather store on Yonge street. This partnership was dissolved, and about 1862 Mr. Evans and Charles Brooke opened a wholesale shoe house. This firm also lasted but a short time, and Mr. Evans took a position as a commercial salesman for a time. A favorable opportunity offering itself for going into the shoe business again, he formed a partnership with a Mr. Walker, and this association lasted for some time, Mr. Evans finally selling out his share and resuming his work as a commercial salesman, continuing thus until his death.

In 1857 John Evans was united in marriage to Miss Annie Brooke, eldest child of Andrew and Esther (Davidson) Brooke. Mrs. Evans was born in 1834 in Ireland, of which country her parents were also natives. Mr. Brooke



S. G. Little

died and his widow brought her five children to Canada and spent the remainder of her life in the new world. The following children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Evans: Mary Emily (Mrs. W. J. McKay); Annie; Sybella; John W., and Walter B. The family residence is at No. 56 Charles street. The late Mr. Evans was a member of the Baptist Church, and in political faith was one of the Reform party.

WILLIAM J. MERTENS, the well-known photographer located at No. 409½ Yonge street, Toronto, is a member of a pioneer family of Markham township, County York, four generations of which have resided on the same property, Lot 34, rear of Concession 8.

The Mertens were originally German and the family was founded in Canada in 1838, by Claus Mertens and Frederick Mertens, the grandfather of William J., who came from Germany about 1846 and settled on the above described property. His children were: John; Dedrick, deceased, was a farmer in Markham township; Henry, also a farmer, is deceased; Fred, deceased, carried the mail between Stouffville and Claremont for many years; and Rebecca was married to Robert Stapleton, both being deceased.

John Mertens, son of the emigrant and father of William J., was born in Germany in 1833, and came with the family to Canada. His life was spent in Markham township in agricultural pursuits, and he died there in 1902; his wife, Mary Baxter is still living. To them were born children as follows: George, who died leaving a son, Joseph; William J.; Jemima, wife of R. P. Caulson; Joseph, who lives on the old farm, and has two children, Marjorie and Ina; Alice, wife of J. W. Hisie; Addie, deceased; and Walter E., of Toronto, who has one daughter, Irene.

William J. Mertens was born on the old homestead farm in Markham township, in 1863, and there grew to manhood, receiving his education in the school at Ringwood. In 1882 Mr. Mertens came to Toronto, where he learned photography, and in 1883 engaged in the business at Stouffville, where he continued until 1901. In this year he returned to Toronto, where he has since carried on a prosperous and increasing business.

In 1883 Mr. Mertens married Miss Louise Pemberton, born in England in 1858, daughter of William and Jane (Baxter) Pemberton, and to this union there have been born five children: Arthur B., Elsie, Carl, Cecil and Earl. The family are members of the Congregational Church. In politics Mr. Mertens is a Reform-

er. He is an active worker in Stouffville Lodge, No. 136, A.F. & A.M.

SIMON GRAHAM LITTLE, deceased, was one of the enterprising business men of his day. He was born in Canonbie, Dumfriesshire, Scotland, in 1849, and died at his late home, Nos. 229-231 Spadina avenue, Toronto, Aug. 13, 1903. Mr. Little was a son of William and Elizabeth (Armstrong) Little, the latter a descendant of the Armstrong clan, of the Border Raiders. William Little was a miller in Scotland, in which country his entire business life was spent.

Simon Graham Little was educated in his native country, and began his business life as a dry goods merchant at Redruth, Cornwall, England, from which place he later removed to London, continuing the same business. From London, Mr. Little went to Kingston, England, and engaged successfully in business for seven years, at the end of which time he transferred his business to Wantage, Berkshire, England, with a branch at Maidenhead, Surrey, England, and continued until 1889, in which year he sold out and came to Canada. Reaching Toronto in the same year, Mr. Little engaged in the dry goods business at Nos. 229-231 Spadina avenue. Here his wide experience in business in England was valuable capital, and he was the first to adopt English business methods in Toronto, being from the time of his settlement in the city one of the most prominent factors in business circles. He conducted a branch business in Hamilton, and one at London, Ont., and in addition thereto owned a fine farm in the township of Markham, known as "Woodslee." Here Mr. Little carried on a thoroughbred stock farm, importing some of his swine from the farm of Lord Roseberry of England. Mr. Little was president of the People's Plowing Match, a director of the Markham Fair Grounds Board, and an all-round business man.

Mr. Little was married in England to Miss Mary E. Bath, born in London, England, daughter of John V. and Elizabeth (Matthews) Bath, natives of Cornwall, England. John V. Bath, although a business man, was a minister, and founded the Baptist Church at Newguay, and for twenty-two years was the pastor thereof. He was born in 1823, and died in 1885, while his estimable wife, born in 1824, died in 1896.

Mr. and Mrs. Simon G. Little had no children, but three of Mrs. Little's nieces, Ethel Mary, Lillian Adelaide and May Evelyn Bath, are the happy recipients of the love of their aunt, whose home is likewise theirs. Mr. Lit-

tle was a member of St. Andrew's Society and the Caledonian Society. He was a Reformer in politics and a Presbyterian in religion. Since the death of Mr. Little, Mrs. Little has closed up the mercantile business and sold the stock farm. In 1904 she purchased her present residence, at No. 59 Sussex avenue. Mr. Little's popularity is seen in the fact that the Toronto papers, *Globe*, etc., speak of him as the representative of East York on the Liberal ticket.

PHÉLIX DROUILLARD, who passed away in 1888 at his late residence, No. 37 Wood street, Toronto, was a member of a pioneer family of the County of Essex. His first ancestor in that county was one of three brothers who came out from France. They participated in the siege of Quebec and later settled on the Detroit river, in the County of Essex, where they received grants of land, there spending the remainder of their lives. They were loyal to Great Britain in the rebellion of 1837-38. Mr. Drouillard's mother was a Langlois, a member of an old family in Essex County.

The late Phelix Drouillard was born on the banks of the Detroit river, in the County of Essex, in 1823, and there grew to manhood. By his first marriage he had no issue, and his second marriage was to Jane Maxwell, daughter of Joseph and Elizabeth (Bond) Maxwell. The father of Mrs. Drouillard was a Royal engineer, and was killed while on a survey for the Knight of Kerry; her mother came to Toronto in 1844. Mr. and Mrs. Maxwell's children were: Mrs. Drouillard: Matilda Maxwell, who resides with Mrs. Drouillard; John and Elizabeth. One son, Phelix, was born to Mr. and Mrs. Drouillard, who died when thirteen years and seven months old. The death of his only son so overcame Mr. Drouillard that he was incapacitated for the remainder of his life. Prior to this he had been a wholesale and retail cigar dealer for many years, being the first cigar manufacturer of Toronto. He was held in high esteem in Toronto as a business man, and accumulated an ample fortune. Until his great affliction fell upon him he was disposed to enjoy life, and he was hospitable to his friends and highly regarded by them.

In politics Mr. Drouillard was a Conservative. He was a member of the Roman Catholic Church.

GEORGE TOMLIN, a prosperous market gardener in Doncaster, County York, was born in Wellingborough, Northamptonshire, England, April 24, 1832. His parents, William and Mary Tomlin, passed their whole lives in that shire; Mrs. Tomlin's maiden name was Plow-

man. Of their family, all but two are deceased. Three sons came to Canada, namely: George; Benjamin, who married in London, came in May, 1870, to Toronto, and died on Christmas day, 1905, leaving a widow and family; and Charles, a wood and coal dealer, living with his family on Oak street, Toronto.

George Tomlin was educated in his native land, and there followed agriculture until he came to Canada in 1870, via New York, and after a year in Toronto he went back to New York State, and worked for a couple of years at Holly village. He then returned to Canada, and took up market gardening, in which he is still engaged. He rented his present place in 1899, and is very well established, doing a steady business.

In May, 1862, Mr. Tomlin was married to Miss Aliee Key, who was born in London in 1831, and was a daughter of George and Maggie Key, members of old English families. Mrs. Tomlin was one of twelve children, but only one other is living in Canada, Mrs. Phillips, of Toronto. To Mr. and Mrs. Tomlin have been born two children: Eliza, born in England, is the wife of Harry Tollis, of Toronto, and has two daughters, Bertha (Mrs. James Burrell) and Ethel. Walter, born in 1868, was educated in Canada. His wife was a Miss Frances Brum, who was born in England, but reared at Grimsby. They settled at first in Niagara township, but later moved to Saskatchewan, N.W.T., where he is farming on homestead land. They have two daughters.

Both Mr. and Mrs. George Tomlin are active members of the Baptist Church. In politics Mr. Tomlin is an independent voter, never desiring office, but doing his duty well as a citizen. He has been a member of the Sons of England since first organized, and since 1895 has been a member of the Home Circle. He has always been an industrious, honest, and able man, and his present position of respect and esteem is the deserved reward of his efforts.

JOHN ENGLAND, for many years a resident of Toronto, where he died Nov. 13, 1872, was born in Ireland in 1832, son of John and Ann England, both of whom died in the old country. Mr. England grew to maturity in his native land, and there received his education, coming to Canada in 1856, and settling in Toronto. Here he soon engaged in business with a Mr. Hendrie, later being with a Mr. Davies. Mr. England served in the Ridgeway Rebellion.

Mr. England married Miss Ellen MacDonald, who was born in Scotland in 1829, daughter of Alexander and Margaret (Fowler) MacDonald, both of whom died in Scotland, where Mr.

MacDonald was a farmer. In 1856 Miss MacDonald came to Toronto, where she met and married Mr. England, and to this union were born the following children: Margaret Ann, who is the wife of Isaac Kerfoot, and has a family of five children, Helen, Wilda, Muriel, Henry and William; John Alexander, of Toronto; and William, of New York.

Mr. England died in the faith of the Presbyterian Church, to which Mrs. England also adheres. He was an enterprising and energetic business man and a good citizen, and in his death the city of Toronto lost one whose place was hard to fill.

MRS. MARY E. (SEDMAN) TRENCH, widow of the late George Trench, of East Toronto, has been a resident of that town since 1888, and is very well known there. She represents families long established in the County of York, who by enduring the hardships of pioneer days helped to develop the country.

On the maternal side Mrs. Trench's great-grandfather was Jeremiah Atkinson, who with his daughter Martha came from Yorkshire, England, and settled in Vaughan township, on wild land. His wife, Elizabeth, had died in England. After being in Canada about two years he married Ann Nichols. His only daughter, Martha, married Barney Lyons, who was born in Markham in 1801. The young couple made their home in Markham township, also choosing land never before occupied, and cleared up a good farm, where they remained some years, then moving to Vaughan and settling at the old homestead, where they passed the remainder of their lives. They had a family of nine children, six born in Markham: Elizabeth, Jeremiah, John, Benjamin, Mary, Barnabas, and three in Vaughan, Martha, Abigail and Emily. All of these reared families. Elizabeth became Mrs. Thomas Sedman, mother of Mrs. Trench; Jeremiah is deceased; John is a farmer in Vaughan township; Benjamin, deceased, was a Toronto business man; Mary is Mrs. Sandy Campbell, of Manitoulin Island; Barnabas is a resident of Toronto; Martha, Mrs. Edward Wylie, is of Collingwood; Abigail, deceased wife of the late Dean McCarthy, of Collingwood, left two children; Emily, late wife of John Taylor, of Ontario, was the mother of four children.

Thomas Sedman, father of Mrs. Trench, was born in Yorkshire, England, in 1823, and came to Canada when a young man. There in 1853 he married Elizabeth Lyons, who was born in Markham township July 27, 1827, and they settled at Richmond Hill, where Mr. Sedman carried on carriage building and undertaking until

1887. In that year he retired from active business life, moved to East Toronto, and made his home there during his last years, passing away in 1894. He and his family were communicants of the Church of England. In politics Mr. Sedman was a Conservative, but he was never active in such matters. He and his wife had three daughters: (1) Martha, who grew up and was educated in Richmond Hill, as were her sisters also, married James Hamilton, of that place, and after his death married Rev. Thomas Ratcliffe, a Baptist minister in East Toronto. Mr. Ratcliffe has three sons by a previous union. Mrs. Ratcliffe has had no children. (2) Mary E., the second daughter, is Mrs. George Trench. (3) Elizabeth A., unmarried, is at home.

In 1878 Mary E. Sedman was married to George Trench, who was born at Richmond Hill, where he was educated. When he reached manhood he started as a merchant there and continued in that business very successfully till 1888, when he removed to East Toronto and again opened a mercantile establishment. He built a handsome brick house there and soon became recognized as one of the public-spirited and progressive men of East Toronto. At the time of his death, which occurred in October, 1898, he held the office of postmaster, and his widow has filled the position since. He was also serving his term as justice of the peace, elected on the Reform ticket, as he had always been a loyal supporter of that party. Mr. Trench was also an active church worker, a Presbyterian in faith, and both in Richmond Hill and East Toronto had served a number of years as elder. In the latter place he had also been Sunday school superintendent for twelve years. Fraternally he belonged to the Odd Fellows, the Foresters and the Sons of Scotland. Both Mr. and Mrs. Trench were held in great confidence and honor in the community, and Mr. Trench's death was felt to be a public loss.

JAMES WILLIAMS PORTCH, who died at his late residence, No. 8 Garden avenue, Toronto, in 1899, was born in Somersetshire, England, in 1845, and founded the family in Canada, coming hither about 1870. In the old country Mr. Portch was a draper (dry goods merchant), and on coming to Toronto he engaged with Mr. Walker of the "Golden Lion" for some time, subsequently embarking in the auctioneering and valuating business at No. 100 Yonge street. He then went to Brantford, where he successfully carried on the same line, but later returned to Toronto, and continued until retiring from active business life.

Mr. Portch was married in England to Miss

Anne Marshall, daughter of John and Mary Ann (Rice) Marshall, both of whom died in England. Mrs. Portch is the only one of the Marshall family now living in Canada. To Mr. and Mrs. Portch were born children as follows: Charles, born in England, who is now engaged in a wholesale business in Toronto; Emily; Alice; and Mabel, the wife of Clayton Weese, of Toronto. Mr. Portch was a member of the English Church, and in politics a Conservative.

ALFRED JOHN NICHOLS was born in Toronto in 1862, and at the time of his death, which occurred in Toronto May 1, 1903, was one of the enterprising and energetic young business men of the city. He was a son of John and Annie (Low) Nichols, natives of England and Ireland respectively, the former of whom has been a well-known business man in Toronto for many years and is very highly esteemed in the Queen City. His wife died in 1904, the mother of these children: Alfred John, Thomas and Ida.

Alfred John Nichols was educated in Toronto, and on completing his schooling went with a surveying party to the Northwest, where he remained for some time. He then returned to his native city, and in 1887 went into the retail meat business at No. 312 College street, later purchasing the business at the corner of Robert and College streets. There he continued business uninterruptedly until his death.

In 1888 Mr. Nichols married Miss Agnes McGuire, who was born in Haldimand, Ont., in 1864, daughter of Andrew and Annie McGuire, natives of Ireland, who came to Canada when young people and were here married. They settled in Haldimand township, where Mr. McGuire carried on farming until his death, in 1879; his wife passed away in 1866. They had three daughters, Catherine, Elizabeth and Agnes, the last named becoming Mrs. Nichols. By a former marriage Mr. McGuire had six children: Robert, Barnard, Mary, Susan, Sarah and Nellie.

To Mr. and Mrs. Nichols came three children, Frederick Allan and Clarence John, and Reta, all born on College street, Toronto. Mr. Nichols was a member of Christ Church, and Mrs. Nichols adheres to the same faith. In politics he was a Conservative. Mrs. Nichols still owns the property on College street where her husband was in business, and in 1903 she purchased her present home, at No. 266 Delaware avenue.

JAMES CAMPBELL, who died at his home in Toronto Sept. 19, 1896, was one of the most

highly esteemed citizens of that city. A man quiet in his manner, a great lover of home and family, he had many business associates who respected him highly for his sterling qualities of mind and heart. Mr. Campbell was a native of St. Catharines, Argyllshire, Scotland, where he was born June 20, 1820, son of Col. Patrick Campbell, of the English army, and a descendant of the Duke of Argyll and of Sir Colin Campbell of Lucknow.

Col. Patrick Campbell came to Canada prior to the war of 1812, and while there with his regiment, His Majesty's 48th, met and married Sarah Robins, daughter of an early settler of the locality of Kingston. One of Mrs. Campbell's sisters became the wife of Mr. Forsyth, whose son, John Forsyth, was for years one of Canada's leading lawyers.

James Campbell came to Canada about 1835. He began his business life at Esquesing, as a general merchant in company with his brother, and after continuing this partnership for some time engaged in business by himself and continued therein until 1860. That year he located in Toronto, residing there until his death. For twenty-three years after coming here, Mr. Campbell was a director in the Toronto Landed Company, though from the time of his locating here until his death he lived practically retired, with the exception of looking after his financial investments.

On Feb. 8, 1847, Mr. Campbell married Miss Charlotte Hiltz, who was born in Esquesing, Ont., Jan. 11, 1828, daughter of Joseph and Sarah (Johnson) Hiltz. They were United Empire Loyalists, and settled in Esquesing, where they took up land and spent the remainder of their lives. Mrs. Campbell's grandfather came from Holland. To Mr. and Mrs. James Campbell were born two sons, both now deceased: George Patrick was a lieutenant in His Majesty's army, was married, and at his death left two children, Isobel W. and Donald Bailey. Alexander was for twenty-one years associated as a buyer with Senator John McDonald, of Toronto, was married, and at the time of his death left one daughter, Mildred D., now the wife of J. P. Bell, inspector of the Bank of Commerce in the North-West, with headquarters at Winnipeg.

James Campbell was a devout member of the Church of England, and in politics he was a Reformer. Like her husband, Mrs. Campbell is a member of the Church of England, and is very active in its work. She is still in possession of all her faculties, and is very spry and bright for her age. She has done a great deal of hard work for the poor, and has been very active in charitable work.



James Campbell

ROBERT ABBS, a well-known florist of Toronto, who disposes of his entire supply of cut flowers to T. Eaton & Co., has his residence and greenhouses at No. 298 Broek avenue. He was born June 21, 1840, in the County of York, Ont., son of Robert and Harriet (Clarke) Abbs, both natives of England. The father was born in 1819, and died in 1883, while the mother, born in 1817, died in 1847. Their children were: John, who died in Saginaw, Michigan; Thomas; Robert; and Lucy, widow of George Leclair. For his second wife the father married Felicia Bell, a native of Ireland, and they had two children: Sarah, of Chicago, Illinois; and William, of Saginaw, Michigan. In 1838 Mr. Abbs settled in Weston, York County, where he followed coopering and milling and was also in the grocery business, but his death occurred near Saginaw, Michigan, where he owned a farm.

Robert Abbs received his education at Weston, and when eleven years of age began to work at the cooper's trade, continuing at that until 1871, when he turned his attention to the florist's business. In that year he built his first greenhouse, at Woodstock, and it was the first constructed at that place. After two years he entered into partnership with Angus Rose, and this partnership lasted until 1875, Mr. Abbs selling his interest and moving to Toronto. He rented the greenhouses of his aunt, Mrs. Alexander Hill, and carried them on for six years, when he gave up that line of business and opened a grocery at Parkdale. In 1889 he again took up floriculture, building his present greenhouses on Broek avenue, where he has over 8,000 square feet of glass. Here Mr. Abbs grows a full line of cut flowers for the T. Eaton Company, Ltd. In 1892 he built his residence and has made his home here ever since. His business is a leading industry of the city, and Mr. Abbs through his experience has made it most successful.

On Nov. 15, 1860, Mr. Abbs was married to Miss Frances Leith, who was born in County Fermanagh, Ireland, May 12, 1843, daughter of William and Mary (Bustard) Leith. Her parents came to Canada in 1848, locating in Caledonia, and some time later on returned to Ireland on a visit, coming back with their daughter, now Mrs. Abbs, who was then twelve years of age; their other children, yet surviving, are: Malcolm, of Chicago; and William, of Bay City, Michigan. To Mr. and Mrs. Abbs have been born children as follows: Felicia Frances, wife of Robert Lewis, of Toronto, and mother of Alma, Gertrude, Ruby, Stanley, Dorothy and Norma; Minnie, who married John Dake, and died the mother of Maude, Alva,

Nelson, Minnie, Ida, Edna, Fanny and Gertrude; Sarah Edith, who married (first) Frank Wismer, deceased, and (second) William G. McClelland, and had two children by the first marriage, Rupert and Gordon, the latter deceased; Frederiek W., who married Etta Walton, and has one son, Frederiek Gordon; Robert J., of Toronto, who married Florence Monteith, and has two sons, William E. and John (twins); and Ila May, who died aged eighteen years. Mr. and Mrs. Abbs are members of the Methodist Church. In politics he is a Reformer. He holds membership with the A.O.U.W., and with the Toronto Gardeners and Florists' Association.

RICHARD NASH, who passed away at his late residence, No. 7 Gwynne avenue, Toronto, June 7, 1903, was born in County Cork, Ireland, in 1859, son of Richard and Eliza (Halbert) Nash, both of whom died in Ireland. Their other children were Ellen, Mrs. Andrew Carleton; Fanny, the wife of Joseph Shorton; Miss Margaret; Miss Letitia; and Louis.

Richard Nash was educated in his native land, and when a young man came to Canada, settling at London, Ont., where he was a bookkeeper for some time. In 1888 he settled in Toronto, and for fifteen years was with the Grand Trunk Railway. In 1888 Mr. Nash married Miss Eliza Jane Dagg, born in the County of Middlesex, in 1868, daughter of John and Jane (Dagg) Dagg. John Dagg was born in Ireland in 1836, son of James Dagg, who, in 1838, came with his family to Canada, and settled in Biddulph township, County Middlesex, Ont., where he was accidentally killed while building a log house on his land, where the village of Luean now stands. His wife, Ann, also died in Lucan. Their children were, Richard, William, Thomas, Frances, James, Rebecca and John.

John Dagg, father of Mrs. Nash, as shown above, was but two years of age when brought to Canada by his parents. He here grew to manhood, becoming a farmer at Lucan, in which place he spent his active life, dying in 1887. His wife survived him until 1901, and passed away in London when sixty-five years of age. To John Dagg and his wife were born: James A.; Richard L.; William; Eliza Jane, Mrs. Nash; Rebecca Ann, the wife of John Orr, of London, Ont.; Francis Henry; George Walter; Harriet Ellen, wife of Ernest Pool, of London, Ont.; and John Alfred, of Toronto.

To Mr. and Mrs. Richard Nash were born two children: Eliza Evelyn, in 1890; and Richard John Kingsley, in 1893. Mr. Nash was a member of the Church of England. His poli-

tial support was given to the Conservative party.

WILLIAM DE ST. CROIX, gardener and florist, of Toronto, has been a resident of that city for more than half a century. He comes of French-Huguenot stock, his family having its origin near Paris, France, where there was an estate bearing the name.

Mr. St. Croix was born in Jersey, Channel Island, in 1833, son of Aaron and Nancy (Luce) St. Croix, also natives of Jersey. He grew to manhood in his native land, and there received his education. The Huguenots pay much attention to home teaching and training, and Mr. St. Croix was instructed in his youth to respect all creeds and to believe in the Fatherhood of God and the universal brotherhood of man. On attaining his majority he became a contractor and builder, which he followed for some time before coming to Canada in 1854. On settling in Toronto in that year he engaged in contracting, and became one of the most extensively engaged therein in Canada, employing from forty to sixty men in his business. He continued in that business until 1896, when he turned his attention to the gardening and florist business at the corner of Shaw and Bloor streets, where he has built six greenhouses with a glass area of about 7,000 square feet. Here he makes a specialty of carnations and chrysanthemums among flowers and mushrooms and lettuce in the gardening line. He owns three acres of valuable land.

In 1860 Mr. St. Croix married Miss Alice Ann Kerr, born on Yonge street, Toronto, daughter of James and Janet Kerr, natives of Scotland, and founders of the family in Canada. To Mr. and Mrs. St. Croix have been born these children: Jessie, who married Dr. Stuart Johnson, of Chicago, and has one son, St. Croix; Isabella, deceased, who married Howard Stowe, and had one daughter, Emily; Alice; Clara; Marion Evelyn, deceased, who was the wife of Fred Hollis; William, deceased, who married Rose Philipps, of Chicago; and Charles, who died young. Mr. and Mrs. St. Croix are members of the Bond Street Congregational Church. In politics he is a Reformer.

WILLIAM HENRY STONEHAM, who died in Toronto Jan. 18, 1900, was born in 1852, in Brampton, Ont., son of Joseph and Margaret (Felttis) Stoneham, the former a native of England, and the latter of Ireland.

Joseph Stoneham and his wife came to Canada when young people, being here married, and they resided in Brampton for a number of years, Mr. Stoneham following his trade of

brick-laying. Later they removed to the County of Simcoe, where their son, William Henry, received his education.

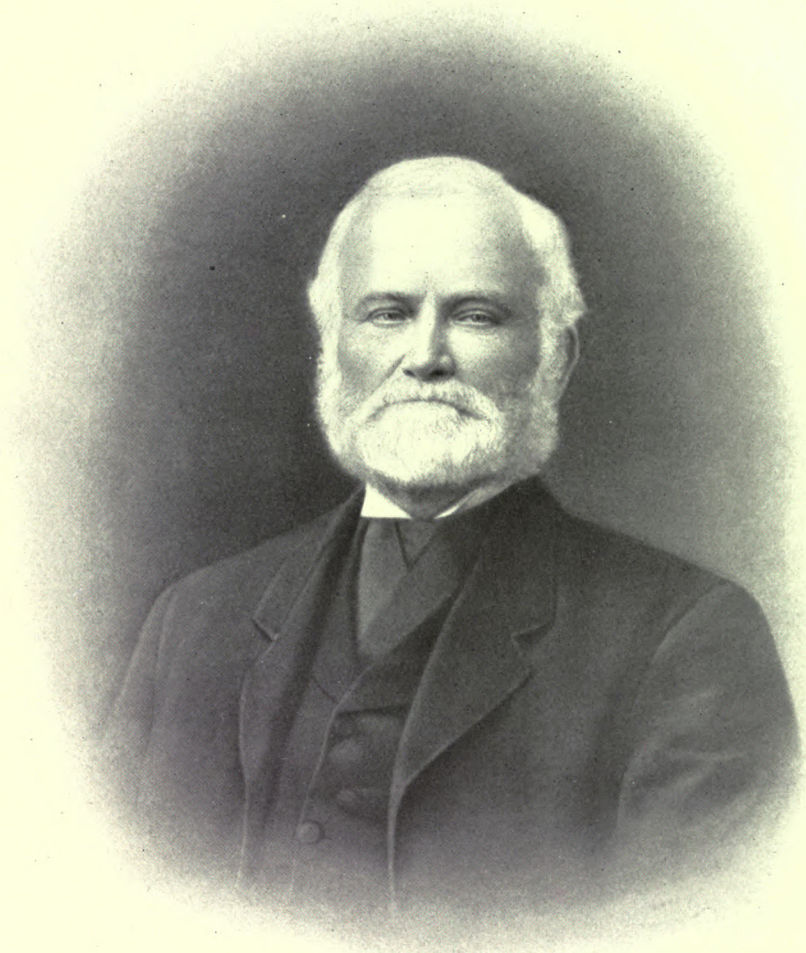
Mr. William Henry Stoneham for a short time engaged in farming. He then learned the trade of builder, which he followed for a time in this country, and about 1880 came to Toronto, where he later became a guard in the Central Prison, a position which he was holding at the time of his death.

In 1900 Mr. Stoneham and Miss Elizabeth Jane Switzer were united in marriage. Mrs. Stoneham was born in Essa township, County Simcoe, daughter of John and Ann (Mooney) Switzer, the former a native of Ireland and the latter of Lower Canada. John Switzer was a son of Michael and Julia (Hurst) Switzer, natives of Ireland, the former being the founder of the family in Canada. After residing in Canada for a time, Mr. and Mrs. Switzer started back to the old country to look after some business, and both were lost at sea. John Switzer, father of Mrs. Stoneham, was a farmer for many years in the County of Simcoe, where he passed away, his widow still residing there.

Mr. and Mrs. Stoneham had the following children: Millie, Mrs. Ernest Jackson, of Toronto, had one son, Elwood; Charlotte Elizabeth, wife of Fred Hamilton, of Indianapolis, Indiana, has one son, Aylmer; Aylmer William lives at Toronto. The family are Methodists in religious faith. In politics Mr. Stoneham was a Reformer. His fraternal affiliations were with the W.O.W.; the A.O.F.; the A.O.U.W.; and he was also a member of the Loyal Orange Lodge.

WILLIAM HOGG passed away at his residence, No. 58 Rathnelly avenue, Toronto, Aug. 6, 1904, and his death removed from the sight of old-time friends and associates and business companions a man who for long years was a leading merchant of York County. His entire active career was identified with the locality which was named Hogg's Hollow after the founder of the family in Canada, but his last years were spent in retirement in Toronto, in the enjoyment of a well-earned rest.

Hogg's Hollow was named for James Hogg, a Scotchman, born in Lanarkshire July 21, 1797, who immigrated to Canada in 1824. He located first at St. Catharines, where he was married the following year to Miss Elizabeth Orr. They soon removed to York County, where Mr. Hogg not only bought a farm, which he cultivated, but also owned a mill and engaged in a mercantile business. In these various industries he was successful, became one of the leading business men of the section, and was at the



Wm. Hoag

height of his career when death laid him low, April 18, 1839, while he was still comparatively young. In politics he was a Conservative, and in religious faith a Presbyterian. Mrs. Hogg, who subsequently married Henry Brydon, died in Toronto. By her marriage to James Hogg she had the following children: John, deceased, for many years in partnership with his brother, William; William; James, who died unmarried; Isabella, wife of Rev. James McLean, of Eglinton; and Elizabeth, widow of Charles Kerswell, of Eglinton. The eldest son, John, left three sons and four daughters, of whom one son and two daughters survive.

William Hogg was born at Hogg's Hollow April 5, 1828, and received his education in the local schools. He then engaged at once in business with his brother John, in a mercantile line, and continued thus for a long time. But after John Hogg's death William left Hogg's Hollow for Flesherton, where he built a store and saw-mill and invested largely in real estate. Eugenia Falls, about five miles from the town, was a part of his property holdings. He carried on the business in Flesherton until 1890, and then retired and settled in Toronto for the rest of his life. Mr. Hogg was a devout member of the Presbyterian Church, and in politics supported the Conservative party.

On Nov. 29, 1855, was solemnized the union of William Hogg and Miss Sarah Wightman. To them was born a large family as follows: (1) James W., who married Miss Minnie Smith, had three children, Ada, Ernest and Phyllis (now residents of Hamilton), and died in 1903. (2) William Thomas, who died in September, 1906, in Toronto, married Miss Etianna McKinnon, and had four daughters, Winifred, Eva, Ruby and Muriel. (3) John Robert, of Eugenia Falls, married Miss Jane Cairns and has two children, Mamie and William. (4) Albert, of Oakwood, married Miss Jane Bowes, and has three children, Ida Gertrude, James Harold and Murray B. (5) George Henry, who married Miss May Brydon, has two children, Lawrence Walter and Florence Helen. (6) Helen married William Silverwood, and is the mother of Helen, Isabella, Frances, William Clare, James Wightman and Marjorie. (7) Sarah Elizabeth, who married Norman F. Jordan, has one son, John Russell Wightman. (8) Isabella R., (9) Agnes J., and (10) Margaret Ann, are all at home. (11) Andrew Brydon is studying law in Winnipeg.

Mrs. Hogg was a native of Thurso, Caithness-shire, Scotland, born May 28, 1836, only daughter of Rev. Thomas and Helen (Clow) Wightman. Her parents were both born in Dumfriesshire, the father in 1801, and the mother

in 1811. In 1842 they left Scotland for America and at first lived in the State of New York, where Mr. Wightman did missionary work. Before long, however, he went to Toronto, and for some time engaged in teaching. Afterward he resumed the ministry, was for a long time pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Hogg's Hollow, and finally went to Innisfil, where he died in 1871. He had lost his wife many years before in Toronto, in 1847. She was the mother of four children, namely: Mrs. Hogg; John, who died in 1848; Robert, of Illinois; and James, who died in 1845.

SAMUEL J. DOUGLAS, one of the public-spirited citizens of Eglinton, town of North Toronto, who has been prominent in public and business affairs, is a native of Eglinton, born Feb. 21, 1862, son of William and Eliza (Gillespie) Douglas.

Mr. Douglas attended the public schools until he was twelve years of age, when he was engaged as a clerk in the office of Mr. Arthur L. Wilson, late clerk of the township of York, with whom he remained five years. At the end of that time he engaged with Taylor Brothers, of the Don Paper Mills, working his way up through the different departments to the position of office manager during the nineteen years he was with that firm. Mr. Douglas then went into business for himself with Mr. Fred L. Ratcliff as partner, at No. 34 Church street, and there they conducted business for three years. At the end of this time, Taylor Brothers going out of business, Messrs. Douglas & Ratcliff removed to their former place of business, No. 30 West Market street, where they later absorbed the Beaver Paper Company. Douglas & Ratcliff, Limited (of which firm Mr. Douglas is president), are doing a very flourishing business, dealing in wrapping paper, paper bags and twines.

Samuel J. Douglas was married Aug. 18, 1886, to Mary Crozier, of Eglinton, and to this union have been born three children: Wilfred Harton, who attended a school of practical science, and is now employed with his father learning the paper business, and two daughters, Edith and Inez, the latter a musical prodigy.

Mr. Douglas has taken an active part in public matters, having served almost continuously since the town of North Toronto was incorporated as a member of the school board and of the town council. He is a member of the Methodist Church, and an active worker therein, having been superintendent of the Sunday-school for the past nineteen years, and recording steward of the church for a like period. Mr.

Douglas is a self-made man in all that the word implies, and he is highly esteemed by his fellow townsmen, who recognize and appreciate his many admirable qualities.

NOAH BARNHART, who died in Toronto in 1883, was born on Barnhart Island, in 1817, a son of John and Olive (Stilwell) Barnhart.

The education of Mr. Barnhart was secured at Upper Canada College, after which he spent some time in the United States, returning then to Canada, where he became an extensive grain buyer, and subsequently was interested in a milling and mercantile business at Streetsville, where he lived for many years. After closing his business here he embarked in the same line at Collingwood, and had business connections at Meaford, where he bought grain extensively for some years. During all this time he was noted for his business integrity. In 1867 he located his home at Toronto, but continued his business operations at the other points until the cares of increasing years caused him to lay aside all business duties. His death took place at his residence on Wellington street.

Mr. Barnhart married a daughter of the late Joseph McMaster. In his political sentiments he was a Conservative. He belonged to the Church of England.

ROBERT A. PURDON, who for thirty-eight years was identified with the Grand Trunk Railway service, was one of the most popular conductors on that line. He was most highly esteemed in the various orders of which he was a member, while his warm friends were limited only by the number of his acquaintances. Mr. Purdon was born Dec. 19, 1847, at Miramichi, New Brunswick, son of R. S. Purdon, who shortly after the birth of his son moved to Trenton.

Robert A. Purdon received his education at Trenton. At the age when most boys are entering upon their high school studies he was obliged to enter the school of experience, and in it hew out his own destiny. From his youth he was determined to succeed in the work to which he gave his time, and that he succeeded in realizing his ambition may be seen in that he steadily worked his way up from the position of newsboy on the train to the position of conductor on one of the Grand Trunk's most important trains, running from Toronto to Montreal.

Mr. Purdon was a permanent member of the Order of Railway Conductors, and one of the most popular members of the association. At his funeral, railway men from all the surrounding country were present, each of whom felt

that he personally had lost a dear friend. A leading paper of Toronto, under date of July 14, 1904, stated that the funeral was attended by the largest number of railway men of any funeral ever held in Toronto. The same paper refers to Mr. Purdon as the most popular local conductor on the line. His courteous manner, both on and off duty, made him hosts of friends, which he always retained. Not only was Mr. Purdon well known in his capacity as railway conductor, but he was equally popular as a member of Lodge William III., L.O.L., No. 140. He was also a prominent Mason, and a member of the A.O.U.W. In all the walks of life Mr. Purdon exemplified the traits of a Christian gentleman and an upright citizen. His death occurred July 8, 1904.

Robert A. Purdon and Miss Henrietta Curry were united in marriage June 21, 1880. Mrs. Purdon was born in Cobourg, daughter of Thomas Curry, a native of Ireland. In 1887 Mr. Purdon purchased his late residence at No. 72 Gladstone avenue, Toronto, where the many friends of himself and his estimable wife were always welcome. Mr. Purdon was a member of the Presbyterian Church. In politics he was a Conservative. In his death the Grand Trunk Railway lost one of its most efficient and popular employees, Toronto an exemplary citizen, and his home a devoted husband.

GEORGE McLEAN ROSE, who was for many years foremost in the ranks of Canadian publishers, and who was the publisher of the first Canadian magazine, died in Toronto in 1898. He was born in Scotland in 1829, son of Donald Rose and wife, the latter of whom was a McLean. Donald Rose came to Canada in 1850-1, locating in Montreal, where he followed the building business until his death.

George M. Rose learned the printing business in his native country, and was for some time engaged on *The Ensign* before coming to Canada. He was Government printer for many years, being located at Quebec, Ottawa and Toronto, and after concluding his work in that line engaged in the printing business in Toronto. He published a number of well-known works, including those of Sir Wilkie Collins and Lord Lytton, and was the publisher of the first Canadian magazine. After settling permanently in Toronto in 1871, Mr. Rose engaged in the publishing business until his death. He married Miss Margaret C. J. L. Manson, daughter of William Manson, formerly of Como, and later of County Oxford, Ont., but who farmed near Montreal when he first came to Canada in 1840; he died in Toronto. Mr. Manson's wife had been Miss Janet



R. A. Rudow

LeVaek, a native of Scotland, and she died in Woodstock, where she is buried. Of their children Mrs. Rose is the only survivor. Mrs. Rose was born in Scotland, but has for many years been a resident of Toronto. In 1904 she purchased her present home at No. 230 Cottingham Street, and here she is now residing.

To Mr. and Mrs. George M. Rose were born the following children: Jessie G., married William Campbell, and has three children, Marjorie, Dorothy and Wilfred; Daniel A., of Toronto, married Annie Farley, and has one daughter, Ilene Gertrude; Mrs. Owen Brewer is of Chicago; Wm. Manson; George McLean lives in Toronto; Fred W., of Toronto, married Miss Elizabeth Tinning, and has one child, Hildred; Dr. M. C., is of New York; Robert H., is a traveller; Emma M. M. is at home. Mr. Rose was a member of the Unitarian Church. In politics he was a Reformer, and in fraternal connection a Mason.

GARRATT ROBERT VAN ZANT, Governor of the Toronto Gaol, is a member of a pioneer family of the County of York, of Holland extraction, and of United Empire Loyalist stock, a truly characteristic trinity.

In the early settlement of the American colonies, an ancestor, the great-great-grandfather of our subject, emigrated from Holland and settled in the new State of New York, where he died. One of his grandsons, Garratt Van Zant, grandfather of our subject, was founder of the Van Zant family in Canada. He was born in the State of New York, and in 1796 emigrated to Canada, settling at what is now Toronto, but which at that time consisted of twelve or fourteen houses, and these being log structures. Mr. Van Zant subsequently settled in the 10th Concession of Markham township, and there cleared up a bush farm, reared his family, and died in 1858, when ninety-eight years and eight months of age. His wife was Miss Elizabeth Lewis, who also died in Markham township, when eighty-four years old. Their children were: James, William, John, Almer, Henry, Jane, Hannah, Sarah, Polly and Nancy, each of whom reared a large family.

Of the above family, William Van Zant became the father of our subject. He was born in Toronto in 1804, grew to manhood in the County of York, and received his education in the schools of his day. On reaching his majority, Mr. Van Zant married and settled in Uxbridge township, just over the line from Whitechurch township. He there resided for some years, and cleared a farm, which he later sold to remove to Reach township, County Ontario. There he also engaged in farming for a number of years,

after which he closed out his business and removed to Markham village, where our subject was then in business, and there Mr. Van Zant died in 1890. His wife was Miss Sarah Stiles, who was born in Markham township in 1809, daughter of Captain John Stiles, of the British army, who came with his company to Canada in 1816, subsequently becoming a pioneer settler of Markham township, where he died in 1841, aged 114 years. To William and Sarah (Stiles) Van Zant were born these children: James H., of Leamington, Ont.; Olive, of Michigan; William, deceased; Garratt Robert; Elizabeth, wife of George Manning, of Elimville; George, of Indianapolis, Indiana; and Albert, of Detroit. William Van Zant and his wife were Presbyterians. In politics he was a Reformer, and he served in the Rebellion of 1837-38.

Garratt Robert Van Zant, was born in the township of Whitechurch, County York, December 10, 1844. He was educated in the public schools at Stouffville, where he began his business life in 1864, as a hardware merchant. In 1869 he sold out his business at this place, and removed to Markham village, here resuming the business in which he continued until 1900, when he was appointed to his present position, governor of the Toronto gaol. While in Markham Mr. Van Zant took an active part in municipal matters, and for five years was reeve of Markham village, and ex-officio member of the county council of County York. He was also a member of the municipal council of Markham for eleven years, and served as school trustee for many years.

In 1863, Mr. Van Zant married Miss Catherine Napier, born in Toronto in 1845, daughter of Alexander Napier, surgeon of the 93rd Highlanders. To Garratt R. and Catherine (Napier) Van Zant were born the following children: Evelyn, is the wife of R. A. Mason, of Markham; Victor E., of Toronto; Clifford, of Peterboro', married Bertha Lundt, and has two children, Roy and Evelyn; Frank M., married Louise Bartholmew, and has three children, Evan, Kate and Rolph; and Clarence, of Toronto, married Mary Brill, Cornwall, and has one daughter, Berna. Mr. Van Zant and his wife are members of the Methodist Church. When active in politics Mr. Van Zant was a Reformer.

WILLIAM CLARKSON. King township numbers among its inhabitants a goodly list of citizens whose lives have proved them men of strong principles, sturdy character and real force in life, to whom none begrudge the material success which has very generally been the

reward of their labor. In this class one of whom all speak well, and who by his hospitality and kindly thoughtfulness for others has won many friends, is William Clarkson, a farmer in Concession 3, Lots 22 and 23. He was born in that locality, in Concession 2, in October, 1850, the son of John and Anna (White) Clarkson.

In 1834 there came from Norfolk, England, Thomas Clarkson with Mary A., his wife, and their children. They settled at Thornhill, County York, but later moved to King township, where the parents spent the rest of their lives on a farm in Concession 2. Their children were: William, who in after life took part in the American Civil war and is supposed to have been killed during that struggle; John; Thomas, a resident of Woodstock; Margaret, who married James Dunnet (both deceased); Sarah, deceased wife of John Meek, of Aurora; and Martha, deceased.

John Clarkson, father of William, was born in Norfolk in 1816 and was eighteen years old when the family came to Canada. He married Anna, daughter of John White, who came from Ireland to settle in Vaughan township. John Clarkson and his wife rented a small farm in Concession 2, King township, and began their married life there. For most of his life he rented property, instead of buying a farm, and his last years were spent in the Shadrach Lundy place, where both he and his wife died, he in March, 1899, she the previous year. They were members of the Presbyterian Church. Of their ten children, (1) Thomas, the eldest, was born in County York in 1848. He married a Miss Bigelow, and with his family lived for many years on a farm in Concession 4. He now resides in Newmarket. (2) William was the second son. (3) Mary A. married Arthur D. Lundy, of Concession 1, and has a family. (4) Margaret, 1854, married Milton Terry, of Concession 5, and has two sons, Benjamin and Elmer. (5) Abbie, 1856, is unmarried. (6) Robert J., 1859, married Miss Rebecea Cutting, of King township, and they live on a farm in Concession 3. Their four children are, Ada E., Mary, Wesley and Clorinda. (7) George H., 1861, married Miss Mary Lawnmaker, of County York, and they now live in the North-West Territory. They have four children, John, William, Elmer and Elwood. (8) Annie, 1863, is the wife of Robert Cook, of Concession 7. They have three children, Gertrude, Aleta and Ward. (9) Ephraim, 1866, married Miss Margaret Bland, of County York, and they have one son and one daughter, Walter and Clara. (10) Rebecca, 1868, is the wife of James Murphy, a farmer in Vaughan township. Their family

consists of Stella, Harold, Kathleen, Clarence, Margery, Gladys and Harry.

William Clarkson as a boy was sent to the district schools, and then engaged in farming. After his marriage he rented a farm in Concession 4, King township, for a year, and then bought the Webb farm, which has been his home ever since. In addition to general improvements he has put up good buildings and developed the place into a highly productive condition.

Mrs. Clarkson was Miss Elizabeth Cutting, daughter of George and Sarah (Holt) Cutting, and a member of one of the old township families. George Cutting was named for his father, who came from England and settled in Welland County, where the son was born. The latter married Miss Sarah Holt, a native of Yorkshire, England, who came to King township. George Cutting settled there on a farm, where he spent his whole life. He had children as follows: Rachel and Jane, both deceased; Elizabeth, Mrs. William Clarkson; Annie, Mrs. John Garvis; Rebecea, Mrs. Robert Clarkson; George, of King township, who married Miss M. E. White; Thomas, unmarried; Clorinda, Mrs. Hiram White, also of King township; Melvina, Mrs. John Clubine, of Whitechurch township; John, of King township; and Mary, who died in childhood. Elizabeth Cutting was born in June, 1848, and was married to Mr. Clarkson December 3, 1873. She has borne him four children, as follows: William, who was educated in the Aurora high school, studied music in Toronto and in Berlin, Germany, and is now a foreman in a music store in Montreal; George P., who married Miss Bertha Routledge, of County York, lives in Lot 26, Concession 3, King township, and has one daughter, Irene; Ada R., who was educated in the home schools, studied music in Aurora, and is now prepared to teach music; and Charles W., who died in infancy.

Mr. Clarkson and his wife are members of the Methodist Church. He is not an active politician, but loyally supports the Conservative party and has served on the school board, of which he has been secretary and treasurer for nine years. He was also at one time pound-keeper for his section of the township. His farming operations have been successful, so that he is among the substantial men of the locality, and he and his wife have made themselves more than usually popular with their neighbors.

SAMUEL RICHARDSON, who passed away in Toronto, Feb. 14, 1904, was for many years the owner and proprietor of the "Richardson House," No. 460 King Street West. Mr. Richardson was born in Belfast, Ireland, in 1842, and there received his education, on the comple-

tion of which he learned the printing business, which he followed for a short time in his native city prior to coming to Canada, in 1866.

While in his native land Mr. Richardson joined the 13th Hussars, with whom he came to Canada in 1866 to take part in the restoration of order in the Fenian Raid troubles. On the cessation of hostilities Mr. Richardson settled in Toronto, and in 1870 built the hotel known as the "Richardson House," of which he was the owner and proprietor for thirty-four years, at his death being one of the oldest hotel men, in point of service, in Toronto. He was naturally well fitted for his business, understanding all the details pertaining thereto, and during his long business life accumulated a handsome competency.

In 1872 Mr. Richardson married Miss Emma Moore, whose parents were early pioneers of this country from England. Mrs. Richardson survives her husband, and with her son resides at No. 493 Broadview Avenue.

Robert Samuel Richardson, the only surviving son of Mr. and Mrs. Richardson, was born in Toronto in 1886, was educated at Upper Canada College, from which he graduated in 1904, and at once entered the medical department of the University of Toronto, being a member of the class of 1908 for the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He is a member of McKinley L.O.L., No. 275, and of the Canadian B.P.O. Elks, and is also a sergeant in the 48th Highlanders. He has travelled widely through Europe, whither he went in 1901 and 1906, and also through the South and West of America.

The two daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Richardson, Mrs. Mabel Redway and Mrs. Maude Nicoll, are both very well educated, having completed the course of study at the Presbyterian College and Alma College, respectively.

Samuel Richardson was a prominent member of St. George Lodge, A.F. & A.M., Toronto, and was past master of L.O.L. No. 212, in the same city. In politics he was a staunch Conservative, and he was a warm friend of the late E. F. Clarke, M.P. In religion he was connected with the Church of England.

EDWIN J. CLUBINE, late of Whitechurch township, was born in that township September 12, 1861, son of John and Sarah (Inglehart) Clubine. The family are among the pioneers of the township, having come thither from Pennsylvania as early as 1804.

Edwin J. Clubine was the third son in the family. He was educated in the high school of Newmarket, and settled on the old Clubine homestead in Concession 2, where he lived until 1890. In that year he purchased his home on

Yonge Street, one of the old homesteads of his father, and there he resided until his death, in September, 1899. He was one of the wealthiest and most influential men of his section, and an active member of the Methodist Church and Sabbath school of Aurora. In political sentiment he was a Reformer, and he served as a school trustee of Whitechurch for six years. He was a member of the Maccabees and the Odd Fellows at Aurora.

On April 9, 1884, Mr. Clubine married Hannah J. Redditt, who was born in January, 1863, in King township, and there grew to womanhood, receiving an excellent education in the district schools. Mr. and Mrs. Clubine had four children: Harry L., born in February, 1885, who was educated in the Newmarket high school, and who died December 22, 1905; Robert Wesley, born in 1887, who died when four years old; Edwin C., born June 11, 1889, a student in the Newmarket high school; and Myrtle Gladys, born October 30, 1892, a student in school at Newmarket. Mrs. Clubine is a highly esteemed resident of Whitechurch township.

Robert Redditt, Mrs. Clubine's father, was born in Norfolk, England, October 14, 1830, son of James and Hannah (Stillman) Redditt, natives of Yorkshire, England, who came to Canada in 1836 and settled in Toronto, where he followed the trade of mason. Mrs. Hannah Redditt died in Toronto in 1858, and Mr. Redditt died at Richmond Hill, York County, where he had lived with his daughter, in 1885, aged ninety-two years.

On Aug. 15, 1852, Robert Redditt married Margaret Walsh, who was born in Ireland in 1835, and educated in England. She was the eldest daughter of John and Jane (Feel) Walsh, who were born on the border of England and Wales. John Walsh and his wife came to Canada in 1851, at the time of the exhibition in London, and remained in Toronto until October, 1857, when they removed to Amherstburgh, County Essex. There they remained until Mr. Walsh's death, in 1884. His widow passed away in 1890, in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Redditt located in King township in October, 1858, and there Mr. Redditt engaged as a wheelwright and carriage builder. In November, 1904, he retired from active life and moved to Richmond Hill, where he died July 16, 1905. He was very active in the Methodist Church, being a Bible class leader and an officer in the church for over thirty years. In politics he was a Reformer. His widow still survives, living in Richmond Hill. To Mr. and Mrs. Redditt were born eight children: (1) Rev. J. J., born in Toronto in 1853, received his early education in King township, studied theo-

logy, and entered the ministry of the Methodist Church in 1877. He is now located at Toronto, and is president of the Toronto Conference. He married Elizabeth J. Ross, who was born in King township. (2) George, born in May, 1856, in Toronto, married Miss Jeanette Lawson, of King township, and they reside at Richmond Hill, where he is engaged in farming. They have four sons, Harry, Wilfred, Robert and Wilbert. (3) Beverly, born in Toronto in 1858, resides in Newmarket. He first married Miss Lizzie Patterson, who died two years afterward, second Miss Annie McArthur, of King, and after her death married Mrs. Thompson. (4) Alfred, born in 1861, married Alvaretta Edwards, and they reside in Barrie, where he is engaged in the tannery business. They have three daughters, Clara, Laura and Bertha. (5) Hannah J., born in 1863, is the widow of Edwin J. Clubine. (6) Thomas Henry, born in King township February 19, 1869, was accidentally killed May 24, 1884, at Richmond Hill. (7) Edward Morse, born July 7, 1873, in King township, was educated in the schools of King; he is at present a resident of St. Paul, Minnesota. (8) Mary Marie Alison, born in King, March 27, 1875, was married October 25, 1901, to Charles H. Rose, a farmer of Whitechurch, and their only child, Florence Ethel Rose, born January 10, 1905, died December 16, 1905.

EDWARD F. MURPHY, formerly a prominent citizen of Toronto, whose death in 1901 was a cause for widespread regret, was not a native-born Canadian, but came from County Cavan, Ireland, where he first saw the light of day in 1837, and where he received his education.

Mr. Murphy came to Canada in 1855, when eighteen years old, and secured employment on the engineering staff of the Grand Trunk Railway Company, from which beginning grew his honorable career as a civil engineer. His second position, however, was as an accountant for the Northern Railway Company, with which he continued for a number of years, until he finally went into the employ of the Canadian Government as a contractor. From that time until his death he was occupied with important works whose successful completion formed so many monuments to his professional skill and ability. Among those special mention may be made of the pier near Cape Tormentine, which cost several hundred thousand dollars and was a superior piece of workmanship. Mr. Murphy also built miles of the Crow's Nest railroad, in British Columbia.

Not only as a contractor, however, was Mr. Murphy prominent. Always interested in politics, he took an active part in the work of the

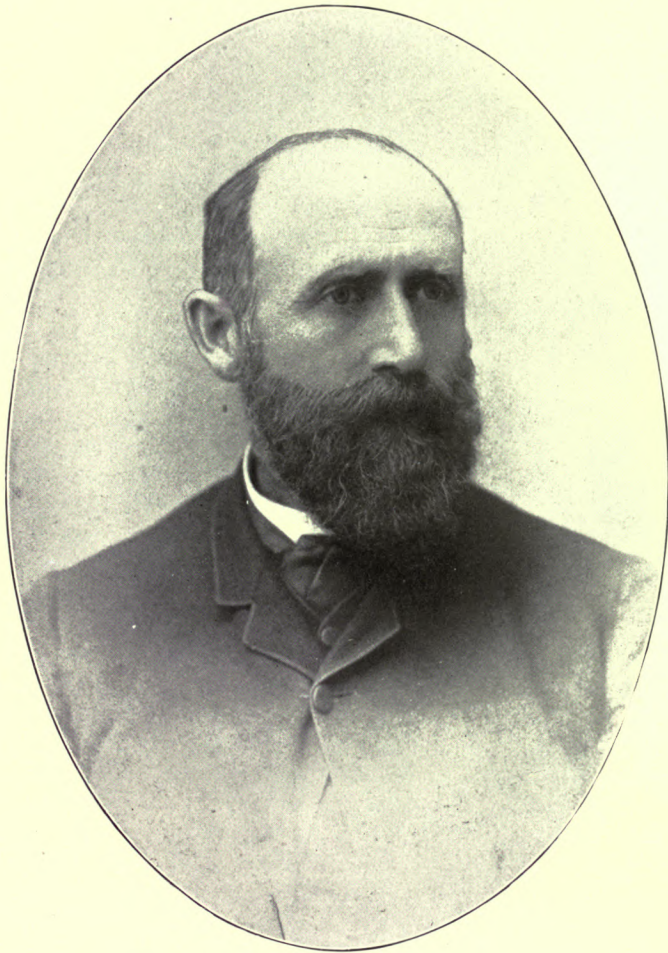
Conservative party. At one time, while residing in Newmarket, he contested the North Riding in the County of York against Mr. Widdifield, later sheriff of that county. The Reformers were greatly in the majority in that riding, but Mr. Murphy, while defeated, nevertheless demonstrated his popularity and the confidence felt in him by polling the largest vote ever given a Conservative in that division, cutting the majority from six or seven hundred to between two and three hundred. He was deputy reeve at Newmarket, and served as magistrate of York County for some time. His standing in the community was high, and he was one of Toronto's sterling citizens, one whom everyone respected. The *Toronto Sunday World* of June 23, 1901, said: "Bigotry and narrowness had no place in his nature, and his code of ethics of his daily life expressed the highest sentiment of true honesty. Those who have known him best have loved him most. The world was better for his having lived in it."

In 1867, Mr. Murphy was united in marriage with Miss Marion Parker. Her father, Ninian Parker, was of Scottish birth and parentage, and in 1847 came to Canada, where he spent the remainder of his life on a farm near Kingston. His wife, Sarah (Gebbie) Parker, belonged to that Gebbie family who for five hundred years have been the owners of the property known as Newbyre, in Ayrshire, Scotland. To Mr. and Mrs. Murphy the following ten children were born: James, of British Columbia; Mary E.; Edward; Frank; Helena; Marion, deceased; Eugene; Kathleen; Irene, and Ninian. In religious belief Mr. Murphy was a Roman Catholic, and his family adhere to the same faith.

JOHN WEST (deceased), who was for a number of years a boot and shoe dealer in Toronto, was of English extraction and was born in England in 1826, son of John and Jane (Smith) West, the latter born in the Isle of Wight.

John West, Sr., spent most of his active life in his native land, and at one time he served in the 91st regiment of foot, but in 1848, came to Canada, locating in Toronto. He opened a boot and shoe store and conducted it for some time, after which he bought a farm at Oshawa and passed his last years there. His death and that of his wife occurred at this home. They were members of the Church of England, and in politics Mr. West was a Conservative.

John West, our subject, grew to manhood in England, but was just ready to begin his business life when the family came to Canada. Familiar with his father's business he entered upon the same line and was so engaged through-



Edmund Murphy.

out his adult life. He was a man of good business instincts, and conducted his establishment upon lines that secured him a distinct measure of success. His death occurred in Toronto in 1886, at the age of sixty.

Mr. West's marriage was solemnized in September, 1858, when Miss Marion Ferguson became Mrs. West. They became the parents of four children, as follows: Georgine, wife of Frank Abbott, by whom she has had four children, Henry, Isabella, Charles and Arthur; Ida, Mrs. William Kingdon, of Toronto; Louise, who married John Manson, and has five children, John Bruce, William Alexander, Ida Marion, Douglas Bigger and Alfred Kingdon; and Elfreda, now Mrs. Hercules McLeary, of Toronto, who has one daughter Elfreda. Both Mr. West and his wife united with the Church of England. While never an active politician, Mr. West was always identified with the Conservative party. Fraternally he was connected with only one organization, the Knights of Pythias.

Mrs. Marion (Ferguson) West was born in England, the daughter of an Irishman, McKay Ferguson, who married Miss Mary Dillon. The father was a member of the 5th Northumberland Fusiliers and at the time he died held the rank of sergeant. He came to Toronto in 1848, when Mrs. West was only a child, and her life has since been passed there. McKay Ferguson died in 1853, aged forty-five years, and his widow went to the United States, where the rest of her life was spent.

WILLIAM BUCKLE, a retired farmer of Whitechurch township, York County, residing on Lot 85, Yonge Street, was born in Yorkshire, England, July 17, 1828, a son of Anthony and Hannah (Hislop) Buckle, who then were residents of the village of Brearton.

Anthony Buckle was born in Yorkshire in 1800 and his wife in 1806. She died there in 1871 and he in May, 1873. All of their seven children resided in Yorkshire with the exception of William, the second in order of birth, the others being: Thomas also came to America, locating in Missouri, where he married, but when the Civil War in the States broke out he removed to Canada, in 1862, with his wife and daughter, and in the same year returned to England, where he followed railroading until his death, in 1892 (the daughter still resides in Yorkshire); Ann, deceased, married John Peacock, of Yorkshire, and left a family in England; Sarah, deceased, married John Hymas, and left sons and daughters; Jane is the widow of John Hetherington of the city of York, England, and has three children; Mary, born in Yorkshire in 1839, is the widow of William Webster, and has five children

(one of her sons is in Africa); and Martha, the widow of John Stephenson, has one daughter.

William Buckle was reared in Yorkshire and received his education in the village school. He worked as a farm hand there until he was married, June 11th, 1857, to Miss Hannah Wood, born in June, 1832, a daughter of Thomas and Hannah Wood, who were members of an old English family. A few months after their marriage, in September, 1857, Mr. Buckle and his wife embarked on the "City of Washington," for the port of New York, from which city they proceeded on their way until they reached their destination in Canada. Mr. Buckle immediately began to work as a farmer in East Gwillimbury, first being employed by a Mr. Wilcox. In 1876, he rented the homestead farm of Mr. Wright, in the same township, and then purchased his present farm, on which he has lived ever since. He has made many improvements here, of all kinds, building an elegant brick clad residence and barns and outbuildings of all kinds. He has been very successful, and through his own industry has amassed an ample competency.

On January 2, 1897, Mrs. Buckle died, leaving a family of five children, namely: (1) Martha, born in March, 1858, in East Gwillimbury, married (first) John Reynolds, who died leaving two sons, Edgar and William, and (second) Robert Reynolds, and they reside in King township. They have seven children, Edna M., Arthur J., Ollie G., Renie M., Robert V., William M. and Harvey D. (2) William, born in 1860, married Minnie Olliver, of this county, and they reside at Oakville village, where he follows butchering. They have two children, Ernest and May. (3) John, born in January, 1863, married Miss Esther Robinson, of York County, and they reside on his farm, adjoining his father's home. They have one son, Earl. (4) Joseph, born Sept. 1, 1869, is the manager of the old homestead. In 1901 he married Miss Susan Wasley, who was born in Whitechurch, a daughter of Henry and Elizabeth Wasley, and a member of an old and prominent family of Whitechurch township. The Wasleys are of Pennsylvania extraction and of Quaker faith. Joseph Buckle and his wife have two children, May E. and an infant. (5) Sarah J., born in 1871, is the wife of James Murray of Newmarket.

In politics Mr. Buckle has always been a supporter of the Conservative party. He is an honest, reliable, upright man, looking after and attending to his own business strictly and faithfully.

MAHLON DOAN, was one of the highly esteemed citizens of East Gwillimbury township, where he was living retired on his fine farm on Lots 23 and 24, 3rd Concession, at the time of his death, Oct. 20, 1906. Mr. Doan was born near Bondhead, West Gwillimbury, Nov. 24, 1835, son of Jonathan and Matilda (Hartley) Doan.

Jonathan Doan was born in Bucks County, Pennsylvania, in 1801, and grew to manhood in his native county. He married in 1824, Miss Matilda Hartley, born in 1804, and they settled near Bondhead, where Mr. Doan cleared up a farm upon which they resided until some time in the early forties, when they located near Queensville, purchasing the Clark Improvement, on Lot 21, 3rd Concession. There Mr. Doan spent the remainder of his life, passing away in 1871, while his wife died April 15, 1863. In religion they were members of the Society of Friends. Mr. Doan was a Reformer. Their children were: Mary A., born in August, 1826, married Elijah Lake, who settled near Sharon as a farmer, and there died; Harriet, born in April, 1829, is the widow of William Soules, who died in Toronto, where she and her daughter now reside; Matilda is the wife of Edgar Montgomery, of Toronto; Mathias, born in 1832, married Miss Emma Stennett, and they settled on Concession 3, East Gwillimbury, where he died in March, 1899, leaving his widow with seven children Chesley, Matilda (now Mrs. Walker Morton), Agnes (married Allen Howard, of Newmarket), Frank (deceased, who married Rose Stewart, and left two children, Lila and Ethra), Clara (widow of Robert Putnam, of Niagara), Emma (wife of Robert Telfer, of Smithville, Ont.), and Hattie (wife of Frederiek Cowieson, of Queensville): Mahlon was born in 1835; James J., born in 1838, married Miss Lucinda Dunham, of Queensville, and they settled on the old homestead, where he died in July, 1896; Charles, born in 1841, resides on the old homestead; Jonathan, born in 1845, died in 1847.

Mahlon Doan received a district school education, and grew to manhood on his father's farm. On June 7, 1863, he married Miss Sarah Atkinson, who was born Feb. 13, 1841, in East Gwillimbury, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Aylward) Atkinson, early settlers of York County. After marriage Mr. and Mrs. Doan settled on the present homestead, the large brick house on which is one of the finest in the country. Mr. Doan also owned other farms in the locality, being considered one of the prosperous farmers of East Gwillimbury. No children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Doan, but they reared a boy, William Morrison, to whom they gave a good edu-

cation. He married Miss Martha Barr, of this township, and they are settled on one of Mr. Doan's farms in North Gwillimbury. They have four children: Grover M., Mabel E., Clarence and Joseph. Mr. and Mrs. Doan also reared Miss Lizzie Mitchell, Mrs. Doan's niece.

Mr. Doan was a member of the Methodist Church to which his widow also belongs. In political matters he was a staunch Reformer, and he was a member of the county council for eight years, and of the East Gwillimbury council for a like period. Fraternally he was connected with the Queensville Masonic Lodge, formerly known as the Sharon Lodge. He died after a lingering illness of several months' duration.

Mrs. Doan's grandfather was one of the first settlers of this county, and in recalling the early days in the life of himself and wife one is led in thought to the pioneer times of the section, when, in place of comfort, plenty, and privileges of all kinds, civilization was but making slow progress. They performed well their parts in life, and are remembered with affection and respect. His son, John Atkinson, was a worthy representative of the name, and during his long life uniformly displayed the qualities which caused him to be honored and esteemed by all who knew him.

Mahlon Doan was one of the most highly esteemed residents of his section. Kindly and genial, with a strict sense of business integrity, he was popular with all, as is his estimable widow, and they have always been regarded as truly representative of the best citizenship of York County.

GEORGE H. POWELL, one of the enterprising and energetic business men of Whitechurch township, and postmaster of the hustling town of Vandorf, was born on Concession 4, Lot 15, in that township, Sept. 7, 1858. His parents were George and Rosannah (Mulloy) Powell, the former born in Yorkshire, England, in 1821, and the latter in Canada in 1824. George Powell was the son of Benjamin Powell, the founder of the family in Canada, who came to York County from England in 1846. Five children were born to Benjamin Powell: William, who died at Richmond Hill, where he was an agriculturist and a prominent citizen, having been a member of the council of that place for many years; Ann, who died in Yorkshire, England; Benjamin, who married and settled in Darlington township, Durham County, and there died; George, the father of George H.; and Mary, who was the wife of George Dibb, a farmer of Yonge Street, where both died.

George Powell was educated in his native

country, and when a young man came to Canada. Here he was married, and settled on wild land in Whitechurch township, where he pursued agricultural work on the 4th Concession, Lot 15, having bought the land from a squatter. Here Mr. Powell continued until his death, in 1884; his wife passed away in 1878. Through hard work and enterprise he became one of the well-to-do and prominent men of his section, and none was more highly esteemed. In religion he and his wife were members of the Methodist Church. They were the parents of a family of six children, as follows: William N., born at the old homestead, married Miss Matilda McFarland, of Whitechurch township, and they now reside on the home farm; they have a family of two children, William and George. John grew up on the old homestead, and married Miss Eliza Wells, of York County; they removed to the States, where they still reside, the parents of one daughter Ida. Hannah died when but nine years of age. Marion married James Mitchell, a business man of Alliston, Simcoe County, and they have three children, Reginald, Cecil and Harry. Harry grew up at the old home and married Miss Lina Sandford, of Tottenham, and they reside in Toronto, where he is manager for the Shuttleworth Chemical Company; they have a family of four children, Grant, Roy, Clair and Ketheline. George H., is our subject.

George H. Powell is the fourth member in the foregoing family. He was educated in the district schools of Whitechurch township, and when a young man followed farming on his father's old homestead. In 1878 he engaged in the mercantile business, in which he has continued to the present time, and in which he has met with success. His cordial, kindly manner has won him many friends, as well as many customers. In 1883, finding that the press of his business demanded larger quarters than he had at that time, Mr. Powell erected his present store, and he carries a most complete stock of general merchandise. He is known as a man of strict business integrity, a fact which has also gained him much patronage. Not only as a business man has Mr. Powell been successful and prominent, but as a public man as well. In 1887 he was appointed postmaster, and he has filled that office capably to the present time; in 1892 he was appointed a justice of the peace; in 1896 was elected a member of the Whitechurch council, and served until 1900; in the latter year was appointed a member of the county council, a position he held until the latter part of 1906; has served two years as a member of the board for the Industrial Home, and one year as county commissioner. In all

of these offices Mr. Powell has served conscientiously and well, to the full satisfaction of all concerned.

On Dec. 13, 1882, Mr. George H. Powell and Miss Mary E. Petch were united in marriage. She was born in Whitechurch township, the daughter of John and Elizabeth (Lloyd) Petch, members of pioneer families of this county. To Mr. and Mrs. Powell six children were born; Ethel M., who is clerk and assistant postmaster to her father, and a young lady of culture and educational attainments; Howard, who died when two years old; Harry L., a clerk in the Bank of Montreal, at Aurora, Ont.; Fred G.; Herbert G., and Emma O.

Mr. Powell is a member of the K.O.T.M., of the Sons of England, and the Order of Foresters. In religious matters he and his wife are connected with the Methodist Church. In his political sympathies Mr. Powell has always been a staunch supporter of the Conservative party.

GEORGE LEMON, the genial and accommodating proprietor and owner of the "Royal Hotel," at Aurora, County York, was born Aug. 9, 1842, in Markham township, County York, a son of Samuel and Ann (Hooper) Lemon.

Samuel Lemon and his wife were born in Dorsetshire, England, where they married. They came to Canada in 1833 and settled on Concession 4, Markham township, Samuel Lemon engaging first in farming. Later he opened a hotel at Thornhill, where he continued for a number of years, and then moved to Richmond Hill, returning to Thornhill, where he died in 1869. His wife passed away in 1863. Their three sons were: (1) Henry, born in England, married Miss Sarah Miller, of County York, engaged in the hotel business at Thornhill, and later took charge of the "Commercial Hotel," at Toronto. He owned a farm of 200 acres at Thornhill, on which he lived a few years, and then moved to Toronto again, taking charge of the "Clyde Hotel," where he lived until his death, in February, 1905. He left four children, Richard, Annie, James and Fred. (2) Walter G., born in 1838, was reared in County York, where he married Miss Ellen Kirby. He then started into the hotel business at Thornhill, but later came to Aurora, where he ran the "Queen Hotel" for six years. He owned a farm at Richmond Hill and one in Whitechurch, and in 1886 he settled on the former for several years, then removing to the latter, where he now resides. He has three daughters, Mary, Lulu and Mildred. (3) George, the youngest, is the subject of this sketch.

George Lemon was educated in the schools of Markham township, and he remained at home

until after the death of his mother, in 1863, when he came to Newmarket and became apprenticed to the harness trade with Robert Fleming, with whom he worked four years. He also worked at the trade one year in Hamilton and one at Dundas. In 1866 he went to work for his brother Henry, as hotel barn boss, continuing thus for two and a half years, and then worked one year at Collingwood. In 1867 he was married to Miss Sophia Meek, who was born in County York in 1847, daughter of John and Sarah Meek, and a member of an old pioneer family of the county. Mrs. Lemon's parents kept hotel at the "Golden Lyon," south of Thornhill, and thence moved to Thornhill, where they died. Of their two daughters, Mrs. Lemon is the only survivor.

Mr. Lemon first went into the hotel business for himself at Richmond Hill, where he continued for one year, and then came to Aurora, in 1869. He first rented the "Royal Hotel," which he purchased in 1875 and rebuilt, having expended large sums in making this hotel comfortable and attractive. Beautiful lawns surround it, and there have been introduced other features which serve to beautify the place and to add to its value as a temporary home for the fine class of travel which is attracted to it.

Mr. and Mrs. Lemon have four daughters, namely: Lena, born in 1869, is the wife of Thomas Young, of St. Mary's, and they have two children, Rena and George; Georgiana, born in 1873, is the wife of Edward Yule, of Alexandria, Indiana, who is treasurer of the Cook Paper Mills; Eva and Reba, residing at home, are highly educated, refined young ladies.

Mr. Lemon is one of the successful and popular hotel men of his locality and in his chosen field of business has accumulated much more than an ample competency. He is a man of business energy and at the same time of matured judgment. The family belongs to the Church of England. In politics he is a member of the Conservative party, and fraternally he is a Mason.

RICHARD WELLS, now living retired at his home in Toronto, No. 13 Albany Avenue, was for some years engaged in farming, and was also well known as a hotel keeper in Aurora, this county. He was born on the old Wells homestead on Concession 3, in King township, Nov. 7, 1838, son of William and Mary A. (Machell) Wells, both natives of King, North York.

William Wells was born in 1817, and his wife in 1820, she being the daughter of Richard and Mary Machell, who came to Canada from England, where both were born in 1800. Richard Machell was the first merchant in Whitechurch

township, and later removed to Aurora, where he continued in mercantile pursuits. His death occurred in 1866, and he left a family of seven children. William Wells was the son of John and Susan (Lount) Wells, natives of England and New York State, respectively, who came to Canada at a very early date and were active in the Rebellion of 1837-38. John Wells was also a soldier in the War of 1812, and one of the officers to receive a medal for service rendered during that war. After locating in Canada Mr. Wells settled on Yonge Street, near Aurora, in Whitechurch township, and engaged in farming and carpentering for a number of years, after which he removed to King township, where he made a permanent home and spent the remainder of his life, dying in 1856. His wife passed away two years previously. They had a family of six children: William; Gabriel, who settled at Guelph, where he has lived for many years, engaged in farming; J. P. Wells, M.P., born near Aurora, who settled on the old homestead in King township, where he died in 1882; Jane, deceased, who was the wife of Lot Hartman, deceased, of Whitechurch; Elizabeth, born in King township, now deceased, who married Robert Norman and settled in Concession 3, in King township, where he died; and John, who married twice, his second wife being Mary Davis, who born him two children, Walter (a dentist of Waterloo County), and Susannah (the wife of M. C. Peek, a resident of Minneapolis, Minnesota).

William Wells, father of Richard, started life as a merchant and farmer on Concession 6, in King township, and became a wealthy and influential man. In 1870 he sold out his business and removed to Adrian, Michigan, where for some years he lived retired on a farm, at the end of that time returning to Canada. He died in Toronto in January, 1903; his wife passed away at the old home in Aurora in 1896. Mr. Wells was brought up in the faith of the Presbyterian Church, while his wife was a Methodist. Politically William Wells was a Conservative, and for many years he held local offices in King township, being reeve and councillor for a number of years. Eleven children were born to Mr. and Mrs. William Wells, two of whom died young; Richard, our subject, was the eldest.

Richard Wells received a district school education, and worked on the farm and clerked in his father's store while growing to manhood. In March, 1862, he left the old home and went with the gold seekers to British Columbia, where he engaged in gold mining for some time, and then left that occupation and engaged in a store business at Victoria, B.C. Thus he continued until 1863, when he migrated to the Comstock

mines, in Nevada, and engaged in contract street grading and mining investments, with which he was very successful. During the next two or three years he accumulated money rapidly, and made a number of successful investments in mining stocks in California. He then left for the gold fields of British Columbia and engaged in mining speculation until 1869, by which time he had made a fortune of no small proportions. Returning to Aurora in that year he engaged in importing horses from Scotland, bringing some of the finest draft and road horses that ever came to Canada, among them "Highland Chief," a Clydesdale horse well-known all over Ontario, "Eron Chief," one of the noted trotting stallions of the Dominion, and a number of others. Mr. Wells owned several farms upon which he bred his trotting horses and Short Horn cattle. In 1881 he sold out his stock business and purchased the "Queen Hotel," in Aurora, where he continued until he retired from active business, in June, 1904, still owning, however, the hotel and a block of brick store buildings on Main Street, besides a large amount of other property.

On February 22, 1870, Richard Wells married Miss Rachel Webb, born in King township April 24, 1847, daughter of Lenville and Nancy Webb, who were old pioneers from Berks County, Pennsylvania, whence they came to King township. Mrs. Wells was reared and educated here, and is a woman of intelligence. To Mr. and Mrs. Wells have been born the following children: Kate, born in Aurora, is the wife of Albert E. Thorley, a real estate man of Vancouver, and has one son, Gordon R.; Maud was reared in Aurora and educated in high school in Toronto, married Alfred B. Snowden, a merchant of Aurora, and died in August, 1906, the mother of four children, Veley W., Dorothy J., Richard G. and Godfrey; Mary grew up and received a collegiate education in Aurora, and is now the wife of Harry Flurey, manager of the Bank of Montreal at King, Ont.; Bertha is the wife of W. A. Smiley, a real estate man of Toronto, and has one son, John C.; Sadie is a professional nurse of Chicago; Edith, married J. H. Godfrey, of western Canada, and is now employed at the Ottawa post office.

Politically Mr. Wells has always supported the Conservative party, and he served as a councilman of Aurora for three years. He is a member of the Sons of England at Aurora. In religion he was reared in the faith of the English Church. In October, 1904, Mr. and Mrs. Wells took a trip to Vancouver. Thence Mr. Wells proceeded to British Columbia, to Seattle, by boat to the Yukon district, Dawson City, on the Yukon river, reaching his destination in June,

1905. He spent four weeks at Dawson City, Mrs. Wells in the meantime remaining at Vancouver. Both enjoyed the trip immensely.

During his residence in Aurora Mr. Wells was regarded as one of its public-spirited citizens and benefactors. He is highly respected by all with whom he is acquainted, not only for his business ability but for his honesty and sterling integrity.

THOMAS CHAPMAN, a well-known business and public man of Toronto Junction, who is now serving as a member of the council, was born in Lincolnshire, England, in 1866, son of William and Hannah (Bradley) Chapman, also natives of that country. Mrs. Chapman's people, the Bradleys, were residents of Sotby, England, for over two hundred years. His father's people were very old residents of Apley and Goltha, near the market town of Wragby.

Thomas Chapman grew to maturity in his native country. When he was six years old his parents moved to Hemingby, near Horneastle, where they farmed for four years, and when he was ten they moved to Welton, near Lincoln, where he received his education. After that he was apprenticed to his trade in Manchester, learning the meat business. On coming to Canada, in 1886, he settled first in the city of Toronto, where for two years he was employed by H. Wickson & Son, butchers at the St. Lawrence market. Mr. Chapman then went to Kansas City, Missouri, and for four months was with the Kansas City Packing Company, then returning to Canada. He was with Frederick Rountree of Weston in a butchering business for four years, and then, in 1892, with John W. Dempster, embarked in the retail meat business at No. 55 Davenport Road, Toronto Junction, this partnership continuing until 1896, when Mr. Chapman purchased Mr. Dempster's interest. Since that time he has continued in business alone. He has always taken an active interest in public matters, and in 1904 he was elected to the council of the Junction from the First ward, on the Conservative ticket. His popularity was proved in 1905, 1906 and 1907, when he was re-elected to the office by acclamation.

In 1894, Mr. Chapman was married to Miss Annie Firth Lascelles, born in Newton Brook, Ont., in 1870, daughter of Richard Lascelles. To this union there have been born four children: George F., Frank H., Muriel and Gordon. The family are members of the Methodist Church.

WILLIAM BRISCOE, who will be remembered by the older residents of Toronto as an extensive carriage-maker of his day, was born in

1816 in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire, England, and died in 1891 in Toronto. He was a son of Joseph Briscoe, who died in England.

In his native country William Briscoe grew to manhood, and in 1844 came to Canada, settling in Toronto, where soon thereafter he embarked in the carriage-making business on Queen Street, opposite Osgoode Hall. In 1866 he erected on the same site the building which he occupied for many years and which is still in a good state of preservation. Mr. Briscoe carried on an extensive business for that period, giving employment to from 40 to 50 men, and there he continued until 1887, after which he lived retired until his death. Mr. Briscoe was also prominent in church affairs in Toronto, being for from twenty-five to thirty years a member of the Queen Street Methodist Church, which was founded by Mrs. Briscoe's father, Abel Willcock, in 1845. In this church Mr. Briscoe was a trustee for many years and for more than a quarter of a century a member of the choir.

In 1857 Mr. Briscoe was married to Mary Jane Willcock, born in Cornwall, England, daughter of Abel Willcock, a sketch of the Willcock family appearing elsewhere. Mr. Briscoe was a member of the Methodist Church, which his widow also attends. In politics he was a Conservative, and he was fraternally connected with the I.O. O.F. and the Orangemen.

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John Durham, who died in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in 1903, was born in that city in 1841, son of Bishop Jeremiah Durham, of the Methodist Episcopal Church. John Durham received his education in Philadelphia and then learned the drug business, being engaged at that occupation for twelve years at Elmira, County Waterloo, Ont. Subsequently he returned to Philadelphia, where he remained until his death.

In 1865, John Durham was married to Miss Annie Willcock, born in Toronto in 1843, daughter of Abel Willcock, and to this union there were born two children: Milina, the widow of L.B. Merritt; and Thomas Herbert, of Toronto, who married Elizabeth Miles. Mr. Durham was a Methodist, and to the faith of that church his widow also adheres. He was fraternally connected with the Masonic order and the Orangemen, and he was a Conservative in political opinion.

ARDAGH. This family is supposed to be of Norman descent, and is known to have taken part in the Crusades. It is believed at one time to have been settled in Wales, and is mentioned in the records of the North of Ireland as early

as 1346. It is found holding lands in County Louth in the fifteenth century; in the legal profession in Dublin in the sixteenth century; appears in O'Hart's list of principal families in Ireland in the reign of Queen Elizabeth; held lands in Queen's County in the seventeenth century; migrated to the South of Ireland in the eighteenth century. In 1842 there emigrated to Shanty Bay, Lake Simcoe, the Rev. S. B. Ardagh, who became the first rector of Barrie. He was followed to Canada at various times by several relatives, most of whom settled in the County of Simcoe. In the old world this family was chiefly a military one, but in the Western Hemisphere the professions of law and medicine have claimed most of its sons. The present head of the family is John A. Ardagh, of Barrie, Senior County Judge of Simcoe, and only surviving son of the above mentioned clergyman. He married a daughter of the late Capt. Edward Walker. Of the daughters of the late Rev. S. B. Ardagh four became the wives, respectively of Sir James R. Gowan, K.C., M.G., of Barrie; H. H. Strathy, K.C., of Barrie; Henry O'Brien, K.C., of Toronto; and the late Judge W. D. Ardagh, of the city of Winnipeg.

Early in the sixties came Arthur Wellington Ardagh, brother of Judge W. D. Ardagh. He held a government position in Ottawa for a time, but only lived a few years after coming to this country. His widow, Mrs. Frances Ardagh, resides in Toronto.

Judge W. D. Ardagh in 1848 settled in Barrie, after studying law in Toronto. He represented North Simcoe in the local Legislature in the early seventies, was warden of the county, reeve several terms, mayor of the town, and at the time of his death in 1893 was Judge of the County Surrogate Court at Winnipeg. He married, as above stated, a daughter of the Rev. S. B. Ardagh.

Others of the family who came to Canada were: Dr. John Russell Ardagh, brother of Rev. S. B., who was first of Holland Landing and then of Barrie; his sister, who became the wife of a Mr. Dallas, of Orillia; and Dr. John Ardagh, who settled in Orillia in 1842-43.

ARDAGH CREST: A lion rampant holding three carnations.

MOTTO: Mea gloria fides.

W. H. WIDDIFIELD, a highly esteemed resident of Whitechurch township, who frequently has filled the pulpit for ministers, by request, is engaged in blacksmithing on Concession 3, Lot 31. He was born in this township, Nov. 24, 1837, son of William and Annie Wilson Widdifield.

William Widdifield was born in Bucks County, Pennsylvania, Feb. 12, 1785, son of Henry and

Martha Widdifield, who came to Canada in 1801, from Pennsylvania, having formerly emigrated from England. They made their way to Canada via the old Indian trail. Annie Wilson, our subject's mother, was born in Essex County, New Jersey, Sept. 26, 1799, daughter of Obed and Hannah Wilson, who came to Canada in 1800, settling in Ancaster township, near Brantford, where Mr. Wilson made a permanent home. Here he and his wife died, leaving several children, all of whom married and settled in Canada.

William Widdifield, our subject's father, after marriage settled in Yarmouth, in 1821, but after a short time he sold his farm there and removed to Uxbridge, where he purchased 200 acres on Quaker Hill. In time he sold this farm and moved to the States, but as he refused to take the oath of allegiance there he sold out again and returned to Canada, this time buying a farm in Whitechurch, on which he lived until his death in January, 1872. His wife survived him ten years, and died in the faith of the Friends' Church. Mr. and Mrs. Widdifield were the parents of: Jonathan, born in 1817, died on the old home in Whitechurch township; Rachel, born in 1819, married John James, of Uxbridge, and both are now deceased; Ruthanna, born in 1821, died unmarried; Hannah, born in 1823, married David Lyons, of Whitechurch, and both are deceased; Martha, born in 1826, married George Penrose, and both are now deceased; Obed, born in 1828, is married and resides in Whitechurch township; Annie, born in 1832, is the wife of Robert Alleox, of Minnesota; Debra, born in 1835, is the wife of E. Lundy, of Whitechurch; Sarah, born in 1840, married Eli Hilborn, and resides in Toronto; and W. H.

W. H. Widdifield grew to manhood at home, and learned the trade of blacksmith, after which he spent four years at that occupation in Uxbridge. He then purchased real estate on the 6th Concession of Whitechurch township, where he continued for twenty years, then buying land on the 4th Concession, and in 1890 removed to Toronto, where he dealt in real estate for two years. At the end of that time he returned to his present home, owning a fine brick house and blacksmith shop, formerly owned by James Sysler, and here he has continued in the blacksmithing business to the present time. Mr. Widdifield is very highly esteemed in this community, and is considered one of Whitechurch township's representative business citizens.

In 1859 Mr. Widdifield married Miss Ellen S. Hilborn, daughter of George and Sarah (Gould) Hilborn, the latter a sister of Joseph Gould, M. P. Mrs. Widdifield was born at Uxbridge, June 6, 1841, and there educated. She was one of

ten children, all of whom still survive. Mr. and Mrs. Widdifield are connected with the Friends' Church. In politics he is a Reformer. Mr. and Mrs. Widdifield have no children of their own, but they have reared two daughters whom they adopted: Phoebe Mintern, deceased, who was the wife of Albert Hendry, had one son, Lorne; and Elizabeth Johnstone, who married George Parkinson, and lives in Toronto.

J. H. WESLEY, M.D., a leading physician and surgeon of Newmarket, County York, Ont., was born in the township of Whitechurch, on Concession 3, Lot 34, Jan. 5, 1867, son of Joseph and Mary (Cleland) Wesley, natives of this county.

Joseph Wesley was born in 1837, son of John and Mary Wesley, who came from New York State in 1805, and settled in Whitechurch township, and there spent the remainder of their lives. Joseph Wesley and his wife reside in Newmarket. They had these children: (1) Dr. J. H. (2) Minnie, born in 1869, was educated for a teacher, which profession she followed until she married William Thompson, manager of the chemical works of Orillia. (3) Dr. William J., born in 1872, taught school for some years, and then entered Toronto University, from which he was graduated in medicine, and he is now located at Mount Albert, County York. He married Bertha Curry, of County York. (4) Carrie L., born in 1875, taught school for some time in York County, and married Arthur Thompson, a lawyer of Orillia. (5) Catherine, born in 1878, followed teaching until her marriage to William Haigh, of County York, and they reside at Mount Albert, where he is the owner of a woollen factory. (6) Timothy M., born in 1880, was educated for the ministry, being a student of Knox College, Toronto, and he is now finishing his course at Glasgow, Scotland, where he will enter the Presbyterian ministry. (7) Alberta, born in 1882, was educated in the Newmarket High School. (8) Robert W., born in 1884, graduated from the high school and is now a student of medicine in the University of Toronto.

The early education of Dr. J. H. Wesley was obtained in the public schools of Whitechurch township, and later in the high school of Newmarket, from which he was graduated in 1885. He then engaged in teaching school in East Gwillimbury for two years, at the end of which time he entered the Toronto University, where he finished his course in 1891. He then located in Keswick, North Gwillimbury, and there he practised for four years.

In 1891, Dr. Wesley married Miss Annie L. Careadden, born near Bowmanville, in 1871,

daughter of Robert and Lucinda Careadden. In 1895 Dr. Wesley sold out his practice in North Gwillimbury, and located in Newmarket, where he has practised his profession very successfully up to the present time. In 1892 he purchased the fine brick residence of Colonel Lloyd, on Main St., one of the handsomest homes of the town, and there he still resides. To Doctor and Mrs. Wesley has been born one daughter, Beatrice L., born March 6, 1894, in Keswick, who is now a student in the schools of Newmarket. Dr. Wesley is a member of the Christian Church, to which his wife also belongs, and he has filled the office of treasurer for eight years. In politics he has always been identified with the Conservative party. He is fraternally connected with the Oddfellows Order at Newmarket, the A.O.U.W., the Chosen Friends and the Maccabees. He is one of the coroners of the county, having held that office since 1893, when he was appointed by Queen Victoria. He has been physician for the Industrial Home of York County since 1897, and he is also a member of the high school board.

HUGH MACMATH, of No. 1394 Queen Street West, Toronto, enjoys the distinction of being the oldest real estate broker in, and the second assessor of Parkdale, now a part of Toronto. Mr. MacMath is of Scotch extraction, and a member of a family long identified with Canada.

The first of this family of whom there is definite information is Hugh MacMath, the grandfather of the subject of this sketch, who was born in Scotland about 1776, and who came to Canada in 1832, settling on the Isle of Tanti, now known as Amherst Island. There he farmed for some time, later settling in the County of Huron, where both he and his wife Elizabeth died. Their son

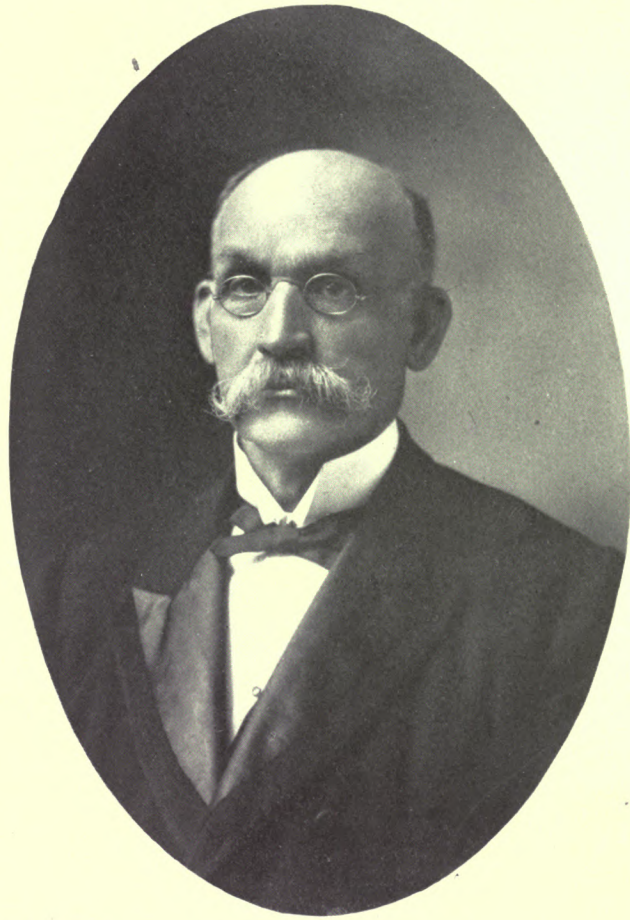
Samuel MacMath was born in Ireland, March 13, 1813. In 1835 he settled in the township of Goderich, County of Huron, on Lot 16, Concession 4, where he cleared a farm from the bush. There he remained until 1873, in which year he retired from active life, and settled in Goderich, where he died in 1892. His wife, whose maiden name was Eliza Johnstone, died in that township in 1847. In 1821 Samuel MacMath was one of two voters in the township of Goderich, at the first election held in the County of Huron. He and his wife were Presbyterians. Of their children three grew to maturity: William, a farmer of Goderich township; Hugh; and Dr. James J., deceased, who left one son, James Brodgen. William has one son and five daughters, namely: Samuel R. (now residing on the old homestead), Ella May, Eva (in New

York City in charge of the surgical department of Mt. Sinai Hospital), Lottie, Christina and Sadie, all of whom are unmarried except Lottie.

Hugh MacMath was born on Lot 16, Concession 4, Goderich township, County of Huron, July 30, 1841. He was educated in the public schools of his native township and in a commercial college. Mr. MacMath began his business life as a merchant in Kincardine, where he remained five years. In 1873 he removed to Toronto, where he remained but a few months, and then went to Hamilton, where for two years he was in the life insurance business. He next engaged in the fire insurance business in Goderich, in which he remained until 1879, when he returned to Toronto and settled in Parkdale. At that time the municipality was two months and seventeen days old. Mr. MacMath's first duties on settling in Parkdale were in the management of the Agricultural Insurance Company of Ottawa. In 1880 he was appointed assessor of Parkdale, and this making him well acquainted, he decided to embark in the real estate business. This he did, on May 10, 1880, opening an office for that business, in which he has successfully continued ever since. In 1880, 1881 and 1882 Mr. MacMath was assessor of Parkdale, and in 1884, 1885 and 1886 reeve thereof. He was a member of the county council of York, and in 1891 was elected an alderman of the city.

Mr. MacMath was one of the original promoters of the Jameson Ave. Collegiate Institute, of Parkdale, and a member of its first board of trustees. He is superintendent of the Andrew Mercer Reformatory Sunday-school, and is also a member of the executive board and treasurer of the Prisoners' Aid Association of Canada. Since 1884 he has been a member of the board of the Home for Incurables, and for fourteen years treasurer of that board. Mrs. MacMath was treasurer of the same board for nine years, and is now a member of the executive board, and for six years she was a member of the Toronto Collegiate Board.

In her maidenhood, Mrs. MacMath was Miss Helen Gordon, daughter of Murdock Cameron Gordon, one of the oldest pioneers of Goderich township. He was born in Scotland in 1812, and settled in the County of Huron, where he cleared a farm from the bush in Goderich township. He then went to Manitoba, where he died in 1894. Like her husband, Mrs. MacMath is a member of the Presbyterian Church, and they both take great interest in institutions for the benefit of unfortunates. Mr. MacMath is a Reformer, and he fraternizes with the Masons.



Henry M. ...

JOHN GIBB RIDOUT, of the firm of Ridout & Maybee, solicitors of patents, with offices at No. 103 Bay street, Toronto, belongs to one of the oldest families of the Queen City. He was born in Toronto in 1840, son of the late Thomas Gibb Ridout, who is mentioned elsewhere.

John Gibb Ridout was educated at Upper Canada College and Toronto University. He was attached to the Royal Engineers as an infantry officer, being then a lieutenant in H.M. 100th Regiment, and later became a member of H.M. Staff College, a *corps d'elite* in the British army. Leaving the army and turning his attention to the law, he was called to the Bar in 1870. For several years subsequently Mr. Ridout was a surveyor and civil engineer on the Canadian Pacific and other railways, from which he turned his attention to letters patent of invention, being now at the head of one of the oldest firms in Canada giving special attention to this line of business, and litigation relating thereto.

JAMES C. STOKES, who entered into rest in May, 1904, was one of the prominent citizens of King city, County York. He was born in Vaughan township, this county, in June, 1836, son of Christopher and Ann Stokes, who came hither from Manchester, England. In 1861 he married Eliza Jeffary, who was born in Goderich, County Huron, Ont., in June, 1843, daughter of William and Sarah (Wilson) Jeffary.

Mr. William Jeffary was born in the County of York in 1803, and after marriage settled for a few years in the County of Huron, whence he returned to King township, County York, locating on a farm in Concession 6. There he spent the remainder of his life, dying in 1887; his wife, Sarah (Wilson), also passed away at that place two years later. They were the parents of three children: Samuel, born in 1838, emigrated to California, and there engaged in farming until his death in 1889; William, born in 1840, married and settled in the County of Huron, where he died in 1885, leaving a widow, Mrs. Ellen Jeffary, and seven children; and Eliza married James C. Stokes.

After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. James C. Stokes settled on a farm in King township, where they began farming, and continued at that occupation until 1901, when Mr. Stokes was appointed manager of the Industrial Home of the County of York. After a short time Mr. Stokes was taken seriously ill, and died in May, 1904. At this time Mrs. Stokes became manager of the Home, and here she has continued, filling the position ably and well, assisted by her grandson, James Patterson, who acts

as keeper. Mr. Stokes was a member of the Church of England. He was prominent in the Conservative party, and for years was a member of the township council, and he also served as reeve and warden.

Mr. and Mrs. Stokes had three children: Ada, born in 1864, married Neil McNiven, who resides as a farmer in Ora, County Simcoe, and has six children, Mabel, Norman, Eliza, Isabella, William and Everett; Hannah, born in 1867, married (first) C. W. Patterson, had two children, James and Eliza; and married (second) Austin B. Clark, a station agent; and William, born in 1870, married Miss Annie Cooper, of King township, and they reside in Toronto, where he is engaged in business, and they have one son, James.

Mr. Stokes was regarded as a man of good judgment and clear insight, while as a citizen and a neighbor he was held in high esteem. His estimable widow is greatly respected in this community, where the greater part of her life has been spent.

HUGH LEACH, of No. 9 Spadina Road, Toronto, where he is now living retired, is one of the oldest bankers of Toronto. Mr. Leach is of Welsh extraction, born at Robeston Wathan, Pembrokeshire, South Wales, in 1835, son of Henry and Elizabeth (Brigstocke) Leach, natives of Wales.

Henry Leach was for some years an officer of the Scotch Fusilier Guards, and after the battle of Waterloo was retired on half-pay with the rank of lieutenant. He succeeded to his father's estate in 1844, and was sheriff and deputy lieutenant of the County of Pembrokeshire, South Wales.

Hugh Leach was educated at St. David's, South Wales, and in Bath, England, and began his business career with the old firm of Jones, Loyd & Co., private bankers, of London, England, with whom he remained four years. In 1857 he came to Canada. He was teller in the Bank of Toronto, Cobourg, for some time, and later manager, a position he held for two years, and in 1859 he settled in Toronto, entering the head office of the Bank of Toronto as Ledger keeper, later accountant, then assistant cashier, and finally assistant general manager. In 1896, after thirty-eight years in the banking business in Canada, Mr. Leach retired from active work. In 1886 he became a member of the Board of Trade of Toronto, in which he continued for some years. He is a member of St. George's Society. He is an Episcopalian, and has been connected with St. James' Cathedral since 1865.

In 1860 Mr. Leach married Miss Jessie Scott,

who was born at Cobourg in 1837, eldest daughter of the late Thomas Scott, a grain merchant and postmaster at Cobourg; she died in 1882, leaving two sons: Henry Scott, with the Canadian Freight Association at Toronto; and Frederick Hugh, manager of a branch of the Bank of Toronto in Toronto. In 1874 Mr. Leach erected his home, now No. 198 College street, but then a private road with gates at Yonge street and opposite to his house. There were no sidewalks in that part of the city at that time. He resided there for thirty-one years, and it has since become the home of the Canadian Institute.

DR. DAVID JAMES GIBB WISHART, of Toronto, a leading specialist of that city, is the son of Rev. David Wishart, a Presbyterian minister, and his wife, Maria Torrance. Dr. Wishart was born at Madoc, County Hastings, Ont., Sept. 11, 1859.

The family is Scotch, and our subject is related to the renowned martyr, George Wishart. An uncle of the Doctor was a standard bearer of the Scotch Greys at Waterloo, while another relative was a gunner on the "Shannon," when she defeated the "Chesapeake." Rev. David Wishart came to Canada in 1854, settling in Madoc, where he lived for thirty-nine years, at the end of which time he retired from active work. His wife was the youngest daughter of Thomas Torrance, a Montreal merchant who located there in 1809, and served in the war of 1812, and was a director in the Bank of Montreal in 1819. Her oldest sister was the wife of Dr. Stephenson, one of the founders of the medical faculty of McGill University.

Dr. David James Gibb Wishart was educated at the Collegiate Institute at Brantford, 1876-78, University College in Arts, 1878-82, and McGill University in medicine, 1882-85. He then spent some time in the English hospitals, and began practice in Toronto in 1885, and since 1888 has given his attention to Diseases of the Nose, Throat and Ear. The Doctor holds the degrees of B.A., Toronto University, 1882; M.D., C.M., McGill University, 1885; L.R.C.P., London, England, 1885; and M.D., C.M., Trinity, 1887. He is a member of the Ontario Medical Association, the British Medical Association, is a Fellow of the American Laryngological and Otological Society and Canadian collaborator for the "Laryngoscope." Dr. Wishart is a Mason. He served as a member of the Queen's Own Rifles, 1887-1892. In his religious belief he is a Presbyterian. He is a member of St. Andrew's and the Caledonian Societies and the British Empire League.

Dr. Wishart has been twice married. On

Aug. 4, 1887, he married Sarah Staunton Gunther, by whom he had one son, David Egmond. By his second wife, Rebecca Maria, the sister of his first wife, he had children, Myssie Elsie Torrance, Edith Maria Torrance and Jean Wylie.

PHILIP TAYLOR LEE, of No. 163½ Queen street west, Toronto, is a member of one of the pioneer families of Toronto, and was born in his present residence, in 1842, son of Samuel Lee.

Samuel Lee was born at Enniscarthy, County Wexford, Ireland, Dec. 25, 1795, receiving his education at Dublin. He later entered the artillery service of the East India Company, and in 1818 sailed for Madras, his battery, No. 3, being in active service there for six years, and during this time Mr. Lee visited the greater portion of the Indian Peninsula. While stationed at Dum Dum he occupied the chair of worshipful master in Courage and Humanity Lodge, A.F. & A.M., and was also a companion of the Honorable and Ancient Order of Red Cross Knights. On leaving Dum Dum, Mr. Lee was given certificates from the above orders, bearing the date of 1827, which are now the property of his son, our subject. Mr. Lee returned to England, after leaving Madras, and thence to his native land. In 1833, with his sisters, he sailed for Canada, arriving in New York in July of that year. In 1835 he married Jane Alicia Taylor, born at Carlow, Ireland, in 1811, daughter of William Taylor, who died in Ireland. In 1832 Jane Taylor, in company with her brother, Joseph, came to Toronto, the latter later returning to New York, where it is supposed he died. Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Lee, immediately after marriage, settled at what is now Nos. 163-165 Queen street west, the property now being owned by their son, Philip T. For thirty years after settling in Toronto, Mr. Lee was manager for John Richey, the builder, and under Mr. Lee's management many of the principal buildings of Toronto were erected, among them Trinity College, Corn Exchange, St. George's Church, Holy Trinity Church, the original Upper Canada College, the Provincial Lunatic Asylum, and others. Mr. Lee died Jan. 18, 1882.

Philip Taylor Lee received his education in the schools of his native place, and in 1849, won the prize, given by his teacher, William Sharpe, for excellence in reading, and this prize Mr. Lee keeps among the reminders of his boyhood days. After completing his studies Mr. Lee adopted the mercantile life, dealing largely in bankrupt stocks for a number of years in Western Ontario. While in Newmar-

ket Mr. Lee also engaged in the insurance business, continuing in that line on returning to Toronto in 1885, and he is still interested in it.

In 1862 Mr. Lee joined Company 5, Queen's Own, under Captain Murray, the most popular captain of his day. In this connection Mr. Lee remained until 1865, when his relations with the militia were severed. Mr. Lee owns the property at Nos. 163-165 Queen street west, where his father and mother first settled. Mr. Lee is a Freemason, being past master of Tuscan Lodge, No. 99, G.R.C., of Newmarket; past first principal of Doric Chapter, No. 60, G.R.C.; and past grand registrar of the Grand Chapter of Canada. Like his father Mr. Lee is one of the popular members of the Masonic fraternity. He is a good conversationalist, and is a genial gentleman, and is the best posted man in Toronto on the early days of the Queen City.

CHARLES CONWAY KEELE, one of the early settlers of Toronto Junction, and the owner of much land on which the town now stands, was born in Toronto in January, 1850, and died at his late residence, "Glenside," No. 146 Keele street, Toronto Junction, Nov. 2, 1884.

William Conway Keele, the founder of the family in Canada, was a barrister by profession, and well known in legal circles of the Province. He left England and settled in Toronto prior to the Rebellion of 1837-38, but subsequently went to Niagara, later returning to Toronto. Then he moved to what is now Toronto Junction, and lived at "Glenside," which became the family homestead, and there he resided until his death. He came from Southampton, in the south of England, his father being a well-known physician there. All his brothers entered the navy, one, Charles, being especially mentioned in history for his bravery and loyalty as a midshipman during the war of 1812; another, George, was a surgeon in the navy; another became an admiral; while a fourth served under Nelson. A grand-nephew, John Jellicoe, C.B., has lately been made naval aide-de-camp to the King. William Conway Keele married twice, his first wife being a Miss Moore, by whom he had five children, only one of whom is living in the Province. His second wife was Mary Cleaver, and the only child of this marriage to grow to maturity was Charles Conway Keele, whose name heads this sketch.

Charles C. Keele received his education at the Collegiate Institute, Toronto, and at Upper Canada College. He studied law for a year, intending to follow his father's profession, but gave it up to devote his time to his

property. He settled at the old homestead, then replaced by a more modern house, where he resided until death overtook him in the prime of life in 1884.

On June 28, 1883, Mr. Keele married Augusta A. Street, who survives him, making her home at "Glenside." She, too, is a member of an old family, the Streets being of English extraction and founded in this country by William Street, grandfather of Mrs. Keele, who came to Canada in April, 1832. He settled at Niagara Falls, where he died at the age of fifty-one, his wife passing away at Dundas in 1864, aged eighty-four years. They had eight children, the youngest of whom was Warren Porter, who married Sarah Henderson, and became the father of one son and three daughters: Herbert Charles (deceased), Frances Gertrude (wife of H. W. Williamson), Augusta A. (who became Mrs. Keele), and Sarah Porter (wife of H. A. Gardiner, of Philadelphia). Mr. and Mrs. Keele became the parents of one child, Charles Conway, born at "Glenside," Oct. 7, 1884, who like his father was educated at Upper Canada College, and has since entered business life. Mr. Keele was a member of the Catholic Apostolic religion. In political life he was a Conservative. He lived a quiet and retired life, respected by all who knew him.

JAMES WILKIE COLLINS, who died in Toronto, Nov. 15, 1899, was for many years a well-known business man of that city. He was born in England in 1849, and when about seven years old came to this country, completing his literary education at Weston. His father, who died when our subject was only a young boy, was a captain on a large British man-of-war.

While taking the military course at the Military College at Kingston, at the time of the Fenian Raid, young Collins was determined to enter the service of his country, but his age was against him, and the enlisting officers at first refused him as being too young. However, he remained at the recruiting station, waiting for a chance, and there came a vacancy offered for a man who could ride. The officer said to young Collins: "Can you ride a horse?" which was promptly answered, "I can." "Let's see you ride the horse here," the officer then said. Young Collins mounted the bare-backed animal, soon proved his efficiency as a rider, and was enrolled, much to his delight. During the Raid, he proved himself equal to any emergency, and came out of that struggle with a record and experience which was of incalculable value to him in after years. He was at one time captain of the Tenth Regulars, hold-

ing that position at the time the regiment was disbanded.

Mr. Collins' business life was spent practically in Toronto. About 1876 he began business on Queen Street west, where for about twenty-three years he was engaged in the dry-goods, men's furnishing and clothing business, being very successful. He was a thorough business man, of strict integrity, and made many friends. In 1882 he married Miss Orphena M. Lawson, who was born near Ottawa, but came to Toronto in girlhood, daughter of Andrew and Elizabeth (Bowen) Lawson, the former born in 1822 and the latter in 1832. They were the parents of these children: Alexander John, an artist in the United States; Lewis Edson, of Toronto; Mrs. Collins; Norman Byron, mayor of Greater Muskegon, Michigan; Elizabeth M., wife of J. B. Baxter; Andrew Harvey, of Toronto; Nancy Adelaide, wife of T. D. Wright; and one child that died in infancy. They were a very musical family, the three girls being well-known musicians of Toronto. Mrs. Lawson, the mother of the foregoing children, was of United Empire Loyalist extraction, her parents having settled in Canada about the time of the American Revolution.

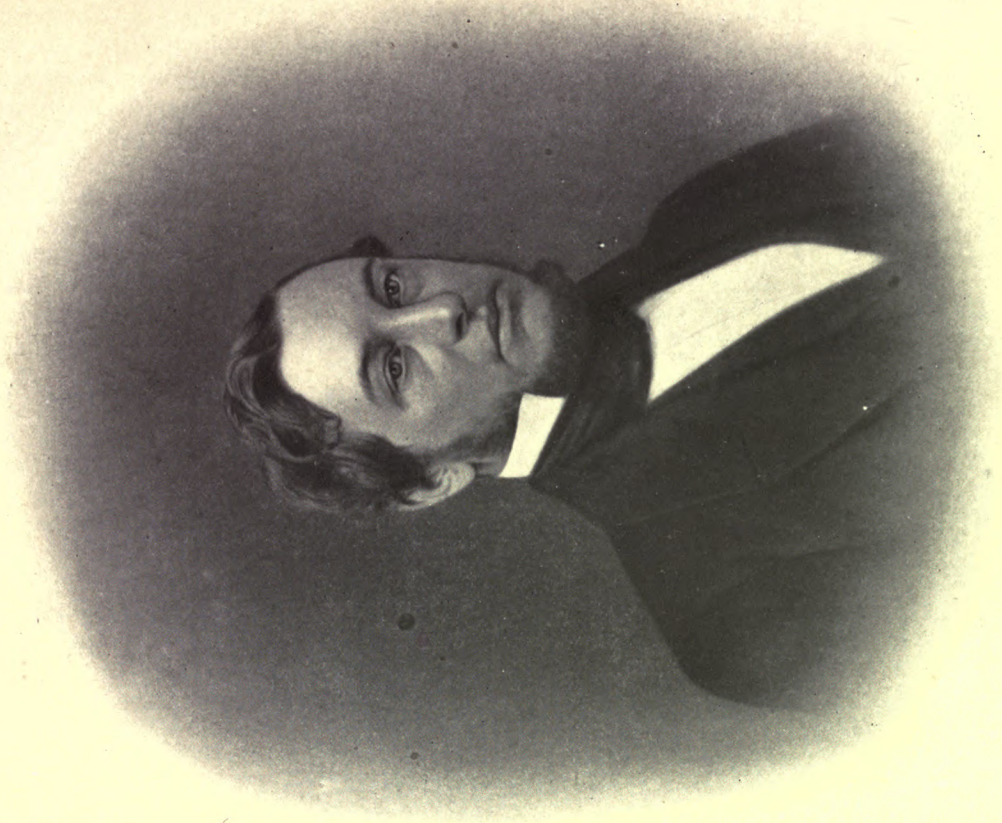
To Mr. and Mrs. Collins were born five children: Leopold Wilkie, a bookkeeper of Toronto; Ceeil Harvey, deceased; Beryl Adelaide; Zeta Vesty; and Lytton Lawson, deceased. Mr. Collins, as is his wife, was a Methodist. In politics he was a Reformer. He was fraternally connected with the I.O.O.F., the C.O.F., and the A.O.U.W.

EZEKIEL FRANCIS WHITTEMORE was born in the city of Montreal July 2, 1818. His father, Thomas Whittemore, was born in Massachusetts in 1786, and married Priscilla Belding, the sister of the founder of the original Belding Silk Company. After spending their early married life in New England, they decided to move to Canada, and thus it is that we find Montreal to be the birthplace of the subject of this biography. E. F. Whittemore spent his early boyhood days in Montreal, but when a lad of twenty decided to move to Toronto and see what the western metropolis had in store for his future. This proved to be his future home, and with the exception of a short visit back to Montreal we find him actively engaged in business life in Toronto until the time of his death. On April 6, 1843, he married Margaret Johnston. Among the members of his family may be mentioned: Francis Belding Whittemore, deceased; William Henry Whittemore, of Waterdown, Ont., a retired merchant; Frederick Theodore Whittemore,

real estate and insurance agent of New York; and Luther Holton Whittemore, general manager of the John M. Smyth Company, of Chicago. The late Alexander Manning was a brother-in-law of Mr. Whittemore, having married his sister, Adeline A. Whittemore, in 1850. It is interesting to note that Mr. Manning's success was due largely to the assistance given him by Mr. Whittemore at the commencement of his business career.

Mr. Whittemore was during his lifetime one of Toronto's leading citizens, in both private and business life. He was a man of the highest character, being known for his sterling integrity and honor, and as an active supporter of the Temperance Reformation Society, the predecessor of our present organization along similar lines. Upon his arrival in Toronto he entered as clerk in one of the leading financial houses of that date, and speedily advanced to a responsible position. In 1840 he entered into partnership with Mr. Thomas Rigney, a retail merchant, under the name of Thomas Rigney & Co. In 1842 a new firm was established, known as Whittemore, Rutherford & Co., the partners being E. F. Whittemore, Edward Henderson Rutherford and Thomas Rigney. A few years later the senior partner, who managed the financial affairs of his previous enterprises, decided to establish a private banking house, which carried on business under the name of E. F. Whittemore & Co. The partners were E. F. Whittemore, Ellswood Chaffey and Edward Morris, the latter two being former employees. The firm steadily progressed, becoming one of the city's largest private banking and financial houses of that period.

Among the many lines of activity in which he was prominent may be mentioned the Consumers' Gas Company, whose President he was for a number of years; the Great Western Railway Company; Upper Canada Building Society; the Provincial Insurance Company; Western Assurance Company; the Canada Permanent Building & Savings Society; the International Coal & Oil Company; British America Express Company; Toronto Exchange Association; Northern Railway Company; British American Assurance Company; and the Bank of Upper Canada. Mr. Whittemore was a director on the boards of all these corporations, and was one of the leading financial figures of the day. Although he was actively engaged in his many private enterprises yet he found it possible to devote considerable time to matters of public import. In 1853 and 1854 he was an alderman of the Corporation of the City of Toronto, and in 1858 was elected President of the Toronto Board of Trade, which



C. H. Williams



A. B. Williams

office he filled most efficiently until the time of his death, Feb. 19, 1859.

FRANCIS BELDING WHITTEMORE, who died in Toronto, March 29, 1900, was born in that city July 7, 1845, second son of Ezekiel Francis and Margaret (Johnston) Whittemore. He was educated in a private school in Toronto under the Rev. John Frank and in Upper Canada College. While still a young man in his teens, he entered the service of the Consumers' Gas Company, and steadily forged his way up until he became assistant manager and chief accountant, which position he filled for many years.

In 1872 Mr. Whittemore married Miss Anna Louisa McCord, who was born in Toronto, daughter of the late Andrew Taylor McCord, City Treasurer of Toronto, for a period of forty years. Mr. McCord was born in Belfast in 1806, and his wife, Charlotte Taylor, was born in Dublin in 1811. In addition to filling his position as City Treasurer, Mr. McCord was very active in temperance circles, being president of the Temperance Reformation Society for a number of years; he was a trustee of the Toronto General Hospital and of the Toronto General Burying Grounds Trust.

Mr. Whittemore was an ardent member of the Jarvis Street Baptist Church, and was prominent in Y.M.C.A. and other good works. He was one of the best known citizens of Toronto—known to business men, to church circles, and to the public generally by the stereopticon exhibitions he gave every winter, which have been the delight of thousands, and for which he asked no other reward than the pleasure of doing something for others. His life was spent largely in giving other people pleasure and in extending help to the unfortunate in times of distress. He was a man of the highest character, and kindness and generosity were strong characteristics. His death was sincerely mourned by all who knew him.

Mr. and Mrs. Whittemore had children as follows: Harry Theodore, of Calgary, Alberta; Ernest Frank; Luther Holton; and Arthur Reginald, all of Toronto.

A short genealogical synopsis of the Whittemore family follows:

Wightmar was the original form of Whittemore, from the old Norse word "mar," meaning famous or renowned, and "wight," meaning a man. There are those who say Whittemore is derived from the Anglo-Saxon word "hoitmar," meaning white meadow or lake, and the first John, Lord of Whytemere, derived the name of the family from the place where they originally resided. Earlier than 1300, in the time of Henry III., we find the first recorded name, i.e.,

John, Lord de Whytemere, having his domicile at Whytemere, about one hundred and fifty miles from London, on the northeast side of the parish of Bobbington, in the manor of Claverly, in Shropshire. At the present time the same locality bears the name of Whittemore. It is recorded by two historians that Whittemore Hall, at Whittemore, was the place of origin of the Whittemore family, which fact has been proved beyond a doubt.

About the year 1483 the "de" (of) was dropped, leaving the surname Whytemere; and not far from 1495 the "y" was changed to "i" and the "e" after "t" was omitted, leaving the name Whitmore; while the name Whittemore is obtained by adding a second "t" and retaining the "e" and next to the last "e" in each name changed to "o." The present name of Whittemore has been spelled five or more different ways during the past three hundred and fifty years, and the name of Whitmore differently. It is remarkable how English names have been changed and transmogrified by use from their original form. Even members of the same family have spelt their surnames differently, as we may see in this particular family. This has been caused in many instances by whim, caprice or custom. Changes have been wrought down through the ages upon the original spelling of Whytemere, and it is from this source that the present forms of Whytmore, Whitmer, Whittemore, Whitmore, Whytmer, Whitmor, Waltmore and Weadmore are derived. Whitmore is the usual Colonial form. With further reference to the original family seat in the parish of Bobbington, in Claverly Manor, the Genealogical Register, in October, 1878, says: "At the present day there is in the parish of Bobbington, in the manor of Claverly, in Salop County, England, a place called Whittemore, which is a modern-looking farm-house, comprising a large estate. This locality is in the County of Salop, but the greater part of the parish is in Staffordshire. This family of Whittemore have held in fee this place since the signing of the Great Charter at Runnymede, by King John, in 1215, and in early times the proprietors were called Lords of Whytemere."

The American ancestor in common of the Whittemore family was Thomas Whittemore, who came to this country between 1639 and 1645, probably in 1641-42, and settled in that part of Charlestown, subsequently Malden, Massachusetts, which is now embraced within the town of Everett, Massachusetts. He came from Hitchin, County of Hertford, England. Thomas Whittemore, Senior, the father of the American ancestor, Thomas, lived in Hitchin,

and was married in 1566. He had two brothers, William and Rowland. Thomas Whittemore, Sr., died in Hitchin in 1617. Thomas Whittemore, Jr., came to America about the time the Pilgrim Fathers commenced their pilgrimage from England to New England. There are at present many Whittemores in the Eastern States, particularly in Massachusetts. It is interesting that through Thomas Whittemore's children nearly all the Whittemores in America are descended, while some of the Whittemores in England are descendants of his children that were born in England before his coming to America. In America the family trace their descent from three of his sons, Daniel, John and Samuel. The descendants of Daniel are known as the "Daniel Branch," those of John as the "John of Cambridge Branch," and those of Samuel as the "Samuel Branch." The descendants of each of these men number practically the same. Ezekiel Francis Whittemore, the subject of this biography, is of the "Samuel Branch."

The genealogy of the family in direct lineal descent from generation to generation follows: (I.) John, Lord de Whytemere, born 1199, died 1272; (II.) Philip de Whytemere, died 1300; (III.) John de Whytemere, living in 1361; (IV.) Richard de Whytemere; (V.) Richard, died 1442; (VI.) Thomas Whytemere died 1483; (VII.) Richard Whitmore, died 1504; (VIII.) Richard Whitmore, born 1495, died 1549; (IX.) Thomas Whittemore, born 1542, married 1566, died 1617; (X.) Thomas Whittemore, who came to America 1641-42; (XI.) Samuel Whittemore, born 1646, died 1726; (XII.) Samuel Whittemore, born July 27, 1696, died Feb. 3, 1793; (XIII.) Thomas Whittemore, born Oct. 29, 1727; (XIV.) Thomas Whittemore, born Oct. 1, 1756, married 1783; (XV.) Thomas Whittemore, born 1786, died 1840; (XVI.) Ezekiel Francis Whittemore, born July 2, 1818, married April 6, 1843, died Feb. 19, 1859; (XVII.) Francis Belding Whittemore, born July 7, 1845, married May 22, 1872, died March 29, 1900.

Amos Whittemore, great-uncle of Ezekiel Francis Whittemore, was born in Cambridge, Massachusetts, April 19, 1759. By reason of his extraordinary invention of machinery for the manufacture of cotton and wool cards, he merits a prominent place among the first mechanics of the age. The son of a farmer, he worked for some years as a gunsmith, and finally formed a co-partnership with his brother and others for the manufacture of cotton and wool cards. He soon after invented a machine for puncturing the leather, and setting the wires—a work previously performed by hand.

He found the greatest difficulty in bending the wires to a given angle after they were finally fastened in the leather, and was on the point of abandoning the attempt when in a dream he discovered the method of effecting it. The invention was patented in 1797, and it was sold for \$150,000; but afterwards Samuel, his brother, repurchased it and carried on the business. Amos devoted his later years to the invention of an orrery, in which every planet was to describe its own orbit, but did not live to complete it. He died at West Cambridge (now Arlington), Massachusetts, March 27, 1828.

J. A. GRAHAM, residing on Lot 79, Yonge street, in King township, is the last one in his generation of a large family which has been a factor in the development of the County of York since the end of the eighteenth century, and whose name stands for all that is best in character and citizenship.

Col. William Graham was the founder of the family in America. Born in Scotland, he became a soldier in the British army with the rank of colonel, and served his King during the Revolutionary war in the colonies. After the end of the war he remained for a few years as a resident of the United States, but eventually moved to Nova Scotia with his wife and family. Mrs. Graham was a Miss Taylor, and was married to the Colonel during his sojourn in the States. Their residence in Nova Scotia was not a permanent one, and in 1796 Col. Graham came to County York and located in Whitechurch, on Yonge street, on the farm which has been the family homestead ever since. It was a rough pioneer life, and rather a lonely one, though the region was gradually becoming occupied. Col. Graham died in 1814, and his wife in 1815, leaving a good-sized family. (1) John never married and was a resident of Kingston. (2) William died at the old home, unmarried. (3) Adam, father of J. A., had a twin brother (4) Peter. The latter married and settled near the family homestead. Some of his children still live in Whitechurch. (5) Jane became the wife of William Coates, of Whitechurch, and not only the parents but all of their children are now deceased. (6) Margaret married James Edmonton, of Whitechurch, both now deceased. They had one son, William, who for some years was an editor in Toronto. During the Mackenzie rebellion his paper was confiscated because of its support of the Loyalists. He moved later to the United States in the West, and died in Ogden, Utah, leaving two sons. His mother, Mrs. Edmonton, was the favorite child of Col. Graham, and received the largest share of his estate.

Adam Graham was born on the homestead July 10, 1799, and during his boyhood received as good an education as was possible in those days in that county. He was scholarly, with a bright, quick mind and made the most of his opportunities, while his strong mechanical bent made him easily proficient in the work of such trades as the carpenter's, blacksmith's, wheelwright's and similar ones. He did not marry until he was thirty-three years of age, and then settled down to farming on the old homestead. He put up new frame buildings to replace the old ones of logs, and gave practically his whole attention to the management of his farm. He inherited the military instincts of his father, and as captain of the militia, distinguished himself as a soldier during the Mackenzie rebellion. Although an unswerving Reformer in his political views, he never took an active part in the management of local affairs. His wife was a Miss Elizabeth Edmunson, who was born in Whitehall, New York State, in May, 1802. Her parents were John and Mary Edmunson, the former an English soldier in the war of 1812. After the conclusion of that conflict he settled on a farm in Whitchurch and there died, leaving a family, who all lived in the County of York. Mrs. Graham died Jan. 15, 1873, and her husband was laid to rest July 1, 1874. Both were members of the Presbyterian Church.

Eight children were born to Adam and Elizabeth Graham, of whom only the youngest, J. A. Graham, is living. The two eldest (1) James and (2) Alfred, died in childhood. (3) Sarah, born in 1834, married Robert Travis, deceased, of Whitchurch, and they had a large family. (4) Nelson, born in 1835, married Miss Susan Moore, of the County of York, and they settled on a farm in Whitchurch, Concession 3, where he died, leaving his wife with five children, three of whom are still living. (5) William, born in 1837, married Miss Hannah Machell, of Toronto, and settled in Toronto, in the mercantile business, and after some years removed to Michigan and died in 1899, leaving two sons: Dr. Graham, of Toronto; and Charles, a druggist, also of Toronto. (6) George, 1838, married Miss Julia Stephens, of Whitchurch, and settled on a farm in Concession 2, near his father's home. After a number of years there he moved to Toronto and went into business there, dying in 1890. He left one daughter Susan, now Mrs. McCullough, of Chicago. (7) Harriet, 1839, married Henry Mitchell, of Aurora, and had three children, Mary, Nelson and Jessie. (8) J. A. Graham.

J. A. Graham was born on the homestead in Whitchurch, Jan. 2, 1841, and received the edu-

cation afforded by the district schools. After his father's death he became the owner of the homestead, and has operated it most successfully ever since, making many general improvements. In 1900 he bought two acres just opposite his old home, lying in King township, and while he has not relinquished the charge of the old place, he makes his residence upon this newly acquired property, where he has built a fine brick house with all modern improvements, one of the best houses on Yonge street.

In January, 1864, J. A. Graham was married to Miss Sophie McMackin, who was born in Nova Scotia, in 1843, daughter of John and Lenora McMackin, who lived for several years in the County of York, during which time their daughter married, but they soon moved back to Nova Scotia and there died. Mr. and Mrs. Graham have had eight children. (1) Margaret, born in 1865, is the wife of Robert Davis, of Toronto, and has five children. (2) Frederick J., born in 1867, married Miss Ruth Long, of Uxbridge, and settled in Toronto, where he died in 1903, leaving two daughters, Clarissa and Bella. (3) Alice, born in 1869, is the wife of Henry Brace, of Toronto, and has one child. (4) T. Henry, born in 1871, married Miss McCollom, of Toronto, where they reside. They have one son, Hector. (5) Rosetta, born in 1873, is the wife of Henry Proctor, of Alberta, N.W.T., and is the mother of two children. (6) Lewis, born in 1876, married a Miss Williams, of the County of York. He is a Dominion revenue officer stationed at Toronto. (7) Eva, born in 1879, was educated in Aurora High School and is at home. (8) Charles, born in 1881, unmarried, is a successful druggist at Parkdale, Toronto. The parents of this family are both members of the Presbyterian Church.

J. A. Graham bears a name known all over the county, and is a man of considerable influence. He has never, however, aspired to office, although he is a strong supporter of the Reform principles. His acknowledged strength and integrity of character, and the fact that he is one of the substantial men of the county, have given him an assured standing and make it inevitable that his opinions should carry much weight. He is a charter member of the Masonic Order, Rising Sun Lodge, Aurora, and also belongs to the Foresters and the United Workmen of Aurora. For twenty-eight years he was a soldier in No. 2 Troop, of the Second Regiment of Ontario Cavalry.

ALFRED WARD, who passed away at his late residence, No. 84 High Park avenue, Toronto Junction, Nov. 24, 1904, was a well-

known business man of that place as well as a member of a family long identified with Canada. The Ward family is of English extraction and was founded in Canada by William Ward, grandfather of Alfred. He had two sons and three daughters, namely: William (Alfred's father), John (who never married), Jane (Mrs. Baird), Agnes (Mrs. Eastwood), and Mrs. Owenes.

William Ward, of the above family, was born in England, and on settling in Canada became a farmer in County Durham, where he died in 1895. He was one of the wealthiest farmers in the township of Manvers. His widow, whose maiden name was Margaret Harris, was born in Ireland, and resided in Lindsay, until she passed away in October, 1906. Her father was also a resident of Canada, to which country he emigrated from the Emerald Isle many years ago. William and Margaret (Harris) Ward were the parents of these children: Elizabeth, Alfred, Harriet, John and Lena.

Alfred Ward was born in Manvers township, County Durham, Aug. 11, 1858, and there received his education, and began his business life as a farmer. In 1888 he removed to Toronto Junction and for a time engaged in the wood and coal business. Then embarking in the building business, he purchased property and erected thereon residences and business structures, in addition to the Ward block, which he built in 1891, erecting in all nine dwellings, seven of which he sold. He retained his late residence on High Park avenue and the Ward block. His late home is one of the fine residence structures of High Park avenue, and here Mrs. Ward and her two sons reside. Mr. Ward was one of the Junction's successful business men, and during his residence in that place made many warm and lasting friendships.

On Dec. 3, 1884, Mr. Ward was united in marriage with Elizabeth J. Carscadden, a member of an old family, founded in Canada by Robert Carscadden, the great-grandfather of Mrs. Ward. He was born in Ireland, and about 1840 came to Canada, settling in County Durham, where he died about 1866. His wife was a Miss Dean, and to them were born the following children: Robert, James, John, Thomas, Dean, William, David, Joseph, Grace and Flora. Of this family, Robert was the grandfather of Mrs. Ward, and was born in Ireland in 1807, and died in County Durham in 1891. He married Elizabeth Faburn, who died in 1883, aged seventy-three years, and to them were born children: John, Robert, Thomas, James, Richard, Alexander F. and Jane.

Robert Carscadden, of this family, was born

in Ireland in 1834, and was therefore but six years of age when the family came to Canada. In 1857 he married Lucinda Devitt, daughter of John Devitt and Ann (Brandon) Devitt. John Devitt came to Canada from Fermanagh, Ireland, in about 1830, and settled in the township of West Gwillimbury, where they lived until about 1840, when with his wife, six sons and five daughters, he moved to the township of Cartwright, and lived there until his death in 1875. Robert Carscadden was a farmer in the County of Durham for many years. In 1890 he retired from active work and settled in Toronto Junction, where he died in 1904. His widow, Mrs. Lucinda (Devitt) Carscadden, survives him and is a resident of the Junction. To them were born three children. John D.; Elizabeth Jane, Mrs. Alfred Ward; and Anna L., wife of Dr. Joseph Wesley, of Newmarket.

To Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Ward were born two sons and one daughter, namely: Ina Gertrude, born Sept. 5, 1887, and died April 3, 1892; Fred Wilbert, born at Toronto Junction, Aug. 4, 1891; and Russell Newton, March 9, 1896. Mr. Ward was a member of the English Church. In politics he was Independent, and fraternally was connected with the I.O.O.F.

DR. ALBERT THOMAS MACNAMARA, a well-known physician and surgeon of County York, Ont., who is engaged in the practice of his profession at Toronto Junction, was born Sept. 17, 1864, at Muskoka, son of Rev. George William and Eleanor Matilda (Pinkerton) MacNamara.

Rev. George W. MacNamara, the founder of the family in Canada, was born in 1811, in Ireland, and his death occurred in Arthur, Ont., in 1877. He was educated at Maynooth College, Ireland, and some time before coming to the Dominion he entered the ministry of the Methodist Church, in the work of which he was engaged in Ontario at the time of his death. He was a man whose earnestness and piety made him a power in any community, and he was not only a clear and convincing preacher and spiritual teacher, but was also an eloquent lecturer. On Dec. 22, 1848, Mr. MacNamara was married to Eleanor Matilda Pinkerton, born in Ireland, and to this union there were born children as follows: Dr. George William, of Erie, Pennsylvania, a graduate of the Toronto School of Medicine; Elizabeth, Mrs. R. S. Booth, of Barrie, Ont; Dorcas V., wife of Rev. J. B. Mullan, of Fergus; Eleanor Matilda, wife of W. C. White, of Blenheim; James Joseph, of Toronto Junction; Robert Pinkerton, of Montreal; Theophilus Henry, a merchant, of Detroit, Michigan; and Dr. Albert Thomas.

Dr. Albert Thomas MacNamara completed his literary training in the high school of Orangeville, and in 1893 entered the Medical Department of the University of Toronto, from which he was graduated in 1897 with the degree of M.B. He immediately settled in Toronto Junction, locating on the property erected by Dr. Gilmour, warden of the Central Prison, and has since continued here, having an extensive practice.

On Oct. 27, 1897, Dr. MacNamara married Miss Frances Hoover, daughter of John Reesor Hoover, who was a well-known miller of Markham township and later an insurance inspector in Toronto. To Dr. and Mrs. MacNamara have been born two sons: Baden Edgar and Albert Reesor. They attend the Methodist Church. The Doctor is independent in politics, while his fraternal connections are with the Masonic Order, the K.O.T.M., I.O.O.F., C.O.F., W.O.W., Sons of England and the Manchester Unity of Odd Fellows.

ROBERT JONES, SR., one of the early pioneer residents of York township, County York, whose death occurred in Eglinton in 1872, came of an old and respected family in Ireland, his only brother being a Commodore of the Royal Navy. Mr. Jones was born in 1779, and came to Canada in the early part of the last century. Purchasing a large tract of land on the 2nd Concession of York township, he cleared a farm from the virgin forest and erected a saw-mill. He erected the first brick house in that concession north of Toronto, and there spent a long and useful life, a much esteemed citizen.

Mr. Jones was united in marriage with Mary Wheelock, and to them were born a large family of children: (1) James, who died in Cincinnati. (2) Fidelia, who married Thomas Davies, of Toronto, died in her eighty-second year. (3) William, who married Isabella Anderson, was for a number of years a farmer near Hogg's Hollow, later removing to Toronto, where he owned considerable property on Wilton avenue, and there died in his eighty-fifth year. (4) Eliza, who married Thomas Smith, of Toronto, died in her seventy-ninth year. (5) Robert farmed the homestead until his death, May 7, 1904, when eighty-four years of age. He met with an accident when about sixty years of age, which caused an illness and lameness for the remainder of his life. He was a man of ample means, was very generous, and gave largely to charitable institutions, and was a great traveller, visiting many points of interest in both Europe and this Continent. (6) Benjamin, who married Isabella Cook,

lived for a number of years on Victoria avenue, until his death in his eightieth year. (7) Mary, who lived on the homestead, kept house for her brother Robert. Since his death she has been living with her sister, Mrs. William Jaekes. In her eightieth year she made a trip to California, visiting the various points of interest, later she visited Mexico. (8) Richard, who married a Miss Taylor, died in his fiftieth year. (9) Samuel is in the brokerage business in San Francisco, California, opposite the "Palace Hotel" on Market street. (10) Henrietta married William Jaekes, treasurer of York township.

WILLIAM H. CLUBINE, one of the leading agriculturists of the County of York, Ont., owns a fine farm on Lot 34, Vaughan township, which he has improved with attractive buildings of modern architecture and substantial character. Mr. Clubine was born Oct. 11, 1844, on Yonge street, near Newmarket, Whitechurch township, son of John and Elizabeth (Butler) Clubine.

John Clubine was born in Whitechurch township in 1812, son of Andrew Clubine, who came from New Jersey in the year 1800, and settled in the bush on Yonge street, where he made a home and spent the remainder of his life. He had four sons and one daughter: John; Frederick, who settled in Western Canada, where he died; Ezra, who died in Whitechurch township; Andrew, who also settled in Whitechurch township as a farmer and there died; and Jane, who married Dr. Andrew Lloyd, of Stouffville, County York, where she died. John Clubine, of the above family, purchased the old homestead at the time of his father's death, and there spent all his life, dying in 1885. He was twice married, his first wife, who died in 1849, leaving him four children: William H.; John, who has been married twice and is a resident of the North-West; Mary Jane, Mrs. Stephens, of Whitechurch township; and Frances, Mrs. Abraham Oakley, of Los Angeles, California.

William H. Clubine received a district and grammar school education and grew to manhood on the farm. When a young man he engaged in lumbering, and he continued in this connection with farming. In October, 1864, he married Miss Lucy Brown, born in Whitechurch township in 1848, daughter of James Brown, who came to Whitechurch township from England. After marriage Mr. Clubine purchased a farm on the 6th Concession, Vaughan township, and there cleared up 100 acres of land, and erected good buildings, residing there until he purchased the present place in 1886. His place, which is known as the Charles B. Johns homestead, is one of the

finest in this locality, and Mr. Clubine has made many improvements. He is one of the largest stock dealers in this section of the county, and has dealt in imported horses and high grade cattle. He is also interested in the dairy business, shipping a great quantity of milk to Toronto every day.

To Mr. and Mrs. William Clubine have been born the following children: Ida, is the wife of Albert Wisnear, a farmer of King township, and they have two children, Delma and William. James married (first) Miss Sarah Pearson, and (second) Almada Shaw, and they reside on William H. Clubine's first farm in Vaughan township; he has six children, Charles, Thomas, Wesley, Oakley, Laura and Lucy. Frances is the wife of Alfred Ireland, a farmer of King township, and they have a family of nine children. Lydia is the wife of Albert Flintoff, of Whitechurch township. Josephine is the wife of George Watson, a farmer on the 6th Concession, King township, and they have a family of four children. Miss Mary resides at home, engaged in dressmaking. Rev. John was educated in the Newmarket high school, the Toronto University and Victoria College, from which latter he graduated, and located in the work of the ministry at Laurel, in the faith of the Methodist Church; he died there in 1900. Miss Florence is a nurse. Miss Emma, a music teacher, resides at home. Lydia is the wife of Arthur Brillinger, a blacksmith of Vaughan township, and they have three children. Miss Clara is a milliner, residing at home. William is single and resides at home. Almada is a graduate of the Richmond high school and resides at home.

In religion Mr. and Mrs. Clubine are members of the Methodist Church. He has always been connected with the Reform party, but has never cared for local office. He has filled the position of president of the Richmond Hill Agricultural Society, and has also been president of the Public Library of Thornhill. He is a member of and treasurer of the Order of Chosen Friends, and for a number of years has been a member of the board of the Richmond Hill high school. Mr. Clubine has always been identified with all movements, which have as their object the betterment of the community. He is known to be a man of strict integrity and reliability, and no one in Vaughan township stands higher in public esteem.

WILLIAM DAVIES, JR., deceased, was among the enterprising and progressive business men of his day, one whose successful business career in Toronto brought him prominently before the attention of his fellow citizens, who

admired him for his ability and esteemed him for many sterling qualities of mind and heart.

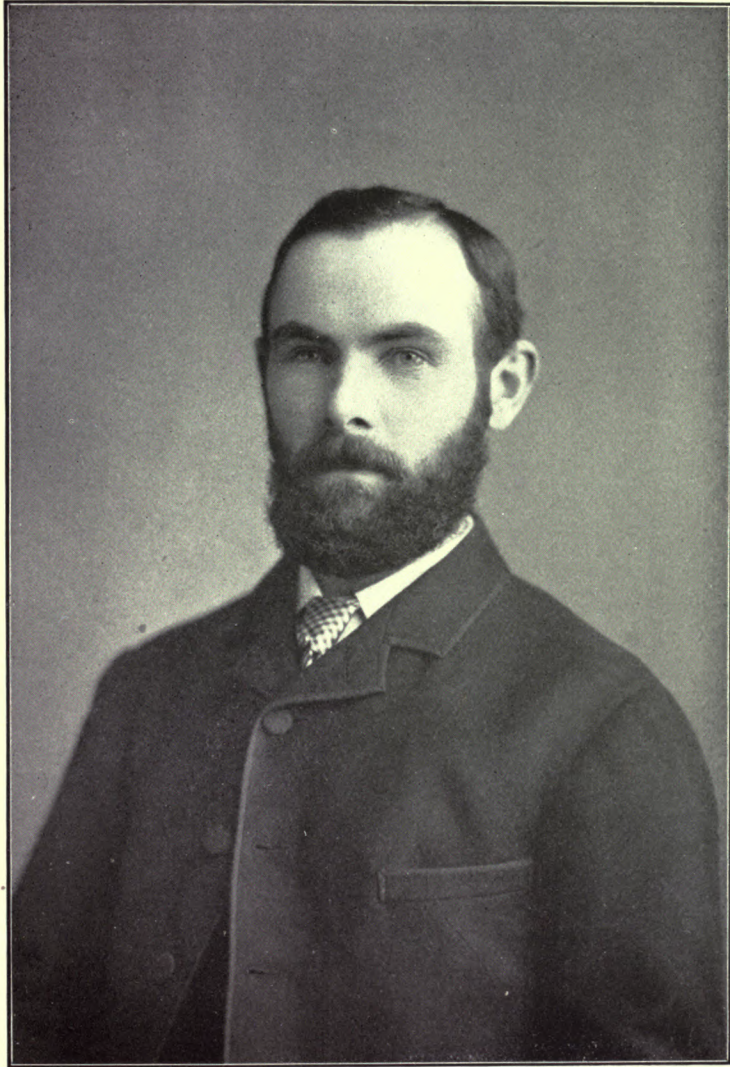
Mr. Davies was born in Toronto, Aug. 15, 1857, son of William Davies, a resident of Toronto for more than a half century. His education was secured at the model schools and at the Upper Canada College, where he so improved his opportunities that when but sixteen years of age he was prepared to enter business, becoming connected with the William Davies Company, which was founded by his father. This company probably handles more meat annually than any other company in Canada, and is known all over for honorable dealing. Mr. Davies continued with the company until the time of his death, devoting his energies to its business expansion and its continued stability. He was a man of original ideas, and just conceptions of business. It was his plan to introduce a profit sharing method among his employees which has resulted most satisfactorily to all concerned and has assisted materially in promoting the cordial relations existing between the officers and employees. He was the first to advocate the idea, and the William Davies Company, Ltd., is the first business so organized in the Dominion.

It may not be generally known that it was William Davies, Jr., who was the father of the idea of having trains enter the city on an elevated track, a plan followed in so many cities, and which so materially reduces congestion at various points. Mr. Davies went to the expense of having elaborate plans made, and these were published in the daily papers at that time. He was one of the leading church workers of the city, and was prominent in many philanthropic enterprises. He was a member of the Emanuel Baptist Church, and served as its Sunday-school superintendent.

On Oct. 12, 1882, Mr. Davies was married to Miss Mary Emily Moyle, born at Paris, Ont., a daughter of Henry and Mary Emily (Evans) Moyle. The mother of Mrs. Davies, was a daughter of John Evans, one of the early settlers of Toronto, to which city he came from Brantford, Ont., though he was a native of England. On settling in Toronto Mr. Evans became connected with the city water works system, and continued with that public utility until his death. He is still recalled by many of the older citizens, his death occurring in 1893, at the age of eighty-five years.

Henry Moyle, the father of Mrs. Davies, was born in England, and came to Canada in 1837, settling at Paris. He died in 1895. His wife was born in England in 1829, and died in Paris in 1870.

The children born to William Davies, Jr.,



A. Davis

and his wife were: William Henry, of Alberta; Mary Emily; Nellie; and Edith. William Davies, Jr., died Sept. 23, 1892, when he was still in the prime of life; with every promise of continued prosperity. His death was a distinct loss to his city and he will long be remembered here. As he lived, so he died, upright and honorable to the last degree, a man of lovable qualities and beneficent virtues.

ROBERT WILLIAMS, one of the leading musical instrument manufacturers of Canada, who is president and owner of the Williams Piano Company, of Oshawa, was born Nov. 29, 1854, eldest son of the late Richard Sugden Williams, a sketch of whom appears elsewhere in this volume.

Robert Williams was educated in the Model school and at Upper Canada College, Toronto, and at the age of eighteen years engaged with his father in the manufacture of musical instruments. In 1889, the firm of R. S. Williams & Son was founded, Robert Williams remaining actively identified with the Toronto business until 1902, when the business was divided and the Williams Piano Company founded at Oshawa with Mr. Robert Williams as president. The company was capitalized at \$250,000, the older business retaining an equal capitalization. The division of the business made it necessary for Mr. Williams to locate in Oshawa to be in close touch with the extensive factory, employing 250 skilled workmen—no child labor be it said to the credit of the company. Mr. Williams has been in the piano business for thirty-five years and is therefore one of the oldest musical instrument manufacturers of the Dominion.

In 1877 Mr. Robert Williams was married to Miss Maza Thwaite, born at Whitby in 1859, daughter of Metcalf Thwaite, for many years a member of Fitch, Eby & Thwaite, wholesale grocers, Toronto. To this union there were born these children: George Arthur, born in 1878, at Toronto, is now secretary-treasurer of the Williams Piano Company, Oshawa; Harold Ernest is superintendent of the factory of the Williams Piano Company; and Miss Mabel. Mr. and Mrs. Williams are members of the English Church. In politics he is a Conservative.

GEORGE F. BELDEN, D.D.S., a well-known and successful practitioner at No. 436 Yonge street, Toronto, who has been engaged in the practice of his profession in this city since 1901, was born in County Peel, Jan. 20, 1866, son of Jeremiah and Martha (Hawke) Belden, the

former born in County Peel in 1831, and the latter in 1836.

George Belden, grandfather of George F., was a native of England, who came to the United States as an United Empire Loyalist, and later participated in the war of 1812. He settled in County Peel, later removing to County Huron, where he died, leaving five children: Sylvanus, a business man of the State of Michigan; Hezekiah, a resident oil merchant of Petrolia, Ont.; George, a resident of the State of Kansas; Surinda, who married William Sault, of Hespeler, Ont., and has a family; and Jeremiah.

Jeremiah Belden, father of George F., was a blacksmith by profession, and he was engaged at that occupation for some years in County Peel. In 1861 he purchased a farm in County Huron, near Brussels, where he became very well-to-do, at the time of his death in 1897 being one of the leading agriculturists of his section. He and his family were connected with the Methodist Church, in which he was an official. He was a Reformer in his political views, but never aspired to office. Nine children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Belden: Ellen, the wife of Edward Snell, of Winnipeg, has seven children; Reuben, an agriculturist and large land-owner of South Dakota, is married and has one daughter; Walter, a business man and farmer, of Manitoba, is married and has a family: Adda, deceased, married Henry Bennett, of Portland, Oregon, and has one daughter, Myrtle; William, who resides with his mother on the old farm in County Huron, is married and has a family; James, a business man of Winnipeg, is married and has three children; Annie, who is a professional nurse in the State of Oregon, was educated in the schools of Toronto; Samuel L., when a young man took up the work of an engineer, which he followed until eighteen years of age, at which time he removed to Portland, Oregon, where he now holds a fine position; and George F., of Toronto.

George F. Belden received his early education in the Counties of Peel and Huron while growing to manhood, and remained on the home farm until twenty-two years of age, when he entered the Clinton Collegiate Institute of County Huron, from which he was graduated in 1887. In the following year he entered the Toronto Dental College, and was graduated therefrom in 1890, when he commenced practice at Seaforth, County Huron. In 1901 Dr. Belden came to Toronto, practicing on Sherbourne street for three years, since which time his offices have been situated on Yonge street.

In 1893 Dr. Belden was married to Miss Ag-

nes Jackson, of Clinton, daughter of Thomas Jackson, born in Yorkshire, England, who now resides with his family at Clinton. Two sons have been born to Dr. and Mrs. Belden, namely: Karl and St. Clair, who are attending school. Dr. and Mrs. Belden are connected with St. Peter's Anglican Church, in which he is a sidesman, a member of the advisory board, and president of the Young People's Society. He is a member of the Toronto Dental Society, and keeps thoroughly posted on all subjects pertaining to his profession.

In political matters Dr. Belden is a Reformer. He is vice-president of the Young Men's Municipal Club, an organization for the study of civic questions. In earlier life politics had great attraction for him, but the profession he chose has required such close attention that little time has been available for anything else. However, he has been a careful reader of the affairs of the day, as well as on other subjects, and he has thus kept himself conversant with matters of public import, hoping the day to be not far distant when he will be able to devote himself to active politics.

JAMES H. TAYLOR, town clerk and treasurer of Weston, Ont., who for a number of years was engaged in agricultural pursuits in Etobicoke township, County York, was born Sept. 24, 1853, on Lot 28, Concession 4, Etobicoke township, son of Thomas and Jane (Walker) Taylor, the former born in County Sligo, Ireland, in about 1820, and the latter in Canada in 1824.

Matthew Taylor, grandfather of James H., came to Canada from Ireland, settling in York township, where he lived until his retirement to Weston, where he died. He left these children: William, who died in Brampton, a retired farmer; Mathew, who is living retired at Sunderland, Ont.; Thomas; Ellen, the wife of James Walker, who lives retired in Toronto; and Sarah, wife of John Fox, of Foxmead, near Orillia, Ontario.

Thomas Taylor, father of James H., came to this country when a boy, and he received his education in York township. In early life he engaged in lumbering, and later purchased land on the 4th Concession, Etobicoke township, there continuing very successfully until his retirement to Toronto in 1878. He died in Toronto in January, 1896, aged seventy-six, and his wife died Christmas Day, 1888, at the age of sixty-five. Both were members of the Methodist Church. In politics Mr. Taylor was a Conservative, and while living in Etobicoke township filled various positions, being a member of the council from 1861 to 1869, inclusive.

During the latter years that he served in the council he was deputy reeve. After this he withdrew from public office, and although his friends insisted on his accepting the office of reeve, he declined. He took a great interest in school matters, and for a number of years served on the board of education. Fraternally he was a member of the order of Orangemen in his younger days. Mr. Taylor and his wife were the parents of eight children: James H.; Priscilla, born in Etobicoke township, in 1858, who married John Reid, a resident of Toronto; Annie, who died at the age of seventeen years; Elizabeth, who is unmarried, and a resident of Toronto; and four that died young.

James H. Taylor received his education in the district schools of his native locality, and the Weston high school, and when a boy of fifteen years was compelled to take charge of the work on the farm, his father losing a hand in a threshing machine. Mr. Taylor continued to farm very successfully until his retirement to the village of Weston.

Mr. Taylor was married (first) in April, 1878, to Miss Christina Buchanan, a former school teacher, born in County Bruce, and she died while residing on the old homestead in April, 1892, leaving three children: Thomas H., born in 1879, resides in the North-West; Ethel I. died in 1899; and Percy S., born in 1882, is in the Northwest, farming.

Mr. Taylor was married (second), in December, 1895, to Mrs. Archie Cameron, born in County York, daughter of William and Sarah (Williams) Farr, members of early pioneer families of the county. William Farr, of Vaughan township, was the son of James Farr, who came to this country from England, and settled in Weston, to which village he gave its name after his home in England. Later, James Farr located in Vaughan township, where he died. Mrs. Taylor's parents, who have now retired to Woodbridge, had three children: Sarah, wife of Charles Wallace, of Woodbridge; Louisa, who married (first) Archie Cameron, who was killed in a gravel pit in 1892, and (second) Mr. Taylor; and Arthur, who resides on the old homestead on the 9th Concession, Vaughan township. To Mr. and Mrs. Taylor were born one son, Arthur R., who died in March, 1906, aged six years.

In religion Mr. and Mrs. Taylor are connected with the Methodist Church, in which both have taken active parts. Mr. Taylor is treasurer of the church and member of the Quarterly Board. When in Etobicoke, Mr. Taylor was superintendent of the Sharon Methodist Sunday-school, and was treasurer of both the Sunday-school and church. In politics

Mr. Taylor has taken a prominent part as a Conservative, in 1898 holding the office of deputy reeve of Etobicoke township. In 1899 he removed to Weston and in that village was elected clerk and treasurer of the town, receiving the latter office in 1901, and the former in 1902. He purchased a fine brick home on King street, in which he now resides, but he still retains possession of the old home farm.

Mr. Taylor is very well known and is a popular citizen of Weston, his uprightness of character, genial manner and friendly spirit having attracted many sincere friends.

ALEXANDER MARSH, one of the leading citizens and prominent farmers of County York, who owns and occupies a fertile, well-cultivated farm in Lot 42, Yonge street, Markham township, was born on Lot 41, that township, in October, 1829, son of James and Margery (Atkinson) Marsh, and grandson of Robert and Sarah (Bridgeford) Marsh.

Robert Marsh was born in Gloucestershire, England, and his wife in Scotland. They crossed the ocean when young people, and were married in New York State, whence they came to Canada in 1796, and settled on Yonge street, Markham township. There they claimed a home from the wild land, and Mr. Marsh engaged in farming until, a few years prior to his death, which occurred in December, 1852, he removed to Toronto. His wife passed away at the old home in Markham township in the faith of the Presbyterian Church, of which he was an elder for many years and founder of the first church in Markham. They were the parents of four children: James; Mary, born in 1800, married John Burr, a farmer of Markham township; Sarah, born in 1802, married Daniel McLeod, a hotel-keeper of Aurora; and Nancy, born in 1805, married Carns (or Cairnes) Lawrence, a farmer of Vaughan township.

James Marsh grew up at the old home farm, and received a limited education through his mother's teaching, there being no schools in this vicinity during his boyhood. When sixteen years of age he enlisted as a soldier in the war of 1812, serving throughout that struggle, and taking part in the battles of Niagara and St. Catharines. He was promoted to be sergeant and later captain, and after the war returned to his home, where he engaged in farming until the Mackenzie Rebellion of 1837-38, when he again became a soldier, taking his son, William, into the service with him. Shortly after the war of 1812 he married (first) a Miss Burr, of County York, by whom he had one daughter, Sarah, who married Richard

Lund, of Port Perry. Mr. Marsh married (second) Margery Atkinson, daughter of John Atkinson, of Yorkshire, England. Mrs. Marsh died in 1858, the mother of these children: William settled for a time in King township, and later went West, where he died; Robert, deceased, married the daughter of Louis Page, and settled in King township for some years, and later removed to the old homestead, where his death occurred; Mary married Peter Vanderburg, a farmer of Vaughan township, and both are deceased; Maria is the widow of John C. Spragge, who was a merchant of Toronto; Lucy is the wife of Edward Bingham, a farmer of Bradford; James married Miss Catherine Ross, of County York, and they now reside on Rainy River, County Ontario; Hannah, deceased, married the late John Helliwell, a merchant of Toronto; John married Dorothy Brawley, of County York, and they settled as farmers in King township, where he died; Margaret married James Donaldson, of New York, and both are deceased; Francis, a well-known steamship owner at Huntsville, married Miss Mary Carswell, of Prince Albert; and Alexander. James Marsh's third wedding was to Miss Mary McDougal, a school teacher of County York, whose parents came from Scotland, and to this union were born four children: Miss Euphemia is a resident of Toronto; Daniel, a farmer of Ontario, is married and has a family; Peter is a retired contractor and builder of Chicago; and Helena died in young womanhood.

Alexander Marsh grew up on the old homestead, and received a district school education. He was married in January, 1852, to Miss Sarah Adeline Winans, born in Tecumseth, County Simcoe, in April, 1835, daughter of Captain Henry and Laurette (Penfield) Winans, who came from Pennsylvania. Mrs. Marsh's mother died when she was a child, and her father married for his second wife, a Miss Draper, settling as a farmer in Tecumseth township. After marriage Mr. Marsh settled on the old homestead farm, on which he erected the present large brick house in 1864, and here he has made many improvements. To Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Marsh have been born two sons: Henry G., who died in infancy; and William G., born Aug. 5, 1854.

Mr. and Mrs. Marsh are connected with the Presbyterian Church, in which Mr. Alexander Marsh has been an elder for over forty years. In politics the family have always been Conservatives. Mr. Marsh has been a tireless worker and a practical man of business, acquiring a handsome competency during his long and active career. He is a man of the

highest type, and has many staunch friends throughout the community.

WILLIAM G. MARSH was educated in the schools of his native locality, and was reared on the farm, where he has always remained, engaged in assisting his father. On Sept. 3, 1874, he married Miss Emma McLean, born in County Durham, Ont., July 21, 1852, a daughter of James and Anna (Best) McLean, of Mt. Pleasant, County Durham, natives of Scotland. Seven children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Marsh: Maud, educated in the High school and the Toronto College for Ladies, is single and resides at the home; Harry was educated in the high school, and is now a student of the Commercial College of Toronto; Ella, also at home, graduated from the high school; Flora, who attended high school, the Toronto College and the Commercial College of Toronto, resides at home; Mabel, a graduate of the high school, is now a musical student of Toronto; Irene is a student in the high schools; and Gordon is a student of the high school.

DAVID LLOYD, registrar at Newmarket, County York, is one of the leading citizens of that place, and belongs to an old and honorable pioneer family of the county. He was born Jan. 15, 1842, in King township, son of Thomas and Sarah A. (Kennedy) Lloyd.

Thomas Lloyd was born in the town of Muncy, Pennsylvania, in 1798, and his wife was born in New Brunswick in 1799. She was a daughter of William Kennedy, who came to New Brunswick from Maryland, and whose ancestors were Irish. Thomas Lloyd was a son of Thomas, who came to Canada from Muncy, where he was born. His people came from Wales, an ancestor being on the "Mayflower." Later the family drifted to Pennsylvania, and came under the influence of William Penn. While in Pennsylvania, Thomas Lloyd, (an ancestor) was appointed deputy governor of that State. In 1809, Grandfather Lloyd came by wagon from Pennsylvania to County York with his family, crossing the river on an old ferry, and settling in Whitechurch township. There he worked at his trade of blacksmith, and cleared up a wilderness farm. Both he and his wife died there, and their children have also all passed away.

Thomas Lloyd was the fourth member in his parents' family. After his marriage he settled in King township, where he, too, cleared up a farm from wild land, and before his death, in 1874, was looked upon as one of the township's substantial men. His wife survived him but a year. In politics he was a Liberal. The children of Thomas and Sarah A. Lloyd

were: Elizabeth, deceased, was the wife of the late Joel Phillips, of King township, and left one son, David; William, a retired business man of Alpena, Michigan, had two daughters; Hiram, a retired builder, has three sons and one daughter, and lives at Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan; Jane, deceased, was the wife of George L. Pearson, of King township, and they have a family of five children; Evelyn, born in King township, is the wife of Isaac Holinghead, and they have four children; Jared resides in County York, unmarried; Mary is the wife of Jacob Walton, a retired merchant of King township, and they had a family of seven children, of whom two are deceased; Charles is a retired business man of Newmarket, and has two sons; John, born in 1839, is a retired farmer of King township, and has a wife and four children; David is the youngest.

David Lloyd was educated in the district schools of King township, and later attended the Normal school at Toronto, where he was fitted to be a teacher. This profession he successfully pursued for about seven years. In 1870 he was appointed deputy registrar of North York, his office being filled at Newmarket. This position he filled acceptably until 1883, when he was made clerk of the Fourth Division Court of the County of York. That position he filled until 1904, when he was appointed registrar of North York, an office he is faithfully filling at the present time.

In 1866, Mr. Lloyd was married (first) to Miss Emily J. Moore, of County York, a daughter of Hiram Moore, of one of the old pioneer families of the county. Mrs. Lloyd died in 1880, leaving four children, namely: Thomas H., Charles H., Frederick N. and Mary L. (wife of John L. Parsons, of the State of New York). In 1883 Mr. Lloyd was married (second) to Miss Mary McMurchie. One son has been born to this union: Irwin M., a student.

In 1872 Mr. Lloyd purchased real estate in Newmarket, where he erected a home. In 1905 he built the handsome residence where he now lives. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, belonging to Tuscan Lodge, No. 99, A.F. & A.M. From 1876 until 1904 he was clerk and treasurer of Newmarket. Mr. Lloyd is one of Newmarket's prominent men. For thirty-five years he has been in public life, and such lasting popularity is surely an evidence of sterling worth of character.

WILLIAM H. B. AIKINS, M.D., C.M., Victoria University, 1881—M.B., Toronto University, 1881—L.R.C.P., London, England, 1881. In many cases the son of an illustrious father seems willing to share only the reflected glory



W. H. B. Atkins

of the family name and to feel no responsibility for maintaining its honor, much less for seeking to add to its prestige by his own achievements. But the name of Aikins has become known and honored through the notable deeds of two generations, achieved in two distinct fields. In the Province of Ontario no family has been more prominent or more fully identified with the development of the country.

The Aikins or Eakins are of Scotch-Irish extraction, and the father of Dr. W. H. B. Aikins, the Hon. James Cox Aikins, who died Aug. 6, 1904, was a son of James Eakins, who left County Monaghan, Ireland, in 1816, and after residing in Philadelphia for four years came to Canada. He drove from Philadelphia to the place now known as Burnhamthorpe.

HON J. C. AIKINS received his education at the local schools and at Victoria College, Cobourg, from which university he held the degree of LL.D. After leaving college Mr. Aikins became a farmer and made his business a success. He early entered politics, and sat for the County of Peel in the Canadian Assembly for 1854, continuing as a member of that body until the general election in 1861, when he was defeated by the late Hon. John Hillyard Cameron. He was afterward a member for the "Home" Division of the Legislative Council from 1862 until the Union, and was called to the Senate by proclamation in May, 1867, retiring to assume the gubernatorial chair of the Province of Manitoba.

Mr. Aikins entered Sir John A. Macdonald's administration as Secretary of State and Registrar General of Canada on Dec. 9, 1869, and continued in these offices until the resignation of the government on the 5th of November, 1873. On the return of the Conservative party to power, in October, 1878, Mr. Aikins was again appointed Secretary of State. As a minister he framed and carried through Parliament the Public Lands Act, 1872, and after the acquisition of the North-West Territories by Canada he organized the Dominion Lands Bureau, now the Department of the Interior. Senator Aikins had been identified with the Liberal party prior to 1869, in that year joining the government of Sir John A. Macdonald as Secretary of State for Canada, which office he held until he was appointed Lieutenant-Governor of Manitoba. His reasons for changing his party affiliations at that time are very clearly set forth in Mr. Pope's life of Sir John A. Macdonald. The effect of the elections in that year was to reverse the relative strength of the Reformed and Conservative supporters

of the government. When the first government of the Dominion was formed Confederation was adopted with the intention of putting an end to the unhappy sectionalism which existed between Upper and Lower Canada before the Union, yet as it was important that the administration should receive upon the approaching elections the support of all men really desiring the success of the new system it was agreed, as far as Ontario was concerned, that as in the last Parliament of the Province of Canada there had been more Reformers than Conservatives, and as in the proposed cabinet Ontario would have only five representatives, three of these should be of Liberal antecedents and two Conservatives. This understanding was merely a temporary arrangement, for at the time that it was entered into the political complexion of the new Parliament was of course unknown, and it was agreed that the future was to take care of itself. The death of Mr. Fergusson-Blair and the appointment of Sir William Howland as Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario made two vacancies in the Liberal section of the cabinet. Sir John Macdonald considered himself bound to maintain the Coalition principle in the cabinet, and expressed his opinion that while the change in the relative strength of the parties rendered it necessary for three Conservatives and two Reformers to be in the cabinet he thought the Liberal leaders should have some voice in the selection of the new Conservative. Messrs. Macdougall and Howland agreed as to the fairness of this proposal, and it was ultimately settled that Messrs. J. C. Aikins and Alexander Morris should be asked to join the administration. It is undoubtedly true that the Coalition was destined to become a fusion, but this was no new thing. It had happened in Canada before, and for the same reason. Its cause lay not in the bad faith or treachery or deceit of anybody, but the marvelous gift which Sir John Macdonald possessed of drawing men toward him and inspiring them with a sense of personal attachment stronger than party ties.

Mr. Aikins was a Liberal and joined Sir John A. Macdonald's cabinet as such; so in their day did Messrs. John Ross and Thomas Spence, Sidney Smith and Isaac Buchanan, Fergusson-Blair and others whose names will readily recur to the student of Canadian history. Mr. Aikins was no exception to the rule. "I am not aware whether he calls himself a Liberal or not, but this I know: from the day on which he became a minister of the Crown Sir John Macdonald had no more loyal or true-hearted colleague than James Cox Aikins." Mr. Aikins resigned from the cabinet on May 23rd,

1882, and in December of the same year was sworn in as Lieutenant-Governor for the Province of Manitoba, and on the expiration of his term as such returned to Toronto. In January, 1896, he was a second time called to the Senate.

In speaking of his political life at the time when he was called to the Senate for the second time, the *Manitoba Free Press*, in an article expressing the approval of Manitoba and the North-West of the appointment, speaks as follows: "There are few men in public life today with a longer or riper experience in public affairs, and there are none whose records will better bear the strictest scrutiny. The recall of Mr. Aikins to the Senate was a graceful act of recognition of his long and faithful public service. Manitobans will heartily wish him many years more of life in his old seat."

Senator Aikins had at various times during his business career much to do with many important financial, commercial and industrial undertakings. He was at various times a director of the Freehold Loan & Deposit Company, the Manitoba and North-West Loan Company, and the Trust Corporation Company of Ontario. In religion he was a Methodist, and at one time he acted as general treasurer of the Methodist Missionary Society and president of the Methodist Social Union of Toronto. He was always prominently identified with the Prohibition movement, and held office as vice-president of the Ontario Prohibition Alliance.

In 1845 he married Miss Mary Elizabeth Jane Somerset, a lady whose beauty of person and Christian character, as well as refinement and intelligence, fitted her to be the companion of an educated man, and to grace the high stations to which in after years they were to be called. The children born to their union were: Helena Ann, wife of the late Rev. Donald G. Sutherland, of Toronto; Mary Jane, wife of the late Dr. James E. Graham, of Toronto; John Somerset, of Winnipeg, who married Miss A. Colby, of Stanstead, Quebec, and has two children, Charles C. and Mary Somerset; James Albert Manning, M.A., K.C., of Winnipeg, who was married twice, the second time to Miss Mary Colby, also of Stanstead, and who has three children, Gordon Harold, Helena Alberta and Grace Elizabeth; the Misses Emma and Clara Aikins, who are residing at Toronto; and Dr. William H. B. Aikins.

Dr. William H. B. Aikins was born at "Richview," in the County of Peel, Aug. 22, 1859. His general education was received at Upper Canada College. Having already decided upon medicine as his future profession, he at

once entered the Toronto School of Medicine, and in four years completed the work in that course. From Toronto he went first to New York City for post-graduate work, thence to London, England, and to Edinburgh, finishing his preparation for his life work in Vienna, Austria. Thus equipped, Dr. Aikins returned to Toronto to practice, and for twenty-five years has been absorbed in his chosen career. Throughout all these years in spite of the demands of a constantly increasing practice and of various official positions, he has continued to be a close student. He made a second trip to Vienna for further work in 1885, and several others in more recent years. Dr. Aikins has always kept himself in touch with the leading medical clinics of Europe, and stands in the foremost rank of his profession. United with his wide knowledge he has a genial and sympathetic manner, a hospitable spirit that has made him hosts of warm personal friends and has brought him a large and lucrative practice.

In 1887 occurred the union of Dr. Aikins and Miss Augusta Hawkesworth-Wood, daughter of the late Easton Hawkesworth, M.D., and granddaughter of the late Amasa Wood, Esquire, of St. Thomas. Dr. Aikins and his wife are members of the Methodist Church.

For fifteen years the Doctor represented the graduates in medicine on the Senate of the University of Toronto. He is a physician to the Toronto General Hospital and consulting physician to the Hospital for Incurables, the Toronto Dispensary and other institutions. He is a member of a number of important medical organizations, namely: The Toronto Clinical Society, the Ontario Medical Association, the Canadian Medical Association, the Mississippi Valley Medical Association, the British Medical Association, and the International Medical Congress. He is one of the editors of the "Canadian Practitioner." Fraternally Dr. Aikins is a Mason, belonging to Ionic Lodge, No. 25, G.R.C. He is also a member of the Toronto Club.

JOSEPH SUTCLIFFE, who passed away in Toronto Sept. 9, 1905, was for many years a prominent business man in the dry goods line, and had branch establishments in several neighboring towns. He was born in Ireland Aug. 9, 1828, son of Joseph and Mary (Switzer) Sutcliffe, who died in that country.

Joseph Sutcliffe, the younger, received his education in his native land in Kilkenny, and also acquired his early acquaintance with the dry goods business before coming to this country. In 1851 he left Ireland, and after his arrival in this country he located in Norval, Ont.,

where he took a position as bookkeeper for Gooderham Bros., remaining with them until he purchased the concern. The business was a general mercantile one, and Mr. Sutcliffe continued as its head for a few years. He then closed it out in order to go to Meadowvale to associate himself again with Gooderham Bros. in the capacity of bookkeeper and manager. Subsequently he became a partner in the business. From Meadowvale Mr. Sutcliffe went to Brampton and was there some seventeen years, still engaged in the mercantile line. With his long and successful experience behind him he removed to Toronto in 1892 and opened the dry goods, clothing and men's furnishing establishment on Yonge street, of which he was the proprietor for five years, when fire destroyed the building and he retired. Mr. Sutcliffe also had interests in business in Lindsay and Peterborough, having his sons associated with him. His mercantile career was a long and honorable one, reflecting credit upon his character. While in Meadowvale he introduced the cash system in his business and always followed it.

The marriage of Joseph Sutcliffe occurred May 3, 1853, when he was united to Miss Charlotte Hawkins Evans, a native of Norfolk, England. Miss Evans was a daughter of David and Charlotte (Hawkins) Evans, the former of whom was for many years a leather merchant in England. He came to Canada in 1847, and after remaining a short time in Toronto, purchased a large landed property at Norval, and settled there. Mrs. Evans died in 1869 aged seventy-six years, while her husband spent his last days in the home of Mr. Sutcliffe at Brampton, and died in 1882, at the age of seventy-six years. The family born to Joseph and Charlotte Sutcliffe consisted of three daughters and three sons. (1) Joseph E., of Oshawa, married (first) Miss Louise Butler, and had four children, Edmund, Madeline May, Reta Louise and Allan. His second wife was Miss Hattie Wilson. (2) Clarissa became the wife of D. E. Starr, and had six children, Ronald, Charles H., Nellie A., Marion, Edna and Fred. (3) Henrietta Alice married George K. B. Adams, and had two children, Irene and Reginald. (4) Frederick William, of Lindsay, married Miss Annie Elliott, and had four children, Charles, Muriel, Mervyn and Elsie. (5) Miss Emily Charlotte is at home. (6) James Albert married Miss Grace McCausland, and had two children, Bruce and Helen. All of the family adhere to the Methodist faith, the late Mr. Sutcliffe having been a member of that church. In politics he was a Reformer, and he was jus-

tice of the peace for about thirty years in County Peel, Ontario.

DR. R. J. LOUGHEED, who is engaged in the practice of dentistry at the corner of Parliament street and Wilton avenue, Toronto, was born April 8, 1868, at Meaford, County Grey, son of Robert and Eliza (Seabrook) Lougheed, the former born in Ireland in 1820, and the latter in 1829.

James Lougheed, grandfather of Dr. R. J. came from Ireland to Canada in 1828, and settled on wild land in County Peel, where he cultivated a farm, and reared a large family of children, three of whom still survive: David, a retired business man of Toronto; John, of Wingham, Ont., and Mrs. McKeown, of Toronto. Robert Lougheed settled on a farm in Peel, which he cultivated for a number of years, but later purchased a property in County Grey, reclaiming a farm from wild land, on which he resided until his death in 1886. His wife, who still survives, resides with her family. Mr. and Mrs. Lougheed had these children: James, employed with Ontario Government; Eliza, the wife of Robert Neilly, of Brantford; Rebecca, deceased, the wife of Samuel Neilly, also deceased, of Bradford; Annie, the wife of James Boyd, of Meaford, County Grey; William H., who conducts the old homestead; George, a contractor and builder of Toronto; Margaret, the wife of Joseph Neilly, a merchant of Manitoba; Mary, wife of Robert Fawcett, a contractor and builder of Toronto; Edith E., a teacher of the Todmorden schools; and R. J.

R. J. Lougheed secured his early education in the public schools, the Collegiate Institute, Collingwood, and the Bradford Model school, and then began teaching in County Peel, continuing at this occupation for three years. In 1890 he entered the Royal College of Dental Surgery, graduating therefrom in 1893, as well as from Trinity University. Since that year he has been practicing his profession in Toronto with much success.

In 1897 Dr. Lougheed was married to Miss Annie A. McDougall, born in County Peel, daughter of Neil McDougall, and to this union have been born three children: Stanley, born in 1898, is a student of Dufferin School; Clarence O., born in 1901, and Jean A., born in 1903. In politics Mr. Lougheed is a Conservative, while his religious connections are with the English Church. He is a member of King Solomon Lodge, A.F. & A.M.; the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; the McKinley I.O.L., No. 275, of Toronto; and the Canadian Order of Foresters.

GEORGE COLES, for many years a well-known business man of Toronto, who died in that city in 1887, was born in England in 1842, son of George Coles, Sr., who came to Toronto about 1850, and embarked in the bakery business on Yonge street, at what are now Nos. 719-721. Here Mr. Coles, Sr., made a success of his business, and accumulated a handsome property, purchasing his business stand in 1854. In 1863 he returned to England, and his sons, George and William, took up the business. This partnership continued for about four years, when William sold out to George, who continued the business very successfully until his death.

On the death of her husband Mrs. Coles took up the business and has since conducted it with marked ability. It is no exaggeration to say that the business stand, Nos. 719-721 Yonge street, is one of the finest confectionery houses in Ontario. Mrs. Cole has certainly displayed the best of business management in this line. In 1903 the business was organized as a stock company, and she was made president; Walter H. Coles manager; and Miss Ida Coles, secretary.

Mrs. Coles is a daughter of the late William and Susan (Martin) Farrow, and was born on Bloor street, Toronto, Dec. 9, 1844. Her father was a native of England, born in 1812, and died in Toronto in 1899. The mother was also born in England, and her death occurred in 1856. They came to Canada when young, he settling in Toronto in 1835, in which city he carried on building for many years and was well and favorably known.

Mr. Coles was a fine tenor singer and led the choir at the Central Methodist Church for many years, in the days when singers sung for the good of the cause, and not for the money consideration. In politics he was a Conservative. Fraternally he affiliated with the Masons. Mrs. Coles resides at No. 24 Walker avenue, which home she purchased in 1902.

The foundation of the Coles' business owes everything to the untiring personal attention of the older generations of the family during over half a century; and the large and continually increasing residential delivery trade built up during that time would be of itself a backbone to any concern, not to speak of the more recent expansion of the business by the younger generation as caterers and manufacturing confectioners. This latter has practically crowded out the old bread-baking department, thus leaving them free to devote themselves to the ever growing demands for their catering and confectionery specialties.

To those who knew the business in the old

building which stood until three years ago, a visit to the now modern and handsome new structure on the old stand would doubtless prove interesting.

REV. HENRY C. COOPER was born in London, England, and was educated at Oxford College. Prior to coming to Canada in 1832 he married, and he and his wife crossed the Atlantic ocean in a sailing vessel, spending eight weeks on the water. His first ministerial charge was at Clinton, where he was stationed for a number of years. Later he filled three appointments—Weston, Islington, and Mimico—and he was rector of the latter parish for thirty-three years. His last charge was the St. George Church, which adjoined the old homestead. He purchased land and erected a residence and resided there until his death which took place Sept. 20, 1877. He was survived by his estimable wife until Oct. 12, 1902. They left a family of ten children, of which one son, A. B. Cooper, and two daughters reside on the old homestead.

In July, 1893, Mr. A. B. Cooper married Miss Lillian Gofton, born in County Huron, in 1878, daughter of a pioneer couple of that county, and two daughters have been born to this union: Lillian Rose, born in 1895; and Alice B., born in 1898, who are students of the schools. In religion Mr. Cooper is a member of the English Church, and in politics, as was his father, he is a Conservative.

BENJAMIN SMALL, who died in Toronto in 1871, was an early settler of the city. He was born in Yorkshire, England, in 1803, son of Benjamin Small, who died in England, as did also his wife.

Benjamin Small was educated in England, and when a very young man came to Canada, settling in Cobourg, where for many years he carried on an extensive carriage manufacturing business. Some time in the fifties he settled in Toronto, and for a number of years was superintendent of the old rolling mills. For a number of years prior to his death he lived retired.

In 1836 Mr. Small married Miss Elizabeth Webster, who was born in 1818, daughter of Thomas Webster, a pioneer of Cobourg. Mrs. Small died in Toronto in 1893. She and her husband had children as follows: James Coleman, of Brainerd University; Robert Benjamin; William, deceased; Henry H. J., superintendent of the Southern Pacific Railroad; Miss Barbara A., of Toronto; Esther Jane and Martha Elizabeth, of Toronto; and Charles Webster and Frederick F., both deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Small were devout members of the

Church of England, and were among the most highly esteemed residents of the Queen City, where they lived for so many years. Their daughters reside in their new home, at No. 157 Spadina road, Toronto.

JESSE GREEN WRIGHT, a substantial business man of Toronto Junction, and proprietor of one of the leading drug establishments of that place, is prominent both in business and military circles of the Dominion.

The Wright family is of English extraction, and was founded in Canada by Charles Wright, father of Jesse G., born in 1847, in Warwickshire, England, son of Jesse George Wright, who died in that country. Charles Wright received his education in his native country, where he grew to manhood, and was for some time a druggist and physician there. In 1868 he came to Canada, and after a short stay in Toronto, went to Collingwood, where he engaged in the drug business, being one of the first to register under the new Pharmacy Act of Ontario, with him at that time being Hugh Miller and others who were embarking in the business at the time of the enactment of that law. In 1888 Mr. Wright came to Toronto Junction, purchasing the drug business of Mr. Wm. Wylie, on Dundas street, and this he conducted until 1900, when he retired from active life. Mr. Charles Wright was married to Louisa Mary Bunce, sister of the late John Thackeray Bunce, proprietor of the Birmingham *Daily Post*, of which he had formerly been an employee. To Mr. and Mrs. Wright were born these children: Walter John, of England; Alice, who married J. C. Wagner, of Toronto; Mrs. W. B. Chamberlain, of Toronto; Charles F., of Toronto Junction; Herbert William, of Guelph; Jesse Green; and E. Bunce. The latter, following the example of his uncle, John T. Bunce, of the Birmingham *Post*, became owner and editor of the Toronto Junction *Tribune*, of which he had for some time been an employee.

Jesse Green Wright was born at Collingwood, in 1877, and received his education in the Collingwood public schools, the Junction Collegiate Institute and the Ontario College of Pharmacy, from which he was graduated in 1900, receiving the degree of Phm.B. in June of that year, from the University of Toronto. In 1905 Mr. Wright was graduated from the Empire Optical College, Toronto. Immediately after receiving his degree in pharmacy, Mr. Wright took up the management of the business formerly carried on by his father, which he has conducted to the present time with much success. Mr. Wright is a capable optician as

well, and has made this department of his business one of the leading features of his establishment. He is possessed of much business ability, and his enterprise is one of the leaders in its line in the Junction.

Mr. Wright probably is as well, if not better, known in military as in business circles. In 1893 he became a member of A Company, Queen's Own, under Major Thompson and Colonel Hamilton, continuing therein until 1899, when he joined the army medical corps under Major A. T. Scott, as sergeant. Later he was appointed sergeant-major of the 7th Field Hospital Corps, under Colonel Milton Cotton, and as a member of this organization was sent with the Canadian contingent to attend the Coronation of King Edward VII. In 1904 he was appointed lieutenant of 5th Company, 12th York Rangers, Colonel Thompson commanding, which rank he holds to-day. In political matters Mr. Wright is a Conservative. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity; the I.O.O.F.; the C.O.F.; master of the L.O.L., No. 900, and is one of eleven members from Ontario of the Triennial Council of the Orange Association of the world.

In 1900 Mr. Wright was married to Miss Ethel Helena Doane, and to this union have been born two children, Dorothy Helen and Dudley Jesse. Mr. and Mrs. Wright attend the English Church.

WILMER BRODIE. The present inhabitants of the County of York are very largely the posterity of the early pioneers who first opened up that part of the country to civilization, and the sterling qualities of those sturdy woodsmen and farmers are still present in their descendants, affording a class of citizens of which the country may well boast. One, whose family, while not among the very first settlers, has yet lived in the county for three-quarters of a century, is Wilmer Brodie, of Concession 2, Lot 4, King township, a young man who well supports the traditions of his name.

The first of the Brodies to settle in Canada was Charles, who with his wife Jessie, came from Scotland in 1831, and for some years made their home in North Gwillimbury. Later they moved to Kettleby, this county, then to Glenville, where the rest of their lives were spent. Charles Brodie worked as a blacksmith after settling in the new world. There was a family of six children, the oldest born in Scotland, namely: James; Alexander, who lives with his family in Toronto; Thomas, deceased, of the County of York, who left one daughter, Annie; Sarah A., who married John Bennett,

of Toledo, Ohio, where the family resides; Emily, Mrs. John Elliott, who lives near Kettleby, King township, and has two daughters, Jessie and Mary; and Matilda, deceased, who made her home in Toronto.

James Brodie, father of Wilmer, in early life was a blacksmith, and followed that calling for a number of years. He was married Dec. 2, 1850, to Miss Nancy Davis, daughter of Thomas and Ruth (Webb) Davis, of a prominent pioneer family of King township, near Aurora, where both parents died. Mrs. Brodie, who was their youngest daughter, was born March 15, 1830. Of the seven other children in the family, three are deceased, Calvin, Hiram and Silas. The rest, all living in King township, are: John, of Aurora; Clayton; Thomas, a retired farmer; and Lucretia, Mrs. Reuben J. Stephens. Mr. and Mrs. James Brodie settled first at Kettleby, where he worked at his trade, and later lived some time on Yonge street, but about 1863, he bought the place known as the Mark Armitage farm, and from then until his death confined himself to farming. He died Jan 23, 1892, ten years before his wife, who survived him until May 14, 1902. In youth Mr. Brodie had been a member of the Presbyterian Church and his wife of the Society of Friends, but in later life both united with the Methodist Church. In politics Mr. Brodie voted the Reform ticket.

Nine children were born to James and Nancy Brodie. (1) Charles I., whose birth occurred in King township in 1851, married Mary, daughter of Joseph Doan, and has three children, Cora, Norman and Hallie. They live on a farm in Markham. (2) Harriet, born in 1853, is the wife of Henry Brown, of Concession 4, King township, and has four children, Elta, Lillie, Nellie and Zella. (3) Ellen, born in 1856, married Milton Davis, of Concession 11, King township. (4) Ruth, born in 1858, married Ebb Webster, of Concession 3, and has three children, Edna, Hattie and Iva. (5) Almana, born in 1866, is the wife of Joseph Webster, of King township, and has two children, James and Bernice. (6) Elta, born in 1868, is Mrs. Benjamin Heaslip, of King township, and has one daughter, Marjorie. (7) Addison, born in 1872, a graduate of a business college, lives at home, unmarried. (8) Elizabeth, born in 1861, was sent first to the district schools, and then to the Aurora high school. She now has charge of the home for her two brothers, Addison and Wilmer. (9) Wilmer.

Wilmer Brodie was born in 1863, and grew up on the farm which is now his property. He sustains the family position as a supporter of the Reform party. The three representatives

of the family left at home, are all young people of fine character and are popular in the community.

HENRY SCOTT LEECH, who died Sept 21, 1904, in Toronto, was born in that city, April 14, 1847, son of Francis and Ann (Scott) Leech, the former born in Portsmouth, England, and a soldier of the British army, son of William Leech, who was also in Her Majesty's service.

Francis Leech came to Canada in 1835, settling in Toronto, then Little York. He served in the rebellion of 1837-38, after which he took up his trade, that of painting, and he continued therein until his death. He passed away in 1878, at Paisley, his wife dying five years before at No. 100 Chestnut street, Toronto. Their children were: William B., Francis and John, deceased; Catherine, deceased, wife of George Sherwood, of Paisley; Frances, deceased, wife of James Patterson; Eleanor, deceased, who married John O'Neill, of New York; Henry Scott; and Frederick, deceased.

Henry Scott Leech grew to manhood in Toronto, and received his education in the schools of his city. He learned the painting trade, and this he followed for a number of years in connection with paper hanging. In 1875 he became a member of the fire department of Toronto, and with this he continued until his death, a period of twenty-nine years, being one of the oldest firemen, in point of service, in the city. Mr. Leech, like his paternal ancestors, was also fond of military life, and served his country during the Fenian raid, in 1866, receiving his medal for service.

In 1877 Mr. Leech married Miss Caroline Georgina McCaul, born in Ireland in 1854, daughter of John and Margaret (Wilson) McCaul, natives of Ireland. After the death of her husband, in Ireland, Mrs. McCaul came to Canada, and died in Toronto in 1876. Her children were: Mary Jane and Eliza, who died in Ireland; and Mrs. Leech. To Mr. and Mrs. Henry Scott Leech were born these children: Annette, widow of William Powell; Caroline, of New York City; John Scott, deceased; Frank, a bookkeeper, of Toronto; Ernest Henry, with the Toronto Fire Department; Jeanie Wilson; Ethel Victoria; and William Batoche. Mr. Leech was a member of the Church of England. He was a member of the Veterans '66 Association, and of the W.O.W.

FRANK OSTLEY, ex-councilman of East Gwillimbury, and a progressive and practical farmer of Lot 13, Concession 3, was born in

Whitechurch township, in March, 1863, son of William and Eliza (Druery) Ostley.

William Ostley was born in Berkshire, England, in 1838, and came to Canada in 1850, settling as a farmer in Bogart town, in Whitechurch. Later he removed to near Ravenshoe, in this township, working on a farm for some time, after which he purchased a tract on the 3rd Concession in Whitechurch, and continued farming there until his retirement, at which time he removed to Newmarket, and there he and his wife reside. They are connected with the English Church. William Ostley was a self-made man. Coming to Canada in, to say the least, straitened circumstances, he worked as a day laborer, and saved his money carefully until he was enabled to rent a farm. He retired from active life with a handsome competency, and he and his wife are highly esteemed by his neighbors and acquaintances. They had a family of five children, as follows: Frank; Amelia, born in 1865, resides in Whitechurch, where she married Robert Wreggitt; Henry, born in 1868, married Miss Harriet Rutledge, of Whitechurch, and they reside on the old homestead at Bogarttown, and have a daughter, Mabel Marie; Edwin, born in 1870, manager of a Toronto business firm, has traveled extensively and is a very well educated man; and Mary, born in 1876, was educated in the Newmarket high school, and lives with her parents in Newmarket.

Frank Ostley was educated in the district schools and the Newmarket high school. He remained at home until twenty-seven years of age, when he started in business for himself, and he has since followed agricultural pursuits. In June, 1890, he married Miss Jennie Playter, born in Whitechurch in 1861, daughter of John and Margaret (Lloyd) Playter, both deceased. After marriage Mr. and Mrs. Ostley settled on the old Wayling home, which Mr. Ostley's father had purchased, and here he has made many improvements, making the place one of the finest in the section.

Mr. and Mrs. Ostley have no children, but they are rearing Mrs. Ostley's niece, Evelyn Playter. Mr. Ostley has always been identified with the old Conservative party, and served four successive years as a member of the council—1901-1905. He is also a justice of the peace. He and his wife are connected with the English church. Mr. Ostley, always public-spirited and progressive, has ever held the welfare of his section in mind, and has supported every measure calculated to benefit the community. In this connection he was a promoter and one of the delegates to Ottawa in 1905, on the extension of the Trent Valley

Canal, heading the list of delegates and promoters.

THOMAS MITCHELL, of His Majesty's Customs, Toronto, was born in the city in 1844, and has resided there all his life.

The Mitchell family is of Scotch extraction, and the first to come to Canada was Thomas, father of the subject of this sketch. Born in Scotland in 1809, he remained there until he was twenty-seven years of age. He then came to Canada, and in that same year, 1836, married Miss Isabella Hamilton. Mrs. Mitchell was also Scotch and was born in 1815. After their marriage they spent a short time in Montreal, and during the following year, 1837, settled in Toronto, where Mr. Mitchell was in business as a builder until his death, in 1874. His wife survived him until 1899, when she, too, passed away in Toronto. Both were members of the Presbyterian Church, and he was of the Reform party in politics. Their children, all born in Toronto except the eldest, were as follows: Agnes, born in Montreal, wife of William Adamson, of Toronto; John, deceased; Jane, Mrs. W. J. Graham; Thomas; John and Mary, deceased; and Robert H., of Toronto.

Thomas Mitchell (2) was educated at the old model school on King street west, now developed into the model school at the John street public school. There he learned the builder's trade, and for a few years followed it, as had his father before him, but later took a position with the Globe Publishing Company, with which he remained for nine years. In 1877 he was appointed to a position in the Customs House and has been ever since discharging the duties of that office, with an efficiency which has proved his fitness for the place.

Twice married, Mr. Mitchell's first wife bore the maiden name of Elizabeth McNab. She was born in Montreal, and was married at the age of twenty-two years. Her death occurred in 1881, and four children survived her: Heron (now deceased), Jessie, Maggie and Isabella. Mr. Mitchell's second marriage was to Miss Elizabeth Shaw, who was born at Collingwood, daughter of Thos. Shaw. Four children were born to this union also, namely: Tirzah, Abner, Wilfred and Rhoda. Mr. Mitchell is a Presbyterian in his religious belief, as is his wife. In politics he is a Reformer, but does not take any active part in such matters. He is a strong lodge man, a member of the Masonic fraternity and of the A.O.U.W., and much interested in the welfare of those orders; for sixteen years he was a member of the Canadian militia, and was color sergeant in No. 5

Company, Q.O.R., when he retired. He is a man of many fine qualities, and is highly respected by all who know him.

PETER McINTOSH (deceased). Probably no man was better known or more highly respected in the business circles of Toronto than the late Peter McIntosh, who passed away at his home, No. 205 Carlton street, Jan. 13, 1899. Mr. McIntosh was the head of the well-known firm of Peter McIntosh & Son. He was born at Queenston, Ont., in 1830, son of Peter McIntosh (1), who was born at Glenquich, Perthshire, Scotland, in 1794.

Peter McIntosh (1), founder of the family in Canada, came in 1817. He took his first land in the township of Cavan, seven miles from what is now the town of Peterborough, in 1819. He used to tell about carrying the first bushel of potatoes that was planted in the township of Cavan twenty miles on his back. He remained on the land until he got his deed, and then went to Queenston where he married Catherine Stewart about the year 1824. He remained there until 1839, when he moved to North Easthope, when that section was first opened up, and there he resided until his death, in 1875, at the age of eighty-one. His wife died at Cavan about 1835.

Peter McIntosh, son of Peter (1), grew to manhood at the old home, and was reared to ways of thrift, honesty and industry, which characterized his entire life. On reaching his majority he engaged for a time in the milling and grain business at Galt, and also at Seaforth and Brantford, Ont., in 1876 moving the business to Toronto, where he founded the business of Peter McIntosh & Son, which he continued until his death. It then passed to his son, Peter James McIntosh, who had been the junior member of the firm, and at the latter's death the business was taken up by the latter's son, Reginald K. McIntosh, an able young business man of Toronto, who now manages the entire business.

Peter McIntosh was twice married. In 1854 he married Elizabeth Ker, daughter of Adam Ker, who was a prominent mill man, and who was the mayor of Galt, Ont., several times. By her he had two sons, Peter James and Adam Ker. Mr. McIntosh's second marriage occurred in 1878, when he married Jennie Holme, daughter of William Holme.

Mr. McIntosh was a devoted and consistent member of the Presbyterian Church. His political connections were with the Conservatives. He was a kind, sympathetic and lovable man, fond of his home and a devoted husband and father. He was ever ready to help those in

trouble, or who were struggling to make their way in the world. No one appealed to him in vain. In all business dealings he was a man of integrity and honesty, his word being as good as his bond, and he was well thought of by all. In his later years he spent a good deal of time with his wife in travelling.

William Holme, father of Mrs. McIntosh, was born in Carlisle, Cumberland, England, in 1783, and came to Canada about 1814. He was an early settler of Brant County, and at one time owned 1,000 acres of land on which the town of Paris is built, calling his place "Holme Hill Farm." He also owned about 600 acres of land adjoining the City of Brantford, Ont., naming the place "Holmedale," and this is now a part of the city of Brantford, and is still called by its original name of "Holmedale." Mr. Holme held a commission as justice of the peace for many years for the old district of Gore, and was a man of most loyal principles, devotedly attached to British institutions. He died in 1856, aged seventy-three.

REV. WILLIAM ALMON DESBRISAY, who died in Nova Scotia in 1905, could lay just claim to ancestry distinguished in both professional and military life, being the son of Dr. Thomas DesBrisay, grandson of Captain DesBrisay, and great-grandson of General DesBrisay. He was also a brother of the late Judge DesBrisay and of Dr. Thomas DesBrisay, of Lunenburg, Nova Scotia.

Rev. William A. DesBrisay was born in 1826, and received his education in the schools of his native locality. He attended Harvard College, and later matriculated at Yale University, after which he spent some time in the ministry in the United States, and then removed to Nova Scotia, where he labored in the faith of the English Church until his death. Mrs. DesBrisay, who survives her husband and resides in Toronto, is a descendant of an United Empire Loyalist family, her maiden name being Sarah Emma Smith. Her grandfather, George Smith, was an United Empire Loyalist, and was the founder of this family in Canada. He settled at Oromocto, N.B., where he spent a long and useful life engaged in agricultural pursuits, dying when over one hundred years of age. Among his children was a son, William Sherman Smith, the father of Mrs. DesBrisay. He was born in New Brunswick, and on reaching manhood became an extensive lumber merchant, an occupation which he followed until his death, in 1878. His wife was Matilda Campbell, born near Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, a descendant of the



P. M. Smith

Campbells of "Breadalbane," Argyleshire, Scotland.

At the time of her marriage to Mr. DesBrisay, Mrs. DesBrisay was the widow of the late Dr. L. P. Tocque, son of Rev. Philip Tocque, a prominent Anglican divine and author. Dr. Tocque was a graduate of Harvard University, and a well-known practitioner of New Brunswick. He left four children: Reginald, captain of an ocean liner plying between England and India; May; Chauncey and Edith Campbell.

To the Rev. W. A. DesBrisay and his wife was born one daughter, Henrietta. Rev. W. A. DesBrisay was a writer of some reputation, and his contributions were gladly accepted by religious and secular publications. Among his best known poetical works may be named "Ethelina," "Sacred Poetry," "Asphodels and Moses," etc.

LUKE GIBBONS, generally known as "Squire Gibbons," who for over twenty years has occupied the responsible and honorable position of Commissioner of the Court of the King's Bench, in Osgoode Hall, Toronto, is one of the prominent men of County York. His whole life has been passed in the home he still occupies, a farm in Concession 3, Lot 31, King township, where he was born, April 23, 1849, son of Patrick and Catherine (Banks) Gibbons.

Patrick Gibbons was born in County Mayo, Ireland, March 16, 1806, son of Luke Gibbons, who lived and died in that county. Patrick came to Canada in 1830, landing in Quebec after an eight weeks' voyage. He proceeded almost immediately to County York, secured employment with William Lloyd, a farmer of King township, and remained with him fourteen years. By that time he was able to buy a farm for himself, and he settled down on a tract of wild land on Concession 3, Lot 31, which has been the Gibbons homestead ever since. He cleared this and made it into a good farm, working on it up to the time of his death, Dec. 26, 1876. In 1830 he married Bridget Burke, who died about 1838, the mother of three children; Mary, who married Andrew O'Brien, and went North; Michael, who died young; and John, who went to Western Ontario in his boyhood and there married Elizabeth Callaghan and died in 1883, leaving children in that section. In 1844 Mr. Gibbons married Miss Catherine Banks, only daughter of James and Catherine (McCormick) Banks. She was born in County Sligo, in 1808, and came to Canada alone when a young lady, her parents remaining in their native land, where the mother reached the extreme age of ninety-

nine years and six months, and the father ninety-nine years and nine months. Mrs. Gibbons faithfully shared all the hardships of the pioneer life which was their lot during the earlier part of their marriage and brought up a family of four children. She passed away in her home, March 27, 1882.

Both Patrick Gibbons and his wife were devout Catholics and active in church work. He was one of a committee of six who founded and built the first Catholic Church of Newmarket and also helped to secure the later church, built in 1870. He was a Reformer in his views of political questions, but never sought to hold any office. Mr. Gibbons was a man of unusual intellectual powers, well trained in his youth and had many scholarly attainments. His children have inherited his mental traits, and both daughters have been successful teachers. (1) James, the oldest son, born in 1845, went into the cattle business, as a drover, selling his stock in Toronto. He married Miss Mary Canon, of King township, and they made their home permanently at Ingersoll. There he died, April 8, 1890, leaving his wife with two children, Joseph and Annie. (2) Luke. (3) Catherine born in 1851, was educated in the King township schools, where she also taught three or four years. She is now teaching in the East Indies. (4) Annie, born in 1853, taught in the county schools until her marriage to the late Dr. William Canon, a dentist of Toronto. Mrs. Canon learned the profession from her husband, and since his death has herself carried on the business. She has four children, Fred, Herbert, Clara and Philo.

Luke Gibbons was given an unusually careful education, beginning in the home schools. From these he progressed to the Newmarket high school, and then to the Toronto Normal School, from which he was graduated in 1873. He taught in the States of Ohio and Michigan the following three years. He then returned to County York and after spending the next seven years engaged in farming, received in 1885 the appointment of Commissioner of the Court of King's Bench, with headquarters at Osgoode Hall, Toronto. This position he still holds, and has proved himself most efficient. From 1892 to 1905 he also served as justice of the peace for County York, and was offered the place of County Commissioner, but declined it. He is an adherent of the Reform party. Aside from his official work, Mr. Gibbons has always maintained a keen interest in the agricultural progress of his section of the county. He is himself a large landowner, and besides his father's homestead, on which he has made his home since his marriage, he owns 300 acres

more in the township. For four years he has been president of the North York Farmers' Institute, and is one of its most active promoters. Fraternaly he belongs to Newmarket Lodge, United Workmen.

Mrs. Gibbons was before her marriage Miss Annie Menton, a daughter of John and Annie (Canon) Menton, old Toronto residents. John Menton was from Ireland, where he had been a teacher. He and his wife both died in Toronto, where they had always made their home after coming to Canada. Of their children, four besides Mrs. Gibbons are living, namely: William, a contractor in Toronto; Patrick is a retired contractor; Michael is in the same business in Toronto; and Kate is a dressmaker in that city. Mrs. Gibbons grew up in Toronto, receiving quite a good education, and in 1885 married Mr. Gibbons. Two sons and a daughter have been born to them, viz.: John J., born April 8, 1886, a student of the Newmarket high school; Frank L., born Jan. 25, 1890, also a high school student; and Mary Florence, born Nov. 14, 1895, attending the Toronto separate schools. The family are all connected with the Roman Catholic Church, in which they are all prominent. They hold a high place in the esteem of all who know them. Mr. Gibbons is a man of great force of character and of marked ability, and well deserves the confidence which is placed in him.

DR. EMERSON BULL, one of County York's leading citizens, who has been engaged in the practice of his profession at Lambton Mills, Etobicoke township, was born in York township, July 25, 1863, son of Thomas and Anna (Codey) Bull, the former born in York township, Dec. 15, 1820, son of Thomas, Sr., and Fannie (Goulding) Bull.

Thomas Bull, Sr., and his wife came from Ireland among the early settlers of York township, where they died, leaving a large family: Eliza, who married James Wardlaw; Mary, who married John Charleton, of Weston; Thomas; Robert, a farmer of York township, who married M. J. Jackson; Edmund, a farmer of Toronto township, County Peel; Fanny, who married A. Stephenson, of Sutton West, County York; and Alice, the wife of Samuel Littlejohn, of County York.

Thomas Bull grew to manhood in his native locality, and there received his education. In his youth he engaged in the nursery and fruit growing business, and continued therein until 1895, in which year he retired. Mr. Bull died Feb. 20, 1906, at his home in Weston, where he had removed. His wife passed away in 1901. Mr. and Mrs. Bull were long members of the

Methodist Church, in which he was an officer for many years. In politics he was a Conservative, but he never aspired to office. Mr. and Mrs. Bull had a family of eight children: Harriet, who married William Riggs, of Detroit, Michigan, and has these children—Annie, Lina, Amy, William and Elmer; Mary, deceased, who married Thomas Taite, of Toronto, and had one son, William; Misses Frances and Eliza, at home; Misses Alice and Carrie, teachers in the Toronto schools; Dr. Emerson; and Dr. John, who was educated at the Weston High School and the Toronto University, at which latter place he graduated in medicine, who is now located in the village of Holland, County Grey (he married Miss Emma Norton, and has four children—John B., Thomas H., Muriel A. and Bartholomew).

Dr. Emerson Bull grew to manhood at the old home in York township, and attended the Weston high school. When a young man he taught school for four years. In 1886 he entered the Toronto University, from which he was graduated in 1889, with high honors. He at once began the practice of his profession at Thorold, County Welland, and later took a course at the post-graduate colleges of New York City, and in 1893 settled at Lambton Mills, where he has since practised his profession with great success. He is serving as health officer for his township, and coroner of the county. After locating in this village Dr. Bull acquired real estate and has been one of the most progressive citizens in his neighborhood, always supporting every measure calculated to advance the moral and physical welfare of the people. He has always taken a keen interest in educational matters, and has served many years on the Collegiate Institute Board of Toronto Junction, being chairman in 1904. His religious connection is with the Methodist Church. The Doctor is a Conservative in politics. Fraternaly he is connected with the Masons, being past master of Mimico Lodge of Lambton; and with the Canadian Order of Foresters and the I.O.F. of Lambton Mills.

CHARLES J. H. WINSTANLEY, of the Royal Mail Service, with headquarters at Toronto, is a native of the Queen City and a son of the late Dr. Orlando Salathiel Winstanley.

The family is of English extraction and was founded in Canada by the Rev. Charles Winstanley, M.A., formerly curate of the parish at Wigginton. The Rev. Charles Winstanley was born in London, England (within the Sound of Bow Bells), in 1796, and there married Miss Elizabeth White, by whom he had children: Dr. Orlando S.; Edward; Israel; Richard; Osi-

as, and Mary Catharine. In 1843 the Reverend Winstanley came to Toronto, where he remained for some time, but later established a home at Scarboro Heights, known as "Falling Brook." Here he died in 1847, his wife passing away in 1859.

Dr. Orlando Salathiel Winstanley was born at Wigginton, Oxfordshire, England, Dec. 5, 1823. His literary education was under the direction of various clergymen of the Church of England, and about 1840 he began the study of medicine at Devonport, attended the London Medical School, and the London Hospital from 1841-1844. He passed his examination before the Royal College of Surgeons, in England, 1844, and also the Apothecaries Company, then necessary to general practice. In 1845 Dr. Winstanley married Mary Maria Andrews, daughter of Captain Andrews, of the Royal Navy, of Cornwall, England. In the year of his marriage Dr. Winstanley came to Toronto, and joined his father's family. As his father was in feeble health, the Doctor did not engage in practice until the former's death in 1847. After a brief visit to the United States, the Doctor returned to Toronto, and engaged actively in the practice of his profession. Although his practice was all that could be asked, the Doctor preferred a rural location, and consequently, in 1849, he purchased a fifty acre tract of land fronting on Kingston road and running to the lake, from his brother, Edward. He later sold this place to Peter Patterson, who built thereon a fine home and laid the grounds out into what is known as Blantyre Park. The lake frontage of this property is Victoria Park. Blantyre Park was recently acquired as a site for an industrial school for Roman Catholic boys. At this location Dr. Winstanley practiced for two years, and then spent one year at Thornhill. In 1851 he went to Bondhead, County Simecoe, and in 1852 to Willowdale, then again to Thornhill, thence to Eglinton, at which place he practiced until about 1865, when he again settled in Toronto, and continued in practice until 1883. On account of poor health he removed in that year to California, intending to spend the winter, but he found the climate so beneficial that he settled in that location, where he spent the remainder of his life, dying in 1893. His wife's death occurred in 1885. To Dr. and Mrs. Winstanley were born children as follows: Charles J. H.; Miss Augusta Ann Elizabeth, resides in California; Emily, the wife of W. H. Banks, of Toronto, has three children—Stanley, Ethel and Florence; Roland is deceased; Ada Helen, the wife of A. J. H. McMichael of Toronto, has four children—Albert, Mary,

Charles and Leila; Frederick, of California, married Emilie Patterson, daughter of the late Peter Patterson, of Toronto; Alexander, of Missoula, Montana, U.S.A., and his wife, Alice, have one son, Edward; Edith, the wife of E. G. Dunbar, of London, England, has one daughter, Harriet; Laura, the wife of the late W. W. Squire, of London, England, has three children Mary, William, Elsie; and Caroline, died young.

Charles J. H. Winstanley was born at the corner of Peter and King streets, Toronto, in 1847, and is just thirteen years younger than the city in which he was born. He was educated in Upper Canada College and in private schools. On Nov. 12, 1867, when only twenty years of age he was appointed to the Royal Mail Service, as a clerk in the Toronto post-office. In 1869 he was promoted to the railway division of the service, and in 1883 became superintendent of that division. In 1897 he was appointed clerk in charge of the postoffice inspector's office, with headquarters at Toronto, and in 1905 Assistant Postoffice Inspector of the Toronto Postal Division. Mr. Winstanley is the oldest official in His Majesty's Mail Service in Toronto. He understands the work from "A to Z," as he began at the bottom of the ladder and worked his way through the various positions to the one he now so ably fills.

On June. 5, 1877, Mr. Winstanley was married to Mrs. Emily R. Howitt, daughter of Richard Brewer, an early settler of Toronto. Mrs. Winstanley, like her husband, is a native of Toronto, where the greater part of her life has been spent. Mr. and Mrs. Winstanley have no children, having lost their only son some years ago. They are consistent members of the Church of England.

WILLIAM WILLCOCKS BALDWIN, who departed this life in 1892 in the city of Toronto, was born there in 1830. He was a son of the late Hon. Robert Baldwin, one of Ontario's well-known public men.

William Willcocks Baldwin was educated at Upper Canada College, and some time thereafter located on a fine farm at Lake Willcocks, known as the "Larchmere," on Oak Ridges, where he remained for a number of years. Locating in Toronto, Mr. Baldwin was made issuer of law stamps at Osgoode Hall, a position he held until his death. William Willcocks Baldwin was twice married, (first) to Miss McDougall, by whom he had one daughter, Mrs. C. T. Whitney, of Toronto. Mr. Baldwin married (second) Miss S. M. Yarwood, daughter of William Stephen Yarwood, a native of England, whose wife was a Griffin.

Mr. Yarwood and his family located in Canada in January, 1883, settling for a time at Kingston, and then going to Quebec where Mr. Yarwood died. To the second marriage of William W. Baldwin were born these children: Dr. H. Y., who married and has three children; R. W. Y., of Paris, Ont., who married Miss Armstrong, and has four children—Y. Y., Dorothy, Elwood and Herbert W. Y.; S. Y., of the United States, who married Miss Murray, daughter of Susan Murray, and has two children—S. V. M. and Leslie; Mrs. Hamilton Casseles; Mrs. Lesslie; Mrs. R. A. Robinson; and Mrs. C. T. Whiting, of Toronto.

Mr Baldwin was a member of the Church of England. In politics he was a Conservative.

WILLIAM MANDEVILLE MERRITT, who passed away in Scotland in 1898, was a well-known and highly esteemed citizen of Toronto, and a leading member of the Ontario Bar. Mr. Merritt was born at St. Thomas, Ont., in 1844, son of J. C. Merritt, at one time a business man of London, Ontario.

William M. Merritt received his education at the University of Toronto, and was called to the Bar, beginning legal practice at Guelph, where he continued until 1875. He soon settled in Toronto and became a member of the well-known firm of Rose, Macdonald & Merritt, and continued actively engaged at his profession until his death, declining all offers of civic or political honors. Mr. Merritt is survived by his widow, whose maiden name was E. Robertson. She is a native of Scotland, daughter of David Trons Robertson, for many years city Chamberlain of Edinburgh. Mrs. Merritt came to Canada in 1872, and since that time has made her home in Toronto.

Mr. Merritt was a member of the Church of England, as is his widow, and was regular in attendance and liberal in support. In politics he was a Conservative, and although without ambition for official honors for himself, he took great interest in the success of his party.

EDWARD LEMON, who passed away at his late residence, No 28 Grove avenue, Toronto, Jan. 31, 1901, was one of the leading business men and highly esteemed citizens of the Queen City, and was well known all over Ontario. Mr. Lemon was born at Westleigh, Devonshire, England, in 1833, son of William Lemon, who died in that country.

Edward Lemon was educated in England, and in business was engaged as a butcher for some time prior to 1858, when he came to Toronto and engaged in the cattle business, in which he continued until his death. He was an

extensive dealer in cattle, both local and foreign, and was particularly well and favorably known by the best stock raisers in Western Ontario, where he travelled for many years. He always advocated amongst the farmers the wisdom of good breeding and good feeding of cattle, and encouraged advancement in this line by always offering the highest prices for this class of stock. He managed the first shipment of dressed beef from this country to England, the shipment being made by the William Davies Company, and he also had to do with the first shipment of live cattle from Canada to England. In his many years of business Mr. Lemon shipped large quantities of stock to foreign and home markets, and in every detail of his business was a man of strict integrity, thereby gaining the full confidence of the people with whom he did business.

In 1862, four years after coming to Canada, Mr. Lemon returned to England and married Miss Maria Hooper, a native of the parish of Huutshaw, England, born in 1832, daughter of Rowland and Elizabeth (Beer) Hooper, farming people of England, the former of whom died when seventy-three years of age, and the latter in her eighty-seventh year.

To Mr. and Mrs. Lemon were born two children, namely: (1) William Edward, born Aug. 11, 1863, is assistant postmaster at Toronto. On Oct. 19, 1887, he married Annie E. Burry, and they have had six children: Lancelot Barton William, who died aged four and one-half years; Roland George Hooper, who died aged three years; Edward Dudley; Wilma Marie; Hilda Burry; and Alvin Vietor. (2) Henrietta Tamsin, born Aug. 24, 1868, died at Toronto, Oct. 16, 1905. She married, Oct. 23, 1889, Edward Thomas Alexander, and had four children: Vera Lemon; Henrietta Edna; Merza Estelle; and Ruth Duncan.

In his religious connection Mr. Edward Lemon was a member of the Church of England, while his widow is a Methodist. In politics he was a Conservative, and he was a member of St. George's Society of Toronto. His late residence, at No. 28 Grove Avenue, Toronto, was built by him in 1887, and there his widow still resides.

FREDERICK AUGUSTUS THAYER, who died in Vancouver, B.C., Aug. 5, 1903, was one of Toronto's most highly esteemed citizens and energetic business men. Mr. Thayer was born in Montreal in 1855, son of Jesse and Sophia Thayer, natives of Scotland.

Jesse Thayer was the founder of the family in Canada, settling in Montreal, where he was a wholesale dry goods merchant. He died

about 1865, while his wife passed away about 1856. It may thus be seen that Frederick Augustus Thayer was left without a mother when less than one year old, and without a father when ten years old. Thrown upon his own resources he set to work to make his own way in the world. He was educated in Montreal, whence he went to Ottawa, and thence to Toronto, settling in the latter place when but seventeen years of age. Here he found employment with Mr. J. G. Joseph, in the jewelry business, steadily rising in the business, until he became head bookkeeper and financial manager, and remaining until 1878, when the business was closed, and about three years later, in 1881, Mr. Thayer embarked in the jewelry business on his own account, at No. 3 Wellington street, continuing there until 1890. He then closed out his business to become a commercial salesman, in which capacity he became well known from the Atlantic to the Pacific, being one of the most popular men on the road. There he continued until his death.

In 1878 Mr. Thayer married Miss Mary Ann Thomson, born in Montreal in 1854, daughter of James and Barbara (Holmes) Thomson, and granddaughter of Johnston Thomson, the founder of the family in Canada. Settling in Montreal, Johnston Thomson followed the foundry business for some time, and then removed to Texas, where he died. His children were: James, William, John, Robert and Ann. James Thomson, father of Mrs. Thayer, was born at Glasgow, and was a well-known merchant in Montreal, where he was for some time engaged in the wholesale crockery business, and where he died in 1864. His widow survived him until 1893, and at her death left these children: Barbara, the widow of Charles Tuygey, of Montreal; Margaret, who died in 1904, unmarried; Ann, widow of J. W. Paton, of Toronto; John Holmes, of Montreal; Mary A., Mrs. Thayer; William James, who died in 1902; Johnston Robert, of Detroit; Charles Alexander, of Montreal; and Florence McGuffin. Mr. and Mrs. Thomson were members of the Presbyterian Church.

To Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Augustus Thayer were born these children: James Thomson, deceased; Percival Norman, deceased; Frederick Henry Arthur, who has taken up the jewelry business, and has proved himself as able a business man as was his father; and Reginald Montague and Ida May, at home. Mr. Thayer was a member of the Church of England. In politics he was a Conservative, and in fraternal connection a member of the I.O.O.F. and the I.O.F. Mrs. Thayer resides on Glin avenue, Deer Park, the home of her late husband.

EDWARD TRENT, deceased, one of the well-known and highly esteemed farmers of Whitechurch township, owner of the Oakley farm, was born in Somersetshire, England, Jan. 3, 1828, son of Samuel and Susannah (Chant) Trent.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Trent came to Canada in 1840 and for a time lived near Toronto, after which they located on the farm in Whitechurch, which Mr. Trent cleared from the bush. In his native country Samuel Trent had been a man of wealth, but he lost largely through unfortunate investments, this loss, however, being partly covered by him in the new country, where at the time of his death he owned large properties obtained through speculation. Mr. Trent died in 1865, after which his wife resided with her daughter, Mrs. George Bishop, until her death, in 1884. Their five children were: (1) William, born in England, was brought up and educated there. He married Miss Seymour of Hartford, and settled as a merchant in Newmarket, keeping a general store for some years, and then removed to Toronto, where he died in 1881, leaving his widow with one son, H. E. Trent, a business man of the Queen City. (2) Henry, born in England, married a Miss Curry, of York County, and settled on Yonge street, Whitechurch, as a farmer, his farm adjoining that of Edward's. Thence he removed to Stayner, where he still resides. He and his wife had ten children, Bessie, Harry, William, Samuel, Arthur, Augustus, Hattie, Albert, Jennie and Frank. (3) Ellen, born in England, married John Culberwell, now deceased, of Toronto, and has six children, Carrie, Lillian, Isat, John, Annie and Bessie. (4) Elizabeth, born in England, is the wife of George Bishop, a retired farmer of Meaford, Ontario, and has eight children, Isaac, Susan, George, Henry, Samuel, William, Ellen and Sarah. (5) Edward is the subject proper of this article.

Edward Trent received a part of his education in the mother country, continuing his studies in Canada. He grew up on the homestead. In 1858 he was married in St. Paul's Church, Newmarket, to Miss Isabella Pegg, who was born in York township in 1837, daughter of Joseph and Margaret Pegg, representatives of York County's old pioneer families. After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Trent settled on his father's farm, the old homestead, and there continued until 1897, when their home was destroyed by fire. Mr. Trent then built the present home, where he resided until his death, in May, 1884. His wife died in October, 1887. They were consistent members of the Church of England, and in political sentiment he was a Conservative. To Mr. and Mrs. Edward Trent

was born a family of eleven children: Helena, born at the present home in 1860, and educated in the high school, after her father's death took charge of the children's homestead, where she still resides. Emma M., born in 1862, is the wife of Thomas H. Scott, merchant, of Toronto, and has three sons, Edward F. (of the post office department, Toronto), Percival Garfield and Thomas H., going to school. Frederick A., born in 1863, married Minnie Hooper, and has three daughters, Edith, Hazel and Reva; he owns one of the home farms adjoining that of his father. William W., born in 1866, married Miss Mary Clark and resides in King; they have three children, Edna, William and Arthur. Annie Isabella, born in 1869, married Charles W. Scott, of Toronto, and has one son, Walter Earl, who is going to school. Maud Louisa, born in 1871, is the wife of John Wesley, now of Toronto, formerly of the country, and has five children, Carrie, Cleland, Victor, Marjorie and Athol. Reginald Chant Dodge, born in 1873, is unmarried; he owns the homestead. Martha Elizabeth Mary, born in 1875, resides at the homestead. Edward L., born in 1877, owns one of the farm homes and lives in Newmarket; he married Rosa Hanmer. Florence Margaret, born in 1879, was educated in the Newmarket high school, and is a trained nurse. Violet Beatrice, born in 1883, resides at the homestead.

W. B. HENDRY, B.A., M.B. Among the younger men who are rapidly making for themselves a name in the medical profession of Toronto is Dr. W. B. Hendry, a Canadian by birth and parentage.

W. J. Hendry, his father, was born of Highland Scottish parents who came to Canada in 1832, settling finally at Mimico, where the old homestead still stands. There he received his early education and afterwards qualified for a teacher at the Toronto Normal School. After teaching at Queensville and Clarkson he came to Toronto thirty-five years ago, and has been connected with the Toronto public schools ever since. He was first superintendent of the Victoria Industrial School, and for the past fifteen years has been treasurer of the Ontario Educational Association. At present he is principal of Jesse Ketchum school, with which he has been connected for over thirty years. In 1872 he married Miss Charlotte Shook, of Clarkson, Ont., whose parents were United Empire Loyalists, and since then has raised a family of four, three sons and one daughter, all of whom are still living.

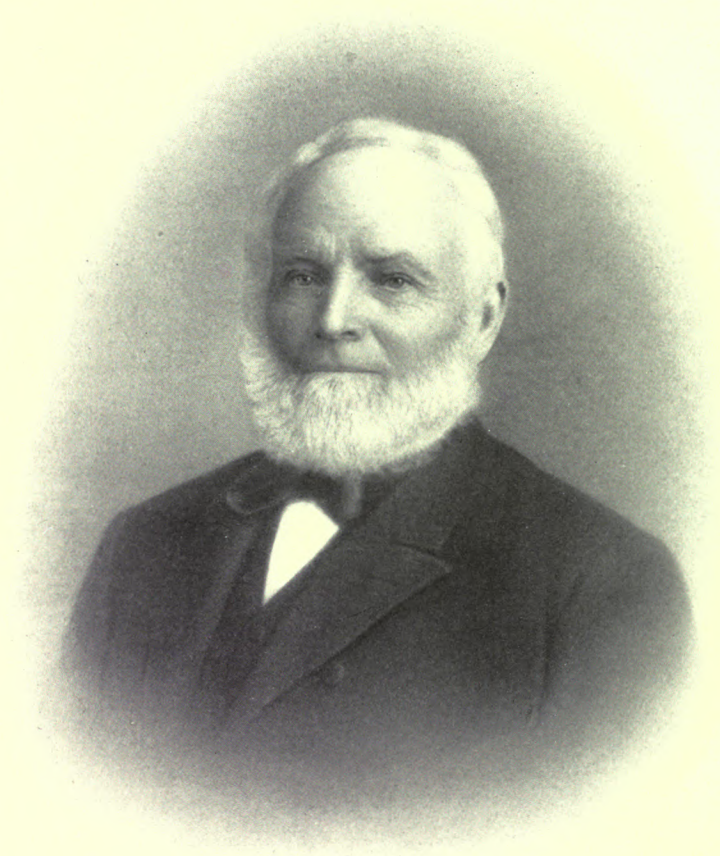
William B. Hendry, the second son, born in 1874, received his early education in the Toronto public schools and Parkdale Collegiate Institute.

Matriculating with honors in 1891, he at once entered University College, Toronto, from which institution he received an Arts degree with honors in 1895. After obtaining a specialist's certificate in Mathematics and Modern Languages from the School of Pedagogy, he was appointed Mathematical Master at Ridley College, St. Catharines, where he remained until he gave up teaching four years later to enter upon the study of medicine. In the fall of 1900 he registered as a medical student at the University of Toronto, and received his degree in 1904. In July of the same year he was appointed house surgeon at the Toronto General Hospital for a year and a half, and for the latter six months was appointed senior resident physician. Since leaving the hospital he has been engaged in private practice at No. 197 Carlton street, Toronto.

GEORGE TAYLOR, late of Todmorden, one of the pioneers of the region about the Don, bore a name well known through York, Scarborough, Vaughan and Markham townships. He and his two brothers were the largest land owners in that section, holding thousands of acres in the Don valley. His various business interests included holdings in some of the most important institutions of the Dominion, and he was a friend of some of the most prominent men in Canada. Mr. Taylor's death, which occurred May 17, 1894, deprived Ontario of one of its most valued citizens, and one whose career reflected equal honor upon himself and the country which gave him his opportunities.

In 1821, after a tedious voyage of seven weeks, John and Margaret (Hawthorne) Taylor, the founders of this family in the New World, arrived from England in New York, and for some four years the family lived in Cherry Valley, New York. Mrs. Taylor died in 1824, and in the following year her husband brought the family to Vaughan township, County York, Ont., settling on a farm. At the end of nine years he removed to the Don valley, where the name of Taylor has now become a household word. The original home was higher up the river than the present one, being located at the forks of the Don. There John Taylor died, leaving three sons, George, Thomas and John.

These three brothers combined their interests and carried on their enterprises jointly. Their property in the Don valley comprised one thousand acres, while in York County they acquired in time three thousand acres in all. In 1840 they put up on the Don one of the first paper mills erected in the province of Ontario, afterward adding others, while in 1845 they opened an office in Toronto, their lands on the Don adjoin-



George Taylor

ing the city. They also established and operated both saw and flour mills, and rapidly became men of great wealth. After John Taylor's death the two remaining brothers combined the business under the firm name of Thomas Taylor & Brother. In 1880 Thomas Taylor retired, and George Taylor handed over the management of his affairs to his sons, John F., George A. and William Thomas, the junior firm establishing the large brick works on the Don now carried on by one of the sons-in-law of the senior George Taylor, Mr. Robert Davies.

In addition to his private affairs George Taylor had numerous important interests, being a large shareholder in the *Globe*; he was a personal friend of Hon. George Brown; he was for many years a director in the Canadian Bank of Commerce and also in the Ontario Loan & Investment Company, of Toronto. But in public matters he played little part save his activities in school affairs, he serving as a member of the board of education for a long time. However, he was a strong Reformer, and in every sense a good citizen, one who did not seek political power or notoriety, but endeavoring to promote to his utmost the real progress of his city. In his religious belief he was a devout Methodist and a liberal contributor to the Anglican Church, and the ministers always found a hearty welcome and whole-souled entertainment in his home. Mr. Taylor was also a member of the York Pioneers, and took an active interest in the proceedings of that society. He, like his brothers, was not only known as a man of wealth, but one whose influence was widely felt in many different spheres, and always for good. He was noted for his kindness of heart, which made him beloved wherever he was known.

Twice married, Mr. Taylor's first wife was Miss Caroline Bright, who was born in Toronto, daughter of Thomas and Jane Bright, pioneers of that place, and natives of Yorkshire, England. Mrs. Taylor died in 1868, leaving eight children. Two years later Mr. Taylor visited England and while there met Miss Annie Hollins, of Staffordshire, who became his wife. She was a daughter of John and Edith Hollins, natives of England, of whose ten children only one besides Mrs. Taylor survives, namely, Edward Hollins, of Staffordshire, England. Mrs. Taylor received a careful education and is a woman of genuine culture.

There were no children by Mr. Taylor's second union. We have the following record of those of the first marriage: (1) Annie E. is the wife of David Smith, of the firm of Rolph, Smith & Co., of Toronto, and has one son, Harold T. (2) John F. Taylor, the eldest son, married Miss Elizabeth Patterson, of Patterson, Vaughan

township, and died leaving one daughter, Katie E., who lives with her mother in Toronto. (3) Margaret M. is the wife of Robert Davies, of Todmorden, a prominent business man. They have nine children. (4) George A. lives at the homestead, unmarried. (5) Carrie A. was married March 17, 1880, to Archibald Henderson, son of the late Alexander Henderson, who was a prominent wholesale merchant and civil official of Toronto. Archibald Henderson was the sixth in a family of nine children, and was born in Toronto Jan. 5, 1856. He received his education in the model schools and Upper Canada College, from which he was graduated, after which he entered the Bank of Montreal, in Toronto, as a junior clerk. While there employed he was married, and the young couple first settled in St. Mary's, later moving to Almonte, Ont., then back to Toronto, to which place Mr. Henderson was transferred as accountant for the same bank, with which he was connected in all for fifteen years. On leaving the services of that institution on account of impaired health, Mr. Henderson settled on a fruit farm near Beamsville, Ont., to the cultivation of which he devoted himself for the following five years. Returning to Toronto at the end of that time, he lived there in retirement until his death, which occurred Oct. 25, 1898. He was a highly capable man of business, and attained an enviable reputation in his work, although obliged by ill health to relinquish his chosen calling at a comparatively early age. To Mr. and Mrs. Henderson were born five children: George T. and Annie, deceased in childhood; Emily L., wife of Reginald Kerr McIntosh, a prominent manufacturer of Toronto (one daughter, Emily Ruth); Maggie Macdonald, and Carrie Alway. (6) Emily, twin of Carrie A., died in March, 1900. (7) Louisa J. married W. C. Tasker, of Toronto, and has one son, Reginald. (8) William Thomas is engaged in business as a member of an oil firm in Toronto. He married Miss Isabella McLellan, of Toronto, and has five children, Edna E., George G., Beatrice B., Lawrence L. and Carrie C. This family has a handsome home in Todmorden.

The widow of George Taylor now resides at Beechwood, Todmorden. The old original Taylor homestead, situated on the Don Mills road, a mile from the city limits, is a large two-story brick residence of substantial construction, and one of the landmarks of the locality.

DR. GEORGE WILLIAM OGILVIE DOWSLEY, a well-known physician and surgeon of Toronto, whose office and residence is located at No. 147 Cowan avenue, is a member of a family long identified with Canada.

The Dowsley family is of French Huguenot extraction, came to Ireland in Cromwell's army, and obtained land grants for military service. The first of whom there are definite records is Thomas Dowsley, great-great-grandfather of the Doctor. He died in 1810. His son was James, who died in 1820, leaving a son, George, born in August, 1799, whose son, Rev. Andrew McKee Dowsley, was the father of our subject. The Dowsley family was founded in Canada in 1820, and for many years resided in the vicinity of Brockville. George Dowsley, grandfather of our subject, was a well-known business man for many years. His wife was Eliza Brown, daughter of Kennedy Brown, of Moneymore, County Antrim, and they had these children: Kennedy Brown, John, William Henry, James, Rev. Andrew McKee, George, Jane Maria and Eliza.

Rev. Andrew McKee Dowsley was born at Brockville in 1844 and for many years was a missionary of the Church of Scotland in India and China, being superannuated some time prior to his death, which occurred in 1894. His wife was Jane Ogilvie, born at Campbellford, Ont., daughter of William Ogilvie, a business man of that place. One son and three daughters were born to the Rev. and Mrs. Dowsley: Dr. George W. O., Martha Eliza, Beatrice, and Maud.

Dr. George William Ogilvie Dowsley was born at Madras, India, in 1877, and received his literary training in the public and high schools of Campbellford and Edinburgh. In 1895 he entered the Medical Department of the University of Toronto, and in 1899 was graduated with the degree of M.B. Immediately thereafter, the Doctor located at Michipicoten, where he was surgeon for the Lake Superior Power Company until settling in Toronto in 1902, since which time he has engaged in the general practice of medicine and surgery.

The Doctor is a Presbyterian in religious faith and a Conservative in politics. He is connected with the I.O.O.F., the A.O.U.W., the Toronto Medical Society, etc.

FRANCIS HEYDON. Probably no man has been more closely identified with the interests and material advancement of Toronto Junction, Ont., than the late Francis Heydon, whose name appears at the head of this sketch. Before speaking at length of this well-known citizen, however, a brief survey of the family from its foundation in Canada will be given, which without doubt will be of great interest to the residents of County York.

The Heydon family is of Irish extraction and was founded in Canada by James Heydon, born in Queen's County, Ireland, where he married Bridget Foy, born on the Emerald Isle in 1791.

In 1826 James Heydon left his native country to seek a home in the New World, and on reaching Canada made his way at once to Toronto (or Muddy York, as it was then known), shortly thereafter removing to the Gore of Toronto township, where he was engaged in agricultural pursuits until his death in 1859; his wife passed away in 1857. Their family consisted of the following children: John, deceased, was a builder; Catherine married Alexander Hamilton, and both are deceased; Mary, deceased, was the wife of James Essey; Michael, deceased, was an extensive farmer in Toronto Gore township; Ann married Patrick Brophy; James, deceased, was a resident of Toronto; Francis; Margaret, deceased, married Thomas Doyle; and Daniel was a farmer on the old homestead.

Francis Heydon was born in Toronto in 1830, and he received his education and grew to manhood in the Gore of Toronto township, whither his father had removed when Francis was but a lad. On reaching his majority he engaged in the hotel business at Malton, where he continued for seven years, and was also engaged in that business in Vaughan township, County York, continuing there until 1867. At this time he located in Toronto Junction, then but a hamlet, and this was his home until his death in 1906. On locating in Toronto Junction Mr. Heydon opened the "Durham Heifer Hotel," the first in the place, occupying the site of the present "Heydon House," a modern hostelry at the corner of Weston road and St. Clair avenue. He continued proprietor of the former hotel until 1886, when he sold the property to his son, A. J. Heydon, and settled at the corner of King street and Davenport road, which was his home the remainder of his life. The "Heydon House" is one of the finest in this part of Canada. Toronto Junction owes much of its business prosperity and general attractiveness to Mr. Heydon, who was ever foremost in the support of movements calculated to be of benefit to the community. For seven years he was a member of the council, and his opinions always carried great weight in the decisions of that august body. A successful business man himself, he was ever ready to assist those who were not so successful, and his charities were numerous. In his religious belief he was a Roman Catholic. His politics were those of the Reform party.

In 1860 Mr. Francis Heydon and Miss Isabella Gracey were united in marriage. She was born in Etobicoke township, County York, a member of an old and honored family (being a cousin of late Col. Gracey), founded in Canada by Alexander Gracey in 1820. The latter had six children, of whom Alexander (1) was the

grandfather of Mrs. Heydon. The latter was born at County Down, Ireland, and was a pioneer of Etobicoke township, where he resided all of his life, dying there in 1857. Alexander Gracey (2) was born in County Down, Ireland, in 1815, and was therefore but five years of age when the family came to Canada. He was a lifelong agriculturist in Etobicoke township, where he died in 1895. In 1838 he was married to Mary Smyth, born in Tipperary, Ireland, daughter of Thomas and Mary (Lubey) Smyth, whose other children were: John, of Texas; Margaret, whose death occurred in 1905; Patrick, deceased; Thomas, deceased; James, deceased; William, deceased; Philip, deceased; and Eliza, who married James Dwyer. Mrs. Mary (Smyth) Gracey is still living. To Alexander and Mary (Smyth) Gracey there were born children as follows: Mrs. Heydon; Mary Ann, who married John McDonough; Sarah, Mrs. McDevitt; Elizabeth, Mrs. John O'Donnell; Margaret, Mrs. McConnell; Loretto, who married Edward Banane; Catherine, deceased, who married James O'Donnell; Alexander, deceased; and Thomas, on the old homestead in Etobicoke.

There were six children born to Francis and Isabella (Gracey) Heydon, as follows: Alexander James, an extensive property owner of Toronto Junction, married Mary Snyder, and had one son, Francis Philip; Francis Joseph, hotel-keeper, Toronto, married Annie Slaver; Bridget Theresa is at home; Dr. Charles M., a graduate of Trinity University, is a well-known and clever artist and cartoonist; Mary is the wife of Charles O'Connor, of the Canadian Pacific Railway; and Thomas Bennett is with the National Cash Register Company, Boston.

ARTHUR E. SNELL, B.A., M.B., is a member of a family of English extraction long connected with Ontario. The first to settle in Canada was his grandfather, Samuel Snell, who owned extensive farm property in the place afterward named for him, Snellgrove. He was a large cattle raiser and spent all the latter part of his life on his farm.

Samuel J. Snell, one of the sons of the original settler, was born in Snellgrove, in 1850. After completing his literary education he began to learn the drug business, and when he had mastered his profession he established himself as a druggist in Bolton, Ont. Since then he has been continuously engaged in that line. When the post office was established in Bolton Mr. Snell became the postmaster, and has retained the position to the present time. His wife, to whom he was married in 1873, was Miss Elizabeth Evans. She was a daughter of Col. George

and Margaret (Clarke) Evans, the former a well-known man in Canadian military circles and Colonel of the 36th Regiment. A son, Col. G. T. Evans, of Toronto, is also prominently connected with the militia. Four children were born to Samuel and Elizabeth Snell, namely: Dr. Arthur E.; Forest, of the Northwest; Helen, wife of Herbert Bowles, D.L.S., of Orangeville; and Margaret, who married J. S. Brown, of Toronto, inspector of insurance.

Dr. Arthur E. Snell was born at Bolton in 1876 and was educated at that place during his earlier years. Later he attended the University of Toronto, and was graduated in 1899, with the degree of B.A. He at once took up the study of medicine in the Medical Department of the University, and completed the course in 1902, receiving the degree of M.B. During the year 1903 Dr. Snell was connected with Grace Hospital, Toronto, and then settled at his present quarters, at No. 496 Spadina avenue, where he is rapidly establishing himself in the public confidence and gaining a good practice. He is a skillful and promising physician, who keeps himself in touch with the latest medical thought. He is a member of the Toronto Medical Society. Dr. Snell is connected fraternally with the A. F. & A.M. He is a member of the Anglican Church.

CHARLES M. HENDERSON, the oldest auctioneer in Ontario, is descended from Scotch ancestry, the family being founded in Canada by his father, Andrew Henderson.

Andrew Henderson was born in Paisley, Scotland, in 1809, son of Robert Henderson, who died at that place. About 1838 Andrew Henderson and a brother, Thomas, settled in Toronto, then Little York, where Andrew followed auctioneering until 1875, in which year he retired from business. He died in Toronto in 1892. In political principle he was a Conservative, and in religious faith a Presbyterian. In 1841 he married Miss Margaret Bright, born in Toronto in 1825, who still survives, and makes her residence in Toronto. They had these children: Robert, deceased, left two children, Gerald and Elizabeth; Andrew, of Dixie, has two daughters, Miss Clara and Mrs. Robert Hanna; Archibald died in his youth; Charles M.; Isabella is the wife of R. G. S. Robinson, of Toronto; Thomas died in Chicago; Joseph, deceased, was drowned in Lake Michigan; William, of Louisville, Kentucky, married Martha Blair, and has children, Andrew, Margaret, Nora, William; Margaret is the wife of James T. Cane, a lumber merchant of Toronto; Samuel Gunn, of Toronto, carries on engineering; Eleonora; and Donald, a commercial traveller

of Toronto, married Ada Collins, and has one son, Nelson.

Charles M. Henderson was born in Toronto in 1848, and received his education in his native city. When fifteen years of age he began his life work, and he has continued to the present time in auctioneering, representing the Imperial and Dominion Governments in that line. He was married to Miss Nellie C. Coady, born in Toronto, daughter of John and Maria (Gannon) Coady, early settlers of Toronto. In politics Mr. Henderson is a Conservative.

JOHN CORNWALL BERKINSHAW, manager of the subscription book department of the Methodist Book Concern, Toronto, is one of the oldest book men of the Queen City. Mr. Berkinshaw was born in the city in which his entire business life has been spent.

Thomas Berkinshaw, the father of our subject, was a well-known merchant of Toronto for many years.

John Cornwall Berkinshaw was born July 10, 1850, and received his education in the public and grammar schools of his native place. In early life he engaged with his father in the grocery business, and when about nineteen years of age, entered the book business, and since that time, 1869, has been connected with the Methodist Book Concern of Toronto, having been manager of the Subscription Book department since 1882. In February, 1872, Mr. Berkinshaw married Miss Mary Croker, daughter of Henry Croker, and to this union two children have been born: Eva Maude, deceased; and Edwin Croker.

Mr. and Mrs. Berkinshaw are members of the McCaul Street Methodist Church. In his political sympathies Mr. Berkinshaw is a Conservative, and takes a great interest in the success of his party, although he has never aspired to public office.

T. STAVERT FISHER. Among the well-known and highly esteemed business men of Toronto, was the late T. Stavert Fisher, of the firm of T. Stavert Fisher & Co. He was born in 1838, in Scotland, son of Alexander and Georgiana (Feif) Fisher, natives of Scotland, who emigrated to Canada and here they both died.

T. Stavert Fisher began his business life as a merchant in Galt, Ont., where he remained until 1872, when he located in Toronto and founded the firm of T. Stavert Fisher & Co., of which business he was sole owner and proprietor. Mr. Fisher dealt extensively in wool, when he first began business, being very successful, and later his business in wools and skins, took the nature of a brokerage business, and he engaged in this line until his death, in Aug-

ust, 1901. Mr. Fisher was well known as a business man, not only in Canada, but in Europe also, much of his business being done in the Old Country. His offices were located at No. 23 Scott street, and since his death the firm has continued under the same name at Nos. 13-15 Wellington street east.

In politics Mr. Fisher was a staunch Conservative and while in Galt was a member of the Council. His religious faith was that of the Presbyterian Church. In fraternal circles, he was prominent as a Royal Arch Mason. He was an upright man and a highly respected citizen. Mr. Fisher was survived by his wife, Mrs. Agnes Emma Fisher, who makes her home at No. 313 Rusholme Road, Toronto.

GEORGE ROBINSON (deceased), for so many years a worthy and respected citizen of Toronto, was born in Dewsbury, Yorkshire, England, Aug. 17, 1828, son of Jonathan and Judith (Hargreaves) Robinson.

Jonathan Robinson left England for Canada about 1840, and settled in Toronto, where he taught school for several years on Bismarek avenue. His next residence was in Meadowvale, and he remained there some time employed as a bookkeeper, before going to the County of Bruce, where he remained retired. He made his home in Walkerton during his latter days, and there his death occurred in October, 1875. His wife died in the same town in 1878, at the age of eighty-one years and six months. Their children were: George; Henry Wood, who died in Detroit; James, who died in North Carolina; Jonathan, of Michigan; Sarah A., Mrs. James A. Wilson, of Arden, Manitoba; and Hanna, who died May 27, 1850.

George Robinson came to Toronto in 1842, and early in life went into the live stock trade, which became his permanent occupation. His shop was in the old St. Lawrence market and he carried on a wholesale and retail meat business, in which he was uniformly successful, and he was known for his strictly honest principles.

On June 26, 1850, Mr. Robinson was married to Miss Sarah Walker, daughter of Walter and Sarah (Wise) Walker, and granddaughter of Robert and Abigail (Irving) Walker. She was the second eldest of seven children, the eldest dying in early infancy, and the others in the order named were: Mary, Abigail, Robert, Walter and John. The father, Walter Walker, was an Englishman, born in 1805, and he died in Toronto in 1856, while his wife, born in England in 1808, passed away in London, Ont., Dec. 18, 1875. Mr. and Mrs. Robinson became the parents of six children, namely: James, who died young; Hannah M.; Esther, Mrs. John B.

Scott, who died in Glasgow; Alice Armitage, of Ontario; and Emma and Annie Adeline, both deceased. The husband and father was called from this world May 27, 1900, his death occurring in the home "Langside," on Summerhill avenue, Toronto, where he and his wife had spent so many happy years. He was survived by his wife and two daughters. Mrs. Robinson died Oct. 9, 1905.

For many years Mr. Robinson was a member of the Yonge Street Methodist Church, and as long as his health permitted was one of the most active workers in it. The following tribute to him was published in the Yonge street Methodist *Sunday-school Souvenir*: "Mr. George Robinson was the second superintendent of the Sunday-school for five years. His duties as a church member have been many-sided, and it would be rather difficult to say the special department in which he took the most interest, whether as trustee, member of the Quarterly Board, pew steward, poor steward, treasurer of the church, treasurer of the Sunday-school, class leader, recording secretary, Sunday-school superintendent or Sunday-school teacher."

In politics Mr. Robinson was a Reformer, and deserved the name in every sense of the word. He was a man devoted to his business, his home and his church; his chief characteristics were fidelity, uprightness and honesty of purpose, and his aim in life was to fulfill the words of the Apostle, "Not slothful in business, fervent in spirit, serving the Lord."

PHILIP PHILLIPS. The Phillips family has been represented in County York since the first quarter of the nineteenth century, in the days when Toronto was only a hamlet. There came at that time from Pennsylvania a colony that settled on what is now Yonge street, and among them was a young widow, Anna Phillips. Her husband had just died, and as she had no ties left in Pennsylvania, she joined the emigrants and made the trip on horseback to her new home in the wilderness. She took up land on Yonge street, and there, Jan. 13, 1824, her only son, Isaac was born. Not long after her arrival there came also to County York a certain Lewis Arnold, from the United States, and in time he and Mrs. Phillips were married and settled on Mrs. Phillips' homestead. Both died there, leaving no family save her son by her first marriage. Her death occurred in 1870.

On nearing manhood Isaac Phillips chose to become a carpenter, and, learning that trade, followed it as a contractor and builder all through his life, although he also carried on quite extensive farming operations. He was married to Ann McKinzey, and they settled on a part of

his mother's farm. His wife was a daughter of Robert McKinzey, a Scotchman, and early settler in the county. Isaac Phillips died April 14, 1888, and had been a widower for twenty-eight years. In religious faith he and his wife were Presbyterians, and consistent members of that church, while in politics he was an active Conservative. Of their children five grew to mature years: (1) Elizabeth, born in 1843, married George Bean, a business man of London, Ont. She died there in 1902, leaving children, William, Merit, Charles, Alice, Elizabeth, and Mary. (2) Philip was the oldest son. (3) James, born in 1852, died unmarried in 1891. (4) Caroline, born in 1855, married Walter Adams of Southern Manitoba, where she died in 1893, the mother of Edgar, Ethel, and Earl. (5) Ellen, born in 1857, married William Hoag, of Ontario, now custom house officer at Port Erie. They have a family of four children, May, Norwood, Ruby and Bruce.

Philip Phillips was born at the homestead on Yonge street July 2, 1850, and is the only one living who bears his father's name. He was sent to the district schools of the township, and then learned the carpenter's trade, but never made it his actual calling, as at the age of seventeen he became the manager of his father's farm and he has continued to devote his attention to agriculture. Later he purchased the home property, made general improvements, put up new buildings and resided there until 1892, when he bought his present place of abode, the Capt. McLoud homestead. This also he has greatly improved and brought to a high state of cultivation. His success is a just reward of his years of wisely directed effort, and he is now ranked among the prominent and well-to-do citizens of his section. He has never taken any very active part in politics, although he always supports the Conservative party, and has been a school trustee for several years.

The married life of Mr. Phillips extends over a period of more than thirty years, as he was joined in matrimony to Miss Jane Dibb, April 2, 1872. Miss Dibb was born in Vaughan township in 1852, daughter of George and Mary (Powell) Dibb, of a pioneer family of the township. Mr. and Mrs. Dibb were both born in Yorkshire, England, and married there, coming to Canada in 1847. They died in Vaughan township, leaving five children, all of whom reside in York County. To Philip and Jane Phillips has been born a large family, and they are now grandparents. Annie, born in 1873, married John Thompson, a King township farmer, and they have three children, Nelson, Hazel and Phillips. George, born in 1875, married Miss Annie McDonald, and they live in

King township on one of his father's farms. James P., born in 1877, lives at home, as does also William Earnest, born in 1880, and John M. Jennie, born in 1882, is the wife of Frank Glass, a farmer in Vaughan township. The five younger children, Ella, Ada K., Pearl, Edgar and Cora, are all students in school. Mr. and Mrs. Phillips are members of the Church of England. The family occupy a prominent position in the township and are held in much esteem.

WILLIAM DOAN, better known by the title "Squire" Doan, is identified with the development of King township, both by descent from ancestors who were prominent in the community, and by his own personal service, for he carried for over twenty years the onerous responsibility attached to the position of justice of the peace. He was born on Yonge street, June 16, 1843, son of Seneca and Elizabeth (Webb) Doan.

The Doans were pioneers in County York, having come thither from Bucks county, Pennsylvania, as early as 1804. The family was originally of French origin, but settled in America before the war of the Revolution. The first to migrate to Canada was William Doan, grandfather of William. His wife was Miss Elizabeth Bostwick, like himself a native of Pennsylvania, and belonging to an old Quaker family. They were married after reaching County York, and there settled on a farm on Yonge street, in King township. Their only son was Seneca Doan.

Seneca Doan was born on the homestead in August, 1818, and in course of time became in turn the owner of the farm. In February, 1842, he married Elizabeth Webb, born in 1824, daughter of John and Rachel Webb. The parents were also among the Quaker emigrants from Pennsylvania at the beginning of the century. The young couple settled down on the Doan place, where Seneca Doan made many general improvements, and put up a number of buildings. The house, which is still standing, is now occupied by a son, Charles F., who owns the farm. The mother died there Feb. 10, 1881. A few years after her death her husband gave up all regular occupation and going to Newmarket lived there retired until July, 1898, when he passed away. At the time of his decease he was visiting his son, William, and while there had a stroke of paralysis from which he never recovered. He had been, with his wife, among the founders of the Quaker Church on Yonge street, where they worshipped many years. In politics he was a member of the Reform party, and an active worker in same, and served on the school board

for many years. The five children born to Seneca and Elizabeth Doan were: William; Rachel, born in 1848, married Edward Cleland, a farmer in East Gwillimbury township, and has three daughters, Bessie, Lulu and Emma. Lucinda, born in 1851, is the wife of Ludovic Lehman, Newmarket; Esther A., born in 1853, who married James Stark, and died at their home in Newmarket in 1894, leaving one daughter, Esther; and Charles F., born in 1853, married Miss Nettie E. Jones, of Trenton, and has seven children. Delbert, Dora, John F., Dorothy, Clara, Rudolph and David.

William Doan, the eldest son, grew up on the homestead on Yonge street, Lot 92, receiving his education in the district schools of his day. Accustomed from boyhood to farm work, he chose it as his calling, and worked on his father's farm until 1870, the time of his marriage, when he purchased his present farm, Lot 93, Concession 1, which he has operated ever since. He has made many general improvements besides doing considerable building on the place. While he raises a large amount of grain and deals extensively in stock he has made a specialty of fruit raising and is one of the heaviest shippers of that region. A prominent member of the Agricultural Board for several years, he has done official duty in other lines; has served as school trustee for a long time, and for more than twenty years filled the position of justice of the peace. As such he discharged his duties to the entire satisfaction of his constituents and his resignation was a matter of regret.

In 1870 William Doan was united in marriage to Miss Sarah Goodwin, a young lady born in Norfolk, England, in July, 1848, only child of Jarrett and Elizabeth Goodwin. The parents came to Canada in 1851, and settled in County Simcoe, where Mrs. Goodwin died in 1871. The father returned to England and there died. Mr. and Mrs. Doan are the parents of four children: (1) Frank, born in 1871, married Miss Georgia Heslop, of King township, and they have one daughter, Beatrice G. They live on a farm in Yonge street. (2) Frederick C. was born in 1874 and received his education in Newmarket. He is now assisting his father. (3) William E. was born in 1878, and still lives at home, giving his attention especially to fruit raising. (4) Rose M. was born in 1885, and was educated in the home schools. The parents are members of the Friends Church, but the oldest son is an active Methodist, and has been superintendent of the Sunday-school for some years, besides participating in the other branches of church work. In politics Mr. Doan is a Reformer. A self-made man he has been unquestionably successful, not merely in the material

sense, but also in winning the respect and esteem of those about him.

JOHN BAKER (deceased) was one of the earliest residents of County York, having settled in Toronto in 1828, before the name was changed from Little York to its present form. He passed away many years ago, but the family which he founded has played its part in the development of the city, father and son alike contributing to add honor to the name.

John Baker was born in Foston-on-the-Wolds, Yorkshire, England, in 1801, son of George and Sarah (Carr) Baker. Both parents were born and both died in that country. Their son Richard, brother of John, was for many years head master of the Grammar School of Yarm, Yorkshire. John Baker grew to manhood, was educated and began his business life in his native place, but in 1827 determined to go to Canada as promising greater prosperity. He settled first in Montreal, but the next year saw him established in Peel County, in the brewing business. He subsequently removed to Toronto. Mr. Baker's demise occurred in 1850. He was a member of the Church of England, and in politics was a strong Conservative.

Mr. Baker was twice married. His first wife was Miss Ann Rennardson, of England, by whom he had two children, both now deceased. The second wife was Miss Margaret Arksey, who was born in Beeford, Yorkshire, England, in 1812. Mrs. Baker still survives her husband, and though in her ninety-fifth year (1907), enjoys remarkably good health for one of her age, being still in possession of all of her faculties. She is one of the oldest residents, not alone of Toronto, but also of Canada. Mr. and Mrs. Baker were the parents of the following children: (1) Sarah and (2) Elizabeth are both deceased. (3) J. Langton, for some time with the Northern Railroad, but now retired, married Miss Emily Hollingshead (deceased). He is a Mason and a Conservative. (4) Richard, deceased, married Miss Sarah Helena Wheaton, and had four children, Frederick M., Richard L., George Alfred and Ada Helena. (5) George Robert, of the Westman & Baker Company, Wellington street, Toronto, married Miss Alice Harvey. (6) Alfred, professor of mathematics in the University of Toronto, married Miss Nora McCormack.

The family to which Mrs. Margaret (Arksey) Baker belonged was an old one in Yorkshire. It was connected by marriage or ancestry with the Sellers, the Danbys and the Langtons, well-known families in northern Holderness. Both of Mrs. Baker's parents were born in 1778. Her father, Robert Arksey, died in 1834, and is buried at

Newmarket, County York, Ont., whither he immigrated in 1834. His wife had died in England in 1826; her maiden name was Mary Seller. The children of Robert and Mary Arksey numbered ten, most of whom came with their father to Canada and lived in County York. They were: Ann (whose death occurred in England); John; George; Thomas; Margaret (Mrs. Baker); Nicholas; Robert; Amos; Jane; and Mary (who married William Rowland). With the exception of Mrs. Baker all are now deceased.

J. A. E. SWITZER, one of the highly-respected citizens of Richmond Hill, County York, engaged in the general merchandise business, was born in the County of Peel, March 18, 1839, son of John and Jane (Orr) Switzer.

John Switzer and his wife were born in County Tipperary and Tyrone, Ireland, respectively. He was the son of William and Elizabeth Switzer, who came to Canada among the first settlers of the County of Peel, where they hewed their way into the wilderness, and cleared a farm from the virgin soil. William Switzer and his wife both died here, leaving these children, Joseph, Samuel, William, Wesley, John, Eliza, and Julia all now deceased.

John Switzer followed agricultural pursuits all of his life, and died on the old homestead farm. He and his wife were Methodists. They were the parents of children as follows: Samuel, born in the County of Peel, married, and is a farmer of the County of Lambton; William died in young manhood; John is a farmer of Michigan; David resides on the old homestead in the County of Peel; C. W. is a merchant of Alton, Ont.; Frank resides on the old homestead; Isabella is deceased; Mary, now deceased, was the wife of John Price, of the County of Halton; Jane, deceased, was the wife of W. J. Shannon, of the County of Huron; Eliza, single, resides at the old home; Belle is the wife of William Mason, of the County of Halton; Sarah is the wife of Solomon Shannon, of the County of Huron; and J. A. E.

J. A. E. Switzer received his education in the district schools of the County of Peel, and when a young man of twenty years of age engaged in teaching in the public schools of the County of Halton, later in Georgetown, and in October, 1872, he came to Richmond Hill and engaged as an educator for three years, his entire period of teaching covering twenty years. In 1876 Mr. Switzer engaged in business as a merchant with William Atkinson, and they continued as partners until the latter gentleman's death, in 1896, since which time Mr. Switzer has continued the business alone.

In January, 1876, Mr. Switzer married Elizabeth A. Atkinson, daughter of William and Mary Atkinson, and to this union have been born four daughters: Mary E., deceased wife of F. J. Johnston, master of science of the Collegiate school of Toronto; and Ethel A., Bertha O., and M. Hazel, graduates of the high school. Mr. Switzer and his family are connected with the Methodist Church, in which he is a trustee and superintendent of the Sabbath-school. In politics he is a Reformer, and he has been a member of the board of education for twenty-seven years, having filled the positions of secretary and treasurer thereof. Mr. Switzer is a great advocate of temperance, and is a leading member of the Royal Templars of Temperance Order. He has been very successful in his business career, his honesty and integrity, as well as his genial manner, having won him much trade. As a citizen and neighbor he is most highly esteemed in the community in which he has resided for so many years.

JOHN W. DRUMMOND, late a prosperous and prominent business man of Toronto, was born in Toronto Sept. 2, 1817. His father, who married a Miss Mary Lloyd, came to Canada from England about 1811. The mother died when the son was only an infant, and left besides him three daughters, all now deceased: Eliza, wife of George Galpin, of New York City; Amelia, wife of a Mr. Cramer, of New York City; and Charlotte, wife of John Haigh, of the same city. After the death of his wife Mr. Drummond placed his children in the care of friends and relatives and started on a long whaling expedition, from which he never returned.

John W. Drummond was early apprenticed to Jacques & Hay, furniture manufacturers of Toronto, and on reaching his majority he went to New York City, where he remained two years, becoming still more familiar with the business. In 1840 he returned to Toronto, and in partnership with his brother-in-law, John Haigh, began manufacturing high-class furniture. On the death of Mr. Haigh, in 1848, James Thompson became a partner in the firm, but two years later he went to Montreal and the business was discontinued. Mr. Drummond then established himself in the lumber line on Yonge street, and was so engaged until July, 1868, when his stock was destroyed by fire. As he was then somewhat advanced in years he decided to retire from active life. He continued even more interested than before in local affairs, and at the time of his death, which occurred Sept. 9, 1881, he was a justice of the peace, while he had previously held other offices. He was on the

board of the House of Industry for many years, and had formerly been a member of the Odd Fellows at Toronto and the York Pioneers. He was advanced and progressive in his ideas, upright and conscientious, and held the respect and confidence of all. His widow and daughter, since 1890, have made their home permanently at Mimico, where they had formerly a summer cottage.

On April 22, 1847, Mr. Drummond married Hester A. Doel, who was born in Toronto, Sept. 22, 1820, and brought up in that city, being educated in private schools there. Both Mr. and Mrs. Drummond became members of the Methodist Church. They were the parents of five daughters, all of whom were educated in the colleges of Toronto: (1) Hester Amelia is the wife of Austin Werden, postmaster and merchant at Mimico. They have five children, Albert Drummond, Edith, William Austin, Frederick and Lloyd Huntly. (2) Miss Evelyn resides with her mother. (3) Charlotte E. is the wife of Haslem Benn, a fruit grower of Niagara. She is the mother of two children Wellesley Drummond and Edna R. (4) Isabel is the wife of Charles Segsworth a merchant of Toronto. (5) Laura married Jabez Pearen, a druggist residing at Weston, and has two sons, H. Earl and Wilfrid F.

JOHN DOEL (father of Mrs. Hester A. Drummond) and his wife Hannah (Huntly) were born in Wiltshire, England, he in 1790 and she in 1788. Married in England in 1814, they remained there three years before coming to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where they stayed one year. Removing thence to Toronto, Mr. Doel engaged in business and became a prominent man of the city, active in municipal affairs as well as in business. He was well known and popular and was one of those chosen to the first council of Toronto, over which William Lyon Mackenzie presided as the first mayor of the city. He remained a member of this body for many years. A Methodist in his religious faith, he was always active in church work and was one of the founders of the little church erected at the corner of King and Jordan streets, Toronto; which was the first Methodist church in Toronto, he and his wife being the seventh and eighth members of that congregation. Mr. Doel died in 1871, and his wife in June, 1872, and both were deeply lamented. They had the following children: (1) Rev. John Doel, of Toronto, born in England in 1815, is the only son living and is a retired Methodist minister. He married, in 1856, Miss Mary Anderson, of Toronto, but has no family. (2) Mary, born in Philadelphia, in 1817, married Edward McPhail, of Rochester, New York, where she died



Oliver Johnson



H. A. Drummond

in October, 1880, leaving six children, Henry, Louisa, Mary, Lavinia, Edward (of New York State) and Percival (president of a Rochester, New York, bank). (3) Hester A. is Mrs. Drummond. (4) Elizabeth, born in Toronto in 1823, became the wife of Rev. William Preece, pastor of the Adelaide Street Methodist Church, of Toronto. Rev. Mr. Preece died in December, 1884, and his wife four years later. They had four children, John (a dentist of Chesley, Ont.), William (of Texas), Maria (wife of John Richards, of Denver, Colorado) and Louisa (deceased wife of Dr. Dumble, of Toronto). (5) William H. was born in Toronto in 1827, educated in Upper Canada College, and settled in Toronto as a druggist. He married Miss Jane Huntly, of Philadelphia, and died in February, 1903, leaving three children, George (a machinist in Philadelphia), W. H. (of Toronto), and Miss Edith (residing with her mother in Toronto),

Mr. and Mrs. Drummond were true pioneers, being members of some of the oldest families in the city, they, and all their children and all their grandchildren, except the two youngest, being born in Toronto, and those two in a near suburb.

CHARLES SHOMBERG ELLIOT, M.D., Harvard University 1860, member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, of Ontario, 1868, member of board of examiners for College of Physicians and Surgeons, of Ontario, 1886-1889, was born in Nova Scotia in 1840, son of Dr. Henry Elliot, for many years a surgeon in Her Majesty's service, and grandson of Col. Henry Elliot of the Royal Marines.

Dr. Charles Shomberg Elliot was educated at Halifax, N.S., and in 1856 he entered Harvard University, Cambridge, Massachusetts, from which he graduated in 1860, with the degree of M.D. He was at once licensed to practice in Nova Scotia, where he remained four years, coming to Ontario in 1864. After remaining a year in Toronto, he settled in Orillia, where he practiced for twenty-three years. He was a prominent physician in that section of the country, and his practice extended over a wide territory. He was, in fact, the pioneer physician in most of the newer townships north of Orillia, and throughout the Muskoka district. After nearly a quarter of a century of practice in this field, Dr. Elliot, in 1888, located in Toronto, where he made the treatment of nervous and mild mental diseases a specialty, and instituted the Deer Park Sanatorium, now Dr. Meyers' Hospital, Heath street, Deer Park. Of this he was manager and superintendent until 1897, when, owing to the failure of Mrs. Elliot's health, he sought a change, disposing of his interest in the institution to Dr. Meyers. He resided in Belleville

until after Mrs. Elliot's death, and then spent some time abroad. Returning to Toronto in 1902, he has since made his home here, being engaged in the practice of his profession, and he is one of the oldest practitioners in the city.

Dr. Elliot is a Mason of high rank, being past master of the Orillia Lodge; past Z., King Solomon Chapter Royal Arch Masons; past commander of the Knights Templar; Mount Calvary Encampment; past grand officer in the Grand Lodge of Canada. Dr. Elliot is a man who has always taken an interest in all measures intended for the betterment and enlightenment of the present and future generations, and a prominent member of the medical profession of Ontario.

While residing in Orillia Dr. Elliot filled many public positions. He was appointed coroner by the County of Simcoe in 1866, and still holds the commission. He was a member of the town council and for a number of years public school trustee and medical health officer. He was church warden in St. James' Church and served as delegate to the Diocesan Synod, president of the Bible Society, and vice-president of the Y. M. C. A. Since locating in Toronto he has been a director of the Central Y. M. C. A., and of the U. C. Bible Society.

REV. JOHN ALEXANDER (deceased). The influence of a consecrated life cannot be estimated by earthly standards, for outward manifestations are but faint indications of the deep and lasting impression made upon his associates by one who strives to work out in his own character and life his highest thought. In the success of his sacred calling which Rev. John Alexander achieved, we see but the natural result of his devotion and courage in pursuit of this ideal.

The parents of Rev. John Alexander were John and Janet (McIntyre) Alexander, both of whom died during his early childhood. They were natives of Scotland, born there in 1796 and 1801, respectively. They came to Quebec, and after a few years of residence both died there, the wife in 1829, and the husband a few years later. They left one son, John, and a daughter, Agnes, who died in the eighteenth year of her age.

Rev. John Alexander was born in Quebec in 1828. His childhood and youth were passed in that city, and he was educated in the Scotch school and in the well-known Jeffrey Hale. For his ministerial preparation he entered King's College, in Toronto, which at that time occupied what is now "Queen's Hotel." After being ordained a minister in the Presbyterian Church, he assumed his first pastorate at Old Niagara, and remained there for three years. From there

he went to Brantford, which was the scene of so much of his activity. His first ministration there covered a period of seven years, in the Zion Presbyterian Church. Mr. Alexander was always a deep and earnest student of the Bible, and during his residence in Brantford he became convinced, as a result of his researches, of the truth of the Christian doctrines as represented by the Baptist faith. This of course necessitated his leaving the Presbyterian church, and he thereupon entered the Baptist ministry, and received a call from the Brantford church of that denomination, where he was pastor for two years. From Brantford he went to Montreal for a period of seven years, but at the end of that time he was recalled to the former city to found a new organization, which is now known as the Park Baptist Church. After ministering to its congregation for five years, he undertook another similar task, and started the Calvary Baptist Church in another section of the city, and remained there as pastor two years more. The following year and a half were spent in Simcoe, and thence he went to Brockville. Rev. Alexander's work in Toronto began in 1884, and for the next eleven years and a half he was settled over the Dovercourt Road Baptist Church. While this was his last regular parish, he continued to do ministerial work more or less up to the time of his death, which occurred at his home, No. 128 Dovercourt road, Dec. 7, 1900. He passed away at the age of seventy-two, leaving a record rich in usefulness and in the honor due to a life of service to his fellows.

Rev. Mr. Alexander was twice married; his first wife was Miss Isabella Laing, to whom he was united during his pastorate at Niagara. Her death occurred Feb. 4, 1863. The children born to this marriage were: Isabella, wife of Rev. D. H. Drake, who went with her husband as a missionary to Madras, India, and there died, Sept. 21, 1891, leaving no children; Agnes, who died in infancy; Margaret, wife of J. K. Fairbairn, of Weston, Ont., to whom she bore five daughters; Ellen, who died in Brookville; and Grace, at home. On Sept. 20, 1864, Rev. Alexander was wedded to Miss Annie B. Collard, who was born in Niagara in 1839, daughter of Joseph and Jane (Lee) Collard. The father was employed in the Royal Engineers. The issue of the union was one son, John, of the Alexander Engraving Company, of Toronto. In political faith Rev. John Alexander was a Reformer.

THOMAS KEARTON MORGAN, a well-known member of the Ontario Bar for many years, and a brother of Judge E. Morgan, of County York, met his death by drowning in

1873. He was born in 1832, in the West Indies, son of the late Canon Edward Morgan, at one time rector of the English Church at Barrie. This was his first and only parish in Canada, whither he had come in 1845.

Thomas K. Morgan was educated in the Codrington College, Barbadoes, West Indies, and on coming to Canada took up the study of law, completing his legal course in Toronto. He settled in Toronto, where the law firm of Morgan and McNabe was formed, which continued for a number of years. Later Mr. Morgan formed a partnership with a Mr. Thorne, under the firm name of Morgan & Thorne, and Mr. Morgan continued this partnership until his death in 1873.

In 1866 Mr. Morgan and Miss E. M. A. Foster were united in marriage. Mrs. Morgan was a daughter of the late Colonel Colley Lyons Lucas Foster, who was born in Dublin, Ireland, about 1780, and died in 1845. For many years prior to coming to Canada, Colonel Foster was an officer in His Majesty's army, and as such came to Canada about 1812, and later filled many responsible positions, among which may be mentioned that of Assistant Adjutant-General and Commander of the Forces in Canada. Colonel Foster was united in marriage to Elizabeth Kirkpatrick, by whom he had these children: Colley, deceased; Julia, deceased; Elizabeth, who married Charles Unwin. Colonel Foster's second wife was a Miss Humphries, who was born in 1815 in England, by whom he had these children: Mrs. Morgan; Edward Charles; Colley; Henrietta, wife of the Rev. John Ambery.

To Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Kearton Morgan were born: Rev. Vivian Edward Foster, rector of the English Church at Colborne, who married Zoe Shortt, daughter of the late Rev. Dr. Shortt; Godfrey St. Vincent Foster, who married Frances Margaret Hitchins, and died in Toronto in 1904; Colley Mary Russell; and Frida Margaret. Thomas K. Morgan was a member of the Church of England. Mrs. Morgan died May 28, 1906, at No. 274 Dovercourt Road, Toronto, where she and her husband settled shortly after marriage.

DR. THOMAS GRAHAM PHILLIPS, of No. 61 Yorkville avenue, Toronto, is a prominent citizen of the Queen City, and belongs to an old pioneer family of Ontario.

The Phillips family, originally Welsh, was founded in Canada about 1825, by Thomas Brown Phillips, the father of our subject, and son of James Phillips. He was born near Enniskillen, County Fermanagh, Ireland, in 1790, and when quite a young man came to New York City, and subsequently about 1825 to Canada,

settling first in Muddy York, as Toronto was then called, from which place he later removed to the County of Peel. On leaving New York he sacrificed much property as he would not become an American citizen, but was loyal to the Crown of England. He married Mary Graham, eldest daughter of Thomas Graham, who having been inspired by the same sentiments of loyalty, also came to Canada in 1819, and settled in County Peel, at Grahamsville, where he assisted other settlers to locate. Mr. Phillips settled in the woods and cleared several farms. Being very familiar with the country he did much to assist early pioneers in many ways. He acted in the capacity of school teacher, and as magistrate of the united counties of Peel and York married many couples. He was one of the first Orangemen in Canada, and was instrumental in founding Nos. 5, 10 and 137 and other lodges of that order in the County of Peel. He was a captain in the militia under Major McGraw, and led the loyal settlers against William Lyon Mackenzie in the Rebellion of 1837. Later he went into the mercantile business at Woodhill. He died on the 6th Concession east, Toronto township, County Peel, in 1874, and there his wife also died in 1886. The children born to this worthy couple were: Mrs. Dr. Deazley, Mrs. Cummins, Dr. Thomas Graham and Mrs. Dr. Stewart.

Dr. Thomas Graham Phillips was born Sept. 3, 1834, in Toronto township, County Peel; his early education was obtained at the log school house near there, from which he worked his way to Trinity Medical College, his brother-in-law, Dr. Deazley, a former surgeon of the Royal Navy, being at that time Professor of Surgery there. Dr. Phillips was among the students who left Trinity owing to the religious tests question, and he entered the Medical Department of the University of Toronto, from which he obtained his degree of M.D. in 1860. Later the religious tests having been abolished at Trinity, the degree of M.B. of that University was conferred upon him in 1881. After spending some time in New York hospitals, Dr. Phillips settled at Grahamsville, and began the practice of his profession. In 1880 he moved to Winnipeg, and invested in real estate. While there he was active in public affairs, serving as an alderman, and for six years as Medical Health Officer. In 1893 he returned to Toronto, where he has since resided.

In 1887 Dr. Phillips married Elizabeth Duncan, youngest daughter of the late William Duncan, Esq., J.P., of County York, and they have become the parents of four children, three daughters—Eloise, Florence and Marguerite—

and one son—Wendell Phillips. In his religious views Dr. Phillips is an Anglican. In politics he is a Liberal-Conservative, and in 1866 contested the County of Cardwell in that interest against the late Thomas R. Ferguson.

CHARLES B. DOHERTY. Among the successful business men and highly esteemed citizens of Toronto was the late Charles Doherty, who passed away at his home, No. 22 Pembroke street, Toronto, Nov. 2, 1900. Mr. Doherty was born in County Clare, Ireland, in 1842, son of Michael and Norah (O'Brien) Doherty.

About the year 1850 Michael Doherty settled in Brantford, where he engaged in farming, and there he and his wife died. Their children were as follows: Edward, of Buffalo; Patrick, of Hamilton; Mrs. John Carey, of St. Catharines; Mrs. John Enright, of Chicago; Mrs. Judge, of Brantford; and Charles B.

Charles B. Doherty was but a boy of seven or eight years when his father settled in Brantford. There he attended school, and in about 1862 removed to Toronto, engaging as a clerk for a Mr. Casper in the fancy goods business. From this place he went to the firm of Nerlich & Baker (subsequently changed to Nerlich & Co.), where after two years he became a member of the firm, in that capacity continuing until his death. He was a member of the Home Loan & Savings Company.

In 1866 Mr. Doherty married in Toronto Miss Charlotte Lalor, born in Dublin in 1849, daughter of Thomas and Eliza (Hughes) Lalor, both of whom were born in Dublin, Ireland, and settled in Hamilton, Ont., in about 1850. Mr. Lalor was identified with the Novelty Iron Works at that place, the firm being known as Lalor & Ferris. About 1864 Mr. Lalor came to Toronto, where he lived retired until his death in 1889. His wife passed away in 1883. To Thomas Lalor and his worthy wife the following children were born: Bartholomew; Thomas; George; Charles; Frederiek; Charlotte, wife of our subject; Mrs. Thomas Mason; and Mrs. R. M. Simpson.

To Mr. and Mrs. Doherty these children were born: Charles B., of Toronto, married Agnes Hinchie; Thomas Arthur, of Toronto, manager of Joseph Simpson Sons' Knitting Mills; Harry, deceased; Frank, deceased; Rev. Father George E., of Toronto; Leo A. W., with the Canadian Pacific Railroad at Toronto, holding the position of chief clerk to the Assistant Freight Traffic Manager; Charlotte, wife of Arthur Knowlton, of Toronto, by whom she has four sons, Arthur, Charles, Leo and George; Ethel; Frederiek, manager of the Stirling Bank, Mille Roches, Ont., who married Etta Cunningham, of

Ottawa; and Edward. Mr. Doherty was a member of the Roman Catholic Church. In politics he was a Reformer, and he served as justice of the peace and as member of the Board of License Commissioners, being appointed to the latter position in 1879, and holding it until his resignation in 1890. He was a thrifty business man and upright citizen, and he held the universal esteem of his fellow citizens.

CAPT. ROBERT MEAD, C.E., M.E., and member of the Queen's Own Rifles, was one of the well-known and highly esteemed citizens of Toronto, where he died March 29, 1883. He was born in Montreal Aug. 13, 1838, son of John and Harriet (Venier) Mead, the former born in England, and the latter in Quebec.

John Mead came to Canada when a young man, and with his brothers William, James and Joseph, engaged in the manufacturing business in Montreal for many years. He also engaged in the fur business, dealing extensively in this line, and he became well known in the business circles of the city, as well as in all the Province. Later he came to Toronto and engaged in the hardware business for some years, when he retired. He married Harriet Venier, and their children were: Capt. Robert; Elizabeth, deceased, who married Charles B. Jarvis; Mary, wife of Dr. James O'Dee; Lavinia, deceased wife of D. P. Ross; Annie, Mrs. J. B. Allen; Josephine, Mrs. Billings, of Chicago.

Capt. Robert Mead was educated at Upper Canada College, and completed his studies in Montreal. Later he read law, but never practiced, as he did not naturally take to the profession. For some time prior to his marriage Mr. Mead was erier of the United States District Court at Buffalo, but after his marriage he settled in Toronto, and entered into the hardware business with his father, continuing for a number of years. He afterwards conducted a summer hotel on Toronto Island, where he died.

On Nov. 17, 1864, Mr. Mead married Miss Mary A. Stevenson, born in Brockville, daughter of W. J. Stevenson, C.E., M.E., a well-known civil and mechanical engineer of Brockville for a number of years. Mr. Stevenson later removed to Toronto, where he died Dec. 11, 1895; his birth occurred in Ogdensburg, New York, in 1827, and he was the founder of his family in Canada. He was twice married, his children by his first wife being, Mrs. Mead and William J., of Brockville; and by the second Margaret (Mrs. George Fulton, of North Bay), Samuel (of Toronto), Miss Anna (of Toronto), and Mrs. Piekwell.

The only survivor of the children born to Capt. and Mrs. Robert Mead, is Robert, born in

Toronto, and for some time money order clerk with the Dominion Express Company, who married Miss Bessie Jackson, of Toronto, and who is active in the work of the Masonic fraternity and the Foresters. In 1895 Mrs. Mead purchased her home at No. 266 Bloor street west, where she has since resided. Captain Mead belonged to St. James' Cathedral. In his political views he was a Conservative.

HORATIO CHARLES BURRITT, M.D., C.M. Since 1882 Dr. Horatio C. Burritt has been one of the medical fraternity in Toronto, and in that time has repeated the success in his profession that he had previously achieved in Peterborough. His decided bent toward the healing art is partly a matter of inheritance, as he is the son of a physician. The name of Burritt is a familiar one in both the United States and Canada, and the family, which was originally from Wales, was represented in the New World from its earliest history.

(I.) William Burritt, with Elizabeth his wife, came to America in 1623, and settled in Stratford, in the State of Connecticut, and there died in 1650. He is the common ancestor of the Burritt family in both Canada and America. He had two sons, Stephen and John.

(II.) Stephen Burritt was the progenitor of the Canadian branch.

(III.) Daniel Burritt, son of Stephen, settled in Arlington, Vermont, prior to the outbreak of the American Revolution. In 1787 he joined the Loyalists who came to Canada, and for the rest of his life resided in North Augusta, County Grenville, where he passed away at the age of ninety-three years. He had five sons: Adoniram (who lived to be over ninety-eight years old), Stephen, Edmund, Daniel and Major.

(IV.) Daniel Burritt (2) (fourth son of Daniel), for whom the town of Burritt Rapids, Ont., was named, reached the age of eighty-seven years. He had three sons and two daughters, and was the grandfather of our present subject.

(V.) Dr. Walter H. Burritt, son of Daniel (2), was born at Burritt's Rapids, in 1809. He was the youngest son in his father's family. For fifty-one years he was one of Ontario's leading medical men, and his last days were spent in Peterborough, where he died in 1886. By his wife, whose maiden name was Maria Schofield, he had the following children: Maria, wife of Col. H. C. Rogers, of Peterborough; Dr. Horatio Charles; Mrs. A. R. Ward; Miss Eliza; James H., K.C., of Pembroke, Ont.; and Daniel, of Peterborough.

(VI.) Horatio Charles Burritt was born at

Smith's Falls, Ont., in September, 1840. He was educated in the grammar school of that place, and in Bishop College, Lennoxville. When ready to begin his medical studies he went to Montreal, and entered McGill University, from which he was graduated in 1863, with the degree of M.D., C.M. Immediately after finishing his course he obtained a position as assistant surgeon in Lincoln Hospital, Washington, D.C., where he remained until shortly before the close of the Civil War. On returning to Canada, he settled in Morrisburg, Ont., but in 1868 removed to Peterborough, and there for fourteen years enjoyed an extensive practice. The too frequent penalty of success, however, followed, and because of overwork and exposure his health began to fail. Consequently in 1882 he disposed of his practice to Dr. Halliday, of Grafton, and went to Toronto. In this new field Dr. Burritt located at No. 84 Wellesley street, and under more favorable conditions has been able to continue the work for which he is so admirably fitted, alike by nature, preparation and experience.

In 1864, Dr. Burritt and Miss Maria Harriet Rogers were united in marriage. Mrs. Burritt is a daughter of the late James G. Rogers, of Grafton, Ont. To this union a family of seven children have been born, namely: Charles, of Denver, Colorado, who married Miss Mary Auston, and has three children, Norman, Helen and Gertrude; Florence; Frederick, of Toronto, a mining engineer, who served in the South African war; Alan, of the 12th Lancers, who was in the South African war, and died at Kimberley, in 1900; Clarence J., an architect in Ottawa; Georgina; and Horace W., of Toronto. Dr. Burritt, like the others of his family, is a member of the Church of England. In politics he is a Conservative.

A. E. WIDDIFIELD, bailiff, and a leading business man of Newmarket, owns a large livery establishment and deals also in carriages. He was born June 4, 1861, in Uxbridge township, County Ontario, Ont., a son of Benjamin and Elizabeth (Smith) Widdifield.

Benjamin Widdifield was born in Whitechurch township, County York, in 1834, and his wife was born in 1836, in Manchester, England. She was a daughter of Thomas Smith, one of the pioneer settlers of County Ontario, where he located in 1844, a native of England. Benjamin Widdifield was a son of Samuel and Mercy (Kester) Widdifield, who was born in Whitechurch township, in 1810, son of Mordecai Widdifield, who came from Pennsylvania.

This is a very old family in America. Henry Widdifield, the great-great-grandfather of our

subject, was the founder of the family in Canada. When the troubles incident to the Revolutionary War came about this family became United Empire Loyalists and moved to Canada, settling in Whitechurch township. Later Mordecai Widdifield moved to Uxbridge, where Samuel Widdifield, our subject's grandfather, became one of the leading men and served in official capacities for a number of years. He left three sons: (1) Watson P., who was born in 1844, and lives in Uxbridge, married Anne Frankish, and they have four children, Ida, now Mrs. Richard H. Hugo; John W., reeve of the township of Uxbridge, who married Luey Dike; Sarah, Mrs. Mason Flumerfelt; and Nellie, Mrs. Newton Dike, of Sharon, Ont. (2) Edward, born in 1850, married Jane Sherman and died at Uxbridge, leaving one son, S. E. Widdifield, who is a barrister and lives in Washington, D. C., with his mother. (3) Benjamin became the father of our subject.

Benjamin Widdifield remained on the home farm until his marriage. His education was secured in the schools of the locality, and after his marriage he settled as a farmer in Uxbridge, in 1856. There he still resides, and is regarded as one of the successful farmers of County Ontario. In religious faith the Widdifields are Quakers, and have been so ever since they located in Canada. All the Widdifields have always been in favor of the Reform party, but have had no aspiration to hold office. Benjamin married Elizabeth Smith, as mentioned above, and their children were: Sarah M., born in 1857, resides at home; Henry W., born in 1859, settled at Charlevoix, Michigan, where he is a general business man and prominent citizen, filling a number of political offices in that place, and married Maggie Mossington, and they have three children: A. E. is mentioned below; Mercy A., born in 1866, was formerly the wife of William P. Bell, of Uxbridge; and Esther A., born in 1874, resides at home.

A. E. Widdifield was reared on the home farm at Uxbridge, and until about sixteen years of age, he attended the country schools. For the next three years he worked around in the neighborhood at a general salary of ten dollars a month, and when he was nineteen years old he became agent for an agricultural implement house. He was industrious and enterprising, and was faithful to his employers' interests, so that he remained for ten years with one firm. Then he entered into the employ of B. J. Nash & Co., of London, and is still their agent in the selling of carriages and buggies, having been connected with this firm for the past eighteen years.

On March 11, 1885, Mr. Widdifield was united

in marriage with Miss Martha Dike, born in Uxbridge, Ont., daughter of John and Eliza Dike, who came to Canada from England. For some four years Mrs. Widdifield was a popular teacher in Ontario.

Mr. Widdifield settled first in Schomberg, County York, in the implement business, selling on commission, but in 1891 he came to Newmarket, where he is the exclusive agent for the firm above mentioned, selling on salary. In 1896 he was appointed bailiff of the 4th Division of County York. He is a Reformer, and from 1893 until 1896 he was a member of the Newmarket council. In 1903 he purchased a valuable block of real estate on Main street, where he is engaged in a livery business and also an ice business, all of his enterprises being practical and prosperous. Mr. and Mrs. Widdifield have one daughter, Velma P., born Aug. 18, 1886. Mr. Widdifield still adheres to the religious faith of the Society of Friends, in which he was reared. He is a man of sterling character, and one who commands the respect of his fellow citizens.

DR. GEORGE W. CLENDENAN, ex-mayor and chairman of the first school board of Toronto Junction, Ont., is one of the most highly esteemed citizens of that place, and descends from an old United Empire Loyalist family.

James Clendenan, the ancestor of the family in Canada, resided in Sussex County, State of New Jersey, at the outbreak of the American Revolution, and with his three sons, John, Walter and Abraham, joined the British forces in 1777. After the war, in 1783, they moved to Canada, settling in the Niagara District, where the city of St. Catharines now stands, receiving grants of land for their services from the Crown. Abraham was married there on Jan. 2, 1783, and his third child, Daniel, was born May 3, 1793. His son, Daniel, Jr., born Dec. 18, 1827, and the father of the subject of our sketch, was married in 1850 to Margaret Jane Claus, a granddaughter of Col. Daniel Claus, also an United Empire Loyalist. To this union were born four children: Mrs. G. W. Marshall, of Davenport, Iowa; Dr. Charles W., of North Tonawanda, New York; Mrs. J. G. Emmet, Jordan, Ont.; and Dr. George W.

Dr. George W. Clendenan was born at Jordan, County Lincoln, March 7, 1861, and his literary education was secured at the St. Catharines Collegiate Institute. Later he entered the Toronto School of Medicine, graduating in 1882, at the age of twenty-one years, with the degree of M.D., and soon after settled in County Brant, Ont., where he practised his profession for four years. In 1886 the Doctor removed to Toronto

Junction, where for more than twenty years he has been identified with both the professional and public life of the place. He was mayor of Toronto Junction in 1896-97-98, and was chairman of the first school board of the Junction, both as a village and after its organization as a town, in 1889. He holds the office of coroner for the County of York, having been appointed in 1887. His cousin, D. W. Clendenan, was the founder of Toronto Junction, of which he was the first reeve and the first mayor.

In April, 1889, Dr. George W. Clendenan was married to Miss Annie Gilmour, sister of Dr. J. T. Gilmour, warden of the Central Prison, Toronto, and to this union two children have been born, Jennie M. and Douglas G. In politics he is a Liberal, and he is connected with the Masonic and other fraternities.

AUGUSTUS WEBBER, who died while on a visit to England, May 9, 1904, was born in that country in 1825. He grew to manhood in his native land, and there received his education, after which he engaged for some time with his father in the publishing of *The Cardiff Times*, of which the father, Henry Webber, was publisher.

In 1861 Mr. Webber started from his English home for the country of the Red river. He stopped in Toronto and there married Miss Eliza Morphy. For some time after marriage Mr. Webber was a stenographer, but he later received an appointment in the registered letter department of the post office, Toronto, and there he remained many years, being finally superannuated, and he lived retired for the rest of his life.

Mrs. Webber was born in the North of Ireland in 1832, daughter of Edmund and Eliza (Walker) Morphy. She came to Toronto with her parents in 1838, and died at her residence on Rose avenue on the 17th of March, 1906. To Mr. and Mrs. Webber were born three children who grew to maturity: George Frederick, wholesale merchant of Detroit, Michigan, married Frances Finch, daughter of S. M. Finch, a lawyer of Minneapolis, Minnesota, and had three children, George Adelbert, Helen and Frank; Louisa resides at Toronto; and Laura is the wife of William S. Tayler, a railroad official of St. Paul, Minnesota, and has three children, Gladys, Howard and William. The family are members of the Church of England.

JOHN FERGUSON, who departed this life Feb. 15, 1900, at his home, No. 52 Isabella street, Toronto, was one of the best known and most highly esteemed residents of the Queen City. Mr. Ferguson was born in Argyleshire,



J. W. Clendenan

Scotland, in 1834, son of Dugald and Elizabeth (Ogilvie) Ferguson, both of whom were born in Scotland. The former died in Demerara, West Indies, in 1842. His widow later came to Canada, and spent her last years with her son, John.

In 1851, John Ferguson left his fatherland and settled in the New World. In the Queen City he was for some time engaged with various wholesale concerns. About 1882 Mr. Ferguson opened an office as an assignee and accountant, continuing therein until his death. He was a man of strict integrity, his word being as good as his bond: his friends were only limited by the number of his acquaintances.

In 1878 Mr. John Ferguson married Miss Helen E. Hendry, daughter of George Hendry, of Woodstock, Ont., who was born in Scotland in 1803, and died in 1848, his widow surviving until 1887. Mrs. Ferguson's parents were two of the first seven members of the First Presbyterian Church of Woodstock. Mr. and Mrs. Ferguson had the following children: William D., Hugh E., George Hendry, Elizabeth O., and John McKay. The family are members of the Presbyterian Church. Mr. Ferguson was a Reformer in politics, and took a great deal of interest in the success of his party.

DR. W. J. WILSON is an old Vaughan township boy who received his early education in the local schools, Richmond Hill high school and the Toronto School of Medicine. After practising for some years in Stouffville and Richmond Hill, he settled on College street, Toronto.

WILLIAM HENRY was born near Portadown, Ireland, in 1838. He came to Toronto with the other members of his family in 1847, and for many years he was engaged in the lumbering business in partnership with his brothers. They successively cut timber in King township, York County, Mulmur township, Dufferin County, and on the Manitoulin Island. In May, 1882, Robert Henry, brother of our subject, was drowned from the burning S.S. "Manitoulin"; and in the following September William Henry was lost from the ill-fated steamer "Asia," only two surviving from the wreck.

In 1870 Mr. Henry married Louisa Stewart, daughter of a prominent farmer of York township. They had five children, of whom two, George S. (of York township) and John (of Toronto), are living.

EDWIN RUTHWIN POWELL, one of the leading citizens of Toronto, Ont., whose work as a portrait artist made him well known throughout the city, died June 30, 1904. He

was born in County Norfolk, Ont., Sept. 10, 1867, son of James William and Samilda (Griffin) Powell, natives of Canada.

The grandfather of Edwin R. Powell was the founder of the family in Canada, coming hither from England many years ago. His son, James William, father of Edwin R., carried on building and farming in Simcoe, County Norfolk, where he died, Feb. 14, 1899, while his widow is still living.

Edwin Ruthwin Powell received his literary training in Simcoe. Early in life he manifested a marked ability as an artist, and on completing his literary education turned his attention to art, spending first a short time in the post office at Simcoe and holding a like position at Dunnville, where he first engaged in art work, carrying on photography as well. In 1891 Mr. Powell settled in Toronto, where his ability in his chosen line soon placed him among the first artists, not only of Toronto, but of the Dominion. He conducted a studio at No. 94 Adelaide street west, and one at his home, No. 180 Lansdowne avenue. In his art work Mr. Powell was assisted by his wife, who is a portrait artist of rare ability.

Mrs. Powell, who was Miss Mildred L. Mace, was born in Yarmouth, Norfolk, England, daughter of James and Mary (Batily) Mace, who emigrated to Canada, locating at Peterborough, Ont., in 1879. There Mr. Mace died May 11, 1893, while his widow survives him, making her home with her daughter, Mrs. Powell. Mrs. Powell received her education at Peterborough, and at the Belleville School of Art. Since her husband's death Mrs. Powell has conducted the studio at her home, No. 180 Lansdowne avenue, where some very fine specimens of her work may be found, all of these testifying to her ability as a portrait artist.

To Mr. and Mrs. Powell one son was born, who died in infancy. Mr. Powell attended the Church of England, of which church his widow is a member. He was very well known in art circles of Canada, his genial and kindly character winning him many friends. In his death the world of art lost an able exponent, and Toronto a highly esteemed citizen.

WILLIAM LOADER MATTHEWS, who passed away in Toronto Feb. 24, 1900, was born in England May 13, 1838, son of Henry and Mary (Loader) Matthews, natives of the same country. In 1851 the Matthews family came to Canada and settled in Toronto, where Henry Matthews, who is well remembered by the old residents of the city, followed contracting and building. Both he and his wife died in Toronto, in the faith of the Methodist Church. Their

family consisted of two sons, Henry and William L., and three daughters, Mrs. James Younge, Miss Elizabeth and Miss Mary, of Toronto.

After coming to Toronto William Loader Matthews completed his education at the Normal school, receiving a first-class certificate. For a few years thereafter he was a teacher in the public schools of County York, and then went into the newspaper business at Aurora, founding the *Aurora Banner*. This he owned and conducted for a number of years, when, selling out the paper, he and his brother Henry embarked in the manufacture of mouldings and picture frames, under the firm name of Matthews Brothers, William L. Matthews being the manager. Later a wholesale business was founded, our subject carrying on that branch of the business, while Henry managed the retail department. William L. Matthews then bought out his brother's interest and conducted the business by himself for a time, when Henry repurchased the retail business, William L. Matthews continuing the wholesale branch until his death. Since that event a stock company has been formed, of which Mrs. William L. Matthews is the president. In connection with the wholesale and retail businesses the Matthews Brothers conducted a store on Yonge street for a number of years, this now being owned by Mr. McKenzie, to whom they sold this branch of their business.

On Jan. 28, 1860, Mr. Matthews married Miss Mary A. Lloyd, daughter of William and Susan (McLeod) Lloyd, natives of Pennsylvania. He was a son of William Lloyd, the founder of the family in Canada, and his grandfather, Thomas Lloyd, was the secretary of William Penn, and went to Pennsylvania with that gentleman. Mr. Lloyd was from Wales, and was the founder of the family on the American Continent. On coming to Canada the Lloyd family settled in Whitechurch township, County York, where they cleared a farm from the bush, and where Mr. and Mrs. William Lloyd, Sr., died. Their children were: William, father of Mrs. Matthews; David; Thomas; Jessie; Charles; James; Garrett; Mary, who married John Webb; and Ann, who married Thomas McCoslin.

William Lloyd settled on a bush farm in King township, County York, which he cleared, and on which he spent his remaining days. He died in 1896, aged ninety-seven years. His wife, Susan McLeod, was a daughter of Murdock McLeod, who was born in Scotland, and whose wife was a Miss Terry, a native of the United States. Mr. McLeod was a pioneer of County York, where at one time he owned about 500 acres of land. Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd had the following

children: Murdock, Ellis, Daniel, Seth, Elizabeth, Cordelia, Rebecca and Mrs. Matthews.

Mr. and Mrs. William Loader Matthews had children as follows: William H. and Bertha died young; Harry, manager of the business firm of which his mother is president, married Edith Cole, and has four children, Edna, Constance, Lloyd and Alan; Arthur, also a member of the firm, married Electa Adams, and had five children, Kenneth, Harold, William, Marion, and Amy; Fred, who is connected as secretary with the firm, married Jessie Rose; Susie, the wife of Arthur Densmore, has one son, Keith M.; and Mary Mabel.

In politics Mr. Matthews was a staunch Reformer. With his family he was a member of the Methodist Church, while in fraternal circles he was a member of the Templars, a temperance organization.

WILLIAM BEATTY, who died in Toronto Feb. 23, 1905, was born in Enniskillen, Ireland, Dec. 14, 1839, and was the eldest son of the late Adam Beatty, whose sketch appears elsewhere. In 1840 the family came to Toronto, William being then an infant in arms. In this city he grew to manhood, receiving his education in the local schools and the grammar school, and he began his business life in the office of Mr. Strong, who later became Chief Justice, being there prepared for the practice of law. Not being favorably impressed with the profession, Mr. Beatty did not follow it, but in 1860 accepted an appointment to the post office department of Canada, at the Toronto office, where he remained thirty-five years, at the end of that time being superannuated. The remaining ten years of his life he lived retired from active operations.

In 1872 Mr. Beatty and Miss Mary Josephine Bannerman were united in marriage. She was born in Toronto and was a daughter of John and Mary (Roach) Bannerman. John Bannerman was born in Scotland in 1792, son of Donald Bannerman, a native of Kildonald, Sutherlandshire, Scotland, who came to Toronto and later went to the North-West, where he died. John Bannerman was twice married, and by his first wife had one child, who is now deceased. His second wife, Mary Roach, was born in 1810, in Windsor, England, and was the daughter of Captain Roach. Mrs. Bannerman died in Toronto in July, 1854, and Mr. Bannerman died there in 1864. Their children were: Mrs. Beatty; Emily and Donald, both deceased; and John and Arthur W., of the United States. John Bannerman was a member of the 93rd Highlanders during the Peninsular campaign, and was wounded at the battle of Toulouse, being there-

fore unable to take part in the great battle of Waterloo.

To Mr. and Mrs. Beatty was born one daughter, Mary Josephine, in Toronto, who resides with her mother. They are adherents of the Church of England, to which Mr. Beatty also belonged. He was a member of the Masonic fraternity and of the A.O.U.W.

J. NORMAN DOAN, of Concession 2, Lot 33, West, King township, is one of the many substantial farmers of that section who have won their way unaided to a place of honor and consideration in the county.

John Doan, his great-grandfather, came from Bucks County, Pennsylvania, at the beginning of the last century, and settled at Sharon, East Gwillimbury township. He and his wife were Davidites—a branch of the Quaker denomination. They had six children, now deceased, all but one of whom married and had children: Joseph, grandfather of J. Norman, was the eldest. Charles made his home at Aurora, where he was postmaster for many years; his only surviving son, David, lives in the United States. Jesse, born in York County, lived and died on the old homestead at Sharon, as did also John, a bachelor. Annie married the late Benjamin Durham, of East Gwillimbury. Elizabeth, the youngest, born in Sharon, married William Graham (deceased) of East Gwillimbury; one of her sons, John D., is living in Sharon.

Joseph Doan, grandfather of J. Norman Doan, was born in Pennsylvania in 1798. He married Susannah King, daughter of James King, of Sharon, by whom he had five children: (1) Eli, the eldest, and the only son, was something of a rover. He married Josephine Reid, daughter of John Reid, of Sharon, and followed farming in East Gwillimbury, Iowa, Missouri and California, where he died a few years ago, leaving a widow and one son, Lloyd B., now of Los Angeles, California. (2) Jane was the eldest daughter. (3) Paulina, the only survivor of the family, married Samuel Proctor, of Sharon. She had no children, but adopted a daughter, Ida, who now lives with her in Sharon to comfort her declining years. (4) Elizabeth married Jacob Atkinson, of Vaughan, and both are deceased. They left a family of seven: Martha E. and Eli, of Hespeler, Ont.; George D., of Cornwall, Ont.; Isabella Shaw, of London, Ont.; Lina Landerkin, of Bondhead, Ont.; Thomas, of London, and Fred, of Fort William. (5) Isabella married Eli Armitage, now of Newmarket, and died leaving one son, Joseph D., now of San Francisco, California.

J. Norman Doan was born in King township, Concession 3, on Christmas Day, 1851, only a

few months before the death of his grandfather. His mother, whose maiden name was Jane Doan, was the eldest daughter of Joseph Doan, and died in 1858. Being thus left an orphan at the age of seven years, Norman Doan was brought up by his grandmother, Mrs. William Phillips, received a good education in the King township schools, and was fitted for the profession of a teacher, but never followed it. Instead he early learned carpentry from his uncle, Samuel Proctor, of Sharon, and worked at it for a while. He then spent some time engaged as a clerk in a general store at Schomberg, belonging to his uncle, Eli Armitage, and finally settled down to farming on a rented place in King township. He remained there until he had sufficient capital to purchase his present farm, known formerly as the Asa Rogers homestead. This place has been his home since 1884, and he has in these years added much to the farm, bringing it to a better state of cultivation, putting up a new bank barn, and making other improvements. While Mr. Doan has never given his attention particularly to politics, although a firm adherent of the Reform party, yet he is public-spirited, ready to promote the progress of his section of the country, and for several years served efficiently on the school board.

In 1877 Mr. Doan married Miss Esther L. Beynon, a native of King township, born in 1853. She was the daughter of Jonathan and Mary (Love) Beynon, and a member of an old family in the township, who lived and died on their farm in Concession 2. There were seven other children older than Mrs. Doan, namely: Maria Newlove, of California; Elijah and Isaiah, deceased; Elizabeth, Mary J. and Sarah Ogden, of Aurora; and John, of Manitoba. To Norman Doan and his wife three children have been born: Evelyn J., born in 1879, and educated in the township schools, is now the wife of W. A. Heart, a farmer of Vaughan township, and has one daughter, Lillie. George E., born in 1883, a young man of fine mind, is still living at home. Albert E., born in 1885, has a position in Toronto. Norman Doan and his wife are active members of the Methodist Church, and he has always taken a prominent part in church work, filling at one time or another the positions of steward, class-leader, Bible class teacher, Sunday-school superintendent, choir leader and local preacher. He is a man of fine character and of much ability, and holds a high place in the esteem and confidence of his fellow men.

JOSEPH H. LEA, one of the influential residents of York township, who, in addition to attending to his personal affairs, discharges the responsible duties of postmaster and magistrate,

was born in York township, Jan. 24, 1851, son of William and Elizabeth (Davids) Lea. On both sides he comes from pioneer stock. His maternal grandfather, Charles Davids, came to Toronto from England in the forties, and remained in that city until his death, in 1872. He had seven children, of whom Elizabeth, Mrs. Lea, was the eldest. Two of the family still survive: Katherine, Mrs. Daniel Daniels, and Miss Mary Ann Davids, both of Toronto.

The grandparents on the paternal side, John and Mary Lea, left England in 1819 for Toronto, and settled there on wild land, Lots 12 and 13, Concession 3, from the bay—the present homestead. John Lea built a log cabin, in which he lived many years while clearing his farm. Later he put up a modern home, where he dwelt until his death, in 1852. His wife passed away in 1846, leaving two sons and one daughter: (1) William was the eldest. (2) John, born in York township, married a Miss Mary Charles, and lived on the homestead property, where he built a brick residence. His death occurred in 1897, and three children survived him. (3) Mary is the widow of the late Richard Playter.

William Lea was born near Liverpool, England, in 1815. As his father came to Canada four years later, he received only such education as the new country afforded, and his life was spent on the home place in agricultural pursuits. Mr. Lea was married three times. His first wife, Mary Ann, daughter of Abraham Taylor, of York township, died in 1842, leaving no children. In 1842 he married Miss Elizabeth Davids, who was born in 1816, and died at Leaside in 1867, leaving seven children. For his third wife Mr. Lea chose Mrs. Sophia (Davids) Blogg, widow of John Samuel Blogg, and a sister of his second wife. Mr. Lea died in 1893, and his widow survived until 1903. They belonged to the Episcopal Church. Mr. Lea's children were as follows: (1) Charles W., a dairyman and farmer on part of the old homestead, married Miss Charlotte Playter, and has four children, Herbert, Florence, Estella and Clarence. (2) Joseph H. (3) James D., of Toronto, married Miss Rachel Hunter, and has five children, William, Garnet, Edna, Elizabeth and Hazel. (4) The Misses Mary Alice and (5) Fanny Elizabeth reside with their brother, Joseph. (6) Jessie is the deceased wife of Frank Hurndall of England, dying at the home of her father in 1889, leaving an only daughter, Constance, who is under the guardianship of her uncle Joseph. (7) Lillian, Mrs. William H. Doel, of Toronto Junction, has one daughter, Doris.

Joseph H. Lea grew up on the old homestead, attending the public schools. For a number of

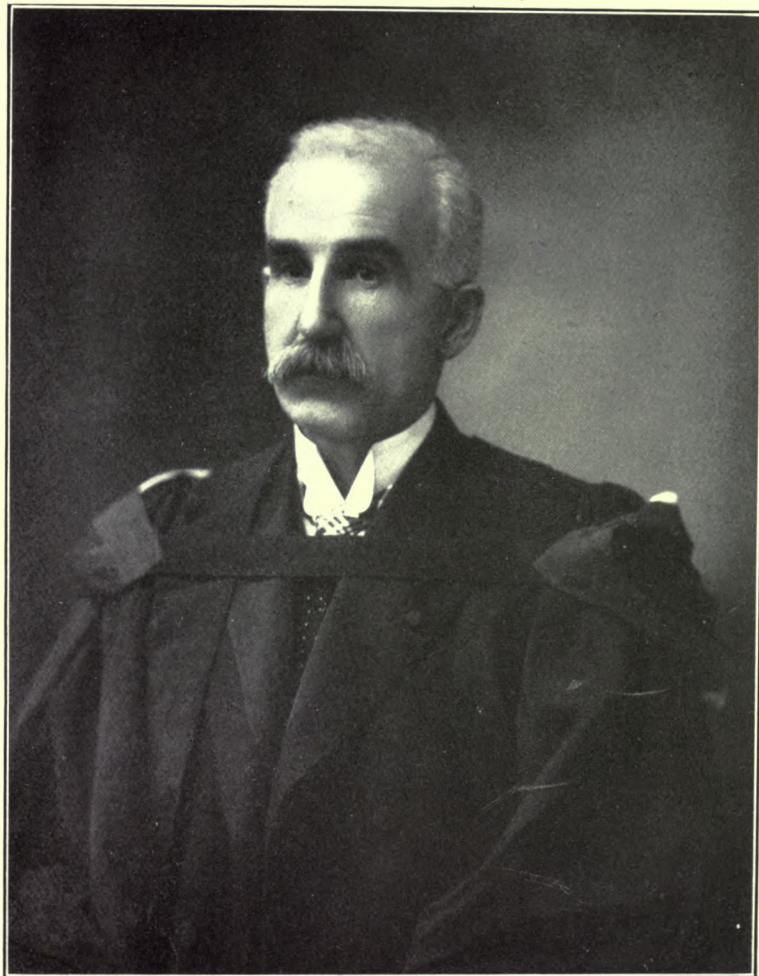
years prior to his father's death he was the manager of the farm and the homestead proper, including the brick house which William Lea built in 1856, and there he still resides, unmarried. The barns and other farm buildings were divided between him and his brother Charles, the latter building another residence. Amongst other enterprises Mr. Lea has been carrying on a factory for the canning of tomatoes, and he has won a reputation second to none for articles of a high grade; he has been in this business for over thirty years. The Canadian Pacific road has a station in the center of the farm, only about three hundred yards from the Lea residence, called Leaside Junction; it was built in 1893.

Like his father Mr. Lea is a strong Conservative, and ably fills the position of magistrate. Since 1905 he has also held the appointment of postmaster at Leaside Junction; the office has been in his home since 1893. He and the other members of the family are church members and earnest workers, and he is a worthy representative of a name which has always been highly esteemed in the community. He is justly popular among his neighbors.

DR. ALLAN B. COOK, who for many years has been a prominent physician of Toronto, is one of the best-known members of the profession in the Queen City, where he has lived most of his life. He is a member of a United Empire Loyalist family on both the paternal and maternal sides.

The Cook family settled in New Jersey in the seventeenth century, and from there migrated to Canada, the founder of the family in this country being John Cook, the great-great-grandfather of the Doctor. He came to Canada in 1776, settling in the County of Welland, where he spent the remainder of his life, dying there in 1790. A number of his ancestors were military men, some of them being military governors in the American Colonies prior to the Revolution. Among the children of John Cook was a son William, born about 1778 in the County of Welland, where he engaged in farming, spending his life in the Niagara District. John B. Cook, son of William, was the grandfather of the Doctor. He was born in the County of Welland about 1800, and there spent his life. His children were Gilbert W. and Phoebe.

Gilbert W. Cook was born in Welland County in 1827, and there grew to manhood, being educated in the public and normal schools. For many years he was local superintendent of education, was a well-known speaker, and a writer of ability on matters pertaining to education. He died in 1867. Gilbert W. Cook married De-



A. B. Cook Rm. D

borah Jane Van Alstine, who was born in the County of Welland in 1835, and died in 1885. To Mr. and Mrs. Cook were born children as follows: Dr. Allan B.; Carson C., of Los Angeles, California; Miss Charity; and Dr. William V., of Pasadena, California.

Allan B. Cook was born in the County of Welland, Ont., in 1852, and in the grammar schools of that county received his literary training. In 1872 he entered the medical department of the University of Toronto, from which he was graduated in 1875, with the degree of M.B., receiving the same year the degree of M.B. and later M.D., C.M., from Trinity University, and the degree of M.D. from Victoria University, securing scholarships and being gold medalist. Immediately after graduating Dr. Cook settled at Welland, where for nine years he was engaged in the practice of his profession. During this time he was railway surgeon for the Niagara District. He then went to Norwich, County of Oxford, where he remained seven years, and in 1892 settled in Toronto, where he has since carried on his practice. Dr. Cook is a practical chemist, and has recently applied his knowledge therein in a very practical way, this being the extraction of various metals from the rock in which nature placed them. The Doctor is also turning his attention to other lines of work in the same direction. He takes great interest in natural history, and is a keen hunter for big game and relics.

Dr. Cook was married in 1900 to Miss Stella McNaughton, who was born in Caledonia, New York, daughter of the late J. H. McNaughton, the well-known poet. Dr. Cook is a member of the English Church and of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, in politics a Conservative, and connected with the A.F. & A.M. and the I.O.O.F.

JAMES HUGHES BEATTY, for many years president and general manager of the Northwest Transportation Company, was one of the best-known business men in western Ontario, and his death, which occurred at his late residence, No. 109 Dowling avenue, Toronto, Jan. 25, 1902, removed from that city a highly-esteemed citizen and a true Christian gentleman. Mr. Beatty was born in Ireland Sept. 7, 1826, son of William and Frances (Hughes) Beatty, natives of the North of Ireland.

In 1838 William Beatty and his family settled at Thorold, in the County of Welland, Ont., where Mr. Beatty engaged in the lumber business and later became interested in a steamboat line. He and his wife both died in Thorold, where they had made their home for many years. They were Methodists in religion.

James Hughes Beatty was educated at Co-

bourg College, and began his business life at Thorold in the lumber and saw mill and tannery. Later he became largely interested in the Northwest Transportation Company, in which he became one of the largest shareholders, and finally became its president and general manager, a position he held until he sold out his interest, in 1900, when he retired from active business. At the time of his death Mr. Beatty was also president of the Federal Life Insurance Company of Hamilton, and a director of the Traders Bank of Toronto. Mr. Beatty was twice married, his first wife being Mary, daughter of the late William McCullough. She died about two years after their marriage, leaving one daughter, Mrs. A. D. Hansell, of Stockton, California, who has one daughter, Frances, now Mrs. William Cork.

Mr. Beatty married for his second wife Sarah, daughter of Samuel and Prudence (Thompson) Campbell, residents of Thorold, and natives of the North of Ireland. They removed from their native country to Lockport, New York State, where Mr. Campbell was for some time a flour merchant, afterwards removing to Thorold, where they now reside. They had children as follows: Samuel, deceased; Jennie, at home; Annie, the wife of E. Cork, of Toronto; and Sarah, Mrs. Beatty. To Mr. and Mrs. Beatty have been born the following children: James C., Anne F., Jennie L., William Hughes and Lawrence S. The eldest, Dr. James C. Beatty, graduated from the medical department of the University of Toronto in the class of 1905, and was married in October, 1905, to Miss Anne Tacette McCleary, eldest daughter of the late William McCleary, ex-member of the Provincial Parliament and the Dominion Parliament from the County of Welland, and a man of prominence both in public and in church circles, widely known throughout the Dominion.

Mrs. Beatty and her family reside at No. 109 Dowling avenue. Mr. Beatty was a prominent member of the Methodist Church, in which he was for many years class-leader and Sunday-school superintendent.

ROBERT JAMES BERKINSHAW, a life-long resident of Toronto, is a native of that city, where he has been engaged in the publishing business for many years. He was born in 1859, the son of Thomas Berkinshaw, and secured his education in the schools of his native place. About the year 1875 Mr. Berkinshaw engaged in the publishing business, and for a number of years was manager for Funk & Wagnalls, of Toronto, and London, England. In 1896 he founded the Educational Publishing Company, of Toronto, in company with Mr. G.

E. Henderson, of which company the latter is president, while Mr. Berkinshaw is secretary-treasurer. The company's offices are located at No. 36 Shuter street, Toronto.

Mr. Berkinshaw was united in marriage with Miss Emma Coulton, born in Cleveland, Ohio. They are the parents of these children: Richard Coulton, Wilfred Robert and Muriel Catherine. Mr. Berkinshaw and his wife are members of the Bloor street Baptist Church. In politics he is a staunch Reformer.

JAMES WALSH SKENE, who died at Nelson, British Columbia, April 9, 1903, was one of the best known men of the Grand Trunk service in Toronto, and one of the most highly respected citizens of the Queen City, where he had resided for many years, and in which city his home was at the time of his death. Mr. Skene was born in 1849, in Scotland, where he grew to maturity.

In 1872 Mr. Skene came to Toronto and accepted a position as locomotive engineer on the Grand Trunk Railroad, running between Toronto and Belleville. From this line Mr. Skene went to the employ of the Canadian Pacific Railway, having his headquarters at Nelson, British Columbia, and it was while in the latter place that Mr. Skene met with an accident which injured one of his hands, which in connection with a cold, caused his death. While in British Columbia, Mr. Skene invested in coal, copper and gold mines, which property Mrs. Skene now holds, and which promise to be very productive, especially the coal mines.

Mr. Skene was married in St. Ann's Church, Toronto, to Miss Eleanor E. Church, a native of Toronto, born on Dundas street, and a member of a family of early settlers. The parents of Mrs. Skene were the late John and Ann (Elliott) Church, both natives of England, who settled in Toronto in 1841, where Mr. Church followed building until his death. Mr. Church owned a great deal of property on Dundas street, and also carried on carriage making and hotel keeping, and was postmaster for many years. He settled on Dundas street when the residences of that street were few and far between, and, purchasing much property, became one of the leading business men of the city. He was born in 1810 and he died in 1866, aged fifty-six years; while his wife, born in 1819, survived until 1900, when she passed away aged eighty-one years. This couple were members of the Church of England, and politically Mr. Church was a Conservative. To him and his estimable wife were born these children; Annie Maria, deceased; Henry J., deceased; and Eleanor, the widow of Mr. Skene. All of these

children were born on Dundas street, and were educated in the schools of Toronto.

The children born to Mr. and Mrs. Skene were: Eleanor E., James, Joseph, Aguila St. Clair. The family are members of the Church of England, attending St. Ann's, in which Mrs. Skene was confirmed and married, and in which her eldest daughter has been confirmed. Fraternally Mr. Skene was a member of the Order of Locomotive Engineers, the Masons and the K.O.T.M.

DR. FRANCIS OAKLEY, who passed away in Toronto, May 8, 1902, was one of the well-known physicians of that city. The Doctor was born in July, 1829, in Peterborough, son of William and Honora (Daley) Oakley, both natives of Ireland.

The Oakleys were originally English, but emigrated to Ireland during the time of Cromwell, the founder of the family in the Emerald Isle being an officer in His Majesty's army. William Oakley was twice married. His first wife, to whom he was married just before leaving for Canada, died in the new world soon after their arrival. The second wife of Mr. Oakley was Honora Daley, by whom he had the following children: Arthur; Thomas; Dr. Francis; Honora; Margaret; and Catherine. Mr. Oakley died in Peterborough, in 1847, while his widow survived many years.

Francis Oakley was educated in Peterborough and in Toronto, and after leaving school taught school for a number of years, before taking up the study of medicine in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. He completed his medical education in the Rolph Medical school of Toronto, and after graduating he began the active practice of his profession. Later he removed to Port Perry, thence to Blenheim, and in 1887 settled in Toronto, where he continued his practice until his death.

Dr. Oakley married Miss Janet Chesholm. She was the daughter of Donald and Rachel B. (MacDonald) Chesholm, the former of whom was born in Glengarry, Ont., son of Lewis Chesholm, an United Empire Loyalist, who settled in Canada in 1808, on land granted by the Crown. This land was near Glengarry and here Mr. Chesholm died. Mr. Chesholm, the father of Mrs. Oakley, followed farming for a time in Glengarry, and in 1834 went to Toronto, and thence to County Victoria where, in 1850, he died. His widow survived until 1886, when she died at Port Perry. Mrs. Oakley was born in 1832 at Port Perry, and now resides at No. 281 Dovercourt Road, Toronto. To Dr. and Mrs. Oakley were born the following children: Ellen C.; Dr. Francis Arthur, of Cleveland,

Ohio, who married Amy Darcott, and they have one daughter, Frances; Dr. William Donald, deceased, a graduate of McGill University, Montreal, who married Mary S. Griffeth, and at his death left two children, Donald and Dorothea, now residing with their widowed mother in London, England, where the doctor had carried on his profession.

Dr. Francis Oakley was a member of the Church of England, to which faith Mrs. Oakley also adheres. In political faith he was a Reformer, and in fraternal connection a Mason.

FRANCIS OTTLEY DEE (deceased) was born at Fort George, near Niagara, Oct. 13, 1821, son of Robert Henry Dee, who came from England, settling in Stamford in 1825, where he died.

Francis O. Dee was educated at Cobourg and at the Upper Canada College. He served in the Mackenzie Rebellion of 1837-38, and was one of the last survivors of the John Mackenzie troops. Mr. Dee engaged in the mercantile business at Niagara for some time, and in 1847 went to Brantford, where he remained until 1865. For a number of years he was a partner of the late Mr. Carton, and while connected in this way their business was twice destroyed by fire. In 1865 Mr. Dee married Miss Mary Smith, daughter of Peter Smith, for many years an American interpreter for the Six Nations. Soon after their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Dee went to Wisconsin, where they remained for a short time, but the climate not agreeing with them, they went to the East, and after spending two or three years in New York State, returned to Canada. He died on the banks of the Grand River, and his funeral was largely attended. He and his wife had one son, and one daughter, the former dying in 1871. Mr. Dee never recovered from the shock of his son's death, and his request that he be buried by the side of his only boy, was granted. The daughter, Bessie, lives with her mother at No. 306 Jarvis street, Toronto, where they located in 1904. Mr. Dee was a Conservative. With his family he attended the Church of England, of which he was a consistent member and liberal supporter.

CAPT. JOSEPH MARSHALL SECOR, who died at his late residence, in Scarborough township, County York, was a member of a widely known family of Western Ontario. He was a nephew of Laura Secor, famous in Ontario history. He was born in Scarborough township in 1829, and died there April 6, 1895. He was a son of the late Major Joseph Secor and Ann (Stephenson) Secor.

Major Secor came with his parents to Can-

ada from the United States, about the time of the American Revolution, his parents being United Empire Loyalists. The Secors settled in Scarborough township, where Major Joseph was a farmer for many years, and where both he and his wife died. They had two sons, Joseph M. and Isaac, deceased.

Joseph M. Secor grew to manhood in Scarborough township, and there engaged in farming on the old Secor homestead, which he had obtained from his father, and here he continued all of his active life. He married Miss Elizabeth Ann Bates, born in Scarborough township, daughter of Earl and Mereia (Jones) Bates, the former a native of the United States, and a pioneer of Scarborough township, where he followed farming and died. The latter died in Clarke township, County Durham.

Captain Joseph M. Secor was a member of the Church of England. In political faith he was a Conservative. Mrs. Secor located in Toronto in 1902, where she has since resided. She still owns a part of the old Secor homestead in Scarborough township.

ROBERT J. QUIGLEY (deceased), formerly of Toronto, was one of the Dominion's best-known business men as a jewelry manufacturer, and at the time of his decease, Oct. 9, 1904, he was president and manager of the American Watch Case Company, Limited.

Mr. Quigley was born Oct. 3, 1848, at West Hoboken, New Jersey, son of W. G. Quigley, a well-known builder and contractor of that city. His education was secured in the public schools of his native place, and he then entered into an apprenticeship with Joseph Fahys, of New York, who was considered a skilled manufacturer of watch cases. At that time the work was all done by hand and the business was not one of large proportions at best, the greater part being confined to the making of cases for the English and Swiss movements which were imported for the favored few. In those days the mere possession of a watch indicated a large measure of material prosperity.

At the time of which we write, when young Quigley first entered the employ of Joseph Fahys, he, with the other twenty-five or thirty employees climbed a narrow staircase to the factory, which was located on the second floor at No. 16 Maiden Lane, New York. Here young Quigley found out that he was expected to learn completely every detail of the manufacture of a watch case. It took three skilled workmen to pass on the case before it was considered completed and the cost of making was from twelve to twenty dollars.

In 1868 Joseph Fahys in partnership with

others, inaugurated a departure, forming the Brooklyn Watch Case Factory for the manufacture of gold cases by machinery, by steam power. By this time Mr. Quigley had become a journeyman in the trade, and he was one of the first employees of the company and remained in their service until 1874. At this time he was engaged by Robert Crawford to accompany him to Guelph, Canada, to manage a factory which he was having fitted in the northern city. He remained with Mr. Crawford for ten months and then came to Toronto. Here he opened a store and factory of his own at No. 8 King street east, for the manufacture and repair of gold and silver watch cases and jewelry of all kinds.

In this small shop Mr. Quigley, by close attention to a business in which he was thoroughly experienced, did quite a good trade, and when Mr. Crawford closed out his business at Guelph he bought a large part of the machinery and removed it to his place in Toronto. It was his desire, which he finally accomplished, to turn all his energies into the line of manufacturing watch cases. He soon found his quarters too constricted for the expansion he desired, and removed two doors east where he could secure the needed space, and the necessary steam power for driving his machinery. Under his careful management the new enterprise proved successful, and ere long he found a need of larger capital with which to work, as a demand was growing for gold as well as silver cases. Consequently he admitted to partnership E. H. Arms, of the firm of Arms and Warswick, machinists, of Guelph, and the business was reorganized under the firm name of Arms & Quigley.

Although there was at first prejudice in the trade against Canadian watch cases, the business was conducted on lines which overcame this feeling and was in a way successful from the very first. In 1880 again finding their quarters too small, the firm removed to Nos. 33 and 35 Adelaide street west, where the business prospered until the retirement of Mr. Arms in 1882 on account of ill health. Mr. Quigley continued alone until 1884.

Realizing that the time had now arrived to found a great and thoroughly equipped factory for the business, the trade and people having been educated up to it, Mr. Quigley brought about the formation of a joint stock company which had sufficient capital to ensure the permanence of such a project. He met with many obstacles, but these he had met and overcome all his life, and in this case it was the same. He interested capitalists in his scheme, especially W. K. McNaught, of the wholesale jewelry

firm of McNaught & Lowe, and on March 5, 1885, under the Ontario Joint Stock Companies' Act, a charter was obtained under the name of The American Watch Case Company of Toronto, with a capital stock of \$50,000, which was subsequently increased to \$200,000.

With the entire jewelry trade of Toronto Mr. Quigley had maintained cordial relations and he was known as a man of upright and honorable character. In an extraordinary degree he was possessed of mechanical skill and organizing ability and he also possessed sound judgment, which led him to always see ahead before he took a step.

In May, 1876, Mr. Quigley was married to Miss Anna Primrose, who was born Jan. 7, 1856, in Quebec, and died Feb. 19, 1898. She was a daughter of John Primrose, a business man of Quebec. The children born to Mr. and Mrs. Quigley were: Lillian; Florence, Mrs. H. Lyons; Gertrude, Mrs. H. Hughes; Oliver; Robert J.; Ada; Harry S.; George P.; Edith A. E.; and Francis G. His last days were made easier by the knowledge that in health he had been able to provide amply for the welfare of a beloved family, and he left also what they cherish still higher, an honorable name. In a fraternal connection Mr. Quigley was a member of St. John's Lodge, A.F. & A.M., the Knights Templars and the Mystic Shrine. He was also a member of the A.O.U.W. In politics he was a Conservative.

THE ROGERS FAMILY. The firm of Charles Rogers & Sons Company, Limited, of McDonnell Square, Toronto, is one of the old-established firms of the city and their furniture factory is one of the earliest founded in Ontario. The organizer of the house was Charles Rogers, Sr., the father of the present members of the firm.

Charles Rogers, Sr., was born in Perth, Scotland, and removed with his father to Glasgow, where the latter established himself as a manufacturer of picture frames. The son learned the trade of a carver and designer, and was occupied as such for some time in Glasgow, but in 1851 left his native land for Canada. Toronto was his destination, and there he found his skill as a designer in demand. He took a position with the firm of Jacques & Hay, remaining in their employ until the partnership was dissolved, when he became a member of the succeeding firm, Robert Hay & Co. This company was also dissolved, and some years afterward Mr. Rogers founded the firm which has so long borne his name. He was actively identified with its management till the time of his death and made a reputation for integrity and for turning out a

high grade of work which the house has maintained carefully ever since. The headquarters of the firm are at McDonnell Square, and there was a wholesale and retail branch at No. 95 Yonge street until quite recently, when it was discontinued, the firm being now devoted exclusively to the wholesale manufacturing business. They turn out fine furniture and interior hardwood fittings for banks, offices and private houses.

While still residing in Glasgow Mr. Rogers was married to Miss Janet Ferguson, who was born in that city, and died in Toronto in 1902. They became the parents of twelve children, namely: Janet, Mrs. Daniel McGregor, of Seaforth; Margaret, Mrs. Fred Thomas, of Toronto; Christine, Jessie and Agnes, all residing in Toronto; Edith and Maude, deceased; Charles; Daniel, deceased; David; W. B.; and James, a resident of Hamilton. Mr. Rogers was a Reformer in politics, and in religious matters he and his wife were both Presbyterians.

CHARLES ROGERS, JR., president of the company, was born in Glasgow, Oct. 14, 1844, and was only seven years old when the family moved to Toronto. There he received his education and learned the details of the business which he is now conducting. He has brought to his life work not only a genuine interest but a fund of business acumen which has made it easy for him to continue his father's successful operations. In April, 1867, he was married to Miss Matilda Cowan, daughter of William and Anna (Thompson) Cowan, and a native of Toronto. To their union have been born eight children, viz.: Alice M., Jessie F., Fred F., Ethel, Arthur C., Herbert R., Edith S., and Donald F. The family are Presbyterians, and Mr. Rogers also follows his father's example in associating himself in political matters with the Reform party.

DAVID ROGERS, vice-president of the company, was also born in Glasgow, in 1848, and was reared and educated in Toronto, going into business with his father when his studies were completed. His wife was a Miss Brock, a native of Ontario County.

W. B. ROGERS, the secretary and treasurer of Charles Rogers & Sons Company, and manager of the retail establishment at No. 95 Yonge street as long as it was carried on, was born in Toronto. His education and preparation for his present responsibilities was like that of his brothers, and like them he has proved himself equal to the demands made upon him. The achievements of the father have been more than maintained by the sons, and his principles of sterling integrity in every transaction are as faithfully acted upon as in his own day.

OLIVER AIKEN HOWLAND, K.C., C.M.G. Among the prominent men of Toronto and the Province of Ontario, was the gentleman whose name heads this record, in connection with whom is also mentioned his honored father, Sir William Pierce Howland, and his brother, the late W. P. Howland, Jr.

The history of the Howland family in America dates from the landing of the "Mayflower" in 1620, among whose passengers on its first voyage was John Howland, who settled in Plymouth, Massachusetts.

Nathaniel Howland, the grandfather of Oliver Aiken, was a large land owner in Dutchess County, New York, from which place he afterward removed. He had four sons who came to Canada, Peleg, Frederiek, Henry and Sir William P. In 1834 Peleg came to Canada and settled in the County of Peel. The other three brothers followed soon after, settling in the same county. Peleg resided for some time at Brampton, from which place he removed to Lambton Mills, where with a brother, he purchased an interest in the mills from his brother, Sir William P. Howland. He was president of the Farmers' Loan Company for some time and a director in several other enterprises. He was one of the arbitrators of the Corn Exchange of Toronto. Henry Howland, a prominent barrister of Toronto, was president of the Imperial Bank of Canada for many years. He was also president of the Imperial Trust Company, and was interested in many other enterprises in the Queen City. Frederiek Howland, who resided at Lambton Mills, was interested in various business enterprises in Toronto.

Sir William Pierce Howland is now residing in Toronto. He was born in 1821 in Dutchess County, New York. He was the first regularly appointed governor of the Province of Ontario, and was a member of Parliament for five years, representing West York. He was one of the fathers of the Confederation and one of the deputation to England, in connection therewith. He was for some time president of the Ontario Bank and the first president of the Confederation Life Association, which position he held until his resignation in 1900. Sir William was also president of the London & Canada Life Association from its foundation, until his resignation in 1894: was president for many years of the Toronto Board of Trade; and was a member of many directing boards of prominent institutions.

Sir William Pierce Howland was married to Marianne Blyth, daughter of William Blyth, of Scotland, an early settler of Lambton Mills, who subsequently removed to a farm, where the remainder of his life was spent. Mrs. How-

land died in 1859, the mother of these children: William P., Jr.; Oliver Aiken, our subject; Peleg, deceased; and Florence, the wife of Henry K. Merritt. The eldest son, the late William P. Howland, Jr., formerly mayor of Toronto for a year, and a prominent business man of that city, was first associated there with his father. Later he became president of the Hand-in-Hand Fire Insurance Company, and still later founded the Crow's Nest Insurance Company, which he financed for some time. He was one of Toronto's public spirited men, president of the Board of Trade and president of the National Club. He married, and among his children were: Dr. Howland, of London, England; Winnifred; Isabella; and Vere, a student of a military academy of London.

Oliver Aiken Howland received a superior education at the Upper Canada College and Toronto University. Upon the creditable completion of his literary work, he took up the study of law with Matthew Crooks Cameron and was called to the Bar in 1875. After that time he was a prominent member of the County York Bar, and was made K.C. Some of his important professional connections are included in the following list: solicitor of the London Canada Company, and solicitor for George T. Jewett, United States patentee of the modern process of milling, and as such tried the first case to establish the patent and winning it before the Supreme Court. He was senior member of the Howland & Arnold law firm until 1897.

In 1894 Mr. Howland was elected to Parliament, resigning his seat in 1897. In 1901 he was elected by the Conservative party, mayor of Toronto, and approval of his administration was shown by his re-election in 1902. It was while acting in his public capacity that Mayor Howland received many distinguished guests, including the visit of the Duke of York; that of the Governor-General, and of General Booth, and many deputations which visited the city. His public services are matters of record, and include the settlement of the two gas company charters. He was instrumental in defeating the Toronto Railway Company in their attempt to secure legislation which he deemed harmful to the city's interests. When the city railway strike was ordered by the labor unions, Mayor Howland immediately called out 1,500 militia to protect non-union men who were attempting to run the cars, with the result that within a few hours the strike was called off, and traffic which had been delayed, resumed.

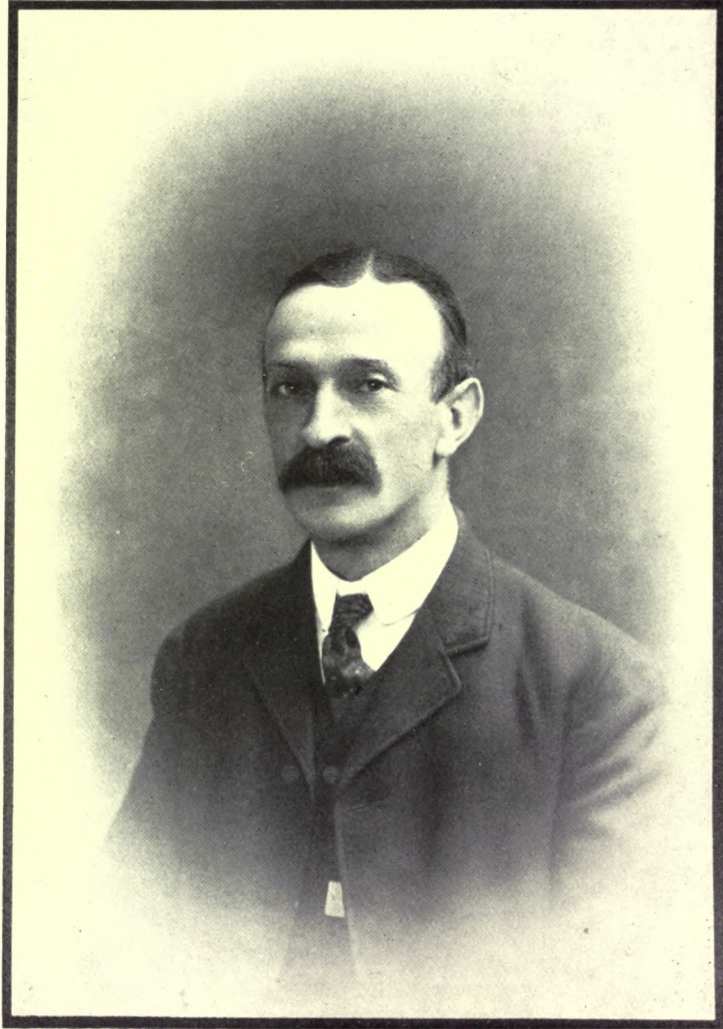
In 1885 Mr. Howland founded the Municipal Reform Association, which project has since been carried on his line of suggestion. It was Mr. Howland who established the "ward" sys-

tem in Toronto, and he was also one of the promoters of the project for the establishing of the board of control. He was the first citizen to take an active interest in the improvement of the water front, including the acquisition of the Garrison Commons, with arrangements for the purchase of the latter at a much lower figure than that at which they were acquired in the year 1903. At the opening of the Pan-American Exposition, at Buffalo, in 1902, Mr. Howland represented the Queen City, and on Toronto Day was received by special invitation of the Fair at the head of the Toronto deputation. In the previous year he had represented Toronto at the Bi-Centenary of Detroit. In 1902 he received the British delegation, and in 1900 the British Members of the Chamber of American Delegates, and in 1902 was commander-in-chief of the opening of the Toronto Exhibition. In 1901 he received the Imperial Press Delegates with the Royal party. In 1894 Mr. Howland was elected president of the International Deep Water Way Association, and in 1895 was re-elected at Cleveland. Mr. Howland was also known as a writer of ability. Mr. Howland was one of the public, conspicuous men of this northern city. His courtesy, dignity, acquirements and hospitality made his name familiar far beyond the confines of the Dominion, and his death, Nov. 9, 1904, was universally felt to be a loss to his town and his Province.

JAMES WALLACE SMUCK, M.D., C.M., one of the prominent physicians of Toronto, belongs to one of the old Canadian families which settled in County Wentworth in the eighteenth century, and has been honorably identified with the subsequent development of that section.

The Smuck family was founded in Canada by Jacob Smuck, great-grandfather of Dr. James Wallace Smuck, who came from Pennsylvania, and settled in County Wentworth. Among his children was a son, James, born in 1808, not long after Jacob Smuck and his family settled in their forest home. There he grew to manhood, adopted farming as his vocation, and became one of the leading agriculturists of the county. James Smuck married Miss Lucinda Shaw, a native of New York State, and among their children was a son, Jacob E., the Doctor's father.

Jacob E. Smuck was born on the family homestead near Hamilton, in 1842. His wife was Miss Margaret Taylor, who was born in County York, in 1844. After their marriage the young couple settled on a farm in County Wentworth, where they spent the whole of their active lives. They are now living retired. Of their children, James Wallace is our subject; Alice is at home;



W. J. Lykes.

and Anstine E. is a farmer in County Wentworth.

The maternal grandparents of Dr. Smuck were James and Margaret (Rutherford) Taylor. The former was a wagonmaker by occupation, and lived the greater part of his life in County York. While James Taylor was himself a strict Presbyterian, a brother of his, John Taylor, embraced the Mormon faith, went to Salt Lake City to live, and on the death of Brigham Young was chosen president of the Church of Latter Day Saints.

Dr. James Wallace Smuck was born on his father's farm, and was educated in the public schools of County Wentworth, and in the Hamilton Collegiate Institute. On completing the literary side of his education, the young man taught in the public schools for a couple of years. In 1889 he entered the University of Toronto for his medical training. In 1893 he received his degree of M.R.C.P. from Victoria College, and immediately after his graduation, returned to County Wentworth, to practise his profession. After three years there he sold his practice, and on Oct. 1, 1896, located in Toronto, where his professional skill and pleasing personality enabled him to speedily build up a good patronage, and he holds to-day a recognized position among the leading physicians of the Queen City.

In 1893 was solemnized the marriage of Dr. James W. Smuck and Miss Edith Craig. The latter was born in Presque Isle, daughter of Robert Craig. To this union have come two daughters, Helene and Margaret, the former born in County Wentworth, and the latter in Toronto. Dr. Smuck, like his father, is a strong adherent of the Presbyterian Church. In politics he has always supported the Reform party, although his large and growing practice leaves him no time for any active participation in municipal affairs. Fraternally Dr. Smuck is a member of the I.O.O.F., the A.O.U.W. and the I.O.F., while his descent on the maternal side from Scotch ancestry entitles him to his connection with the Sons of Scotland.

W. J. SYKES.—“I am not endowed with one of those high names which are everlasting monuments of success. The ‘Bill Sykes’ story written by the late Charles Dickens, in ‘Oliver Twist,’ leaves me an example not to be copied. I had the good fortune to be born in Belfast, Ireland, and spent my boyhood days there, and was educated at the Model School and graduated and completed my studies at the academy.

“My business life began with apprenticing myself to the well-known whisky distillers, Dunville & Co., whose whiskey is noted for its ex-

cellence throughout the world. I was at an early age a full-fledged whiskey blender, but as years rolled on the twenty-first birthday was reached and my manhood asserted itself, the whiskey business and the climate of Belfast lost their charms for me, and I adopted Toronto, Canada, as my future home. I studied phonography and received a teacher's certificate from the late Isaae Pitman, and founded the Ontario Shorthand Society, from which the Toronto and Dominion business colleges had their origin. The paper, envelope and bookbinding business engaged my time and attention for eight years and then the lithographing business for a similar period, after which time the half-tone and zinc etching business attracted me and for the past five years I have taken a very special delight in this artistic line, which calls forth all that anyone of an artistic turn of mind can conceive in designing and engraving. The Alexander Engraving Company of Toronto, Canada, now claim my best efforts.

“I may add that I have the honor of being the grandson of the late Col. David Sykes, who was with the Duke of Wellington in seven battles and was on the field with him on the day the famous battle of Waterloo was fought on the 18th June, 1815.”

CHAMPION JONES, who conducted a furniture business in Toronto for thirty years, the last twenty-five years of which he occupied his well-known stand in Queen street, west of Bathurst, died at his residence, No. 9 Murray street, Toronto, Feb. 5, 1905. Mr. Jones was born in Bath, England, June 22, 1835, son of Thomas and Jane Jones, both of whom died in England.

Mr. Jones was in business in his native country some time before coming to Canada. In Toronto he made his home and engaged in the furniture business, and in this he continued until his death. Mr. Jones was twice married. By his first marriage, which took place in England, he had children: Edwin, Fred, Albert, Donzy, Alice, Mary Ann and Agnes. In 1875 Mr. Jones married Miss Christina Morrison, born in Scotland, daughter of Thomas and Jane (Craig) Morrison, and to this union were born: Thomas, George, Maud, Chrissie, Wallace and Ruth.

In religion Mr. Jones was connected with the Methodist Church, to which faith Mrs. Jones and her family belong. The funeral services of the late Mr. Jones were conducted by the Rev. Mr. Murray, of Erskine Church, and the remains were interred at the Neeropolis. In politics Mr. Jones was a staunch Conservative,

and he took an active interest in the success of his party.

HENRY STARK HOWLAND (deceased). Among the foremost financiers and business men of the City of Toronto, was the late Henry Stark Howland, who was born Aug. 2, 1824, at Kinderhook, New York, and his death occurred Jan. 28, 1902, in Toronto.

In 1838 Mr. Howland came to Canada, locating at Churchville, County Peel, soon after locating at Brampton, engaging with his brother who was located there. In 1851 he embarked in business on his own account at Kleinburg, where he carried on flour and saw milling, and also a general mercantile business. On settling in Toronto in 1864, Mr. Howland sold out his mercantile business at Kleinburg, but retained the flour milling business until his death. Mr. Howland engaged in many business enterprises after locating in Toronto, among which may be mentioned the Bank of Commerce, of which he was one of the founders, and of which he was vice-president for some time. In 1875 the Imperial Bank of Canada was established, of which Mr. Howland was the first president, a position he held until his death. Mr. Howland established the H. S. Howland, Sons & Co. business on Front street, in 1877, and he was actively identified with this enterprise until his death. He was prominently connected with the Freehold Loan Company, of which he was one of the original promoters. He was a director of the Toronto General Trusts Company, and was one of the original promoters of the National Life Insurance Company, of which company he was the first president. After locating in Toronto, Mr. Howland refused all offers of political office, but while residing in Vaughan township he served as reeve for some time, and was also warden of County York. In politics he was a Reformer.

In 1852 Mr. Howland and Miss Ardelia Sophia Smith were united in marriage. Mrs. Howland was born at Oakville, County Halton, in 1833, daughter of Thompson Smith: she died in Toronto, in 1889, leaving children as follows: Julia married the Rev. John Gillespie, of Toronto, by whom she had seven children, Henry, Howland, Paul, Julie, John, Kathleen and Laura; Henry Stark, of Brooklyn, New York, married Louise Morse, and has one son, Randolph; Peleg; Fred N., died single; Egbert Amos died unmarried; William P., of Kleinburg, is engaged in milling; Thompson Smith is engaged in the milling business at Kleinburg; Mary May married W. W. Vickers, of Toronto, and she has two children, a daughter and a

son; George W., the vice-president of the H. S. Howland, Sons & Co., married Edith Kirkpatrick, and has two children, George Kirkpatrick and Roxana Elizabeth; Lydia married C. R. L. Drayton, of Vancouver, by whom she had two children, Charles Hamilton and Henry Howland; and Frank J., now deceased (his wife's name was Ethel).

Peleg Howland, president of the H. S. Howland, Sons & Co., Limited, was born in Toronto, and was educated at the Toronto Grammar school, which later became the Collegiate Institute. His introduction to business life was in the Imperial Bank, of which his father was president. At the time that the H. S. Howland, Sons & Co. firm was formed, Mr. Howland entered that firm, where he has since remained, and of which he has been president since 1902. Mr. Howland also has other business interests, being a director in the National Life Insurance Company and in the Imperial Bank of Canada; this year he is president of the Board of Trade council.

On June 24, 1892, Mr. Peleg Howland was united in marriage with Miss Katharine Smith, of Cheboygan, Michigan. Mrs. Howland was born in Albany, New York, daughter of Ephraim Smith. To Mr. and Mrs. Peleg Howland one daughter has been born, Katharine Vanderwerken. They are members of the Church of England. In politics Mr. Howland is a Reformer.

JOHN A. TAYLOR, deceased, the head of the National Publishing Company, of Toronto, was a well-known business man of that city, and during the ten years that he directed the affairs of his publishing house, he did a work meriting much praise, and for which Canada may well be grateful.

Mr. Taylor was a native of Toronto, born there in 1855, son of John Taylor. He received his education in the city schools, and then secured employment with the late Andrew S. Irving, an association which lasted for twenty-two years; during the latter part of this time, Mr. Taylor held the responsible position of assistant manager. In 1889 he severed his connection with Mr. Irving, and forming the National Publishing Company, became the head of the firm and the director of its policy. His Toronto office was in the Canada Life Building, while another was maintained in New York City, as many of his publications have copyrights in both the United States and Canada. Among the most popular of the books he has issued may be mentioned the Red Letter and the Mayflower Series, comprising works of fiction by the most famous English and Continental

writers, while by arrangements with Mr. Irving, who was president of the Toronto News Company, of Toronto and London, he published and distributed several hundred different works by authors of world-wide fame. The company also issued many miscellaneous works, including a number on musical instruction, which had a very wide circulation, among them "Richardson's Method for the Piano," "Getze's School for the Parlor Organ," the series of "Favorite Song Folios," three in number, and the "Improved Folio of Instrumental Music." Mr. Taylor was also the originator of the five cent music sheets, which were sold by Mr. Irving and known as the "Irving Five Cent Music." He was always on the alert for the newest and best books, and was thoroughly up-to-date in the conduct of his business, to which he gave his undivided attention.

Mr. John A. Taylor was united in marriage to Miss Helen Roberts, daughter of John E. and Helen Roberts, the former a native of Wales, and the latter of England. They were married in the latter country, came to Canada, over fifty years ago, settling in Hamilton, where Mr. Roberts was a manufacturer. Of their children, Helen became Mrs. Taylor; and John E. lives in Chicago. Mr. and Mrs. Taylor became the parents of three children: (1) Gordon Roberts studied first at Harbord Collegiate Institute, and then matriculated at the University of Toronto. He is now in the lumber business in Buffalo with H. M. Pools. (2) Alan MacDonald was educated like his brother, and is now an accountant in the Traders Bank. (3) The youngest child is a daughter, named Dorothy. In politics Mr. Taylor was a Reformer, and in religious belief a Presbyterian. He was a man of fine mind and character, and had a large circle of friends and admirers, including not only those whom he knew and met in Canada, but many among the prominent writers in the old world as well as the new, whose friendship he gained as an outgrowth of their business acquaintance. Mr. Taylor's death in 1899 at the age of forty-four, was felt to be a distinct loss, as seemingly the richest part of his life lay before him, with opportunities widening on every hand and promising much for the future.

REV. WILLIAM CAVEN, D.D., LL.B., principal of Knox College, and professor of New Testament Exegetics and Literature, is the oldest educator in Toronto, while in 1902, he celebrated his jubilee as an ordained minister. He was born in Scotland, Dec. 26, 1830, son of John and Mary (Milray) Caven.

John Caven and his wife left Scotland for Canada in 1847, and settled near Galt, County

Waterloo, where the former was engaged in teaching for some time, and then became superintendent of schools. In 1855 he settled on a farm in Fullerton township, and made it his home until 1880, when he died at the age of eighty-three years. His widow survived until 1901, when she passed away, having reached the unusual age of ninety-eight years. Their children were: Mrs. Andrew McFadzen, of County Perth; Mrs. Joseph McIntyre, also of County Perth; and William.

William Caven received his earlier education under his father's tuition, and then was sent to the Hall of the United Presbyterian Church at Lisbon, and Toronto. The degree of D.D. was given by Queen's University, and that of LL.B. by the Toronto University, fitting acknowledgment of Dr. Caven's scholarship and culture. Dr. Caven has been in the ministry since 1852, when he was ordained at St. Mary's, and from October, of that year, to September, 1866, his time was entirely devoted to ministerial work, except for one year when his health demanded complete rest, and he sought renewed strength in a trip to his native land. His work as an educator began in 1866, when he was appointed professor of Exegetics of the Old and New Testament in Knox College; in 1896 the work was divided and since then Dr. Caven has had charge of the work of the New Testament only. His work as principal of Knox College has continued without intermission since 1873, when he was appointed to the position, and he has been uniformly successful there as in whatever he has undertaken. He is admirably fitted by nature, as well as by his preparation and experience, for the duties of his office, and he is held in the very highest esteem in the educational world.

Dr. Caven was married to Miss Margaret Gelder, daughter of John, and their union has been blessed with the following children: Mrs. W. A. Wilson; Mary M.; John and William P., physicians; Gear; and James, a physician of Toronto.

MAJOR JOHN POPE CLEMES. When death strikes down a man in mid-career, blasting the hopes for many years of continued usefulness, the blow is felt not alone in the domestic circle—although most keenly there—but in all the spheres of activity in which the departed has done his share. In the loss of Major John Pope Clemes, of Toronto, his family, his business conferees and his fellow workers in the church, alike felt themselves bereft. Born in England in 1848, he was only fifty years old when his death occurred, March 24, 1898.

In 1855 Major Clemes came to the New World with his parents, Charles Pascoe and Ann

(Pope) Clemes, and the family settled at Port Hope. There the father engaged in the grocery business, and followed it for many years.

John P. Clemes received his earlier education in the Port Hope schools and afterward was sent to Toronto for further study. On reaching an age suitable for beginning a business career he went in with his father, and until 1891, was associated with him. In that year, in partnership with his three brothers, Matthew, Walter and Elroy, Mr. Clemes removed to Toronto and engaged in the wholesale fruit business, which engrossed his attention until his death. He possessed the essential qualities for a good business man and his capacity was very generally acknowledged.

During the years Mr. Clemes resided in Port Hope, he was quite as prominent in political circles as in business; a strong Conservative, he was active in his party's work, served two terms as mayor of Port Hope, and on one occasion received by acclamation the nomination to the Dominion Parliament. This, in itself, showed the high place Mr. Clemes held in the public estimation, for very rarely indeed is a man nominated by acclamation for a government position. The honor was, however, declined, for it was very shortly before Mr. Clemes' removal to Toronto and he did not deem it wise to change his plans, as he considered himself to be more needed in the business enterprise than as a lawmaker. His religious affiliations were with the Methodist Church, both in Port Hope and Toronto, and in each place he held official positions in it. The title of Major was won by his services during the Northwest Rebellion, and in a military capacity, as in every other situation in which he found himself, he proved that he was equal to every demand upon him. Everywhere he made many friends and was widely lamented as a thorough business man, an upright Christian gentleman and an indulgent, affectionate husband and father. The family residence was at No. 28 Maynard avenue, where Mrs. Clemes still resides.

Mr. Clemes was married to Miss Anna Smith, of Toronto. A family of nine children were born to this union, namely: Arthur, of Toronto; John Pope, with the Dominion Express Company at Calgary; Olive Frances; Charles Pascoe; Stanley; Thomas; Murray; Kenneth and H. Mrs. Clemes was a daughter of Daniel and Ann (Hill) Smith. Both were natives of Scotland, who came to Toronto about 1845. In the old country, Mr. Smith was foreman in a large woollen mill, but in Toronto he engaged in a mercantile line and became one of the city's prominent merchants.

CHARLES E. RYERSON, B.A., who is assistant librarian and secretary-treasurer of the Toronto Public Library, is a member of one of the most prominent families of Ontario.

The first of the Ryersons of whom information is given is Baldwin Ryerse, as the name was then spelled. The family was originally from Holland, where the name is said to have been anciently, Van-der-Licht, but the present name Ryerson (son of Ryer) is of considerable antiquity. Baldwin Ryerse was a military officer in Amsterdam in 1567. Others of the Ryerson family are said to have located in America, among them being Adrain, Jan and Martin Ryerson. It is from Martin Ryerson that the subject of this sketch is descended. He died in Brooklyn, Long Island, in 1687. On May 14, 1663, he married Annetje Rapetje, daughter of Jorisjansen Rapetje. She was born Sept. 8, 1646, and among her children was a son, Luykos, baptized April 9, 1709, who died in 1764. He held a judicial position. He married (first) Elizabeth Ryerson and (second) Hannah King, and among his children was a son, Col. Joseph Ryerson, born Feb. 28, 1761, who died in August, 1854.

In 1776 Joseph Ryerson entered the army as a cadet and was soon appointed ensign, later being appointed lieutenant. At the close of the Revolution, in 1783, he went to New Brunswick, and in 1799 settled in Charlotteville. He was appointed captain of militia in New Brunswick, and on locating in Upper Canada was appointed major, and later colonel. He was sheriff of London District in 1800, also being magistrate and chairman of the Quarter Sessions. In 1812 he and his three oldest sons took up arms in the defense of their country. In 1784 Mr. Ryerson was united in marriage with Sophia Mehetable Stiekney, born in 1766, who died in 1850. She is said to have been the first person of English parentage born in Canada after it came into British hands. The fourth child born to this union, the Rev. Adolphus E. Ryerson, was the father of Charles E. Ryerson.

Rev. Adolphus E. Ryerson, D.D., was born March 24, 1800, and died Feb. 19, 1882. He was a Wesleyan Methodist minister, and chief superintendent of education for Upper Canada from 1844 to 1876, being the founder of the present system of public education in Ontario. He was a writer of national reputation, being the author of "The Loyalists of America and Their Times," and other works of equal merit. In front of the Education Department building, of Toronto, stands a bronze statue of Dr. Ryerson. In this building the late Doctor carried on his work as chief superintendent for many years.

Dr. Ryerson was twice married. In 1828 he married (first) a Miss Aikman, daughter of John Aikman, and by her he had two children, Frederick and one who died in infancy. His second marriage, which occurred Nov. 8, 1833, was to Mary Armstrong, daughter of James Rogers Armstrong, and children as follows were born to this marriage: Charles E. and Sophia Howard, the latter the wife of Edward William Harris.

From the above record it will be seen that Charles E. Ryerson is descended from a long line of able and loyal, intellectual and religious ancestors. He was born in Toronto, July 5, 1847, and was educated at the grammar school, Upper Canada College and Toronto University, from which latter institution he was graduated with the degree of B.A. in 1870. Mr. Ryerson then took up law with Robinson & O'Brien, and later with another firm, and was called to the Bar in 1874. From 1876 to 1886 he was a member of the law firm of Howland, Arnolds & Ryerson, and from the latter year until 1898 continued to practise his profession. He was then appointed assistant librarian and secretary-treasurer of the Toronto Public Library.

On Aug. 4, 1875, Mr. Ryerson was united in marriage with Emily Eliza Beatty, daughter of John Beatty, M.D., of Cobourg. They had the following children: George Egerton, who was ordered to Japan as missionary of the Church of England, in 1900; Edward Stanley, M.D., a member of the medical staff of the Toronto Medical School; Mary Ella; Isabella Louise, B. A., Trinity College, class of 1904; and John E., with the Canada General Electric Company.

Mr. Ryerson and his family are members of the Church of England. In 1898 he was appointed honorary grand secretary of the Synod for the Diocese of Toronto, and has been reappointed annually ever since. In political sentiment he is a Conservative. He is a great lover of athletic sports, being an expert oarsman, and the possessor of medals and trophies won in various rowing contests. For three years he was vice-president of one bowling club, in which he has held other office, and is also president of the Victoria Lawn Bowling Club.

WILLIAM SHERLOCK ROBINSON, a well-known druggist of Toronto for many years, whose death in 1888 was a source of widespread regret, was born in England, in the town of Grimsby, in 1833, son of Thomas Robinson, whose life was passed in his native England.

William S. Robinson grew to manhood in the land of his birth, receiving a good education

and afterward taking the training required for a pharmacist. He was married to Miss Jane Frankish, and immediately afterward the young couple sailed for Canada. On reaching their destination they decided to settle at Grimsby, and there Mr. Robinson at once opened a drug store. For a period of two years he was engaged in business there, and was doing quite well when a fire swept away his entire stock, and instead of reopening in the same locality, Mr. Robinson preferred to move to Toronto and begin again in that city. He opened a drug store on Yonge street in partnership with Mr. Shofter, and was continuously in the business from that time until his death, the oldest druggist in Toronto. For a number of years after taking up his abode there Mr. Robinson, in addition to conducting his personal affairs, held a position as professor in the Ontario College of Pharmacy.

The family born to Mr. and Mrs. Robinson consisted of two sons and one daughter: Ernest F., the oldest, a travelling druggist, with headquarters at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, married Miss Irene Gordon, and has three children, Mortimer, Victor and The second son, Frank, now deceased, was a stationer, dealing in law books. The daughter Emily, resides with her widowed mother, at No. 22 Clare avenue. During his lifetime, Mr. Robinson was a member of the Swedenborgian Church. His political views led him to identify himself with the Reform party. He was a man of strict integrity, and he won the respect and esteem of all with whom he came in contact.

PATRICK NEALON, who departed this life in March, 1894, at his late home in Toronto, was a well-known commercial traveller of Ontario for many years. He was born in County Clare, Ireland, Dec. 25, 1835, son of Martin and Mary (Murray) Nealon, both natives of Ireland, who, in 1845, settled in Newmarket, County York, where they both died, leaving these children: Martin, James, John, Bridget and Patrick.

Patrick Nealon received but a limited education in Newmarket, and to complete his education attended night schools in Toronto. He married Miss Maria Butler, daughter of William and Freelope (Thomas) Butler, the former of whom was born in England, while the latter was a native of the United States. Mr. Butler was a miller, by trade, and for many years followed that business in St. Catharines and Jordan, dying in the latter place. His wife died in the United States. Their children were as follows: Maria, Mrs. Nealon, born near St.

Catharines, in 1827; Harriet; Susan; William; and James.

After his marriage Mr. Nealon engaged in Toronto with Thomas Nixon and other firms for a number of years, and then became a commercial traveller, for seventeen years representing the firm of John Haley, of Toronto. In this capacity Mr. Nealon was very successful, his genial manner and thorough understanding of his business making him a favorite among the business men of the localities in which he travelled, and in his death the commercial trade lost one of its most popular men. Mr. and Mrs. Nealon had one son: J. William, who was born in Newmarket in 1856, was a student in Toronto, and married Annie White, by whom he had five children, only two of whom, Joseph and Maria, are living. Mr. J. William Nealon was for some time the proprietor of the "Laughan House," Brandon, Man., but is now in business in Toronto; he and his wife are members of the Church of England.

Patrick Nealon was a member of the Roman Catholic Church, while his wife was a Methodist. Although there was a difference in their religious beliefs, this never was allowed to interfere with the serenity of their home life.

ADAM BEATTY, an old-time resident of the Queen City, is a native of the Emerald Isle, to which country his ancestors removed from Scotland. The Beatty family was founded in Canada by his father, Alexander Beatty, a son of Luke and Polly (Barton) Beatty, both of whom died in Ireland. Their children who came to Canada were: John, who settled at Tecumseh, where he died; Adam, deceased, whose sketch appears elsewhere; Luke, deceased; Alexander, the father of Adam Beatty; and Anne, who became Mrs. Elliott.

Alexander Beatty was born in Ireland in 1807, and died in Toronto, March 16, 1855. In 1847 he came to Canada, settling in Toronto. Mr. Beatty's introduction to the new country was indeed a sad one, as on the trip to Canada he buried a little daughter at sea, while on his arrival he lost his wife and one son. Mr. Beatty's first wife bore the maiden name of Margaret Milligan, and by her he had children as follows: John, who died in the United States; Adam; Alexander, who died in Toronto; Christopher, who died in Montreal, soon after the family's arrival in Canada; and the little daughter who died at sea. On arriving in Toronto Alexander Beatty engaged in a general mercantile business on King street east, near Princess street, where he conducted a successful business up to the time of his death. His second marriage took place in Toronto to Lettie Funston.

The children of this marriage are all deceased. In fact, the subject of this sketch is the only member of his father's family still living.

Adam Beatty was born in Ireland in 1836, and was therefore but eleven years of age when brought to this country. Here he learned the trades of carriage-making and contracting. The indoor work pertaining to the former occupation did not agree with Mr. Beatty's health, so he turned his time and attention to the latter, in which he has made a success, retiring not long ago from active business life to look after his numerous real estate investments. In 1855 he built his first residence, on the same location occupied by his present brick house, at No. 89 Berkeley street. Besides his home property Mr. Beatty owns much real estate in various parts of the city, all of which he has acquired through his own industrious efforts.

Mr. Beatty and Miss Elizabeth Pearsall were united in marriage, and to them the following children have been born: Amelia, the wife of C. E. Edmunds, by whom she has two children, Starr and Hazel; Louisa, the wife of Charles Norris, of Montreal, who has children, Ruby, Hilliard, Charles and Lewis; Edith, whose husband is a druggist of Montreal, and who has two children; Emily Maude, wife of Dr. J. A. Tripp, of Ohio, who has two children: Adam A., M. D., of Toronto, who graduated from the Toronto University in the class of 1896, for one year thereafter was house surgeon at the Toronto General Hospital, and has since been in practice in his native city, being a member of the Medical Council of Ontario and a prominent physician of Toronto (he married Ethel Maude Norris, daughter of Dr. Norris); James Hilliard, an electrical engineer of Toronto, married to May Beuler; Bertha J., the wife of Fred Locker of Montreal; and Miss Laura, at home.

In religious belief Mr. Beatty and his family are Methodists. In politics he is a Conservative, and he is connected fraternally with the Orangemen.

DR. THEOPHILUS BROOKS WINN, who died in County Halton, Ont., in 1890, was a member of one of the old and honored families of this section of Ontario.

The Winn family is of Welsh extraction, and was founded in Canada by Joshua Winn, the Doctor's father, who came from Wales to County York prior to the rebellion of 1837-38 and settled on Yonge street, where he farmed for some time. Later he removed to Hawkesville, where he died, and his wife, Mary Wakefield, also died at that place. She was of English parentage. During the rebellion of 1837-38 Mrs. Winn was placed in a very trying position. Information



E. McBride

as to the whereabouts of Mr. Maekenzie was demanded of her, with the threat that if she did not tell her babe (our subject) would be killed. She did not tell, of course, but the cruel threat was never carried out.

Dr. Winn was educated at the high school at Berlin, and then entered the University of Toronto, being graduated in medicine in the early sixties. Immediately after graduation he enlisted for service as a surgeon in the American rebellion, serving throughout the war. He was honorably discharged with the rank of surgeon-major. At the close of his army service the Doctor returned to Canada, and, settling in Milton, County Halton, engaged in the practice of his profession for two years. From Milton he moved to Nassagaweya, where he continued to reside until his death.

Dr. Winn married Charlotte Edgecombe Holgate, daughter of the late John and Jane (Browne) Holgate. Mr. Holgate was born in England, coming to Canada when a young man. He married Jane Browne, and subsequently settled at Aeton, where he engaged in mercantile pursuits for some time, and then transferred his business to Milton. In the latter part of his life he settled in Toronto, where he died.

Dr. and Mrs. Winn were the parents of the following named children: Dr. Robert H., a dentist of Chicago, married to Constance A. Riddell, daughter of Dr. J. K. Riddell, of Toronto; John Holgate, who died young; Lucy, the wife of George E. Lewis, of Chicago; Miss Mary, at home; Miss Jane Browne, at home; Charles Dickens, at home; and Frank Ross, who died in 1902, aged twenty-one years. In religious matters the Doctor was a Presbyterian, and Mrs. Winn adheres to the same faith. Politically he was a Reformer.

An amusing story is told of Robert Winn, Dr. Winn's half-brother: He was desirous of joining the Confederate army during the United States Rebellion, but his wife objected. One day Mrs. Winn asked her husband to get some kindling from the wood shed. Mr. Winn went to the shed, through the yard, over the fence, and to the United States. He enlisted in the army, and after three years returned home, by way of the wood shed. Bringing in an armful of wood, he laid it down with the remark: "Here's your kindling wood."

CHARLES McBRIDE, who died July 6, 1904, in Wilson, New York, where he had gone with his family intending to spend part of the summer, was born in the County of Peel, Ont., May 5, 1847, the third son of James and Elizabeth (Moore) McBride.

James McBride with his brother Joseph came

from Ireland in the year 1800, settling in the County of Peel, where he took up land, residing there until about 1873, when he removed to Brampton, where his death occurred in 1876. His wife Elizabeth (Moore) predeceased him. Their children were James, Joseph, Charles, John, Elizabeth and Margaret, all of whom are now deceased, Mrs. Andrus Cheyne, of Detroit, and Mrs. James Carson, of Michigan, being the only surviving members of the family.

Charles McBride was educated in Peel County, afterward pursuing a business course in Toronto. He began his business life in Bridgeport, Connecticut, where he became very successful, but at the wish of his father he returned to Toronto, engaging in the book and stationery business as a member of the firm of Adam Miller & Co., afterward the W. J. Gage Company, and with the latter firm he continued until his death.

On May 4, 1881, Mr. McBride married Jennie, fourth daughter of Walter and Wilhelmina (Seon) Turnbull, natives of Roxburghshire, Scotland. Three children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles McBride: Rena M., James Burton and Margaret Scott.

On settling in Toronto, in 1878, Mr. McBride became a member of St. Andrew's Church, the late Rev. D. J. Macdonnell being the pastor, where for a number of years he held the office of elder. Of a very retiring although very bright disposition, always seeing the humorous side, he was best known to those intimately connected with him in business. He had very strong religious convictions, and hated anything in the shape of sham; was a deep reader, a great lover of music, and was anxious that his children should cultivate the same taste. Although of such an exceedingly reticent disposition every member of his family had his entire confidence, his home relations being of the happiest. He was a great lover of nature and was never happier than when rambling through the woods with his family. Although death came suddenly he was ready, as one who knew him intimately, in writing to his wife after his death, said: "He walked daily with his Saviour." He never spent a happier day than his last on earth, sitting by the shore or walking with his wife and children. He seemed to have some premonition, remarking several times that day that it seemed like Sunday to him, and just as the bells were ringing for prayer meeting that beautiful summer evening God called him home.

EDMUND HENRY DUGGAN, clerk of the Tenth Division Court, County of York, and for a number of years a well-known barrister of Toronto, is a native of the city, born Oct. 9, 1844.

His father was the late Judge George Duggan, and he is a grandson of John Duggan, who founded the family in Canada about 1833.

John Duggan was born in Ireland, and on coming to Canada resided for a time in Hamilton, later removing to Toronto. His children were: Judge George; John, who for many years was engaged as a barrister in Toronto in partnership with his brother George, under the firm name of Duggan & Duggan; Margaret, who married Stephen Oliver; Mrs. Capt. Brooke; and Eliza, who died unmarried.

Judge George Duggan was born in Ireland, in 1813, and his death occurred in Toronto in 1876. He served in the rebellion of 1837-38, during which struggle he was taken prisoner. After hostilities had ceased Mr. Duggan engaged in the practice of law with his brother John. He contested the County of Peel against the late Hon. Robert Baldwin, and was elected to Parliament, serving one session, when he resigned to become recorder of the city of Toronto. In 1868 he was appointed Senior Judge of the County of York, a position he filled until his death. In 1839 Judge Duggan married Miss Ann Armstrong, daughter of the late J. R. Armstrong, a United Empire Loyalist, who settled in Canada about 1830. To Mr. and Mrs. Duggan were born the following children: George Frederik was a barrister in Toronto, and died in 1879, leaving one son, Henry V., manager for R. G. Dun & Co., of Montreal; Edmund H. is mentioned below; Charles is deceased. Judge Duggan was a Knight Templar Mason. He was president of the People's Loan Company, and a director in the Consumers' Gas Company.

Edmund Henry Duggan was educated at Upper Canada College and the Model grammar school of Toronto. He read law with his uncle John Duggan for two years, then read with Patterson, Harrison & Patterson one year, and was called to the Bar in 1865, beginning practice at Meaford, whence he went to London, Ont. After one year there he settled in Toronto, where he engaged in practice with his uncle John. In 1875 he was appointed clerk of the Tenth Division Court, and has filled that position ever since. Mr. Duggan took a military course in Toronto, receiving both first and second class certificates. He was at one time a member of the "Queen's Own," and was a member of the Guard of Honor to the Prince of Wales (King Edward VII.) in 1860, on his visit to the Queen City.

On April 7, 1886, Mr. Duggan married Miss Minnie Mumford, who was born in Toronto, daughter of E. A. Mumford, and to this union have been born: George Wilfrid, who is in the

Dominion Bank; Lois; Sidney Alexander; Mildred; and Vivian. The family are members of the Church of England. In politics Mr. Duggan is a staunch Conservative.

CHARLES REDFIELD WILLSON, who died Dec. 6, 1900, at his home in Toronto, No. 378 Victoria street, was born in Ontario in 1831, son of Ebenezer Willson, a native of the State of Connecticut. Ebenezer Willson came to Canada in the thirties, but later returned to the United States, settling in Flackville, New York, where he died. His widow, who had been Catherine Adams, died at the home of her daughter, near Brockville, Ontario.

Charles Redfield Willson was well educated in Brockville, and he began his business career with Mr. Coleman, becoming foreman in the tannery, where he continued for twenty-five years. At the end of that time he settled in Brockville, where he was in the shoe business for six or seven years, in 1875 locating in Toronto, where he was manager of the tannery for W. D. Beardmore. Here he remained for some time, and then opened a business on Yonge street with Mr. McDonald, the firm being known as McDonald & Willson. In this Mr. Willson continued until his death. He married Miss Margaret McDonald, born in 1834, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Bronson) McDonald, the former of whom died in 1836, while the latter (a daughter of Daniel Bronson, who came from Connecticut to Canada), died in 1874. The following children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Willson: one who died aged two years; Jean McDonald; and Charles Harold, who carries on the business founded by his father. Mr. Willson was a member of St. James' Square Presbyterian Church, Toronto. While in Lyn, Ont., he was captain of the militia.

DR. ISABELLA S. WOOD, of No. 321 Bathurst street, Toronto, is one of the well-known medical practitioners of the Queen City. Dr. Wood is a native of Quebec, and a daughter of Peter Murry Wood, a native of Scotland, who came to Canada about 1870, locating in the Province of Quebec. In 1890 he settled in Toronto, where he is now engaged in business.

Dr. Isabella S. Wood was educated in the public schools of her native village, and in the Toronto Model and Normal schools. After completing her course at the Toronto Normal, she taught public schools in Toronto until 1892, when she entered Trinity Medical College, from which institution she was graduated in 1902, with the degree of M.D., C.M. The following year Dr. Wood spent in a hospital at Boston, Massachusetts, and began the practice of her

profession at St. John, N.B. In 1904 she settled in Toronto, where she has since been engaged in a large and lucrative practice.

DR. H. CRAWFORD SCADDING. The Scadding family is of English extraction, and the first of the family of whom we have any data is John Scadding, the Doctor's great grandfather. He was a native of Devonshire, England, and there married Millicent Jennings. Coming to Canada with Governor Simcoe, he founded the family here, settling in County York on the river Don, in what is now East York, on a grant of land from the Crown. This land Mr. Scadding cleared from the bush, and improved until it was a fine farm. He made his home on this farm until his death, which was caused by a falling tree. His widow died at the home of her son, Charles, who resided at the corner of Jarvis and Shuter streets, Toronto. The children of John and Millicent (Jennings) Scadding were as follows: John, who was a farmer on the old homestead; Charles, the grandfather of Dr. Scadding; and Rev. Henry.

Charles Scadding was born in England in 1803. For a number of years he was a general merchant in Newmarket, prior to the rebellion of 1837-38, when he removed to Toronto. There he was engaged as buyer for Moffatt, Murray & Co., and later became actuary for the Home District Savings Bank, continuing in that position until a few years prior to his death, when he retired. Politically he was a Conservative, in religion a member of the Church of England. Charles Scadding married Miss Jane Bright, daughter of John Bright, who was of English birth. Mr. Scadding died about 1890, while his widow survived until 1892, when she passed away aged eighty-five years. They had children as follows: Henry, Simcoe, father of Dr. Scadding; William, deceased, an accountant in the Merchants' Bank of Toronto for many years, who married Miss Marian Mitchell, of Hamilton, and had children—Frederick (of the United States) and Millicent (of Ontario); Charles, deceased, a druggist in Windsor, Ont., who married Miss Laura Sntton (their children were Annie, May, Leila, and Henry, deceased); Edward A., an insurance man, of Toronto, married to Miss Rogers; John, deceased, who was with the wholesale firm of Smith & Keighley, of Toronto; and Sophia, who is the wife of John Martin, of Toronto, and has one daughter, wife of the Rev. James Cooper, of Aurora, New York.

Henry Simcoe Scadding, father of Dr. Scadding, was born in Newmarket in 1836, and was educated in Toronto, in Knox College and the old grammar school, now the Collegiate Insti-

tute. His first business was as clerk with Moffatt, Murray & Co., with whom he remained about seven years. He then went into the Bank of Upper Canada, where he remained until business was suspended, after which he was employed in the Bank of Montreal, in Toronto, for three years. At the end of that time he went to the Canadian Bank of Commerce at London, Ont., as accountant, and was engaged there five years. After leaving the Bank of Commerce, Mr. Scadding was made manager of the Dominion Bank at Orillia, Ont., at which point he was located for twenty-two years, or until 1893, when he engaged with the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, at Penticton, B.C. From Penticton he went to Kelowna, B.C., where he is agent for the road.

In 1860 Mr. Scadding married Miss Elizabeth Winder Wedd, born in Canada, daughter of William Wedd, and to this union were born the following children: Rev. Charles, rector of Immanuel Church, Surrey, Illinois, married first Nellie Donaldson, and second a lady named Pomeroy, of Toledo, Ohio. H. Crawford is the subject of this sketch; Reginald, of Toronto, who is married and has one son, Simcoe; and John Lewis, of Richmond, Virginia, married Ethel Gray.

H. Crawford Scadding was born in Brockville in 1863. He took his medical course at the Toronto School of Medicine, from which he was graduated in 1886. After graduation Dr. Scadding spent some time in England, pursuing his medical studies, and in 1888 he returned to Toronto, where he has since been engaged in the practice of his chosen profession.

Dr. Scadding married Miss Beatrice Holcraft, and to them has been born one daughter. They are members of the Church of England, and in politics the Doctor is a Conservative.

ROBERT DOUGLAS MOWAT, whose death occurred at his residence in Deer Park, in 1883, was born in Edinburgh, Scotland, in 1847, son of James Mowat, who died in that country.

Mr. Mowat left his native land and came to Canada in about 1869, and after spending a short time at Seaton village, settled at Deer Park, where he resided continuously until his death. By occupation Mr. Mowat was a painter, and many of the best buildings in and around Toronto received their finishing touches at Mr. Mowat's hands.

Robert D. Mowat married Miss Isabella McRae, daughter of the late James and Isabella (Mathison) McRae, the former of whom died in Scotland, while the latter came to Canada

in 1859, making her home in Toronto, where she died in 1892. Mr. and Mrs. Mowat had children as follows: Robert Douglas, Fordyce, Isabelle, Douglas, and Hector, the last named a resident of the United States. In his religious belief Mr. Mowat was a member of the Church of England; in his political sympathies he was with the Conservative party.

WILLIAM CAMPBELL, deceased, for many years a well-known business man of Toronto, was a native of Ireland, born in 1814, son of Christopher and Mary (Kerrigan) Campbell.

Christopher Campbell and his wife were both of Irish birth. They came to Canada with their family about 1821, settling near Montreal, but the father's last days were spent in Markham township, County York, with his son, Rev. Thomas Campbell.

William Campbell was but seven years old when brought to Canada, and grew up at the home near Montreal. When he was ready to enter upon a business career he served his time in the mercantile establishment of his uncle, Robert Campbell. The latter finally opened a carpet warehouse in Toronto, and William Campbell was put in charge of it. He was well adapted for the position, and discharged its duties very efficiently until obliged because of failing health to change his work and adopt an outdoor life. He withdrew completely from mereantile life, and purchasing a farm at Davenport, settled down to an agricultural life from that time. His death occurred at his home Oct. 22, 1878.

Mr. Campbell was united in marriage to Miss E. P. Royce, daughter of William Royce, an Englishman, who in 1833 came to the town of York, now Toronto, and lived there until his death. By his wife, whose maiden name was Deborah Cooper, he had three children, namely: Mary Louise, deceased; George, who died young; and E. P., Mrs. Campbell. Mrs. Royce is deceased.

To Mr. and Mrs. Campbell a family of seven children was born, as follows: (1) Mary Louise resides in Toronto. (2) George, of Toronto, married Miss Florence Augusta Parker, daughter of Rev. Dr. Parker, of Toronto, and they have one daughter. (3) William Graham, who is in the railroad business, married Miss Jane Levoek, daughter of Sinclair Levoek. (4) Deborah lives at home. (5) Robert Wood, of Toronto, married Miss Charlotte Verrall, and has two children, Roberta Elizabeth and George Alfred. (6) Edwin Thomas, who resides in the Northwest Territory, is also married. (7) Dr. Christopher A. is a ship surgeon.

JOSEPH HARRIS, whose death occurred in Toronto in 1900, was born in that city in 1836. His father was of Irish and English stock and came to Canada from the old country. He was a school teacher in the Lower Provinces of Canada, where he died.

Joseph Harris received his education in Toronto. Early in life he was employed by grain dealers, under whom he learned thoroughly that line of business, and later he became grain inspector for the government, with an office in the Board of Trade building in Toronto. In 1890 he went to Winnipeg and became a grain dealer on his own account, continuing there till 1898, when he returned to Toronto to take charge of things at this end of the line. Failing health, however, prevented his resuming active business, and two years later his life drew to its close. He was a man of good business ability and of fine character, and was highly esteemed by a wide circle of acquaintances in both financial and social circles.

Mr. Harris was twice married. His first wife was Miss Jane Andrew, and she left four children: Emma and William, both deceased; Bertha, and Joseph. His second union was to Miss Rebecca Cummer, who survives him, and to them were born two children, Edith and Walter. Mr. Harris belonged to the Church of England, was a Liberal in politics, and was a member of the Masonic fraternity.

Mrs. Rebecca (Cummer) Harris is a daughter of John and Sarah (Smith) Cummer. The former was the first white child born on Yonge street, Toronto, in what was then (1799) called Willow Dale. His parents were Jacob and Elizabeth (Fisher) Cummer, who came from Germany to County York more than one hundred years ago. John Cummer afterward built two brick houses on the spot where he was born, and they stand there to this day. He became very wealthy for his time, and was one of the foremost business men of the day. A flour manufacturer by occupation, he also owned fulling mills and several farms, some of his mill property being at Waterdown. His flour he took to Montreal to market and did a big business. In religion he was a Methodist and in political belief a Reformer. To John Cummer and his wife was born a large family, viz.: Jacob; Eliza, Mrs. Jacob Fisher, deceased; Lockinan, of Burlington, Ont.; one that died in infancy; William, Edwin, Franklin, Albert and Wilton, all deceased; Sarah, Mrs. Joseph Reed, of Toronto; and Rebecca, Mrs. Harris. John Cummer was the first man on Yonge street to purchase a carpet for his home, an indication of his wealth for the time.

JOHN IRWIN, who died in Sydney, Australia, was for several years a well-known business man of Toronto, and his widow still makes that city her home.

Mr. Irwin was born in Ireland in 1831, but while still a child was brought to Canada by his widowed mother, herself hardly more than a girl. She, too, died within a few years, and the boy was brought up by his grandmother, who attained the remarkable age of ninety-nine years, nine months, fifteen days. He first lived in Kingston, then on Garden Island, where as he grew up he learned boilermaking under the late D. D. Calvin. This early knowledge of his trade was supplemented by further work in New York City, after which he returned to Mr. Calvin, working with him until he was married, in 1858, after which he spent two years on Garden Island. He then went to Kingston, where he was engaged for a time in the locomotive works, and his next position was in Oshawa, at which place he continued for a period covering seven years. In 1872 he finally went into business for himself, locating in Toronto as a manufacturer of engines and boilers, in association with a Mr. Marshall, under the firm name of Irwin & Marshall. This business was carried on very successfully until the fire in the seventies which completely destroyed the plant. The disaster so unnerved Mr. Irwin that his health gradually failed under the shock, and the change to Australia was made in the hope of benefiting him. The hope was not fulfilled, however, and his death occurred in Sydney.

The marriage of John Irwin occurred in 1858, when he was united to Miss Jane McGrattan, who was born in 1838, in County Down, Ireland, daughter of Capt. David and Jane Bell (Kelly) McGrattan. To this marriage came children as follows: Overton, deceased; Rebecca Jane, deceased; Marion Helena, wife of William Dustrow, of Detroit, and mother of Irwin and Stella; Ira M. F., of London, who married Miss Louise Hicks, and has three children, Dudley Arthur, Herbert and Erie R.; Kenneth F., Overton David and Jessie Helen, all deceased; L. M., a trained nurse; Herbert W., deceased; and Thomas A., deceased. Mr. Irwin was a consistent member of the Presbyterian Church. Socially he was a member of the Masonic order, the I.O.O.F. and the Orangemen. His political principles were those of the Reform party.

Capt. David McGrattan and his wife were both born in 1815 in Ireland. They came to Canada in 1841 and settled on Amherst Island, though Captain McGrattan continued his ocean voyages. Finally he abandoned the salt water, and, purchasing a vessel, made trips between

Kingston and Chicago, but his death came on the ocean he had sailed so long. His daughter, Mrs. Irwin, was in Ireland, and Captain McGrattan conceived the idea of handing his boat over to his brother for one trip, while he himself went to Europe to bring back his daughter and surprise his wife. He carried out the first part of his plan, and embarked for Ireland at New York, but off the coast of his native land the vessel was wrecked, and Captain McGrattan was among the ninety odd who were drowned. His wife survived until 1904, dying in her son's home.

HENRY T. BROWN (deceased), for many years one of the prominent figures in both business and social circles in Toronto, had a life span of less than fifty years, but nevertheless won widespread recognition by his ability.

Mr. Brown was born in Toronto in 1851, son of Henry and Caroline (Lye) Brown, of that city, the former born in England and the latter on the island of Jersey. Mr. Brown grew to manhood in his native city, and completed his education there in the Jarvis Street Collegiate Institute. His father conducted a butchering establishment, and after leaving school the son went in with him, subsequently taking upon himself the entire charge of the business. He continued to conduct it until his death, and he was very successful. He was brought into contact with a large circle of acquaintances, among whom his ability and fine character won him many friends, gaining him an assured place among the prominent men of his day and generation, while his wife shared his popularity socially. He died in October, 1899.

Mr. Brown married Miss Alice Louey, who was born on the island of Guernsey, daughter of William Louey, the latter of English extraction. Miss Louey came to Canada, and met Mr. Brown in Toronto. After her husband's death she in 1902 returned to England for a visit, but is now residing in Toronto. After she came back from her trip abroad she erected two dwellings on Albany avenue, one of which she occupied. She also owns other property in the neighborhood.

The late Henry T. Brown was a supporter of the Reform party, and fraternally he belonged to the A.O.U.W.

ANDREW WALLACE McCARTHY, whose death occurred in Barrie, June 17, 1900, was a well-known resident of Toronto for many years, while his years of work as a commercial traveller extended his acquaintance over the whole of Ontario. His prominent position, too, in the Masonic fraternity, assured him a welcome

wherever the order was known, and his cordial manner and good business methods made a friend of every acquaintance. Mr. McCarthy was born at Church Hill, Ont., in 1852, son of John and Dorothy (Glover) McCarthy, who came from Scotland to Canada many years ago and died here.

Andrew W. McCarthy was educated in his native place, and after completing his education learned the trade of carriage finishing. However, he never followed it for any length of time, as other lines were more congenial to him. He early became a commercial salesman for Mr. Sleeman, of Guelph, and later entered the employ of the O'Keefe Brewery Company of Toronto. Mr. O'Keefe also engaged him for some time as the manager of a hotel in Toronto. Finally Mr. McCarthy decided to go into business for himself, and choosing Barrie as his location, became the proprietor of the "Barrie Hotel," being thus engaged for many years, up to the time of his death.

Andrew W. McCarthy married Miss Mary Borland, granddaughter of Colonel Borland, who was a large land owner and at one time proprietor of the present site of Orillia. Her father, Andrew Borland, was like his father the owner of large estates, giving his attention almost wholly to looking after his business interests. Mr. and Mrs. McCarthy became the parents of three children, namely: Vera Adelaide, wife of E. L. McDougall, of Toronto; Victor, of Toronto; and Eva, also residing in that city. The late Mr. McCarthy was a Presbyterian in his religious faith. In the Masonic fraternity he had attained the thirty-second degree, while he was also a member of the I.O.O.F. and the A.O.U.W.

BERNARD SHELDON KERR, M.D. The profession of medicine has at all times appealed to many from the very best order of our social structure and has drawn to itself skill, talent and personal devotion that has raised it to a commanding position among life's various callings. Of the medical fraternity in Toronto one of the familiar names is that of Bernard Sheldon Kerr, of No. 119 Pape avenue.

Dr. Kerr was born in Ireland in 1836, son of John and Catherine (Shields) Kerr, of the agricultural class of that country. He grew up in his native land and was educated there, receiving a good education, so that when at the age of seventeen he came to Canada, he was well prepared to undertake the responsible work of a teacher. This occupation he followed for quite a few years, until he was in a position to enter upon the medical studies which had been the goal of his efforts. He matriculated

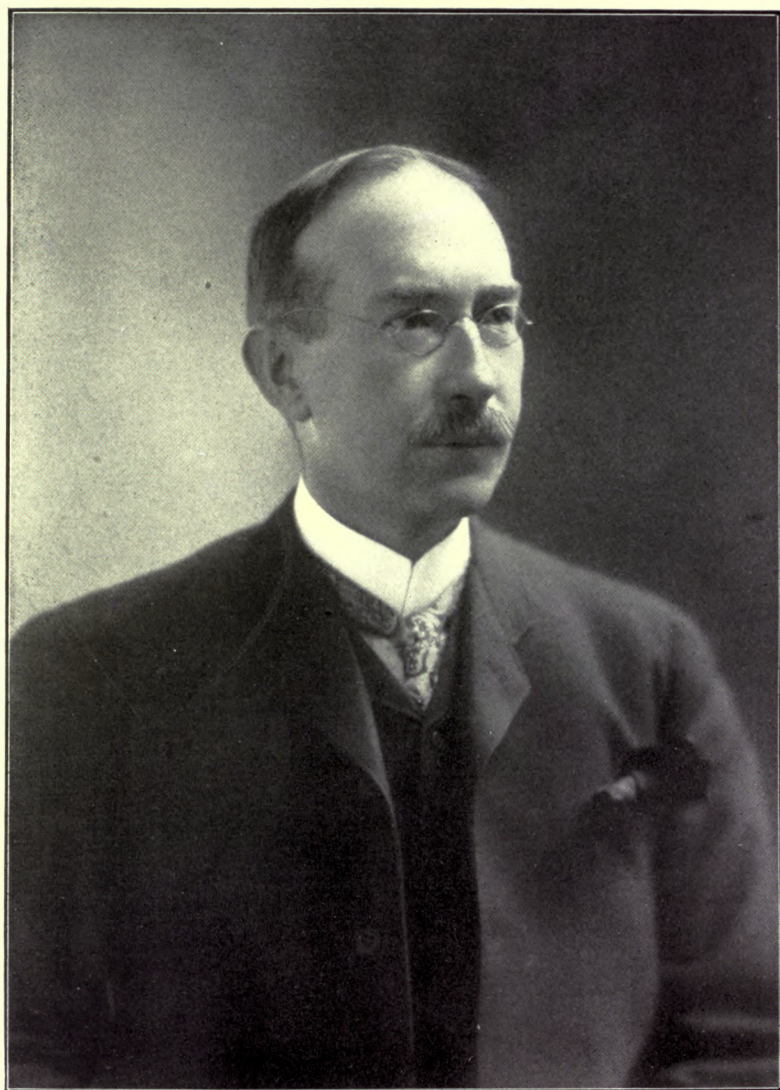
in Victoria College, under the late Dr. Rolph, and completed his course in 1867. Upon being admitted to the practice of medicine Dr. Kerr located in the County of Grey, and remained there about twenty years, after which he came to Toronto and built up a practice there which now engrosses his entire time and attention.

Dr. Kerr has been twice married. He was united in marriage first to Mary Blair, and they became the parents of three sons, as follows: David, a printer; John, of British Columbia; and James, of Toronto. Mr. Kerr was married (second) to Margaret Hudson. To them were born: Ella, who married a minister; Amy, a graduate of the University of Toronto, B.A., 1904; Bernard Sheldon, Jr., employed in the office of the Northern Railway, at Winnipeg; and Gertrude. Dr. Kerr is a Reformer in politics, and in religious matters his wife and himself are members of the Presbyterian Church.

MAJOR NICOL is the present owner of "Brackmont," Lot 87, Yonge street. The first of the family who came to Canada was John Nicol, a younger son of R. Nicol, of Strathmyle, Fifeshire, Scotland. He came to this country in 1806, and bought the farm where the family have ever since resided. He was warden of King in 1809, and took an active interest in public affairs. He died in 1830. His brother, Robert, who inherited the property, left Fifeshire in 1845, and joined his family, who had preceded him to Canada by several years. His wife and two daughters had died in Scotland. Only two of his family married. He was a Conservative in politics; and he died in 1849, and was buried in Newmarket. The homestead descended to his son, Peter, who came to Canada in August, 1842. The present residence was built the following year. Mr. Nicol died Dec. 25, 1897, in the eighty-sixth year of his age, respected by all who knew him, leaving a widow and one son. He was a Liberal, but took little interest in politics. The family are members of the Church of England.

His son, Arthur G. Nicol, has been connected with the 12th Regiment since 1890, is a Liberal, and a member of the Masonic order. He married, in 1894, a daughter of the late Lieut-Col. Tyrwhitt, a leading Conservative, and for many years representative of South Simcoe in the Dominion Parliament. They have two sons: Kenneth T., born in 1900; and Ronald T., born in 1903.

ROBERT K. SPROULE, B.A., a broker in Toronto, is a prosperous business man of that city, and a member of a family that has been



W. J. Sharpe

identified with the western part of Ontario since the early part of the last century.

Robert Sproule, father of Robert K. was born in Ireland in 1808, and had Irish ancestors for several generations past. He was educated in that country, and remained there until he was twenty-four years old. He crossed the Atlantic and reached Toronto in 1832, but after spending a short time there he went to Hamilton, and accepted a position with Matthew McGill, a dry goods merchant of that city. From Hamilton, some time prior to 1837, Mr. Sproule removed to Brantford, and went into business for himself in the dry goods business. His venture was successful and he continued in the active management of his store until 187., when he retired. He was a prominent man, who did his part in promoting the city's welfare, was a member of the Brantford Council for a time, and served many years as a magistrate. He was a supporter of the Reform party. His death occurred in 1885, and he was survived by a widow and five children. He had married Miss Sarah A. Doane, who was born in the Niagara district, and who died at Niagara Falls in December, 1902. She was the mother of: C. H., Provincial auditor for Ontario; Miss A. L., of Toronto; George F., of New York City, formerly a Toronto business man; Miss C. M., of New York City; and Robert K. Both the father and mother were members of the Methodist Church.

Robert K. Sproule was born at Brantford in 1860, and received his earlier education there. After completing the preliminary courses of study at the Brantford schools, he entered the University of Toronto and was graduated in 1884 with the degree of B.A. Remaining in Toronto he at first read law, but in 1886 abandoned that and turned his attention to the business field. Embarking first in the real estate business, he later went into a general brokerage line, in which he has ever since been engaged, and in which his natural ability for such occupation has brought him a good measure of success and made his name a familiar one in financial circles. His office is located at No. 10 Wellington street. In politics Mr. Sproule is a Reformer, and in religion he belongs to the Church of England.

LEWIS REFORD (deceased) was the eldest son and child of Joseph Reford and his wife Grace Wilson Reford, and was born near Antrim, County Antrim, Ireland, Sept. 22, 1824. He came to Canada with his mother and other members of his family in 1845. The family settled in Toronto, and he engaged in various business pursuits, retiring from same about 1890,

after which time he led a retired life. He married in 1860 Barbara Duncanson, a native of Scotland, by whom he had four children, two sons and two daughters, who all died young. Mrs. Reford died May 20, 1906, and is buried in Toronto.

HENRY FOWLDS SHARPE, in whose death, on April 6, 1906, at his late residence, No. 20 Admiral road, the city of Toronto lost one of its most esteemed citizens and energetic business men, was born July 29, 1860, at Hastings, Ont., only child of John and Elizabeth Jane (Fowlds) Sharpe, natives of Scotland.

John Sharpe, who was born in 1834, came from his native country to Canada when a young man, and subsequently settled in Hastings. He was a successful business man there for many years, but his last days were spent with his son, at whose home he died in 1898, aged sixty-four years. His wife, who was born about 1821, died April 1, 1900.

Henry Fowlds Sharpe received his education at the Norwood high school and the Ottawa normal school. After leaving the last named institution he engaged in teaching for some time, becoming head master of the Colborne high school. In 1881 he turned his attention to business enterprises, and entered the firm of R. D. Ewing & Co., dealers in photographic supplies, where he remained for about five years. Mr. Sharpe next went to Montreal and there became a member of the firm of D. H. Hogg & Co., in the same line of business, remaining there for two and one-half years. In 1890 he returned to Toronto to join Mr. S. H. Smith in forming the firm of Smith & Sharpe. Later Mr. Sharpe sold out his interest in this firm and founded the firm of H. F. Sharpe & Co., of which he was the head until his death. Six months afterward the business was changed to the H. C. Tugwell Co., Ltd., at No. 73 Bay street. As he did much travelling Mr. Sharpe was widely known personally among the business men of the Dominion and of the United States, and he had the reputation of being an honest, upright business man and good public-spirited citizen.

On Dec. 23, 1885, Mr. Sharpe was married to Miss Annie Buchanan, a member of a Scotch family long identified with the interests of Canada. Her father, James Buchanan, born in Scotland July 4, 1834, emigrated to the United States in 1848, and to Canada ten years later, being for many years a leading business man at Goderich, where he and his son, James, are carrying on an extensive lumber and planing mill business. Mr. Buchanan married Miss Janet McKey, daughter of Hugh and Janet

(Ross) McKey, who settled near London, Ont., about 1844, and there died. Mrs. Buchanan died in Goderich April 14, 1906, the mother of these children: James, Mrs. Sharpe, Miss Alice, Miss Emily, George, Walter and Miss Olive May.

Mr. Sharpe was a consistent member of the Presbyterian Church. His politics were Conservative. In Masonry he had attained to the thirty-second degree; and he was also a member of the Canadian Order of Foresters.

CHARLES S. C. TOPLIS, who passed away at his late residence, No. 25 Maple Grove avenue, Parkdale, May 20, 1904, was one of Toronto's most highly esteemed citizens. Mr. Toplis was born in Nottingham, England, in 1845, son of Thomas and Isabella (Churchill) Toplis, both of whom died in the old country.

Charles S. C. Toplis grew to manhood in his native country, and there learned the carpenter's trade, which he followed for some time prior to coming to Toronto in 1872. He at once embarked in the cab business on Queen street, and from there removed to Baldwin street, being one of the first settlers thereon. Here he engaged in the dairy business for a number of years, and then removed to Parkdale, and built a residence at No. 25 Maple Grove avenue, settling therein prior to the annexation of Parkdale to the city of Toronto. He was one of the founders, so to speak, of the place. On the organization of the Volunteer Fire Department of Parkdale, Mr. Toplis became a member, and remained with the company for some time. When the suburb became annexed to the city, Mr. Toplis became a member of the Cowan Avenue Hose No. 15 Department, and remained connected therewith until his death. It was while serving at the Menzie, Turner fire that he received the injury from which he never recovered. He had also been injured at the McIntosh fire and the Dufferin street fire, where a barn collapsed.

In 1874, in St. James' Cathedral Mr. Toplis and Miss Eliza Ann Matthews were married by the Rev. Mr. Green. Mrs. Toplis was born at Somerset, England, in 1849, daughter of James and Mary (Cousins) Matthews, the former of whom died in England, after which, in 1872; the mother and family came to Toronto, she dying in June, 1904. To Mr. and Mrs. Toplis were born children as follows: Fleetwood Samuel, born Feb. 24, 1876, married Sept. 26, 1905; Mary Isabel, born July 15, 1878; and Amy Margaret, born Oct. 22, 1882, married Nov. 26, 1906. In July, 1904, Mrs. Toplis sold her home in Parkdale and removed to her present place, No. 1283 Dundas street, where she has ever

since resided. Mr. Toplis was a member of the Church of England, to which faith Mrs. Toplis and her daughters adhere. In politics he was a Conservative, being a great admirer of Sir John A. Macdonald. He was a member of the A.O.U.W., of the Orangemen, and the Sons of England, being a charter member of the Somerset Lodge of the latter order. He was also a charter member of the Court Stars of the Most Ancient Order of Foresters. He was a man who made many friends, was genial and obliging, and always ready to do a kindness to any one in need of friendly aid.

CHARLES FREDERICK MOORE, M.D. C.M. One of the oldest and most prominent families of Eastern Ontario is that of Moore, which was first located there more than a century ago, and a representative member of this family is found in Dr. Charles Frederick Moore, of No. 91 Bellevue avenue, Toronto, for more than twenty years a leading medical practitioner of this city.

The Moore family is of Scotch-Irish extraction, and was founded in Canada by the Doctor's great-grandfather, Frederick Moore, a native of Ireland, who, in 1806, located in County Leeds, where he engaged in farming until his death. His wife was a Miss Boulton, who also died in that county. Among their children was a son, Richard, born in Ireland in 1800, who was therefore but six years old when the family came to Canada. On reaching his majority, Richard Moore engaged in farming in County Leeds, where he died in 1884, his wife, Anna Berry, who was also born in Ireland in 1800, passing away in County Leeds in 1899. Their children were: Eliza; Frederick A., father of the Doctor; Mathew, deceased; Janie, deceased; Ezra H., on the old homestead where all the children were born; Dr. Vincent H., deceased; George, deceased; and Henry, of County Dundas.

Frederick A. Moore was born in County Leeds, June 23, 1825, and on reaching his majority became a general merchant at Kemptville, Ont., where he continued business for about twenty years. At the end of this time he sold out his goods, and engaged in the life insurance business, in which he was engaged until 1903, when he retired. On June 6, 1848, Frederick A. Moore and Miss Emily A. Holmes were united in marriage. She was born in 1824, in the State of Vermont, daughter of Hiram and Emily (Wiggins) Holmes, both of Vermont, who in 1835 emigrated from the United States to Canada, settling at Kemptville, where both died. To Frederick A. Moore

and his wife were born two sons and two daughters: Alphonse M., in the insurance business in Toronto; Martha Emily, the wife of Dr. Gerald Ball, of Toronto; Mina J., the wife of Dr. William Britton of Toronto; and Dr. Charles Frederick. Frederick A. Moore and his wife have resided with Dr. Charles Frederick for the past twenty years.

Dr. Charles Frederick Moore was born at Kemptville, Ont., Sept. 7, 1865, and he received his education in the Model school and in the Jarvis Street Institute, Toronto, after leaving which latter institution he entered the Medical Department of the University of Toronto, and in 1887 was graduated with the degree of M.D. C.M. Immediately thereafter Dr. Moore engaged in the practice of his profession in Toronto, where he has since been actively engaged. He has been very successful professionally and has gained a position of importance in his line. In politics he is a Reformer, and while never seeking office, he has always taken a public-spirited interest in the welfare of the city. He is universally esteemed and occupies a high social position. The Doctor is chief medical examiner for the New York Life, and an examiner for the Mutual Life and the Excelsior Life Insurance Companies of Toronto. He and his wife are connected with the Methodist Church.

In 1900 Dr. Moore was married to Miss Alys Haines Stephens, and one daughter, Marjorie Haines, has been born to them.

JOSEPH WILLIAM SPARROW. Toronto boasts several well-known and prosperous establishments that have remained in the hands of the families by whom they were started, handed down from father to son, and among these one of the very oldest is the house-furnishing hardware business owned by Joseph W. Sparrow.

The Sparrow family was originally of English extraction, but the first of whom any definite data can be ascertained is William Sparrow, great-grandfather of Joseph, who was born April 12, 1758. He was in Ireland, and established the family in that country, where he himself died Jan. 27, 1843. His son, Joseph, was born in Ireland, April 12, 1787. He was twice married. His first wife was Miss Ann ———, by whom he had two daughters, Mary and Catherine, both of whom died in their native Ireland. He was united in 1822 to his second wife, Miss Hannah Clarke, born in Ireland July 1, 1802. Her children were nine in number, namely: Ann, born Nov. 6, 1823, who died while residing in the County of Peel, On-

tario; Catherine, born Nov. 7, 1825, deceased Feb. 25, 1826; Jane, born Feb. 15, 1827, who died in the United States; William H., born March 21, 1829, died July 28, 1883; Joseph, born Jan. 16, 1832, deceased June 17, 1837; George, March 17, 1834, who died Sept. 7, 1883; Thomas, born Feb. 7, 1836, still living; Joseph, born in 1838, deceased May 1, 1897; and Hannah, born May 23, 1840, deceased. Mrs. Hannah C. Sparrow also died in Ireland, and after that loss Mr. Sparrow closed out his general mercantile business, crossed the ocean and established himself in Sand Hill, County of Peel, where he died June 1, 1857.

William Hutchinson Sparrow was born in Ireland March 21, 1829. He came to Canada, and thereafter the family was identified with their new country. For a few years Mr. Sparrow was engaged with some business firms in Toronto, his last position being with the Pipers: after the death of Mr. Piper, Mr. Sparrow acted as manager for a time, and then went into the hardware business on his own account, founding the house that has endured so well. He continued in the original location at 87 Yonge street, until his death, building up a large trade there.

In 1857 occurred Mr. Sparrow's marriage to Miss Catherine O'Meara, whose death occurred in 1868. She had five children, as follows: Joseph Hutchinson, deceased; Joseph William; Minnie, Mrs. T. H. Pickford, of Washington, D.C.; George, a merchant in Toronto; and Kate, wife of S. W. Pickford, of Washington. Mr. Sparrow's second wife was Miss Jane R. Clark, by whom he had one daughter, Hannah May, deceased. Mr. Sparrow remained in the active management of his store up to the time of his death, which occurred July 28, 1883.

Joseph William Sparrow was born Oct 30, 1860, at the family home on Wilton avenue (known then as Onickshank street), Toronto. His education was received in the model school of Toronto, and after completing it the young man entered business with his father in 1881, becoming thoroughly familiar with its details, so that when the entire charge fell upon him two years later, he was well prepared to carry on his father's work. He remained at the old location until 1900, and then moved to the present site, No. 298 Yonge street. He proved himself possessed of fine business ability, and has sustained and increased the success of the firm in a substantial way. He is a large property owner, holding in addition to his residence, at No. 72 Wilson avenue, valuable properties at No. 93 Gloucester street, No. 115 Bleecker street, No. 58 St. James avenue, and having an interest

in the Sparrow estate, which includes stores at Nos. 639 to 647 Yonge street, inclusive, Nos. 87 and 89 Yonge street, and dwellings at Nos. 10 and 12 Isabella street. He also owns the old home of the late William Lyon Mackenzie, presented to the latter by his friends.

Mr. Sparrow was united in marriage in 1886, to Miss Sophie Jane Pearsall, of Toronto. To this union two sons have been born, William George, May 31, 1887; and Charles Hutchinson, Sept. 30, 1893. Mr. Sparrow and his wife are members of the Church of England. In politics he is a Conservative.

THOMAS GILBERT, who passed away at his late residence, No. 100 Dundas street, Toronto Junction, April 23, 1892, was born June 13, 1843, son of Thomas Gilbert, the founder of the family in Canada.

Thomas Gilbert was born in Ireland in 1806, and there grew to manhood, coming to Canada in the thirties. He settled in Toronto, where he became a well-known cattle dealer and died in the city April 4, 1853. He married Susan Ann Armstrong, and to them were born children as follows: Sarah Jane, the widow of Allan Royce; Thomas; and George James, a sketch of whose life appears elsewhere.

Thomas Gilbert, son of Thomas, was educated at Rockwood Academy, and in June, 1867, married Miss Jane Gough, and settled on a farm in York township, County York. Here they resided for twenty years, at the end of which time they sold their farm, and in 1887 purchased the residence at No. 100 Dundas street, Toronto Junction, where the rest of Mr. Gilbert's life was spent in retirement, and where Mrs. Gilbert still resides. Mrs. Gilbert was born in County Wicklow, Ireland, in August, 1847, daughter of William and Ann (Gilbert) Gough. William Gough, who was born in 1813, and died in 1891, was for many years agent for Lord Fitzwilliam. His wife, who was born in 1816, died in 1904, and their children were: Mrs. Alfred Finbow and Mrs. Thomas Gilbert.

To Thomas and Jane (Gough) Gilbert were born thirteen children, as follows: Thomas, deceased; Annie Mary, wife of William Alexander Baird, mayor of Toronto Junction; George James, deceased; Sarah Jane, who married Alfred Wesley Law, and has a son, Charles A. G.; William Allan; Frances H.; Thomas; Joseph C.; Charles Edward; Arthur S.; Robert; John Albert; and Henrietta Irene. Mr. Gilbert died in the faith of the Methodist Church, to which Mrs. Gilbert and his family adhere. In politics he was a staunch Conservative.

The property at No. 100 Dundas street, To-

ronto Junction, purchased by Thomas Gilbert in 1887, was formerly owned by Col. Thompson of the British Army. There is somewhat of an historic interest in the property due to the fact that it has always been known as "Aikinshaw Lodge." Situated as it is on the old government road leading from Toronto to London, it was often the scene of such gatherings as were numerous in the days of Lord Elgin, Sir Edmund W. Head, Lord Monk and Sir Charles Metcalf.

ALLAN B. RICE. The Rice family, of which Mr. Allan B. Rice, collector of customs at Toronto Junction, is a member, is one of long standing in Canada, and of United Empire Loyalist stock. This family was founded in Canada by Thomas Rice, the great-grandfather of Allan B., in the latter part of the eighteenth century.

Thomas Rice came from New Jersey and settled in County Welland, Ont., where he received a grant of land from the Crown, on which he resided until his death at the age of one hundred and four years. One of his sons,

Thomas Rice, Jr., married Abigail Dennis, whose father was the founder of the Dennis family in America, settling in the Niagara district, where he followed farming. The children of this marriage were: Dennis, Samuel, William, Ezekiel, Sarah (who married Joseph Thorn) and Sidney (who died unmarried).

Dennis Rice, father of Allan B., was born in the County of Welland in 1819, and there engaged in farming during his active life, dying in 1863, after having been for many years a magistrate. He married Mary Hellems, born on the present site of Welland town, County Welland, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Brown) Hellems. John Hellems's father founded the Hellems family in Canada, and Elizabeth Brown was the daughter of a soldier in General Wolfe's army, who settled in County Welland after the conquest of Quebec. According to a family tradition it was he who caught Wolfe in his arms when the latter was mortally wounded on the Plains of Abraham.

John Hellems, maternal grandfather of Allan B. Rice, was born in Bucks County, Pennsylvania, but spent his business life engaged in farming and contracting in County Welland, Ont. He built in 1856 the court house and jail at Welland. He married Elizabeth Brown, and to them were born these children: Mary, Martha, Egerton, Charles, Wellington, John and Sarah. Dennis and Mary (Hellems) Rice had these children: Narcissa, Mrs. Henry Garner, of Detroit, Michigan; Ralph, deceased, who was a farmer; Arabel, wife of A. T. Bridgman; Al-

lan B.; Harry D., on the old farm in Welland; and John, who died at the age of twelve years. All of these children were born on the old farm in County Welland.

Allan B. Rice was born in 1858 and was educated at the High school at Welland. In 1889 he removed to Toronto Junction, becoming associated with the *Tribune*, a Liberal sheet, established by Dr. J. T. Gilmour, now warden of the Central Prison. Mr. Rice later became editor and proprietor of the *Tribune*, and conducted it until 1904, when he became collector of customs at the Junction. In 1888 Mr. Rice completed a history of County Welland, where he had been a teacher in the public schools for some time prior to engaging in newspaper work. Since residing at the Junction Mr. Rice has served eleven or twelve years as a member of the council and school board, and for two years was a member of the license board of West York.

On Jan. 24, 1882, Mr. Rice was married to Miss Elizabeth Grant, daughter of Peter and Elizabeth (Muir) Grant, both natives of Scotland, who were the founders of the Grant family in Canada. To this union there have been born two sons, Clarence Grant and Allan Gordon. The elder of these died in his third year. The surviving son, Allan Gordon Rice, received his primary education at the Annette street public school, Toronto Junction, and after a course in the Collegiate School of that city entered the University of Toronto, from which he graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1906, taking honors in biological and physical science. He is still a student at the University, being a member of the medical class of 1908.

Mr. Allan B. Rice and his family are members of the Presbyterian Church. He is prominent in benevolent societies, and has a past master's jewel from Mimico Lodge, A.F. & A.M.; and belongs to Shekinah Chapter, R.A.M.

JAMES WRIGHT, for many years a well-known and highly esteemed resident of Toronto, in whose honor Wright avenue of that city is named, and who died at his late residence, No. 191 Wright avenue, March 9, 1901, was born in Yorkshire, England, in 1824, son of John and Mary Wright, natives of England. The parents of Mr. Wright came to Canada some time after their son's arrival here, and located at Lloydtown, where both died.

In 1841 James Wright came to Canada and settled at Lloydtown, where he followed market gardening for about three years and then removed to Toronto. Purchasing a number of acres of land on the present location of Wright

avenue, he there engaged in gardening until he retired from business. That Mr. Wright was a public-spirited man is shown by the fact that he donated to the city the land which ran through his property for the street mentioned.

Mr. Wright was married in Toronto in 1846 to Miss Jane Stibbard, who was born in England in 1826, daughter of Thomas and Mary (Sheldrick) Stibbard, who came to Canada in 1836, settling at Yorkville. Mr. Stibbard followed carpentering until his death, which occurred in Davisville, his wife passing away in Yorkville. Their children were: Robert; Laura, who married John Granger; Sarah Fannie; Sophia, and Mrs. Wright. To Mr. and Mrs. Wright were born the following children: Emma, the wife of Jacob Rains, who has three children, William Henry, Irvine W. and Eva E.; Henry, deceased; Charles, of Toronto, who married Mary Duncan, and has two children, Alice and Mable; Mary, the wife of Stephen Hembrow; George, of Victoria, B.C.; Sarah, deceased; Robert, of Toronto, who married Fanny McLean, and has two children, Kate and May; Sarah, deceased, who married Thomas Clinkenboomer, and had one daughter, Laura Lillian; William, of Toronto, who married Minnie Chase, and had four children, Effie, Harry, Bertie and Carrie; Fanny, wife of Thomas Clinkenboomer, who had two children, Fred and Maudy; Reuben, of Toronto, married to Florence Anderson; Walter, of Vancouver, B.C., who married Clara Saunders, and had one son, Walter; and Laura, who married James Welsh and had three children, Clarence J., Gordon LeRoy and Dorothy Marcelle. Mr. Welsh was born in Hamilton in 1870, came to Toronto, and carried on a butcher business at No. 1416 Queen street west, where he died in 1900; he was buried in Mt. Pleasant cemetery. Mr. Wright and his children who are deceased are buried in the Necropolis.

Mr. Wright was a member of the Methodist Church. In politics he was a Conservative. He built his late residence at No. 191 Wright avenue, and there Mrs. Wright, and her daughter, Mrs. Welsh, now reside.

MORGAN J. MINOR, who died in Toronto in 1903, was for some time connected with the Newcombe Piano Company, of that city. Mr. Minor was born in County Monck, Ont., in 1841, son of Samuel and Louise (Ott) Minor, farming people of Ontario.

Morgan J. Minor was educated in the public schools of his native place, and for some time engaged in farming, after which he began his business life at Fort Erie. In 1895 he came to Toronto, where he became identified with the

Newcombe Piano Company, with which he remained until within a short time of his death. Mr. Minor and Miss Mary Helen Bond were united in marriage in 1879. Mrs. Minor came of United Empire Loyalist stock on her mother's side, her parents being Henry and Catherine (Rapeljie) Bond. Her maternal grandfather was Jeronamus Rapeljie, who came to America from France, prior to the Revolutionary war, five families emigrating together. At the outbreak of the American Revolution, three of these families came to Canada, one of them being the Rapeljies. Mr. Rapeljie settled at Long Point, where he engaged in farming for many years, and at one time owned the land on which the city of St. Thomas, Ont., now stands. He gave the Church to the Anglican denomination, and plotted a cemetery for the Rapeljie family in which all members thereof, who died in that section, are buried.

Henry Bond, father of Mrs. Minor, was born in the State of New York, and came to Canada about 1855, settling at Chippewa, where he became a well-known carriage builder, and in which place he died. Mrs. Minor was born at Chippewa, and received her education at the Toronto Normal, after which she taught school for some time. She has always been of a literary turn of mind and a great reader.

To Mr. and Mrs. Minor were born two daughters: Blanche Beatrice and Winnifred May. Mr. Minor was a member of the Church of England, to which faith Mrs. Minor strongly adheres. He was a Conservative in politics. Fraternally he was connected with the A.O. U.W.

ADAM GOURLAY, who died in Toronto April 3, 1902, was one of the well-known business men of the city, where he was born in 1866, son of William and Agnes (Waugh) Gourlay. The parents were natives of Scotland, and in 1855 came to Canada, where William Gourlay followed his trade of stone-cutting until his death. His widow is still living, and resides in Toronto. In religious belief they were Presbyterians. He was a Reformer. The following children were born to them: Thomas, deceased; William, deceased; Richard, of Toronto; Adam, deceased; George, of Denver, Colorado; James, of New York City; and Elizabeth.

Adam Gourlay was educated in Toronto, and at the age of twelve years engaged as a messenger boy with Cooper Smith. He gradually worked his way up until he attained the position of manager of the warehouse department. In 1893 he went into the coal and wood business on Yonge street, at the corner of Shaftesbury avenue, continuing in that line successful-

ly until his death. In 1890 Mr. Gourlay married Miss Lottie McGill, who was born in Oakville, Ont., daughter of William and Eliza (Bullock) McGill, the former of whom died in Toronto in 1904, the latter in 1884. William McGill was born in Scotland in 1837, a son of George McGill, who came with his family to Canada in the year 1837, settling at a place then called Springfield (now Erindale); there he operated a sawmill until his death. William McGill was for some time a merchant at Oakville, and later settled in Toronto, where he engaged in the coal and wood business until his death. His children, besides Lottie, Mrs. Gourlay, were: William, George, Frederick and Charles, of Toronto. Mr. and Mrs. McGill were Methodists. In politics he was a Reformer.

To Mr. and Mrs. Adam Gourlay came two daughters, Hazel Jennett and Irene McGill, both born in Toronto. He was a Reformer in politics, and a Presbyterian in religion. Fraternally he was a Mason, and very popular in that order.

WILLIAM LIGHTFOOT, of No. 1036 Dundas street, Toronto, enjoys the distinction of being one of the oldest market gardeners in Canada, a business which he combines with that of a florist. Mr. Lightfoot carries on his business on a successful basis, which, coupled with years of experience, enables him to supply the market with the very best to be had in his line. He is a native of the County of Devon, England, born March 24, 1836, son of John and Maria (Wescott) Lightfoot, natives of England, where both died.

William Lightfoot grew to manhood in his native country, where he received his literary training and became a professional gardener. In 1870, with his wife and six children, he came to Toronto, having in his pocket at the time 2s. 6d. He was determined to win, however, and at once started out to find work, being engaged by Mr. R. N. Gouch, of Toronto, as gardener for that summer. The following winter Mr. Lightfoot was with Mr. Essen in the confectionery business for the winter, and the next summer received the appointment to the position of gardener at the Horticultural Gardens. The appointment came on the recommendation of the late Hon. George Allan, who gave the gardens to the Horticultural Society, and Mr. Henry Pellatt, an official connected with the society. This position Mr. Lightfoot ably filled for five years, when he resigned on account of his wife's failing health. He then settled on Sorauen avenue, and embarked in market gardening on his own account, and in this business

he has continued ever since. In 1898 Mr. Lightfoot purchased ten and one-half acres of valuable land on Dundas street, five of which he sold in 1903 to Mr. Laidlaw for \$10,000, and the remaining five and one-half acres are producing large returns under skilful cultivation. The reader needs but to glance at the condition in which he finds Mr. Lightfoot now as compared with the 2s. 6d. which he had when first coming to Toronto, to appreciate his success as a business man. Mr. Lightfoot holds the world's record for raising potatoes. On one occasion he raised from one pound of seed potatoes 1,600 pounds, and on another occasion he beat this raising 1,630 pounds from the same amount of seed, one pound.

The following is a very interesting reminiscence of the early work of Mr. Lightfoot in Toronto. As above stated, he engaged in work with Mr. R. N. Gouch as the latter's gardener, and Mr. Gouch always called Mr. Lightfoot "William." On entering Mr. Gouch's employ, that gentleman said: "William, you may manage this garden as you think best, aside from the raising of the potatoes. I desire to have you follow my directions regarding that work." To this, of course, Mr. Lightfoot raised no objection. In due time Mr. Gouch said: "William, how many potatoes are needed to plant that piece?" Being informed, Mr. Gouch directed that the rows should be eighteen inches apart, and the potatoes dropped (without cutting) six inches apart. Mr. Lightfoot did as directed. When the potatoes came up, of course the tops covered the ground, and Mr. Gouch said: "William, the potatoes look fine." "Yes," answered Mr. Lightfoot, "they look fine, but, Mr. Gouch, they will amount to nothing. They will all be small." Mr. Gouch, believing himself that they were too thick, asked Mr. Lightfoot: "Well, William, what would you do with them?" to which Mr. Lightfoot replied: "I would first pull out every alternate row." To this Mr. Gouch consented, and Mr. Lightfoot pulled out one-half of the plants and then went over the remaining rows and pulled out one-half the seed potatoes. He then pulled off all tops but one from one-third of the patch; all but two from another one-third of the patch, and all but three tops from each hill of the remaining one-third of the patch. This action on the part of Mr. Lightfoot rather provoked Mr. Gouch, who thought that his potatoes were ruined. Mr. Lightfoot, however, prevailed on his employer to let them grow as he had arranged them, and at the harvest of the potatoes, Mr. Gouch not only had the greatest crop he had ever raised,

but the plants from which Mr. Lightfoot had pulled all tops save one stem, bore the heaviest yield of the field.

Mr. Lightfoot has been twice married. His first wife was Miss Sarah Elson, born in England in 1832, and died in Toronto in 1898. To this union were born the following children: (1) William John, caretaker of High Park, has by his first marriage one son, Charles, and his second wife is Louise Stone. (2) Charles, an extensive market gardener of Toronto, married Harriet Phillips, and has three children: Lillie, William and Bert. (3) James, with the Galena Oil Company, married Millie Robinson, and has four children, Arthur, Elson J., Elsie and William. (4) Sarah married Samuel Cox and has children, Gertrude, Gussie, Gladys, Bessie and Thomas. (5) Thomas, an extensive market gardener, and one of the best in the county, supplying the hotels with all the products of the garden, married (first) Harriet Marshall, and (second) Annie Tucker, and has one son, Tom. (6) Bessie, wife of Edwin Sparrow, has four children, Ernest, Edna, Bessie and William. (7) Arthur, also a gardener, married Della Hook, now deceased, who bore him one daughter, Louise. Mr. Lightfoot's second marriage was to Miss Sarah Thompson, who bore him one son, Howard Thompson. Mr. and Mrs. Lightfoot are members of the Church of England. In political belief he is a Conservative.

MICHAEL JOSEPH CORCORAN, late of Toronto, was born Nov. 29, 1849, son of Martin and Ann (Cashin) Corcoran. His death was the result of an accident, being struck by an engine at Belleville, Ont., May 29, 1905, and dying the following day.

Martin Corcoran was born in County Tipperary, Ireland, and came to Canada in 1847. He found work on the construction of the Grand Trunk railway. In 1848 he married Ann Cashin, who died in 1851, leaving one child, Michael Joseph. Mr. Corcoran married again in 1851, his second wife being Winnifred Cleary, who bore him two children, namely: Patrick, a conductor on the Great Northern railway, and a citizen of St. Paul, Minnesota; and Mary Gage, also of St. Paul, Minnesota.

Michael Joseph Corcoran resided in Port Union until he entered service on the Grand Trunk railway as brakeman in 1867. In 1872 he was promoted to be conductor, a position he held until his death. On Jan. 7, 1874, he married Hannah Kelly, of Toronto, who, with nine children, survives him. The children are: Mary, wife of John Chester Howard, of Ottawa, Ont.,

and has four children, Allan, Kathleen, Joseph and Edwin; James, who married July 11, 1906, Rose Bulgar; Joseph; Kathleen, Ellen, who was married in December, 1906, to Arthur Winton, of Toronto; Ann; Theresa; Charles; and Francis.

JOHN W. PARKIN, engaged in the photographic business at No. 115 Church street, Toronto, enjoys the distinction of being the oldest photographer in continuous business in the Queen City, having begun operations in that city in 1867, when a boy of fifteen years.

Mr. Parkin comes of one of the pioneer families of County York. The family is of English extraction, and was founded in this country by Patriek Parkin in 1821. He was born in England in 1778. By his first marriage he had two children, Annie and Robert, both deceased; and by his second marriage children were born as follows: Ann, Joseph, Thomas, John, Mary, William, James, Sarah, Charles, Eliza, and four who died young. On coming to Canada, Patriek Parkin settled in the township of East York on the line between it and Scarborough, and here he died in 1841. His widow passed away on their farm just over the line in Scarborough in 1856, at sixty-three years of age.

Thomas Parkin, son of Patriek, was born in England in 1820, and was one year old when brought by his parents to Canada. He grew to manhood on his father's farm in East York township, and spent a number of years in farming in the same township. During the Civil war in the United States, Mr. Parkin spent some time in that country, and then returned to County York, later settling in Toronto, where he died in 1897. He married Amelia Blackburn, born in England in 1837, daughter of Samuel Blackburn, who lived in Canada from 1842 to 1846. To Thomas Parkin and his wife were born the following children: John W.: and Maude May, wife of F. H. Newlove, of Toronto.

John W. Parkin was born on the old farm near Wexford P. O., Aug. 14, 1852. His education was received in the schools of that locality, and in Wisconsin, where he lived some time during the Civil war in the States. Returning to Canada, Mr. Parkin, in 1867, went into the photographic business, and he has continued therein until the present time. Mr. Parkin has always taken a great interest in politics, as a believer in Conservative principles. He adheres to the principles of the English Church.

PETER JOSEPH FLANAGAN, one of the highly esteemed residents of Toronto, whose

death occurred there in April, 1898, was born in Hamilton, in 1853, son of James and Catherine Flanagan, who were also residents of Hamilton, from which place they went to London, Ont., and later to Wingham, where they died.

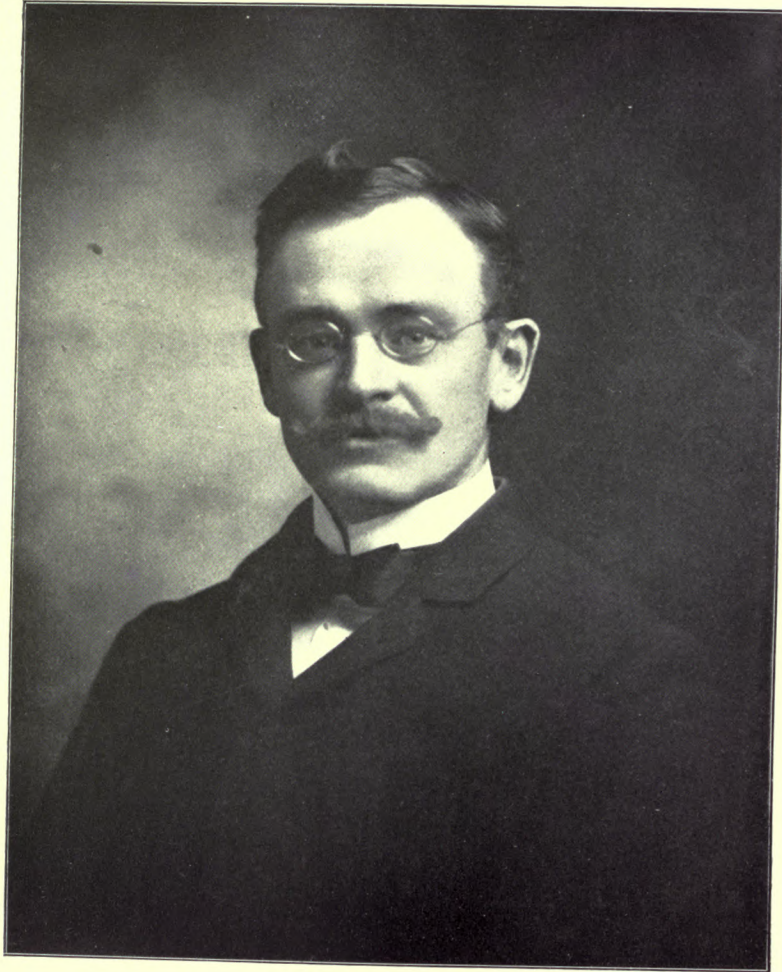
Peter J. Flanagan was educated in London, Ont., and when a young man settled in Toronto, where he spent the remainder of his life. In that city he was married to Miss Delia Lee, born in Toronto, daughter of James and Bridget Lee, natives of Ireland, who located in Toronto about 1850. The former died in Toronto in 1858, and his wife in 1881, leaving these children: Delia; and John A., who died Jan. 31, 1906. Mr. and Mrs. Flanagan had these children: Catherine, Frederick James and Florence May.

Mr. Flanagan, in his religious belief, was a Roman Catholic, to which church his wife also belongs. He affiliated with the A.O.U.W. His widow resides at No. 201 McCaul street, and is highly respected by a wide circle of friends.

T. T. HALLS (deceased), former manager for the Commissioners' Gas Company, at Belleville, was a native of the Dominion of Canada, the year of his birth being 1860, and he was a son of Thomas and Ann (Thomas) Halls.

Thomas Halls was of English birth and parentage, while his wife was a Canadian, and passed her whole life in that country. Her death occurred in 1864, when her son was only four years of age. Mr. Halls survived her for a number of years. By profession he was a contractor and builder, and during his long residence in Canada he did much work in his special lines.

Thomas T. Halls on first entering business life was employed with his father, as he had by long association become familiar with the details of a builder's occupation. But he soon found that employment not congenial and gave it up. Going to Toronto he secured a position with the Commissioners' Gas Company, of that city. From the first he showed himself more than usually competent and efficient and he soon gained the confidence of his employers to such an extent that he was sent to Belleville to assume the entire management of the branch office there. To this responsibility he proved fully equal, and was discharging the duties of that position at the time of his death. Mr. Halls was at that time only thirty-two years old, and his untimely demise cut short a promising career. He left a widow, Mrs. Minnie (Davey) Halls, and a



Robt. J. Dean

daughter, Minnie Maude, born in Toronto. Both Mr. Halls and his wife were members of the Methodist Church, while in his political views he supported the Conservative party.

Mrs. Minnie D. Halls was born on her father's farm near London, Ont., daughter of James and Elizabeth (Baker) Davey, both natives of England. Their marriage occurred subsequently to their coming to Canada, and after it they settled on a farm in County Middlesex, where the rest of their lives were passed. They were members of the Methodist Church, while in politics Mr. Davey was a Conservative.

JOHN PATERSON, who died in Toronto, in 1865, was for many years a well-known business man of that city. He was born in Scotland in 1809, son of Donald and Elizabeth (Monroe) Paterson, both of whom spent their entire lives in Scotland.

After serving his time to the dry goods business in his native land Mr. Paterson went to London, England, where for nine years he was a clerk in a dry goods store. In 1843 he came to Montreal, where he remained until 1848, when he settled in Toronto and soon thereafter founded the firm of Paterson & Fowler, their place of business being on Wellington street. This firm continued the wholesale dry goods business until 1864, when Mr. Paterson purchased his partner's interest, continuing the firm until his death.

In 1846 in Montreal Mr. Paterson and Miss Jane Maladay were united in marriage. She was born in Ireland in 1821, daughter of John and Mary (Currie) Maladay, both of whom were born in Ireland, where they spent their lives in agricultural pursuits. In 1843 Miss Jane Maladay came to Montreal, where she met her future husband. She is now well past four score years, but is in retention of all of her faculties, and she makes her home at No. 59 Gloucester street, Toronto.

To Mr. and Mrs. Paterson were born these children: Donald, a business man of Belleville, who married Miss McDonald, and has four children: Flora, Myrtle, William and Donald; Mary; William, of Belleville; Miss Isabella, of Toronto; and Elizabeth, the wife of Frank Robson. Mr. Paterson was a member of the Old St. Andrew's Church. In politics he was a Conservative.

ROBERT GRANT McLEAN, in whose death Toronto lost one of her most enterprising business men and highly esteemed citizens, was a native of Canada, and a member of a Scotch family founded in this country by his father,

Robert McLean, more than half a century ago.

Robert McLean, the father, was born in Scotland, and when a young man came to Canada, settling near Galt, where for some time he engaged in school teaching. Subsequently he moved to Toronto, where he became the first secretary of the Canadian Fire Underwriters' Association, in which capacity he continued to serve until his death in 1896, when he was aged seventy-nine years. His wife, Clarissa Daniels, was born in Canada in 1823, and her death occurred in Toronto in 1895. To Robert and Clarissa (Daniels) McLean were born two sons, namely: D. H., of Toronto; and Robert Grant. There were also five daughters in the family, of whom two are now deceased.

Robert Grant McLean was born at Galt Feb. 16, 1853, and his death in Toronto in March 30, 1905, ended a most useful and well-spent life. He received his literary training at Galt, and on leaving school turned his attention to the printing business. He began his apprenticeship on the Woodstock *Sentinel*, later being employed on the Toronto *Globe*. In 1879 he decided to embark in the printing business on his own account, and opened a job office at No. 7 Adelaide street east, and afterward moved to No. 13 on the same street. In 1892 he built his spacious works at Nos. 32-34 Lombard street, now including Nos. 28-30, and here from 125 to 150 hands are kept constantly employed to meet the demands of the rapidly increasing trade. During the long period from 1879 to his death in 1905, Mr. McLean gave to every detail his personal attention, and it was due to his business acumen and careful work that he was enabled to build up the extensive business of which he was the founder, manager and owner—one of the largest of its kind in the Dominion.

In 1876 Mr. McLean was married to Miss Alice Trueman, born at Beverly, Ont., daughter of John Trueman. Three sons were born to this marriage: Robert T., George A. and Laurence G.; and also two daughters, now deceased. Mr. McLean was a member of Old St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church. He took no active part in politics, devoting all his time not demanded by his business to his home and family.

ALCIDE DE LA HAYE, B.A., M.D., who passed away at Winnipeg, in November, 1883, was born in Toronto in 1841, son of the well-known educator, John B. De la Haye, a native of France.

John B. De la Haye located in Toronto, and for many years was master of the French language in Upper Canada College. On being superannuated Mr. De la Haye purchased a farm,

on which he resided for some time. He then returned to Toronto, where he died. His children were: Alcide; Mrs. Angus Macdonald; Mrs. Bertham; Mrs. McKay; Mrs. Rooney; Mrs. Lynn; and Mrs. Howlett.

Alcide De la Haye was educated at Upper Canada College, and at the University of Toronto, from which latter institution he was graduated with the degree of B.A., later receiving his degree of M.D. On completing his medical course the Doctor settled in Hamilton for some time, and then went to Claireville, where he remained for a number of years, at the end of which time he located in Toronto, and finally in Portage La Prairie.

Dr. De la Haye married Mary, daughter of John and Ann (Quigley) Moss, the former born in Dublin, Ireland, and the latter in Belfast. On locating in Toronto Mr. Moss engaged in the brewing business, under the firm name of Walker & Moss. He and his wife had these children: the late Chief Justice Thomas Moss; John; Chief Justice Charles Moss, of Toronto; William, deceased; and Mrs. De la Haye. To Dr. and Mrs. De la Haye were born: Victorine Emily; John Moss, of Toronto; and Mary Claire. Dr. De la Haye was a Reformer. His religious connection was with the Roman Catholic Church.

ISAAC CLARKE GILMOR. Among the older residents of the city of Toronto, the late Isaac C. Gilmor is still remembered as having been in earlier years one of the city's prominent business men, whose name was associated with many of the movements looking toward civic progress. He was a native of Quebec, born in 1810, son of Robert and Jane (Coulson) Gilmor.

The parents were of Scotch ancestry, born in Glasgow, and the father held the rank of Commissary-general in the army. They were the first of their name in Canada, whither they came in an early day and settled in Quebec. Later Mr. Gilmor retired from the army and gave his attention to his large landed interests, as he owned some 800 acres of land in Nicolet, Que. He died at Three Rivers, Que., and his wife also died in Quebec, leaving four children, William, Francis, Isaac C. and Robert.

Isaac C. Gilmor was educated at the Nicolet Roman Catholic College, and after leaving college secured a position with A. Laurie & Co., corner of King and Yonge streets Toronto, the present site of the Dominion Bank. There he began his business career, and after working some time in the capacity of manager left that house, and embarked in the mercantile line in

partnership with his uncle under the firm name of Gilmor & Coulson. They located on the west side of Yonge street, between Wellington and Front, where they continued for a number of years. Mr. Gilmor finally abandoned the field of commerce and took up insurance work instead, representing the Scottish Imperial Insurance Company, which was amalgamated with the Caledonian Insurance Company, and he devoted his entire attention to this work until he retired from active business life in 1893. In that year his son, Angus R., took up his work, and has continued it. Mr. Gilmor was at that time eighty-two years old, and left a record of continued activity seldom equalled. He lived to reach the age of ninety-two, passing from the scene of his earthly career March 31, 1903. In political issues he supported the Conservative party, and was a member of St. Andrew's Society, chairman of the board of directors of St. Andrew's Church on King street, and was a member of various other societies. He was a director of the Western Assurance Company and the Consumers' Gas Company of Toronto.

Mr. Gilmor's partner in his domestic joys and sorrows was Miss Jessie Kerr, and their union took place April 9, 1844. Miss Kerr was born in England in 1822, and died in Toronto Oct. 19, 1905. Like her husband she was of Scotch parentage. She bore her husband a family of eight children, namely: Isabell, widow of the late Charles Hooper; Marie (Mrs. J. P. McKay); Violet (Mrs. F. B. Warren); Kate; Alice; Jessie; Mabel; and Angus R., who has for some years conducted a real estate and insurance business in the city of Toronto. The family were reared in the Presbyterian faith, the late Isaac C. Gilmor having been a member of that church.

THOMAS H. BULL, B.A., of No. 86 Bloor street, Toronto, a leading barrister of that city, is a native of County York, and a member of one of the early settled families of that section of Ontario. Mr. Bull is a son of Bartholomew and Elizabeth (Broake) Bull, and a grandson of John Bull, all of whom were born in County Tipperary, Ireland.

The Bull family was founded in Canada by our subject's father, who, with his wife and one child, came to County York in 1818, and located at the Davenport Road, township of York, on Lot 29, Concession 2, when the locality was all bush. Mr. Bull cleared the property, which consisted of 200 acres, and converted it into one of the fine farms of Ontario, and it is still in the possession of the family. The farm, which is known as Spring Mount, adjoins the city of To-

ronto, and therefore is very valuable property. Bartholomew Bull built the first brick house in York township, but since that time this has been replaced by a second one. Mr. Bull spent his last years with our subject. He was one of the most active church workers in Ontario. For many years he was a member of the Methodist Church, in which faith he died. He was a local preacher in this church for fifty years, and for many years an official member of the church. In politics he was a Reformer. His children were: Mary, the only child born in Ireland, died unmarried; Ann, deceased, married Hugh Shaw; Eleanor married James Good, who built the first locomotive in Canada; John P., deceased, was a farmer and magistrate; Dr. Edward is mentioned elsewhere; Rebecca is the widow of the late Dr. Alex. Pattullo; Dr. Frank is deceased; and Thomas H.

Thomas H. Bull was born at the old homestead, May 17, 1834. He was educated at the common schools, Victoria College, at Cobourg, and at the Toronto University, graduating from the latter with the degree of B.A., in 1857. In this class there were eight members, as follows: Dr. Kennedy, Mr. Bull, Rev. Nelson Burns, William Oliver, William S. Francis, Peter McDermid, James Ross and J. F. Smith, the last four of whom are deceased. After completing his schooling Mr. Bull started reading law with Richardson & Jackson, and with George Murphy. He was called to the bar in 1860 and for twenty-seven years was clerk of the peace for the County of York. He was for many years a member of the high school board of Toronto, and is now a member of the Senate of Toronto University. He has been solicitor for the township of York since 1874, and an active law practitioner in Toronto since 1860.

Mr. Thomas H. Bull and Miss Nettie Hastings Harrington were united in marriage, and to this union was born one son, B. Frank, who died aged nineteen years. Mr. and Mrs. Bull are members of the Methodist Church. In politics Mr. Bull is a Reformer, and in fraternal connection a Mason. He was one of the founders of the National Club, and is a member of the Toronto Club.

H. WATERS & SON. Among the many active industries of Toronto and its suburbs is that of flower and plant growing, in which business the firm of H. Waters & Son is one of the oldest and most prominent.

The Waters family is of English extraction, and was founded in Canada by Mr. H. Waters, born in England in 1861, in which country he was educated and learned the flower business.

In 1883 he came to Canada and settled in Toronto, soon thereafter erecting an extensive greenhouse on Greenwood avenue, where he was located for fifteen years. In 1900 the business was removed to its present location, on Norway Place, near the head of Elmer Avenue, where it has since been conducted. Mr. Alfred Waters, Mr. H. Waters' son, was admitted to the firm, which was then given its present title. These gentlemen deal in cut flowers and plants, both for the wholesale and retail trades, and customers meet with the greatest courtesy at their hands. They have about five thousand square feet under glass, and a fine steam heating plant.

In his native country Mr. H. Waters was married to Miss Jane A. West, a native of Kent, England, and to this union have been born: Herbert W., Alfred, Percy, Winnifred, L., and Cecil.

Alfred Waters was born in Yorkshire, England, in 1883, and received his education in Toronto, being very young when he came with his parents to this country. With his father he learned the florist's business, and he has been associated with him, as above stated. The Waters family are members of the English Church. Both father and son are Conservatives, and the latter is a member of the Sons of England.

CHARLES WESLEY COLEMAN, a well-known citizen of Toronto, engaged in watch-making, is of English birth and descent. His father was the late Mr. James Coleman of Toronto, and his birthplace was the Isle of Wight, which was the ancestral home of the family.

Mr. Coleman's great-grandfather lived on the Island at St. Helen's, and at Undercliff, where he died and was buried. He had a son, Reuben, who was born at St. Helen's in 1777, and there married Maria, daughter of Capt. Richard and Mary (Braffett) Matthews, and grand-daughter of Capt. William Matthews, Bushire pilot. The greater part of Reuben Coleman's life was spent at St. Helen's, where his family was raised. During his later years he lived at Ventnor. He was a sea-captain, and at one time he owned several coasting vessels. He died Oct. 22, 1861, at the age of eighty-four, and was buried at St. Helen's, beside his wife. One incident of his earlier years gives some idea of his character. Sometime after his marriage, during the war with France, he was, very much against his wish, "pressed" into the Navy. On leaving home he requested his wife to be at a certain point on the shore with dry clothes and to await him there. When the man-of-war, into the service of which he had been pressed, came within

ten miles of this point, he jumped overboard and swam ashore to meet his waiting wife. He made good his escape, and subsequently returned to his home, where the rest of his life was spent. Their children were: William and Reuben, both seafaring men; and James, father of the subject of this sketch.

James Coleman was born at St. Helen's March 21, 1812, and in 1831, at Wyke English Church, he married Jemima Miriam Mitchell, a widow, and daughter of Capt. Joseph and Miriam (Colesson) Franklin, of Wyke, England. On April 21, 1848, with his wife and six children, he left the Isle of Wight for Canada, on a full-rigged ship named "Don," of four hundred tons burthen. They sailed from Plymouth for Quebec, and on June 21st arrived at Bowmansville, Ont., where he remained for two years engaged in the building business. In 1850 he moved to Toronto, and after spending some time in the same occupation he became a manufacturer of reed organs, his place of business being on Dalhousie street. This calling was evidently in harmony with his personal bias, for as far back as 1832 he made a violoncello, which he played in the old country as well as in Canada, and which is now one of a collection of antiques at the warerooms of R. S. Williams, Sons & Co., Limited, of Toronto, Mrs. Williams being a grand-daughter of the maker of the instrument. James Coleman died March 22, 1888, at the age of seventy-six years, his wife having passed away in September, 1886, aged seventy-nine years; both are interred in the Toronto Necropolis. Their children were: Reuben, who died in Boise City, Idaho, leaving three children—Walter, Benjamin, and May; Silas, who died in Toronto in 1870, leaving two children—George and Amelia; Charles Wesley, the subject of this sketch; James William, who died at Rochester, New York, in 189., leaving six children; Eliza, widow of William D. Rogers, who died in September, 1906, leaving ten children; and Maria Miriam, wife of John Mason, of Davenport, Iowa, who has three children, Charles, Webster and Marion.

Charles Wesley Coleman was born Sept. 6, 1840, at Oakfields Ryde, on the Isle of Wight. His education was obtained largely at the Model School in Toronto, in which city he subsequently served his time to the jewelry business. Before setting up in this calling for himself he made a trip overland to Pike's Peak in search of gold. During his journey to the Rocky Mountains, across the Plains, the furthest point west on the railroad was Iowa City, in the State of Iowa. The party he was with then took to their horse teams. Like thousands of others he did not strike

it rich, and after many months of gulch mining he and two others re-crossed the Plains with an ox-team. At that time Indians and buffaloes were numerous. At Council Bluffs, on the Missouri River, he took to steamers, and, not having much money, he worked his way, sometimes as a roustabout, going on down to St. Louis, and to Cairo, and then on up the Ohio to Pittsburg. From there he went on foot to Meadville, Pennsylvania, where he worked for a while at his business, and then returned to Toronto. Excepting some few months spent in New York in 1865, he lived from that year to 1874 in Lexington, Kentucky, and has ever since been engaged in watch-making in Toronto. He is an expert in his line, giving special attention to astronomical clocks and chronometers, and having for many years done all such work for the Toronto Observatory. The special instruction he gives to advanced pupils has made his name well known throughout the city and country. Like his father he is also a musician. In 1863 and again in 1874 he was tenor soloist at St. James' Cathedral, Toronto, and for years was a member of the Philharmonic Society, frequently taking the solo parts in the works given by that society under Dr. Torrington, the conductor. At one time he was organist of the Northern Congregational Church, Toronto, and while in Lexington, Kentucky, he was for many years the successful choirmaster of Christ Episcopal Church.

On Dec. 19, 1867, Mr. Coleman and Miss Laura Belle Luxon were united in marriage. Mrs. Coleman was born in Lexington, Kentucky, Oct. 1, 1847, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Hawkins) Luxon. William Luxon was born in Cornwall, England, in 1803, and died in Lexington at the age of ninety-eight. Mrs. Luxon was born on the Isle of Guernsey in 1806, and died at Lexington at the age of eighty-six. They came to New York in 1834, going thence to Kentucky to live. To Mr. and Mrs. Coleman have been born the following children: Bertha Virginia is the wife of A. B. Wood, and has one son, Charles Chester; William Franklin, of Buffalo, married Evelyn Panzlau, and has one daughter, Laura; Alma Luxon is the wife of R. S. Williams, president of the R. S. Williams, Sons & Co., Limited, of whom a sketch appears elsewhere in this volume, and they have three children, Irma, Madeline, and Isobel; and Charles Roy, of Toronto. Mr. and Mrs. Coleman are members of the Church of England. In politics he is a Reformer, and he is a member of the York Pioneers.

FRANK LYLE CHICK, born in England, Oct. 10, 1851, passed away in Toronto in 1885. His father, Joshua Chick, was born in England Oct. 21, 1823, and his mother, Agnes (Lyle) Chick, was born March 26, 1821. Their children were: Frank Lyle; Henry H., born Jan. 6, 1853, of Toronto, Ont.; and William, born July 14, 1857, who died in England when twelve years of age.

Frank L. Chick was educated in England, and there served his time at the blacksmith's trade. In 1872 he came to Toronto, where he became a practical machinist, and he continued to be occupied as such until his death, which occurred April 27, 1885.

ROBERT JAMES LEIGH. Among the well-known business men of Toronto Junction, Ont., may be mentioned Robert James Leigh, who was engaged in extensive contracting and building operations for many years prior to Oct. 1, 1906, when he was appointed assessor and building inspector for Toronto Junction, which position he has since filled. Mr. Leigh, who is a native of King township, County York, is a member of the well-known Leigh family, which was founded in Canada by his great-uncle, John Leigh.

John Leigh, who came from England to Canada in the early thirties, settled in Oro township, County Simcoe, where he died. Later Robert Leigh, grandfather of Robert James, came to this country and settled in Listowel, where the remainder of his life was spent. His children were: Leonard, who settled in Wisconsin, where he died; Robert and Mary Ann, who died in England; and John.

John Leigh was the only one of his father's family whose descendants reside in Canada. He was born in England in 1824, where he grew to manhood and served his time to the carriage-making business. In 1849 he came to Canada, and soon thereafter settled in King township, County York and for some time was engaged in carriage making, but later removed to a farm on the 3rd Concession, on which he resided for thirty-five years, twenty-eight of which he held the position of assessor and collector for said township, after which he removed to Toronto Junction, where he now resides. In 1849 he married in his native country, Sarah Bevin, born in 1821, in England, who died in Toronto Junction in 1903. To this union there were born these children: Mary Ann, deceased, who was the wife of Samuel J. Chubb; Elizabeth, who married Walter Scott, of King township; Robert James; and Emma Jane, who died in infancy.

Robert James Leigh was born on the 3rd Concession in King township in 1854, and after completing his education in his native locality, engaged in teaching for five years at Kettleby and Algona. He then turned his attention to carpentering and building, which he followed for some time prior to settling, in 1884, at Toronto Junction. In 1898 Mr. Leigh went to Winnipeg, where he remained for three years, engaged in the building business, and then spent one year in Virginia and one and one-half years at Ann Arbor, Michigan, after which he returned to Toronto Junction, and there he has continued to the present time with much success. In politics Mr. Leigh is a Reformer, and was a member of the last township school board prior to the incorporation of the Junction as a village, also serving from 1887 to 1894 as town clerk. Fraternally he is connected with the Knights of Pythias.

In 1878 Mr. Leigh was married to Miss Rose Stanford, born in England in 1860, daughter of James Henry and Mary Jane Gore, and to this union there have been born three children: Leonard, born at the "Soo" in 1880, was educated at the Toronto Junction high school, and studied for an electrician at Winnipeg, now being in charge of the Van Wert Electric Light and Power Company, Van Wert, Ohio; and Hattie May and Ida Winnona, students in the Junction schools. Mr. and Mrs. Leigh are members of the Church of Christ (Disciples).

DOUGLAS K. RIDOUT, of the insurance firm of Ridout & Stickland, with offices at No. 59 Victoria street, Toronto, is one of the young business men of the city, who by his natural aptitude for affairs has early made a sure place for himself in the commercial life of the city and his success thus far presages a brilliant future for him. He comes of a family long prominent in Toronto, his father being the late Donald Campbell Ridout, and his grandfather, Thomas Gibbs Ridout, deceased.

Douglas K. Ridout was born in Toronto in 1878. His education was received in the public schools of Toronto and in the Upper Canada College. When only fifteen years of age he left school to enter upon an active business life, beginning in an insurance line in the office of the North British and Mercantile Insurance Company. At the age of twenty-one he entered into partnership with Mr. Colin C. Harbottle under the firm name of Harbottle & Ridout, representing for Toronto the American Fire Insurance Company of New York, and the London & Lancashire Life Assurance Company. The partnership was later dissolved, Mr. Ridout

retaining the two companies. The next year the American Fire Insurance Company withdrew from business, and Mr. Ridout secured the appointment for the Law Union & Crown Insurance Company. In 1905 he was appointed chief agent for Ontario of the Phoenix of London—the same year he took into partnership Mr. Walter D. E. Strickland. From the first the new firm has met with much success, and has steadily prospered, owing to the enthusiasm, energy and strict business-like methods of the partners. Mr. Ridout has also other interests, and holds the office of secretary in the Ontario Compressed Air House Cleaning Company, a corporation founded in 1902, and of which Mr. W. T. Bradshaw is president. In 1903 the United Arts and Crafts, Limited, of Toronto, was started, and in this Mr. Ridout has been chosen president. In 1906 he and Mr. Bradshaw bought the business of John Kay, Son & Co., Ltd., and he is now vice-president of that company: he is also president of the Toronto Furniture Company. He represents the best type of the present-day business man, broad in his interests and sympathies, keen, alert and untiring.

On the domestic side of life Mr. Ridout has been equally fortunate. He was married, in 1901, to Miss Ruth Adelaide Jones, of Toronto, and to their union three children have been born, two sons—Donald Allan and Douglas Vernon—and a daughter. Mr. and Mrs. Ridout are members of St. Paul's Church, and the former is connected with the Masonic fraternity. The family residence is at No. 32 Lowther avenue.

HENRY OTTO ROSENBERG, who died in Otterville, Ont., in April, 1892, was born at Stettin, Germany, near Berlin, in 1847. He was educated in Berlin College in which his father was a professor, and afterward read medicine which profession, however, he did not practice.

Mr. Rosenberg came to Canada in 1867, and settled in Toronto, subsequently going to Montreal. He then made a tour of the United States, and, returning to Canada, settled in Belleville, where he engaged in the jewelry business. He then located in Montreal in the wholesale jewelry business, afterward returning to Belleville for a short time. Mr. Rosenberg next settled in Toronto, and for a brief period lived retired from business, after which he opened a jewelry business at Watford, Ont., which was his last field of business operation. After leaving Watford Mr. Rosenberg lived in different places in an effort to regain his health. He

finally settled in Otterville, where he continued to reside until his death.

Mr. Rosenberg married Miss Marion Moore, who was born in Kingston, Ont., daughter of James and Elizabeth (Shaw) Moore, natives of Canada. Mr. Moore was a son of James Moore, Sr., a native of England, and the founder of the family in Canada. Mrs. Elizabeth (Shaw) Moore was a daughter of Jarvis Shaw. After residing in Canada for some time, Mr. and Mrs. James Moore, Sr., returned to England, and there died. James Moore, the father of Mrs. Rosenberg, was for many years clerk in the Government House, Montreal, which position he was filling at the time of his death. His widow is still living. Their children were: James, William and Samuel, deceased; Edward; Marion, Mrs. Rosenberg; and Sobyne, deceased.

Mr. and Mrs. Rosenberg had no children. Since 1903 Mrs. Rosenberg has resided in Toronto, where she has been superintendent of the Chapter House, No. 5 Lowther avenue. Mr. Rosenberg was a member of the Presbyterian Church, to which faith Mrs. Rosenberg adheres.

THOMAS JAMES GRAY, who died in Toronto, April 20, 1905, was born in that city in 1855, son of Thomas and Mary (Johnston) Gray, natives of Ireland who came to Toronto when young people, and were here married. They were the parents of these children: Thomas James; William, of Toronto; George; and Henry.

Mr. Gray was educated in the schools of Toronto, after leaving which he learned the tinner's trade, and this occupation he followed the rest of his life. In 1885 he married Miss Elizabeth Hare, born in Ireland in 1856, daughter of Thomas and Ella (Darling) Hare, who came to Toronto in 1859, this being before the founding of the Canadian National Exposition, upon the present site of which Mr. Hare carried on agricultural pursuits. He died in 1862, and his wife in 1897; their children now living are: George, of Toronto; Mrs. Gray; Robert; William; and Mrs. Fairfield.

To Mr. and Mrs. Gray were born five children, four daughters and one son: Willa, Ella, Myrtle, Mary and Thomas. Mr. Gray was a member of the Church of England, to which faith his widow and children also adhere. He was a member of the A.O.U.W., and of the Orangemen.

ARTHUR ROBINSON, who died at Toronto Junction Sept. 3, 1897, at the early age of thirty-two, was cut off at the beginning of a promising career and in his demise Toronto Junction

lost an upright man and valuable citizen. He was born in England in 1865, son of George and Elizabeth Robinson, and was brought to Canada by his parents when only three years old, and here grew to manhood. His father settled in Toronto, where he is still engaged in business as a coppersmith. The mother died there in 1902.

Mr. Robinson was given a good education and then learned his father's trade, working under him. When ready to start in business for himself he went to Toronto Junction, and was there engaged at the time of his death. Mr. Robinson was a man of fine character, a loyal and patriotic Canadian, and a skilled mechanic in his special line of work. In politics he was a Conservative, and socially he maintained membership with the A.O.U.W.

Arthur Robinson chose for his wife Miss Arabella Baggs, to whom he was married in 1887. She was a daughter of Joseph and Phoebe (King) Baggs, natives of Newfoundland, the former of whom died in Toronto in 1898; he was a schoolmaster and local preacher for thirty years in Newfoundland. Mrs. Phoebe Baggs is still living in Toronto, at the age of eighty-seven years. Mrs. Robinson was also born on that island, in 1864. To her and her husband were born two children, Elsie and Beverley, the last named dying Jan. 6, 1905. Mrs. Robinson is a member of the Methodist Church.

PATRICK WILLIAM O'BRIEN, M.D. In the ranks of the medical profession are to be found many of the most promising and brilliant young men that Canada can boast, and owing to the presence of several medical schools located in Toronto that city attracts to itself and frequently retains those who have chosen that most honorable calling for their life work. One of these young physicians who is already attracting much attention by his skilful management of his cases is Dr. Patrick W. O'Brien, who is located at No. 126 McCaul street.

Dr. O'Brien belongs to a family of Irish extraction, but long identified with Canada, where the first of the name to settle was Stephen O'Brien, his grandfather. Mr. O'Brien was engaged in a grocery business in Belleville, Ont., and for many years was one of the prominent men of that place. One of his sons, Patrick, who was born in Belleville in 1839, became a well-known hotel-keeper there, and followed that calling until 1883, when he removed to Toronto to take the position of superintendent of the Parliament buildings. He is now living retired. Patrick O'Brien married Miss Katherine Brophy, of Wooler, County of Northumberland.

Their children were: Stephen Joseph, of Toronto; Patrick William; and Mabel A.

Dr. Patrick W. O'Brien was born in Belleville, Ont., in 1877. He was given a thorough general education, preliminary to his medical studies, and was graduated from the Jarvis street Collegiate Institute in 1896. On finishing his course there the young man at once matriculated at the Medical Department of the University of Toronto, where he spent four years, in 1900 completing the required work and receiving the degree of M.B. The following year he spent as house surgeon in St. Michael's Hospital, Toronto, where he made a practical application of his knowledge and gained an experience that was a most valuable introduction to his entrance upon individual professional practice. At the expiration of his year in the hospital he opened his office on McCaul street, and has since been absorbed in building up his practice. In this Dr. O'Brien has been unusually successful, for he united to his fine preparation professional instinct, an enthusiasm for work and a pleasing address that have already made him many friends and won him many patients.

In accordance with the traditions of his family, Dr. O'Brien supports the principles laid down by the Reform party, but his rapidly increasing practice leaves him no time for any active work along political lines. Fraternally he is a member of the Knights of St. John and the Knights of Columbus.

ADAM GRAHAM was born in Ireland in 1861, and died in his home in Toronto, in June, 1902. His father was James Graham, who came to Canada in 1879, and settled at Toronto and there our subject passed his whole life.

In 1884 Adam Graham was married to Miss Ann Jane McCormick, daughter of James and Mary (Admor) McCormick, both of whom lived and died in Ireland. Mr. and Mrs. Graham went to housekeeping in Toronto, Mr. Graham then being in the employ of the Toronto Street Railway Company. Later he entered the employ of the Gall-Anderson Lumber Company, where he remained a long period, but later entered the city fire department, serving until within one year of his death, when poor health compelled him to retire from that hard life. He was a very highly respected man, and had hosts of friends. He was kind to those who needed help and, as far as he was able, gave liberally in the cause of church and charity. He was a member of the Church of England. He left two children, Florence and James.

In politics he was a Conservative. His fraternal connections were with the Orangemen and the A.O.U.W.

Mrs. Graham had two brothers, William (deceased), and David, of Cleveland, Ohio. Mr. Graham is survived by two brothers, John and Robert, and two sisters, Annie and Maggie.

GEORGE BARRETT. In the death of Mr. George Barrett, which occurred June 3, 1897, the city of Toronto lost one of her most prominent business men and highly esteemed citizens. Though passing away at a comparatively early age, he had, nevertheless, made his mark in the business circles of Toronto. He had a wide acquaintance in social as well as business activities, and was a man whose straightforward and upright character won for him many friends, and commanded the universal esteem of his associates in the business walks of life.

George Barrett was born December 29, 1854, the son of John Barrett, of Birmingham, England, and Alecia James. He was the second child in a family of six, the eldest child being born in England, George in the County of Cork, Ireland, and the remaining four children in Canada. The family came to Canada in 1858. Mr. John Barrett being an officer in the British Army, in which capacity he was first stationed at Montreal, and later at Niagara. He settled permanently with his family at Old Niagara, where he died April 4, 1864. He lies buried in the old St. Mark's Churehyard. Alecia James Barrett, mother of George, was born September 29, 1856, and died in Toronto May 3, 1894.

The late George Barrett was but a boy when the family settled at Old Niagara, where he received his early education, and served his time to the drug business. Some years later, on settling in Toronto, he entered upon the work to which he devoted the greater part of his active career, becoming associated with the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine Company, of Bridgeport, Connecticut, with which firm he was connected for a long period as manager, subsequently acting as general agent in the Dominion of Canada, in which capacity he continued until his retirement, in May, 1897.

On August 21, 1877, Mr. Barrett was united in marriage with Miss Jennie Patterson. Mr. and Mrs. Barrett had three daughters, Olive Marion, Jennie (who died in infancy) and Adelaide Viola. The home at No. 263 McCaul street, where the widow and one daughter still reside, was built by Mr. Barrett in 1887. Mr. Barrett won his way to a foremost position by his own energies, and he not only succeeded in his business enterprises from a material point of view, but gained and held the regard of those with whom he was brought into contact to an unusual degree. His friends were many, and among them his great love for outdoor sports is often

recalled when they meet together and miss his hearty presence. He was a popular member of the Granite Curling Club and an ex-member of the Queen's Own Rifles. In politics he was identified with the Liberal party, in fraternal matters a prominent Freemason, as well as a member of the Canadian Order of Foresters. His religious affiliations were with the Anglican Church.

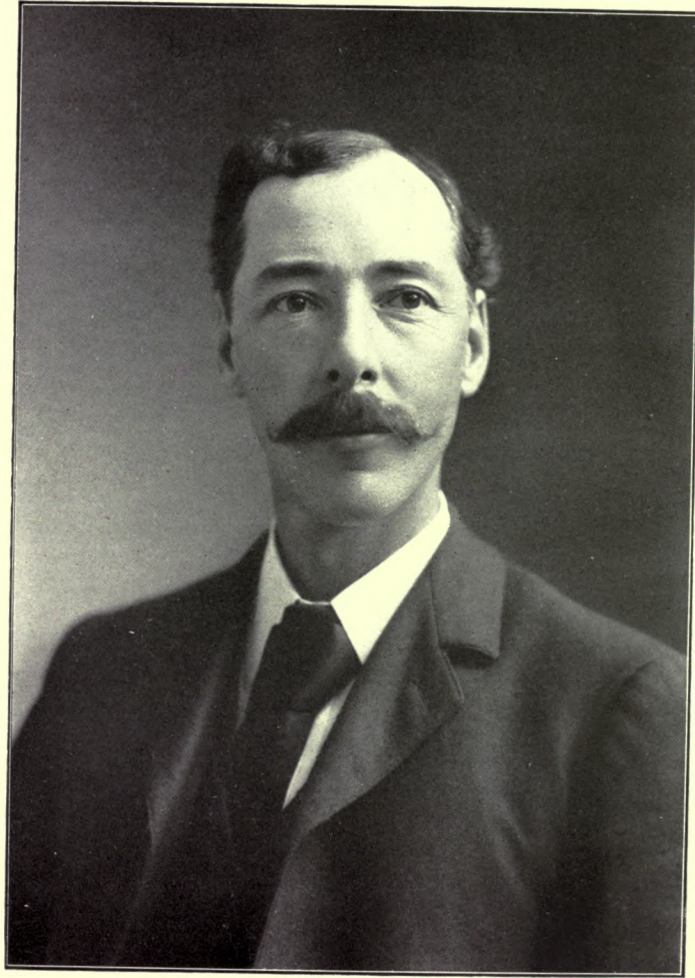
JOHN MCGUIRE, who died in Toronto, in September, 1899, was born in County Wexford, Ireland, in 1837, son of John and Mary (O'Leary) McGuire, natives of Ireland, who came to Canada in 1850, settling at Pickering, where they both died.

In 1861 John McGuire located in Toronto, and for many years was head maltster at the O'Keefe Brewery Company, holding that position until his death, and at his death was one of the oldest men in point of service connected with the brewery. He was a competent man for the position he held and understood the business perfectly, his duties always being discharged efficiently and satisfactorily.

In St. Michael's Cathedral Mr. McGuire and Eliza McGuire were united in marriage. Although Mrs. McGuire bore the same family name they were not relations. She was born in Pickering, Ont., daughter of John and Jane (Madden) McGuire. John McGuire, the father of Mrs. McGuire, was a native of Ireland, as was his wife, and they came to Canada, in 1830, settling at Pickering, Ont., where he followed farming for a time, and then located in Toronto, where he died. His children were: Patrick; Mary, who married George Pope; Marcilla, deceased; Walton, deceased; Jane, married Captain Hugh Chisholm, and both are deceased; John, of the United States; Anne, Mrs. William Wood; and Mrs. McGuire.

To John and Eliza (McGuire) McGuire these children were born: Ida, deceased; John, of Toronto, foreman in the Type Foundry Company, married Mary Dorlin, and has three children, Harold, Estella and Madeline; Annie M.; Jennie, of the Precious Blood Convent of Toronto; Mary; Florence; Orla; and Helen, deceased. Mr. McGuire was reared in the faith of the Roman Catholic Church, in which faith he died. In politics he was a Reformer.

FRANCIS VALLARY, who died at his late residence, No. 7 Wellington avenue, Toronto, April 1, 1902, was born at Tecumseh, Ont., in 1840, son of Peter and Margaret (Brawley) Vallary, natives of Ireland, who came to Canada prior to the Rebellion of 1837-38, and in which trouble Peter Vallary served. He died about



Geo. Barrett

1848, and after his death his widow married a Mr. Wells.

After reaching manhood Francis Vallary learned the shoemaking business, which he began at Fergus with John A. McMillan, and later became manager for Mr. McMillan at Guelph. In 1873 he located in Toronto, and for some time was with Walker & Evans. He then went to John Turner & Co., where he had charge of all the machines in the shoe manufactory at Brampton. Later Mr. Vallary returned to Toronto, and became foreman for Cooper & Smith, with whom he continued about fifteen years.

Mr. Vallary was married to Miss Agnes Alexander, born in County Wellington, daughter of Richard and Helen (Brown) Alexander, natives of Scotland. Mrs. Helen Alexander came to Canada in 1829, with the family of Alexander Dingwall Fordyce, for a visit to the country, intending to return to the Old Country. While on the visit she met her future husband. Mr. Alexander, on coming to this country settled at what was known as Paisley Square, County Wellington. The Square was settled by families from Scotland. Here Mr. Alexander worked at his trade, coopering, for some time, retiring several years prior to his death. His widow died in Toronto. She and her husband had the following children: William L. Brown, deceased; Richard; Agnes, Mrs. Vallary; Mrs. J. Bishop; David J., deceased; and Elizabeth, of Toronto. Mr. and Mrs. Alexander were members of the Presbyterian Church. In politics he was a Reformer.

Mr. and Mrs. Vallary had these children: William S. Brown, deceased; John Alexander of Toronto; F. R., of Toronto, who married Margaret Warriner; Margaret H., of Toronto; George L. T.; Henry F.; Elizabeth; and Agnes May. Mr. Vallary was a Reformer. He affiliated fraternally with the A.O.U.W.

GEORGE TROLLEY, well known in business circles for a number of years, was for a long time engaged in the wholesale and retail shoe business in Toronto, where he died in 1890.

Mr. Trolley was born in Herefordshire, England, in 1840. In England he married Miss Elizabeth May, by whom he had six children. Mr. Trolley married (second) Mrs. J. W. Hale, by this marriage having these children: Alice, the wife of Willoughby Norris, of Toronto, by whom she has one daughter, Audrey Myrtle; and Frederick Cecil, of Toronto.

Mrs. Trolley was a daughter of Ephraim and Lenora (Johnston) Land, the former of whom, born in England, died in 1899, and the latter of whom, born in 1823, is still living. In 1830

Mr. Land settled on Prince Edward Island, where he resided for twenty years and then removed to Elora, County Wellington, where he engaged in the shoe business until his death. The children born to him and his wife were: Harriet, married Robert Dolby; William; Charlotte Elizabeth, the wife of our subject; Maria Grace, a widow; Wilton James, of Kansas; Alfred John, of Toronto; Mary E., a widow at Galt; Agnes, deceased; and Ida Victoria. Mrs. Trolley's first husband was born on Prince Edward Island, where he was in the drug business at the time of his death. He left his widow one daughter, Charlotte C., the wife of Harvey Haney, of New York.

For many years Mr. Trolley was prominently identified with business interests in Toronto, his trading place being located at No. 524 Queen street west, where for some time he engaged only in wholesaling, but later also engaged in retailing. Some time prior to his death, Mr. Trolley retired. He was an attendant of the Church of England. In politics he was a Reformer, and he was a member of the Sons of England.

JOHN GARD, of Toronto, who for over thirty years has been in business there as a florist, is of English ancestry, and his father, Abram Gard, passed his entire life in his native land.

John Gard, who was born in Somersetshire, England, in 1843, grew to manhood there, but determined to seek his fortune in the New World, and to that end he crossed the Atlantic in 1869, when he was twenty-six years old. Arriving in Toronto he was employed for a time in the brickmaking business, but in 1874 he formed a partnership with George Reading, his father-in-law, and they established the florists' business, of which Mr. Gard is now the sole owner. Mr. Reading is alive and makes his home with Mr. and Mrs. Gard, but he no longer has any active interest in the concern.

Mr. Gard was married to Miss Emma Reading, who was born in Toronto. Of this union were born four children, namely: George, William, and Charles, who are all assisting their father; and Mabel. Mr. and Mrs. Gard are members of the Church of England. The former is connected socially with the A.O.U.W., and the Sons of England, and in politics he is a supporter of the Conservative party.

GEORGE W. COLLINS, who died at his late residence, No. 64 Shuter street, Toronto, Jan. 14, 1902, was a native of England born in 1845. He attended school there through his youth, and by the time he reached manhood had learned the trades of both a butcher and a

painter. In 1872, he came to Canada and settled in Toronto, where for several years he worked as a painter. Later, however, he opened a restaurant on Albert street, which he conducted with such success that some time prior to his death he had been living retired.

Before leaving England Mr. Collins had been married to Elizabeth Hiles, daughter of John and Elizabeth Hiles, who were both born in England and there died. To Mr. and Mrs. Collins were born two daughters, Lettie and Rosa. The family residence is at Nos. 64 and 64½ Shuter street, which Mr. Collins bought, and in which his last years were spent. The widow and daughters still make it their home. Mr. Collins was a member of the Church of England, and a Conservative in politics.

Physically Mr. Collins was a man of fine build, tall and strong, and he was an all round athlete. In boxing and wrestling matches particularly he attained a degree of skill that made it difficult for him to find any one in amateur circles willing to engage with him. Of a genial and courteous manner. Mr. Collins was popular and had many friends. He belonged to the A. O. U. W., of Toronto.

MICHAEL SLATTERY, whose mature years were all passed in Toronto, was born in Ireland, in 1837. He was the son of Daniel Slattery, a native of the same country. Daniel Slattery was a farmer in his native land, but after coming to Canada when well along in years, he lived retired, and he and his wife both died in Toronto.

Michael Slattery went from Ireland to England during his youth and in the latter country learned the shoe business. On immigrating to Toronto, however, he gave up this occupation and instead went into the hotel business. He was located at the corner of Bloor and Dundas streets, and remained there for a number of years, but finally sold out and settled down to a life of retirement at No. 285 Simeoe street, where his widow now lives. His death occurred there in 1892, at the age of fifty-five years. He was a devout member of the Roman Catholic Church.

In 1869 Mr. Slattery was united in marriage to Miss Joanna Cooney, born in Ireland, daughter of John Cooney, who lived and died in the land of Erin. A family of eight children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Slattery, viz.: Patrick John; Michael; Margaret; Frank C.; James C.; T. Frank, of the firm of Hearn & Slattery, barristers, of Toronto; Daniel; and C. Mary.

JAMES CURRAN, who passed away in Toronto in 1896, had been for over forty years a

merchant in that city, located on Spadina avenue. He was of English birth and ancestry, and his father, James Curran, Sr., passed his whole life in England.

James Curran, the younger, was born in Manchester in 1828, was educated in that city, and there grew to manhood. In 1849 he married and in the same year came with his wife to Canada, settling in Toronto. Mr. Curran had learned the trade of a builder, and for some time followed that calling in his new surroundings. He built the first house on Sullivan street, No. 66, and later put up another at No. 68, the latter being his own residence for some time prior to his death, and the present home of his widow. Mr. Curran also erected the first structure on St. Patrick street, now No. 122. In time he abandoned the building business and instead embarked as a merchant, establishing himself at the location on Spadina avenue, where he was found so long. At the time of his death Mr. Curran ranked among the very oldest business men in Toronto in point of continuous service to the public.

The wife, to whom Mr. Curran was united before leaving England, in 1849, bore the maiden name of Anne Beatty, and she was a daughter of John and Priscilla Beatty. John Beatty had settled in Toronto with his family prior to the rebellion of 1837-38, became a prosperous merchant on Adelaide street east, and a well-known citizen of the Queen City. Before migrating to Canada Mr. Beatty was for twenty years the postmaster at Overdawn, England. To the union of James and Anne (Beatty) Curran were born the following children: John Beatty, John and Emma, all deceased; Alfred; Mary Jane, deceased, who married William J. Penny, and had one son, Ernest; Albert Edward, who married Miss Ida LeRoy, and has two children; Livina, wife of R. Spice, and mother of Maude, Annie and Gladys; and Wilton, of the States. The family are connected with St. Philip's Church, of which Mr. James Curran was a member from its organization, and in which he was a valued worker. His political affiliation was with the Reform party. In whatever sphere of life Mr. Curran took part, he was regarded with much esteem and consideration, and his death was deeply regretted.

Alfred Curran since 1874 has been in the government post office in Toronto. He is a prominent fraternity man and has held office in several orders. He is a past master of The Occident Lodge, No. 346, A.F. & A.M., of Toronto; and of Farnham Lodge, A.O.U.W. He is likewise greatly interested in the militia, and is captain in the 12th Regiment, York Rangers. Mr. Curran bears a reputation as a fine shot, and in

1899 represented Canada in the contest for the King's prize for the best shot in the Empire. Capt. Curran saw service in the Riel rebellion in 1885, in which his brother Albert also participated. Capt. Alfred Curran was united in marriage with Miss Louisa Smith, and they have seven children, namely: Ida C., wife of Rev. E. J. McKittrick, and mother of two children, Constance and Lillian; Lillian Louise; Sidney Edward, who married Miss Ina Vance, and has one son, Lloyd; Alfred James, an architect in Toronto; Elma; Cecil; and Lloyd.

JAMES DUNWOODIE, whose demise occurred in Toronto in 1866, was one of the early residents of the city, and is well remembered by those of his contemporaries who still make their homes in the Queen City.

James Dunwoodie was born in Belfast, Ireland, in 1810, and was about twenty years of age when he first came to Canada. He settled first in Montreal, and ran a hotel there during his sojourn, but prospects seemed more promising in Toronto, and at some date prior to 1837 he removed to that city. It was only a short time after his arrival that he secured a place in the sheriff's office and he remained there until he entered the government employ, and thereafter spent much of his time in Quebec, which was then the capital of the Dominion of Canada. Mr. Dunwoodie was a supporter of the Conservative party, and was active and efficient in his services on its behalf. As a government official he was prompt, reliable and capable in the discharge of his duties. He belonged to the Order of Orangemen, Lodge No. 212, Toronto, and religiously was a member of the Church of England.

During his residence in Montreal, Mr. Dunwoodie was married to Miss Margaret McKenna, who was also born in Ireland. She survives her husband, and now makes her home in Buffalo, where all her children reside except one. The oldest daughter, Mary A., lives in Toronto at No. 232 Simeoe street.

JOHN PRATT BOND, a veterinary surgeon at No. 502 Spadina avenue, Toronto, enjoys the distinction of being the oldest member of his profession in the city, and is also a native of the place.

The family to which Dr. Bond belongs was founded in Canada by his father, the late John Bond, who was born in England, and who came to Canada as coachman for Mr. Bishop of Quebec. From Quebec Mr. Bond moved to Toronto prior to the rebellion of 1837-38, and soon established himself at the corner of Yonge and Richmond streets in the teaming and cartage busi-

ness. This occupation he followed for fifteen years, and then went into the livery business on Sheppard street, on the site at present occupied by his son, Robert, where he continued with considerable success until his death. Mr. Bond was married to Elizabeth Pratt, who was born in England and died in Toronto, passing away at the age of seventy-three years. The children born to them were: Hannah, residing in Toronto; Mrs. George Sparrow; Mrs. Thomas Briggs; Dr. John P.; and Robert. The parents were both members of the Methodist Church, and in politics Mr. Bond was a Reformer.

John Pratt Bond was born in 1844, and received his earlier education in the model school of Toronto. On completing his literary studies he entered the Toronto Veterinary College, which had just opened its doors to students, but his course there was interrupted by other urgent requirements upon his time, and instead of being graduated with the first class sent out from the institution he did not get his diploma until 1873. After graduation Dr. Bond began to practice his calling in his native city, and has continued there ever since with the exception of the period between 1880 and 1892, during which twelve years he was employed by the United States government in New York and Chicago as veterinary surgeon in the Bureau of Animal Industry. Dr. Bond ranks highest among those of his profession in Toronto, and is thoroughly trained and experienced in that line. He is a self-made man in the truest sense of the word.

Dr. Bond married Miss Annie Morris, who was born in England, daughter of William and Sarah Morris. Four daughters and a son comprise their family, namely: Lillian, who married W. C. Ferguson, of Georgetown, Canada, and has a daughter, Doris; Charles is employed as a government surveyor; and Nettie is with the Great Northwest Telegraph Company; and Beatrice and Millie are employed by the T. Eaton Company. Dr. and Mrs. Bond are members of the Church of Christ, in which they are valued as active and efficient workers. Dr. Bond adheres to Conservative principles.

THOMAS HUGHSON CLOSE, who died in Lindsay, in 1879, was born in Belfast, Ireland, in 1830. He was educated in his native country, and in 1848 he left Belfast, crossing to the United States. For some time he lived in Cleveland, but later removed to Rice Lake, Ont. From there he went to Peterborough, and then to Fenelon Falls, where he was bookkeeper for James Wallace. He continued at this for some time, and for a short time afterward was captain on one of Mr. Wallace's steamers, continuing as such for two seasons. Mr. Close then

went to Port Hope as bookkeeper for Captain Albrough, and after a short time went into the railway office at Lindsay. Here he continued until his death.

Mr. Close was married in Peterborough to Miss Mary Mortimer, born in Whitby, daughter of Thomas and Mary (Scanlan) Mortimer, and to this union one daughter has been born—Mrs. Annie Hughson, of Toronto. Mr. Close was a member of the Church of England. In politics he was a Reformer, and fraternally he affiliated with the Masons. After her husband's death Mrs. Close engaged in the mercantile business in Toronto, at No. 527 King street, where she continued eighteen years. She then sold out the business and purchased her present home at No. 496 Spadina avenue, where she now resides, being very highly esteemed. Mrs. Close's father was born in the Highlands of Scotland, and her mother in Belfast, Ireland, where they were married. They came to Canada, and spent one year in the Bay of Quinte, and then removed to Whitby, where Mr. Mortimer bought 200 acres of land. This he subsequently sold and returned to England, but later came back to Canada, and at Whitby he bought another farm, upon which he died at the age of fifty-six. His wife died in Guelph, at the age of ninety-six years.

ROBERT McKIM, who died in Toronto in August, 1892, was a native of Ireland, and in that country married Isabella Meredith, also a native of the Emerald Isle. Mr. and Mrs. McKim came to Toronto in about 1854, and soon after their arrival Mr. McKim secured a position at the University of Toronto, where he was engaged until his death.

Mr. McKim built the pleasant residence at No. 25 Grosvenor street, where his widow now resides. They had the following children: Rev. Robert Philip, of St. John, N.B.; Isabella, of Toronto; Henrietta, in a missionary hospital in Persia; Rev. Charles M., of Winnipeg; and Joseph Meredith, a well-known business man of Toronto. The family are connected with the Church of England, which they liberally support. In his political sympathies Mr. McKim was a staunch adherent and ardent admirer of the principles of the great Conservative party, with which he always identified himself. He was connected fraternally with the Masons, in which order he was very popular.

ELIJAH MILLER, who died at Stouffville in May, 1886, was for a number of years the owner and manager of the "Mansion House," a popular hotel in his section. He was a native of Ontario, born in Markham town-

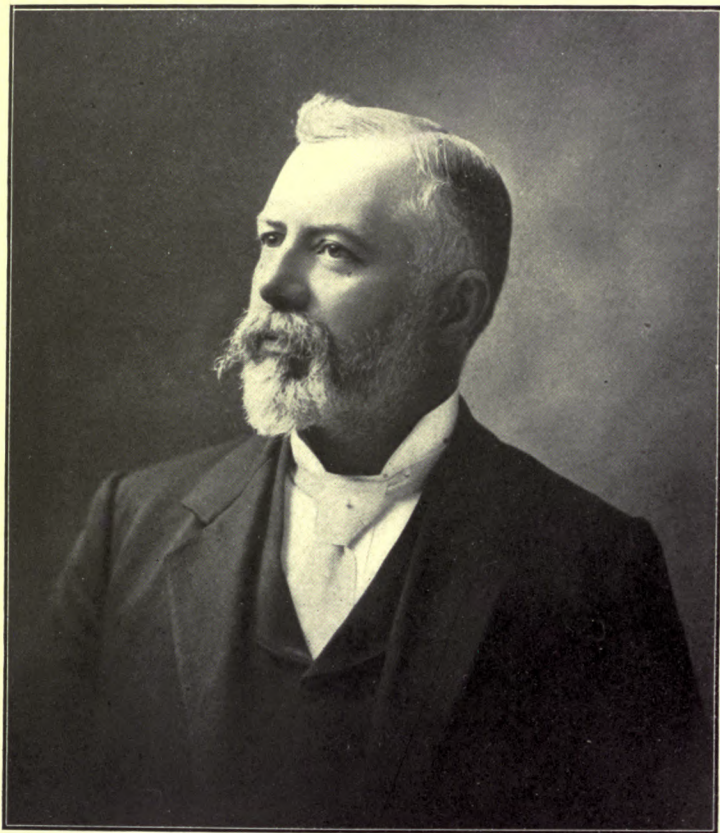
ship, County York, on Con. 9, in 1831, son of Jacob and Phoebe (Gould) Miller.

Jacob Miller grew to manhood and married in the State of New York, whence he removed his family to Canada. He and his wife, Phoebe Gould, who was an aunt of the well-known financier, Jay Gould, of New York City, settled in Markham township, cleared a farm, and there they spent the remainder of their lives. They had twelve sons and four daughters, Hiram, Joshua, Jacob, Alfred, Avery, Abel, John, James, Elijah, Nathan, Warren, Robert, Polly, Martha, Nancy and Lorinda, all born in Markham township.

Elijah Miller grew to manhood on the old farm, remaining there till his marriage to Miss Mary Jane Reid, who was a native of the same section, born in 1836, daughter of William and Sophie (Heniek) Reid, early settlers in the township. After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Miller settled on a farm in Whitechurch township, where they lived for some time. Later Mr. Miller decided to abandon farming and accordingly built the "Mansion House," and conducted it till his death, since which time it has been in the hands of his son.

A family of four sons and three daughters were born to Elijah Miller and his wife, namely: Charlotte, who is the wife of John Watson and has one daughter; Sophie, who married D. W. Litchford and is the mother of Florence Edna, Archibald and; Kate; Frank D., who married Miss Doan; Fred, of Toronto, who married Miss Philemon, who is now deceased (he has children, Eman E., Gladys Muriel and Nellie); Rev. Henry Reid, of Ripley, N.Y., who has one daughter, Norma; James R., a druggist in Brooklyn, who married Miss Mary Velise, and has one child, Mamie Helen. The father of this family, the late Elijah Miller, was during his lifetime a member of the Baptist Church, was a Conservative in politics, and in fraternal connection a Mason. His business naturally brought him into contact with numbers of people and his upright character and courteous manner made for him many friends who deeply regretted his death. His widow, Mrs. Mary J. Miller, now resides in Toronto.

The parents of Mrs. Miller, William and Sophie Reid, were both born in the United States, he in Pennsylvania, and she in New York State. They were early settlers in Markham township, where they cleared a farm from wild land and lived till they departed this life. Their children, all born in Markham township, were as follows: Eliza, who married Thomas Brule; Rachel, wife of James Hastings; Luey, Mrs. James Stacey; Mary Jane, Mrs. Miller; Harrison, of Aurora; and James, deceased.



H. A. Clarke

JAMES DIAMOND, whose death occurred in Cobourg, in 1874, was born at that place in 1851, son of John Diamond, who came from the old country to Canada many years ago, settling in Cobourg, where he spent the remainder of his life.

James Diamond was educated in his native place and learned the machinist's trade, which he followed for some time. Shortly before his death, he embarked in the grocery business in Cobourg, but had been in the business but a short time when his death occurred.

In Cobourg Mr. Diamond married Miss Jane Jewell, daughter of William and Catherine (Ricketts) Jewell. Both of the parents of Mrs. Diamond were born in England, and came to Canada in 1837, locating in Toronto, where they engaged for a time in business. From Toronto they went to Cobourg, where they engaged in gardening for some time, and where Mr. Jewell died in 1881, at the age of eighty-one years; his wife had died many years before.

Since 1888 Mrs. Diamond has made her home in Toronto. To her and her husband were born: Ella J., in charge of the veiling department of the T. Eaton Company; and Eva May, the wife of John E. Hoare, of Toronto, by whom she has had one son, John. Mr. Diamond was a Methodist in religion and a Conservative in politics. For a number of years prior to his marriage he was a member of the militia.

JAMES McMILLAN, who died in Toronto April 17, 1898, was born in London, England, of Scotch parents. His father was James McMillan, engineer of the "Archimedes," the first screw steamer ever made, being at first a side-wheeler, from which it was changed to a screw propeller. The father of our subject lost his life by the bursting of a pipe in the boiler of that boat.

At fifteen years of age, James McMillan, our subject, came to Canada, settling for a short time near Montreal. Here he became a machinist, and was employed by the Grand Trunk Railway Company until his twenty-first year. He then removed to Toronto, where he became a machinist for the Northern Railway, and with this company he remained for some time. He then returned to the Grand Trunk, and worked until he went to the Abel Engine Works, where he continued through his active life.

In 1863, in Toronto, Mr. McMillan married Mary Ann Williams, born in Manchester, England, daughter of John and Mary (Newlands) Williams. The parents of Mrs. McMillan came to Canada and settled in Montreal, where both

died. Mr. and Mrs. McMillan have had the following children: James Williams, of Toronto, who married Miss Donaldson, of Bothwell; John R., of Toronto; Mary Newlands; William George Alexander; Margaret Kirk; Frederick, who married Ann McGrath, has one daughter, Marjorie; and Robert D. Mr. McMillan was a member of the Church of England, as is his widow. He belonged to the Masons and in political principle was a Conservative.

E. W. MANDEVILLE was born in Kingston, Ont., in 1850, and died in Prince Edward Island, in May, 1891. His father was Francis Mandeville, a native of France, an officer in the Spanish army and a gentleman of distinction.

Mr. Mandeville was educated at Kingston College, where he also devoted some time to the study of law. Circumstances came about that made him dependent upon his own efforts, and he entered a dry-goods establishment as a clerk, and remained some time in this capacity in a Kingston store, and then took up the career of a commercial traveller. In this line he represented business houses in Montreal and Chicago, all through the western part of the United States. He made his home in Toronto for some time before his death.

Mr. Mandeville was united in marriage with Isabella Kern, born in Toronto in 1851, daughter of John and Mary (Reed) Kern, the former of whom was born in Ireland, and the latter in England. They were married in the old country and came to Toronto in 1832, where Mr. Kern successfully followed a building and contracting business. He removed to Peterborough, and there he died in 1881; his wife passed away in 1886, aged seventy-five years. They had these children: Isabella, Martin and John.

Mr. Mandeville was identified with the Reform party. He held fraternal relations with the Society of Commercial Travellers. Mrs. Mandeville is a devoted member of the Roman Catholic Church, as was her husband. He possessed a genial manner, and had a wide circle of attached friends.

W. A. CLARKE, Clerk and Assessment Commissioner of the township of York, and one of the most popular men of the district, was born in that township in 1849.

John Clarke, his grandfather, came to Canada from County Galway, Ireland, in 1819, and first settled on what is now St. Clair avenue, Toronto Junction, afterward establishing his home on the Fourth Concession, W. Y. He died in 1832, leaving seven children, the eldest of whom is Robert (now in his eighty-ninth

year), the father of the subject of this sketch.

Mr. W. A. Clarke received his education in the public and high schools. In his earlier life he chose as his occupation the pursuit of agriculture. Being an expert judge of live stock he was frequently called upon to act in that capacity. In 1887 he became the clerk of the township of York, which position he has filled continuously since that date and in the double capacity of clerk and assessment commissioner has given entire satisfaction to all concerned. As a matter of fact he is credited with being one of the most competent clerks in the Province, and an excellent authority on municipal law. He has done much to improve the municipal law of the Province.

Mr. Clarke's fraternal connections are with York Lodge, No. 156, A.F. & A.M., G.R.C., and the A.O.U.W.

Being an ardent sportsman, he is also a member of a hunting club which annually invades the wilds of the North, and he is considered one of the best all-round shots in the Province, either with rifle or shot gun. Among his trophies may be mentioned the West Toronto Wing-Shot Championship Trophy, the Cooper Challenge Cup, the West Toronto President's Medal, etc.

In 1877 Mr. Clarke married Miss Brickman, of Prince Edward County, Ont. His family consists of three daughters and one son, viz.: Clara, wife of Dr. Morley Currie, M.P.P. for Prince Edward County; Misses Lucy and Lot-tie; and Mr. Edwin Roy.

EDWARD R. JOHNSON, one of York County's well-known and prosperous agriculturists, residing in Concession 2, Lot 24, King township, was born in that part of the county, in April, 1856, son of John and Mary J. (Garwood) Johnson. Both the parents were of English ancestry.

The grandparents on both sides lived and died in Yorkshire, England. On the paternal side, Edward and Hannah Johnson had a number of children, some of whom remained in the old country. Edward, the eldest, died in England. John, the second son, came to Canada, and William followed a few years later. The latter for some time was engaged in a mercantile business in Lloydstown, King township, after which he moved to Bond Head, and was similarly engaged there. Later he moved once more, and going to Harriston, Ont., again opened a store, which he conducted successfully till his death, in 1890. He left a widow, whom he had married in Simcoe County, but no children. Francis came to Canada in 1858 on a visit, but returned to England, and there died some years

afterward. Hannah is now Mrs. Cave, of Cave Hall, Yorkshire.

John Johnson was born in Yorkshire in 1812. He married Mary J. Garwood, born in the same county in 1815, the daughter of Ramsay Garwood, who died in England after his daughter had settled in Canada. In 1848 John Johnson and his wife embarked on a sailing vessel for Quebec, and after a six weeks' voyage landed in the New World. Proceeding to County York, Ont., they spent the first three years on a rented farm at Richmond Hill, and at the end of that time he purchased property in Concession 7, Lot 25, on which some small improvements had been made. There they lived till Mrs. Johnson's death, in 1883. Mr. Johnson cleared a large part of his land, put up good buildings, and cultivated the place with considerable profit as long as he occupied it. After his wife's death he went to Newmarket, and made his home with a daughter, Mrs. Thomas McDonald, passing away there in 1893. Both Mr. and Mrs. Johnson were communicants of the Church of England and active in its work, the former serving as warden for a number of years. In politics he supported the Conservative party. They were among the well-to-do and substantial people of the community and were held in very high esteem.

A family of nine children was born to John and Mary J. Johnson: (1) Mary H., born at Richmond Hill in 1849, married Thomas McDonald, formerly of Newmarket, but now a resident of Moose Jaw, N.W.T. Their children are named John A., Elsie A., George, Edward, Wallace D., Lyle and Flora. (2) Elizabeth A., 1851, became the wife of William Butler, a merchant, formerly of King township, but now of Toronto. Their three children are: Dr. J. J. M., a dentist in Aurora; Minnie, Mrs. Christ Chant, of Toronto; and Annie, Mrs. Dope, of Toronto. (3) Amelia J., 1853, married William Robb, an employee of the Grand Trunk Railway Company, stationed in Toronto. They have five children, Earl G., Veda, Russell, Bertha and Clifton. (4) Edward R. Johnson was the eldest son. (5) Susanna S., 1858, formerly a teacher in the Canadian schools, was married during a visit to England to William Brown, residing in London. (6) Sarah M., 1860, was also married while abroad. She is the wife of William Bosomworth, a business man of Glasgow, Scotland, and has five children. (7) John W., 1862, married a Miss Thompson, of County York, and lives in Toronto, where he is employed as a commercial traveller. They have four children. Minnie, Frank, William and Gladys. (8) Frank, 1865, died in early manhood. (9) Harry C., 1868,

was educated in the home schools and in the Toronto high school and business college. He went to London, England, to finish his musical education, married there, and has made his home in that city, where he is engaged in teaching music. He has one son.

Edward R. Johnson passed his youth on his father's farm in King township, and remained there for six years after his marriage. He then bought from his father a farm in Concession 6, Lot 23, where he lived for three years. He then purchased a second farm, the one on which he now lives. Mr. Johnson has made quite extensive improvements on both these places, but no longer carries on the property in Concession 6 himself, preferring to rent it. On his own farm he built a large bank barn in 1903 and has brought the land to a high state of cultivation, making it one of the valuable homesteads of the county. Mr. Johnson has made his own way in the world and may justly be proud of the success which has crowned his endeavors. He has many friends, and is a man of considerable influence in the community. In politics a Conservative, his official service has been confined to work on the school board, of which he has been a valued member for seven or eight years.

On Oct. 9, 1883, Mr. Johnson was married to Miss Emma Brown, the daughter of William and Elizabeth (Moore) Brown. Seven children have been born to this union, as follows: Stella M., July 9, 1887, a young lady of much culture; Merrill C., Aug. 16, 1889; Edwin G., in April, 1892; Minnie M., in December, 1893; Norman F., in February, 1897; William R., 1899; and Lisle H., who died young. Mr. Johnson and his family are connected with the Baptist Church.

William Brown, Mrs. Johnson's father, was a native of England, born in 1839. Coming to Simcoe County, Ont., he married Miss Elizabeth Moore, born there in 1842, daughter of Joseph Moore, who came to Canada from Ireland. Mr. Brown lived for some time in Simcoe County, but is now a resident of King township. His wife died in 1903, leaving nine children. Mrs. Johnson was the eldest of the family and was born in West Gwillimbury in February, 1864. She is a woman of fine character and has been a true helpmate to her husband.

JACOB S. BURKHOLDER, a well-to-do citizen of Toronto, who carries on a saddlery and harness manufacturing business, is a member of a family which has been identified with County York for more than a century.

The Burkholders are of German descent, and the family was founded in Canada by Michael Burkholder, the grandfather of Jacob S. He

was born in Pennsylvania and came to Canada about the time of the American Revolution, being a United Empire Loyalist. He was a distiller by trade, and on coming to Canada followed that occupation for a time at Newmarket, from which place he removed to Vaughan township, County York, taking up a large tract of land which he cleared from the bush, and upon which the remainder of his life was spent. Of his children, Benjamin and John died in infancy, the others being: Michael, Jacob, Henry, Hannah, Elizabeth, Susanna and Mary.

Jacob Burkholder, father of Jacob S., was born April 16, 1820, on Lot 14, Concession 4, Vaughan township, and there grew to manhood. He cleared a farm from the bush in the same township, on Lot 10, 9th Concession, and engaged in agricultural pursuits until his death, Nov. 3, 1883. Mr. Burkholder's first wife, Mary Snider, was born in 1825 in Vaughan township, and died May 8, 1853. She was the mother of four sons and one daughter, one son and one daughter being deceased. The three survivors are: John L., M. S. and Jacob S. For his second wife Mr. Burkholder married Margaret Snider, a native of Vaughan township, sister of his first wife, and she still survives. To this union were born four daughters and one son, of whom three daughters are living: Mrs. T. P. Wright, of Toronto Junction; Mrs. Munsey, and Mrs. Ramsay, now of Kamloops, British Columbia.

Jacob S. Burkholder was born May 8, 1853, in Vaughan township, County York, and there received his education, after completing which he learned the saddlery and harness business at Pine Grove. After spending a short time at several other places Mr. Burkholder, in 1881, settled in Toronto, where he has since been in business. In 1878 Mr. Burkholder married Sarah A. Dean, who was born at Aurora in 1851, daughter of James and Mary (Hallady) Dean, and to this union have been born seven children, as follows: Melissa May, who was married July 1, 1904, to Herbert Farley, and has one son, Robert; Franklin Dean, who is a fur cutter in Ottawa; Elsie Angeline; Ira Altona, also a fur cutter in Ottawa; Edgar Leroy, a draughtsman, also in Ottawa; and Nettie Irene and Alvin Roy, at home.

Jacob S. Burkholder is a Lutheran in his religious belief. In political sentiment he is a Reformer, and fraternally he is connected with the A.O.U.W.

ROBERT BOND, who is engaged in a successful livery business on Sheppard street, Toronto, is proprietor of the oldest establishment, in his line, in this city, and one of the oldest in

the Dominion. It was founded by his father, John Bond, who was born in Yorkshire, England, and there married Elizabeth Pratt.

John Bond migrated to Canada, settling in Toronto, where he engaged in a cartage business for some time, his office and home being on the present site of the Robert Simpson Company's store. From this location Mr. Bond moved to Sheppard street, where he built a portion of the establishment now owned by his son, and also had his residence in the vicinity. This was subsequently destroyed by fire but was rebuilt. Mr. Bond continued in business at this location until his death, at the age of seventy-one years. In politics he was a staunch Conservative. In religious belief he was a Methodist. His children were: Hannah; Mary Ann, who married George Sparrow; Mrs. Briggs; Dr. John, of Toronto; and Robert.

Robert Bond was born in Toronto on the site of his present business office and carriage house in 1846, and was educated in his native city, entering into business with his father as soon as he had reached sufficient age. He succeeded his father, and has carried on the business with increasing success, year after year. As it was established in 1834 it is, as stated, one of the oldest in the city. He has a very finely equipped establishment, having everything in stock to make up a first-class livery, supplying vehicles of every description for every purpose. In his business he utilizes fifty horses and about thirty men. By the excellence of his turnouts, and his prompt and careful business methods, he has retained the entire confidence of the public. Personally he is a man highly esteemed.

Mr. Bond married Mary Elizabeth Sikes. She is a consistent member of the Methodist Church, which Mr. Bond also attends. He is a Conservative in politics, and is fraternally connected with the I.O.O.F., the Foresters, and St. George's Society.

JOHN RUSSELL HILL, who passed away in Toronto in 1896, was a native of Ontario, born in 1845 at Sheridan, son of Erastus Derby and Hannah Hill. His father, who was of Dutch extraction and the founder of the family in Canada, was a general merchant at Sheridan for some years.

John R. Hill was educated in Sheridan. He began his business career as a merchant, continuing as such for fourteen years, being manager for P. & F. A. Howland, at Lambton Mills. He then engaged in the mercantile business at the corner of Brock avenue and Dundas street Toronto, where he continued about fifteen years, until his death. This business was later carried on by Mr. Hill's son.

In 1870 Mr. Hill married Miss Lucy L. Dixon, who was born at Niagara-on-the-Lake, daughter of Edward and Sarah A. (Heron) Dixon, the former born in Ireland in 1814, and the latter in Canada in 1819. For many years Mr. Dixon was in the lumber business at Niagara, and there he died in 1866, his wife passing away in 1861. They were members of the Methodist Church. In politics Mr. Dixon was a Reformer. He and his wife had the following children: Miss Jennie; Edward and Robert, deceased; Mrs. Hill, and Mrs. Kalston.

Mr. and Mrs. Hill had children as follows: William R. died when one year old. Edward D. died when four years old. Percy carried on the business founded by his father for a time, but has sold it and is now travelling for Huyler, of New York; he married Margaret Singleton, and has two children, Herbert R. and Dorothy D. Ernest is a resident of Chicago.

Mr. Hill was a member of the Methodist Church. In politics he was a Reformer, and fraternally he was connected with the A.O.U. W., the I.O.F. and the C.O.F.

GEORGE CHRISTOPHER FLINTOFF, chief constable of the police force of Toronto Junction, Ont., is a member of a family long identified with County York, and was born in Whitechurch, in 1853, son of George Flintoff.

George Flintoff was born in Yorkshire, England, in 1804, and came to Canada prior to the Rebellion of 1837-38, settling in Whitechurch township, County York, near Aurora, to which latter place he removed later in life. There he died in 1865. His entire life in this country was spent in agricultural pursuits. Mr. Flintoff married Ann Dunn, born in Yorkshire, England, who died at Aurora in 1882, in the faith of the Methodist Church, of which her husband was also a member. They had these children: Jane, deceased, who married George Madley; Henry, of Whitechurch township; John, of Aurora; Ann, deceased, who was the wife of Charles Wilson; Mary, who died unmarried; Hannah, the wife of William Reynolds, of Whitechurch; William, of Manitoba; James Thomas, sergeant-major of the North-West Mounted Police, of which he is still a member; George Christopher, of Toronto Junction; and Charles, of Whitechurch. The two first named were born in England, and all of the others in County York.

Chief Constable George C. Flintoff was educated in his native place, and his business life was begun on the home farm, where he engaged in horse breeding and dealing for some time. He then turned his attention to the trade of carpenter, at which he was occupied for a while, but in 1889 he became a member of the

police force at Toronto Junction, where he has continued to the present time. In 1904 he was promoted to the rank of sergeant, and on Sept. 1, 1906, was appointed chief constable of the police force, Toronto Junction.

In 1883 George C. Flintoff was married to Miss Alice Reynolds, who was born in Whitechurch in 1859, daughter of Thomas and Christiana (Pointon) Reynolds, and to this union there were born four children, only one of whom survives, Miss Isla, who resides at Toronto Junction, where she was educated. The family are members of the Methodist Church. Fraternally Mr. Flintoff is connected with the Masons, the Orangemen and the I.O.F.

JAMES WILLIAM YOUNG, who passed away at Teeswater, Ont., in July, 1889, was one of the well-known railway men of that section of Ontario, and highly esteemed and popular with the travelling public. Mr. Young was born in Port Credit, Ont., in 1848, son of Samuel and Mary (Young) Young, the founders of the family in Canada.

James William Young was educated at Wawanesh, and afterwards served his time to the carpentering business, which he followed for some years. He then became associated with the Grand Trunk Railway Company as brakeman, and was soon promoted to the position of conductor. From that company he went into the employ of the Canadian Pacific Railroad Company, in whose employ he remained, running between Toronto and Teeswater, until the time of his death.

In 1878 Mr. Young was married to Miss Isabelle Woods, born at Darlington, daughter of George and Jane (Byrd) Woods, and to this union there were born the following children: Samuel, of Toronto Junction; Sherwood, of Saskatoon, who married May Anderson, and has one son, James; Thomas, of Toronto Junction; Georgina; and Della, of Toronto Junction. Mr. Young was a member of the English Church, to which faith his widow also adheres. In politics he was a Conservative, and he was fraternally connected with the Railway Conductors' Union.

Mr. and Mrs. Young were the first settlers on Gordon street, Toronto, and built the second structure on that thoroughfare, at No. 11. There they resided for some time before going to Teeswater. After her husband's death Mrs. Young returned to her former home in Toronto, but she sold it in 1905 and purchased the one in which she now resides, at No. 36 May street, Toronto Junction.

THOMAS WARD, whose death occurred at his late residence in Toronto Gore township in 1896, was born in that township in 1825, son of George and Elizabeth Ward, natives of England.

George Ward, who was the founder of the family in Canada, settled at a very early date in Toronto Gore township, where he cleared a farm from the bush and spent the remainder of his life. He and his wife were members of the Primitive Methodist Church. They were the parents of these children: William, George, John, Francis, Robert, Thomas and Ann.

Thomas Ward grew to manhood and received his education in his native township, and for many years was a well-known agriculturist and merchant of that locality, as well as prominent in the public life of the township, serving for some years as treasurer and postmaster. In 1852 he was married to Mary Ann Woodill, who was born at the same place in 1834, daughter of William and Ann (Piekerling) Woodill and granddaughter of John and Ann Woodill, the founders of the family in Canada. The latter were natives of England, and in 1820 settled in Toronto Gore township, on the corners now known as Woodhill, where he took up 300 acres of land, 100 acres for each of his two sons, John and Robert, where they remained until death; and the other 100 acres for himself, where he resided until his death, which took place in August, 1834. Then the homestead fell to his youngest son, William, who died in 1835, one year and five months after the death of his father. One child was born to Mr. and Mrs. William Woodill, Mrs. Thomas Ward. After the death of her first husband Mrs. Woodill married (second) George Ward, and to this union were born: George, Jane, Hannah, William, Isaac, Robert, Margaret, Rebecca and Elizabeth. The 100 acres of land taken up by John Woodill in 1820 became the property of Mrs. Thomas Ward, and in 1905 she sold it to her son, John F., the property therefore having been in the family for nearly a century.

The old Ward homestead settled by the pioneer of that family in Canada went to his son Robert, and to the latter's son William, who still possesses it.

To Thomas and Mary Ann (Woodill) Ward were born children as follows: George, who married Mary Horsley, has one son, Herbert Thomas; Ann Elizabeth, the wife of Thomas Nix, has three children, Etta Melissa, Wilbert Gerald and Oscar James; John, who married Maria Horsley, has nine children, Russell Edward, Serena Melissa, Edith Alma, Ernest Blake, George Thomas, Clara Maria, Ida May,

Sarah A., and Mary R.; Serena Mary wife of James Mitchell, has two children, Wilbert James Ward and Olive M.; Amelia L., the wife of George Bean, has five children, Laura Edna, Lena Alberta. Lella Mary, Clara Melissa, and Harvey George; Ida Alberta, who married Walter Champline, has one son, Ira Ward; Julia, the wife of Albert Hugill, has two children, Alma Alberta and Ruby Pearl Victoria; Clara Melissa is the wife of Samuel A. Mitchell; Robert Thomas is a resident of Hartney; Dr. Herbert Blake is a resident of Thorold.

WILLIAM R. BURNS (deceased) was one of the well-known and highly esteemed residents of Toronto, in which city he was in business for many years, and was also an early settler of Parkdale. He was born in Enniskillen, Ireland, in 1822, and died at his late residence, No. 1355 Queen street west, Toronto, in 1898.

Mr. Burns grew to manhood in his native country, and there engaged in the mereantile business for some time. In 1857 he came to Canada, settling in Toronto, where he was clerk for some time at "The Flags of All Nations." Later he held the same position with James Burns, in the wholesale business, and subsequently, in company with Alexander Burns, his cousin, under the firm name of A. & W. Burns, entered in the manufacture of soda water, continuing thus until 1878. During this time Mr. Burns had purchased real estate on Queen street west, Parkdale, and on retiring from business, in 1878, settled in the home in which he died. He built this home and other property in the same vicinity, including four houses on Dunn avenue, now owned by Mrs. Burns.

In 1872 Mr. Burns married Martha Thompson, daughter of the late Samuel and Mary (Aiken) Thompson, natives of Belfast, Ireland, who came to Toronto in 1857, where Mr. Thompson engaged in the cooperage business. There he died in 1865, and his widow passed away in 1891. They had these children: William, James, Samuel, Mrs. Burns, Mrs. Fortune, Mrs. Hamilton, and Mrs. Hewitt. Mrs. Burns was born in Belfast in 1842. To her and her husband were born the following children: Dr. William T., of Toronto, who married Nellie Ritehey; Samuel, who married Ella Hayward, and had two children, William and Helen; John Aiken, of Toronto; and George Alexander, who married Jennie Cavanaugh.

Mr. Burns was a prominent member of the King street Methodist Church. In politics he was a Conservative, and he was connected fraternally with the Orangemen.

DAVID BOYLE, the subject of this sketch, is a native of Ayrshire, Scotland, where he was born in the year 1820. In the spring of 1842 he came to Canada and located at York Mills, where he worked at his trade, that of blacksmith, for eleven years, at which time he gave up the blacksmithy and purchased a farm in the 2nd Concession of East York, on which he lived for seven years. He then purchased 200 acres Lot 45, Concession 1, Vaughan, on which there was a sawmill which he operated in connection with the farm until 1881, when he retired from active business and has since lived in the village of Richmond Hill. Mr. Boyle has held the offices of reeve, deputy reeve and school trustee, all of which he has satisfactorily filled. Politically he is a Reformer. He has always been identified with the Presbyterian Church.

In 1848 Mr. Boyle married Miss Ann Williamson, a native of Cumberland, England, who died in October, 1859. They had born to them the following children: David, born in 1850; John, born in 1851; Mary, born in 1853; Agnes, born in 1855 (died in 1872); and Mathew, born in 1857.

While living at York Mills, in 1847, Mr. Boyle made a trip to the old country to visit his parents, brothers and sisters. He also made a trip to his native land in 1871.

JOHN M. MIGHT, a money broker of Toronto, the founder of Might's Directory of Toronto, is one of the best known men of that city. He was born in the township of Cavan, County Durham, Ont., in 1834, son of Samuel Might, one of the three original founders of that township.

Samuel Might, father of John M., was born in County Cavan, Ireland, in 1796, and when but a boy went to the United States, where he remained for about two years, then migrating to Canada. He settled in Cavan township, County Durham, as one of the three original settlers, and continued to reside there until his death, in 1873. Mr. Might married Martha Morrow, who was born in Ireland, daughter of William and Isabelle Morrow, and to this union were born thirteen children, seven sons and six daughters. Two sons and one daughter died young; four sons and two daughters are still living. Of the survivors, James, the eldest, who is now eighty-two years of age, and William, the youngest, aged sixty-six, live in the city of Peterborough. Samuel, aged seventy, still lives on the homestead in Cavan. One daughter lives in the township of Hope and the other in Fort William.

John M. Might received his education in his native township and at Port Hope, and learned

the harness business in Peterborough with his cousin, John Blackstock. He then went to Greenfield, Ohio, to engage in that business, but the illness of his mother caused his return to Canada, and in 1853 he established himself in the harness business in Mill Brook, carrying same on there until 1865. At that time he engaged in the sale of pianos at that place, and in 1871 removed to Toronto, where for some time he was engaged in the piano and organ business. In 1875 he founded what has since been known as Might's Directory of Toronto, which in 1882 he sold on account of ill-health caused by overwork, repurchasing a half-interest in 1886, and finally selling out altogether in 1899, on account of trouble with his eyes. Since that time he has engaged in a general brokerage business in Toronto.

In 1867 Mr. Might was married to Pamela Wallace, of Mill Brook, and to this union were born children as follows: George, who is deceased; Martha L., now Mrs. E. Turboyne; Emma Maude May. Mrs. J. R. McMillan, deceased; Ella Gertrude, Mrs. J. J. Ritchie, and Lillian Isabelle. In religious belief the family are Methodists. Mr. Might is a Conservative, and he is a life member of King Solomon Chapter, No. 8, Royal Arch Freemasons.

DAVID ELLIOTT, who died Feb. 2, 1899, at Ottawa, was well known as a highly esteemed resident of the County of Hastings, and was born Sept. 22, 1843, near Fitzroy Harbour, Ont., son of Robert and Belinda Elliott, the founders of this branch of the family in Canada.

Robert Elliott and his wife settled at Fitzroy Harbour about 1840, and there Mr. Elliott followed teaching for some time. He subsequently removed to Toronto, where he lived retired until his death. He and his wife were members of the Methodist Church, and they were buried in Mt. Pleasant cemetery. Their children were: Mary Ann, John, James (deceased), George, Robert and David (deceased).

David Elliott received his education in his native place, and at an early age showed rare intellectual ability, when only fourteen years old passing the examination for a second-class certificate. The examiners were inclined to think that young David was too young to teach. However, he received his certificate, and forthwith commenced to teach school, though so young. This he followed but a short time, becoming engaged as bookkeeper for the Gilmours, at Trenton, with whom he continued until the end of his active life.

In 1870 Mr. Elliott married Miss Harriet Ed-

gar, who was born in Kingston, Ont., daughter of Robert and Mary (Thomson) Edgar, natives of the North of Ireland who came to Canada in 1841, settling at Kingston, where Mr. Edgar followed engineering. Later he removed to Trenton, there following the same business until his death, in 1880, at the age of sixty-five years. His wife survived him until 1884, dying in her sixty-eighth year. He was a Conservative in politics, and with his wife held membership in the Presbyterian Church. Their children were: Sarah, Elizabeth, Annie, Mrs. Elliott, John, Agnes and Amelia.

To Mr. and Mrs. David Elliott were born these children: Agnes; Mary; Jennie, the wife of Robert McBrown, who has two sons, Elliott and Robert; Fred E., of Brockville, married to Josephine Richardson; and David John, of Toronto. Mr. Elliott was a member of the Presbyterian Church. Fraternally he was connected with the Masons. In political matters he was a Conservative, and while in Trenton served very satisfactorily in the council for some time. In 1904 Mrs. Elliott purchased the Laidlaw property, at No. 57 Wood street, Toronto, where she has since made her home.

JAMES SHAW, a well-known resident of Toronto, whose home is at No. 20 Webster avenue, is a native of Ireland, born in County Sligo, in 1820, son of Allan and Margaret (Brett) Shaw.

Allan Shaw and his wife were born in the same county, he in 1776 and she in 1780. They came to Canada in 1829, and in September of that year located in Toronto. Before long they removed to what is now County Peel, and settled on a bush farm of 200 acres in the Gore of Toronto. They cleared the land and made their home there until they died, both passing away in 1860. Mr. Shaw was a Reformer in his political views and he and his wife were both members of the Methodist Church. Their children were as follows: Henry and Robert, who were both farmers and are now deceased; James; Jane, deceased wife of the late George Martin; and Margaret, Mrs. Thompson, also deceased. They were all born before the parents left Ireland.

James Shaw was eight years old when his father settled in the Gore of Toronto, and he grew up on the farm there. On reaching the proper age to begin life for himself he took half of his father's land, and cultivated his 100 acres until 1871, when he removed to Toronto. Since settling in that city he has been mainly engaged in the real estate line, and has, among

other enterprises, built and sold six houses on Hazelton avenue.

On April 7, 1847, occurred the union of James Shaw and Miss Margaret Johnston. Mrs. Shaw was born in New York State, June 29, 1821, daughter of Thomas and Mary (Davis) Johnston, early settlers in County York. Mr. and Mrs. Shaw have reared a large family, namely: (1) Thomas, a Toronto merchant, married Miss Elizabeth Irwin, and had one child, now deceased; (2) Mary Jane married (first) J. Simpson and (second) John Foster, by whom she had one daughter, Lavina Foster, and (third) Henry Steele, to whom she has borne three children, Walter, Ella and Fred; (3) Sarah Ann became the wife of Robert Hepton, and mother of Edgar, Wilbert, David and Alvin; (4) William and his wife are both deceased; (5) James, of Toronto, married (first) Miss Evelyn Bugg, of Toronto, by whom he had one child, also deceased, and (second) Miss Alice Hollands, of London, England, by whom he has one child, Doris; (6) Margaret married Thomas Morley, and has one daughter, Eva; (7) Elizabeth is deceased; (8) Robert married Miss Rebecca Irwin, and both are deceased; (9) John Gomar is deceased; (10) Rebecca married William Kew, by whom she had two children, Ettie and Alma; (11) John, of Toronto, manager of the Standard Coal Company, married Matilda Irwin. Mr. Shaw and his wife are members of the Methodist Church. In political matters he is a Reformer, but he has not taken any active part in municipal affairs. The members of this family are highly esteemed and among the prominent people of the city.

MICHAEL O'HALLORAN, who passed away in Toronto, July 2, 1902, was one of the good, reliable citizens of the Queen City. His enthusiasm and zeal for Canada and her institutions was real, and like all true men and patriots he contributed that which has helped to make Canada what she is to-day—energy, industry and integrity in the fullest sense of those words.

Mr. O'Halloran was born in County Clare, Ireland, in 1820, and in 1850 came to Toronto, where he engaged in business. He supplied many institutions with his goods, among them the jail, the asylum, St. Michael's College, Loretto Abbey, the soldiers at the barracks, and many others. He retired from business about 1891.

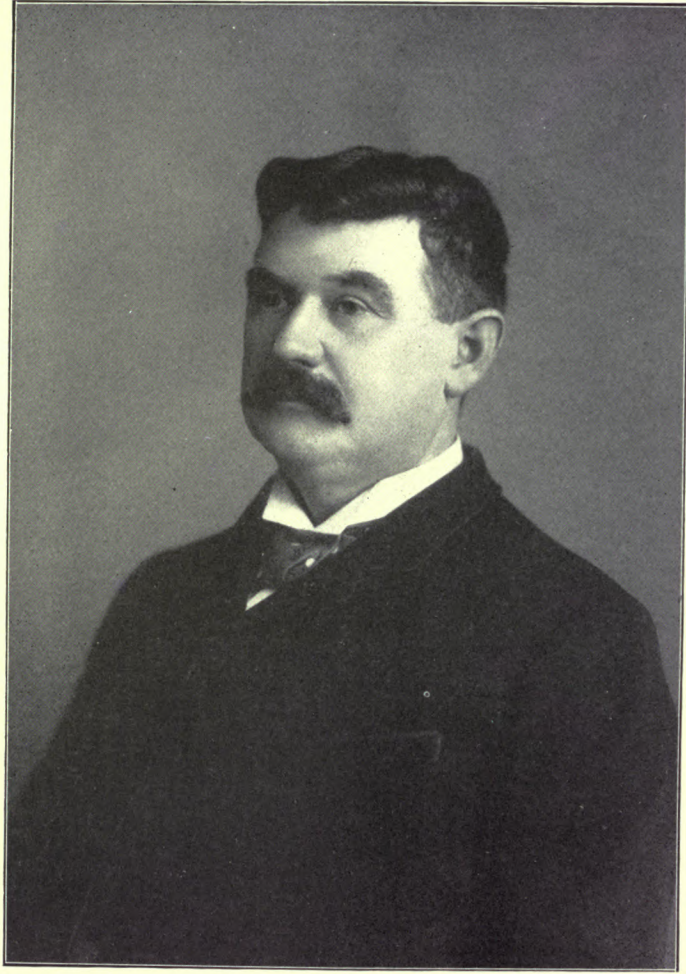
At the time of Mr. O'Halloran's settling in Toronto the Grand Trunk railroad had not been built, and when he purchased a farm at Mono Mills he walked the distance many a time on a

road little better than a deer trail. As a pioneer Mr. O'Halloran was not the least among those hardy settlers, but with indomitable pluck and courage he hewed a road to independence and competence, not forgetting to lend a hand to those weaker than himself. When in Toronto, then a somewhat muddy place, he could stand on his doorstep, at the corner of Queen and Jarvis streets, and kill wild pigeons by the hundreds, on their way to the rookeries of the north. Only a quarter of a mile from his home could be killed thousands upon thousands of wild duck, and the bay was stocked to overflowing with fish of all kinds. Fond of dogs, Mr. O'Halloran was seldom seen abroad without his favorite Irish greyhound. He was a lover of legitimate horse racing, and at one time owned the valuable trotting horse "Stranger." He was a prominent member of the Toronto Checker Club. In politics Mr. O'Halloran was a Reformer. He was a member of the Roman Catholic Church.

Some years after coming to Toronto Mr. O'Halloran married Julia McNulty, who was born in County Mayo, Ireland, in 1830, and came to Canada in 1844. She now makes her home at No. 128 Jarvis street, in the residence built by her husband, one of the first on the street. Mr. O'Halloran invested in a large amount of real estate on the same street, the old Brown homestead and considerable other property being still retained in the family. Mr. and Mrs. O'Halloran had two daughters: Mary Eleanor, born at No. 128 Jarvis street, is the wife of Daniel J. O'Halloran, who since 1884 has been connected with the Observatory at the Toronto University; they have children—Hector, Rita, Mary, Arthur, Gerald, John and Elizabeth. Hector is the proud owner of a violin once owned by a member of the suite who attended His Majesty King Edward VII. When His Majesty, then the Prince of Wales, visited Canada in 1860, Mr. Michael O'Halloran purchased the violin, which he presented to his grandson before his death. The second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael O'Halloran is Miss Julia, a pupil of Loretto Abbey, and now residing at the old homestead with her mother.

GEORGE SNARR, whose death took place at Toronto in 1878, was a highly respected resident of the city. He was born in 1819, at York, England, a son of James Snarr, whose whole life was passed in England.

In 1846 the late George Snarr came to Canada, settling in Toronto and going to work at bricklaying with his brother John. Some time later he formed a partnership with John Clark, in a butchering business, at St. Lawrence mar-



Geo. W. Hestup
Fur Park

ket, and when this partnership was dissolved Mr. Snarr embarked in business on his own account, first as manager and later as full partner of the firm of Cowan, Pearson & Co. He continued with this business until his death.

In 1849 Mr. Snarr married Miss Harriet Shuttleworth, born in England in 1822, daughter of Edmund and Charlotte (Rodler) Shuttleworth. They came to County York in 1831 and settled at Mt. Albert, where the father took up land and improved a farm, dying there at the age of eighty-four years. The mother died in 1866, also aged eighty-four years. In political matters the father was a Reformer. Both parents belonged to the Methodist Church. They had children as follows: Edmund, Henry, George, Robert, Samuel, Elizabeth, Catherine, Charlotte, Eliza, and Harriet (Mrs. Snarr).

Children as follows were born to Mr. and Mrs. Snarr: Catherine, wife of Edmund Clark; William, deceased; Erastus, deceased, who married Margaret Manchee and had children—Winifred, Harold, Francis, Ada and Percy; Herbert, deceased; Charlotte; Edmund, deceased; Ada, wife of B. H. Montgomery, and they have children—George and Henrietta; and Evelyn.

Mr. Snarr was a Reformer in politics; in religion he was a member of the Congregational Church.

GEORGE HENRY HASTINGS, who died at his home in Deer Park Nov. 5, 1896, was a well-known and highly esteemed citizen of Toronto. He was born in London, England, March 31, 1844, and there and in Hall Place Collegiate School, in Bexley, Kent, he received his education.

In 1870 Mr. Hastings came to Canada, previous to which time he had been in the employ of the British Government. For a short period he engaged in business in Peterboro, whence he came to Toronto, where for a number of years he served in the capacity of manager for various manufacturing companies. In 1874 he purchased the business of Henderson & Bostwick, which he successfully conducted until his death, the product of the factory being straw and felt hats. The plant was located on Balmuto street. Employment was given to 200 people, and the enterprise was very successful. Mr. Hastings was a lover of fine horses, having some of the finest horseflesh to be found in Toronto. He was the first to import the Hackney breed into Canada, and was known far and wide as a breeder of that strain, which he raised wholly for his own pleasure, although on rare occasions, when he could be induced to sell, he received fancy prices.

Mr. Hastings was public-spirited and progressive, and was actively interested in all movements which his judgment convinced him were for the good of the community. He was an active member of the Board of Trade. Generous to a fault, he never turned a deaf ear to the needy.

Mr. Hastings was the owner of a great deal of property at Deer Park, where he erected the beautiful residence, surrounded by a large lawn and shade trees, in which Mrs. Hastings now resides with her two daughters. Much of his success he attributed to his wife's good judgment and hearty co-operation.

In Toronto Mr. Hastings married Miss Georgina Dollery, daughter of William and Salena A. (Thorne) Dollery, the former of whom was for many years a conductor on the Northern railway. To Mr. and Mrs. Hastings were born children as follows: Geraldine Mary, of Deer Park; George, who resides in Chicago; Fannie, of Deer Park; and Arthur B. F., who lives at Deer Park. Mr. Hastings was a member of the Church of England, to the faith of which Mrs. Hastings also adheres. In politics he was a Conservative. He was a member of St. George's Society, and of the Albany Club, and was both popular and prominent, enjoying universal esteem.

ALFRED JAMES PEERLESS, whose death occurred in Toronto in January, 1887, was one of that city's successful business men, for a number of years extensively engaged in pattern-making. Mr. Peerless was born in England, son of William Burges and Fanny Peerless, both of whom died in the old country.

Alfred J. Peerless received his education in the schools of his native locality, and when thirty years of age came to Canada. Stopping for a time at Toronto, he next went to London, Ont., where he became foreman of the pattern shop for the well-known firm of Elliott & Burns, continuing thus for three years. Deciding to engage in business on his own account, Mr. Peerless returned to Toronto, and until his death was engaged in the pattern-making business with great success. Shortly after locating in the city Mr. Peerless built a home on Lippincott street, but after his death his widow sold that property, purchasing her present home, at No. 16 Beatrice avenue.

Mr. Peerless married Miss Elizabeth Stevens, who was born in Sussex, England, daughter of Charles and Eve (Gerange) Stevens, both of whom were born in England and there spent their lives. Mr. Stevens was a tailor in Sussex for many years, the business which he found-

ed now being conducted by his son. To Mr. and Mrs. Peerless were born three children: Lillie Gertrude, Kate Elizabeth and Dudley Thomas. Mr. Peerless was a member of the Methodist Church. In politics he was a Conservative. Honest in all his business dealings, he had a most enviable reputation, while his kindly, genial manner won him a host of warm friends. His death was a loss to the entire community.

GEORGE PLANT, a retired potter, residing at Carlton, West, just beyond Toronto Junction, is one of the self-made men and highly esteemed citizens of that place, and one of the oldest residents of the vicinity. The family is of English extraction, and was founded in Canada by William Plant, an uncle of George, who was born in 1824 in England, and who was for many years a well-known brick manufacturer of Toronto, where he still resides.

Oliver Plant, the father of George Plant, was born in England in 1820, and in his native country was for many years the proprietor of a saw-mill and lumber business. He died in England in 1897, and his wife, Mary Webb, born in 1821, passed away in that country in 1902.

George Plant was born in England, Feb. 22, 1849, and there learned the pottery business after securing an education. In 1873 he came to Canada, and on March 16th of that year located in Toronto, soon thereafter engaging with Samuel Burns, a potter of Markham township, County York, where he remained for one and one-half years. Mr. Plant then removed to Toronto Junction, where he engaged in the making of sewer pipe for Mr. Warwood, following this occupation for one year, when he engaged with George Townsley in the sewer pipe and tile business, continuing therein three years. In 1886 Mr. Plant purchased the two and one-half acres on which he now resides, and in 1888 built his present home, the brick residence, at the corner of his property, being built in 1905. Immediately after settling on this property Mr. Plant erected his pottery works, which he continued to operate until his retirement in 1905, when he leased the same. While engaged in business he had an annual output of about 500,000 flower pots for the florists' trade, as well as weeping tile, of which he made about 150,000 annually. He is a skilled designer and worker in clay goods, being able to produce anything in this line. Mr. Plant's property, on which he has lived for twenty years, is one of the desirable pieces in the locality, where he was one of the early settlers. He is a lover of fruit and flowers and some very choice fruit trees adorn

his property, while peonies, roses and other blossoms add their beauty and fragrance to the surroundings.

On Dec. 21, 1877, Mr. Plant was married to Miss Georgianna Adelaide Howson, who was son family is of English extraction, and was born in Belleville, Ont., Sept. 6, 1851. The Howson family was founded in Canada by the grandfather of Mrs. Plant, George Howson, who was born in Oxford, England, where he married Jane Lay. In 1832 they came to Canada, settling at Belleville, where Mr. Howson was a market gardener on the land now occupied by the Grand Trunk railway station and yards. Here both he and his wife died. They had children as follows: George, born in 1820, died in 1853; and Thomas, father of Mrs. Plant, born May 20, 1818, died May 19, 1896. Thomas Howson was a carpenter and contractor, and was well known in Belleville, Kingston and Morrisburg, where he carried on the several lines of his business. His wife, Rebecca Reynolds, who was born Aug. 31, 1824, died in 1893.

To Mr. and Mrs. George Plant have come three children, as follows: Henry Thomas, born Dec. 6, 1878, who died Oct. 12, 1886; Florence Addie, the second child of Mr. and Mrs. Plant, born Feb. 17, 1880, at home; and George Oliver, born June 24, 1883, who died in infancy. Mr. and Mrs. Plant are Methodists. He is a Conservative, and is fraternally connected with Stanley Lodge, A.F. & A.M., of Toronto Junction.

EDWIN INGHAM, who died in Toronto in 1904, was a native of England, born in 1847, and in 1860 came with his parents' family to Canada, settling in County Simcoe, where the father died.

Mr. Ingham began his literary training in England finishing it in Canada, in which country he learned the carpenter's trade, following same for a number of years. After coming to Toronto, in 1887, he continued that business until his death, meeting with much success. Mr. Ingham was married in Toronto in 1887 to Mrs. Harriet Amelia (Bocking) Matthews, widow of Charles Matthews.

Mrs. Ingham was born in England in 1843, daughter of Charles and Maria (Hammond) Bocking, both of whom died in England. In her native land she married Mr. Charles Matthews, and in 1872 they came to Canada, Mr. Matthews becoming a well-known jeweler. Later he went to Guelph, where he continued his business until his death, in 1879, when thirty-four years old. He left three sons: Charles Edgar, of Toronto, married Elizabeth Haines, and

has three children, Lillian Gertrude, Charles Frederick and Frank Edgar; Frank Herbert, of Toronto, married Mary Gray; Harry Percy, of Toronto, married Martha Stein, and has one son, Percival Harold. Mr. Matthews was a member of the Baptist Church. After the death of Mr. Matthews his widow, prior to her second marriage, purchased property on the corner of Lansdowne avenue and Marion street, Toronto, there erecting a building for a store and residence, in which she conducted a grocery and stationery and book store for a number of years. She then rented the store and has since occupied her residence at No. 53 Lansdowne avenue.

Mr. Ingham was a member of the Congregational Church, while his widow is a Methodist. In political faith he was a staunch Reformer.

JOHNSTON. One of the well-known names in Toronto and through the confines of the County of York is that of Johnston, for the family has been established in that section of the country since a date considerably earlier than the rebellion of 1837-38. The Johnstons are of Irish extraction, and the first of the family to come to Canada was Thomas Johnston.

Thomas Johnston was born in County Sligo, Ireland, in 1792, and migrated to Canada in his early manhood. On arriving in the new country he and his wife, Mary (Davis) Johnston, settled in East York township, County York, on a farm located on the Front in Concession 4. Mr. Johnston cleared this land, and then later purchased another piece of property in the rear of Concession 2, so that he owned in all over 300 acres. He was the first man in County York to own a threshing machine. He resided on his farm until within a few years of his death, and then went to Toronto, where he passed away some five or six years later in 1877. His wife died in the same city in 1884. They were members of the Methodist Church, and in politics Mr. Johnston was a Conservative. They had five children, namely: Thomas, deceased; John, of Toronto; Margaret, deceased, wife of James Shaw, of Avenue Place, Toronto; Sarah, who married the late Robert Shaw, brother of James, and is also deceased; and William, deceased.

During the rebellion of 1837-38, Thomas Johnston took an active part in that struggle, and met with many interesting experiences. On one occasion several men called at his home during his absence and demanded of Mrs. Johnston whether there were any arms concealed in the house. She replied in the negative, but they insisted on searching the premises and after they

had done so, one of the men was going to set fire to the house, but was prevented by the others, and they finally went away. On Mr. Johnston's return his wife told him of the occurrence and he immediately started out to find and capture the men. Gathering together a small search party they started out and soon located the notorious Mackenzie hidden in the house of two bachelors, by name John and William Duncan. Mr. Johnston, James Armstrong and a Mr. Dickinson, with two others entered the place and captured ten men, taking them to Toronto, where they were put in jail. Later two of these ten men were convicted and hanged. Mr. Mackenzie's gun was taken from him, and is at present carefully treasured as an interesting souvenir by William Johnston, a grandchild of Thomas.

JOHN JOHNSTON, son of Thomas, was born on the old homestead March 11, 1831, and there grew to manhood. His earlier life was spent in farming, and he owned a fine place in the rear of Concession 2, which he operated until 1872. In that year he moved to Toronto and embarked in the real estate business, buying considerable valuable property, both in the business and residence sections. On much of this he built, among the structures which he erected being the fine three-story business block, at No. 775-777 Yonge street, corner of Bismarek, which he now rents, his own home at No. 13 Yorkville avenue, and other dwelling houses. His property is all very well located and he has been very successful in his investments, so that now through his own efforts entirely he has taken a place among the well-to-do citizens of Toronto. Mr. Johnston has served on the board of education, but aside from that he has declined all offers of public position, preferring to attend strictly to his own business interests.

In 1860 Mr. Johnston was united in marriage with Miss Ellen Jackson, who was born in West York, Nov. 24, 1837, daughter of Francis and Margaret (Johnston) Jackson, the former a farmer of West York. Mrs. Johnston was the fourth of his six children. To Mr. and Mrs. Johnston were born the following children: (1) Francis William, who was engaged in the grocery business in Toronto for twenty-five years, is now retired. He is at present a justice of the peace of County York, and is past president of the Retail Grocers' Association of Toronto. He married Miss Maria Island. (2) Miss Mary Louisa is at home. (3) Albert, a grocery merchant of Toronto, married Miss Lena White-side, and has daughters, Dorothy, Margaret and Ellen. (4) Margaret is deceased. (5) Herbert, a grocer of Toronto, married Mamie Sni-

der. Mr. Johnston and his wife are members of the Wesleyan Methodist Church, and in politics he is a Conservative.

WILLIAM JOHNSTON was born on the County of York farm Feb. 25, 1835. He grew up there, receiving as good an education as the public schools afforded, and after finishing his studies continued to work on the home farm. He remained there for some time, but finally removed to Toronto, and lived retired until his death, March 8, 1889, at the age of fifty-four. He married, in 1868, Miss Orpha Elizabeth Patterson. Children were born to them as follows: Emma, the wife of John Loudon, of London, who has one son, William; Arthur William, who married Miss Maggie Nyes, and has one son, Reginald; and Miss Clara. Mr. Johnston was a member of the Methodist Church, and in politics a Conservative.

Mrs. Orpha E. Johnston is descended from a family of Irish extraction, and is the granddaughter of James Patterson, who came over from Ireland about 1844, and settled in Beverly township, County Wentworth. He owned a farm there which he cleared from the bush, and he and his wife lived there until they died. Their children were: Alexander, deceased; George, of County Wentworth; Charles, also of County Wentworth; Margaret, deceased, who married Thomas Thompson; Sophia, deceased; David; and James, the father of Mrs. Johnston.

James Patterson and Jane McMillen, his wife, were both born in 1820 in Ireland, and came to Canada about 1847. They first lived on a farm in Guelph, but later moved to Peel township, County Peel, where they remained for a time. Returning to Guelph it became their permanent home, and there Mr. Patterson died in 1882. His widow still survives and resides in Toronto. Both belonged to the Brethren Church. Ten children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Patterson: David, deceased, of Parry Sound; Orpha E.; Jennie, deceased wife of John Kinnell; James, deceased; John, of Parry Sound; Samuel and Daniel, both deceased; Ellen, wife of John Ardell; and Mary and William, both deceased.

EDWARD HARGRAVE, for many years a well-known passenger conductor on the Grand Trunk Railroad, running between Toronto and North Bay, died in the former city in 1903. He was a member of a family long identified in County York, where he was born in 1854, son of Joseph and Elizabeth (Barron) Hargrave, natives of England and early settlers of County York.

The parents of Edward Hargrave located at Eglinton in 1845, where Joseph Hargrave set-

tled as a merchant and postmaster for many years. There he and his wife died in the faith of the Methodist Church. Their children were: Joseph, of the United States; Mary Ann, deceased, wife of James Russell; Harriet, who married W. J. Reid; J. H., of Toronto; Sarah, the wife of William Murray, of Rochester, New York; Emily, the wife of Charles Bauer; Albert, of the Northwest; and Edward, our subject.

Edward Hargrave was educated at Eglinton, and when about nineteen years of age settled in Toronto, where he engaged in business with his brother. A year or two later he engaged with the Grand Trunk Railroad Company, and rapidly rose in the service until he became a passenger conductor, and continued in this capacity until his death. Genial in manner, Mr. Hargrave was very popular, not only in railway circles, but wherever known, and he was especially esteemed in Toronto, where he spent so many years of his life.

Mr. Hargrave married Miss Maria Campbell, born at Orangeville, County York, daughter of James and Ann (White) Campbell, the former a native of Scotland, and the latter of Ireland. They came to Canada when young people, and were here married, for a short time after which they lived in Kingston, but soon settled at Orangeville, where Mr. Campbell carried on the tanning business until his death. His wife passed away in Toronto, leaving these children: Jennie, the wife of Thomas Miller; William, of Port Arthur; Mary Ann, the widow of Joseph Johnston, of Toronto; Maria, Mrs. Hargrave; James, of Port Arthur; John of Detroit; and Albert, of Toronto.

To Mr. and Mrs. Hargrave the following children were born: Bertha, Herbert Henry, Walter Joseph, Ethel, Frederick, Eva V. and Russell E. The family are members of the Methodist Church. In politics Mr. Hargrave was a Conservative. He was a member of the Order of Railway Conductors, and the A.O.U.W.

FRANCIS McAULEY, who died in Toronto, March 17, 1894, was born in that city in 1832, son of John and Isabella (Christie) McAuley.

John McAuley was born in Enniskillen, Ireland, the name of the family homestead there being "Drumealgey." From Ireland John McAuley crossed the ocean to Nova Scotia, whence he later removed to Albany, New York. About 1830 he settled in Toronto, engaging in teaching, which he later followed at Bond Head and subsequently at Orangeville, where he died in 1863. His wife passed away in Toronto. Their

children were: Francis, Mrs. William Henderson and Mrs. John Wilson.

Francis McAuley was educated in the schools of Bond Head, and subsequently embarked in the mercantile business as a dealer in carriages and sleighs at Orangeville, later removing to Toronto, where he died. In 1865 Mr. McAuley and Margaret E. Riddall were united in marriage, she being the daughter of the late Dr. John and Ann Matilda (Knight) Riddall. Dr. Riddall was born in Scotland, and pursued his medical studies at Edinburgh, Scotland, removing later to Clonas, Ireland, where he practiced his profession until his death, in 1858. after which his widow and family came to Canada, settling in Orangeville. The children of Dr. Riddall were: Dr. John, Mrs. Hugh Bell, James Irwin Knight, Mrs. McAuley, Elizabeth and William.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis McAuley were the parents of these children: Frances, Bessie, Margaret, Maude and Adelaide Hayes. Mr. McAuley was a member of the Church of the Holy Trinity, to which his widow and daughters also adhere. In his political affiliations he was a Conservative, while he was fraternally identified with the Orangemen and the Masons. During his many years of business life Mr. McAuley became well known, and his honesty and integrity were never questioned. He was a good, useful citizen, and his death is a distinct loss to the city in which he spent so many years of his life.

DAVID B. GARTON, who at the time of his death in 1904, was living retired in Toronto at No. 50 Macdonell avenue, was born in October, 1830, in Yorkshire, England, son of John and Mary (Bassingdale) Garton.

A year after the birth of David B., the Garton family left England for Canada, and settled on a farm in County York, Ont. Later they moved to Thornhill, where John Garton died. His wife survived him some time, and died in the home of her son David in Toronto. They were members of the Methodist Church, in which John Garton officiated for many years as a local preacher. Their children were: Mary, David B., John, Elizabeth, Susan, Sarah, Eliza, Carrie, William and Eusibius.

David B. Garton received his education in the schools of King township, where his boyhood was passed, and as he grew toward manhood he decided upon the occupation of a builder. He followed this business for a time in Barrie, but meanwhile he had become so interested in photography that he finally learned the process and in 1854 established himself in that line in To-

ronto, devoting himself thenceforth to that occupation. From Toronto he went to Bradford, and from there to Barrie, where he remained till 1886, when he returned to Toronto and settling down there practically retired from business. His death occurred in Toronto, Nov. 7, 1904.

Mrs. Garton, who survives her husband, was Miss Sarah Jane Lang, and their union took place March 15, 1869. She was born in County York, daughter of Alexander Lang. Three children were born to this marriage, viz.: Charles, of Cleveland, Ohio, a photo engraver, who married Miss Minnie Warner, and has two children, Ada G. and Audrey; and Frances and Ada J., both at home. The family are members of the Methodist Church. The late Mr. Garton was a Reformer in politics.

Mrs. Garton's parents were Alexander and Hulda (Caldwell) Lang. The former was born in Ireland in 1810, and six years later his father and mother, Joseph and Elizabeth (Adams) Lang, came to Canada and settled in Muddy York (Toronto). Later they moved out into County York, on Yonge street, where Joseph Lang died. Alexander Lang grew to manhood in County York, and then went to Barrie, where he was made governor of the jail and filled the position for forty years. He died in 1896. His wife was a native of New York State, and a daughter of James Caldwell, a United Empire Loyalist. He was an early settler in County York and died there. Alexander and Hulda Lang had a family of five children, Rosanna, Theresa, Mrs. Garton, Matilda Ann and Harriet E. Mr. and Mrs. Lang were both devout Methodists, and people held in high esteem by those who knew them.

WILLIAM HENRY FORD. One of the old pioneer families of County York, which has long been identified with the business and agricultural interests of this part of the country, is that of Ford, which has a worthy representative in William Henry Ford, postmaster at Carlton, West, and a leading merchant and alderman of Toronto Junction.

The Ford family, which is of English extraction, was founded in Canada by Samuel Ford, born in Norfolk, England, in 1810, who emigrated to Canada in 1836, settling at Leslieville, near Toronto, and later removing to Vaughan township. He went thence to Etobicoke township, in both of these latter places being engaged in farming, and subsequently removed to Toronto Junction, where his death occurred in 1896. In 1836 Samuel Ford was married to Sarah Knight, born in Norfolk, England, in 1818, daughter of William and Elizabeth

Knight, early settlers of County York, and to this union there were born: Sarah; Thomas, an agriculturist of Simeoe township; Elizabeth, who became the wife of James J. Rae; Mary, the widow of Hutchinson Robinson, of Toronto; Louisa; and William Henry.

William Henry Ford was born in 1836, in Etobicoke township, County York, and there received his education. On reaching his majority he first engaged in farming for a few years, and in 1889 settled in Toronto Junction, purchasing property at Nos. 26-28 Davenport Road, where he engaged in the flour and feed business, to which he soon added a grocery department. Here Mr. Ford has since been in active business operations, and in 1898 was appointed postmaster, an office he has held to the present time. In his political belief Mr. Ford is a Reformer, and has been elected by his party to represent them in positions of trust and responsibility, having served as a member of the council of Toronto Junction since 1898. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Church. Mr. Ford is fraternally connected with the Masonic order, the Orangemen, and the I. O. O. F. and the I. O. F.

On May 20, 1879, Mr. Ford was married to Miss Emma Sansom, who was born in London, England, in 1860, daughter of Alfred and Elizabeth (Hill) Sansom. Alfred Sansom, who founded the family in Canada in 1869, settled in Vaughan township, where he followed the trade of stone mason until his death in 1906. His widow, who survives him, resides at Etobicoke, and is the mother of these children: Mrs. Ford; Elizabeth M.; Mrs. James Manser, of Thistleton; Alfred, of Toronto Junction; Susan, of Chicago; Mary, of Rochester, New York; William, of Toronto Junction; Harriett, wife of W. Westlake of Bradford; Henry, who is out West; and James, of Etobicoke. To Mr. and Mrs. William Henry Ford were born children as follows: Annie, the wife of F. B. Hartney, of Toronto Junction; Sarah E., Mrs. Peter Lawson, of Toronto Junction; Frank; Helen; Percy Roy; and Ethel Irene.

WILLIAM SANDERSON, whose death occurred at Grahamsville, Ontario, April 20, 1892, was born in York County in March, 1850, son of John and Ann (Tilford) Sanderson, natives of England who came to Grahamsville in the forties and spent the rest of their lives there, engaged in agricultural pursuits. John Sanderson and his wife had children: John, Matthew, Leonard, William, Mrs. William Walker, Mrs. Jordan, and Mrs. Lennon.

William Sanderson was educated at Weston,

and settled on the old homestead, making that place his home all of his life. Genial and kindly in manner, he was a good citizen and Christian gentleman, and was honored and esteemed by all who knew him. Mr. Sanderson was married to Miss Eliza Jane Hunter, born at Derry West, County Peel, Ont., daughter of James and Eliza (Anderson) Hunter, the former born in Ireland.

James Hunter, the father of Mrs. Sanderson, was the founder of the family in Canada, coming to this country about 1840 and settling at Derry West, County Peel, where he purchased a large tract of land, which he cleared from the wilderness. Here he died in 1886, aged eighty-two years, while his wife, born in 1807, died in 1888. They were the parents of the following children: Joseph and James, deceased; Anabel, widow of James Ritchie, of Toronto; George, deceased; Robert and W. D., of Toronto; Mrs. Sanderson; and Jemima, the wife of James McCracken.

Mr. and Mrs. William Sanderson had these children; William James married Libbie Ackroyd, who died in October, 1904, leaving one daughter, Lena Gertrude; Lillie; Anabel; Victoria Adelaide, wife of G. L. Grass, has one daughter, Lillian Victoria; and Carrie. Mr. Sanderson was a member of the Methodist Church, and for some time was a Sunday-school teacher therein. In politics he was a Reformer. In 1901 Mrs. Sanderson settled in Toronto Junction, and now resides at No. 104 Pacific avenue.

BENJAMIN TOYE (deceased). Probably no man was better known in telegraphic circles in the United States and Canada than was the late Benjamin Toye, who was not only an operator, but understood the business in all its details, besides being an expert electrician and an inventor of much useful electrical apparatus and appliances.

The Toye family was founded in Canada by Joseph J. Toye, the father of our subject, a native of the South of England, who emigrated to Canada in the early '30s, settling near Montreal, where he remained for a short time, and then, in 1837, he located in Toronto, where he died about 1865. His wife, who bore the maiden name of Eliza Nowell, was a native of England, and died at the age of ninety-four years.

Benjamin Toye was born near Montreal in 1835, and was but one or two years of age when his parents settled in Toronto. Here he was educated. When quite young Mr. Toye became interested in telegraphy, and in Toronto learned the business which he followed until his



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death. He was for many years with the Great Northwest Telegraph Company, and at his death the *Monetary Times* said of him: "Mr. Toye was the very first Canadian to adopt the sound method of receiving messages. At his death he was one of the oldest telegraph operators in both Canada and the United States." In his home on Carlton street Mr. Toye had a laboratory, where he carried on experimental work in connection with the application of electricity, not only in his particular line of work but in other lines as well.

In 1859 Mr. Toye was united in marriage with Miss Anne Brown, born in 1840, in Newcastle, England, and she died in Toronto in 1903. She was a daughter of Thomas Brown, an early settler of Toronto, and a member of the well-known wholesale paper firm of Brown Bros. To Mr. and Mrs. Toye were born five daughters and three sons. Both Mr. Toye and his wife were members of the Methodist Church. In politics he was a Conservative.

FRANK DOTY, whose sudden death on the Island near Toronto, Aug. 6, 1896, was a severe shock to a host of friends and acquaintances, was born at Niagara Falls, May 9, 1853, son of John and Louisa (Doolittle) Doty, natives of Niagara Falls.

John Doty helped to build the first railway at Niagara Falls, and later removed to Oakville. He then settled in Toronto, where he founded the John Doty Engine Works, and there died in 1903, his wife passing away in 1895.

At the age of seventeen years Frank Doty was foreman in a business house in Hamilton, whence he came to Toronto, going into his father's engine works. He left the works in about 1893, and founded the Doty Foundry Company. Mr. Doty and his partner being interested in a great many business enterprises in Toronto and thereabout. They rented the "Hotel Hanlan," which they operated successfully on the Island, and owned the Ferry Line to the Island, which they later sold to the Toronto Ferry Company. The Doty brothers took the contract for filling in the Island, and for the relaying of the water pipes for the Toronto works, and while engaged at this latter work, Mr. Doty was accidentally killed.

Frank Doty was twice married, his first wife being Miss Ella Doty, by whom he had four children: Edward, Jennie, John and Ella. The mother of these children died in 1879, and in 1888, Mr. Doty and Mrs. Amanda J. (Williams) Pearce were united in marriage. She was a daughter of John and Margaret (Wray) Williams (the former of Pennsylvania, and the lat-

ter of Ireland), who lived for many years at Oakville, where Mr. Williams was in the hotel business. Mr. Pearce, born at Derby in 1844, was a well-known druggist at Oakville; he was a Master Mason and a leading Conservative. Mrs. Doty had four children by her first marriage: Lena, Annie, William and Jack.

To Mr. and Mrs. Doty these children were born: Mary, Robert, Franklin and Fred. Mr. Doty was a consistent member of the Church of England, to which faith his widow also adheres. He was a Conservative in politics, and in fraternal connection a Mason, in which order he was very popular.

ROBERT HOOD HENDERSON, L.D.S., D.D.S., is the youngest son of the late Robert Henderson and Fanny Watson Henderson, who came to this country from County Tyrone, Ireland, about the year 1835. His parents first settled at Laskay, in North York, and after a few years removed to a bush farm in the township of Artemesia, near Flesherton, in the County of Grey.

Mr. Henderson's first home was a log cabin built of unhewn logs, notched and laid one upon the other to the height of about ten feet. The spaces between the logs were filled with wooden chinks and clay mortar to keep out the cold, wind, rain and snow. The roof was made of clapboards, and the floor of rough hemlock boards. There was only one door, and three small windows, in this primitive dwelling. It was divided into three compartments, two bedrooms and kitchen, the upstairs being used as a sleeping-room to which access was obtained by a ladder, and the whole was heated by one huge fireplace, which with the aid of tallow candles also served to illuminate the house.

The township was populated then by only a few scattered settlers. The howling of the wolves often made the nights hideous; but the fearful Indian war-whoop was more dreaded than the howling of the numerous gray wolves.

In this isolated spot, on the morning of April 1, 1860, Robert Hood Henderson was born, and when but a year old he was orphaned by the accidental death of his father, upon whom a log fell while he was assisting at the raising of a log barn some miles from his home. Mrs. Henderson carried her burden of sorrow to that One whom she had learned to trust for guidance even before the dark cloud of bereavement fell upon her heart and home. Only those who experience a loss such as this can realize the dark and discouraging outlook for herself and the family of nine almost helpless children. Sympathizing and well-meaning friends advised her

to let the family break up, to which she would not consent, but like a wise mother she firmly resolved to keep the children together and remain on the farm. It was a noble resolve and came from a brave heart for to remain meant hard work, years of patient endurance, quiet suffering and numberless privations; yet she calmly faced them all that she might do her duty to her children, and she at once began to discharge faithfully the duty so suddenly imposed upon her. After some years of privation and hardship but absolute harmony in the home, this noble widow lived to see her much respected family of three amiable girls and six stalwart boys all happily married and filling honorable positions in the city and community of their residence. After leaving the old homestead she made her home with her youngest daughter, where she enjoyed all the comforts that a grateful family could bestow upon her in her declining years. After forty-five years of honored widowhood she passed on to her reward and her body was carried by her sons and laid beside that of her beloved husband on the 17th day of April, 1906, in the old family plot in the burying ground at Mount Zion.

The first seventeen years of our subject's life were therefore spent on the old homestead, where under great difficulties he received his primary education at the log schoolhouse in the neighborhood. Early in life he developed a thirst for knowledge, and acting under the advice and tuition of his older brother, Thomas Henderson, who was then principal of the Alliston public school, in the year 1879 he qualified as a public school teacher. In the following year he commenced his career as a teacher in the vicinity of Alliston, Ont., and taught with marked success and ability for a period of three years.

Later in life he developed financial ability, and on the advice of an old friend, the late James Austin, Esq., of Toronto, who was then president of the Dominion Bank, he entered that institution in the year 1884 and served successively at Napanee, Lindsay and Uxbridge. Two years later he turned his attention to railroad-ing, and for four years served the Canadian Pacific Railway Company in the capacity of assistant local freight agent at Peterboro, Owen Sound and Queen's Wharf, Toronto. Railroad-ing not giving sufficient scope for the development of his natural business talents, his next venture was in the line of life and accident insurance, for which his natural abilities eminently qualified him. He therefore entered the employ of the Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut, as travelling agent

amongst the employees of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, his abilities quickly advancing him to the more lucrative position of Superintendent of Agencies in Ontario, Manitoba and British Columbia.

In the year 1893 he commenced the study of dentistry in the office of his brother, Thomas Henderson, L.D.S., D.D.S., M.D.S., in Toronto, and graduated from the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario in the year 1896. Dr. Henderson is also a graduate of Toronto University, as well as a first-class honor graduate of Trinity University. He began the practice of his profession at Toronto Junction, but has since removed to the corner of Carlton and Parliament streets, where he has a large and rapidly growing practice. At different times he has contributed several racy articles on temperance and various insurance questions, besides several timely contributions to dental and other magazines on the care and preservation of the teeth.

In June, 1899, Dr. Henderson was married to Miss Clara E. Tyson, an estimable young lady of Brantford, Ont., who died the last day of the same year. Three years later he was again married, to one of London's most estimable daughters, Miss Anna Etta Ayers, youngest daughter of the late Rev. Walter Ayers, an honored Methodist minister of the London Conference.

Dr. Henderson takes a lively interest in all manly sport, especially our national game, and is a prominent member of the following fraternal societies: I.O.G.T., I.O.F., C.T.L., R.T. of T., and I.O.O.F. He has higher ideals than the ordinary of what constitutes a true gentleman, and therefore does not indulge in profanity, is a total abstainer and does not use tobacco in any form. Politically he has very little use for either party, but supports the man that he thinks can be trusted to do the square thing in dealing with the affairs of state. He is one of a prominent Methodist family and is at present identified with the Sherbourne Street Methodist Church.

Dr. Henderson has a frank and genial disposition, an inexhaustible fund of original Irish wit, and possessing much personal magnetism has therefore attracted to himself a large and ever widening circle of friends. He has just arrived at the prime of life, and being endowed with more than ordinary energy and ability is making his mark in the profession which he has espoused.

THOMAS LEGGE, a retired farmer of King township, is one of the wealthy and prominent men of that section, where he has spent nearly his entire life, and where he has amassed

quite a fortune by his successful agricultural operations, and his judicious transactions in real estate. He was born in Dorsetshire England, Nov. 5, 1834, son of James and Elizabeth (Hopkins) Legge.

James Legge and his wife were both of English birth, and did not come to Canada until 1841, a number of years after their marriage. James Legge had been a farmer and gardener in the old country, and followed the same calling after coming to County York, settling on a small farm in Vaughan township, on Yonge street, which he rented for a few years. From there he moved to King township, but still on Yonge street, and finally seven years later he removed to Whitechurch. There he resided until his death, on the Bond Lake Farm, afterward purchased by his son. To him and his wife, Elizabeth Hopkins, were born ten children: John died in early manhood, leaving a wife and family. James, a farmer, is now living retired in Toronto. Thomas was the third son. Henry is a retired farmer, living with his family at Mount Forest, County Wellington. Herbert was a farmer in Whitechurch and later retired and moved to Toronto, where he died leaving a family. George, the first to be born in Canada, married and lives with his family in Vaughan, where he is a merchant and postmaster. Gilbert, formerly a farmer in King township, spent the last years of his life in retirement in Toronto, where his sons are prominent business men. Tirza married James Corscadden, formerly of King township, and died leaving a family. Mary A., the widow of the late Daniel Gregory, a teacher in King township, is the mother of several children. Elizabeth is the wife of James Gregory, a master mechanic, and one of the prominent men of Altoona, Pennsylvania.

Thomas Legge received his earliest education in England, as he was seven years old when his parents removed to Canada, but the most of his education was acquired in night school after he was eighteen years old, and his best teacher has been the newspapers. Reared to farm labor, he naturally adopted agriculture as his calling in life, and in early manhood leased the Bond Lake farm where his father had lived. He resided there seven years, meantime purchasing a tract of 240 acres in King township, which became his home later, and upon which he put up new and substantial brick buildings, besides adding other improvements. In time he also purchased the Bond Lake farm, which he improved in a similar fashion. He sold the latter place and then bought the farm in Concession 2, on which his son, Thomas, now lives. He continued to make his own home on the Yonge

street place in King township, until 1897, when he bought a smaller homestead adjoining, and has since lived there retired. His operations have been uniformly successful, and he is one of the substantial men of the section. In politics he is a Liberal, but has taken no part in public affairs beyond serving on the school board, of which he has been a member for many years.

Mr. Legge has been twice married. In 1862 he was united to Miss Martha Jefferson, born in Vaughan township, in 1843, daughter of Jonathan and Jane Jefferson. The parents were from Yorkshire, England, and were among the pioneer settlers of the county. Mrs. Martha Legge died leaving her husband with ten children: (1) Thomas H., the eldest, is married and has twelve children. He is a prominent farmer and stock dealer in King township, is very popular personally and holds the office of reeve. (2) Martha became Mrs. L. Stephenson, of Sharon. (3) Jane E. is the wife of E. Rutherford, of New Ontario, and the mother of a family. (4) Mary R. married Edgar Legge, a business man of Toronto, and has one daughter. (5) Louise Matilda is a professional nurse in Toronto. (6) Florence E., also a nurse, is a graduate of Victoria Hospital, Montreal, in the class of 1906. (7) Bessie A. married Charles E. Rubera, of Alberta. (8) Ada F. lives at home. (9) Nelson C. is head accountant in the Merchants Bank at Alberta. (10) Frederick M. married a Miss Trent, of County Simcoe, and they with their two children live on the homestead in King township. The present Mrs. Legge was a Miss Carlisle, born in England. They are members of the Church of England, in which he is one of the wardens.

GEORGE L. DAVIDSON, deceased. In the death of George L. Davidson, for many years an engineer on the Grand Trunk line, that road lost one of its most faithful and competent employees, and East Toronto one of its most public-spirited and honorable citizens. Mr. Davidson was born in County Vaudreuil, Quebec, in October, 1857, and his life was brought to its untimely close, April 27, 1904.

The parents of George L. Davidson, Joseph W. and Sarah Davidson, are still living, and have for long years made their home in the Province of Quebec. They had a family of four sons and four daughters, viz.: Capt. W., of Ottawa; George L.; Matthew W., a well-known mechanical engineer in Montreal; Joseph E., of Allandale, an engineer on the Grand Trunk; Margaret, who married Samuel Smiley, of Carman, Man., and has one son, Samuel; Jane, Mrs.

David Manson, of Quebec, who has one son, Loall; Elizabeth, wife of George Thomas, who lives at North Eli, near Montreal; Mary, wife of Tyson Robinson, a farmer of the Province of Quebec.

George L. Davidson received his education in the village of Como, Province of Quebec, and was brought up to farm work at home. For a few years after his marriage he engaged in farming in Hudson, but in 1881 he went to Toronto, and soon began working for the Grand Trunk Railway. This occupation was thoroughly congenial, and so trustworthy and competent did he prove, that he eventually became one of their most reliable engineers. He continued with the road up to his death in 1904, a period of twenty-three years. His residence in East Toronto began in 1885, when he purchased property in Gerrard street and put up the large comfortable brick house which is still the family home. During his latter years he entered prominently into municipal affairs, first as councillor and later as reeve of the village of East Toronto. During his reeveship, largely through his efforts, was installed the electric light plant which has since been enlarged. This was an improvement heartily appreciated by the citizens, who for so long had been obliged to depend on dingy oil lamps on posts for street lights. Mr. Davidson belonged both to the Brotherhood of Engineers and to the East Toronto Lodge of the Masonic Order. In whatever field he entered his influence was felt for good and he had many and warm friends. Financially Mr. Davidson did well, and acquired a comfortable fortune.

On Jan. 2, 1877, Mr. Davidson was joined in marriage to Miss Martha Parsons, who was born in the Province of Quebec, March 19, 1853, daughter of John Parsons, representing one of that city's pioneer families. Three children were born to George and Martha Davidson: (1) George A., born in Hudson, in 1878, was educated in Toronto, and then employed there for some years as clerk for the John A. McDonald Company. He now has his home in Halifax, and travels for the Irving Umbrella Company. He married Miss Mary Trebileock, a teacher of East Toronto, and they have one son, Randolph E. (2) Bertha, born in Toronto in 1882, received a fine musical education, graduating from the Toronto Conservatory. For eight years she was organist in the East Toronto Methodist Church. In April, 1906, Miss Davidson married James L. Paterson, a prominent grocer of East Toronto. (3) Gordon P., born in 1892, is a high school student. The family are members of the Methodist Church, to which Mr. Davidson also belonged, and of which he was

long a trustee and a member of the official board.

Mrs. Davidson belongs to a family early established in Canada. Her father, John Parsons, was born in England, while his wife, whose maiden name was Rose Fletcher, was a native of Ireland. She accompanied her parents to Canada when only eighteen and the family settled in Quebec. Later they moved to Montreal, where both Mr. and Mrs. Fletcher died. John Parsons and his wife settled on a farm at St. Henry, in the parish of St. Marthe, County Vaudreuil, and there they spent the rest of their lives. He died in 1898, while his wife had passed away Jan. 18, 1888. They belonged to the Methodist Church, and he was on its official board for many years. In politics he was a good Conservative.

ISAAC CROSBY, one of the best known and most highly esteemed citizens of Richmond Hill, Markham township, was for many years engaged in a mercantile business, and is also an ex-reeve of the village. He was born in Cumberland, England, Sept. 7, 1842, son of Parker and Mary (Holmes) Crosby, natives of that place, the former born in 1815, and the latter the following year.

Parker Crosby was the son of Isaac Crosby, who died in England. In 1844 Parker Crosby came to Canada, via New York, on a sailing vessel, being six weeks on the ocean. First locating in Toronto, he engaged in the mercantile business for a short time, and then removed to Eglinton, in North Toronto, and continued there for some few years in mercantile pursuits. Later Mr. and Mrs. Crosby removed to Aurora, Mr. Crosby opening a general store, which he continued until 1850, and in this year located at Thorn Hill, where he engaged in the mercantile business for three years, after which he moved to Richmond Hill, where he continued in the mercantile business until his retirement in 1869, his son becoming his successor. Mr. Parker Crosby spent the remainder of his life in Richmond Hill, and there died in December, 1901, his wife having passed away in March, 1890. They were consistent members of the Methodist Church. He was an active Conservative, although he never aspired to office. To Mr. and Mrs. Parker Crosby were born two children: a daughter who died in infancy; and Isaac.

Isaac Crosby received his education in the schools of County York, and when a boy engaged as a clerk in his father's store, and also worked on a farm owned by his father. In 1868 Mr. Crosby became owner and manager

of his father's mercantile business, continuing as a merchant in Richmond Hill until 1902, when he retired.

In 1868 Mr. Crosby married Miss Jennie Thompson, born in New York City, who died a few years later, leaving no family. Mr. Crosby married (second) Miss Jane E. Linfoot, born in County York, daughter of John Linfoot, who came from England to Canada previous to the time of the Rebellion. Mrs. Crosby died at the home in Richmond Hill in 1882, leaving one daughter, who died in childhood. In 1884 Mr. Crosby was married (third) to Miss Amy C. Hutchinson, born in Aurora, daughter of the late John Hutchinson of that place, and one son has been born to this union, Holmes P., born in 1890, a student of the High school of Richmond Hill. Since his retirement from the mercantile business, Mr. Crosby has lived at his father's old homestead, one of the finest brick residences in the village, engaged in looking after his farm interests. Mr. and Mrs. Crosby are connected with the Methodist Church, he being a trustee. Mr. Crosby has been very active in public matters, being a staunch Conservative, and has been a councilman of the town for a number of years, and a member of the board of education for a long period. In January, 1906, Mr. Crosby was elected reeve of the town and that position he filled until January, 1907, with great ability, and with satisfaction to his constituents. He is a firm adherent to prohibition principles. He is past master in the Masonic lodge at Richmond Hill, No. 23, one of the oldest lodges in Canada. He is also connected with the A.O.U.W., of Richmond Hill.

ROBERT JAMES, who died Jan. 22, 1888, on his farm, Lot 23, Concession 2, West York township, County York, was born in that county in 1840, a member of one of the pioneer families of the county, and son of William and Rebecca (Johnston) James.

William James was born in Ireland, and when a young man came to Canada with his father, Robert James, the founder of the family in Canada. Robert James settled in the bush in West York township, and there cleared up a fine farm, upon which he resided until his death. His son, William James, was a lifelong farmer in this township, on Concession 2, and died on his place there. He was twice married, having by his first union: Reuben, John, Mary, Joseph, Robert, Jennie, Rebecca and William—all born in West York township. Mr. James's second wife was Isabella Borday.

Robert James was educated in the public schools of his native place, and there grew to

manhood. He married Miss Milbro Carruthers, born in the Gore of Toronto, daughter of Robert and Ann Eliza (Jones) Carruthers, the former a native of Carlisle, and the latter of Herefordshire, England. He was a son of James Carruthers, the founder of the family in Canada, who on coming to Canada settled at Downsview, West York township, taking up a tract on Concession 3, where he engaged in farming until his death. He had children as follows: James and George, of County York; Elizabeth, deceased, who was the wife of C. W. Patton; Emma; Robert, of County York; Susan, deceased, who married Clark Goulding; Mrs. James, and Mary Ann.

After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. James settled on Lot 23, Concession 2, West York township, where they engaged in farming until Mr. James's death, in 1888. Their family consisted of four children: Isabella Lillian, Mabel, Clarence and H. J. In 1890 Mrs. James removed to Toronto and erected the home at No. 121 Lansdowne avenue east, where she has since resided. She and her family are attendants of the Methodist Church, while Mr. James was a Presbyterian. In political sympathies he was a Reformer.

HENRY A. TAYLOR, of No. 119 King street west, Toronto, with one exception the oldest draper in the city, is a worthy representative of an Irish family founded in Canada by Hugh Taylor, grandfather of Henry A.

Hugh Taylor was born in Ireland, and from that country emigrated to Erie, Pennsylvania, whence about 1850 he came to Toronto. In the latter city he followed the contracting business for some time prior to his death, in 1874, at the age of seventy-four years. Among his children was a son, Col. Robert F. Taylor, born in Erie, Pennsylvania, in 1826. On reaching his majority he settled in Rochester, New York, where for a number of years he was a well-known draper. At the outbreak of the American Rebellion he organized the first troop of cavalry for the Union army in that struggle, being the colonel thereof throughout the war of four and one-half years. For some time prior to 1861 Mr. Taylor was captain of the 54th Light Guards of Rochester, and also served under Zachary Taylor in the Mexican war. On the close of the Civil war he went to Titusville, Pa., where he engaged in the oil business until 1869, when he located in Toronto and established himself in the draper business in the "Rossin House." There he continued until 1879, when he went to Chicago, to take up the management of a large wholesale house, and that city was his home

until his death in 1896, both he and his wife being buried at Chiegao. The maiden name of Mrs. Taylor was Jane Alexander, daughter of the late Judge Alexander. Mr. and Mrs. Taylor had five children: Anson B., Nelson R., Charles M., Henry Alexander Taylor, and Harriet S.

Henry A. Taylor was born in Rochester, New York, in 1853, and there received his education. On coming to Toronto with his father he assisted him in his business until 1879, when, the father going to Chicago, Mr. Taylor embarked in the draper business on his own account where his father was established ten years before, and here he has continued to the present time, a period of nearly thirty years. In 1874 Mr. Taylor was married to Miss Elizabeth Kennedy, a native of Ireland. They have no children.

Mr. and Mrs. Taylor are members of the English Church. In politics he is independent. In the Masonic order, in which he has advanced to the Shrine, he has passed all of the chairs in the Blue Lodge and Preeceptory. He is also a member of the Grand Lodge of Masons of Canada, and in 1906 was elected Grand Senior Warden of the Grand Lodge of Canada. In addition, Mr. Taylor is a member of high standing of the I.O.O.F.

MRS. JAMES SILVER, a highly esteemed retired lady of Newmarket, Ont., was born in Sligo, Ireland, June 24, 1831, daughter of Thomas and Margaret (Abercrombie) Lyons.

Both parents of Mrs. Silver were born also in Sligo, Ireland, where they were reared and married. In 1833 the father, Thomas Lyons, started for Canada with wife and six children, making the voyage to Quebec on a sailing vessel. The family came to Toronto and then on to Newmarket in the same year. After looking about Mr. Lyons decided to open up a cooperage business here, although the place was then but sparsely settled. For a number of years he worked here at his trade and established a comfortable home, and then removed to Eden, County York, where he owned a farm, but he also continued to work at his trade until within a short time of his death in 1881. His wife survived until 1892. Both Thomas Lyons and wife were Presbyterians.

Mr. Lyons had a long military career. While still living in Ireland he was pressed into the British army, and he participated in the battle of Waterloo and in other important engagements. During the Canadian Rebellion he also served as a soldier. In politics he was a strong Conservative.

The children of Thomas Lyons and wife were:

Betsy, born in Ireland in 1825, was the wife of Michael Bowers, who settled at Amelia, Ont., and they had thirteen children; Andrew, born in 1826, in County York, where he died; Mary A., married to Isaac Crooks, of Newmarket, both now deceased; Melvina, born in Ireland, who married Robert George, of Buffalo, and both are deceased; Catherine, born in 1834, at Newmarket, wife of Daniel Donovan, formerly of Detroit, Michigan, who left a large family; and Margaret, who was the fifth member of her parents' family.

Mrs. Silver was mainly reared at Newmarket and there she was educated in the district schools. She grew to womanhood intelligent, attractive and amiable, and in 1848 she was united in marriage with the late James Silver.

James Silver was born in 1820, at Cameron, County York, a son of Timothy and Mary Silver. They had come to Canada as U. E. Loyalists, from the State of Pennsylvania. By trade James Silver was a painter. Mr. Silver acquired a large farm and also owned real estate in Queensville, County York, where he was residing at the time of his death, April 25, 1888. He was survived by his widow and one son, Isaac C., who was born at Sharon, County York, in May, 1849. The latter was given good educational opportunities and he learned his father's trade but never followed the business. In 1880 Isaac Silver embarked in the mercantile business at Newmarket until the time of his decease, Nov. 22, 1903. He is survived by his widow, formerly Miss Ella Peckham, daughter of Stephen Peckham.

The Silvers, both father and son, were men of most excellent business ability, and Isaac C. Silver was held in the highest esteem by his fellow-citizens for his sterling character and during his residence at Collingwood was elected mayor of that place. Like his father, Isaac Silver was identified with the Masonic fraternity. Mr. Silver left a large amount of real estate at Newmarket, where his mother also owns one of the most desirable of homes. She, as was her husband, is a member of the Christian Church.

JOSEPH BROWN, a highly esteemed retired business man, who was engaged in brick manufacturing for some time at Mt. Dennis, near Toronto Junction, has been a resident of the County of York for many years. The family is of English extraction, and was founded in Canada by John Brown, father of Joseph, born in Yorkshire, England, in 1814.

In his native country John Brown was married to Sarah Andrew, born in 1815. In 1849 the family came to Canada. The children were:

Joseph; William O., who is now proprietor of the "Brown Hotel," Toronto Junction; and John A., foreman for the General Electric Company, Peterborough, Ont. On coming to this country Mr. Brown settled at Bowmanville, and there engaged in tile making, placing in operation at that place, in 1851, the first machine for making tile ever used in Canada. This machine was made in Albany, New York, and was imported to Bowmanville by Mr. Brown, who received 100 pounds for putting it into operation. In 1856 John Brown removed his business to Todmorden, and there engaged in tile making until 1860, when he located at Mt. Dennis, near Toronto Junction, erecting a pottery and brick plant. Here he died in 1866, his wife passing away in 1894.

Joseph Brown was born in County Durham, England, in 1839, and after coming to this country learned the brick making and pottery business, being associated with his father for many years prior to 1866, at which time he took charge of the industry, which he conducted until 1885. At this time he gave his entire attention to the manufacture of brick, at which he continued engaged until his retirement in 1900. His sons, Joseph W., John A., and E. J., under the firm name of Brown Brothers, taking up the business.

In 1859 Joseph Brown was married to Margaret Shannon, born in Belfast, Ireland, in 1844, daughter of Robert Shannon, the founder of the Shannon family in Canada. To Mr. and Mrs. Brown have been born these children: Isabella, who married George W. Yallop, and has six children—Oliver, Lillie, Margaret, Hazel, Edgar and Alma; Margaret, wife of George Frost, and mother of four children, Grace, Lillian, Greeta and Helen; Alma, who married James Marshall, and has two children, Mabel and Gordon; Joseph W., who married Lizzie Walker; John A., who married Evelyn La Selles, and has four children, Joseph, Wilbert, Fred and Mabel; and E. J., who married Rose Roberts, and has three children, Maude, Alberta and Russell. The family are members of the English Church. Mr. Brown is a Reformer, and he has been connected fraternally with the I.O.O.F. since 1875.

JAMES SYKES, who passed away at his late residence, No. 14 Augusta avenue, Toronto, Feb. 25, 1905, was for many years a resident of that city. Mr. Sykes was born in Yorkshire, England, in 1830, son of John Sykes, who died in the old country.

James Sykes grew to manhood in his native country, and there received his education.

About 1850 he left England, and went to Pennsylvania, from which State he came to Toronto four years later. Mr. Sykes was a locomotive engineer by trade, and was for some time connected with the Good Foundry, taking their locomotives out to see that they were in perfect order, and also delivered them to customers. On leaving this situation Mr. Sykes became a locomotive engineer on the Northern railway, in which position he continued for some time. From there Mr. Sykes went into the sawmill business at Holland Landing, in which he was very successful for a number of years. He then retired from active work, and from that time until his death he lived a quiet life in Toronto. In 1873, Mr. Sykes built his late home, at No. 14 Augusta avenue, Toronto, and at his death was one of the oldest residents of that street.

In 1853, in Pennsylvania, Mr. Sykes married Miss Sarah Earp, born in Staffordshire, England, in 1833, daughter of William and Ann (Tandy) Earp, who settled in Pennsylvania many years ago. Mr. Earp was engaged in the rolling mill business at Scranton, and later removed to Danville, Pennsylvania, where he died, his wife also passing away there. Their children were: Mrs. Sykes; Jane, of Pennsylvania, who married George Camp; Emily, deceased, who married Henry Pittaway; Henry, deceased; William, deceased; and Rev. Samuel, of Oil City, Pennsylvania.

To Mr. and Mrs. Sykes were born three children: Emily, the wife of Henry Kelly, of Toronto, has three children, Edith, Elise and Lucy; W. J., of Toronto, married Ellen Banbury, and has seven children, Emily, Fred, Adeline, Arthur, Evelyn, Ethel and Reta; and Prof. Fred Henry, of Columbia University, New York City, married Louise Ryckman, and has two sons, Frederick and James. The family are members of the Church of England. Mr. Sykes was a Reformer in politics, and fraternally he was connected with the Masonic order.

GEORGE H. TOWNSLEY, a well-known brick manufacturer, of Carlton West, now known as Toronto Junction, enjoys the distinction of being the proprietor of the oldest brick plant in his section of the county, this plant having been founded by his father, George S. Townsley, who conducted it until 1902, when he retired from business operations. A full history of the Townsley family will be found in the sketch of George S. Townsley, on other pages of this publication.

George H. Townsley was born at Carlton West, York township, County York, Oct. 5,

1876, and received his education in the public schools. When about seventeen years of age he entered his father's brick manufacturing plant, there learning, step by step, every detail of the business. At the time of his father's retirement, in 1902, George H. took hold of the business, and he has conducted it to the present time with much success. He is energetic and enterprising, showing much good judgment and business ability in his handling of the industry, the output of which is from 2,500,000 to 3,000,000 brick annually, from twenty-five to thirty men being employed. In his political belief Mr. Townley is independent. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Church.

On Dec. 31, 1904, Mr. George H. Townsley was united in marriage with Miss Tillie May Schuett, born in Guelph, Ont., daughter of John and Tillie (Lehman) Schuett. Mrs. Townsley was the third child in her parents' family of seven, two of whom are deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Townsley have many warm friends in the vicinity of their home, on St. Clair avenue, Toronto Junction, where both families have resided for many years.

ROBERT W. BARKER, deceased. The Barker family is of English extraction and the first representative to settle in Canada was Dr. Edward John Barker, a distinguished journalist, father of the late Robert W. Barker.

Dr. Edward J. Barker was born at Islington, London, Dec. 31, 1799. In 1807 his parents removed to South Carolina, U.S.A., where the father later died. After that event Dr. Barker returned to England for his education, and eventually received his professional degree from the London College of Medicine. He secured a position as assistant physician on the sloop "Race Horse," and afterward became physician in charge. Dr. Barker next settled in East Smithfield, and practiced there for ten years, but in 1832 he came to Canada and settled in Kingston, Ont., where he first established himself as a physician, but later enlisted upon the journalistic career with which his name is chiefly associated. He was first editor of the Kingston *Spectator*, owned by Noble Palmer, but about 1837 he founded the *British Whig*, which was the first daily paper issued in Ontario. This he made one of the influential journals of the Dominion, and continued it until 1872, in which year he gave up journalism, and became registrar of Kingston, a position which he filled until his death in 1884. Dr. Barker was married to Miss Phillips, and to their union were born seven daughters and one son who grew to maturity.

Robert W. Barker was born in Kingston,

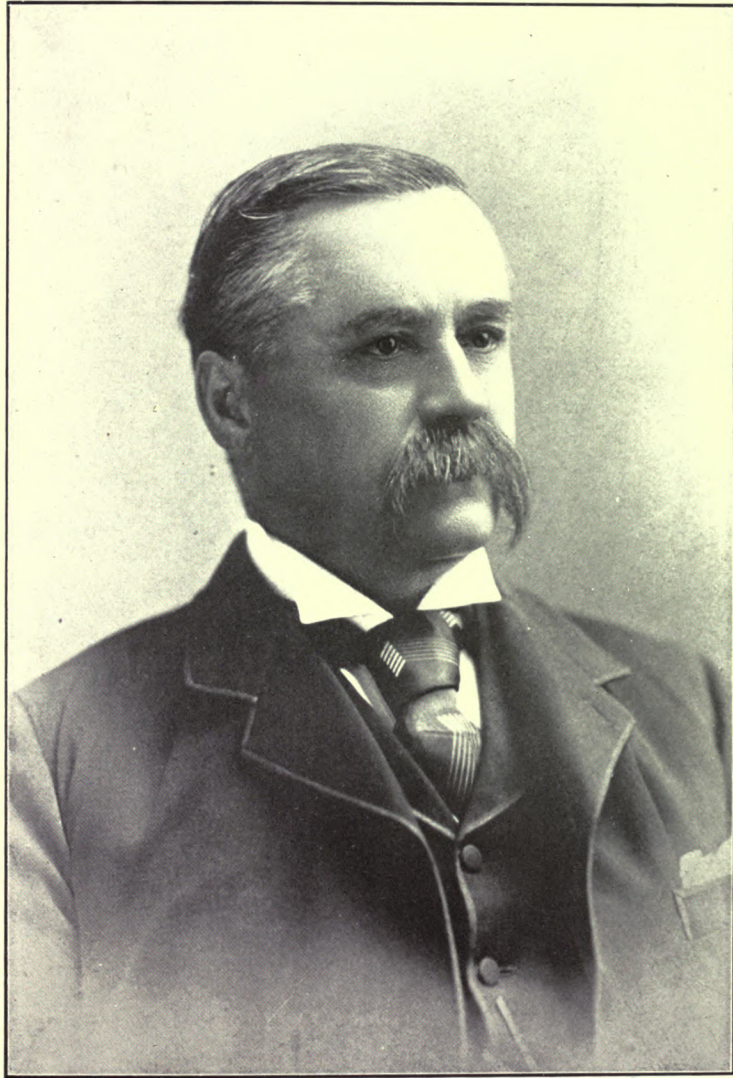
Ont., Jan. 13, 1839, and he was educated in the Kingston and Chatham grammar schools. When only eighteen years old, on March 27, 1857, he entered upon his lifelong connection with the post office service. Beginning as junior clerk he rose grade by grade, through third, second and first classes, until in 1870 he was promoted to an inspectorship. Ten years later he was transferred to the London district, and again in 1890 to the Toronto district. There he remained until at his own request he was placed on the superannuated list in October, 1897, after forty years of efficient service.

One incident in connection with his work in the post office is of sufficient interest to be put on record. A request came to him from the Chief of the Six Nations to arrange a daily mail from Onondaga to Oshweken, for the convenience of the Indians in that part. As the additional expense to be incurred would be slight, Mr. Barker advised that the request be granted, and in gratitude for this the Indian council appointed him a chief of the tribe. He was installed with due ceremony, and given the title of Karihondye or "Flying Message."

Aside from his official work Mr. Barker was everywhere actively identified with the life and interests of the city in which he was residing. A devout member of the Church of England, he was, while in Kingston, warden of St. Paul's Church, and from London was sent for many years as lay member from St. Paul's Cathedral to the Synod of Ontario. He also sang in the choir in London. A prominent member of St. George's Society, he was president of the Kingston branch in 1879, of the London branch in 1886-87, and secretary of the Toronto branch for the four years preceding his death, during which time he was also secretary of St. George's Hall. He was a pleasing vocalist, and was always ready to give his services at concerts and entertainments of benevolent character. He was skilled in marksmanship, one of his favorite recreations, and made notable scores at many target contests.

Mr. Barker was a very prominent Mason, and held orders as follows: W.M. of Tuscan Lodge (1895) A.F. & A.M., London; was elected to the chair of senior warden G.L.C., in 1895; and was a member of the Chapter, R.A.M., both in Kingston and London, besides attaining the fourteenth degree Scottish Rite. He also belonged to the Royal Arcanum.

On March 26, 1867, Robert W. Barker, of Kingston, and Miss Annie L. Simpson, of Montreal, were united in marriage. Mrs. Barker is a daughter of the late William Simpson, of Kingston, where he was a well-known merchant. Mrs. Simpson, who was Miss Catherine



R. M. Barker



Embury Fisher, was born in Quebec in August, 1819. Mr. Barker passed from this world Aug. 6, 1905, and the following sketch appeared in the next day's issue of the *Toronto Globe*:

"General regret will be felt at the death of Mr. R. W. Barker, for the past four years secretary of the St. George Society, and prominently known in Masonic circles throughout the Province. The sad event occurred at 7 o'clock yesterday evening at his residence, No. 327 St. George street. Mr. Barker had been ailing for some time, and on Monday last upon his return home from the office, had to take to his bed. He had an internal hemorrhage, and on Thursday lost consciousness, only once partially regaining it till death came. The deceased leaves a widow, three sons and a daughter. The sons are Capt. R. K. Barker and E. J. Barker, of Toronto; and W. D. P. Barker, of Kingston, Jamaica. The daughter is Mrs. Alan M. Jones, of Winnipeg. There will be a short service at the house at 11 o'clock this morning, after which the body will be taken to Kingston. A service will be held there at 2 o'clock to-morrow afternoon in St. Paul's Church, in which the late Mr. Barker was formerly choir-master and church warden. The body will be buried next to that of Mr. Barker's father, the late Dr. Barker, in Catarauqui cemetery."

THOMAS ARMSTRONG, who departed this life Dec. 13, 1901, was one of the well-known and highly esteemed citizens of Toronto. Mr. Armstrong was born in Newcastleton, Scotland, in 1837, and there received his literary training and learned the merchant tailoring business.

In 1855 Mr. Armstrong went to New York City, where he remained two years, and then returned to Scotland for a visit, whence he came to Toronto, engaging in the merchant tailoring business with Mr. E. Stovel, under the firm name of Stovel & Armstrong. He was a member of the militia and served with the volunteers during the Fenian Raid.

Mr. Armstrong married Miss Elizabeth Sanders, daughter of Andrew Sanders. Mr. Armstrong was for over forty-five years a pew holder in the Knox Presbyterian Church, in which he was for many years an elder. In his death Toronto lost one of her most highly esteemed citizens and the church one of its staunchest advocates.

EMERSON COATSWORTH (deceased). Probably no man was better known in Toronto than the late Emerson Coatsworth, who passed away at his residence, No. 296 Parliament street, May 8, 1903. Mr. Coatsworth was a son

of John and Hester Coatsworth, the former of whom died in England, after which the mother, with her four children, came to Canada, settling at St. Catharines.

Emerson Coatsworth grew to maturity in Canada, and when yet a young man settled in Toronto, where for a number of years he was extensively engaged in contracting and building. While thus engaged he was elected alderman, serving in that capacity for several terms. Later Mr. Coatsworth was appointed city commissioner, a position he ably filled up to the time of his death. In all his business and public career Mr. Coatsworth was known for his strict integrity in all dealings, and while a public official, held the best interests of the city at heart, performing his duties to the satisfaction of the public and with credit to himself. Mr. Coatsworth built a large number of residences, including his own home, where he lived for many years.

Mr. Coatsworth was twice married, his first wife being Janet Taylor, and to his union with her were born: John, of Omaha, Nebraska; Emmeline, the wife of John Bright; Emerson, a barrister of Toronto, and a member of the city council; Dr. Richard, of Toronto; and Nettie. Mrs. William Ramsay, of North-West Territories. After the mother of these children died, Mr. Coatsworth married (second) Margaret Humphreys, born in Ireland in 1833, daughter of Charles and Mary Humphreys, natives of Ireland, in which country Mr. Humphreys died. In 1847 his widow and her family, two sons—William and Christopher—and two daughters—Elizabeth and Margaret—came to Canada. Of this family Mrs. Coatsworth is the only survivor. One son was born to Mr. Coatsworth's second marriage, Charles E., a well-known merchant of Parliament street, Toronto.

Mr. Coatsworth was an active member of the Methodist Church for many years. In politics he was a Conservative.

J. A. SIMMERS. Among the pioneers in business enterprise in Toronto was the late J. A. Simmers, who established one of the first seed houses in the city, and also led the way in the cultivation of seeds for sale. Mr. Simmers was born in Torgau, Germany, in 1826, and his boyhood and youth were passed in that country. From the age of ten or twelve he fought the battle of life for himself.

From Germany Mr. Simmers first went to Ghent, Belgium, and engaged in horticultural work, becoming meantime proficient in the French language. Later he moved to London, and while in England became a professional gardener, a line of work held in much respect,

as a man must be of considerable ability to fill such a position there. In 1852 Mr. Simmers came to Canada, and locating first in Montreal began search for work in his chosen line. His residence in London, England, where he had also given German lessons for English lessons, had given him full command of the English language, and thus he was not hampered along that line in establishing himself in the new country. Attired like an English gentleman with silk hat and gloves, Mr. Simmers first called on a Mrs. Molson, a member of the family which founded Molson's Bank, who desired a gardener. It happened to be the winter season, and, as there was no work apparently for a gardener at that season, Mr. Simmers asked what his duties would be during that part of the year. On learning that they would include taking care of the cows and managing the furnace, he speedily decided that a gardener's position in Canada was not the one for him to occupy. He secured employment with a Mr. Shepherd, a seedman and nurseryman in Montreal, with whom he remained until 1854, at which date Mr. Simmers went to Toronto and worked for Mr. George Leslie, a nurseryman located on Queen street. Very soon, however, he concluded to go into the business on his own account, and in 1856 he founded the establishment which has now grown to such proportions; it is the oldest business house in Toronto, which has remained in the immediate family of the man who started it.

Mr. Simmers was located first at the corner of Front street and West Market place, but in 1867, he moved to No. 96 Front street east, and again in 1876 to No. 147 King street east, where the business is still carried on. About the time of this last removal, his son, Anton, became associated with his father. After the latter's death, in 1883, his widow, who was administratrix of the estate, carried on the business until the youngest child came of age, and then the two sons, Anton and Hermann, assumed its management. In 1893 they purchased property at No. 149 King street east, added two more floors to it, and thus much more than doubled their former capacity. In 1898 they added the houses on either side, so that now the establishment extends from No. 143 to No. 151, inclusive. Some idea of the growth of the house since it was founded may be gained from the fact that while Mr. Simmers first employed three or four men, they now employ from seventy to eighty.

Mr. Simmers was not only the first man in Toronto to sell seeds, but he was likewise the first there to cultivate seeds for sale. About 1863 he rented a piece of land on Avenue road,

and engaged there in cultivating plants for seed until 1870, when he bought six acres of land at Summerhill avenue and Yonge street, and carried on his operations on a much larger scale. On this tract Mr. Simmers built his own residence, now occupied by his son, Anton, while adjacent to it Mr. Hermann Simmers erected his handsome brick home in 1896. In addition to the seeds raised in Toronto, the house receives them from all over the world, obtaining specially fine qualities from the location best adapted to any given plant. The business is carried on on both a wholesale and retail basis, being one of the largest in the Dominion of Canada, while the name of J. A. Simmers has been known not only all over Canada and the United States, but in Europe as well. In addition to his reputation as a seedsman, Mr. Simmers was also widely known as the German consul for Ontario, being the first man to hold that office, a position which he filled at the time of his death. In this connection he was, in 1880, made a Knight of the Crown, a well deserved honor and one due to him for his faithful and wise services in that capacity.

In 1856 J. A. Simmers married Miss Matilda Pfaff, who was born in Germany, daughter of Anton Pfaff. Mr. Pfaff came to Toronto in 1828, and engaged in making clocks, which he sold throughout the surrounding country. He and his wife both died in Toronto, the parents of the following children: Matilda; Josephine, Mrs. James Smith, of Toronto; Margaret, Mrs. Arthur Coulson, of Toronto; Helena, deceased wife of John Hill; Carrie, Mrs. William Cable, of Toronto; and Charlotte, Mrs. Davis, also of Toronto. To the union of Mr. and Mrs. Simmers there were born a family of two daughters and two sons: (1) Charlotte, the eldest, died at the age of nineteen. (2) Augusta is the wife of T. C. Elgie. (3) Anton was born in Toronto in 1862, was educated in that city, and when he was old enough went into his father's establishment, of which he is now one of the heads. He married Miss Florence Jackes, and has five children, Joseph, Victor, Rupert, Charlotte and Otto. Religiously he is a member of the Anglican Church. (4) Hermann.

HERMANN SIMMERS, youngest child of J. A. Simmers, was born in Toronto, in 1863, attended school there, and since his majority has been in the seed business with his brother. In 1896 he married Miss Amy Smith, daughter of James Smith, an early settler in Toronto. They belong to the German Lutheran Church, and in that as well as in several various organizations, Mr. Simmers is prominent. He is a member of the Commercial Travellers, of the Toronto Gardeners' and Florists' Club, is a

director of the Toronto Horticultural Society, a member of the Canadian Horticultural Society, life member of the Liederkrantz, and director of the Deutscher Verein. Both Anton and Hermann Simmers have proven themselves able successors of their father and are in the foremost rank of Toronto's business men.

ARTHUR W. EVANS, proprietor of the "New Royal Hotel," at Newmarket, County York, is one of the best known residents of that place. Mr. Evans was born in East Gwillimbury, Dec. 23, 1859, son of Arthur W. and Emily Graham Evans.

Arthur W. Evans, Sr., was also born in East Gwillimbury, in 1811, son of John Evans, who came from Albany, New York, at an early date. Emily Graham, our subject's mother, was born at the same place as her husband, in 1822, daughter of Richard and Mary Graham, who came from Albany, New York, to Canada, in 1801. Richard Graham was a soldier of the war of 1812, and after that struggle returned to East Gwillimbury, County York, where he engaged in farming. He and his wife had four children: (1) Harvey settled for a time in Canada, spending most of his life in East Gwillimbury. Some years ago he moved to Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan, where he lived a few years, and afterwards died while on a visit at his son's in Seattle, Washington. (2) Nelson married and moved to New York State, many years later returning to Coldwater, where he died. (3) Mary married John Dunham, who died leaving one daughter, Mary Dunham; she married (second) John Fletcher, who settled and died in East Gwillimbury, as did his wife, and they left one daughter, Sarah, now Mrs. Henderson, of Toronto. (4) Emily, mother of our subject, in 1842 married Arthur W. Evans, Sr., and settled on the homestead. Mrs. Evans was a very well educated woman and taught school for a number of years in County York before her marriage. After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Evans lived at the homestead cleared up by Mr. Evans' father, and here he died in 1866. Mrs. Evans residing for a few years at the home, after which she left the farm to live with her children, with whom she died in 1872. Mr. and Mrs. Evans were connected with the English Church, and had a family of six children, five of whom were daughters, the only son being our subject. The daughters were: Cecelia Evans, born at the old home in 1850, married John McMillan, of North Gwillimbury, a successful farmer of that section, and died in 1893, leaving children, Addie, John (deceased), Archie (deceased), Ross and Bruce; Alma

L., born in 1853, married Dr. Benjamin Kitley, a resident and veterinary surgeon formerly of Sharon, now of Welland, and has two children, May and Frederick; Angeline, born in 1855, married Silas Travis, a resident of East Gwillimbury, where Mrs. Travis died in 1899, leaving two sons, Walter and Ira; Mary L., born in 1857, is the wife of James Boag, a farmer of East Gwillimbury, who died leaving two children, Norman (deceased) and Angus; and Emily, born in 1860, resides at the home of her sister, Mrs. Travis.

Arthur W. Evans grew to manhood in County York, and after his father's death his mother removed to Sharon, in East Gwillimbury, where he received his education. He was a natural mechanic, and for some years worked at carpentering and cabinet work, taking up the work of undertaking and the furniture business, at Newmarket in 1885, and continuing therein three years.

In 1887 Arthur W. Evans married Miss Margaret Evans, born in East Gwillimbury, daughter of John and Betsy (Arburthnott) Evans. John Evans was born in Wales in 1803, son of David Evans, who came to Canada the following year, having located first in Albany, New York. Having reached Canada he settled in East Gwillimbury, where he died leaving children as follows: John, James, William and David, all deceased except David, who still lives at that place. John Evans, of this family, married Betsy Arburthnott, born in County York in 1822, second daughter of Hon. Alexander and Jane Arburthnott, who came from Scotland among the early pioneers of this county, and whose other children were: John, deceased; Isabell, who married Samuel Douglas, now deceased; Margaret, who married John Stringer; and Jane, who married David Evans, all of whom lived in East Gwillimbury except Margaret, who a number of years ago moved to Chatham. [A full history of the Hon. Alexander Arburthnott will be found in the Peerage of Scotland, B. 16, Jan. 1778.] John Evans cleared up a home in East Gwillimbury, where he spent his life as a farmer. He erected a fine brick house in which he died in 1865, while his widow, who died in 1901, spent nearly all of the rest of her life there. They were connected with the English Church, and among the founders of the church in this section. Their children were: Walter, died unmarried in British Columbia, in November, 1900; Thomas married Miss Sarah J. Johnston, deceased, of County York, and now resides in Scott Township, where he is engaged at farming, and has six children—Joseph, Cora, Hugh, Betsy, John and Walter; Hugh, born at the

old homestead, married (first) Miss Sarah J. Wilson, of County York, and she bore him six children—Ida, Martha, Maggie, Maud, Bertha and William, and he married (second) Jane Wregitt, of County York, and now resides in Whitechurch township, having three sons by his last wife; Agnes, the wife of Reuben Wilson, of Toronto, had this family. Walter, Robert, William, Burton, Annie, Emma and Harvey; Mary, the wife of Frank Wasley, a hotel man of Gravenhurst, has a son and a daughter—William (manager of the Muskoka Navigation Company) and Edith (the widow of Edward Fletcher, of Gravenhurst, has three children, Frank, William and Lyle); Frank, married (first) Lizzie Armitage, of Markham, and they resided on Muskoka Lake, having one son, Adolphus Evans; and Mrs. Evans.

Mrs. Evans, wife of our subject, was educated in the schools of Newmarket. In 1887 she married Mr. Evans and they settled for one year in Detroit, where Mr. Evans was engaged in business. In 1888 they returned to East Gwillimbury, and there he engaged in farming for three years, after which he sold out his property and embarked in the hotel business in Newmarket, he and his wife purchasing the "New Royal Hotel." Since 1891 they have been successfully engaged in this business, and he has thoroughly rebuilt and renovated the hostelry since taking possession. It is a large, three-story brick building, containing every modern improvement, including electric lights, hot and cold water, bath rooms and lavatories, and is one of the leading hotels of the town. He has erected large barns and stables, and in addition owns one of the fine cottages at Lake Simcoe, where he and his family spend the summer months.

Two daughters have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Evans: Margery and Geraldine, both students at the Newmarket schools. Mr. Evans is a warm supporter of the Reform party. In his religious affiliations he is connected with the Presbyterian Church.

W. II. LEE, one of the rising young business men of Toronto, is the owner of one of the finest drug stores, not alone in the Queen City, but in all Canada. His place of business is located at the "King Edward Hotel," and was established by Mr. Lee in August, 1903, in connection he also conducts a similar business at the corner of Wellesley and Church streets, and at Avenue road and Macpherson avenue.

Mr. Lee is descended from one of the pioneer families of Toronto, or Muddy York, as it was called when his grandfather settled there. Mr. Lee is a native of the Queen City, where he was

born in June, 1873. After completing his literary training in his native city, he took up the study of pharmacy with his father. In 1894 he entered the Toronto College of Pharmacy, from which institution he was graduated with a gold medal in 1895. The next three years were spent with his father in the drug business, and in 1898 Mr. Lee embarked as a pharmaceutical chemist on his own account, trading at the corner of Wellesley and Church streets, where he still conducts a first-class drug business. Mr. Lee's later ventures have proven successful and are acknowledged to be of the best of the kind in the country.

In 1898 Mr. W. H. Lee was united in marriage with Miss Olive Scanlon, a native of Bradford and a daughter of Mark Scanlon, one of Ontario's most prominent barristers, and to this union have come two daughters, born in Toronto, Margaret in October, 1899, and Elizabeth in April, 1906. Mr. and Mrs. Lee are members of St. Paul's English Church. He is a Conservative in politics. The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Lee are sure of a cordial welcome at their pleasant home at No. 22 Crescent Road.

ARCHIBALD GILCHRIST, a florist and fern specialist of Toronto Junction, and a well-known resident of the locality, is a descendant of an ancient and honored clan in the Highlands of Scotland, in which country many of the name are to be found to-day.

The Gilchrist family was founded in Canada by Archibald Gilchrist, who was born in the Stonehouse, Lanarkshire, Scotland, in 1843, son of Robert and Margaret (Ferguson) Gilchrist, the latter a granddaughter of a Ferguson who came from the Highlands with Prince Charlie. Robert Gilchrist was for some time a gardener for Sir James Stuart, of Coultness House, Lanarkshire, Scotland. He subsequently embarked in the same business for himself at Airdrie, where he died in 1870; his wife passed away in 1843. Their children were: Archibald; James, of Guelph; Matthew, of Pittston, Pennsylvania; Thomas; Robert; John; Andrew; Jane; Margaret; and Isabella.

Archibald Gilchrist grew to manhood in his native land, and with his father learned the gardening business. He came to Canada in 1868, locating at Guelph, where he and his brother, James, were engaged as florists and gardeners for eighteen years. At the end of this time, after disposing of his interests at Guelph, Archibald Gilchrist came to Toronto Junction, and built his first greenhouse with a glass area of 25,000 square feet, and here he grows the finest specimens of ferns, specializing therein, with cut flowers as a side line. Although he

carries on both a retail and wholesale business, the latter is the one to which he gives the greater part of his attention. His home and greenhouse are situated on the west side of Elizabeth street, both the buildings having been built by him.

In 1870 Mr. Gilchrist was married to Miss Isabell Moffatt, daughter of a well-known agriculturist of County Halton, Ont., after whom Moffatt post office was named. Mr. and Mrs. Gilchrist have had one son, who died in infancy. They attend the Presbyterian Church. In his political views Mr. Gilchrist is a Reformer.

GEORGE THOMAS, who died in Aurora, County York, in 1890, was born April 16, 1833, son of Henry and Anne (Horne) Thomas, natives of Yorkshire, England, who came to Canada in 1848, settling in Whitchurch township, County York, where Mr. Thomas engaged in farming until his death in 1865, aged seventy-three years. His widow survived until 1903, when she passed away in Markham township, aged eighty-four years.

George Thomas, son of Henry, on reaching his majority, engaged in farming in Whitchurch township, County York, for a number of years. On retiring from active life he settled in Aurora, where he lived retired until his death. Mr. Thomas married Miss Rebecca Brillinger, born in Whitchurch township, daughter of Andrew and Lydia (Baker) Brillinger, who came from Pennsylvania to Canada when young people, and were there married. Their parents also came to Canada and settled in the same locality. To Mr. and Mrs. George Thomas were born the following children. Alice, deceased, married Jacob White, and left two children, Wilmot and Delilah; Miss Lydia Ann, at home; May Elizabeth, who married Victor Bassingthwaite, of Vaughan township, County York, and has one daughter, Vera; Sarah, widow of Christopher Dale, of Toronto, and mother of three children, Clarence, George and Verue; Harriet, the wife of Henry M——, has one son, William; Wilfred and Nettie B., of Toronto; and George, deceased. Mr. Thomas was a Methodist in religion, and a staunch Conservative in political principle. In 1894 Mrs. Thomas and her unmarried daughters settled in Toronto, and in 1902 purchased their home at No. 33 Elm Grove.

JOSEPH TOMLINSON (deceased). Among the well-known business men of Toronto, was the late Joseph Tomlinson, who passed away at his residence, No. 37 Wellesley street, Dec.

5, 1903. Mr. Tomlinson was born in Glasgow, Scotland, in 1863, son of Thomas and Sarah Tomlinson, the former a well-known foundryman of the city, in which he settled in 1867.

Joseph Tomlinson was educated in the schools of Toronto, after which he engaged with his father in the foundry business, under the firm name of T. Tomlinson & Son. In this business connection he continued until his death. In 1903, Mr. Tomlinson married a Miss Mutton, born in Toronto, daughter of the late Samuel S. Mutton, for many years a well-known lumber merchant of the city. In 1889 Mr. Mutton settled in Chicago, where he engaged in the real estate business until his death in 1900.

After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Tomlinson settled in Toronto, where his business life was spent. He was a member of the Board of Trade of the city for some time, and a prominent fraternity man, being connected with the leading fraternal orders of the city. In politics he was a Conservative. In religion Mr. Tomlinson was connected with the old St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church.

SAMUEL LEE HUNT, for many years a member of Her Majesty's Army, and a public official at Toronto, died in San Francisco, California, in 1893. Mr. Hunt was born in 1842 on King street west, Toronto, near where the Princess Theatre now stands, and was the son of John and Catherine (Hunt) Lee, early settlers of Toronto, the former a native of Ireland, and the latter of England. He assumed his mother's maiden name of Hunt upon entering the army. He was educated at Upper Canada College, and when a very young man enlisted in the 100th Regiment of Her Majesty's Army, in which he served for twenty-one years, twice seeing service in India. For twelve years he served in the capacity of steward at Netley Hospital, England. On being discharged, in 1879, Mr. Hunt returned to his native city, and became a dispenser of medicines, having learned the druggist's trade in his youth. He remained at the Asylum in this position for some time, and then accepted the position of guard at the Central Prison, in which capacity he served until obliged by failing health to resign and go West for his health, and it was while on this trip that his death occurred.

In 1883, in Toronto, Mr. Hunt married Margaret McFarland, who was born in Ireland in 1854, daughter of William and Susanna (Clemens) McFarland. Mr. and Mrs. McFarland came to Canada in 1871, settling in the County of York, on a farm, and there Mr. McFarland

died ten years later. His widow, who still survives, resides on the farm.

To Mr. and Mrs. Hunt were born four children, as follows: William, deceased; Cordelia Lee; Samuel, and Thomas Clemens. In 1893 Mrs. Hunt embarked in the crockery business at No. 103 Dundas street, Toronto, and she has continued therein to the present time, proving herself a very capable business woman. In religious matters she is connected with the Presbyterian Church. Mr. Hunt was a Reformer in political faith.

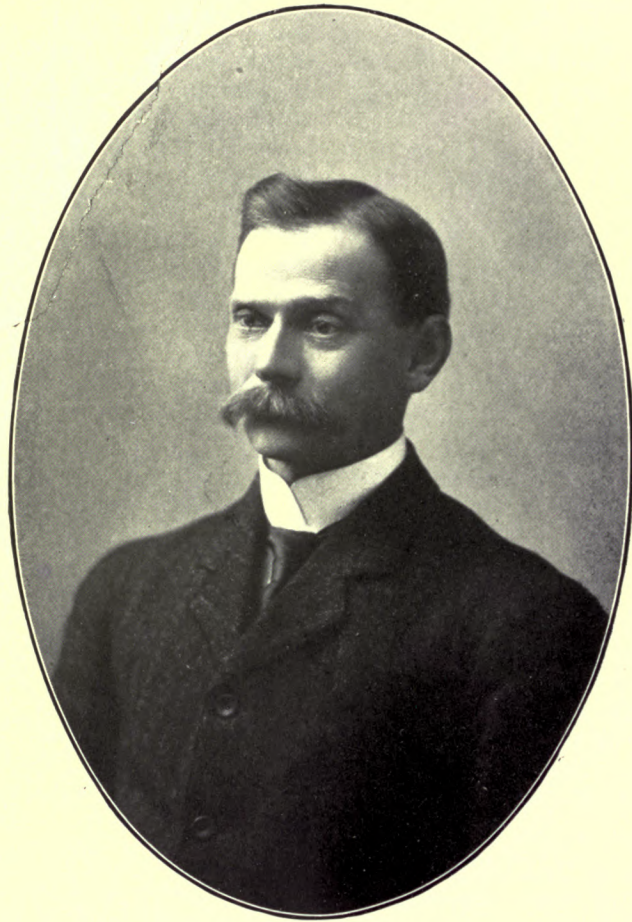
ARTEMUS HAMBLETON. In the early days of the nineteenth century, when sturdy and courageous pioneers were beginning in every direction to open up the hitherto almost unbroken wilderness in what is now the County of York, Ont., there were many emigrants from the State of Pennsylvania, who preferred to find a home under the British flag rather than remain in the newly independent United States. Among these were the founders of the Hambleton family in Canada, Charles and Margaret (Penrose) Hambleton, whose name is now borne by a number of worthy descendants who have helped to make the County of York what it is to-day.

Charles and Margaret Hambleton were both born in Bucks County, Pennsylvania, he in 1795, she in 1800. They came to King township in an early day and taking up land in the heart of the wilderness, prepared to make their permanent home there. There all their active days were spent, but in his old age Charles Hambleton, after the death of his wife, moved to the present Hambleton homestead, the home of one of his sons, and there died, Feb. 19, 1877. The date of his wife's death was Nov. 18, 1861. The children born to them were as follows: Hannah, born Aug. 21, 1818, is the wife of William Walton, of King township, and the mother of a family; Louisa A., born Sept. 8, 1819, is the wife of Samuel Proctor, of Drayton, Ont.; Eli, born in 1820, married Miss Hannah Allen, had a family of six children, and died at his home in Drayton in 1871; Clarkson; Watson, born September, 1823, married Miss Rhoda Haight, and lived and died at Drayton, leaving no children; Mercy A., born November, 1825, died unmarried Aug. 30, 1861; and Charles, born June, 1834, married Miss Rebecca Lokard, of King township, removed to the United States and there died, leaving a family of eight children.

Clarkson Hambleton was born in County York in February, 1822, and spent his boyhood like the usual farmer's son of that day, working on the farm and attending the district schools. In February, 1850, he married Miss Martha

Watson, who was born in King township in 1829, and the young couple made their home for four years with his parents. At the end of that time he bought land in Concession 5, and settled there. He put up large frame buildings, cleared up a goodly portion of his farm and made the place very profitable. He died there in December, 1892, but his wife still occupies her old home, with her son Alfred to care for her. Mr. Hambleton and his wife both held to the faith of their forefathers, who had been Quakers. Nine children were born to them. (1) Artemus was the oldest. (2) Eli W., born in August, 1853, was married Feb. 5, 1879, to Miss Mary H. Brown, and they have one son, Wilbert A. They live in Newmarket where the father is a carpenter. (3) Rachel A., born Oct. 11, 1855, is the wife of W. C. Thomas, a general merchant of Aurora, and has one daughter, Myrtle M. (4) Almeda, born October, 1857, married in 1885, Michael F. Norris, a carriage and wagon manufacturer of Gladstone, County Wellington. Their four children are Cecil, Howard, Edna and Margery. (5) Mary E., born March 29, 1860, married William Aull, of Davisville, near Toronto, and has two daughters, Mabel and Vera. (6) John A., born Oct. 14, 1863, married Miss Margery Webb, of King township, and lives at Mooseman, N.W.T. They have an adopted daughter, Margery M. (7) Alfred, born October, 1867, married Miss Sarah Lemon, now deceased. With his only daughter, Ruth, he makes his home with his mother. (8) Albert, twin brother to Alfred, married Miss Jean Walton, of Toronto, and had one son, Ernest A. The father was a clerk in a mercantile house at Brandon and died in that city, Sept. 27, 1900. (9) Sarah E., born July 9, 1870, died July 7, 1885.

Artemus Hambleton was born at the homestead July 22, 1851, and remained at home till his marriage, when he moved to the farm he still occupies, in Concession 5, Lot 28, adjoining his father's old place, property his father had previously purchased. He has introduced many improvements on his farm, and has made it very productive, so that he ranks among the substantial men of the county. Mr. Hambleton and his family are all connected with the Methodist Church and are active in its work. He himself has long been a trustee, has filled the office of Sabbath-school superintendent for a number of years and been generally prominent in the church work, while his wife has been a teacher in the Sunday-school. In politics he, as well as his sons, are all supporters of the old Grit party. Mr. Hambleton has taken some share in public life, has served as collec-



John Alexander,

tor and been one of the trustees of the school board for a long time. They also belong to the Sons of Temperance, a cause in which they are much interested. Artemus Hambleton is one of the strong men of the locality, whose influence is always found on the side of right and progress and stand high in the esteem of the community.

On March 10, 1875, Artemus Hambleton was united in marriage to Miss Arvilla Stephens, who was a native of King township, born in January, 1852. Two sons and a daughter have been born to them. The oldest son, Herbert O., born Oct. 5, 1878, was educated in the township schools and the Aurora high school. After his graduation he taught in the district schools a few years and now has a teacher's position in the Northwest Territory. He married Miss Muriel Sharp, of King township. The second son, Walter, born Jan. 10, 188 , was educated in the home schools and now is managing his father's farm. Ethel L., born Feb. 22, 188 , is also at home.

Mrs. Hambleton was a daughter of Reuben J. and Lucretia (Davis) Stephens, a pioneer family of County York. He was born in Whitchurch township in 1821, and his wife in King township in 1822, the daughter of Thomas and Ruth Davis. Her parents were of Welsh descent, and came to Canada from Bucks County, Pennsylvania. Reuben Stephens and his wife settled on a farm in Concession 4, where he died, leaving four children, viz.: Melville, a farmer in King township, with a wife and family; Silas, residing on his father's farm, with his wife and only child; Arvilla, Mrs. Hambleton; and Emma, who married Richard Burling, of Milton, Ont., and has two children.

JOHN ALEXANDER, the president, owner and proprietor of the Alexander Engraving Company, of Toronto, was born in 1865, in Montreal, son of Rev. John and Annie B. (Collard) Alexander. He is of Scotch extraction, and the family was founded in Toronto by his father, Rev. John Alexander, who was born in Quebec, in the year 1828, son of John Alexander, a native of Scotland.

Mr. Alexander received his education in the Brantford public schools and the Brockville grammar school. In Brockville he began work with George H. Weatherhead, in the insurance business, working for four dollars per month, and from that position he went to Frank Fairbairn's crockery store, where he worked two years. On Jan. 1, 1884, Mr. Alexander located in Toronto, obtaining a position with John W. Cowan & Co., in the tea, coffee and cocoa business, in which he remained for five years. On

April 1, 1889, he bought a half interest with Isaac F. Moore in the Canadian Photo Engraving Bureau, which had been established by Mr. Moore about six months before. This partnership continued until 1901, when Mr. Alexander bought out his partner's interest and changed the name of the firm from Moore & Alexander (which name had replaced the original one) to the Alexander Engraving Company, which has grown to be one of the largest engraving houses in Canada.

The large business of which Mr. Alexander is now the head, was formerly located at No. 203 Yonge street, in 1893 being removed to its present location, No. 16 Adelaide west. Here are done all lines of photo engraving, as well as designing and drawing, and under Mr. Alexander's personal management the business has become very successful, being regarded as one of the financially strong concerns of the city of Toronto.

In 1888 Mr. Alexander was married to Miss Jessie Wadsworth, daughter of Joseph Wadsworth, of Guelph, and two children have come to this union: Irene, born in Toronto Feb. 11, 1889; and John, born in Toronto, June 26, 1897. Mr. Alexander is a member of the Baptist Church. In political opinion he is a Reformer. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity and of the A.O.U.W.

GEORGE ALLIN, one of the enterprising young business men of the County of York, who is engaged as a wholesale florist at No. 400 Elizabeth street, Toronto Junction, was born in 1880, in Bowmanville, son of James and Hannah Elizabeth (Moon) Allin, and grandson of William and Ann Allin.

William Allin was born in 1796 in Devonshire, England, and there married Ann Bambery. They came to Canada in 1845, settling at Hampton, where Mr. Allin cleared a farm from the bush and there spent the remainder of his life. He died in November, 1877, when eighty-one years of age. His first wife, Ann (Bambery), died July 14, 1860, aged fifty-one, the mother of these children: William, Samuel, Daniel, John and James. After the death of his first wife Mr. Allin married Mrs. Wakley, a widow, and to this union were born: Fred, Wesley and Lewis.

James Allin, son of William, was born in Devonshire, England, Oct. 27, 1843, and was but two years old when his parents came to Canada. Here he grew to manhood and for some time was engaged in farming, but later engaged in the gardening business, in which he is still interested at Bowmanville. He married Hannah Elizabeth Moon, who was born in

1840, daughter of Robert and Elizabeth (Jackson) Moon, pioneer settlers of Clarke township, in the County of Durham. To this union were born children as follows: Charlotte Ann, deceased; Parmenos, a prosperous farmer of the Northwest; Frank, of Toronto; Annie, the wife of George Palmer; Rachel, the wife of Thomas Richards, of Bowmanville; Alberta Victoria Jane, wife of Fred. Wilson; Albert, deceased; and George.

George Allin grew to manhood in Bowmanville, and there received his education. After leaving school he learned the gardening business, having always cherished a desire to be a grower of flowers, and for some time before building his present place on Elizabeth street he worked for the late John L. Cook, of Toronto Junction, having charge of his private greenhouse. There he laid the foundation for his present occupation, and in 1900, when he had laid by sufficient means to warrant the venture, he started out on his own account, purchasing land at No. 400 Elizabeth street, where he built his present home and greenhouse. He began with a small room, 10x10 feet, and his first greenhouse was only 16x45 feet, to which he has added until he now has 25,000 square feet of glass. He makes a specialty of roses and carnations for the wholesale trade, producing the finest specimens to be found on the market. Mr. Allin is energetic and enterprising, what might be called a "hus-tler," and is bound to succeed.

In 1902 Mr. Allin was married to Miss Gert-rude Eliza Gregg, daughter of Alfred and Ann (Petherick) Gregg, and by this union there is one son, Alfred James, born at Toronto Junction, Nov. 1, 1903. The family are Methodists. In his politics Mr. Allin is a Conservative. He is fraternally connected with the I.O.F., and is a member of the Gardeners' and Florists' Association.

JOSEPH JENNINGS, a well-known florist located at No. 43 Ritchie avenue, Toronto, is a native of England, born in 1854. His father, Charles Jennings, came from Cheltenham, in Gloucester, England, and married Sarah Chapman, who was born in Kingswood, about twenty miles from Bristol, where her father, William Chapman, carried on the manufacture of cloth, which he sent to the Bristol market. Charles Chapman was also a cloth manufacturer. He and his wife both died in Leeds, England. Three of their sons, Charles, Thomas and Joseph, came to Canada.

On arriving in Canada in May, 1884, Joseph Jennings stopped for a time in Toronto before going to the Northwest, and thence to the Unit-

ed States, where he filled various positions in different cities. Returning to Toronto, he embarked in the florist business here in April, 1890, as a grower of plants and flowers. His glass area, at the first place, on Concord avenue, comprised about 5,000 feet. He remained there for thirteen years, at the end of which time he built his present greenhouse, which has an area of 9,000 square feet, and here he has given his entire attention to the growing of cut flowers for the wholesale trade, abandoning plant cultivation entirely.

In 1896 Mr. Jennings was married to Miss Runette Berthea Hunt, who was born in Toronto in 1870, daughter of William and Mary Ann (Shaw) Hunt, and granddaughter of Joseph Hunt, who was a pioneer on the bush land in King township, where he cleared up a farm from the wilderness. Mr. and Mrs. Jennings have become the parents of four children, namely: Leah, Arthur, Vera and Berthea. In his religious belief Mr. Jennings is a Congregationalist, while his wife was formerly a member and consistent attendant of the Baptist Church. His political views make him a Reformer.

SETH ARMITAGE, who died in 1887, at the patriarchal age of ninety-one years, came to Newmarket, County York, in 1804. He was born in Bucks County, Pennsylvania, in 1796, son of Amos and Martha (Doan) Armitage.

Amos Armitage was born in England, and was a member of the first colony established in Pennsylvania by William Penn. In 1804 Amos Armitage settled on Yonge street, one mile from Newmarket, having made the long journey from Pennsylvania over what was known as the Indian Trail to Toronto, bringing his wife and children. They settled in the midst of a wilderness, the country being entirely uncultivated then, built a little cabin, and there Amos and his wife passed their remaining years. The ashes of both rest in the burying ground connected with the Friends' Church, on Yonge street. He was one of the founders of this religious body here, and was always active in promoting its interests. Amos Armitage left four sons and one daughter, as follows: Amos; Seba; Harvey; Annie and Seth. They all married and settled in Canada, with one exception—Seba married Nellie Sidons, of County York, and they moved to the State of Ohio, where he died, leaving two children. Annie Armitage married Samuel Hughes, and they settled and died on Yonge street, near Newmarket, leaving no children.

Seth Armitage was the youngest of his parents' children and he grew up on the old homestead in Whitechurch township. There he mar-

ried and settled on his father's farm where he lived to the great age of ninety-one years. He died in 1887. His wife, Annie (Phillips) Armitage, who was born in Fishing Creek, Lycoming County, Pennsylvania, in 1797, was a daughter of Isaac and Edith (Eves) Phillips, who came to Canada from Pennsylvania and settled on Yonge street, County York, in 1803. Mrs. Armitage died in 1859. She bore her husband eleven children, all of whom reached maturity, namely: (1) James, born in 1816, is a retired farmer in King township, married Elmira White. (2) Jane is next in the order of birth. (3) Seba, born in 1820, married Susan Kennedy, of County York, and they reside near Newmarket. (4) John, born on the old homestead in October, 1822, married Carrie Webb, settled on Yonge street, and died in 1903, leaving children, Silas W., Sarah A. (now Mrs. Rodgers, of Toronto), Jennie, Dr. Joseph (of Waterloo), and Dr. C. W. (of Port Hope, Michigan, U.S.). (5) Mark, born in 1824, married Margaret Scott, and resides on his farm in County Lambton, the father of Mary M., Rachel, Thomas S. (deceased), and Freeman. (6) William, born on the old home in 1827, married Rachel Peregrine, and they settled on a farm in County York, where Mrs. Armitage died in 1881, leaving two sons, Charles and William, who are now business men of Toronto and have children of their own. William Armitage married (second) in 1885, Miss Pamela Brown, born in County Ontario, who died April 26, 1897, leaving no family. Mr. Armitage resides with his sister, Mrs. Taylor. (7) Elias, born in 1829, married Mary J. Harger, of Newmarket, and their home is in Manitoba; they have one son, Cyrenas. (8) Isaac, born in 1832, married Marion Webster, of Whitby, and they lived retired in Newmarket; their children are Walter, Annie and Hattie. (9) Sarah, born in 1835, is the widow of John A. Crone, of County York, and her children are: Walter, Annie, Seth, Lincoln, Maud and Burt, all being residents of Buffalo. (10) Mary, born in 1837, married William Hamilton Wilson, and they live in Toronto; they have two children, Louie and Thomas. (11) Eli, born in 1840, the youngest of the family, married Isabella Doan, now deceased, and left one son, Joseph Doan, of California; Eli married (second) Isabella Rodgers, and they live in Newmarket.

Jane Armitage, eldest daughter of the above family, was born in Newmarket, Oct. 5, 1818. She grew up in the old home, in the midst of a devoted, happy family circle, and was instructed by a frugal and careful mother in all the housewifely arts of her day. In 1839 she married Joseph Levens, born in Prince Edward

County, where they resided until his death in 1857. Mrs. Levens, with three children, survived, namely: (1) Elmira, born in 1840, married (first) Thomas Gerow, deceased, (second) Joseph Doan, of Newmarket, also deceased, and (third) Charles Wilson, and has two children, Daniel and Annie Gerow, the latter the wife of Silas Henry, of the State of Michigan. (2) Peter, born in 1844, is now a resident of California. (3) Seth, born in 1846, emigrated to California with his brother Peter, and died in 1867.

In the fall of 1866 Mrs. Levens married Joseph Taylor, a substantial farmer of Whitechurch, who was born in County York, and was a son of David Taylor, of a Quaker family from Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. Taylor lived on Concession 4, Whitechurch township, until 1872, when they retired to Newmarket, where Mr. Taylor died in September, 1885.

Mr. Taylor was a Reformer in politics, and on several occasions he served as a member of the township council. He was a man of standing in the community, honest, upright, charitable and exemplary. Mrs. Taylor is a Friend, as were both Mr. Levens and Mr. Taylor. She has lived a long and beautiful life, and in its evening has many of the consolations of the aged, comfortable surroundings and attached friends and kindred. She is held in the highest regard in the community, and has many warm friends attracted to her by her kindness, charity and neighborliness.

WILLIAM AMBROSE FISH, M.D.C.M., Toronto, M.R.C.S., England, and L.R.C.P., London, is a member of an English family for many years identified with the Dominion. The family was founded in Canada by the Doctor's father, the late Rev. Charles Fish, who was born at Selby, in Yorkshire, England, in 1820. At an early age he went to Woolwich and worked in Her Majesty's dock yards for seven years, at the same time preparing for the ministry, which he entered prior to coming to this country.

On reaching this country in 1852, the Rev. Mr. Fish settled in Guelph. After years of pastoral work he was collector for Victoria College for two years. At the end of that time he resumed his pastoral work in the Methodist Church, superannuating in 1887. He then resided in Toronto and engaged, as far as strength would permit, in his life's favorite work until his death on Feb. 15, 1902, having been actively engaged in the work of the Church for over sixty years. Rev. Mr. Fish married Miss Catharine Johnson, a member of a pioneer family of County York, of United Empire Loyalist ex-

traction. She is the daughter of Abraham Johnson, also a native of County York, and a son of Abraham Johnson, an United Empire Loyalist, who founded the family in Canada. Abraham Johnson, father of Mrs. Fish, was a life-long farmer and Reformer. His children were: Mrs. Fish; Abraham, on the old farm in York township; Mrs. Robert Riseborough; and Mrs. Anthony Neville. The father of these children was for sixty years a magistrate in his township. In all his many years as a justice of the peace, he never had a case come to trial, always persuading the dissenting parties to settle their disputes amicably. His daughter, the mother of the Doctor, was the first lady teacher in the Toronto Model school. She now resides in Toronto, the mother of the following children: Mrs. Fred. Fursman, of Chicago; Mrs. F. B. Stacey, wife of Rev. Stacey, of Manitoba; F. T., of Chicago; Dr. William Ambrose; W. F., a druggist and veterinary surgeon, of Chicago; J. G. Fish, V.S., North Dakota; Herbert T., deceased; A. C., of Toronto; Dr. George N., of Brougham; and Mrs. J. W. W. Stewart, of Winnipeg.

Dr. William Ambrose Fish was born at Kingston in July, 1865, and in 1883 completed his literary education at Hamilton, entering Trinity Medical school, Toronto, from which he graduated in 1887 with the degree of M.D.C.M. He at once settled at Blackstock, Ont., in the practice of his profession, and there remained until 1900, when he went abroad to study, and in 1902 he received the degree of M.R.C.S., England, and L.R.C.P., London. In 1902 he returned to Canada and settled in Toronto, where he has since been located in the practice of his profession. In 1893, Dr. Fish received his diploma permitting him to practice medicine in the State of Illinois.

The Doctor is well known in fraternal circles, being a member of the A.F. & A.M., Sons of England, the Orangemen and the Ancient Order of Foresters. He is connected religiously with the Methodist Church. In politics he is independent.

On Sept. 18, 1906, the Doctor was married to Miss Ada Bell Cook, daughter of the late Thomas Thompson Cook, of Toronto.

HENRY G. WELLS was born on his present home farm in Whitechurch township, County York, in June, 1839, son of Jacob and Polly (Jones) Wells, the former of whom was born in Devizes, Wiltshire, England, in June, 1797, and the latter on Yonge street, County York, Ont., Sept. 10, 1805, daughter of John Jones and Elizabeth Ketchum, a pioneer family of this county. John Jones was born in Wales,

and his wife in Connecticut. The Wells and Ketchum families came to Canada about the same time, in 1804.

Robert Wells was born in England in 1734, and passed his entire life in his native land. At his death he left one son, William, grandfather of Henry G.

William Wells was born in England, April 28, 1760. He married Jane Martin, who died in February, 1837. After emigrating to Canada, they settled first in East Gwillimbury, County York, but in a few years moved to Orange County, New York, where they lived until 1812, when they returned to County York, Ont., and lived in the vicinity of Toronto until 1817. Then Mr. Wells bought the farm in Aurora now occupied by his grandson, Henry G. This had only a small clearing at the time, but Mr. Wells moved on to it, and transformed it from its wild state into well cultivated fields. There he died in July, 1835. To William and Jane Wells were born: William, who never came to Canada, became a business man in New York, where he died; Robert and John, who both entered the militia in Canada, fought in the war of 1812, and both married and settled as farmers in King township, County York, where they died, leaving descendants; Margaret became a Mrs. Williams and died in New York, leaving children; Elizabeth married James Ross, and they settled as farmers near Toronto, where they became well-to-do and later retired to that city where they died, leaving a large family; Joab married in Canada and settled on Concession 5, King township, where he and his wife died and left children; James married, and settled in West Gwillimbury, where he reared a family; Jacob is mentioned below; and Joseph married and settled on Concession 2, King township, where he died and left a family.

Jacob Wells, father of our subject, was seven years old when his parents left England. He attended school in his native land, and also in Orange County, New York, and near Toronto. He assisted his father in the clearing of the homestead farm, and helped his father to replace the old log home with the present substantial frame house, in 1830, in which he lived until his death in August, 1887. In May, 1826, Jacob Wells was united in marriage with Miss Polly Jones, who died April 20, 1880. They had eight children that lived to maturity, viz.: (1) John, born in 1830, studied dentistry, and practised many years in Aurora, Canada, and then moved to Peoria, Illinois. He married Miss Melissa Blandin, of County Ontario, and they have six children, Christina, Edgar, Arthur, Annie, Jessie and Roy. (2) Susan is the

widow of Isaac Smilser, and lives on Concession 8, King township; she has three children, Alice, William and Edith. (3) Elizabeth is the widow of David Boag, a farmer of East Gwillimbury, and has one son, Henry. (4) Harriet, deceased, was the wife of Frederick Suttle, of Toronto, and left one daughter, Ethel. (5) Mary A. was educated in the schools of Aurora, and taught in Counties York and Wellington, where she continued for fifteen years until her marriage, in 1879, to Henry W. Bolitho; he was born in Cornwall, England, in 1823, came to Canada in young manhood, and was an educated man and successful teacher. He purchased a home in Aurora, where he lived until his death in 1897. (6) Henry G. is mentioned below. (7) Jane E. became a teacher in the public schools previous to her marriage to Rev. James Fraser, a minister in the Presbyterian Church and a missionary to the Island of Formosa, where he was located at the time of her death, in 1877; she was survived by four children, Lillian, Edith, Harriet and Jacob, of Arnprior, Ont. (8) Margaret, the youngest of the family, grew up in the old home and was educated in Aurora, also attended the Toronto Normal School, and for several years taught in County York; she resides with her brother, Henry G.

Henry G. Wells was educated in the Aurora schools, and while attaining manhood, learned practical farming on the old homestead, on which he has passed his life, and of which he has become owner and manager. Mr. Wells has never married, his estimable sister being the lady who presides over his household. He is a man of sterling qualities, and like his father, enjoys the esteem of all who know him.

The family were among the founders of the Presbyterian Church in this section of County York, and for many years our subject's father was one of the elders. In like manner the family has been identified with the county's educational development, and a large measure of its agricultural progress. Their social standing has always been high, while their political convictions have but served to make them loyal subjects and true Canadians.

SIMEON ATKINSON. Among the leading farmers of York County none is more deserving of mention than Simeon Atkinson, who resides on his beautiful farm, located on Lot 14, Concession 5, Whitechurch township. He was born at Victoria Square, Markham township, May 29, 1848, son of John and Jane (Watson) Atkinson, natives of Yorkshire, England.

John Atkinson and his wife were married in

England. After emigrating to Canada, the father worked in Toronto for two years, and then he moved to Victoria Square, Markham township, and remained there for twenty-seven years, at the end of which time he purchased the present farm of our subject, at that time all wild land, and cleared up a farm while working at his trade of carpenter. Mr. Atkinson was very active in building, and there are many homes still standing in this section to testify to his skill as an architect and builder. An idea of Mr. Atkinson's perseverance and energy may be gained by noting the fact that on leaving Toronto, he had not a dollar to his name. He packed his provisions on horseback, and made the trip over an Indian trail. The present home of Simeon Atkinson was erected by him, and although the latter has made changes and improvements, that part which is still standing is in the best of condition. Here John Atkinson and his wife spent the remainder of their lives, his death occurring in 1886, his wife passing away eight years before. They were members of the Methodist Church, and Mr. Atkinson took a great interest in church work, being a leader in Whitechurch for many years. Mr. and Mrs. Atkinson had eight children: (1) Thomas, born at Victoria Square, in 1835, learned the trade of carpenter, which he was following at the time of his death, in young manhood. (2) Sarah, born in Markham township in 1837, married William Warren, of King township, and they reside there on a farm; they have four children, John, Mary Jane, Henrietta and Warren. (3) William, born in Victoria Square in 1839, married Miss Sarah Shell, and they resided for some time as farmers in York County, after which they removed to Simcoe County, and there they now reside; their children are: Thomas, John, Ada, Richard, Charles, Ezra, Wilmont, Alice, Stella and Herbert. (4) Mary, born in 1841, married William Stott, who settled as a farmer in Whitechurch township, on the 3rd Concession, and there she died in 1880, the mother of two children, Emily J. and Alice, both now deceased. (5) Joseph, born in 1844, was educated in the district schools of Whitechurch; he married Miss Mary Findlay, and they reside on his farm on the 4th Concession, and have three children, Anna J., Arthur and George. (6) Jane, born in 1846, married the Rev. E. Whitworth, a superannuated minister of the Methodist Church of Port Rowan, on Lake Erie, and has a family, Frank, Jennie, Edward, Edgar, Watson, Louise and Fred. (7) Richard, born in 1847, married Miss Katie Steckley, of Whitechurch, and they now reside on a farm on Concession 5, where he

works at the trade of carpenter. His wife died leaving these children, Samuel, Frank, Selena, Rolf, David (deceased), Herbert, Edith, Charles, Levi, Clarence and Flossie. (8) Simeon.

Simeon Atkinson received a district school education, and when young with the rest of the family followed farming and working at the trade of carpenter, the latter of which occupations Mr. Atkinson has followed in the erection of his own buildings. He has always resided at the old homestead, where he has been in charge since eighteen years of age, at which time his father retired from the farm work to engage more actively at his trade.

On Nov. 7, 1871, Mr. Atkinson married Mary Wright, born on the town line of Markham, April 7, 1849, daughter of George and Catherine (Watson) Wright, both natives of Yorkshire, England. To this union have been born these children: Lucy, born in 1872, married John Empringham, of York County, and they reside on a farm in Concession 5, Whitechurch; they have one son, W. M. Minnie R., born in 1874, is the wife of William Powell, of Vandorf, York County. William J., born in 1877, resides at home and engages in working the home farm with his father. Sarah A., born in June, 1879, married Percy Allen, of Whitechurch, and resides on the 5th Concession; she has one daughter, Hazel W. Misses Lottie E., born July 20, 1884, and Alberta, born in 1887, reside at the homestead.

Mr. Atkinson, his wife and family are members of the Methodist Church. He has always supported the Reform party, but has never aspired to political preferment; instead, he gives his entire time and attention to his farm and his home. He has been very successful in his undertakings, and is counted one of the prosperous and public-spirited men of the township.

WILLIAM J. SMITHSON, one of the greatly esteemed residents of Weston village, York township, who for a number of years was engaged in agricultural pursuits, is now living retired from active life. Mr. Smithson was born in Yorkshire, England, July 28, 1831, son of William and Mary (Marston) Smithson, the former, born in 1789, dying in 1885, and the latter, born in 1796, passing away in 1867.

William Smithson was the son of John and Mary Smithson, who both passed away in Yorkshire, England, at very advanced ages. The family of William Smithson consisted of nine children, William J., and his sister Mrs. Captain Linford of Liverpool being the only survivors. Another of Mr. Smithson's sisters, An-

nie, married Richard Hurst, and died in Weston, but the rest of the children all passed away in England.

William J. Smithson grew to manhood in his native country, and there received a grammar and high school education. He then engaged in farming with his father, but in 1851 left the homestead for Canada, sailing on the vessel "Constitution," and landing in New York after a journey of twenty-one days. From New York City he travelled to Troy by steamboat, and thence via the Erie Canal and Rochester to Toronto. After locating in Canada, Mr. Smithson first hired out with a farmer at Cooksville, but he was taken with pneumonia, and was sick for a long time. In 1852 he came to York township and purchased 100 acres on the 5th Concession, living in a log cabin until 1867, in which year he erected a brick house. Here Mr. Smithson resided, engaged in agricultural pursuits, until 1901, when he retired from active business life.

Mr. Smithson was married on Dec. 9, 1852, to Miss Sarah Wheelwright, born in Cumberland, England, in 1834, eldest of the children of John and Jane Wheelwright, who came from England to Canada in 1834, and settled on the 5th Concession of York township, making a home from the wild land. Mr. and Mrs. Wheelwright retired to Weston in 1856, and there they died; they had three children, all of whom are now deceased. Mrs. Smithson died Nov. 11, 1902, the mother of eleven children, one of whom, Henry M., died at the age of two years. The others are: (1) William J., born in 1853, is single and owns a farm on the 5th Concession of York township. (2) Edward, born in 1855, and residing on the 5th Concession, married Miss Minnie Maxwell, of Etobicoke and has five children, Percy, Daisy, Reta, John and Albert. (3) Mary, born in 1857, married Robert Caruthers, a farmer of York township, and they have six children, Emma, Nellie, Maude, Alma, Lottie and Ernest. (4) Gilbert, born in 1859, married Miss Dora Westlake, of East Toronto, and they reside as agriculturists on the 5th Concession of York township. (5) Jennie, born in 1864, married Harcourt Duncan, now deceased, of Markham township, and she now resides in York township. (6) Anne, born in 1866, was educated in the schools of York township, and married in December, 1892, Josiah Parker, who was born on the ocean in 1860, while his parents were coming to Canada from England. He is now engaged as engineer for a Toronto firm, and resides in Weston, where he owns a home on Mariah street. He and his wife have two children, Erma, born in 1900;

and Gordon, born in 1903. (7) Charlotte, born in 1869, is the wife of Charles Watson, a farmer of Scarborough, and has two children, Stanley and Fred. (8) Harry, born in 1872, married Miss Jennie Goddard, born in England, and they reside on his father's old homestead. (9) Bella, born in 1873, is the wife of William Holley, an agriculturist of York township. (10) Ethel, born in 1877, educated in the district schools and the high school of Weston, is the wife of Thomas Griffith, of Weston, and they have two children, Clark and Gertrude.

Mr. and Mrs. Smithson were members of the Church of England and the Methodist Church, respectively, the family attending the latter body. Mr. Smithson has always been connected with the Conservative party, and although he has never sought office, he has been called upon on different occasions to serve in positions of honor and trust. While a resident on his farm he acted as member and chairman of the school board, and of the council for one year in Weston. A long and fruitful life of more than seventy-five years stretches backward for Mr. Smithson, and he has been a witness of the wonderful developments which have taken place in this section of Canada. His years of active labor are over, and he is now surrounded by all that makes life dear—affectionate friends, devoted descendants, ample means and a wide circle of estimable fellow-citizens who hold him in the highest regard.

JAMES C. BOLTON, Esq., who died Jan. 16, 1907, was a retired gentleman of Newmarket, County York; he was born in County Suffolk, England, Jan. 21, 1812, son of James and Lucy (Capper) Bolton, both natives of Suffolk.

James Bolton and his wife brought their little family to Canada in 1818, on a sailing vessel which was six weeks on the ocean. They first settled at Toronto, where Mr. Bolton worked for a time at his trade of carpenter. He then obtained Government land in the County of Peel, situated in Albion township. There Mr. Bolton built a tiny log cabin, and he and his family occupied it as a happy home until 1837, when he removed to Indiana, being led to make the change in order to settle among those of his same religious faith, that of the Quakers. In the following year he died. His wife had died in 1823, while they lived at Albion. Besides James C., the children of James Bolton and wife were: (1) Harriet, born in England, married John Godbolt, of the County of Peel, and died leaving children—Robert, Emma, Alfred, Mary A. and Betsey. (2) Charles, born in England, settled and died a farmer in the Coun-

ty of Peel, leaving children—Ruth, Lambert, John, Annie, Perry, Fred, Eliza and Herbert. (3) George, born in England, married and settled in the County of Huron, where he engaged in farming; he died leaving children—Lucy, Hester, Reuben, James, George and Mary A. (4) Henry, born in England, married and settled near the old home in the County of Peel, where he died in 1845, leaving a family which has all passed away except one daughter, Mattie, who is married and lives in the North-West. (5) Maria, born in England, married Henry Nunn, of King township, and both are deceased; they are survived by three sons and three daughters—Jesse, George, William, Betsey, Mary and Jane. (6) Samuel, born in England, married and settled in Albion township, where he died, leaving children—Jessie, William, Albert and James. (7) William, born in England, married and settled in the County of Peel for a time, but later moved to Indiana, where he died, leaving one daughter—Maggie.

On Oct. 25, 1838, James C. Bolton was married to Miss Ellen Godbolt, born in England in 1817, daughter of George Godbolt, a native of England, who located in the County of Peel, Ont., in 1839. After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Bolton first settled at Bolton, where he owned a farm. In 1843 he sold out his farm, and purchased a flouring-mill at Bolton village, also owning a sawmill. In 1846 he erected the present mills, which are still operated in Bolton, and these he sold in 1854, removing to Wallace village, County Perth, where he owned a farm and resided until 1865. In this year he removed to King township, County York, and there purchasing a farm, resided until his retirement from active life in 1886. He then located in Newmarket, and bought his late home. One year later his wife died. Of their children, Rachel and Eliza, both died in young womanhood. The eldest living son, Louis, was born in the County of Peel, in 1840, and now resides in the County of Perth, where he follows surveying; he married Miss Lovina Doan, of the County of Peel, and they have two children: Ellsworth, an engineer; and Annie. Martin Bolton, the second son, was born in the County of Peel in 1842, grew to manhood on the home farm, and received a district school education. In 1871, he married Miss Elizabeth Munns, born in King township, County York, in 1844, daughter of William and Johanna Munns, one of County York's prominent families, and they settled on his father's farm in King township, where he resided until 1891, in which year he removed to the Northwest; to them were born two children: Rachel (born in

King township, was educated in the high school at Newmarket, and in 1903 married Frank Greenaway, of the County of Huron, a shipping clerk in Toronto, where they lived until 1904, when they located in Newmarket to take charge of our subject's home); and James C. (born in King township, educated in Toronto, received an engineer's education, and is now engaged in railroad work in El Paso, Texas).

Mr. James C. Bolton was brought up in the faith of the English Church. In politics he was a Conservative, and while a resident of Wallace, County Perth, was a member of the council for eight or nine years, was reeve of the town, and served as postmaster, and in other capacities. He was also a captain of militia in County Perth. He was a member of the Order of Orangemen of County York. He was appointed magistrate of Albion when a young man, and served in that capacity until he removed to Newmarket. His life is well worthy of emulation, and future generations will owe him a debt of gratitude for the great and good work he has done.

MARTIN RYAN, formerly one of the valued citizens and highly respected residents of Toronto, was born in 1840, in Queens County, Ireland, and died in Toronto in 1885. His parents were Dennis and Mary Ryan, who came to Canada in 1850, and lived here until the close of their lives.

Martin Ryan was but a lad when he came to Toronto, and his school days were all spent here. On reaching his majority he went into the dry goods business, establishing himself at a good location on Queen street west, where he continued some years, and then disposed of his business and entered the house of Hughes Bros., with which he continued until the close of his life. He was a man held in the highest esteem on account of his reliability, and his death left a wide circle to mourn his loss.

Mr. Ryan was married in Toronto to Miss Sarah Shields, daughter of Hugh Shields, the latter of whom was born in County Tyrone, Ireland, and there died. Mrs. Ryan came to Toronto in 1847, and she has seen the wonderful development of this city. She still resides at No. 85 McCaul street. Three children were born to this marriage, namely: Hugh, now a resident of St. Louis, Missouri, and Misses Minnie and Anne, at home. Mr. Ryan was a devoted member of the Roman Catholic Church.

REV. CHARLES FISH, who died at his home, No. 192 Dunn avenue, Feb. 15, 1902, was

a clergyman well known and esteemed throughout this part of Ontario.

Mr. Fish was born in 1820, in England, and was a lad of eleven years when he was apprenticed to learn the shipwright business in yards located at one of the great building centers in that country. He was a youth of serious mind and very early became a Christian, and was so faithful in his professions and so exemplary in life that he was made a local preacher when but sixteen years of age. He continued to work at his trade during the day, and it is said that after the day's duties were over he would walk long distances to preach and on Sundays would go as far as twenty miles distant. In 1848 he came to Canada and lived for a time at Guelph, where he was pastor of the Methodist Church, going thence to the Milton circuit for three years and thence to Bowmanville, and from there to Newburgh and later to Picton, as the demands of the religious body to which he belonged called. In 1859 he came to Toronto, where he remained three years; spent two years at Collingwood, and two years at Kingston, where he was collector for Victoria College. He then returned to the County of York, served at Streetsville and Richmond Hill, and later at Peterboro, Lindsay and Cobourg, Owen Sound, Bracebridge and Trenton. In 1887 he was superannuated but as long as strength permitted he took part in church work, his heart being in it. In fact, he wished to die "in harness," and on the last Sunday of his life he preached morning and evening and held an extra service. He took to his bed on Thursday, and on being told he could not recover he made arrangements for a supply for the Sunday services he had promised to take.

Mr. Fish was first married in England, and had three children by that union: Hannah Mary, Frances and Charles. The mother of these died in 1858, and in 1860 Mr. Fish married Catharine Johnson, a member of a pioneer family of the County of York, daughter of Abram Johnson and granddaughter of Abram Johnson. The Johnsons were U. E. Loyalists. Abram Johnson settled in the bush in York County, where he cleared up a farm and spent the rest of his life. His son Abram, the father of Mrs. Fish, was born on the old homestead, and followed farming there until his death, in 1894. He had five sisters, Maria, Susan, Lydia, Sarah and Nancy. He married Harriet Smith, who was born in the State of New York, near the city of Albany, and died in the County of York in January, 1895. Both Mr. and Mrs. Johnson were buried at Willowdale. Their children were: Mrs. Fish, Mrs. Robert Risebrough,



Charles Fish



Catherine Fish

Mrs. Anthony Neville and Abram S., the last named on the old farm.

Children as follows were born to Rev. and Mrs. Fish: Alvira is the wife of Frederick Fursman, of Chicago, Illinois; Susanna is the wife of Rev. F. B. Stacy, of Roland, Man., and has five children, Helen, G. N., H. C., Wendell and Leonard; Frederick T., of Chicago, married Nellie Cumming, of Hamilton, and they have three children, Jennie, Etta and Georgie; Dr. William A., of Toronto, married Ada Bell Cook; Wesley F., who is in the drug business in Chicago, married Lottie Jackson; James G., a veterinary surgeon of Chicago, married Georgie Cumming, and has three children. Charles, Alice and James; Alfred C. is a resident of Toronto; Dr. George N. is of Brougham; Florence C., wife of J. W. W. Stewart, of Winnipeg, has one daughter, Kathleen.

In 1890 Rev. Mr. Fish settled in the pleasant home in Toronto where his long and useful life closed and where his widow still resides. While he never took any active part in politics he was in sympathy with the Reform party. Mrs. Fish was one of the first women teachers in the Girls' Model School of Toronto.

CHARLES F. WRIGHT, one of the hustling business men of Toronto Junction, where he has been engaged for some years in a successful news dealing business, owning the pioneer stand of the place, was born at Whitmore Reams, Wolverhampton, England, in 1867, son of Charles Wright.

Mr. Wright received his education in the schools of Collingwood, Ont. (whither the family had removed soon after his birth), and Toronto, and he engaged in a partnership with his father, under the firm name of C. Wright & Co., dealing in drugs, fancy goods and stationery, and this partnership continued from 1889 to 1900, when Mr. Wright went to Manitoba and for six months was with the Canadian Pacific Railroad. He then returned to the Junction, and embarked in the news agency business, at this time there being a circulation of eighteen Toronto evening papers in the Junction. This has been raised to 4,000, and the number of newsboys from two to fifty. In addition thereto Mr. Wright engaged a collector and stenographer, making a total of fifty-two people in his employ. He also carries all of the leading periodicals of the country, and anything in the line of literature may be found at his establishment. In 1906 he purchased the Hepenstine Block, a very valuable property, estimated to be worth \$25,000, situated at Nos. 49, 51 and 53 Dundas street, and Nos. 2, 4 and

8 May street, and from this building are distributed the 4,000 daily papers. Mr. Wright also owns valuable residence property, No. 210 Weston avenue, No. 82 Tuxbridge street, and Nos. 40, 42 and 44 Union street. In addition to his various business enterprises he has found time to serve as a member of the public school board, of which he was chairman in 1906, and as a member of the board of health in 1903-04 and 1905. When it is taken into consideration what the business was when it was first taken up by Mr. Wright, and what it is to-day, it can be readily seen that his rise in the business world has been nothing short of phenomenal. Enterprising and energetic, and public-spirited to a large degree, he is one of the class of citizens that has made the Junction the thriving business center that it is to-day.

In 1896 Mr. Wright was united in marriage with Miss Chryessa May Kline, born at Richmond Hill in 1873, daughter of Peter and Risona (Klin) Kline, early settlers of that place. Mrs. Wright passed away Nov. 25, 1905, leaving three children: Wilfred, Frank, Mabel C. and Doris Isabel. She belonged to the Methodist Church, to which her husband also adheres. Mr. Wright is fraternally connected with the C.O.F., the I.O.O.F. and the Orange Lodge, No. 900. His politics are those of the Reform party. While in Collingwood Mr. Wright took an active part in athletic sports, being a member of the famous Collingwood football team, which, in 1890, competed with the Berlin Rangers for the championship of Canada, the latter organization winning the contest by one goal.

JOHN BADGEROW, who died at his late residence, No. 47 Shirley street, Toronto, April 25, 1905, was born in Albion, Ont. in 1846, second son of Mertines and Ellen (McElroy) Badgerow, the family having been founded by the great-grandfather of our subject, John Badgerow, who came from France.

John Badgerow was educated at his native place and on reaching his majority engaged in farming in Markham township until about 1884, when he sold his place and removed to Toronto. There he engaged in the contracting and building business until 1900, in which year he retired from active work. Mr. Badgerow was a very successful contractor, and accumulated a handsome competence during his residence in the city. Aside from work done for outside parties, Mr. Badgerow erected dwellings at Nos. 41, 43, 45 and 47 Shirley street, at Nos. 33, 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45 and 47 St. Claren street, and at Nos. 56 and 58 O'Hara avenue. All but six of these residences have been sold. Mr. Badgerow was twice married, his first wife being Miss

Elizabeth Ferrier, to which marriage no children were born. His second wife was Mrs. William R. Hodgson (nee Sarah Dunn), born in Scarborough township, County York, daughter of George and Eliza (McKelvie) Dunn. The parents of Mrs. Badgerow came to Canada as young people, were here married, and for some time prior to 1867 farmed in Scarborough township, from which place they removed to County Victoria, where Mr. Dunn died. His widow is still living.

Mr. Badgerow was a Presbyterian, while his widow adheres to the Methodist faith. In politics he was a Conservative. He was a member of both the Masons and the Orangemen.

JOSEPH GEORGE RAMSDEN, for many years proprietor of the Ramsden bakery business, at No. 744 Yonge street, an alderman of the city of Toronto, and a leading Reform politician, is a descendant of one of the pioneer families of Markham, County York, and son of John and Jane (Bowman) Ramsden, the latter of whom was born in Markham, in 1829, daughter of John and Barbara (Spring) Bowman.

Joseph George Ramsden was born in Markham township, County York, July 3, 1867, and was educated at the Thornhill public and Richmond Hill high schools. After a course at a business college Mr. Ramsden entered the office of Christie, Brown & Co., as bookkeeper, where he remained for five years, after which he travelled in the United States for the Barnes Safe & Lock Company, of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, for two and one-half years. Mr. Ramsden then returned to Toronto and embarked in the bakery business with R. J. Lloyd, under the firm name of Ramsden & Lloyd, at No. 345 Yonge street. This partnership continued until 1897, when Mr. Ramsden purchased his partner's interest, and since that time has conducted that business alone. In 1901 Mr. Ramsden removed his business to No. 744 Yonge street, which place of business was opened in 1875 by Mr. Ramsden's former employer.

Mr. Ramsden is known not only as a business man, but as a city official as well. Since 1889 he has been one of the foremost men in the ranks of the Reform party in the Queen City. In that year he became secretary of the Young Men's Liberal Club of the city, which position he held for two years, since which time he has been a member of the executive committee thereof almost continually. In 1896 he was president of the Reform Association, vice-president of the Young Men's Liberal Club in 1898, and president thereof in 1900. In 1903

Mr. Ramsden was elected alderman from the Third ward of Toronto, and was re-elected in 1904, receiving the largest vote of any candidate for alderman in the city. On the opening of the council in 1904 Mr. Ramsden was unanimously elected chairman of the Legislative and Reception committees. In 1906 he was appointed inspector of Indian Agencies by the Dominion Government.

In 1891 Mr. Ramsden was united in marriage with Miss Effie Carman, daughter of Alfred and Sarah (Munshaw) Carman. Mrs. Ramsden was born in Markham township, County York, in 1868, and, like her husband, belongs to one of the leading families of that locality. To Mr. and Mrs. Ramsden have been born the following children: John, born in Detroit, in 1892; Alma, born in Toronto, in 1899; Ida, born in Toronto, in 1901, and Bertha born in 1906. Mrs. Ramsden is a member of the Methodist Church, and has always been active in its work. Mr. Ramsden is a Mason, belonging to Ashlar Lodge, No. 247, A.F. & A.M., of Toronto; and to St. Paul's Chapter. He is also a member of the L.O.L.; deputy master of Cavan Black Reds, No. 657, Toronto; and a member of the A.O. U.W. and I.O.F.

JOSHUA ATKINSON, who passed away in Toronto in 1884, was born near Richmond Hill, County York, in 1833, son of John and Margaret (Kirtz) Atkinson, the former a native of England, and the latter of Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Atkinson, mother of Joshua, came from her native State to the County of York, Ont., her parents being United Empire Loyalists. After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Atkinson settled near Richmond Hill where he carried on farming and milling for many years, dying in 1860. His widow survived him some time, and died at Richmond Hill. Their children were: Joshua, John, William, David and Jacob.

Joshua Atkinson received his education and grew to manhood in his native country, beginning his business life with his father, with whom he remained for some time. He then ran a line of stages between Bradford and Newmarket, and about 1880 settled in Toronto, engaging in a mercantile business at No. 578 Dundas street. Mr. Atkinson was twice married, his first wife being Ann Reid, by whom he had five children: Asa, Walter, David G., Frederick and one daughter, Elizabeth. Mr. Atkinson's second wife was Mrs. James Smith (nee Miss Mary Bond), a native of England, and daughter of Richard and Ann (Charnley) Bond, who came to Canada about 1852, settling in Toronto. For many years after locating in

Toronto, Mr. Bond was an inspector on the Great Western (now the Grand Trunk) Railway. He died in 1893, leaving children as follows: Mrs. Atkinson; Mrs. T. Bond; Mrs. William Duck; D. C. Bond, Utica, Nebraska; John Bond, Toronto Junction; and Ex-Mayor James Bond, Toronto Junction, deceased.

To Mr. and Mrs. Atkinson these children were born: Joshua J. Bond; Daniel Henry; Ellen; and Edmund P., who married Edith Harwood, by whom he had one daughter, Mary Arnold Chase. Mr. Atkinson was a member of the Methodist Church. He was a Reformer in politics, and a Mason in fraternal connection.

HUGH COOPER, V.S., of No. 44 Davenport Road, Toronto, has been a resident of County York longer than any other man in his profession, but during the earlier part of his life he followed the calling of a farmer, and only during the last twenty years has been practicing veterinary surgery.

Dr. Cooper is of Scotch descent and his grandfather, William Cooper, was born in Ayrshire, Scotland, and there died. Hugh Cooper, Sr., father of Dr. Cooper, was a weaver by trade. He married Miss Nancy McGerell, and in 1848 they left Scotland for Canada, where they settled on a farm in Georgina township, County York. He died at York Mills, in 1881, aged sixty-four years, and his wife passed away there in 1882, at the age of eighty years. They were Presbyterians in religion, and in political matters Mr. Cooper was a Reformer.

Dr. Hugh Cooper is the only survivor of his father's family. He was born June 9, 1848, and later in that same year his parents left Scotland forever, so that practically his entire life has been spent in the County of York. He attended the public schools of Georgina township, and then went to the Newmarket high school. On attaining manhood he took up farming as his vocation and followed it exclusively till he was thirty-six years old, owning a good farm in Georgina township. During this period, in handling his stock, he had acquired considerable experience along the line of veterinary practice, and became so much interested in the work, as well as skillful in his treatment in an amateur way, that he decided to perfect himself in that science and so entered the Ontario Veterinary College of Toronto in 1884. He was graduated two years later, and since that time has been practicing his profession in Toronto, with a most gratifying degree of success.

Dr. Cooper has been twice married. His first wife was Miss Rebecca Smith, daughter of William Smith, of East York, by whom he had

three children, Lizzie, H. G. and Morris, the latter deceased. The mother of this family passed away in 1886, and Dr. Cooper chose for his second wife Miss Elizabeth Sloan, a native of Ireland. To this union have been born two sons, Henry S. and Samuel. The family are members of the Presbyterian Church. Dr. Cooper is an active and deeply interested member of the Masonic order, as well as of the A. O.U.W. and the I.O.F. He is a man highly respected in Toronto and has many friends.

JOHN H. MILLARD, undertaker and furniture dealer at Newmarket, County York, was born at this place in March, 1842, son of Joseph and Susan (Hollingshead) Millard.

Joseph Millard was a son of John and Mary (Wesley) Millard, the former of whom was a son of Timothy Millard, who was born in Wales. The latter settled first in Pennsylvania, but came to Canada prior to the Revolutionary war, becoming an U. E. Loyalist as soon as trouble seemed brewing between the colonies and the mother country. Timothy Millard settled and died in Whitechurch township, County York, and was survived by these children: John; Mordecai; Thomas; Joseph; Mary, wife of John Wesley; and Phoebe, wife of John Botsford. They all settled and died in County York.

John Millard, the paternal grandfather, erected the first sawmill in this section of the County of York, building it in the 1st Concession of Whitechurch township. There he developed a home from the virgin wilderness, and became one of the men of substance and prominence in his locality. He was an extensive farmer and lumberman. His death took place in 1868, he having survived his wife for two years. They were both consistent members of the Society of Friends, their people having been of that quiet faith ever since they settled in Pennsylvania. In politics John Millard was a Reformer. The children of John Millard and wife were: Timothy, deceased, born in Canada, was a farmer of Uxbridge township, and at his death left five children; Samuel, deceased, also a farmer of Uxbridge township, left two children; John Scott, born in County York, is a retired farmer of Newmarket; Hannah, deceased, was formerly the wife of Allen Howard, who settled at West Gwillimbury, County Simcoe; Mary, deceased, was the wife of Harrison Proctor, who first settled on the old Millard homestead, in after years moving to Yonge street, about one mile from the homestead, and had one son, John; Rachel died in young womanhood; Jane, deceased, married Stephen Howard, of East Gwillimbury, and left six children; Susan, deceased,

born in County York, married Edward Randal, a lumberman and farmer of Whitechurch; and Joseph.

Joseph Millard was born in the County of York Aug. 31, 1816, and was the fourth member of this old family. He grew to manhood on his father's farm, attending the schools of his neighborhood, which were then, in that locality, very limited in their advantages. When he was seventeen years of age he started to learn the cabinetmaking trade with Enos Shipman, of Newmarket, and after completing his apprenticeship he emigrated to the State of Ohio, and worked at his trade at Cleveland and Columbus, for some years, but subsequently returned to Newmarket. After coming back Mr. Millard embarked in a furniture and undertaking business, which he conducted until 1868, meeting with excellent success. The first year he was in business his taxes were one copper. In 1868 he admitted his son, John H., to partnership and the firm became Joseph Millard & Co., and did business as such until 1873, when Alexander was taken into the firm, and continued in the firm till 1881. In 1891 our subject purchased all of the interests of the firm and still carries on the business.

Although now ninety-one years of age, the venerable Joseph Millard still looks after the work at the furniture factory, and as formerly successfully manages his own property investments, being a large holder of real estate, consisting of desirable rental property in Newmarket, and his handsome brick residence. In politics Mr. Millard has always been identified with the Reform party, and during his long and important business life here has frequently been called upon to assume the cares of local office as a representative citizen.

Mr. Millard married Susan Hollingshead, who was born in County York in November, 1822, daughter of George and Jane Hollingshead, pioneers of Whitechurch township, County York, whither they had come in an early day from Pennsylvania. In November, 1904, Mr. Millard was bereft of his most estimable wife, after a long life of happy domesticity. She was a lady who was missed by everyone on account of her many amiable traits of character. She set an example of Christian living, having been constantly interested in the work of the Congregational Church. In its membership she was beloved and valued. Mr. Millard is one of the oldest and most esteemed members and belongs to its official board. The children of Joseph Millard and wife were: Charles, who died in 1900, leaving a widow; John H.; Alexander, born in 1852, a business partner with his father

and brother until 1881, and now engaged in the undertaking business at Toronto (he has been twice married); Jane, born in Newmarket, widow of George Runsey, and mother of two children, Florence and Beatrice; Elizabeth, at home; Adelia, deceased; Selina, who married Stanley Scott of Newmarket; Martha, born in Newmarket, wife of George C. Mortimer, of Toronto, has one daughter, Edna, who married James Middleton, of Toronto.

John H. Millard was reared in a comfortable home, and when his education had progressed far enough for him to leave school, he entered his father's establishment and served an apprenticeship of four years. He then entered the Toronto Commercial College, where he was graduated in 1868. Mr. Millard then entered his father's business, with which he was connected first as employee, later as a partner and, as noted above, subsequently became sole owner. Mr. Millard owns also the buildings on Main street, a substantial double building of brick, which is thoroughly equipped as warerooms and undertaking apartments.

In February, 1870, Mr. Millard was married to Ellen J. Purdy, born in County Armagh, Ireland, in 1846, but reared in County York. Her parents died in Pickering township. Our subject and wife have five daughters, all of them highly cultivated, well educated members of society, namely: Mary, born in February, 1871, married Dr. Anderson, of Calgary, N.W. T.; Gertrude is at home; Susan C. is the wife of P. W. Pearson, of Newmarket; and Sarah J. and Hannella are both at home. The family home on Botsford street, Newmarket, is one of comfort and beauty. Mr. Millard also owns other real estate. Both Mr. and Mrs. Millard are members of the Methodist Church, in which he was an official. He has, like his father, served in public office, for fourteen years as a member of the town council, and refusing many other important offices tendered him. Since 1870 Mr. Millard has been a member of the Masonic fraternity, belonging to Tuscan Lodge of Newmarket (in which he has held office), and also to the A.O.U.W. Lodge No. 84, of Newmarket, in which he has been Master Workman for three years in succession.

NELSON BOSTWICK, a well-known agriculturist of Concession 4, Lot 24, Whitechurch township, makes a specialty of breeding fine stock. Mr. Bostwick was born at his present home, Nov. 14, 1850, son of John and Mary (Mowder) Bostwick.

John Bostwick, grandfather of Nelson, was born in New Brunswick, and his wife, who bore

the maiden name of Mary Wilson, in County York. After marriage they settled at Brampton, where Mr. Bostwick followed agricultural pursuits, and at his death left five children: Lardner; Levi; John (2); Margaret, deceased, was the wife of M. Leonard, of Brampton; and Jane, deceased, was the wife of Joseph Lundy, also of Brampton.

John Bostwick (2), son of John, was the youngest son, and was born in 1822, in Brampton village. In his youth he located in Whitechurch township, where he learned the trade of carpenter and millwright, following these trades as a contractor for many years. On Dec. 13, 1847, he married Miss Mary Mowder, born in Whitechurch in January, 1829, daughter of Joseph and Sarah (Lundy) Mowder, a prominent family of the 3rd Concession of Whitechurch township. Joseph Mowder was born in Bucks County, Pennsylvania, and came to Canada when a young man, was here married, settling on the 3rd Concession, where he followed farming until his death. He and his wife had these children, all of whom are deceased with the exception of Mrs. Bostwick: John; Jeremiah; Henry; Enos; William, Joseph; Susannah, who was the wife of Jesse Lloyd; Rachael, wife of Adam Snook, of Whitechurch; Miss Elizabeth; Sarah, wife of Henry Wilson; and Mary, Mrs. Bostwick. Mr. Bostwick purchased the present farm of our subject, and erected two houses, good barns and substantial outbuildings, giving up his trade to engage in agriculture. He died in February, 1904. He was one of the most highly respected citizens of this community, and his death was felt by a large number of warm friends and acquaintances. His worthy wife, who still survives and resides at the old homestead, is the mother of two sons: J. Albert and Nelson. Of these, J. Albert, born in June, 1848, grew up at the old homestead, where he followed farming until his marriage, in November, 1875, to Miss Martha Lloyd, born in King township, daughter of John and Martha Lloyd, both deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Bostwick reside in King township, on Yonge street, where his father purchased a farm for him. Mr. Bostwick has five children, Ida, Leo, Delza, Clara and Garfield.

Nelson Bostwick grew up at the old homestead where he received a fair education in the public schools. He remained on the old home farm after leaving school, and there he was married in November, 1875, to Miss Annie E. Anderson, born in Markham township in 1852, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Sanderson) Anderson, representatives of an old Markham township family. Mrs. Bostwick was reared and

educated in that township. After his marriage Mr. Bostwick settled on his father's old homestead, and there he has since continued. For the past twenty-five years he has been engaged in breeding and selling the famous Clydesdale horses, and thoroughbred Cotswold sheep. Mr. Bostwick certainly understands the business in which he is engaged, and he has been very successful therein. He is considered a very good stock breeder, and is a fine judge of horses and sheep.

To Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Bostwick one son has been born, Charles W., born in 1876, who grew up on the farm, was given a good education, and is now in Toronto, where he has been employed for the past seven years with the Electric Street Car Company; he married Miss Lois Williamson, of Whitechurch township, County York, daughter of John Williamson.

Mr. Nelson Bostwick is a Reformer, as was his father, but he has never had political aspirations, his business interests requiring his entire time and attention. His father, however, served ably as a member of the school board for a number of years, and in other minor local offices. In his religious belief Mr. Bostwick is a Methodist, as is his wife, and his parents were also members of that church. The Bostwick family is one of the prominent and highly esteemed ones of Whitechurch township, where their many sterling traits of character are seen and appreciated by their neighbors and friends. Mr. Nelson Bostwick is a good citizen, and a good business man, and a kindly, Christian gentleman, of the strictest integrity.

GEORGE MALCOLM, whose death on Aug. 3, 1902, at his home in Toronto, removed one of the well-known and much esteemed residents, was born April 28, 1826, in Scotland, a son of James and Ann (Young) Malcolm, both of whom were born in Scotland, and there passed their entire lives.

George Malcolm came to Canada in 1853, settling at St. Mary's, where he engaged in milling, renting mills for some years. Subsequently he went to Tavistock, where he built a flouring mill which he operated for twenty years. After selling this mill he moved to Toronto, and for nine years was in business partnership with Mr. Gillett, this being his last business undertaking. He was a practical miller, having learned the business in Scotland. He was a man well and widely known, one whose estimable life and character brought him the respect and confidence of those with whom he held business and social relations for so long.

Mr. Malcolm was married to Miss Euphemia Petrie, daughter of George and Janet (Bruce) Petrie the former of whom was born in 1802, in Aberdeenshire, Scotland, and died in 1885, and the latter of whom was born in the same place in 1801, and lived to the age of eighty-nine years. She came of a long-lived family, her parents living to the age of ninety-three years. In 1843 they came to Canada and located at Whitby, where the father engaged in farming for some years, and then removed to Blanshard and still later to Thamesford, and thence to Ingersoll, where they died. Mrs. Malcolm is the only survivor of their seven children. She was born in Scotland in 1831, and has been a resident of Toronto since October, 1886. To Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm three children were born, namely: Janet; George, of Dawson; and Agnes. Mr. Malcolm was in sympathy with the Reform party. In religious faith he was a Presbyterian.

JOHNSON WILSON, whose death occurred at his home near Thornhill, in 1884, was born in that village in 1833, a son of Robert and Elizabeth R. Wilson, who were both born in Ireland and founded the family in County York, Ont., at a very early day.

Johnson Wilson was educated in the public schools of his native place, and as soon as he reached manhood he engaged in farming near Thornhill, at which business he labored for some years, and then retired to a less active life, passing his last years as a dealer in farm implements.

Mr. Wilson was married to Minnie Moore, born near Barrie, eldest of the children of J. and Eliza Ann B. Moore. After their marriage, Mr. and Mrs. Wilson lived on the farm near Thornhill and in the locality until Mr. Wilson's death. In 1902 Mrs. Wilson removed to Toronto, and now resides at No. 108 Baldwin street. To Mr. and Mrs. Wilson were born these children: Effie, wife of Dr. F. Gallanough, has two children, Ronald Wilson and Harold F.; Emma L.; Nellie B.; Eva F., and R. H.

In politics Mr. Wilson affiliated with the Reform party, and in religion he was consistent in his membership with the Methodist Church. He was a man of upright character and sterling characteristics, and enjoyed a large measure of esteem from all who knew him.

ALEXANDER REID, an engineer for the Canadian Pacific Railroad, who died in Toronto June 5, 1902, was a man who had made his way in life entirely unaided and with no capital to begin on save his own indomitable ambition, his energy and his lovable nature, which made him friends.

Born in Scotland in 1852, Mr. Reid was left an orphan in boyhood and was obliged to shift for himself. He made his way to Canada, and reaching Toronto set about finding work, determined to make a home and a place in the world. In a short time he secured employment with the Canadian Pacific and remained with the company permanently. He began in a very humble capacity, but worked faithfully and intelligently, and in time was promoted to be engineer, a position he filled the remainder of his life. His death was the result of an accident. On leaving home that last morning, Mr. Reid had said to his wife, "I have to run an old engine this trip, which I don't like. Wish I had my own engine." He expected to reach home about twilight, but just at that time was injured in the company's yards and was taken to the hospital, where he breathed his last a few days later.

Mr. Reid was married in Toronto to Miss Naomi Roads, who was born in England. Their first home was at the corner of King and Niagara streets, where Mr. Reid built a house, but afterward he sold that and bought instead his late residence at No. 373 Shaw street, where his widow still lives. They attended the Presbyterian Church. Mr. Reid's own early hardships had made him very considerate of others' difficulties, and in his readiness to help he was generous to a fault. He possessed many likable traits of character which endeared him to his friends, and his sad death was greatly lamented.

LEWIS LESLIE WALKER, who passed away in Toronto, in April, 1897, was born in the Queen City in 1844, son of James and Mary (Wyatt) Walker, the former a native of Ireland, and the latter of England. The parents of our subject came to Ontario when young people, and were married in Toronto. James Walker was educated in the old country, and after coming to Toronto, was director of the observatory at the University of Toronto, being a practical astronomer. This position he held at the time of his death. His children were: Lewis Leslie; Thomas, Fred and Robert, deceased; Rebecca, Ellen and Margaret, all born in Toronto.

The education of Lewis Leslie Walker was obtained in Toronto, where he made a study of astronomy. This he did not follow, however, learning the contracting and building business, continuing in this business for many years. In 1889 he was made city inspector, a position he held at the time of his death.

Mr. Walker married, at Shanty Bay, Ont., Sarah Ellen Walsh, born in Barrie, Ont., daugh-



Thomas G. Savage M.D. M.R.C.S. Eng.

ter of Mark and Mary (Maleolm) Walsh, both born in Ireland. They came to Ontario at an early day, settling in Barrie, where Mr. Walsh followed brick contracting, and where both died, in the faith of the Church of England. Their children were Margaret, Mary, Hannah, Edward and Sarah Ellen, all born at Barrie, except Margaret. At one time Mr. Walsh was a member of the Canadian Rifles.

To Mr. and Mrs. Walker were born children as follows: Edith, who married William Evans, of Toronto, and has two sons, William and John; Mary Ellen, the wife of J. J. Smyth, of the United States; Edward, of Toronto, who married Miss Theresa Smyth, sister of J. J. Smyth; Margaretta, wife of John Firth, of Toronto; Maude, the wife of Frank Crellon; Constance Rhoda, the wife of John Wills; and Lewis. Mr. Walker was a member of the Church of England. In politics a Conservative, he took a great interest in the success of his party. Fraternally he was an Orangeman and a member of the A.O.U.W., and the Sons of England. Mrs. Walker resides at No. 131 Dovecourt Road, in the home built by her late husband.

DR. THOMAS YOUNG SAVAGE, whose death occurred in Weston, Ont., Dec. 27, 1890, was one of the successful business and professional men of that village. He was born in Savannah, Georgia, Nov. 20, 1834, son of John and Elizabeth J. Savage, members of old and wealthy families of Savannah, whose ancestors had emigrated to the United States in the "Mayflower."

John Savage, the father of the Doctor, died in the South when still a young man, and his widow removed from Savannah to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, for the purpose of educating her sons. From there she went to Toronto, and, returning to Philadelphia, died there in 1886. William J. Savage, the Doctor's brother, who was educated in the University of Toronto and fitted for the profession of a lawyer, died in 1892, in Philadelphia; he had lived retired most of his life.

Dr. Thomas Y. Savage was named after Dr. Thomas Young, of Edinburgh, Scotland. His early education was received in the South and at Philadelphia, and when his mother took him to Toronto he attended Upper Canada College, from which he was graduated. He also graduated at Trinity College, took a course at McGill University, and going abroad received the degree of M.R.C.S. in London, and took degrees in Dublin and Edinburgh. For a few years he was on the staff of the Rotunda Hospital, Dublin. Returning to Canada, he settled in the

practice of his profession at Clairville, County York, remaining there engaged very successfully for several years. In 1884 Dr. Savage came to Weston, and there resided until his death.

On Sept. 17, 1862, Dr. Savage married Miss Mary J. Carruthers, born in Etobicoke township, County York, daughter of James and Hannah (Hinds) Carruthers, and to this union were born four children: (1) Libbie, educated at Whitby College, is the wife of CHARLES N. McCLURE, M.A., an attorney-at-law of Sharon, Pennsylvania. Mr. McClure's father, uncle, and grandfather were also in the legal profession. He attended the Upper Canada College, Toronto, and after graduating there attended Allegheny College, Meadville, Pennsylvania, where he was graduated with the degrees of B.A. and M.A.; going abroad for two years he studied at Heidelberg University, Germany, and after a year's travelling returned home and took up the study of law. He worked up a large practice, and was elected county prosecuting attorney, later being attorney for a trust company, and holding other positions of responsibility. He belongs to many lodges and societies, and he and his talented wife, with congenial companionship, find much time for travel, study, music and art, outside of business and home duties. Mr. McClure is able to converse in four languages. (2) Laura, educated in the high school of Weston and Whitby College, is now the wife of James Clark, a merchant of Bolton, Ont., and they have one daughter, Hortense. (3) William R. C., educated in the high schools of Weston, is unmarried, and employed in a large wholesale house in Winnipeg. (4) Miss Ethel M., who has finished the course in the high school, resides with her mother.

In religion Dr. Savage was connected with the English Church and was warden of St. Philip's Church for eighteen years. In politics he was a Conservative, and he was active in school matters, serving on several educational boards. He was very prominent in Weston, where he had won the esteem and confidence of a large practice. He had been very successful professionally, and had gained a position of importance in his line. While never seeking office he always took an active interest in the welfare of the town, and generously supported every movement which his judgment led him to regard as beneficial. For many years he was health officer, and as such was universally esteemed. He occupied a high social position and was a member of the Albany Club of Toronto.

WILLIAM BOYD, a man well known during his lifetime in both the County of York and the

City of Toronto, held offices of public trust and responsibility for a large portion of his mature life and gained the good will and confidence of his constituents in no small degree, so that his death at the comparatively early age of fifty-nine caused much regret. He was born in Markham township, County York, in 1842, a son of James and Catherine (Heartrick) Boyd.

James Boyd was born in the North of Ireland, in 1814, and died in 1884. When a young man he came to Canada, and soon settled upon Markham as a good location. He cleared up a farm there, which became his home for the rest of his life. Mrs. Catherine (Heartrick) Boyd was born Jan. 11, 1818, and died in 1898. The children born to James Boyd and his wife were: Robert; Catherine; Simon, deceased, who married Frances Reynolds; John, who died in March, 1904; William; James, living on his father's farm; and Elizabeth, wife of Thomas Dowsell, of Toronto. James Boyd, the father, was a Conservative in politics, and for many years was a magistrate in Markham. He was a Presbyterian in religious faith.

William Boyd was educated in Markham township, and there began his business career as a merchant. For some time he held the office of county constable, and was the incumbent when he removed in 1891 to Toronto to take the office of sheriff, a position he held until his death. He was an upright and efficient officer, who looked closely after the affairs entrusted to his charge and faithfully discharged the attendant duties. His death occurred in Toronto in June, 1901. He was a Methodist in religious belief, a Reformer in politics, and a member of the A.O.U.W.

Mr. Boyd was united in matrimony with Miss Maria Tayler, who was born in Markham township. To this union children were born as follows: Miss Mary, of Toronto; William, an electrical engineer in Sidney, N.S., who married Miss Kate Mooney, and has three children, Camilla, Blanche and Ella; Robert, of Sidney; and Miss Blanche, of Toronto. Mrs. Boyd and her daughters reside at No. 1261 King street west, Toronto.

The paternal grandfather of Mrs. Maria (Tayler) Boyd was John Tayler, an early settler in Markham, where he cleared up a farm from wild land. Mrs. Tayler died there, but her husband's death occurred in Pickering. Their children were: Edward, John, David, James, Elizabeth and Sarah. James Tayler, father of Mrs. Boyd, was born in Markham township, April 3, 1823. He became a merchant, located in York township, and afterwards was appointed the first postmaster at Lamoureux. At one period,

also, he ran a planing mill at Whitevale, Ont., and it was at this last place that his death occurred in 1904. Twice married, his first wife was Miss Caroline Hemingway, who bore him five children, as follows: Abigail, wife of William Lount; Alberta, Mrs. S. B. Lynde; Maria, Mrs. Boyd; Edward, deceased; and Frank. Mr. Tayler's second wife was Mrs. Phoebe Tate. To this union there were no children. Mr. Tayler was a Methodist in religious matters, a Reformer in politics.

On the maternal side Mrs. Boyd's grandparents were Josiah and Madeline (Stiver) Hemingway. The former was born in the United States of English parentage. Removing to Canada, he served in the rebellion of 1837-38, and afterward settled in Markham township, where he cleared up a farm, and where he died, but his wife, who was a native of Germany, died in Detroit.

HELEN A. CUNNINGHAM, an eye specialist in Toronto, is well known in that city, both socially and professionally. She belongs to a family prominent among the pioneer residents of London, Ont., and was born there Nov. 2, 1883, daughter of Daniel H. and Matilda (Phillips) Cunningham, and great-granddaughter of Mr. Samuel Phillips, of "Craig," Newport, County Tipperary, Ireland, a family renowned for their culture and social distinctions. The maternal grandparents of Dr. Cunningham were Richard and Helen (Herbert) Phillips, who made their home in London, Ont., in an early date. Mr. Phillips went into business there, and was so engaged until his death, in June, 1868.

The family of Daniel H. Cunningham reside in Toronto, and there are three children: Dr. Helen A. is the eldest; a sister, Stella Alice, at present attending Toronto University; and D. Phillips, who was born in Toronto in 1892, and is now studying at St. Michael's College.

Dr. Helen A. Cunningham was educated in a private school first, from which she went to the Jarvis Street Collegiate and graduated in 1902; then studied to be an optician; received her diploma in 1903, and has since been practicing in Toronto at No. 74 College street. She has already demonstrated conclusively her ability in her chosen line of work, and in these few years has established herself firmly among the professional workers of the city. She is personally a young woman of superior culture and attainments, and is very popular among her friends.

FREDERICK TOMS, whose death occurred at Victoria, B.C., in 1895, was a well-known

government contractor in Canada for many years. Mr. Toms was born at St. Johns, N.F., in 1849, son of William Toms, who was also a well-known contractor.

William Toms was born in Devonshire, England, and came to Canada from the United States, having followed his business at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and Detroit, Michigan, for some time. About 1860 he settled in Ottawa, and was engaged on the parliament buildings of that city, being assisted by his sons, Frederick and William H. He died in Ottawa, where his widow, whose maiden name was Sarah Haley, still resides.

Frederick Toms was educated in Montreal, and on leaving school at once began contracting with his father. In 1870 he went into business on his own account, and was sub-contractor on the city hall at Ottawa, and built the Baptist Church and the drill hall of the Capitol City. Mr. Toms did much contracting in the government service on dock and crib work, and his last contract, which took him to Victoria, B.C., had scarcely gotten under way, when he was taken sick with pneumonia and died.

Mr. Toms was married to Annie E. Riddie, who was born in Kingston, Ont., but who spent most of her life in Toronto. She is a daughter of Hugh Riddie, a well-known engineer on the Grand Trunk Railroad for many years. Mr. Riddie was born in the North of Ireland, and came to Canada, for many years being engineer on the fast express between Toronto and Sarnia, and now makes his home in Toronto. His wife was Miss Mary Pollock, a native of the North of Ireland.

To Mr. and Mrs. Toms were born these children: Mary Florence, the wife of Wilfred H. Parmelee, has one son, Grannis Perrin; Frederick P. is of the Bank of Toronto; Charles G., Annie Grace, Sarah, Henry H. and George R. are all students. Mr. Toms was a member of the Church of England. He was a prominent Mason and an Orangeman and a member of the Builders' Lodge of Ottawa. Mrs. Toms settled at No. 60 Spencer avenue, Toronto, where she now resides.

JOSEPH KIRKPATRICK, who died in Toronto in 1890, was born in Ireland in 1827, a son of William and Margaret Kirkpatrick, both of whom died in their native land.

Joseph Kirkpatrick grew to manhood in his native country, where he received his education, and became a cotton spinner, a trade he followed for some time prior to coming to Canada. He was married in Belfast, Ireland, to Miss Jane Woolsley, born in that place, daughter

of John and Anna (Mussen) Woolsley, natives of Ireland, where they died. Mr. Kirkpatrick and his wife came to Canada in 1863, and on locating in the new country he settled in Toronto, where for thirteen years he was engaged with the gas company. During this time he had purchased property on River street, where he built his late residence, at No. 175, also erecting other residence properties in that vicinity, now owned by his widow. On completing his residence at No. 175 River street Mr. Kirkpatrick engaged in the grocery business, in which business he continued the remainder of his active life. Since his death Mrs. Kirkpatrick has continued the business, more as a pastime than a money-making venture, her income being sufficient for her needs, without further addition to it.

In religious matters Mr. Kirkpatrick was a Presbyterian, and was a valued member of that church. In politics he was a Conservative. He belonged to the Orangemen.

SAMUEL HOLLYMAN, who died in Toronto in September, 1900, was born in Somersetshire, England, in 1837, son of Edward and Harriet (Knowles) Hollyman. In 1851 the family came to Canada and settled in Montreal in the spring of 1852, where Mr. Hollyman worked on the building of the Grand Trunk Railroad. He later settled in Toronto and died in that city, as did also his wife. Their children were: Samuel; Maria, wife of Joseph Farnworth, of Toronto; Ann, the wife of James Broughton, of Sarnia; and Sarah L., the wife of Richard Stephens. The family were reared in the faith of the Church of England. The father was a Conservative in political faith.

Samuel Hollyman was educated in England, and on coming to Canada learned the carpentering business. He soon entered the employ of the Grand Trunk Railroad as conductor between Montreal and Toronto, from which he went to the Canadian Pacific, with which company he was employed at the time of his death.

Mr. Hollyman was married in Little Trinity Church, Toronto, to Anna Bella Sullivan, born in Brantford, daughter of John and Ann (McBrien) Sullivan, the former a native of Cork, Ireland, and the latter of County Fermanagh. Mr. Sullivan came to Toronto when it was known as Little York, and latter went to the United States, where he died; his wife passed away in Toronto. They had children: Mary Ann, wife of Wilson Rogers, of Kansas; and Mrs. Hollyman.

Mr. and Mrs. Hollyman had children as follows: Ellen, who married Joseph Malcolmson,

of Waukegan, Illinois, and has children, Joseph, Frederick, Norma, Stewart, Olive and Edna; Frederick, deceased; Harriet Ann, wife of Alexander Douglass, of Waukegan, Illinois; Henrietta; Louisa, wife of Lockwood Rogers, of Kansas; Wilson Henry, of Toronto, who married Edith Preston; Samuel Edward; Della; and Charles. Mr. Hollyman was a Methodist, to which faith his widow also adheres. In politics he was a Conservative.

JOHN FARR. Among those early engaged in the brewing business in Toronto, was the late John Farr, of Queen street west, who died in the Queen City in 1874. He was born in 1782, in England.

John Farr grew to manhood in his native country, where he received a good education, and when a young man came to New Brunswick, where for some time he engaged in the lumber business. He then removed to Toronto, locating on Queen street west, where he built his brewery, which he conducted for a time, and then leased it, returning to England. On his return to Toronto, Mr. Farr resumed the brewing business, in which he continued until about ten years prior to his death, when he retired from active work. Mr. Farr married in Toronto, Miss Mary Bishop, daughter of John Bishop, an early settler of Toronto, and for some time a merchant in that city. Mrs. Farr died in Toronto, aged eighty-five years, having been the mother of these children: Mary A., of Toronto; John, deceased; Sarah Elizabeth, deceased; William, a retired business man of Guelph; Margaret S., the wife of John Bishop, of Brantford; Thomas; Charlotte, who, with her sister resides at the home on Queen street west; Hannah, who married William Atkinson, of Toronto; and Joseph, deceased. Mr. Farr was a member of the Church of England. In politics he was a Conservative.

WILLIAM FINN, who died at his residence, No. 606 Queen street west, July 1, 1889, was for many years engaged in railroading in Toronto. He was a native of Ireland, born in Wexford, in 1830.

Mr. Finn received his education in his native country. In 1854 he came to Toronto, and for about twenty years was employed, in the capacity of engineer, with the Northern Railway. After leaving this position he assisted his sons for a time. While in the railway business Mr. Finn also purchased a grocery store, which was managed by his wife while he was away. The property at No. 606 Queen street west, now

owned by Mrs. Finn, was remodeled by Mr. Finn, and was his home for many years.

In 1856, in Toronto, William Finn married Miss Ellen Caulfield, born in Ireland in 1833, coming to Canada in 1853. The children born to Mr. and Mrs. Finn were as follows: John Peter, deceased; James, deceased; Hugh, deceased, who married Margaret Riley, of Toronto, also deceased, and left two children, William Leo and Irene Margaret; Edward, deceased; Joseph, of Toronto; and Mary Ellen, the wife of Samuel L. Dunne, of Montreal, and mother of three sons, Lloyd, Arnell C., and Cassimer. In religion Mr. Finn was a Roman Catholic.

RICHARD PENDRICK, who died at his residence in Toronto, in 1897, was a well-known man of the Queen City, where for many years he was engaged in connection with building. He was born in Lambeth, England, in 1832, a son of James Pendrick, who was a sailor and died in the old country.

Richard Pendrick grew to manhood in England, and there received his education. In early life he spent three years sailing, and in 1870 he came to Canada, locating in Toronto, where he engaged in building until an accident about 1886 made it necessary for him to retire from active life. Mr. Pendrick built the double house at Nos. 130 and 132 Argyle street, Toronto, which is now owned by his widow, and he also owned other property, where he was living at the time of his death. Mr. Pendrick was married in England to Miss Harriet Garland, daughter of John Garland, who died in England. To Mr. and Mrs. Pendrick were born the following children: Richard, a builder of London, England; Harriet, the wife of Henry Dunwoodie, of Buffalo, N.Y.; Charles, in the insurance business in Toronto; Emily, the wife of Herbert Stratton, of Port Hope; John, of British Columbia; and Alice Laura, at home.

Richard Pendrick was a member of the Church of England. In his political sympathies he was a Conservative, but never accepted office.

JAMES SMITH, who died at Niagara Falls, Ont., in 1895, was a well-known contractor of this section of the country. He was born near Port Hope, in 1844, son of Boltess and Rebecca (Hollenbeck) Smith, natives of Port Hope.

Boltess Smith was a son of John Smith, who was also born at Port Hope, near where he became a pioneer farmer. His son, Boltess, also followed farming during his active life, and died there. He and his wife were members of

the Methodist Church. In politics he was a Conservative. His children were: David, William, John, Mary Jane, Catherine, Nathaniel and James.

James Smith was born near Port Hope, and there grew to manhood. He learned the carpenter's trade, and for many years was a well-known contractor and builder, building in Port Hope and other points, and later he moved to Niagara Falls, where he died.

Mr. Smith married Miss Watson, daughter of William and Elizabeth H. Watson, the former of whom was born in England. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Watson were: Polly, Mrs. Smith; Callah, deceased; George, a farmer; William, deceased. To Mr. and Mrs. James Smith were born: Edith, who married Samuel Bosworth, and has one son, Mansel; Arthur, of London, Ont., married Luey Sockett; Maria, the wife of Charles Rudd of Toronto and the mother of two sons, Wilmer and Melville; Alice; Eva; Charles; Zillah; and Elpie. The family are members of the Methodist Church. In political matters Mr. Smith was a Conservative. He was a member of the Home Circle.

JOHN H. CAIRNS, who died at his late residence, No. 339 Brock avenue, Toronto, was born in Quebec in 1852, son of John and Mary Cairns, natives of England, who came to Canada when young people, in about 1834, settling in Quebec. John Cairns was overseer of a company of men employed on the boats in the harbor of Quebec, and there he died, although his widow is still living, making her home in Ottawa.

John H. Cairns was educated in Ottawa, and there served his time to the plumbing business. About 1880 he settled in Toronto, where he became extensively engaged in that business, and also in contracting and building, erecting many houses in the west end of the city. Mr. Cairns was well up in his business, and had the reputation of straightforward business methods and strict integrity in all transactions. He was well known all over Toronto, and highly esteemed by all of his acquaintances. His residence was purchased on locating in Toronto, but he built the two places just in the rear of this house, and these were owned by him.

Mr. Cairns was twice married, and by his first wife had four children: Nellie, Joseph, Mabel and Herbert. Mr. Cairns married (second) Miss Emily Moore, who was born in England, daughter of Isaac and Louise Moore, natives of England, who came to Canada in 1870, settling in Barrie, where Mr. Moore was manager for a boot and shoe firm. They now reside in Toronto. Mr. Moore resided for a time in Texas,

and there Mrs. Cairns received her education. To Mr. and Mrs. Cairns have been born these children: Lillian, Evelyn, Pearl, John and Harold, the latter of whom is deceased. Mr. Cairns was a member of the Methodist Church, to which faith Mrs. Cairns also adheres. His fraternal connections were with the A.O.U.W., and the Home Circle. Mr. Cairns was a thorough business man, an exemplary citizen, and an honest and upright Christian gentleman.

JOSEPH H. DENNISON, a well-known citizen of Toronto, who passed away in that city in 1899, was born in England, in 1850, son of Jonathan and Rebecea Dennison, natives of that country. The parents of our subject came to Canada in 1865, and settled in County Essex, where Mr. Dennison still resides, and where his wife died.

Joseph Hartley Dennison was educated in England and in New York City, taking a special course in vocal music. He married in Toronto Miss Fanny Shortly, a native of County Durham, Ont., and a daughter of John and Annie (Coulter) Shortly, natives of Ireland. They came to Canada in 1845, settling for a time in Kingston, and later went to County Durham, where he followed farming and died. Mrs. Shortly died in Toronto. After marriage Mr. and Mrs. Dennison settled at Bridgeport, Connecticut, where Mr. Dennison taught vocal music and engaged in piano tuning. He then came to Toronto, where he continued music teaching, and in 1884 went to New York City, where for six years he sang in some of the leading churches of that American metropolis. In 1890 he returned to Toronto, purchasing a home at No. 132 Crawford street, and here he continued his work in music until his death.

To Mr. and Mrs. Dennison were born four children: Wilburn, Robert, Herbert and Queenie. Mr. Dennison was well known in musical circles of New York and Toronto, and excelled in his art. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church, to which Mrs. Dennison also belongs. He was affiliated with the I.O.O.F.

ROBERT SIMPSON, who died in Toronto March 7, 1902, was one of the well-known and highly esteemed men of that city. He was born in Aberdeen, Scotland, in 1810, son of William Simpson, who spent his entire life in the Old Country.

Robert Simpson grew to manhood in Scotland, and in 1832 settled in Toronto, or, as it was then known, Little York. Here he went into the building business for a time, and later embarked in the mercantile business on Yonge

street, opposite Shuter. He built a business block at the corner of Yonge and Albert streets, and there continued for some time, removing at length to the west end of the city. From this location Mr. Simpson went to County Halton, where he farmed for some time, and settled in Guelph, where he lived retired until returning to Toronto. Here his death occurred.

Mr. Simpson married Miss Annie McDonald, born in Edinburgh, Scotland, Aug. 13, 1819, and daughter of William and Elizabeth R. McDonald, who came to Toronto in 1835. Here Mr. McDonald died in 1853, his wife having passed away two years previous.

Mr. and Mrs. Simpson had these children: Elizabeth, the wife of A. W. Wright, well known in newspaper circles in Toronto, has one daughter, Nana McDonald; Ann Jane, deceased; Mary Isabelle; Margaret, deceased; Annie; Sarah, and Robert of Toronto, who married Elizabeth Smith, who died leaving one daughter, Myrtle.

Mrs. Simpson survives her husband and resides at No. 236 Crawford street, Toronto. The late Mr. Simpson was an enthusiastic church worker, and was one of the original promoters of the West Presbyterian Church, on Denison avenue, and his family and that of the late George Allen formed the first Sunday school in that section. Mr. Simpson taught for eighteen years each Sunday morning in the Central Prison, at the services held there for the religious instruction of the prisoners. In politics he was a staunch Liberal, but never aspired to office.

CHARLES EDWARD MORGAN was for many years a well-known business man of Toronto, in which city he died Aug. 29, 1902. He was born in England in 1859, son of Philip and Marian (Morgan) Morgan, both natives of England.

Charles Edward Morgan was educated at Oxford College, England, where he completed a course in mechanical engineering, an occupation which he followed in England for a time, prior to his settling in Toronto in 1886. In the Queen City Mr. Morgan resumed his profession, engaging, for seventeen years, or until his death, with a large manufacturing company as a mechanical engineer. In Barrie Mr. Morgan married Miss Clara Eaton, born in County Simcoe, daughter of James and Lovina (Ball) Eaton, natives of Ireland. They came to Canada and settled in County Simcoe, where Mr. Eaton engaged in farming, and where he and Mrs. Eaton still reside.

Mr. and Mrs. Morgan settled in 1886, in Toronto, where Mr. Morgan became widely known

and highly esteemed. Mrs. Morgan now resides at No. 195 Crawford street, and has three children: Marian, Carrie and Arnold. Mr. Morgan was a member of the Wesleyan Methodist Church. He was a Conservative. He was connected with the Commercial Travellers' Association and St. George's Society. Mr. Morgan was related to J. Pierpont Morgan, of New York.

HENRY T. IDE, late of Toronto, was born in England in April, 1830, son of Willis A. Ide, also a native of England, and a blacksmith by trade.

Henry T. Ide learned the blacksmith business with his father, and in 1859 left his native country and came to Toronto. He soon settled in business in Islington, about nine miles from Toronto, and there built up a large and lucrative trade, in which he continued until about 1900, when failing health compelled him to retire from active business. He then settled in Toronto, where the remainder of his days were spent, and in January, 1904, he passed away at his home, No. 174 Jarvis street. Mr. Ide married Eliza Evans, daughter of Thomas and Ann (Rogers) Evans, natives of Ireland who came to Canada when Toronto was known as Little York. They settled at Trafalgar, where Mr. Evans engaged in farming until his death.

Soon after their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Ide settled at Islington, where they remained until coming to Toronto. They had these children: Emily, wife of Charles Baker, of Toronto; Charlotte; Ethel; and Edward. Mr. Ide was a member of the Church of England, to which faith Mrs. Ide also adheres. In politics he was a Conservative. He was a Mason and a member of the A.O.U.W.

CHARLES ULBRICH, whose death occurred in July, 1901, in Toronto, was one of the most highly esteemed residents and successful business men of that city. He was born in Germany in 1864.

Mr. Ulbrich received a good education in his native country, and in 1881 went to the United States, where he resided until coming to Toronto. Here he accepted the position of organizing agent for the National Cash Register Company, a position he ably filled until his death. He was a man of strict integrity and thorough business methods. He was a prominent member of the Home Circle, No. 261, Toronto, of which his widow is also a member.

Mr. Ulbrich married Miss Frances Fleming, born at Listowel, Ont., daughter of Robert and Amelia (Hewatt) Fleming, the latter a member of an old family of Newmarket, County York. Robert Fleming has been a resident of Toronto

for a number of years. To Mr. and Mrs. Ulbrich were born: Ermine, Madeline and Victor, all of whom reside with their mother at No. 245 Jarvis street, Toronto.

WILLIAM JOHN HULL (deceased) was for nineteen years engaged in a mercantile business in Paisley, Ont., but for a few years prior to his death resided in Toronto, retired. He was born in Ireland in 1852, son of George Hull, and his death occurred Jan. 25, 1904.

William J. Hull came to Canada from Ireland in 1869, and began his business career in Paisley, where he continued, as stated, for nineteen years in the mercantile business. On account of failing health he closed out his business interests and came to Toronto, where he intended to resume business if his health improved. He embarked in business here for a few years, but as his health did not improve to any extent retired from business, and continued so to live until his death.

Mr. Hull was married to Miss Anne Rae, born in Peterborough, Ont., daughter of Thomas Rae, a native of Ireland, who came from his native country to Canada, where he engaged in farming, near Paisley, for a number of years, and there he and his wife died. To Mr. and Mrs. William John Hull were born these children: Sadie, who is a bookkeeper of Toronto; Minnie; William; Charles; and Lillie. Mr. Hill was a consistent member of the Church of England, to which faith his widow and children also adhere. Although he never sought public office, he was a staunch Conservative, and always took an active interest in the success of his party. He was well known in business circles, and was regarded as a man of the highest integrity.

WILLIAM HILL. The late William Hill was prominently identified with the early settlement of Bloor street west, Toronto, locating there in 1853, when the district was a bush, with nothing but a path to Yonge street. Mr. Hill was born in Yorkshire, England, and died at No. 107 Bloor street west, in 1898.

In 1839 Mr. Hill located in America, and, after spending one year in New York State, settled in Toronto, and there engaged in contracting and building, in which business he continued until retiring from active life. After his marriage, Mr. Hill settled for a time at the corner of Elm street and Queen avenue, but in 1853 purchased what is known as the Hill property, Nos. 105, 107, 109 and 111 Bloor street east. At that time this section was all bush, and Mr. Hill cleared the land, and erected the buildings, his home being at No. 107, and there

he lived until his death. This land was purchased from Sir James Lukin Robinson, who obtained it from the Crown, and it is now in the possession of the Hill heirs.

Mr. Hill was married in Toronto to Miss Mary McClure, born in Enniskillen, Ireland, daughter of James McClure, a pioneer of County York, where he spent the remainder of his life, dying at Holland Landing. His wife, Elizabeth Irvine, was also born in Enniskillen, and died in County York.

To Mr. and Mrs. Hill were born the following children: Agnes, deceased; Elizabeth Irvine, Mrs. Church; William James and John, all residents of Toronto. Mrs. Church has three children, namely: Mabel, William and Albert. Mr. Hill was a member of the first board of trustees of the Central Methodist Church of Toronto, and continued as a member of that board until his death.

ALEXANDER CAMERON. In the death of Alexander Cameron, who died in Collingwood, Ont., in 1892, that city lost one of its most highly esteemed citizens. He was born in Scotland in 1831, son of Donald Cameron, who died in Scotland. The widowed mother brought her family to Canada.

For a time after arriving in Canada, Alexander Cameron resided in Toronto, following carpentering and building. From Toronto he went to Collingwood, where, with his brother, Charles, he engaged in the hotel business, as proprietor of the "North American Hotel." This they conducted for some time. After selling the hotel, Mr. Cameron went into the express business, and subsequently into real estate, in which he continued until his death.

Mr. Cameron married Miss Rachel Hill, born in Lower Canada, daughter of Joseph Hill, who was born in Lower Canada, son of David Hill, who came from England and founded the family in Canada. Joseph Hill was a contractor and builder, and followed his business at Midland, Ont., where he died in 1886, aged seventy-one years.

Mrs. Cameron rented her home in Collingwood, and removed to Toronto, where she and her family have since resided. She and her husband had thirteen children: Charles Alexander, of Toronto; Harper David, deceased; Ewen; Arthur; John; Donald; Lindsay; Marian; Irene; Clarence and Isabelle, and two deceased. Mr. Cameron was a Conservative, and he was connected with the Presbyterian Church. Fraternaly he was a Mason.

DAVID WAGSTAFF, residing at No. 1140 Queen street east, Toronto, is the oldest resident

of the Queen City who is engaged in the brick-making business. The Wagstaff family is of English extraction, the progenitor thereof in Canada being Robert Wagstaff, father of David.

Robert Wagstaff was born in 1781, at Cambridge, England, and early in life engaged in the manufacture of brick. He later joined the Royal Army, and as a member thereof came with his company to Canada during the war of 1812-14. At the cessation of hostilities Robert Wagstaff settled in Toronto, on Duke street near Beverley, and there lived retired until his death in 1841. His wife, Elizabeth Quince, was born in Kent, England, in 1788, and her death occurred in Toronto in 1861. He was a member of the English Church, while she was a Methodist, and their children were as follows: Mary, deceased, was the wife of John Hilton; Ann, deceased, married John King, of Toronto; Robert, who died unmarried, was a brick-maker in Toronto; Louise, deceased, was the wife of George Brockwell; Caroline, deceased, married Moses Pettick; William is a brick-maker of Toronto; Janet, deceased, was the wife of George Field; and David.

David Wagstaff was born at the family residence on Duke street, March 20, 1840, and in his native city received his education. He then turned his attention to brick-making, and in 1863 engaged in the business on his own account on Curzon street, turning out the old handmade brick at the rate of 2,500 to 3,000 per day. Two years later he purchased land on Eastern avenue, continuing in business there for two years, and then removed to Pape avenue, where he purchased eight acres of clay land, and was engaged in the making of brick there for six years, it being while there that he introduced horse power into his business. In 1881 he bought his present property, consisting of fifteen acres of fine clay, and here he turns out millions of brick annually, employing ten men.

Mr. Wagstaff was married Dec. 27, 1864, to Miss Matilda Sear, born in Greenwich, England, June 16, 1848, daughter of Charles and Sarah (Bromage) Sear, the former a builder of tunnels in France, who, from the time of his arrival in Canada in 1866, until his death was engaged in brick-making. To Mr. and Mrs. Wagstaff were born children as follows: Philip John, deceased; Elizabeth Ann, deceased; Dora, widow of Fred A. Bell, by whom she had three children, Gordon, Viola and Alvin; Albert, a sketch of whom will appear elsewhere; Charles, a brick-maker, who married Laura Billings, and has three children, Lester, Norman and Mildred; Ada Florence, F.T.C.M., wife of James Harris, manager

of the Harris Abattoir Company; and Evaline May, a student at University College. Mr. and Mrs. Wagstaff are members of the Methodist Church. In politics he is a Conservative.

MATTHEW JOHN PERKINS, M.D., is one of the rising young physicians and surgeons of Toronto, and has enjoyed exceptional advantages in the line of his profession, which, united to his natural ability and enthusiasm for his work, bid fair to place him in time among the leaders of Canada's medical fraternity.

The Perkins family is of English lineage, and the first to settle in Canada was the Doctor's grandfather, John Perkins, who was born in Cornwall, England, about 1800. On coming to the New World, in early manhood, he made his home first at Port Perry, but later bought a farm thirty miles north of Lindsay, where he spent the rest of his life, engaged in farming and lumbering. He died in 1894. John Perkins was married at Belleville to Miss Moggeson, who was born in England in 1810. She came to Canada a few years before her marriage, and spent the rest of her life there, dying in Belleville in 1896. Both she and Mr. Perkins were Methodists, and the latter was a Conservative in his political views. Their children were: William, John, Joseph, Moggeson, James, Maria and Felix.

John Perkins (2), father of Dr. Perkins, was born at Port Perry in 1838, and received his education there. After reaching manhood he became a lumber dealer and still follows that business near Lindsay, where he now resides. He is also active in political life, supporting the Reform party, and is justice of the peace and a member of the town council. In religion he is a Methodist, like his parents. He married Miss Mary Cooper, who was born in York, England, daughter of Thomas Cooper. On coming to Canada the Coopers settled first at Cobourg and later moved to Port Hope. Three children were born to John and Mary Perkins, Louise, Matthew J. and Lena.

Dr. Matthew J. Perkins was born at Norland, near Lindsay, in 1870, and attended school in that place. After leaving school he spent eight years in Michigan, engaged in railroading, and then decided to study medicine. Coming to Toronto he entered the Medical Department of the University, from which he received the degree of M.D. in 1903. He immediately proceeded to Europe, and continued his professional work in the universities of Edinburgh, Berlin and London, receiving the degree of L.R.C.P. and S. from the first named in 1903, and the degree of L.F.P. and S. from Glasgow. He re-



David Wagon Taft

turned to Toronto in 1904, and entered upon the practice of medicine there, meeting with encouraging success from the very beginning.

Dr. Perkins was joined in marriage to Miss Eliza Anderson, who was born in Oakwood, Ont., daughter of Peter Anderson. Both the Doctor and his wife are Presbyterians in their religious belief. In political matters Dr. Perkins always supports the Reform party. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, and belongs to the Order of Railway Conductors by virtue of his connection earlier in life, in Michigan, with the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway.

WILLIAM J. LAING, of Eglinton, County York, was for many years a successful florist at Toronto, located at Nos. 413-415 Huron street, and he now continues the business in larger quarters at Eglinton.

Mr. Laing was born in 1848, in County Brant, Ont., of Scotch ancestry. Records fail to show the real founder of the family in Canada, but it is known that John Laing, the grandfather of our subject, who settled near Brockville many years ago, was a native of Nova Scotia. After settling near this point Mr. Laing engaged in farming until his death. His children were: Peter (deceased), Thomas, Archibald, John and Mary.

John Laing, father of our subject, was born in Nova Scotia in 1826. He settled in Ontario, engaging in farming and in other occupations for some years prior to 1880, when he came to Toronto. He died in 1902. He married Eliza Daniels, born in Ancaster, Ont., daughter of John Daniels, a U. E. Loyalist, who came to Canada from Pennsylvania. Mrs. Laing died at Toronto in 1901. They had seven children, the eldest of whom is the subject of this sketch.

William J. Laing grew to manhood and received his education in the schools of the County of Brant, and then learned the carpenter and building business, which he followed for some time. In 1872 he settled at Toronto, and in 1882 he went into the florist business on Ontario street, where he continued until 1886, when he removed to No. 413-15 Huron street, and built the greenhouses conducted by himself until 1905. In that year he sold his property and his home, leased the place for a year, and then moved his greenhouses to Eglinton, where he resumed business in the same line. He is thoroughly acquainted with all the details of his business, and has been very successful in it.

Mr. Laing has been twice married. In 1880 he married Jane Hanning, born in Hamilton, who died leaving three children. In 1902 Mr. Laing married Miss Kate Henderson, of the

County of Brant. In politics he is a Liberal, Independent.

WILLIAM HAGUE was born Feb. 4, 1831, in England, son of John and Mary Hague, and died in Toronto in 1886. In 1864 he came to Halifax, and in 1865 to Toronto. In his native country Mr. Hague had engaged in the grocery business, and on locating in Toronto he embarked in the pork business, first at the St. Lawrence market, and later at No. 174 Queen street east, where he was located at the time of his death.

In 1855 Mr. Hague married, in England, Miss Mary Ann Housley, daughter of Samuel and Mary Housley, natives of England. To this union were born: Mary, the wife of John Campbell; Charles Henry, who is in the meat business in Toronto, and who married Edith Juliet Wyatt, by whom he has four children, Harry, Edith, Ella and Lewis; Francis, of Toronto, who married Cassie McGraw, and his children are William, Ethel, Alton, Ruby, Marvill, Homer, Ellen and Harley; Helena, the wife of Thomas Williams, who has four children, Olive May, Harry, Florine H. and Evelyn; Annie, the wife of Edward A. Defoe, who has three children, Mabel F., Alfred N. and Hazel G.; and William, with T. Eaton Company, who married Margaret Mitchell. In political opinion Mr. Hague was a Conservative, and he took a great deal of interest in the success of his party. He was a Mason and a member of the Sons of England.

GEORGE PIGGOTT, foreman with the Ontario Paving Brick Company, of Toronto, Ont., is a member of a family long identified with the interests of the County of York.

The Piggott family was founded in Canada by James Piggott, father of George, who was born in St. Ives, Huntingdon, England, in 1810. In 1827 he came to Canada and engaged in butchering for a Mr. Dunn, in which capacity he served the troops with provisions during the Rebellion of 1837-38. About 1869 Mr. Piggott became toll keeper on the Davenport Road, and remained in that capacity for about twenty years, at the end of which time he located on Howland avenue, Toronto, this being his residence until 1893. In this year he removed to Mt. Dennis, residing there until his death in August, 1903. Mr. Piggott was married to Lovinia Garbutt, born in Yorkshire, England, in 1817, daughter of William Garbutt, who came to Canada during the Rebellion of 1838, later becoming a farmer at Elmbank, County York, where he died. He and his wife had these children: George, John, Bessie, Lovinia, Hannah,

Stephen and Barbara. Mrs. James Piggott died in 1903, the mother of these children: Mary Jane, the wife of Charles Newlove; Eliza, the wife of H. Culham; William G., of East Saginaw, Michigan; Lovinia, the widow of H. Misner; James, a railway conductor; Bessie, the wife of A. W. Chapman; Annie, wife of William Pears; Matilda, wife of H. Trollope; Caroline, wife of J. D. McMillan; Charles; Harriet, who died young; and George.

George Piggott was born in Toronto in 1861, and there received his education. He then turned his attention to wagon making, which he followed for a short time, then engaging in brick making with William Pears. Since 1888 Mr. Piggott has been engaged in this business, and since 1899 has held his present position with the Ontario Paving Brick Company, near Toronto Junction.

In 1883 Mr. Piggott was married to Miss Sarah Jane Mather, born at Lambton Mills in 1864, daughter of James and Julia Head Mather, who came from Staffordshire, England, Mr. Mather being a mason and plasterer by trade. To Mr. and Mrs. Piggott have been born these children: Edwin, Bessie, Lenora, James Russell, Bertha Georgina, William Garbutt, and Edith Rachel. The family are Methodists. Mr. Piggott is a Reformer, and a member of the I.O.O.F.

THOMAS CLINKINBOOMER, one of the well-known florists of Toronto, a good business man and a first-class resident, is a member of one of the pioneer families of this section. His grandfather, who spelled the name Klinkinboomer, was the first of the family to settle in Canada. He was taken in the press gang at London, England, and sent to Canada to fight the French, participating in the struggle on the Plains of Abraham. He was highly educated, and quite a linguist, being able to read, write and speak English, French and German. He remained in Canada as a settler after the war. By trade he was a tailor, and, according to the customs prevailing at that time, he made his rounds on foot between Montreal and Hamilton, working for the families on the way who desired his services, having regular customers. He accumulated considerable property, and owned land between the two cities mentioned, and also on the present site of Toronto. He had three sons, viz.: Charles, Joseph and Xavier, all born in Toronto.

Charles Clinkinboomer, father of our subject, was born in 1799, and spent his entire life at Toronto, where he followed watchmaking. He died here in 1881. His wife, who was a member of the Anderson family, mentioned else-

where, died in 1872. The children were: Charles, Emily, Maria, Agnes, Nathan, Thomas, Mary and Clara.

Thomas Clinkinboomer was born in 1858 at Toronto, and attended the city schools. His first work was at the old Union Station, and from there he went into the florist's business at Toronto, where he learned all the details of this trade, and so prepared himself that in 1885 he was able to go into the business for himself. He built his first greenhouse on Mackenzie avenue, and later, his second on Wright avenue, and still later he erected other buildings on Tiller avenue. In his present large establishment he grows both plants and flowers for both a wholesale and retail trade. He utilizes 12,000 square feet of glass.

Mr. Clinkinboomer has been twice married (first) to Sarah Wright, who died in 1892, leaving one child, Lillie. He married (second) Miss Fanny Wright, daughter of James Wright, whose sketch will be found elsewhere. To this union have been born two children, Fred and Woods. Mr. Clinkinboomer is independent in his political views.

JAMES STEWART, who died in Toronto May 19, 1894, was born in Berwickshire, Scotland, in 1821, son of James and Agnes (Robertson) Stewart. The parents were also natives of Scotland, where both died.

Mr. Stewart received his education in the schools of his native country, and left for Canada in 1843. On locating in this country he settled in Hamilton, where he engaged in selling stoves, travelling from point to point with a team. After a number of years in that city he removed to Smith's Falls, and later to Eglington, County York, carrying on the same business. From the latter place he removed to Richmond Hill, where he became bailiff for County York, continuing in that official position there until 1871, in which year he settled in Toronto. Mr. Stewart discharged the duties of bailiff in this city until his death.

In 1855 Mr. Stewart married Miss Helen Dickson, who was born in Wigtownshire, Scotland, in 1831, daughter of John and Ann (Macdonald) Dickson, both of whom died in the old country. To Mr. and Mrs. Stewart the following children were born: James, of Toronto, who married Rose Belisle; Miss Isabel Helen, a stenographer of Toronto, who resides at home; Alice C., the wife of Girard Kenyon, of Detroit; and John Walter, of Toronto. John Walter Stewart distinguished himself, while serving as constable of Toronto, by materially assisting in the capture of a number of desperadoes who were trying to escape from jail. One of

these crooks was shot and killed by Mr. Stewart, and the others overpowered, receiving their just punishment at the hands of the law.

In religious faith Mr. James Stewart was a Presbyterian. Mrs. Stewart and her daughter, Miss Isabel H., are members of the Church of England.

HILLARY CLARKSON, who died at his residence in Markham township, County York, in 1861, was a native of the United States, born in Albany, New York, in 1801. His father, Joshua Clarkson, also a native of the United States, came to Canada in 1808, and after a short stay at Port Credit settled, in about 1810, in Markham township, where he cleared a fine farm from the bush, upon which he resided for many years. Later he moved to Ingersoll, where his wife died, while he passed away in Vienna. They had children as follows: Warren, Joseph, Hillary, Susan, Maria, Jane and Charlotte.

Hillary Clarkson was but seven years old when his parents settled in Canada, and he attended school in Markham township, where he attained his majority. Settling on Lot 20, Concession 4, in that township, he cleared up a farm from the bush, and there lived until his death. Mr. Clarkson was a justice of the peace of the County of York for many years, and as such was much esteemed. As a friend, a citizen and a neighbor he was deservedly beloved by all who knew him.

In 1830 Mr. Clarkson married Miss Mary Ann Johnson, who, after her husband's death, came to Toronto, and with her daughters took up her residence at No. 20 Beaconsfield avenue. They now live at No. 125 Garden avenue. Mrs. Clarkson was born in 1811 near Richmond Hill, County York, and is still in the best of health and in full possession of all her faculties. She is a daughter of William and Harriet (Hollingshead) Johnson, the former of whom, born in New York in 1775, died in Barrie in 1850; the latter died in Barrie at the age of eighty-two years.

Hillary and Mary Ann Clarkson had children as follows: Marie married David Eakin, and died leaving three children, Herbert, Charles and Laura; William, of Barrie, a retired farmer, married Rosa Waller, and has children, Olive, Edith, Hillary, Fred, Percy, Ernest and Frank; James, of Toronto, married Miss Catharine Bolton, and has children, Bertram, Edna and Elmer; Charlotte and Harriet are deceased; Jennie lives in Toronto; Mary was first married to Mr. Charles McIntosh of Toronto, by whom she had two children, Luella (who married Mr. E. T. Reed of St. Catharines) and Clari Belle, and after his decease became the wife of Mr.

George Tait, of Glens Falls, New York, by whom she has one daughter, Hilda; Susan is a resident of Toronto; Isabella, wife of Horatio Helliwell, has children, Clarence and Roy; Josephine (deceased) was the wife of Judge John Binkley, Spokane, Washington, and had one daughter, Ethelyn, now the wife of Aubrey Lee White, of Spokane.

The Clarkson family are Methodists. In political sentiment Mr. Clarkson was a Reformer, and fraternized with the Masons.

JOHN JONES, who died at his late residence on Dundas street, Toronto, Jan. 21, 1892, was one of the first settlers of that street, and his widow, who still lives there, is the oldest resident of that well-known thoroughfare. She is also, with one exception, the oldest person in business on that street, but one firm having been located there when her grocery business was established.

John Jones was born in 1850, in Ireland, son of Richard and Jane (McCombe) Jones, both of whom died in Ireland. In 1866 he came to Canada with his brother, William Jones, a contractor of Toronto, and here served his time at the blacksmith's trade with Samuel Clark, on York street. About 1869-70 he purchased property in Toronto at Nos. 127-129 Dundas street, where he built his shop, residence and two cottages. Here Mr. and Mrs. Jones settled, and shortly afterward Mrs. Jones, who is a business woman of rare ability, conceived the idea of establishing a grocery business. This she did, and while Mr. Jones carried on blacksmithing she attended the mercantile business with great success.

Mr. Jones married Miss Margaret McAllister, who was born in Londonderry, Ireland, daughter of Alexander and Margaret S. McAllister, both of whom died in Ireland. In 1868 Mrs. Jones came to Toronto, which city has been her home up to the present time. To her and her husband were born children as follows: Maggie, the wife of Harry Beers, of Cleveland, Ohio, who has two children, Thelma and John; Isaac, of Toronto; John, who died at the age of twenty-one years; Rebecca; Lizzie, the wife of George Shaw, of Toronto, who has one son, Howard; Richard, who married Vena Metcalf, and has one son, Gordon; Mamie, and Beatrice.

Mr. Jones was a member of the Church of England, to which faith his widow also adheres, and they were married in St. James' Cathedral, Toronto. He was a member of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society, and in politics was a Conservative.

ROBERT MEARNS, florist, whose greenhouses are located at No. 201 Close avenue, Toronto, opposite the Collegiate Institute, is one of the earliest settlers in that section of the city, and has been a factor in the progress and development thereof.

Mr. Mearns was born in Aberdeenshire, Scotland, Jan. 7, 1843. His father, Robert Mearns, Sr., was a land surveyor there. He and his wife, Ann (Wight) Mearns, had a good-sized family, of whom the following four came to Canada: Robert; John, of Toronto; and Alexander and George, both deceased. The parents were Presbyterians in religion and in politics Mr. Mearns was a Reformer.

Robert Mearns grew to manhood in Scotland, and after finishing his schooling became a florist and horticulturist. So skilful and successful was he in this work that he received an appointment as horticulturist to the late Queen Victoria and the Prince of Wales, now King Edward VII., a most convincing testimony to his ability in his chosen line. In spite of the most flattering inducements to continue in this work, after a number of years Mr. Mearns decided to start once more in life, this time in the New World, and in 1874 he arrived in Canada. Locating in Toronto he was for a while employed by Colonel Gray, but in 1881, on the 29th of April, he embarked in business for himself. He bought the property at No. 201 Close avenue, where he has ever since remained and built his greenhouses. At first he included horticulture and landscape gardening, and many of the ornamental plats in the city are his work. Among such may be mentioned specially the grounds of the Jameson Avenue Collegiate Institute. After some time, however, Mr. Mearns gave up these branches and now confines himself entirely to flowers. He has some 10,000 square feet under glass, has a hot water heating system, and handles all kinds and varieties of the finest flowers. His store is at No. 1364 Queen street west.

In 1881 Mr. Mearns was married in Toronto to Miss Ann Bryee, who was born in Scotland in 1854, daughter of John and Jane (Gray) Bryee. The parents were early settlers in Toronto. To Mr. and Mrs. Mearns have been born six children, Annie, Jean, Gray, Agnes, Robert, William and Lizzie. The family are all members of the Presbyterian Church, and Mr. Mearns is a Reformer in his political principles. Socially he belongs to both the Masons and the A.O.U.W. He is a man of most genial manner, and with the happy faculty of making friends. Almost the first to locate on Close avenue, he has seen that street built up with fine residences on both sides, and has himself been

active in securing the good paving which has so enhanced the value of land there.

JAMES ALEXANDER, who died in Toronto Oct. 2, 1902, was born in Kincardineshire, Scotland, son of Peter and Elizabeth (Ross) Alexander, both of whom died in Scotland. Mr. Alexander was educated in his native country and there learned the contracting and building business. In 1865, in Scotland, he married Jessie Thomson, daughter of John and Jane (Thomson) Thomson, of Arbroath, Scotland, both of whom died in Scotland.

After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Alexander settled in Aberdeen, where he followed his chosen business. They came to Toronto in 1872, removing shortly afterward to Boston, Massachusetts, whence they returned to Toronto. They went back to their native country for a time, but subsequently returned to Toronto, where Mr. Alexander made his home until his death, which was caused by a board accidentally striking him on the left side of his neck, producing hemorrhage and consequently his death within a few hours.

Mr. Alexander was one of the finest wood-finishers in Canada. He did the finishing on the residences of George Gooderham and William Mackenzie, two of the finest residences in the city of Toronto. He also had to do with the finishing of the Union Station and the Board of Trade. In every case his work was of the highest grade, and each job a standing monument to his skill. Besides the residences above mentioned Mr. Alexander built houses in Toronto at Nos. 179 (his late residence), 181 and 183 Brunswick avenue.

To Mr. and Mrs. Alexander were born the following children: John, a traveller of Toronto; Elizabeth, at home; Annie, deceased; James and Jessie, twins, the latter deceased, while James, a traveller, resides in Toronto; Albert, deceased; and Edgar, at home.

Mr. Alexander was a member in high standing of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church. He was connected with the Caledonian Society, and was a member of the Ancient Order of Foresters.

✓ DR. HENRY EGBERT HURD, a well-known veterinary surgeon of Toronto, is descended from United Empire Loyalist stock. The family was founded in Canada by Andrew Hurd, born at Arlington, Vermont, about 1770. He married Margaret Mitchell, and they had children: Lucia, Tyrus, Marcia, Maria, Sereno, Alonzo and Alonson.

Alonzo Hurd, grandfather of Dr. Henry Egbert, was born in 1807, and was, for many

years, a farmer in the County of Leeds. His children were: Andrew, Alonzo, Marsha and Abigail.

Andrew Hurd, son of Alonzo, was born in County Grenville, in 1829, and on reaching his majority he engaged in farming for some time in his native county, and later in the County of Leeds. Mr. Hurd and his wife are now living retired in Toronto. Mrs. Hurd was Miss Mary Jane Wolf, daughter of Joseph and Elizabeth Fuller Wolf, natives of Ireland, and early settlers of Ontario, whose children besides Mrs. Hurd were: Mrs. McCallum, Mrs. Turner, John and Jonathan. Mr. and Mrs. Hurd had the following children besides the subject of this sketch; Hattie, of Brockville, who married C. D. Manuel; Joseph, a contractor of the Northwest, who married Miss McKay, and had eight children; Horace, of Toronto, who married Miss Wilson Leeds, and had children—Vena, Gordon and Burton; John, a foreman in the Massey-Harris Company at Toronto, who married Miss Fenton; Charlotte, who married E. W. Warner, general freight agent of the Canadian Northern Railway at Winnipeg; and William Burton, manager of a glove business, who resides in Montreal, where he married Miss Lawrence, and had children—Genevieve and Ivadel.

Dr. Henry E. Hurd was born at Kemptville, Ont., in 1857, and received his literary training in the public schools of the County of Leeds. In 1890 he entered the Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, and was graduated in 1892 with the degree of V.S. Dr. Hurd at once settled in Toronto, in the practice of his profession, in which he has become eminently successful. He has a well-equipped infirmary on Queen street west, where the best of treatment and proper care is given to all patients in the doctor's line. He is inspector for the Dominion Government for all cattle imported and exported at the port of Toronto.

In 1882 Dr. Hurd married Miss Margaret Fraser, of the County of Leeds, daughter of Thomas and Hannah (Bell) Fraser, who were the parents of these children: Mrs. Hurd; Mrs. McLean; J. B. Fraser, M.D.; and A. V. Fraser. The Doctor and Mrs. Hurd have these children: Charles Lloyd, Edna Myrtle and Mary Wolf. The Doctor's home is at No. 905 Queen street west, a large detached brick dwelling on a lot 60 x 210 feet. He and his estimable wife are active members of the Methodist Church, in which he has filled the offices of trustee, recording steward, assistant class leader, treasurer, and has been superintendent of the Sunday-school for nine years. In politics he is independent.

ALFRED ARNOLD, who died at Newcastle, Ont., in 1884, was a well-known and highly esteemed business man of Western Ontario, where he had made his home after coming to Canada in 1873.

Alfred Arnold was born in Somersetshire, England, in 1842, and was a son of Stephen Arnold. The father was in the grocery business and spent his whole life in England. Alfred was educated in that country, grew to manhood there, and established himself in business as a butcher. In 1865 he was married in London to Miss Mary Muller, an English girl, born in 1841, daughter of Thomas and Mary (Wreford) Muller, also natives of England, who were born in 1803 and 1797, respectively. They were farming people and never left Great Britain. In 1873 Mr. Arnold decided to emigrate to Canada, and on arriving in the New World settled first in Bowmanville, and established himself as a butcher, but in 1876 he removed to Newcastle, where he continued in the same line of business until his death. The family born to Alfred and Mary Arnold numbered nine, namely: (1) Alfred Stephen, of Manitoba, married Miss Louise Bates, and is the father of Mary, Gladys, Edward, Lily and Henry. (2) Mary Grace is the wife of Richard Taylor, of Toronto, and mother of one son, Arnold Richard. (3) Elizabeth Amy married Bernard Mallan, and has seven children, Mary Sophia, Ada Margurette, John Thomas, Gertrude, Lillie Jane, Bernard and Sarah. (4) Ada. (5) Thomas married Ada Jane Wellwood. (6) Alice Jane, who married William Mackey, and has five children: Arnold William, Lillie Mary, John Wreford, Alfred and Alice Ruth. (7) Henry, of Toronto. (8) Lillie is deceased. (9) Arthur. The family are connected with the Methodist Church, of which Mr. Arnold was a member. After her husband's death Mrs. Arnold removed to Toronto, and is now residing there at No. 37 Shuter street.

WILLIAM A. DOAN, one of East Gwillimbury's enterprising and energetic farmers, operating on Lot 14, Concession 3, is prominent in political matters. He was born at his present home Feb. 22, 1852, son of Abram and Elizabeth (Reid) Doan, representatives of an old and prominent York County family.

Abram Doan was born in Bucks County, Pennsylvania, Nov. 9, 1802, eldest of a family of seven children. As a boy he worked hard on his father's farm, and received but a limited education. On July 12, 1827, Mr. Doan married Miss Elizabeth Reid, born in New York State, Jan. 11, 1808, daughter of William and Mary (Willson) Reid, who came from that State and

settled in Sharon. After marriage, Mr. and Mrs. Doan settled at the home of our subject, which Mr. Doan cleared, making a fine farm, and he became very successful, attaining a high degree of popularity. He died Dec. 20, 1892, his widow surviving him less than a year, her death occurring Sept. 9, 1893. They were always members of the Friends' Church, in which Mr. Doan was prominent. He was an active man in the ranks of the Reform party, and for some eighteen years served as collector and assessor of East Gwillimbury. He and his wife had six children: Lemuel, born Aug. 12, 1828, died Sept. 9, 1900; Charlotte, born Feb. 5, 1831, married (first) in 1850, Elias Pegg, deceased, by whom she had two children, Emily L. and Charles H., and married (second) in 1857, Ephraim Travis, formerly of East Gwillimbury, and now in Chicago, by whom she has four children—George A., Maria J., Fred W. and Edward S.; Henry C., born July 26, 1834, married Miss Caroline Route, who died in January, 1872, and they settled on a part of the old homestead, where he died Sept. 27, 1875; Albert C., born March 13, 1837, married Miss Emma R. Harold, of California, has two children, Charlotte G. and Mabel J., and they now reside in Los Angeles, that State, where he is holding the office of deputy assessor; Martha A., born Jan. 14, 1845, married in 1895, James Abbott, of Dublin, Ireland, from which country he came when a young man, and they now reside in Markham village; and William A.

William A. Doan received his early education in the district schools of the place of his nativity, and when twenty years of age he engaged as a clerk with D. W. Hughes, in his general store at Sharon. Here he clerked for three years, and during that time learned telegraphy, an occupation at which the next few years were spent. In 1875 he returned to the homestead, becoming manager of his father's farm, where he has since continued to reside. On June 6, 1877, Mr. Doan married Miss Maria J. Crittenden, born in October, 1850, daughter of James and Rosanna (Shepherd) Crittenden, and two children were born to this union: Mary E., born March 20, 1878, married W. H. Eves, of East Gwillimbury, and they have three children—Malvin D., Stanley S. and Mabel C.; and A. W. Ross, born Feb. 24, 1883, who was educated in the High Schools of Newmarket, taught four years in the schools, after which he became a student of the Home Correspondence school from which he was graduated, also being a graduate of the Hamilton College of Ontario, and he is now Assistant Principal of the Church Street School, Toronto. Mr. and Mrs. William

Doan also adopted a daughter, named Catherine A.

In religious matters Mr. Doan and his wife are Presbyterians, and Mr. Doan is one of the church board of managers. He supports Reform principles, was elected councilman in 1895, and has been assessor for ten years. Mr. Doan has also been school trustee for a term of three years. He is fraternally connected with the Queensville Tent, Knights of the Maccabees.

EUGENE O'KEEFE, president of the New Home Bank of Canada, president of the O'Keefe Brewery Company, and secretary and treasurer of the Ontario Brewers' Association, has been a resident of the city of Toronto since 1834. The O'Keefe family is of Irish extraction, and was founded in Canada by John O'Keefe, the father of Eugene, who came from Ireland in 1832, in 1834 settling permanently in Toronto, where he engaged in business, in which city he died.

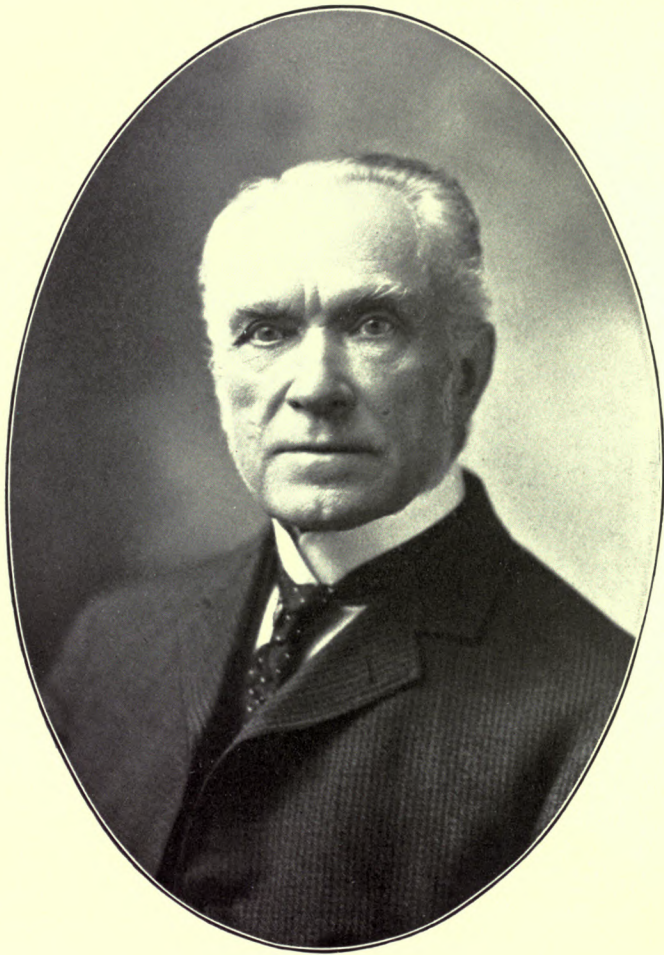
Eugene O'Keefe was born in Ireland Dec. 10, 1827, and was but seven years old when the family settled permanently in Toronto, the year in which it became a city. Here Mr. O'Keefe began his business life as an apprentice to the grocery business. For six years he was book-keeper in the Toronto Savings Bank, and in 1861, in company with Mr. Cosgrave, went into the brewing business. This partnership continued until about 1863. Later the O'Keefe Brewery Company was formed, and Mr. O'Keefe has been its only president. The business is the largest in Canada, and one of the best equipped in America, giving employment to more than 120 men in the brewery.

For many years Mr. O'Keefe was vice-president of the Home Savings & Loan Co., of Canada, becoming president on the death of Sir Frank Smith, and when, in 1904, it became the New Home Bank of Canada, he became the president thereof, being the first incumbent of that position.

GEORGE WILLIAM STRANGE, who died in Toronto in 1892, was born in that city in 1850, son of John James and Margaret (Ewart) Strange.

John James Strange was born in New York State, and when a young man came to Canada, settling for a time in Kingston, and later coming to Toronto, where he engaged in the real estate business.

George William Strange obtained his education at the Upper Canada College, and began his business life at Collingwood, Ont., where he was for a number of years engaged. His place



W. D. [unclear]

of business was subsequently destroyed by fire, and Mr. Strange went to the Northwest, where he engaged in the real estate business for about fifteen years. Returning to Toronto, Mr. Strange lived retired until his death. Associated with him in the real estate business in the Northwest was his cousin, Sheriff Mowat, son of Sir Oliver Mowat.

Mr. Strange married Miss Elizabeth Johnson, daughter of Harry A. and Elizabeth F. Johnson, the former born in Ireland, and the latter in Montreal, Canada. Mr. Johnson was born in 1815, and in 1840 settled on Yonge street, County York, on a bush farm. This he later sold to accept an appointment in connection with the Crown Lands Department in Toronto. He later went to London, Ont., where he was associated with the Postoffice Inspector's Department for some time. He died in London, Ont.

To Mr. and Mrs. Strange six children were born: Margaret, deceased; John M., of the Northwest; Mrs. Charles Cameron, of Seattle, Washington, U.S.A.; George; Charles; and Edward. The family are Presbyterians in religion. In politics Mr. Strange was a Reformer.

CHARLES ROBERT HENDERSON, who died in Whitby, Ont., in 1886, was born in England in 1842, son of an English Church priest. In his native land Mr. Henderson grew to manhood, and received a fine literary education at Oxford College. He had prepared for the ministry, but never entered actively in the work.

Mr. Henderson's first venture after finishing his education was in South Africa, where he was superintendent of a railway for five years. He then determined to see the New World, coming across the sea, first visited the United States, travelling all over that country, and largely through Canada. He subsequently settled at Toronto for a time, and later went to Port Perry, where he engaged extensively in the produce business, keeping four double teams on the road, gathering butter, eggs, etc., which he shipped to Montreal, Boston and England. In this business Mr. Henderson was engaged at the time of his death. He was a member of the Toronto Board of Trade, and well known in business circles of the city. Mr. Henderson married Miss Mary Therrill, daughter of William and Charlotte (Bolton) Therrill, and granddaughter of Stephen Therill, for many years a farmer in Nova Scotia.

Early in life William Therrill settled in County York on a farm, which he later sold and removed to Whitby, where he died. Mrs. Charlotte (Bolton) Therrill was a daughter of Cap-

tain Bolton, of the English army, who served in the Rebellion of 1837-38, later locating at Old Niagara, where he died. Of the seven children born to Mr. and Mrs. Therrill, Mrs. Henderson is the only survivor. Mrs. Henderson's son, Francis Arthur, is the only surviving member of this branch of the Henderson family.

Mr. Henderson, our subject, had a brother in the Royal Navy, Francis Arthur, and another brother, Walter, who was an extensive sheep rancher in Australia, where he died. Mr. Henderson was a member of the Church of England. In politics he was a Conservative; he was fraternally connected with the Sons of England and the I.O.F. Mr. Henderson was a thoroughly up-to-date business man, and very popular at Port Perry. His funeral was the most largely attended of any ever held at that place. After Mr. Henderson's death, his widow settled in Toronto, and here she and her son now reside.

WILLIAM BONNELL was for many years a prominent business man of Toronto, and in that city he died in 1896. He is descended from French Huguenot ancestry, and the family was founded in Canada about 1850 by William and Annie (White) Bonnell, the parents of our subject.

On settling in Canada William Bonnell, Sr., located in Halifax, N.S., where he lived a retired life until his death. After the death of her husband Mrs. Bonnell, with one daughter, returned to England, and died in London.

William Bonnell, our subject, was born in London, England, in 1828, and there received his education and served his time to the dry goods business. Soon after settling in Halifax, he and his brother engaged in the dry goods business, in which they continued for some time. From Halifax Mr. Bonnell removed to Montreal, where he became associated with Smith & Cochrane, as a commercial salesman. Here he continued until 1865, in that year settling in Toronto, where for thirty-one years he was agent for Bertram & Harvey, of London, England, wholesale cloth dealers.

Mrs. Bonnell's father was born at Stirling, Scotland, and when about twenty-one years of age he came to Montreal, near which city he owned a valuable tract of land, and there he spent the remainder of his life. He had studied medicine in England, but not liking the profession turned his attention to other channels. His wife was Barbara Houston, daughter of William and Annie (MacDonald) Houston.

Mr. and Mrs. Bonnell had the following family: Maude B., deceased; Alfred William, de-

ceased; Walter H. M., of Toronto, married Ola B. White, and has two children, Minnie Marion, and William; Andrew Perey, deceased; Charles N., deceased; May R., deceased; Mary Ethel, who married Arthur Lyman Massey, son of the late Charles Massey, and grandson of the late Hart A. Massey, and has two children, Arnold and Dorothy B.

Mr. Bonnell was a member of the Church of England. In politics he was a Conservative. His late residence was at No. 402 Bloor street west, Toronto, where Mrs. Bonnell now resides.

Mr. Bonnell's grandfather was Captain Bonnell of the Royal Navy, who served at the Battle of Trafalgar, and died at Narberth, Wales.

CHARLES SCHEIBE, who died in Toronto in 1884, was born in Germany in 1833. In his native country he grew to manhood and prior to the Rebellion of 1861-65 in the United States Mr. Scheibe settled in Charleston, South Carolina, where he engaged in the mercantile business. At the outbreak of the war, Mr. Scheibe moved to Canada, and settled in the Province of Quebec, remaining there until 1876, when he located in Toronto, in which city he spent the remainder of his life.

Mr. Scheibe and Miss Susannah Thomas were united in marriage. She was born in the Province of Quebec, daughter of Charles and Martha (Draper) Thomas, the former born in Herefordshire, England, and the latter in Canada. When a young man Mr. Thomas came to Canada, and settled on a farm in the Province of Quebec, and became one of the leading farmers of his locality. He continued in agricultural pursuits until his death in 1882, aged eighty-nine years, his wife surviving him one year, and being eighty years old at the time of her death. Their children were as follows: Richard, Charles, Esther, James, William, Truman, John, George, Abigail, Susannah and Benjamin.

To Mr. and Mrs. Scheibe were born seven children: George, of Toronto, who married Sarah Morrison, and has two children, Olive and Elmer; Edith, wife of George Young, and mother of two children, Penelope and Peryl; Martha; Mary, wife of J. Henderson; Frederick Charles, David and Bertha, of Toronto. Mr. Scheibe was a Methodist in religion and a staunch Conservative in politics. In 1904 Mrs. Scheibe purchased her fine home at No. 211 Simcoe street.

THOMAS BRIGHT TAYLOR, a life-long resident of Toronto, was among the well-known and highly esteemed citizens of that place, where he was born Sept. 23, 1857. His entire

business life was spent in furthering commercial interests in Toronto.

Mr. Taylor was a member of one of the pioneer families of York County, Ont. He was a son of John and Nancy (Bright) Taylor, the former a native of England, and the latter of Canada, being the youngest of their family of four children, two sons and two daughters. Thomas B. Taylor was educated at Upper Canada College. When sixteen or seventeen years of age he entered the paper manufacturing business with his brother, John Hawthorne Taylor, they succeeding their father in the operation of the Don Paper Mills. In this business Mr. Taylor continued for a number of years, then formed a partnership with the late William J. Thomas, in the malting business. These gentlemen soon thereafter founded the Ontario Brewery, which they conducted for some time, and on the dissolution of this firm Mr. Taylor purchased the Copland Brewery, which was operated in connection with the Ontario Brewing Company, and he was president of both companies to the end of his business life. The business is now carried on by two of his nephews, sons of Robert Davies, of Chester, Ontario.

In Toronto, Ont., on June 30, 1880, Mr. Taylor married Miss Henrietta Victoria Davies, also a member of a pioneer family of the County of York, and a daughter of Thomas Davies, who was a well-known business man of Toronto for many years. Mr. and Mrs. Taylor had five children: Edith M., who is deceased; Miss Etta F.; Frank, deceased; Norman Thomas, deceased; and Miss Fidelia Evelyn.

Mr. Taylor was a member of the Church of England. In political opinion he was a Reformer. He was a member of Orient Lodge, A.F. & A.M., and a Shriner, and in social life was a member of the Ontario and Canadian Yacht Clubs, and also belonged to the Granite Club. He was a man successful beyond the average, and was prominent in many ways, his death, which occurred April 30, 1903, leaving a vacancy in more than one circle.

Mr. and Mrs. Taylor first settled at Mr. Taylor's old home "Thorn Cliff," but he later erected a residence at the corner of Sherbourne and Shuter streets, which they occupied until moving into the present family residence, at No. 367 Sherbourne street, an ideal modern home. Mr. Taylor was a thorough business man, prominent in fraternal circles, highly esteemed as a citizen and a Christian gentleman.

HENRY HAMILL. While the death of the late lamented Henry Hamill occurred in Hamilton, he had lived in that city only a few years

and previously had been identified with the business circles of Toronto.

Born in Ireland in 1845, Mr. Hamill was one of two sons comprising the family of James Hamill, who was a professional gardener and forester. The son's interest in floriculture was thus early stimulated, and while yet a boy he was sent to Scotland to study gardening from a scientific standpoint. Having thus equipped himself he went next to England, and there worked at his profession for a time previous to his emigrating to Canada. In 1881 he crossed the ocean and took up his abode in Toronto, where he engaged with Mr. Fleming, the well-known seed merchant on Yonge street. From there he removed to Hamilton, opened a gardening business on his own account, and conducted a constantly increasing trade from that time till his death, in 1887. Only forty-two years of age when he was thus cut off, Mr. Hamill had seemingly many years before him and his prospects for the future had been more than bright.

Before leaving England, Mr. Hamill had been united in matrimony with Miss Martha Christina Lee, daughter of Edward and Martha Christina (Freeborn) Lee, both natives of England, born, respectively, in 1820 and 1824. In England Mr. Lee was a distiller of oils, but in 1881 he too came to Canada, and settling on a farm near Muskoka gave his time to agricultural pursuits. He is now living in his home there retired from all active pursuits. Mrs. Hamill was next to the oldest of the seven children. To her and Mr. Hamill a family of four were born, namely: Elizabeth, Mrs. Ernest Tooley, of Toronto, who has two sons, Edward and Leonard; Ethel Charlotte; Christina; and Emily. Mr. Hamill was a man of many interests and broad sympathies, who touched life on various sides. In his religious belief he was a Presbyterian; in politics he upheld the views of the Conservative party, and fraternally he was connected with both the Masonic order and the Orangemen.

WILLIAM BUSHELL. Among the leading factors in any locality contributing to its progress and advancement, must stand manufacturing interests. Toronto is well supplied with large manufacturing industries, and these are under the management of capable and experienced men, among whom William Bushell, of Carlton West, is well known. Mr. Bushell was born in 1874, in Kent, England, son of Edmund and Elizabeth Bushell, the former a native of Kent and the latter of Devonshire, England.

In 1890 the Bushell family came to Canada and Mr. Bushell engaged in brickmaking. He

was employed at various plants until 1904, when he decided to embark in the business on his own account, and leased his present place, on St. Clair avenue, Carlton West, where he has been located successfully to the present time, employing about fifteen men and having an annual output of about 1,800,000 brick, both red and gray. Mr. Bushell is the youngest brick manufacturer in this section of Ontario, and one of the youngest in Ontario. He has about three and one-half acres of fine brick clay, and in the management of his enterprise has proved himself a thorough, capable business man.

Mr. Bushell is well known in the Masonic order, belonging to Victoria Lodge, of Toronto Junction, and he is also connected with the Sons of England.

JOHN THOMPSON, who for over a quarter of a century operated the 'bus line and carried the mail between Richmond Hill and Toronto, is now living retired at the home of his sons in Markham township. Mr. Thompson was born on Concession 2, Lot 35, Nov. 28, 1838, son of Samuel and Mary (Grundy) Thompson, natives of Yorkshire, England.

Samuel Thompson was born in 1809, and his wife in 1813, and they came to Canada when young people. Locating in Vaughan township, Mr. and Mrs. Thompson cleared a farm from the wild land, and there lived until a few years prior to their deaths, when they removed to Thornhill, and there the remainder of their lives were spent. They were the founders of the Primitive Methodist Church of that locality, which was situated on a corner of Mr. Thompson's farm, and he was always active in church work. In politics he was a Liberal. Mr. and Mrs. Thompson had a family of eleven children: (1) Sarah, born in 1835, married John Hartney, and they settled in Vaughan township and engaged in farming, and there died. (2) Anna, born in 1837, is the wife of Samuel Phillips, now of Port Elgin. (3) John was born in November, 1838. (4) Isabel, born in 1840, married Charles Bean, who settled in the County of Middlesex, and at her death left four children. (5) Thomas, born in 1842, married Miss Jane Robinson, of King township, and they now reside at Park Hill. (6) Robert, born in 1844, is married, and is now engaged in farming at Park Hill, County Middlesex. (7) Catherine, born in 1846, married Robert Connor, of County Middlesex, and is now deceased. (8) Jane, born in 1848, is the wife of Frank Phillips, and resides at Wayne, Michigan. (9) Mariah, born in 1849, is the wife of John Conner, and resides in Michigan. (10)

Charles, born in 1851, is a farmer of the County of Middlesex. (11) Hannah, born in 1853, married Hugh Conner, who survives her and resides in Michigan.

John Thompson received a district school education, and on reaching his majority rented a farm on the 1st Concession of Vaughan township, where he engaged in agricultural pursuits for six years. In December, 1862, he married Miss Emma Baker, born in 1844, on Yonge street, Markham township, daughter of George and Luey Baker, natives of County Norfolk, England, both of whom died in Vaughan township. Soon after leaving the farm in Vaughan township, Mr. Thompson located in Longstaff, and purchased Mr. William Cook's stage line between Richmond Hill and Toronto, carrying the mail and operating the bus line for twenty-six years, or until the building of the electric line closed up his business. Mr. Thompson's sons purchased a farm on Yonge street, Lot 32, which they still own, and also purchased the farm now owned by Robert and John Thompson, with whom Mr. Thompson now makes his home. Mrs. Thompson died March 17, 1889, leaving three sons and a daughter: George E., Robert, Abbie and John A.

George E. Thompson, eldest of the children, was born in 1863, and received a public school education. He married a young lady of Chicago, in which city he is employed. They have no family.

Robert Thompson, born in 1866, was reared on his father's farm, and received a district school education. Until the business was closed, Mr. Thompson drove the stage line for his father. In July, 1892, he married Miss Melinda Billinger, of Richmond Hill, born in Whitchurch township in 1864, daughter of Benjamin Billinger. Mrs. Thompson was born and educated in the County of York. In 1904, Mr. Thompson and his brother John purchased the farm on which they now reside, engaged in stock and dairy farming. Mr. and Mrs. Robert Thompson have one son, John W. B., born in January, 1902.

Abbie Thompson, born in 1868, married Thomas Harding, of Richmond Hill, and has six children, William J., Gertrude, Orville G., Arthur, Cecil R. and Elmer. Mr. and Mrs. Harding are agriculturists.

John A. Thompson was born in 1879, and received his education in the American-British Business College of Toronto. He is single, and with his brother operates the farm.

John Thompson and his children are connected with the Methodist Church, in the work of which he has ever been active. The mem-

bers of this family have always been staunch Liberals, but have never aspired to office, preferring to give their time and attention to their business interests. Messrs. Robert and John A. Thompson are members of the Masonic order of Thornhill, in which the former is past master, having filled all of the chairs. Both father and sons are held in the highest esteem in the township, and bear the enviable reputation of being men of the highest integrity, of commendable public spirit and of good common sense.

JAMES DAVEY, a market gardener of Mimico, was born in Devonshire, England, Aug. 25, 1845, but has been for nearly forty years a resident of Canada. During that time he has attained by his own efforts a position of comfort and influence.

Mr. Davey's parents were Thomas and Agnes Davey, whose families had long been established in Devonshire, and who themselves never left that country. Thomas Davey passed away in March, 1905, aged ninety. Of their four children, James was the only one to cross the Atlantic. Thomas and George died in England, as did also the sister, Mary A., who married the late Mr. Williams, of England, and had one daughter.

As a boy James Davey went to work at butchering, but after some time at that occupation turned his attention to market gardening, in which he became proficient while still very young. In March, 1859, having determined to seek his fortune in a new land, he embarked at Liverpool on the sailing vessel "Pomona," and after a voyage lasting four weeks landed at Quebec. Proceeding to Toronto, he at first worked on the railroad, and then on the construction of the Toronto penitentiary, following which he turned his hand to various kinds of labor until he had accumulated sufficient to buy land and resume market gardening. In 1876 he purchased from the government his present place, which was then wild land, and had to be cleared before he could start his garden. His first home there was a frame house, which the family occupied until 1905, when Mr. Davey put up a brick house of modern construction, very completely fitted with the best improvements. Knowing his business thoroughly, and being a man of great intelligence and industry, Mr. Davey has been very successful in his operations, having profitably adopted modern and progressive ideas and methods.

In 1869 Mr. Davey was united in matrimony to Miss Jane Stephenson, who was born in Kent, England. Her father, Archibald Ste-

phenson, brought his family from England when Mrs. Davey was a little girl, and settled in Etobicoke, where the parents died. Mrs. Davey has one sister, Mrs. William Ebeleigh. To Mr. and Mrs. Davey eight children have been born, as follows: Thomas H., born in Toronto, in 1871, who is at home; James, born in 1873; Samuel in 1876; William, in 1879; Sidney Alfred, in 1881; Amy Jane, in 1885; Fannie, in 1888; and Gertrude, in 1890. The family are all connected with the Church of England.

Mr. Davey has never been particularly active in politics, although he is a loyal Tory and a citizen who does his part in promoting every project for the advancement of his locality. For twenty-five years his name has been on the roster of the Parkdale Lodge of the Sons of England, and he is also a prominent member of the New Toronto Lodge, of Orangemen. The home life of Mr. and Mrs. Davey has been a happy one, and their children reflect the greatest credit upon them. All are highly esteemed in Mimico and have many friends.

JAMES KYLE, whose death occurred in Toronto in 1898, had been a resident of that city for some years, and was well known and highly esteemed. Mr. Kyle was born in Ireland in 1814, son of James and Betty (Brooks) Kyle, both of whom died in the old country.

James Kyle grew to manhood in Ireland, and there married Margaret Clarke, daughter of Samuel and Jennie (Andrew) Clarke, both natives of Ireland, where Mr. Clarke was a leading farmer. After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Kyle settled in Ireland for a time, and Mr. Kyle was engaged in farming there. In 1877 they came to Canada, and for a time settled in Orangeville, from which place they came in 1889 to Toronto, and here Mr. Kyle lived retired until his death. To him and his wife were born the following children: Robert James, of Toronto; Jennie, the wife of J. E. Brayley, has three sons, James R. K., Lionel George, and Robert Edwin; Catherine and Ruth, deceased; Marie; Margaret; Mary and Samuel Clark, deceased; Rebecca, the wife of George Boelsterli, of New York; Martha Louisa, wife of Irving Wood, of Toronto; and Belle.

Mr. Kyle was a member of the Church of England. In politics he was a Conservative. He was fraternally connected with the Orangemen. Mrs. Kyle, who survives her husband, resides at No. 264 Delaware avenue, Toronto, which property she purchased in 1903.

MRS. GEORGE BATER, an old and highly esteemed resident of Todmorden, is a native of that immediate locality, born March 29, 1841,

daughter of William and Amelia (Kemp) Cramp.

The Cramp family were among the pioneers of York township, but were of English birth and ancestry. Both Mr. Cramp and his wife were born in Kent, England, he in 1785, and she in 1806. Their school days were spent in their native place, where they grew up and were married, continuing to reside there until after the birth of their first six children. In 1836 they came to Canada, settling at Todmorden, where Mr. Cramp started a hop garden, which he continued to cultivate for a few years, following gardening until his death, in 1858. His wife survived him three years and seven months. Both were members of the Methodist Church. They were the parents of a large family, all of whom became thoroughly identified with the new world to which they moved. Their children were: (1) Eliza, the eldest, became the wife of William Cook, of Toronto. Both are deceased. (2) Mary married William Lutz, of Michigan, and both are now deceased. (3) Sophia is the widow of Richard Turner, and lives with her children in Youngstown, Niagara County, New York. (4) James was drowned in early manhood, and a few years after the family came to Canada. (5) Henry, now deceased, was unmarried. (6) David became a merchant in Todmorden, where he died in 1902, leaving a widow and four children. (7) Elizabeth married Manuel Gilbert, resided in Williamsville, near Buffalo, New York, and died, leaving a family. (8) Louisa became Mrs. George Bater. (9) Amelia, Mrs. George Thorn, of Toronto, has five children.

Mrs. Bater grew up at the home, and on April 27, 1866, was married to George Bater. Three children were born to them: Louisa J., the wife of George Simpson, of Todmorden; Agnes A., married to Thomas W. Aikins, of Toronto; and Frank G., assistant postmaster at Todmorden, who is also a clerk in the store established by his father.

The late George Bater was born in Devonshire, England, Nov. 18, 1838, and both of his parents, James and Elizabeth Bater, died in the mother country. Mr. Bater came to Canada in 1863, from that time making his permanent abode there. Previously he had been a sailor for five years, and had seen much of foreign parts, his duties on the man-of-war taking him to the Mediterranean ports and even to the city of Jerusalem. For the first seven years after his arrival in Canada he acted as engineer at the Don Paper Mills. From then until 1878 he engaged in agriculture at the present family home, and the brick residence on the property was erected by him

in that year. At about the same time he opened a small grocery store which thenceforward became his main interest and which he continued to enlarge, and he was still in active management of the store at the time of his death, in May, 1904. He was also postmaster at Todmorden, having been appointed to the office when it was first established, and continuing in that position twenty years. At his death his daughter, Mrs. Simpson, was appointed to succeed him, and she has also, in connection with her mother, undertaken the management of the grocery business left by Mr. Bater.

In political matters Mr. Bater belonged among the independent voters, with no party allegiance. He and his wife were Presbyterians and prominent supporters of the church, both financially and in its various enterprises, and no family in the neighborhood was more esteemed. Mr. Bater was a school trustee for nine years. His death was felt to be a loss to the entire community, and the deepest sympathy was extended to the bereaved family.

HENRY HARRIS, one of the old and representative citizens of York County, is carrying on market gardening on Murray street, Bracondale, in York township. He was born Nov. 2, 1842, in the parish of Lenham, in the County of Kent, England, son of George and Catherine (Eagles) Harris, both natives of the same county, who were the parents of three children: Joseph, of Sussex, England, a gardener by occupation; Henry, of Bracondale; and John, who died when a young man. The parents are both deceased.

Henry Harris was educated in the schools of his native country, and when a young man worked on farms at Lenham and also at garden work. He came to Canada in 1883 on the vessel "Grecian Monarch," and after a short stay in New York proceeded to Toronto, where he worked at farming for some time. In 1884 he settled on his present home, which he had purchased, cleared up the land, and erected a fine brick home and greenhouses, engaging in market gardening, at which he has continued to the present time with great success.

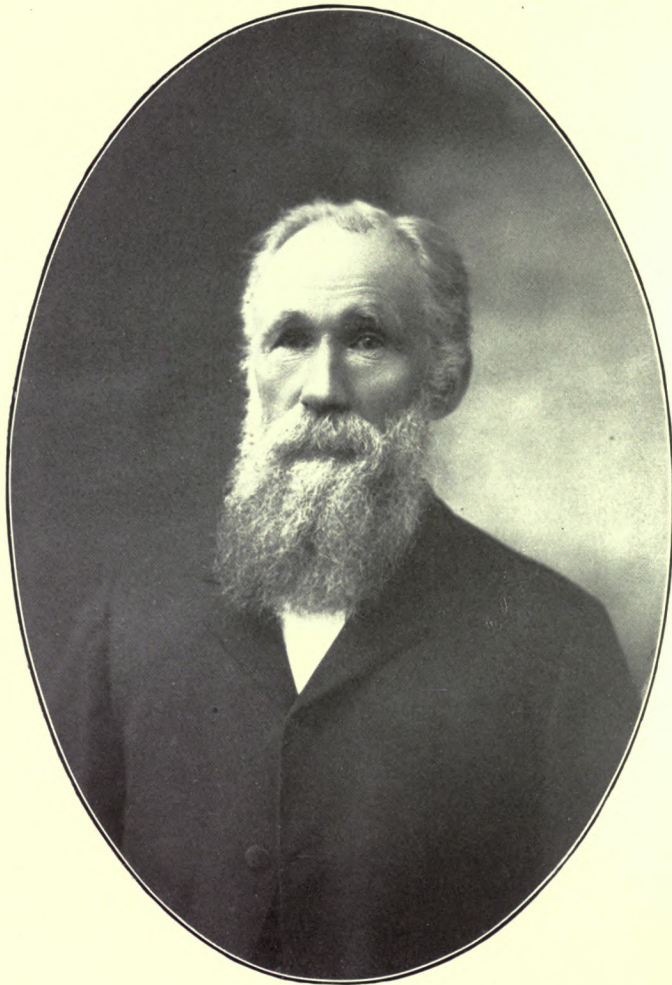
Mr. Harris was married in 1863 to Miss Ann Egliston, who was born in Kent, England, in 1843, and to them has come one daughter, Louisa, born in England; she is now the wife of George Coates, of Hilton street, and has three children, Henry, Edith and Lillian. In religious matters Mr. Harris is connected with the Methodist Church, being a trustee and one of the founders of the Fairbanks Church. In politics he is a supporter of the Reform party, and he is fraternally connected with the Sons

of England. He is one of the successful self-made men of this vicinity, and enjoys an enviable reputation for integrity and reliability.

GEORGE GRAY. The New World has long represented to the people of the Old enlarged opportunities for financial betterment, and many have found in abundant measure the prosperity they have sought. Mimico has many self-made men among its residents, and one, who brought to the new environment the sterling qualities that in themselves make for success, is George Gray, retired manufacturer of building supplies, and late owner of a planing mill. Mr. Gray is of Irish blood, and the third of his name.

George Gray (1) lived and died in Ireland, and his son George (2) did likewise. The latter was a linen merchant in County Down, and his wife Mary, daughter of Hance Brown, was also a native of that region. They were the parents of four children, namely: William, for many years a prominent postmaster in Ireland, where he died; Margaret, Mrs. Joseph Castle, who died a few years ago in her home in Maryland, leaving two children, William and Margaret; George; and Isabella, who died in early womanhood in Streetsville, Ont. The father of this family died in April, 1857, aged eighty-four years, and the mother passed away in September, 1846, aged forty-six years. Both were devout members of the Presbyterian Church.

George Gray (3) was born three miles from Bellabay, County Down, Ireland, May 20, 1837, and while still a boy learned the trade of a weaver. When only sixteen years of age he started for America, embarking on the "Lady Franklin." The voyage consumed seven weeks and three days, as the mainstay was lost in a storm, disabling the vessel for a while. Landing in New York City he remained there but a few weeks, and then started to learn carpentry at Ogdensburg, New York. For five years he worked in that city, going from there to Lisbon, New York. There he was married in 1860, to Miss Jane Kerr, daughter of Robert Kerr, a prominent farmer of that region. She died after only a year of married life, and he left Lisbon in 1861, coming to Canada. He followed his trade at Toronto for some years, and in 1864 was again married. His second wife was Miss Ann Ross, of Scotch birth. Her health failed before long, and in 1881, after sixteen years of invalidism, she passed away. Four years after their marriage Mr. Gray was employed by the Canadian Northern Railway as a carpenter, and for ten years he was in charge of the locomotive wood department.



Geo Gray

In 1872 he left the railroad and started a coal and lumber yard on Queen street, Toronto, but in a few years he sold this and started his business in building supplies and planing mill work, in Mimico, an enterprise which proved very successful, and which he sold Nov. 9, 1906. Mr. Gray resided for some time on the Lake shore, where he had built a substantial brick house, but in 1890 he sold this property, and, buying on Salisbury avenue, put up a fine brick residence, which is his home. A small farm of twenty acres now occupies his time. Mr. Gray has no children. Identified for more than fifty years with the growth of Toronto and its suburbs, he has always proved himself a most valuable citizen, and has ever maintained a reputation for the strictest integrity which has secured him the most complete confidence from his fellow townsmen.

During the Fenian Raid Mr. Gray enlisted in the Tenth Royals, of Toronto, and served until the raiders were overpowered. In recognition of his services he was given a medal and a tract of 160 acres in New Ontario. He has served his county in a civil capacity also, for he is an active Reformer, and since settling in Etobicoke township has served both as a member of the school board and as councilman, displaying always a sincere desire to promote the real welfare of the community. He has also always been prominent in church work and for twenty years was elder of West Queen street Presbyterian Church, besides being one of its trustees. After coming to Mimico he was chosen elder there also, but declined in favor of a younger man, and his only official position in the church is that of trustee. He is a member of the Masonic Lodge at Mimico.

On Aug. 9, 1892, Mr. Gray was united to his present wife, who was Miss Lucy Charles, of Toronto, where she was born and educated. Her father, the late James Charles, a native of London, England, was one of the city's early and prominent residents and one of the oldest dry goods merchants there. He married, in 1836, at Lundy's Lane, Susan Sparkman, a native of Herefordshire, England. Mr. Charles came to Toronto in 1832, and was a man of prominence and means there. He and his wife were members of the English Church. His latter years were spent retired, and he died March 1, 1870, aged sixty-five; his wife died Jan. 13, 1877, aged fifty-eight. They were the parents of the following children: Susanna E., widow of Charles Brown, of Mimico, Ont.; Charlotte E., deceased, who married C. T. Watmore, of Toronto; Sarah M., who married John Lea, a farmer of York township; Anna M., who married John Dew, a farmer of York township; Mar-

garet J., who married Philip Brent, a farmer of East Whitby; James W., a retired farmer of York township; John S., of County York; and Lucy, wife of George Gray.

EDWARD BROWN, a highly esteemed citizen of York township, County York, has for a number of years been engaged in market gardening at Bracondale. His birth occurred in the city of Toronto Jan. 3, 1866, and his parents, Edward and Margaret (Townsend) Brown, were early residents of York township.

Edward Brown, the father, was born in London, England, in 1822, and his wife was born in Gloucestershire in 1842. After their marriage, which occurred in Toronto in 1859, they settled in that city, where for a time Mr. Brown worked at his trade of painter. Later he opened a store at Bathurst street and Davenport road, continuing in business there for twenty-five years, when he retired and purchased a house in Bracondale, where he spent the remainder of his life, dying in March, 1895. He is buried in Mount Pleasant cemetery. Mrs. Brown was the daughter of William Townsend, who died in England, after which his widow married William Turner and came to York township, where they settled and died. Mrs. Brown was educated in England. She died Jan. 1, 1907, and is interred in Mount Pleasant cemetery. Mr. and Mrs. Brown were members of the Church of Christ. In politics he was a Grit. Three children were born to them, of whom Henry Thomas, born in 1860, married (first) Miss Lizibeth Fairhead, of Toronto, and (second) Miss Annie Hunsley; he was formerly a merchant of Toronto, but is now engaged in the ice business, being a member of the Canada Ice Company. Louisa married Rev. John Lawrence, formerly of Toronto, and they reside at Tremont, Maine, where he has charge of a Congregational congregation.

Edward Brown, Jr., received his education in Toronto, and when a young man clerked in his father's store, continuing in that capacity until the business was closed out. He then settled at his present home, which he purchased of Henry Pretty, and has become very successful as a market gardener. In 1891 Mr. Brown was married to Miss Annie Redfern, born in England in 1868, whose father died in England, after which the mother came to Canada; she is now living in Muskoka, Ont. Six children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Brown: Lilly, in 1892; Hazel, in 1894; Edward, in 1896; Harold, in 1898; Violet, in 1900; and Henry Thomas, in 1902. Mr. and Mrs. Brown are members of the Methodist Church, and in politics he is a staunch Conservative.

JOHN EDWARD EMBURY, V.S., whose death occurred in New Hampshire in 1892, belonged to a family well established in Ontario, and his widow and children are residents of Toronto.

Mr. Embury was born in Hastings, Ont., in 1861, a son of Samuel and Margaret (Newton) Embury. The former was a native of Hastings, while the mother came from Ireland. The son received his general education in the Hastings school and then entered the Ontario Veterinary College, at Toronto, where he was graduated in 1885. He first settled in Geneva, New York, for the practice of his profession, but after some time there he moved to another location in New York, and thence later to Paris, Illinois. There he was made assistant State veterinary surgeon and served in that position till he left Illinois to locate in North Adams, Massachusetts. Thence he went to another place in Massachusetts, and then to New Hampshire, where he died in 1892, aged only thirty-one years. Dr. Embury was well informed in his profession and had a bright future before him.

In 1885, the same year in which he was graduated, Dr. Embury was united in matrimony to Miss Elizabeth Palmer, who was born in Edinburgh, Scotland, where her parents, Alexander and Jessie (Ross) Palmer, both died. Mrs. Embury came to Canada in 1872 and lived at Toronto until her marriage. She has two children, Angus Edward and Jessie Florence, the latter a graduate of Wells' Business College. After Dr. Embury's death his widow and children returned to Canada and have since made their home in Toronto.

HENRY POWELL, florist and plant grower of No. 180 Gladstone avenue, Toronto, Ont., and one of the highly esteemed residents of the Queen City, was born in Shropshire, England, in 1854, son of Thomas and Mary (Binnell) Powell, natives of England, in which country their lives were spent.

Henry Powell was educated in his native land, and about 1871 came to Toronto, where he remained for some time before going to Buffalo, N. Y., where he was connected with a dry goods house until 1880. He then returned to Toronto and engaged as a florist. In 1894 he built his greenhouse on his present site, the glass area then being about 1,100 square feet. Mr. Powell grows choice plants for the retail trade, especially geraniums and other desirable house plants. His specimens are all healthy, thrifty plants, and are of the choicest varieties.

In 1876 Mr. Powell was married to Miss

Charlotte Ann Stonehouse, a member of a pioneer family of the County of York, founded here by her grandfather, Joseph Stonehouse, and his wife, Martha Jane Rushforth, natives of England who came to Canada in 1820. They settled in the woods on the west one-half of Lot 18, Concession 1, Etobicoke township, County of York, where they cleared 250 acres of land from the bush, and where both died. Their children were: Ann (Nannie), who married Mr. Demory; Hannah, who married Dr. Widmer; Mary; Isaac; Jane, who married (first) Joseph Stonehouse, and (second) Rev. W. Jolly; and Joseph, who married Jane Canning. All of these children were born in England and came to this country with their parents in 1820.

Isaac Stonehouse was born in England May 28, 1812, and married in York County, Ann Stonehouse, a cousin, daughter of Robert, who also settled in Etobicoke township. Isaac Stonehouse settled after marriage on the old farm above mentioned, and there lived until 1853, when he removed to Toronto and there resided until his death, Jan. 11, 1894. The children born to him and his wife were: Elizabeth, who married Robert Bryce, of Michigan; William, of Shelburne, who married S. L. Crawford; Hannah, who married J. D. Jones, of Yale, Michigan; Annie, who married Thomas Johnston; Charlotte, who became Mrs. Powell; and Martha and Ethelyn, deceased. All of these children were born on the old homestead farm.

Mr. and Mrs. Powell had children as follows: Mary Jennie Louise; Henry Halbert Stonehouse; and Jessie Ramsey. Mrs. Powell is a member of the Methodist Church, while her husband adheres to the English faith.

The property of the late Mr. Isaac Stonehouse is getting too valuable to be used for greenhouse work much longer—a wonderful change from the time he settled in Etobicoke when he had to carry his first wheat on horseback to be ground, and what was then Muddy Little York is now grand Toronto.

THOMAS CARPENTER. The death of this esteemed citizen of Toronto, in 1897, removed one of the best known residents of the Queen City. He was born in Oxfordshire, England, in 1841, son of Joseph Carpenter, who died when his son Thomas was a child.

Mr. Carpenter grew to manhood in his native country, and there received his education. In 1869 he came to Toronto, where he found employment at the gas works. Later he became a contractor, engaging in that occupation until his death. Mr. Carpenter was married

in England to Harriet Franks, who was born in England, daughter of Joseph and Silpha (Cripps) Franks, both of whom were born in England, and died in that country; Mr. Franks was a carpenter by trade. Mrs. Carpenter has a brother, Henry Franks, who came to Toronto and now lives here. To Mr. Carpenter and his estimable wife were born the following children: Miss Elizabeth, who was born in England; Christopher, of Toronto, who married Annie Winburn, and had two daughters, Lettie and Muriel; Joseph, of Toronto; Rose, the wife of Thomas Batt, of Toronto, who has four children, Gladys, Christian, Myrtle and Percival; Charles, of Toronto, married to Ethel Brewer; Harriet; May; William; and Thomas.

Mr. Carpenter was a member of the Baptist Church, to which his widow also belongs. In politics he was a Conservative. He was connected with the Sons of England.

CHARLES CURTIS, a highly esteemed resident of Fairbank, York township, engaged in market gardening, was born in Surrey, near London, England, on Oct. 21, 1868. His parents, James and Eliza (Gosden) Curtis, were natives of England, the former born in 1834 and the latter two years later. Mr. and Mrs. James Curtis came to Canada in 1872, settling in Toronto, where Mr. Curtis followed contracting and building for a number of years, then purchasing a farm in County Dufferin, where he still resides, prosperously engaged in farming. He and his wife are Presbyterians in religious belief, while in politics he is a Liberal. Of their family of eleven children, nine are living: (1) Fannie, born in 1864, the wife of Charles Grimsby, of Bathurst street, has one son, Harry. (2) Harry J., born in 1865, a wealthy contractor and builder of Dallas, Texas, is married and has two children, Lillian and Harry. (3) William, born in 1867, resides in Fairbank, York township, where he is engaged in gardening; he is married to Ettie Greensides, of Bracondale, and has two daughters, Edith and Irene. (4) David, born in 1869, resides on Murray street, York township, where he is engaged in market gardening. He married Alice Lainson, of York township, and they have children—Alice, Rose, Annie, Lillian, James and John. (5) George, born in 1872, is unmarried, and resides with his parents on the farm. (6) Albert, born in 1874, married Miss Agnes Brice, of Toronto, and they reside in County Dufferin, engaged in farming. They have three children, Florence, Elsie and Arthur. (7) Ernest, born in Toronto in 1876, is engaged in farming in County Dufferin. (8) Lizzie, born in 1878, died in young

womanhood. (9) Arthur, born in 1880, died when twenty-three years of age. (10) Louise, born in 1883, is unmarried and at the home-stand. (11) Charles.

Charles Curtis was educated in Toronto, and when a young man engaged in market gardening, an occupation which he has followed all of his life. He first located in Bracondale, where he lived some years, in 1892 moving to his present home, where he has since lived. In October, 1893, Mr. Curtis was married to Miss Agnes Shorley, who was born in England in 1875, daughter of Samuel and Elizabeth Shorley, and to this union have come four children: Florence L., born in 1897; Charles K., born in 1899; Jesse, born in 1901; and George, born in 1906. In religious connection Mr. and Mrs. Curtis are members of the Presbyterian Church, in which he is an elder. In politics he is a staunch adherent of the principles of the Conservative party.

LOUIS O'LEARY, V.S., who died at Pickering, Ont., in 1887, was born at that place in 1843, son of George O'Leary and Mary O'Connor, natives of Ireland. They came to Canada many years ago and settled in Pickering, where Mr. O'Leary engaged in farming for some time, finally removing to the village of Pickering, where he and his wife died.

Louis O'Leary received his literary training in his native place, and then took a course in veterinary surgery at the University of Toronto. He followed that calling in Pickering, and subsequently engaged in the insurance business, also receiving the appointment of collector of customs at Pickering, in which capacity he continued to serve until his death. In 1876 Mr. O'Leary married Miss Katharine Cassidy, who was born in Toronto, daughter of James and Margaret (Foley) Cassidy, natives of Ireland and early settlers of the Queen City. Mr. Cassidy was in the clothing business in Toronto, where he died in 1900, in the faith of the Roman Catholic Church. Mr. and Mrs. Cassidy had children as follows: Dr. Cassidy, of Toronto; Mrs. O'Leary; Dean Cassidy; J. Frank and W. E. Cassidy, and Miss Cassidy.

To Mr. and Mrs. O'Leary were born five children: Anna, Kathleen, Margaret, Louise, and George Edward, the last named dying in infancy. Mr. O'Leary was also a Roman Catholic in his religious belief. In political sentiment he was a Reformer, and he was greatly interested in the success of his party. He was highly esteemed in Pickering, where he was very well known.

WILLIAM TOLHURST. The means whereby the history of a family may be traced from

the founder of that family in any country, and the business founded by this pioneer of that family in the country, constitute a most valuable record. Among those engaged in the florist's business in the city of Toronto is William Tolhurst, the founder of the business which he carries on, and also the founder of his branch of the Tolhurst family in Canada. He is the only one of his father's family to come to Canada, and the only man of the name of Tolhurst either in England or Canada to follow the florist's business. He may, therefore, be properly called "Florist" Tolhurst.

Mr. Tolhurst was born in the parish of Wadhurst, Sussex, England, in 1857, son of William and Fanny (Pierce) Tolhurst, also natives of Sussex, where both died. In his native parish he grew to manhood, receiving his education and learning the gardening business, which business he followed in the line of private gardening for a large estate in England, keeping his position on the one estate until he resigned for the purpose of coming to Toronto in 1889. On reaching his adopted land Mr. Tolhurst at once took up gardening, and continued therein until 1898, when he embarked as a florist. In this capacity he handles all varieties of cut flowers and plants, designs for all occasions being arranged on short notice and in the most artistic manner. In 1902 Mr. Tolhurst purchased his home and floral display rooms at No. 508 Yonge street, where every courtesy is shown to customers by him and his family.

Mr. Tolhurst was married to Miss Clara Hammond, daughter of Walter and Emily (Shingler) Hammond, and to this union there have been born: Clara, born in England, and educated there and at the Wellesley school, Toronto; Frederick William Hammond, born in England and educated there and in the Wellesley street school, Toronto, and now in business with his father; Mabel Esmie, born in England, and educated in the Wellesley street school, Toronto; William Charles, born in Toronto, educated in Wellesley street school, and now engaged as an electrician; Arthur Bruce, born in Toronto, and educated in the Wellesley street school; Elsie Evelyn, born in Toronto, educated at the Normal school; and Ruby Blanche, born in Toronto. Mr. and Mrs. Tolhurst are members of the English Church. He is a Conservative in politics, and his fraternal connections are with the Sons of England, and the Gardeners' and Florists' Association of Toronto.

ROBERT COLBY was born in Toronto in 1853, and died in that city in 1901. William and Mary Ann (Nichols) Colby, his parents,

were natives of England, and the founders of the family in Canada. William Colby followed brewing in Toronto for many years, in which city he died, as did also his wife. Their children were: Robert; Elizabeth; Sarah Ann, Mrs. Thomas Carr; Margaret, Mrs. George Sanderson; George, deceased; Walter, of Toronto; Mrs. James Giles; and Mrs. Theodore Thornton.

Robert Colby was educated in Toronto, and there served his time at the moulding business, an occupation which he followed in his native city until within a short time of his death. He was married in Toronto to Miss Jane Chatfield, who was born in that city in 1855, daughter of Joseph and Jane (Bougard) Chatfield, natives of England. The Bougards settled in Toronto about 1848, and there Mr. Chatfield followed the carpentering business until his death, in 1857. He was a thoroughly upright, Christian man, and had hosts of friends wherever his work took him, won by his genial manner and strict integrity. His wife survived him one year. Their children were: Walter, Albert, Mrs. Thomas Brady (of Toronto), Mrs. John Shackleton, Mrs. Fanny Duncan, Mrs. Edward Tipton, and Mrs. Colby. The parents were members of the Church of England.

To Mr. and Mrs. Robert Colby children as follows were born: Frederick, who married Catherine Barrett, and has two children, Arthur and Pearl; Arthur; Lillie, wife of Donald Anderson, who has two children, Robert and Donald; Bertha; Mabel A., wife of Thomas Booth, of Toronto; and Ernest.

Mr. Colby was a member of the Church of England. In politics he was a Conservative, and he was connected fraternally with the Moulders' Union.

FREDERICK BAKEWELL, a well-known florist, of Toronto, located at No. 416 College street, carries a full supply of the finest specimens of flowers and plants. Mr. Bakewell is of English parentage, and the family was founded in Canada by his father, Ebenezer Bakewell, who was born in Birmingham, England, Jan. 29, 1820, son of Richard Bakewell, who died in the old country. In 1866 Ebenezer Bakewell came to Canada, settling for a time in Peterboro' and later removing to Toronto where he and his wife still reside. He married Ann Cheshire, a native of England, and they had children as follows: Henry, of Toronto; Sophia, wife of W. H. Anthony; Frederick; and Edward, deceased.

Frederick Bakewell was born in 1870, at Peterboro', Ont., and there his literary training began. He also attended school in Toron-

to. Mr. Bakewell possesses a natural inclination for his calling, and he was more or less connected with different branches of the florist business prior to embarking therein, in 1904, when he opened his present place of business at No. 416 College street, Toronto. He has an up-to-date show room, and the different varieties of flowers and plants are artistically arranged, thus presenting an attractive appearance to the visitor or prospective purchaser. He prepares flowers in suitable designs for any and all occasions. Many of his rare specimens Mr. Bakewell obtained from his father-in-law, Mr. Frederick C. Miller, who is a well-known florist of Bracondale, County York.

In 1904 Mr. Bakewell married Miss Rosina Merry Miller, daughter of F. C. Miller. Mr. and Mrs. Bakewell are members of the English Church. He is a Conservative in politics, and a member of the I.O.O.F.

SAMUEL WILSON CURRY, who died in Toronto in 1889, was born in the County of York in 1842. The family came from Ireland at the time of the cholera epidemic, and located for a time in Toronto, later removing to the country, near the city, where Mr. Curry's widowed mother is still living.

Samuel Wilson Curry grew to manhood in County York, and there received his education. He then served his time to the tinner's trade, and became one of the most skilled in that line in the country, following that business in Toronto until the time of his death.

Mr. Curry married Miss Harriet Whetter, who was born in England, daughter of Francis and Jane (Stephenson) Whetter, also natives of England. In the old country Mr. Whetter was an excise officer, and also filled other positions. On coming to Canada, in 1850, he carried on farming in Simcoe County, and there he and his wife died. Their children were: Jacob and Henry, retired; Frank; Mrs. Jonathan Geich; Mrs. Coale; Mrs. Michael; and Mrs. Curry. The parents of these children were members of the Church of England.

Three children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Curry: Francis Samuel, of Toronto, who married Annie Innis and has one daughter, Gert-rude Evelyn; Harriet Maude Louise, and Maggie Elsie, deceased. Mr. Curry was a member of the Church of England, and in politics a Conservative. He was well-known in fraternal circles, and was connected with the C.O.F.

Mrs. Curry married Mr. Thomas Evans, and makes her home in Toronto, where she is highly esteemed and respected. Mr. Evans has travelled all over the world, and is a most interesting conversationalist.

RICHARD PERRY, now living retired on St. Clair avenue, was for a number of years engaged in market gardening in Bracondale, York township. Mr. Perry is a native of England, born in the town of Tiverton, Devonshire, July 6, 1852, son of Richard and Mary A. (Quant) Perry, the former of whom was born in Devonshire in 1822 and the latter in 1819. Richard Perry and his wife both died at the old home in Devonshire, where they had followed agricultural pursuits all of their lives, Mr. Perry passing away in 1883, and Mrs. Perry in 1871. They were consistent members of the Church of England, in the faith of which both died.

Richard Perry was the eldest son in his father's family of five children. He received a fair education in the schools of his native country, where he grew to manhood, engaged in agricultural pursuits. In 1873, Mr. Perry left London for Canada on the ship "Delta," arriving in Toronto July 27th of that year. Here he engaged with a farmer for one year, receiving \$150 for his work. Leaving him to go to work for James Serivener, of Eglinton, he later became manager for Captain Jessop, with whom he continued for three years, during which time he purchased his present home, which he rented out for seven years. In the meanwhile he became manager for James Lesslie, of Eglinton, in April, 1883, taking possession of his own property at Bracondale, where he has since made his home.

In August, 1878, Mr. Perry was married to Miss Sarah A. Rogers, born Aug. 13, 1853, at Rushton, Dorsetshire, England, daughter of Stephen and Lucy Rogers, who came from England in May, 1874, to Bracondale, where Mr. Rogers still resides. His wife died in Bracondale. Two children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Rogers, George and Sarah A. George Rogers, a farmer of Alhertha, married Mary, the daughter of Rev. William Lomas, at Bracondale, and has eight children. Sarah A., who became Mrs. Perry, was well educated in the College of England under the instruction of the late Thomas H. Bastard, a barrister, of England, who died aged 101 years and ten months.

Mr. Perry erected his present home in 1885, Mrs. Perry laying the corner-stone thereof. Until October, 1904, Mr. Perry carried on market gardening, in which he was very successful, and he now has one of the finest properties in Bracondale. At the present time he is engaged in erecting four houses on his property, which he intends to rent. This land was formerly owned by the Turner Estate.

In 1874 Mr. Perry assisted one brother and

one sister to come to Canada, and they are now situated as follows: Emma is the wife of William Guetschow, a railroad employee, of Chicago, Ill., and has one daughter, Florence. William H., born in England in 1855, is engaged in farming in East York; he married Miss Annie Goulding, daughter of Charles Goulding, and by her had two sons, Charles and Frederick; he married for his second wife Bella Sproul, of Toronto, and has five children by this union, Irving, Gertrude, Wildred, Amy and Richard E. John, born in 1858, came to Canada in 1878, assisted by his brother Richard, and here married Miss Mary Brown, of London; and they reside on a farm near York Mills, and have three children, Alice, Edith and Frank. Mary A., born in England in 1860, came to Canada with her brother John in 1878, and married John Guetschow, who for some years was a barber of Chicago, but is now agent for the Carter White Lead Company, at Montreal, Canada; they have one son, Robert Herman.

In religious connection Mr. and Mrs. Perry are members of the Methodist Church. Mr. Perry has been one of the most active and liberal church workers in his community ever since his arrival here. He was one of the founders of the New Zion Methodist Church, for which he gave the land upon which it stands, has been treasurer of the church for eighteen years, a teacher in the Sabbath school for fifteen years, is a member of the Quarterly Board, a trustee, and has also been steward and choir leader. He has been the recipient of many handsome testimonials from the members of the congregation, who have chosen this way to show their affection for Mr. Perry and their appreciation of his constant and self-sacrificing labors in behalf of the church. In his political affiliations Mr. Perry has supported the principles of the Conservative party, but he has never aspired to public recognition.

Mr. Perry is a real type of the self-made man. On landing in Canada he was the possessor of only sixty cents in money, but he had several thousand dollars' worth of energy, a willing heart, and well-formed ideas of honesty, industry and economy. These have been his leading characteristics throughout life. A public-spirited citizen, capable business man and good, Christian gentleman, he has the respect and esteem of the entire community in whose midst he has spent the best years of his life.

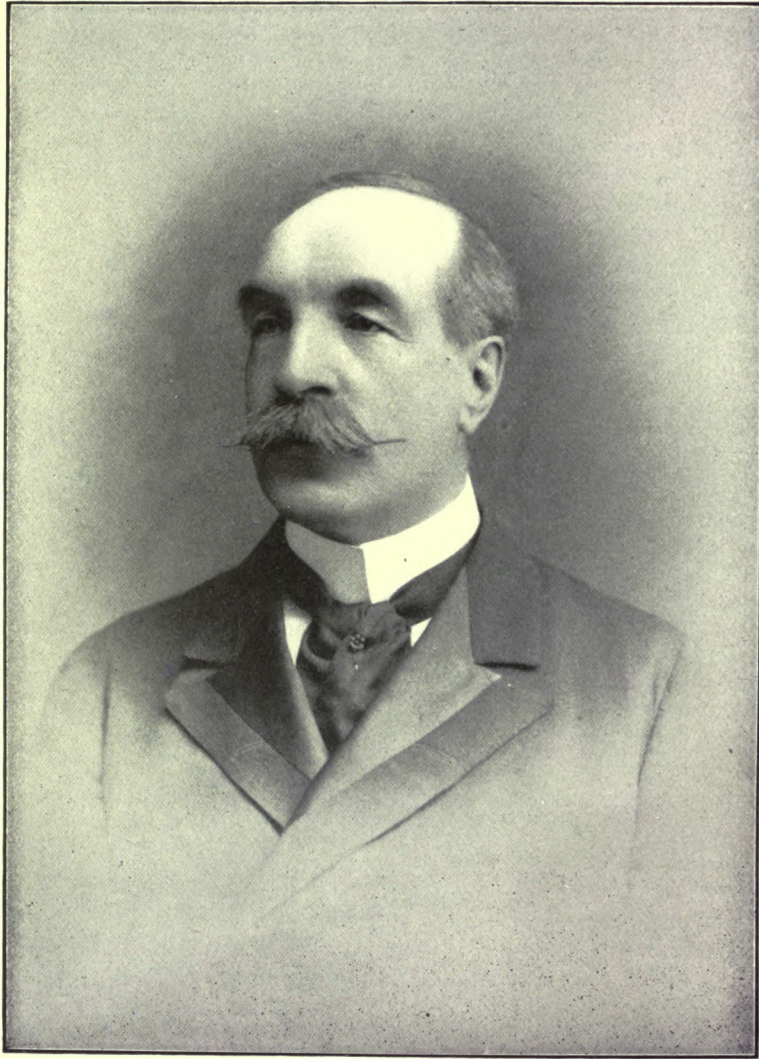
MRS. SARAH B. WINDRUM, of No. 128 MacPherson avenue, Toronto, is a member of a family long identified with the County of

York, and is herself a native of the Queen City. Mrs. Windrum is a daughter of John and Ann (Robson) Barron.

John Barron was born in Cumberland, England, in 1792, and in 1832 came to Toronto. In his native country he had been a miner, but on coming to Canada, he became a well digger in Toronto (then Muddy York), an occupation he followed for some time. This was prior to the water system, and persons had to have wells, or to bring their water from the lake. From Toronto Mr. Barron removed to the township of York, County York, and engaged in farming, clearing away the brush from his home, and here he resided until his death in 1861, his widow surviving him ten years, being seventy-two years old at the time of her death. They were members of the Methodist Church. In politics Mr. Barron was a Reformer. The children of Mr. and Mrs. John Barron were: Hannah, Elizabeth, John, Jr., Mrs. Margaret Hutchinson, and Mrs. Sarah B. Windrum. Of these, John, Jr., was for some time a boot and shoe merchant at Toronto. He married Hannah Herrin, and had four children: John, of Toronto; William, of Detroit; Miss May; and Annie, wife of J. H. McFaul, of Toronto.

Mrs. Windrum was born in Toronto in 1841, and in 1862 she married John Watson, a native of the County of York, born Dec. 20, 1837, son of John and Christina (Homely) Watson, natives of Yorkshire, England, who came to County York in 1831, and engaged in farming, clearing a farm from the bush. Here both died, leaving children as follows: Mark, Hannah, Elizabeth, John, and Charles. Of this family, John Watson grew to manhood in his native county, and after marriage settled in York township, where he engaged in farming and so continued until his death, Jan. 3, 1892. The children born to him and his wife were: William, who married Carrie Coulter, and has three children, Ernest C., Christina Bell, and Ralph George; Arthur B., who owns the old homestead and who married Miss Minerva Coulter, a cousin of Mrs. William E. Watson, and has three children, Irving L., Leslie and Lila; Charles H., a farmer of Scarboro, who married Charlotte Smithson, and has two children, Stanley B. and Fred.; Christina, who died aged sixteen years; George, who died in 1898, at his home, 2nd Concession, West York; and Fred., at home.

In 1895 Mrs. Watson married Samuel Windrum, for many years a well-known jeweler of Toronto, and he died in 1898. Mrs. Windrum settled at No. 128 MacPherson avenue in 1893, having sold her farm to her son, who now con-



James P. H.

ducts it. Mrs. Windrum is a member of the Methodist Church.

DOUGALD BELL, whose death occurred in Toronto in 1904, was born in the township of Erin, County Wellington, in 1854, son of Alexander and Mary (McClelland) Bell, natives of Scotland. The parents of Dougald Bell came to Canada in 1844, settling in Erin township, where the elder Bell carried on farming, and where his wife died. After the latter event he removed to a farm at Sunnidale, where some years were spent, and where he died in 1897, aged 72 years.

Dougald Bell was educated in the schools of Erin township, and, on reaching maturity, learned the blacksmith's trade and carriage making, which he followed at Shelburne for fifteen years. From that place Mr. Bell removed to Toronto Junction, where he engaged in the grocery business for a time, and then selling out resumed business at the corner of Davenport road and Howland avenue. This business he also sold out to engage with the Steele Briggs Company, of Toronto, with whom he remained until his death.

Mr. Bell was married in 1881 to Miss Agnes Nickell, born at Esquesing in 1858, daughter of James and Sarah (Woods) Nickell. Mr. Nickell was a son of William Nickell, the first white settler in the township of Esquesing, County Halton, having located there on his emigration from the North of Ireland in 1827. His wife was Margaret Remsey, a native of the United States. James Nickell was born in Esquesing township in 1834, and his wife in 1835. Their entire married life has been spent on their fine farm in that township. They celebrated their Golden Wedding in 1905. Mr. and Mrs. Nickell are Presbyterians in religious conviction, and he is a Conservative in politics. They have children: Mrs. Bell; William, of Sarnia; Robert, a veterinary surgeon of Georgetown; James; John; Minnie; and Edith, all born in Esquesing township.

Mr. and Mrs. Bell had two children: Robert D.; and Sarah Leone, a trained nurse, who prepared for her profession in New York City. The family are Presbyterians. Mr. Bell fraternized with the Masons. As a Reformer, he took a great interest in the success of his party. He was very well known in Toronto and the surrounding country, and was highly esteemed by all.

JAMES SCOTT, who passed away at his residence, No. 173 Jameson avenue, Toronto, in 1902, was one of the well-known and most highly esteemed business men of the city. Mr.

Scott was born in County Tyrone, Ireland, in 1840, son of Joseph and Jane (McCleary) Scott, natives of Ireland, who settled in Kingston, Ont., about 1848. Here Joseph Scott, who was a civil engineer by profession, lived retired until his death, in 1863. His widow later removed to Toronto, where she died in 1901. Their children were: Robert, deceased; James; Sarah Agnes, wife of Rev. Alfred Bonny; and Mary, who resides in Toronto.

James Scott was but eight years old when his parents came to Canada. He received his literary training in Kingston, and began his business life in Toronto in connection with the Royal Canadian Bank, later entering the Crown Lands Department, where he remained for a time. He then became secretary-treasurer of the Georgian Bay Lumber Company, afterward becoming vice-president of that company, a position he held for a number of years. Some time prior to his death Mr. Scott retired from the vice-presidency of the company, but continued to be a shareholder therein. He was a director of the Standard Bank of Canada, and president of the Merchants' Fire Insurance Company.

Not only in business was Mr. Scott well known, but in fraternal organizations as well. He was president of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Association, and was one of the most charitable men of the city. No person in need ever applied to him in vain. His heart went out in sympathy to the unfortunate, to assist whom he gave liberally of his resources. Mr. Scott was a very successful business man, and during his long career accumulated a handsome competency, but best of all left behind him a good name, not only for honesty in business, but as a Christian gentleman.

Mr. Scott was a member of St. James Cathedral, of Toronto, which he supported liberally. In politics he was connected with the Conservative party.

JAMES BENNETT, whose death occurred in Toronto Oct. 8, 1878, was a native of the city, born there in 1842, son of Humphrey and Frances Bennett.

Humphrey Bennett was born in Ireland in the early part of the nineteenth century and came to Canada in the days when Toronto was called Muddy York. He settled there as a shoemaker, and succeeded so well that he accumulated money for investment and became the owner of considerable property in the city. His death occurred in 1866. Both he and his wife were members of the Church of England. A family of seven children was born to them: John, deceased; Ellen, deceased; Frances, who

died in 1904; Mary Jane, deceased; Elizabeth Isabella; Edward; and James.

James Bennett was sent to school in Toronto, and after finishing his education learned the plumber's trade and established himself in that line in New York City. Later he went to San Francisco, California, and finally returned to Toronto, following his trade there until his death, doing well and becoming favorably known.

Mr. Bennett was married Oct. 17, 1865, to Miss Barbara Scott, daughter of James and Ann (Gordon) Scott. The parents were born in Scotland, the father in 1818, and both died in Toronto. They were members of Knox Presbyterian Church, and devout believers in the faith they professed. Mrs. Bennett was the second of their five children, who were as follows: Isabella, of Montreal; Barbara; James and Robert, deceased; Mary, Mrs. George Dodd, of Winnipeg. It was soon after his marriage that Mr. Bennett removed finally to Toronto, and there to himself and wife were born their five children, namely: (1) Humphrey W., born Aug. 26, 1866, lives in Chicago. He married Miss Nellie Scarlett, and has two sons, Robert Lee and Cecil Humphrey. (2) James Scott, born Sept. 20, 1868, lives in Toronto. (3) Ida Mabel, born June 10, 1872, married A. B. Armstrong, and has one son, Arthur Reginald. (4) Ella Gussie, born in 1873, is the wife of Arthur B. Munro. (5) Annie Frances, born in 1876, died when three years old. The family are connected with the Church of England. The late Mr. Bennett was a Mason and an Odd Fellow. His political affiliations were with the Reform party.

CHARLES SWALES, who was for many years located on Davenport road, Bracondale, York township, was a native of England, born March 23, 1835, in Yorkshire, son of Mathew Swales, who died in the old country.

Charles Swales was one of a family of six children, and was the only one to come to Canada. He had engaged in farming in his native country, and had there married Mrs. Hannah Beck, nee Engle, who was born in Yorkshire, England, in November, 1832, daughter of George and Elizabeth (Robinson) Engle, one of the old and prominent families of Yorkshire. George Engle was foreman for Lord Lounsbury all of his life, and at his death his widow was given a pension from this estate. He and his wife had six children, John, a farmer of Yorkshire; Robert, also of Yorkshire; David, who came to Canada and died at Bracondale, leaving one daughter, Maria; James, a widower, who resides with his sister Mrs. Swales, and

has two children, Harvey and Annie; Anne, born in 1836, who married William Baker, and resides in Yorkshire; and Mrs. Swales. Mrs. Swales was reared in Yorkshire, England, where she married George Beck, who died in England, leaving one son, James, now of Toronto.

In 1866 Mrs. Beck married Charles Swales, and they resided in England until 1889, in which year they came to Canada and settled in Toronto for a short time on College street, whence they removed to Mr. Frank Turner's property on Davenport Road, where Mr. Swales engaged in market gardening until his death, March 7, 1906, in the faith of the English Church. Mrs. Swales and her children are connected with the Methodist Church. Mr. Swales' untimely death brought sorrow to his devoted family, and deep regret to a wide circle of friends and acquaintances. He was a man of the highest integrity and held the esteem of all who knew him. He also possessed more than the average business ability, and in every relation of life was a man whom it will be hard to replace. He was sadly missed in the community, but the influence of his good and kindly life remains.

To Mr. and Mrs. Swales were born these children: Robert, born in England in 1867, came to Canada with his parents, and engaged in market gardening until his death, Dec. 12, 1894; Miss Elizabeth, born in 1869, was educated in England, and resides with her mother; David, born in England in 1872, is at home; and Emma, born in 1877, married in 1893 Arthur H. Hussey, born in April, 1876, son of James Hussey, of Toronto, and engaged in printing until his death in December, 1901, when he left his young wife with two children. Lillian M. (born in 1894) and Harry (born in 1896), both in school.

EDWARD STOCK (deceased), a wealthy and influential farmer of the village of Mimico, was born in Lincolnshire, England, March 25, 1815, son of James and Grace (Fasackerly) Stock.

James Stock brought his family to Canada in 1829, and, buying 200 acres of wild land in Etobicoke township, County York, settled there permanently. He cleared up his land, laid out a good farm, and was so successful in his operations that he became well-to-do. His holdings in land increased until he had 400 acres all in one block. This property was sold after the death of his widow, and divided among his children. Mr. Stock was a devout Catholic, as are all the later generations, and was deeply interested in the development of

both the church and of education in his locality, being one of the first to seek the establishment of schools. He died in 1851, and his wife sixteen years later. They were the parents of the following children, of whom the only one living is Joseph, the fourth child, a farmer of County Ontario. The others were: Edward; John; Peter; Mary, the first of the family born in Canada, who married Col. Orlando Dunn, of Toronto, and had three children; Catherine, who married the late James Corcoran, a Stratford merchant, and who left a large family; and Ellen, who married the late William Blair, postmaster at Stratford, and had seven children.

Edward Stock attended school in England until he was fourteen, when the family came to America. After reaching the new country there were of course no educational opportunities, and he worked with his father on the farm, clearing and cultivating it. The only break in his life as a farmer was a short period in 1847, when he did military duty. He married early, and his home was for a considerable period a substantial frame house, which he put up on the farm, but later this was replaced by a handsome brick residence. While his farm was very large and demanded much of his time and attention, he always participated actively in the management of local affairs, and had the welfare and development of the region very much at heart. A Reformer in politics, as had been his father also, he was a member of the council of Etobicoke for many years, and served on the school board for thirty years, being a trustee at the time of his death, although then over ninety years of age. His influence was most strongly felt, however, in the advancement of the Catholic Church, in which the family have always been active workers. Not only did Mr. Stock found and liberally support the Church in Mimico, but he assisted in founding all the Catholic churches in the city of Toronto. Mr. Stock's business interests also were very extensive, and when he died he had been a director in the Home Bank of Toronto for fifteen years. His property included several large farms, city real estate and bank stock, and he was one of the wealthiest men in that section.

In 1836 Edward Stock was married to Miss Harriet O'Hara, who was born in County Antrim, Ireland, in January, 1811, and who came to Canada with friends in 1830, her parents, James and Catherine O'Hara, having died previously in Ireland. Mrs. Stock died Sept. 7, 1868, but her husband lived to an extreme old age, passing away Sept. 22, 1905, in his ninety-first year. They had a family of eight children: (1) James, born Aug. 4, 1837, grew up on the farm, receiv-

ing a district school education. He married Miss Mary McLean, of County Peel, and they resided in Toronto, where he is now retired from business. (2) Catherine, born May 24, 1839, married the late Alexander Gormally, of Toronto, to whom she bore two sons, James and George, both of Toronto. Mrs. Gormally now lives with her sisters at the old Stock homestead. (3) Mary, born Sept. 17, 1840, married David Culnan, of County Peel, and has seven children, Edward, William, James, Harriet, Helen, Agnes and Elizabeth. (4) Elizabeth, born Jan. 20, 1842, and (5) Agnes, born March 25, 1844, occupy the homestead in Mimico. Both are ladies of culture and refinement, who were given good classical educations. By both character and position they are very influential in the neighborhood, and are very highly esteemed. Miss Elizabeth Stock has been the manager of the household since her mother's death. (6) Grace, born Feb. 18, 1846, was educated in the home schools, and in November, 1872, was married to Patrick Woods, who was born in Ireland in 1845. They reside in Toronto, where he is in the Customs Department, and they have five sons, James, Patrick, Edward, William and George. (7) William, born March 14, 1848, died in 1884. (8) Edward, Jr., born Oct. 20, 1850, was a farmer, settled on one of his father's farms near the old home. He married Miss Mary Douley, of Mimico, and they had five children, Catherine, Edward, William, Elinor and Wilfred. Edward Stock, Jr., died in September, 1903, two years before his father.

CAPT. DUDLEY F. JESSOPP, for many years a prominent figure in military circles of the Dominion, now living retired at his home on St. Clair avenue, Bracondale, County York, was born at Waltham Abbey, Essex, England, June 4, 1832, son of Captain Henry and Mary (Good) Jessopp, both natives of Essex, England.

Captain Henry Jessopp was educated in England for a barrister, and followed that profession for some time in his native country, but in 1837 came to Canada, and was appointed a captain of militia to serve in the war of the Rebellion (1837-8.) In 1842 he came to Bracondale and built a home on St. Clair avenue, then known as York township, where he resided until he died, in 1854, his worthy wife surviving him until 1881. They were members of the English Church, and their memories will be kept dear, to those who knew them well, especially by the poor, who were ever the recipients of the Captain's benevolence. In politics he was a staunch Conservative, but he never

aspired to public office. Captain and Mrs. Jessopp were the parents of these children: (1) Rev. H. Bates, born in England, was educated for the ministry in Upper Canada College. He entered the ministry of the Episcopal Church, in which he continued until his death in 1882. He married Miss Colcott, of Cobourg, and their children were: Charles, of Missouri; and Lillian, now Mrs. Wells, of Toronto. (2) Mary died unmarried. (3) Georgina, born in England, is the widow of James McMillen, of County York. (4) Captain D. F. was the youngest.

Captain D. F. Jessopp was educated at the Upper Canada College, and when a young man entered the Military School of Toronto, where his military education was acquired. After eight years' service in the Toronto Garrison of Artillery, he was appointed to the position of Captain, and became recruiting officer for the 100th regiment. During the Fenian Raid he served faithfully, and now holds a medal for honorable service. After having been offered a staff appointment in the service at Montreal, he retired from military service.

In November, 1885, Captain Jessopp married Miss Annie Ashe, born in Yorkshire, England, in January, 1855, daughter of William H. and Charlotte Ashe, who came to Canada in 1865, after having spent five years in New York. Locating in Toronto, Mr. Ashe engaged as a coal merchant and in the distilling business, but returned to England, where he died in 1905, his wife having passed away in Toronto in 1902, leaving seven living children. Mrs. Jessopp is one of six daughters, and she was educated in the Toronto home by a governess.

After marriage Captain and Mrs. Jessopp settled in his father's cottage home, where they lived for some years, and then removed to Toronto, where three years were spent, at the end of which time they returned to the farm home at Bracondale. There Captain Jessopp erected a magnificent brick residence in 1893, in which he has since resided. The Captain and his wife are members of the Episcopal Church. In politics he is a staunch Conservative, but his business interests have so engrossed his attention that he has never found time to engage actively in public matters as an aspirant for office. He is a member of the Masonic order, holding membership in York Lodge of Eglinton. Captain Jessopp is chairman of the York Pioneers and Historical Society.

JAMES GARDHOUSE, one of Weston's prominent citizens, who has been a councilman of the village for many years, is engaged in the coal and wood and undertaking business. Mr.

Gardhouse was born near Malton, in County Peel, Jan. 12, 1862, son of John and Nancy (Armstrong) Gardhouse, natives of Cumberland, England, the former born Feb. 14, 1825, and the latter in November of that same year.

Robert Gardhouse, grandfather of James, came from England and settled in County Peel in 1826, locating on Concession 7, Lot 13, Gore township, where he reared a family of seven children, as follows: John; Robert, who died in British Columbia in 1906; Jane, deceased, wife of Adam Armstrong; Mary, deceased wife of a Mr. Armstrong; Sarah, wife of John Moody, of County Peel; Fannie, deceased wife of James Marshall, of British Columbia; and Margaret, wife of Samuel Armstrong of County Peel.

John Gardhouse, eldest son of Robert, grew to manhood on the home farm, where he married Miss Nancy Armstrong, daughter of George Armstrong, who founded that branch of the family in Canada, coming from England. After marriage Mr. and Mrs. Gardhouse settled on the farm in Toronto Gore township, County Peel, upon which they lived until 1875, and in that year Mr. Gardhouse retired and removed to Malton, where he and his wife are now living, having celebrated their Golden Wedding in 1901. They are connected with the Methodist Church, while in politics Mr. Gardhouse is a Conservative. To John and Nancy Gardhouse were born eight children: Mary J., the wife of John Tingle, of Toronto, has a family of five children: Maggie, Agnes, Annie, John and Gordon; Maggie, the wife of William Snead, a business man of Toronto, has five children: Jennie, George, Bertha, May and Thomas; Frances, the wife of Robert Speers, of County Peel, has four children, John, Florence, Mary and James; Robert who married Miss Jane Watkins, of County Peel, resides on the old homestead in that county, and has a family of four children, John, Minnie, Maude and Harvey; Thomas, a retired farmer of County York, married Miss Mary Beamish, and they reside in Malton; Annie, the wife of George Bailey of Malton, has two children, Annie and Brock; John, a business man of Brampton, married Miss Eva Ellis, of County Peel, and has four children; and James.

James Gardhouse grew to manhood in County Peel, and was there educated in the public schools. When a boy of fourteen years he became engaged in buying and selling horses, and at one time owned a valuable string, among them being "Belmont Chief," 2.141½. In 1898 Mr. Gardhouse engaged as a travelling salesman for the National Harvester Company, and he continued in this position for two years, when he located in Weston and purchased his present

home. Since 1900 he has been engaged in the undertaking business, as well as the coal and wood business.

Mr. Gardhouse was married, in 1887, to Miss Elizabeth Mitchel, born in County Haldimand in 1863, daughter of James and Martha (Lammy) Mitchel. Mr. and Mrs. Gardhouse are members of the Presbyterian Church. Mr. Gardhouse has always been identified with the Conservative party, and in 1895 he was elected a member of Weston council, a position he has efficiently filled to the present time. He is a member of the Odd Fellows, of the Maccabees, and of the Order of Chosen Friends.

REV. W. L. BAYNES REED, rector of the Church of St. John the Baptist, at Norway, was born in London, Ont., Sept. 4, 1871. His parents were, Edmund Baynes Reed and Margaret (Laurason), the former of an old and prominent English family whose line of descent runs back to the nobility.

Edmund Baynes Reed was a native of Devonshire, born March 3, 1838, and was the son of Dr. Roach Baynes Reed, who was a member of Parliament and a chief magistrate for twenty-five years. The grandfather died in London. Edmund Baynes Reed came to Canada and made his home in London, Ont., for a number of years. He was educated for the legal profession and practised until he went to British Columbia as a government employee in the geological service. He is still filling that position and resides in Victoria, the only one of his father's five children now living. He married Miss Margaret Laurason, born in London, Ont., 1840. She was the daughter of Lawrence Laurason, who was born in Hamilton and was the son of Lawrence, an United Empire Loyalist of English birth. The latter came from Pennsylvania and settled at Ancaster, near Hamilton, later moving to London, where he was a merchant. Mrs. Reed's mother, the wife of Lawrence Laurason, Jr., was a daughter of Dr. Lee. Six children were born to Edmund Baynes Reed and his wife: C. E. Baynes, born and educated in London, and now cashier of the Molson Bank in Brockville, Ont.; May Baynes, who lives with her brother, Rev. W. L. B.; Lawrence Baynes, deceased, a young business man in Victoria, who married Miss Anne Hope, of Toronto, and left her with one daughter, Helen; Rev. W. L. Baynes; Alice Baynes, born in 1874, a woman of fine education, trained at Guy's Hospital, England, and now a professional nurse in San Francisco; and Amy Baynes, 1878, wife of Capt. Spicer Simpson, a member of the Royal Navy, located at a Chinese seaport, and they have two sons, Geoffrey and Basil.

Rev. W. L. Baynes Reed was prepared in the London high schools for Trinity College, Toronto, which he entered in 1889. His theological course there was completed in 1895, and he at once received a call to become curate of Holy Trinity Church, Toronto. He was next at Otonabee, County Peterborough, for three years, and then in 1898 became assistant to Rev. Ruttan, of the Norway Church. In 1900 he succeeded Dr. Ruttan as rector, and has ever since ministered to that parish. He has been very successful in building up the church and is exceedingly popular. The parish is an old one for Canada, having been founded during the later forties. The first divine service was held in a barn belonging to a Mr. Playter, but by 1850 a small wooden church had been erected and Rev. James Beaver, D.D., a professor in Toronto University, was the first incumbent. Dr. Ruttan's pastorate covered a period of twenty-seven years, and witnessed a continual growth. In 1892 the present beautiful edifice on Kingston road was erected, at a cost of about \$8,000, and since then the old wooden building, now somewhat enlarged, has been used as a parish school room.

Our subject comes of a family that has always been active in local affairs and himself follows the course of events with keen interest, being a Conservative like his father. He is also connected with several lodges, being Past Grand Chaplain of the Masonic Lodge, No. 374, of Keene, and chaplain of Acacia Lodge, of East Toronto; Principal of Orient Chapter; Past President of Cambridge Lodge, Sons of England, of East Toronto; and a member of Court York, I.O.F. He has never married.

ARTHUR JOHNSTON, a shoe merchant of East Toronto, who has a high standing among the business men of the community, was born in Albion township, County Peel, March 6, 1866, son of Samuel and Elizabeth (Morrison) Johnston.

Samuel Johnston was born in February, 1836, in County Cavan, Ireland, in which country both his parents died. Mrs. Johnston was a native of County Fermanagh, Ireland, born Aug. 6, 1829, daughter of James Morrison, who came to Canada and spent his last days in his daughter's home. Mr. and Mrs. Johnston both grew up in the old country, and received fair educations, afterwards emigrating to Canada. Their acquaintance began after their arrival here. Their married life was passed for the most part on a farm in County Peel, but they finally moved to Toronto to spend their last years, and there Mrs. Johnston died in April, 1902. Her husband is still living there retired.

Both belonged to the Methodist Church. They had six children, four of whom are living. (1) Lizzie, the eldest, was married in Toronto to Isaac Walker and returned with him to London, England, to live. He is a man of wealth, with large interests in New York City, where they spend the winters. (2) Eleanor is in business in Toronto as a milliner. (3) Arthur was the third child. (4) Harriet is in partnership with her sister, Eleanor. (5) Jeremiah died in Toronto, in December, 1901. (6) Willis died in Toronto, in September, 1905.

Arthur Johnston was educated in the public schools of County Peel, but left when he was thirteen, and, going to Toronto, served an apprenticeship as a shoemaker. After thus learning the foundation of the business, he became a clerk in a shoe store, and was so employed till 1888, when he bought land in East Toronto and established himself there in the shoe business. He has been very successful in this mercantile enterprise, while he has added to his fortune by judicious investments in real estate and now, besides his home and store property, owns other real estate of value.

Mr. Johnston was married in April, 1888, to Miss Emily Rine, who was born in Ontario, and both reared and educated in Scarborough township. Her parents lived there on a farm where her father died, but her mother makes her home with Mrs. Johnston. Two children have been born to this union, namely: Elizabeth, a high school student; and Frederick, born in 1893, now in the public schools. Mr. Johnston and his wife are both members of the Methodist Church.

Ever since coming to East Toronto, Mr. Johnston has taken an active interest in the affairs of the town, as a supporter of the Conservative party. For eight years he was a member of the school board, and in 1902 was for the first time elected to the position on the council which he still holds. His genuine devotion to the best interests of the community has been recognized by his constituents, who value his public services at their real worth. Mr. Johnston is also very prominent in social organizations and belongs to a number of lodges, namely: the Orangemen, of Toronto; the Odd Fellows, of the East Toronto Lodge, in which he has filled all the chairs; the Masons, of East Toronto, where he is senior warden; and the United Workmen, of East Toronto. His sterling qualities of mind and character have both insured him his present position of financial ease and won him the warm esteem and confidence of his fellows.

HENRY MILLER, a well-known apiarist and fruit grower of Vaughan township, County

York, who resides on his tract in Richmond Hill, was born on Yonge street, Thornhill, June 29, 1831, son of Henry and Mary (Kennedy) Miller.

Nicholas Miller, grandfather of Henry, came from the State of Pennsylvania, and married in Canada, Sarah Devins, of County York. They settled as agriculturists on the 1st Concession of Markham township, then all a wild country, and there spent their lives. Mr. Miller died in 1810, while his brother, Michael, who had come to Yonge street with him in 1778, passed away a few years later. They were sons of Casper Miller, who emigrated to Pennsylvania from Hanover, Germany, in 1760, and married a sister of John Tyler, who later became president of the United States. Nicholas Miller left a family at his death: Henry; Isaac, Marshall and John, who died in Canada; Abraham, who died at Galena, Illinois; Sarah, who was the wife of Jacob Munshaw, an emigrant from Pennsylvania, who settled on Yonge street in Vaughan township, and left a family; and Nathan, who settled and died on a part of the old homestead.

Henry Miller, eldest child of Nicholas, was a carpenter by trade, an occupation which he followed in connection with farming on the old homestead, where he died. His wife passed away there some years before. She was a daughter of James Kennedy, who came from Youngstown, New York, settling in Scarborough township, where he built what is known as the Kennedy Road, the first in that section. Henry Miller and his wife were members of the Presbyterian Church. He was very prominent in political matters, and a staunch adherent of the principles of the Liberal party, serving as councilman for a number of years. Mr. and Mrs. Miller were parents of these children: Simon, born in August, 1827, was reared on the Yonge street farm, and married Lizzie Munshaw, of Thornhill, they now living retired at Unionville, Markham township; Nicholas, born in 1829, married a Miss Gohn, of County York, and they removed to Menard County, Illinois, where he followed contracting and building until his death; Henry; Mary A., born in 1834, married Dr. James Longstaff, now deceased, who for fifty years was a practicing physician in Richmond Hill, and one of the prominent and influential men of the county, and she died at Richmond Hill, leaving three children, Dr. Longstaff (of Richmond Hill), Nellie (a professional nurse in the United States Army now stationed in Manila, P.I.), and Lillian (widow of Dr. Frank McGonigal of Richmond Hill); Andrew, born in 1836, is a retired farmer of Thornhill, and has a family; Jane, born in 1839,

is the wife of William Gohn, of Markham township, and has a family; and Eleanor died when in young womanhood.

Henry Miller received his early educational training in Thornhill, and later attended the Normal school at Toronto, receiving a teacher's certificate. Mr. Miller gave up teaching, however, to engage in farming in Scarborough, where he remained about four years. In May, 1853, he married Miss Matilda Sutton, born in Belfast, Ireland, daughter of William Sutton, who came from Ireland in 1840. After marriage Mr. and Mrs. Miller removed to Richmond Hill, and here he purchased a home, engaging with Patterson & Bro., manufacturers of agricultural implements, travelling for this firm for a number of years. Leaving this company, Mr. Miller was employed by the Georgian Bay Lumber Company, at Georgian Bay, for two years, at the end of which time he engaged in the manufacture of pumps at Richmond Hill, and at this he continued for a period of fifteen years. Since 1892, Mr. Miller has engaged in bee culture and the raising of fruit, and in these lines has been very successful.

Mrs. Miller died leaving three children: Mary A., born in Scarborough township, is single, and a clerk in Mrs. Switzer's store; Miss Eleanor M., born at Thornhill, was educated for a teacher, and followed that vocation for a number of years at Ingersoll, and other parts of the Dominion, and is now at home; and Annie, born at Richmond Hill, is a music teacher.

Mr. Miller is a free thinker, belonging to no special denomination. He has always been identified politically with the old Liberal party, and although he has never aspired to public office, has served his township as a member of the Board of Health for a number of years. Mr. Miller is highly respected by his neighbors for his good citizenship, and for the efforts he has put forth in assisting to build up and improve the community.

BENJAMIN WILLIAMS, a well-to-do farmer of King township, takes a high rank among his fellow townsmen, for he has displayed qualities of ability, of integrity, and of real manliness that have won him general respect, as well as material prosperity. He was born in East York, April 25, 1850, son of John and Elizabeth (Yeomans) Williams.

John Williams was born in Virginia, and was of English ancestry. His wife, Elizabeth Yeomans, was born in Vaughan township, on Yonge street, and was the youngest of the eight children of James Yeomans, an United Empire Loyalist who moved to New Brunswick first and later to County York. There the parents died

and of their children, who bore the names Jonathan, Essiker, David, William, Rebecca, Sarah, Mary and Elizabeth, none are living. In spite of her Canadian birth, Mrs. Williams was living in the United States at the time of her marriage. The young couple lived for a few years in Pike County, Illinois, but before long came to Canada, settling first in Scarborough township, and later in Whitechurch. There the husband bought and improved a large farm in Concession 3, where the rest of his life was spent. Both he and his wife were interred in Newmarket cemetery. In religious faith they were Methodists, and for a long time had been very active in all the work of their church. On questions of public polity Mr. Williams supported the Conservatives. A family of five children blessed the union of John and Elizabeth Williams: (1) Jacob, born in the United States, received his education in Canada. He married Miss Fannie Keiser, of County York, and carries on a farm in Vaughan township. He is the father of seven children, Elizabeth, Alberta, William, George, Wesley, Jessie and Tilford. (2) George W., born in Pike county, Illinois, married Miss Sophronia Hughes, of King township. They reside there on Concession 5. (3) Benjamin was the next in order of birth. (4) Richard Yeomans, born in 1852, grew up in County York, and there married Miss Annie J. Widdifield, of Whitechurch. They settled on a farm in County Simcoe, where his wife died in 1886. She left three children, Ethel M., Milton E. and Alma. The last named, born in 1884, and educated in County Simcoe, now makes her home with her uncle Benjamin. Richard Williams chose for his second wife Miss Mary E. Jones, of County Simcoe, and she has borne him three daughters, Edna E., Gertrude J. and Winnifred J. (5) Susan E., born in County York, in 1854, now deceased, was the wife of George Heart, who at the time of his wife's death was living in Winnipeg. They had a son, Richard.

Benjamin Williams grew up in County York and received his education in that section. In 1871 he married Mrs. Susan S. Rush, widow of Richard Yeomans Rush, who died in 1869 at his birthplace, the home where Mrs. Williams still resides. There were three children to the first union: Elizabeth; William P., deceased; and Susan R., deceased wife of John K. Taylor, now of Assiniboia. Mrs. Williams was a daughter of Peter and Susan E. Soles, who came from Pennsylvania and settled near Toronto, on Yonge street. Her grandparents were Daniel and Axtie (Hollingshead) Soles, from Pennsylvania, among the first settlers on Yonge street. Mrs. Williams was one of a family of nine children, but the only other one living is

William P. Soles, of Barrie, County Simcoe. After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Williams continued to reside in the former home on a farm in Concession 2, Lot 28, King township. In 1900 Mr. Williams put up a handsome brick dwelling, and in 1905 built new barns. He also owns his father's homestead in Whitechurch, Concession 3.

The children born to the union of Benjamin and Susan Williams numbered six. John R. was born in 1872, and died when nine years old. George W., born in 1874, married Miss Mabel Simpson, of Whitechurch, and has two children, Edith C. and George F. They live on his father's farm in Whitechurch. Fulton H. died in boyhood. Charles S., born in 1878, a bachelor, is a farmer near Battleford, North-West Territory. Garnet D., born in 1880, is now a student in the Toronto Medical College, having received his preparatory education in the Aurora and Newmarket high schools, and is a young man of marked ability. Benjamin F., born in 1888, is at home. The family are all connected with the Methodist Church, with which Mr. Williams has held official position. In politics he is a Reformer.

ALBERT E. ROE. The County of York has been fortunate in the general character of its settlers, for as a rule they have been of a sturdy, enterprising and patriotic type, men who have realized that to promote the best interests of the locality was in reality to promote most effectually their own also. Of this class there have been, perhaps, no more conspicuous examples than those presented by members of the Roe family, who have been residents of Canada since the very beginning of the last century.

The Roe family is of English extraction and the first to leave his native land for the Canadian wilds was one Walter Roe. He had been educated for the law and practised at Windsor and Sandwich, in County Essex, while he also resided at one time in Detroit. Most of his life, however, was passed at Sandwich, where he became one of the leading citizens. He was appointed registrar, and also held other official positions. To him and his wife Anne were born four children: John, who died on his farm in County Kent; Walter, a physician, who died in Newmarket; William; and Sarah, Mrs. Capt. Laughton, of Holland Landing, who died leaving two daughters, who married brothers, by the name of Morton, both physicians in Barrie. Walter Roe died in Sandwich, his wife later in Newmarket, in the home of her son, William.

William Roe was born in Detroit in February, 1795, before that city was occupied by the United States government. His boy-

hood and youth was passed in Sandwich, and he received a good education for that day. After the death of his father the whole family moved to Newmarket, but in a short time William went to Toronto and entered the Receiver-General's office, where he had a position till 1814. He then returned to Newmarket and opened a fur store, which he conducted for a number of years. His interests multiplied as the years passed, and he became the owner of more than one general store, all of which proved profitable ventures. He was also a conveyancer, engaged quite extensively in surveying, and transacted many large real estate deals. At the time of his death in 1878 he held the position of postmaster, an office he had filled for a number of years. He was not only one of Newmarket's most successful business men, accumulating a fortune, but by his ceaseless endeavors to further the progress of his town and county made a name for himself that was known and honored all over the County of York, as well as in the city of Toronto. He was a Tory in political principles, but never sought office. In religious faith he embraced the doctrines of the Church of England, and was active in its work, being one of the founders of the old English Church built in Newmarket in 1834.

Mr. Roe married Miss Sarah Ruston, who proved herself a devoted wife throughout their wedded life. She long survived her husband, her demise occurring in her home in Newmarket, in February, 1905, while her husband died in 1878. Eight children were born to them. The two oldest (1) Walter and (2) Alfred, most promising young men, were drowned in 1875, while fishing on Lake Simcoe. (3) Albert is the oldest living. (4) Emily, born in Newmarket and educated in the Toronto high schools, married Edward H. Irvine, of Newmarket. Both have died, leaving no family. (5) Amelia, born in 1860, was sent first to the Newmarket schools and then finished her education in Toronto. She married John H. Mayer, of Newmarket, where they reside, as does also their youngest son, Barrie. The two older ones, Max and John P., are residents of Chicago. (6) Frances, born in 1865, is the wife of F. O. Townley, a barrister and registrar of Vancouver, and at one time mayor of that city. (7) James R., born in 1868, died in childhood. (8) Minnie L., born in 1870, married William A. Brunton, a merchant of Newmarket, and has two sons, Frank and Reginald.

Albert E. Roe, the only surviving son of this family, was born in May, 1859, and was educated in the Newmarket schools, completing the course of study offered in the high school there. As a young man he entered his father's gen-



James P. McIntosh

eral store, which was carried on in connection with the post office, and remained there as his assistant till his father's death. After that he had sole charge for a number of years of his father's extensive business interests. The real estate and conveyancing business he carried on under his own name for some time. He makes his home at the old place in Newmarket, but is able at the same time to keep a close supervision of his various farming interests in King township.

Mr. Roe is an enthusiastic supporter of the Conservative party, and has taken a prominent part in local affairs. For two years he served as deputy reeve and as member of the county council, and for the same length of time was in the Newmarket council, in both places showing himself a man of marked ability. The aims of the Masonic order have also appealed to him, and he has been an active worker there, belonging to Tuscan Lodge, No. 99, and also the Chapter, at Newmarket. He is likewise a member of the A.O.U.W. In church work too Mr. Roe has done his part, and for the past seven years has been warden of the English Church, to which he and his wife belong.

In 1881 Mr. Roe was joined in matrimony to Miss Lillian McDonald, who was born in Oswego, New York, but was brought up by her grandfather, in Newmarket. To this union have come four children, namely: William, born in 1882, and educated in the Newmarket high school, who is now in business in the North-West Territory; Edward, born in 1884, a student of architecture, in Toronto; Margery, who died at the age of eleven; and Frederick A., born in 1898. Mr. Roe is the only adult representative of the family now living in County York, but the honor in which the name is held will never be dimmed during his lifetime, for he has in many various spheres proven himself a man of ability, integrity and honor, who commands the confidence of all who know him.

W. G. HUTT, M.D., a well-known medical practitioner at Newmarket, was born Nov. 4, 1866, in King township, County York, son of William and Elizabeth (Gardner) Hutt.

William Hutt was born in Northumberlandshire, England, in 1821, and his wife in the same shire, in 1826. They were married in their native land, and in 1853 they came to Canada by way of Quebec, landing there from a sailing vessel which had been six weeks en route. Mr. Hutt purchased a farm in King township, after spending some years on rented property, and he made a comfortable home and became one of the successful farmers of the county. At the close of his years of activity he

retired to Aurora, where he lived some five years before his death in 1892. He was a prominent man in the Methodist Church at Aurora, and was well known and universally esteemed. While in King township he was one of the church officials. He had four children, those beside our subject being: Amy, born in King township, married William Brodie, of Aurora, now a retired business man, and they have four children, Walter, Ada, Frank and Osear; Oliver, now residing on one of his father's farms in King township, married Alice Hutt, of County York, and they have six daughters; and Albert, born in King township, married Rosella Shonts, of King township, and they resided for some years on the home farm and then moved to Aurora, where he engaged in business until his death in 1902, leaving a wife and three children.

Dr. W. G. Hutt spent his early life on his father's farm in King township, and obtained his primary education in the district schools. In 1885 he entered the Newmarket high school and was graduated in 1887 and in the same year he entered the Toronto University, where he was graduated in 1891. After this he entered a private hospital at Muskoka, and continued then to practice medicine at Collingwood until 1893. In the summer of that year he gave himself a pleasant vacation which he spent in travel in Europe, visiting all the leading cities of Germany, Austria, England, Ireland and, in fact, all over British territory.

After Dr. Hutt's return to Canada, in 1894, he became house surgeon in Toronto for post-graduate work, and served one and a half years in the Children's Hospital, in that city. In 1895 he located at Newmarket, where he enjoys large professional acquaintance, has the confidence and esteem of many of the leading families, and is regarded as one of the prominent citizens. After locating here he purchased real estate on Main street, and on this he erected in 1904, a fine brick home for himself. It is equipped with all modern improvements, is finished in hard wood, and a complete hot water system adds to the comfort which prevails everywhere. Dr. Hutt is a member of the Reform party. Fraternally he is a Mason, a member of the Sons of England, of the A.O.U.W., the Canadian Order of Foresters, the Ancient Order of Foresters and the United Woodmen of the World. He was reared in the Methodist faith.

JAMES McINTOSH, who passed away in Toronto, Oct. 11, 1900, was born June 1, 1856, at Galt, Ont. He came of a family of Scottish extraction, which was founded in Canada by his grandfather, Peter McIntosh, a native of Amul-

ree, Perthshire, Scotland, who came to Ontario and passed the remainder of his life here. He resided in North East Hope for some years, and when the Stratford region was first opened up settled in that section, taking up land whereon he resided until his death, in 1874, at the age of eighty-eight years. He named his home, which was located near Stratford, "Amulree," in memory of the old place in Scotland. He married Ann Elizabeth Stewart, who died at the old home in the thirties.

Peter McIntosh, son of Peter, was born in 1833 near Peterboro, Ont. He grew to manhood at the old home, and on attaining his majority engaged for a time in the milling and grain business at Galt, Ont. In 1860 he embarked in the produce business in Brantford, continuing there for sixteen years, and in the fall of 1876 moved to Toronto, in which city he founded the house of P. McIntosh & Son, wholesale dealers in grain, of which well-known firm he remained the head until his retirement, in 1893. He took into partnership his son James, who after his father's retirement continued the business, with which he was connected until his death. It is now owned and conducted by Reginald K. McIntosh, son of James. Peter McIntosh was long one of the best-known men in commercial circles in Toronto. He died at his home in that city, No. 205 Carlton street, in January, 1899. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church, and his political connection was with the Conservative party.

Mr. McIntosh was twice married, first, in 1852, to Miss Elizabeth Kerr, and they had two sons, James Peter and Adam Kerr. In 1878 Mr. McIntosh married Miss Jennie Holme, who survives him.

James Peter McIntosh was reared in Galt and Brantford, receiving his education at the latter place. Leaving school in 1875, he clerked in a dry goods store for two years, in 1878 entering into business with his father as junior member of the firm of P. McIntosh & Son. In 1893, upon his father's retirement, he purchased the latter's interest, and carried on the business until his death. In his extensive trade, which required all his time and attention, he always kept in mind the fact that fair dealing was the only way to hold his patronage, and by strictly adhering to this principle, and giving careful attention to business, he won good standing and made his success. He was a thorough and capable man, and highly esteemed in the city where he was so long prominent. Like his father, he was a Presbyterian in religion and a Conservative in politics.

Mr. McIntosh was twice married, first to Miss Jennie Cheseboro, who died in 1886. To this

union were born three children, Reginald K., Winifred and Frederick Peter. The last named is now in the office of his brother. For his second wife Mr. McIntosh married Miss Janet Russell, daughter of John and Margaret Russell, and two sons, James Russell and Norman, were born to this union. In 1891 Mr. McIntosh built the fine residence at No. 50 Metcalfe street where he resided until his death. Mrs. McIntosh subsequently married Mr. W. H. Miller.

In the death of Mr. James P. McIntosh, which occurred when he was in the prime of life, Toronto lost one of her most enterprising business men and most highly respected citizens, and his family a devoted husband and father.

REGINALD K. MCINTOSH, present owner and proprietor of the cereal milling business conducted under the name of P. McIntosh & Son, is the third in succession in his family to carry on this business, and is the owner of one of the largest as well as one of the oldest, cereal plants in the Dominion. He is carrying on the enterprise with the same business sagacity displayed by his father and grandfather before him. It is not frequent that the same business is carried on in the same locality by three generations of the same family, and the case is notable. The plant is now located at No. 109 Cottingham street, where there are well-appointed offices as well as a completely equipped factory.

Reginald K. McIntosh was born in Toronto April 14, 1879, and there received his education. He learned the milling business in the establishment of his father, and has proved a worthy successor to his father and grandfather, the business being at present in a very flourishing condition. Employment is given to sixty-five men in the manufacture of breakfast foods, for which over a million bushel of oats are used annually. P. McIntosh & Son also deal extensively in other cereals. Each month enough breakfast food is manufactured to supply the entire population of Canada for five days, comprising all kinds of rolled oats and oatmeal, and various wheat cereals, and among their specialties are Beaver Oats and Swiss Breakfast Food, which are sold in nearly all sections of the globe. Mr. McIntosh received a silver medal at the Toronto Industrial Exposition held in 1902, a gold medal at the St. Louis Exposition, for the Swiss Breakfast Food, and a gold medal at the Colonial Products Exposition at St. George's Hall, Liverpool, England. The plant is provided with every convenience in the way of up-to-date machinery, and Mr. McIntosh is well known throughout the Dominion in his line. Besides his connection with this, his principal interest, he is a director of three important corporations, the Imperial Export Com-

pany, the Dustless House Cleaning Company and the Gravel Construction Company.

On June 1, 1904, Reginald K. McIntosh was married to Miss Emily Henderson, daughter of the late Archibald Henderson, and granddaughter of the late Archibald Henderson, whose sketch appears elsewhere. Mr. and Mrs. McIntosh have one daughter, Ruth. They are members of the Presbyterian Church, and in politics Mr. McIntosh is a Conservative.

JAMES CHAPMAN, who for a number of years has been engaged at agricultural pursuits, is now living retired in Thornhill, Markham township. Mr. Chapman was born Jan. 18, 1820, on Yonge street, Vaughan township, son of Nathan and Susannah (Focklar) Chapman.

Nathan Chapman and his wife came from Pennsylvania as young people to this country, as early as 1774, at which time there was but one small house in the city of Toronto. The Chapmans settled on land granted them by the English Government, and there made a permanent home, holding a Crown deed for their land. Of the three brothers who came to Canada, Martin and John Chapman settled in Vaughan township, where they died. Nathan married after coming to Canada, and settled on his wild tract of land, building a round-log cabin, and later a hewed-log house, in which he continued to reside until late in life, when he erected a frame house, and there lived until his death. Both he and his wife were united with the Methodist Church. Ten children were born to them: John, deceased, was a farmer of Scarborough; Hannah, deceased, married John Kennedy, a farmer of Markham, who now resides in the State of Ohio; George died single at the homestead; Nathan, a farmer, died in Scarborough; William, also a farmer, died in Markham; Catherine, deceased, married Samuel Brethwick, and resided in Markham; Susan, deceased, married Robert Jarrett, who died on Yonge street, having followed carpentering all of his life; Isaac, born in 1823, settled on the old homestead, where he still resides, his wife, who is now deceased, having been a Miss Ward of County York; James; and David, born in 1825, married and removed to the States, where he is still living.

James Chapman grew up at the old homestead, and there engaged in farming until starting out in life on his own account. In 1850 he married Miss Mary Holdworth, daughter of John and Sarah Holdworth, one of the early families of Thornhill, and after marriage first settled on a part of the old homestead. There he built a home and engaged in farming until

1893, when he returned to the village, and there purchased his present home, which had formerly belonged to his father-in-law, John Holdworth. Mrs. Chapman died in 1894. In 1893 Mr. Chapman married (second) Miss Elizabeth Fitchner, born in Vaughan township, daughter of Benjamin Fitchner. In religion Mr. and Mrs. Chapman are connected with the Methodist Church, in which Mr. Chapman has been an official for some years. He supports the old Grit party.

GEORGE HENRY MILLS, a well-known florist of Toronto, makes a specialty of the growing of carnations and chrysanthemums. His birth occurred in England, in 1851, son of William and Hannah (Thomas) Mills, the former a well-known hotel-keeper and maltster.

George Henry Mills received his education in his native land, and there served his time to the bricklayer's trade, following that occupation on coming to Toronto in 1883. Mr. Mills, however, is a natural florist, and from his earliest recollection has had a passion for the cultivation of flowers. He erected a small greenhouse, and therein grew the first year of his work specimens of carnations and chrysanthemums which he took to the exhibition in Horticultural Hall, Toronto, receiving first prize for each variety exhibited, thus proving that excellence of quality is superior to abundance in quantity. To his original place Mr. Mills has added until his greenhouse now has a covering of about 3,000 square feet of glass. Mr. Mills here specializes in the lines above mentioned and excels in each variety handled.

Mr. Mills has been twice married. Mr. and Mrs. Mills are members of the English Church. In political matters he is independent. Since 1896 Mr. Mills has been the treasurer of the Toronto Gardeners and Florists' Association, and he is also a member of the executive board of the Toronto Horticultural Society.

CHARLES HENRY HAHNE (deceased). While Canada is a country settled mainly by pioneers whose ancestors lived in Great Britain, its doors are open to those from other lands as well, and most of the European countries are represented in its population. Germany has contributed her contingent, among whom was the late Charles Henry Hahne, whose last years were spent in Toronto.

Charles Henry Hahne was born in Hanover, Prussia, in 1835, son of Henry Hahne, who lived and died in the Fatherland. The son grew to maturity in his native land, and received a good education there, but in 1861 emigrated to Canada, afterward being in business for a short

time in Detroit. He next established himself in Waterloo, Ont., where he engaged in cigar making, and in 1870 he came to Toronto, where he continued as a cigar maker. He was then connected with the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and with them continued the remainder of his life. He died in 1878, leaving a widow and seven children.

Mrs. Hahne's maiden name was Henriette Jacobs. She was born in Germany in 1845, daughter of Ludwick and Louisa (Weise) Jacobs. Mr. and Mrs. Jacobs were natives of Germany, who left that country in 1857 for Canada, settling at Preston, where Mr. Jacobs engaged in teaching; they afterward went to Berlin, where he died in March, 1878, and his wife in 1875. Mrs. Hahne was twelve years old when brought to Canada, in which country her education was completed. Mr. and Mrs. Hahne had children: Louisa, Emma, William, Clara, Herman, Herminia and Bertha. Both Mr. and Mrs. Hahne belonged to the Church of England, and socially the former belonged to the German Benevolent Society.

WILLIAM CLAYTON, one of the good business men and public-spirited citizens of Etobicoke township, County York, who is engaged in cattle dealing and butchering at Lambton Mills, was born Aug. 17, 1851, in this county, son of John and Ann (Piper) Clayton.

John Clayton and his wife were natives of Yorkshire, England, the former born in 1810, and the latter in 1820. They were both reared in England, and were there married, coming to Canada in 1847 on a sailing vessel, which was nine weeks on the ocean. On locating in this country, Mr. Clayton came at once to Lambton Mills, where he was employed as farm foreman for Sir William Howland, the owner of Lambton Mills. For some years he continued in this position, and then purchased a farm of his own in Etobicoke township, clearing up his land from the bush and making many improvements. Here he died in 1865, his wife surviving him until 1903, when she passed away in the faith of the English Church, of which he had also been a member, and of which they were among the founders in this section. In politics Mr. Clayton was a Reformer. They had a family of nine children, as follows: George, born in England, was reared in Canada, where he married a Miss Kirk of Guelph, at which place he now resides, engaged in the butchering business; Annie, born in England, married John Rowntree, who now resides at Toronto Junction; Edward, born in Toronto, died unmarried in 1904; Thomas, born in 1853, married a Miss Ross, of Lambton Mills, at which place

they settled, he engaging in the butchering business until his death in 1892; John died when a young man of twenty-two years; Arthur, born in 1859, married Miss Julia Cooper, of Toronto, and they reside in the village of Lambton Mills, where he owns a home and is engaged in business; Lillian died in childhood; Miss Caroline, born in County York, lives at the old homestead; and William.

William Clayton received his education in the schools of his native locality, and remained at home until attaining his majority. In 1873 he engaged in a butchering business in the village of Lambton Mills, where he has since continued with great success. He purchased real estate in Lambton village, and erected a fine home and a place of business, having one of the finest properties in the village. In January, 1875, Mr. Clayton married Miss Marguerite Lewis, born in 1852, daughter of Dr. Thomas Lewis, of Cooksville, and to this union have been born five children: William B., born in 1877, is single, and a partner of his father in business; Miss Mabel, born in 1888, is at the homestead; Frederick E., born in 1883, is unmarried and engaged in the grocery business at Lambton Mills; Thomas, born in 1886, works for his father in the shop; and Irene, born in 1888, is a graduate of the home schools.

Mr. Clayton and his family are members of the Methodist Church, in which he has filled the position of warden for a number of years. In politics he is a Conservative, and has been deputy reeve and councilman for several terms, and a member of the board of school directors for twenty years. He is a member of the Masonic Order, and of the Canadian Order of Foresters. He is also connected with the United Workmen at Lambton Mills. Mr. Clayton is one of the self-made men of the community, as such being greatly respected by his fellow townsmen, who have shown their regard for him by appointing him to positions of honor and trust, in the fulfilment of the duties of which he has shown himself an exceptionally capable man.

WILLIAM H. P. RAYMORE, who died in Toronto in 1895, had only fairly entered upon his life's career when the dread summons of Death came. A young man of thirty-three at the time of his demise, he had scarcely more than shown what he could do, and given a bright promise of his achievements in the future. He was born in Ontario, in 1862, son of Henry S. and Sarah (McGill) Raymore. During the rebellion of 1837 his paternal grandparents resided at Niagara.

William H. P. Raymore was sent to school in his native town, and received a good educa-

tion. His first essay in business was also made there, but later he went to Toronto, which offered a wider field of endeavor, and in that city he embarked in the tea business. After some time he sold out this enterprise and took a position with A. A. Allan & Co. He was still working for this firm when his death occurred. He left a widow, who before her marriage to him had been Miss Elizabeth A. Alcock. Their home was at No. 75 Euclid avenue, where Mrs. Raymore had lived since she was a year old, and where she still continues to reside. The present house was built by her father in 1888, and is a fine brick structure, which superseded the modest cottage first put up on the place in 1869. Mr. and Mrs. Raymore had one son, George Stanley, born in 1895, a bright boy of much promise. Mr. Raymore was a man who took his part in the different activities about him, joining in the work of both social and religious organizations. He was a member of the Masonic fraternity and of the C.O.F. In religious faith he was a Methodist, and in politics voted with the Conservatives.

Thomas Busted Alcock, Mrs. Raymore's father, came of Welsh lineage, but was born in Ireland in 1832. He came to Canada when he was nineteen, and went into one of the first milling establishments operated in Toronto. From that employment he went to the Thompson Tea Company, located at the corner of King and Bay streets, but he remained with them only a short time and then entered upon his thirty-six years of service with the Grand Trunk railroad. His death occurred in Toronto, in 1893, and he was survived by his wife and three children, of whom Mrs. Raymore was the eldest. Mr. Alcock was a member of the Church of England. His wife, to whom he was married in Toronto, was Miss Mary Ann Munus, who was born in Toronto in 1835, and died there in 1894. Her father, George Munus, Mrs. Raymore's maternal grandfather, was born in Ireland, but came to Toronto even before there were any railroads in this section. Toronto was at that time one of the principal ports of the country, and for some time Mr. Munus carried on a laundry for the crews of the various boats there, a very profitable business at that time. At the same time he maintained quite an extensive dairy and supplied boats with milk for their return trips. His place of business was on the site of the present Comfort Soap factory. The day of the railroad was close at hand, however, and Mrs. Munus, Mrs. Raymore's mother, was one who was present when the first sod was lifted, preparatory to the construction of the Northern Railway, the earliest line to enter Toronto.

JAMES ROGERSON, who for over thirty-five years served in Toronto as a revenue officer, died at his home Jan. 8, 1899. He was a native of Scotland, born in Dumfriesshire, and received his education there. He came to Canada in early manhood and took the position as a revenue officer, which he filled so capably for over thirty-five years. In politics he was a Conservative. In religious faith he was a Presbyterian, and when St. Andrew's Church, of which he was a member, was erected, he was one of the building committee. He was also much interested in the work of the Masonic fraternity, and belonged to King Solomon's Lodge, Hamilton, Ont. In May, 1872, he married Miss E. W. Murray. He died after twenty-seven years of happy married life, leaving behind him the memory of an honest, useful and public-spirited career. Since his death his widow has made her home in Mimico. She has no children, but has reared and educated her niece, Miss Jennie Scott, who lives with her. Mrs. Rogerson was educated in Buffalo and Toronto, and is a lady of much force of character, is held in high esteem, while her wealth gives her many opportunities for real service to those less fortunately situated. She was born in Toronto township, daughter of James and Catherine (McLean) Murray.

James Murray and his wife were both born in Scotland, but met and married after coming to Canada. After their marriage Mr. Murray bought a farm in Etobicoke township, and there, besides cultivating his property, ran a sawmill, located near what is now known as New Toronto. After seven years there he moved to Port Credit, and remained until his death in 1852. Mrs. Murray then returned to Mimico, where she owned a home. Her death occurred there in May, 1892. She was a member of the Episcopal Church, while her husband was a member of the Presbyterian. Ten of their children lived to grow up, namely: (1) James A., a lumberman, of Tennessee, died leaving a family, who now reside in Michigan. (2) Margaret M. married the late Charles G. Forcey, of Toronto, and has two sons. (3) Mary A., deceased, married John Ledger, of Buffalo, and had one daughter, Ada, now Mrs. J. Dempsey, of Buffalo. (4) Jane married the late William Camp, of Montreal, and had five children. (5) Catherine was the wife of William Van Avery, and both are deceased; they left twelve children. (6) Elizabeth married the late Jonathan Black, of Buffalo, and has two children, Emma and John. (7) E. W., Mrs. Rogerson. (8) Ellen, Mrs. Peter Griggs, of Toronto, has five children. (9) Joanna, who married Walter Burgess, a retired market gardener of Mimico, has

five children, James, Frederick, Charles, Ellen and Alice. (10) Emma, deceased wife of Frank Scott, of Clarksburg, Ont., had three children, Jennie, Catherine and George. Mr. Murray was a member of the Masonic Order.

JOHN COULTER, one of Richmond Hill's most highly esteemed citizens, who was engaged in the merchant tailoring business there for many years, died at his home May 30, 1904. Mr. Coulter was born in County Down, Ireland, in 1819. In his young manhood he emigrated to Canada, settling at Kingston, Ont., as a merchant tailor. From that place he removed to Toronto, remaining for a few years, after which, in 1855, he came to Richmond Hill, continuing in business until his retirement, ten years prior to his death. In his religious faith he was a Presbyterian, always taking an active part in church work, and he served as a member of the board of trustees. In politics he was a Conservative.

Mr. Coulter was married in Kingston, July 18, 1842, to Miss Agnes Miller, born at Bangor, North of Ireland, in 1816, whose father died when she was a child, her mother afterward coming to Canada, whence she later returned to the old country. Mrs. Coulter died June 29, 1902, in Richmond Hill, after a life spent in the work of the church. To Mr. and Mrs. Coulter were born the following children: two who died in childhood, in 1847 and 1849, respectively; Elizabeth, born in May, 1843, deceased, who married Samuel Finley, of Toronto, and had four children, John, Armond, Reginald and Ella, the wife of Stanley Readman; Miss Mary, born and educated in Toronto, and at Richmond Hill, who now resides on the old homestead; Margaret, born at Toronto in 1846, who married James Law of Dundas, Ont., a merchant tailor, and has five children, Agnes, Leonard C., Albert G., Vera G., and James M.; J. D., born at Toronto in 1848, who resides in Toronto, where for a number of years he was engaged as a merchant tailor; Agnes, born in 1852, who married John A. Campbell, of Richmond Hill; Dr. Robert Miller, born in 1856, who was educated in medicine at the Toronto Medical School, practiced his profession at Aurora for fifteen years, and while there was appointed deputy postmaster of Ottawa, under Sir William Mulock, a position he has held to the present time, being now under Mr. Aylesworth (he married Emma Wells, of King township, daughter of Hon. J. P. Wells, a former M.P., of Ottawa, and they have one daughter, Winnifred); Sarah, who married Robert Walker, then of Richmond Hill, but now of Toronto, and has two children, John B. and Agnes M.; Nora M., born in 1864, who mar-

ried Charles Savage, of Richmond Hill, now a business man of Toronto, and they have two children, Russell C. and Jean M.; and Alexander, born in 1866, and now a revenue officer of Toronto, who married a Miss East, and they have one son, Kenneth.

Mr. John Coulter was a citizen much esteemed and respected. He was the possessor of those sterling traits of character which gain the confidence of one's fellow-men, and make success in life a certainty. His place will be hard to fill.

G. S. RICHARDSON, D.D.S., at Newmarket, one of the leading professional men of the city, was born in Whitechurch township, County York, in April, 1872, son of George and Elizabeth (Marsh) Richardson.

The Richardson family must be classed with the early settled ones of the county. The grandparents of Dr. Richardson were David and Annie Richardson, who came from Yorkshire, England, and were among the very first settlers in Whitechurch township. David Richardson left these children: William, Levi, George, Henry, Charles, John and Louisa, the latter of whom became the wife of Robert Livingston of Whitechurch. The survivors are John and Charles, both of whom live in County York.

George Richardson, father of our subject, was born in 1837, in Whitechurch township. He followed farming and lumbering on the 4th and 6th Concessions, Whitechurch township, where he cleared up wild land and made a home, becoming in the course of time one of the prosperous and leading men, although he died at the early age of forty-five years, April 11, 1882. He was a worthy and consistent member of the Methodist Church and served in it officially. He supported the Conservative party, but was never willing to accept any office except membership on the school board. George Richardson married Elizabeth Marsh, a daughter of William and Diana (Lush) Marsh, who came to County York from England, and were among the earliest settlers at York Mills, where he became a man of substance and importance. His surviving children are Mrs. Richardson and Hugh, a resident of Sarnia.

The children of George and Elizabeth Richardson were: Arvilla, born in Whitechurch township, married Rev. J. W. Wilkinson, a Methodist minister of Ontario, and they have these children, Annie L., George M., Frank, Charles, Russell and Jean; William D., residing on the old homestead, married Sarah Spaulding and they have two children, George and Ina; Chester O., a graduate of the Toronto University, now engaged in medical practice at Aurora,

married Lizzie, daughter of Dr. Rutherford of Aurora; Dr. G. S.; Maud M., born in 1874, was educated at Aurora, at the Newmarket High School and the Toronto Business College, and is now the capable stenographer for the Cane Manufacturing Company, of Newmarket; and Louisa D. resides with her mother, who came to Newmarket in 1895.

Dr. G. S. Richardson spent his boyhood on the farm, and gained his primary education in the district schools. Then he entered the Aurora high school, where he was graduated in 1893, and in the same year he took up the study of dentistry. In 1897 he was graduated at the University of Toronto. In the year prior to this he had purchased the practice of the dentist at Newmarket, and since graduation he has been established here, having probably the largest practice in his line in the city. He keeps thoroughly abreast of the times and has spacious offices perfectly equipped for work in all departments of his science.

In October, 1903, Dr. Richardson was married to Laura Elliott, born in County Peel, daughter of William Elliott. She was educated in the Collingwood high school, and for some time was a teacher. Dr. Richardson supports the Reform party, and from 1900 until 1904 he was a member of the town council. He is active in the Methodist Church, one of the board of trustees and is a worker in the Epworth League. He belongs to the order of United Workmen, and also to the Maccabees, in which latter body he has been record keeper for the past seven years. As a citizen Dr. Richardson is held in the highest esteem, and in his line of professional work he has few equals.

PETER BOGART, who passed out of life at his home in Toronto, in 1895, belonged to a prominent family of County York. He was born in 1834, at Newmarket, a son of Martin and Elizabeth Bogart, the latter a native of New Brunswick.

Martin Bogart was a son of Martin, who came with his wife to County York from the State of Pennsylvania, in 1800. He settled at Newmarket, County York, but soon thereafter went to King township west, where he secured 600 acres of fine land, Concessions 5 and 6. Here he and his wife both died. Martin Bogart (2), father of Peter, also settled in King township, and there he and his wife passed their days and reared their children, the latter being: Martin, Jesse, Ferdinand, Peter, Mary Ann (who married Richard Rowen), George and Elias, all born in County York.

The late Peter Bogart was reared in King township, and was educated in the grammar

and normal schools at Newmarket. When he started into business for himself, he settled on a part of the same farm in King township, County York. After carrying on farming there for some years he moved to Barrie for ten years, and in 1886 to Toronto, where he lived until his death, in 1895. The land taken up by his grandfather is still known as the Bogart settlement, and is occupied by his descendants, being still in the possession of the family.

Peter Bogart was united in marriage with Miss Roxey Hilborn, who was born in King township west, County York, a daughter of Jesse and Mary (Robinson) Hilborn, the former of whom was born in Newmarket in 1808, son of John and Sarah (Gould) Hilborn. John Hilborn moved from Pennsylvania to Newmarket in 1799 and later settled in King township west, where both he and his wife died. The father of Mrs. Bogart also died in King township west, but her mother died in Toronto. Mr. Hilborn was a charter member of the Christian Church. Their children were: Seth, Peter, Roxey, Joseph, Angelina, John Grout, Jesse, Mary, Caroline, William and Elias, all born in King township west.

To Peter Bogart and his wife were born children as follows: Zelma; Bertha, who married U. P. Tarbox, of Toronto, and has one son, Hugh B.; Mary Elizabeth; and Grace. All of this family were born in King township west. Mrs. Bogart occupies a comfortable and attractive home at No. 550 Dovercourt road, which she purchased in 1903.

In politics Mr. Bogart was a Reformer, and he served as justice of the peace in King township west for thirty years, continuing in that office until his death. He was a worthy member of the Christian Church, and for many years a zealous worker in the temperance field, being a charter member of the Sons of Temperance Lodge at Kettleby.

DR. FRANK ALEXANDER CAMPBELL, a veterinary surgeon, established at No. 97 Bay street, Toronto, is one of the oldest veterinarians in point of continuous service in that city, having been engaged in his profession there—with the exception of one brief interval—since 1874.

The Campbell family is of Scotch extraction and was first represented in Canada by the late Dr. Duncan Campbell, father of Dr. Frank A., who came hither in 1833, and made a reputation for himself as the founder of the homoeopathic school of medicine in this country. He was born March 5, 1811, in Scotland, was educated in his native place, and read medicine in Edinburgh, London and Paris. By 1833 Dr. Campbell was prepared to begin practising, and he

came to Canada to establish himself in life. During the construction of the Welland canal he was employed by the company as surgeon, and for some time after its completion was settled at Niagara-on-the-Lake, in 1858 removing to Toronto, his permanent abode thereafter. Dr. Campbell, himself a believer in the school of homoeopathy, came to Canada at a day when only the other system was in vogue, and to his efforts were mainly due the introduction and recognition throughout the Dominion of homoeopathic remedies. During the latter part of his life he was president of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Toronto, and was filling that office at the time of his death. The honor was a fitting tribute, not alone to his knowledge and experience but likewise to his success, after a long and hard-fought battle. Dr. Campbell's death occurred in February, 1879, and he left a widow and large family to mourn him.

Dr. Campbell married Miss Matilda Winter, of Bristol, England, who survived her husband until 1895, passing away in Toronto aged eighty-four years. Children were born to them as follows: Dr. George St. Andrews, at the time of his death a retired naval surgeon; Louisa Grace, deceased; Augusta Mary; John M., deceased, late of the Inland Revenue Department; Margaret Eliza, of Bristol, England; Jessie Matilda, of British Columbia; Gertrude Louise; Dr. Lorne C., who died at Port Arthur in 1885; Dr. Frank A.; and Dr. Arthur D., of New York City.

Dr. Frank Alexander Campbell was born at Old Niagara, in March, 1853, and was five years old when his father settled in Toronto. He attended the schools of that city, and after finishing his general studies entered the Ontario College of Veterinary Surgeons, and was graduated therefrom in 1874. He at once began practice in Toronto, and has continued so ever since with the exception of three years spent in New York State. Dr. Campbell has established an infirmary at No. 97 Bay street, where the most careful attention and treatment are given to any animal left in his charge—a unique institution of its kind in the city. He has been very successful in his work, as might naturally be expected from his thorough preparation, long experience and enthusiasm in his calling. He was veterinary officer of the Governor-General's Body Guard from 1887 to 1905, when he retired with the rank of major. In political matters, while not actively participating, Dr. Campbell supports the Conservatives.

In 1884 Dr. Campbell married Miss Mary Elizabeth Carmichael, daughter of Robert Carmichael, and they have one son, Robert.

WILLIAM BROWN, one of the highly esteemed citizens of Davisville, North Toronto, for forty years assessor and collector of the township of York, was born May 24, 1820, in County Wexford, Ireland. He came to Canada when twenty-two years old, settling in Toronto.

Mr. Brown was appointed assessor and collector for York township, and during his forty years' incumbency of that office never had a tax sale. It was his custom to walk all over the township, making his collections, and although now in his eighty-seventh year he is very active, and in full possession of all of his faculties. Mr. Brown was also assessor of the town of North Toronto for twelve years, elected on the Conservative ticket. He has likewise been a very successful auctioneer, having conducted some of the largest sales in the township, and in addition engaged in farming on Black creek and at Lambton Mills, owning 300 acres at the latter place.

Mr. Brown was in his younger days considered a very fair athlete, and he has had a great constitution, for in spite of an unusually active career he can never remember being sick a day in his long life, although in his later years he has suffered somewhat from rheumatism, undoubtedly brought on by exposure in all sorts of weather, in the performance of his numerous duties. He also had an unfortunate accident, having been struck by a trolley car and rendered unconscious; the Doctor said "if he had not been Irish it would have killed him."

In his religious affiliations Mr. Brown is an Episcopalian. Fraternally he is connected with the Masonic and Orange orders.

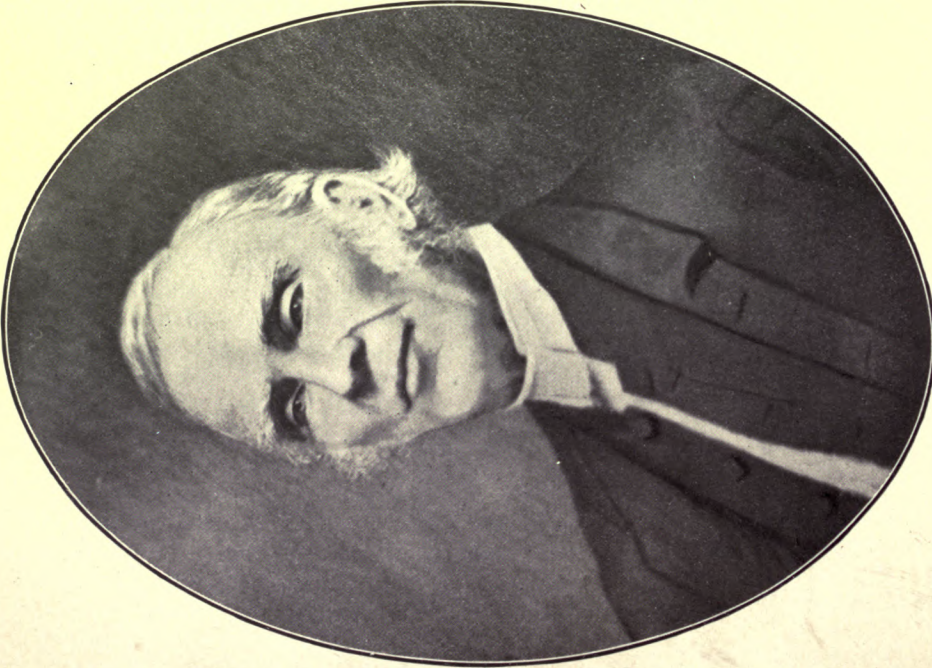
Mr. Brown was married in Toronto to Louisa Danbrook, of Suffolkshire, England, who bore him twelve children (ten sons in succession), five of whom are now living: Ellen died at the age of four years; two children died in infancy; Robert married Jennie Anderson, daughter of Thomas Barrie Anderson; Fred resides in Wood Mountain, N.W.T.; Harry was accidentally shot while driving a wagon; William married Lizzie Hunt, and both are deceased, being survived by two children; George married Maggie Cook; Walter (deceased) married Lizzie Littlefield; Edwin Charles married Lenora Moore, of Watertown, Connecticut; Albert is deceased; Alonzo married Cecelia Ward.

WILLIAM O'NEILL (deceased) passed away at his home in Toronto in 1892. He was born in 1862, in Burlington, Ont., son of James and Hester Ann (Upthegrove) O'Neill.

James O'Neill was born in Nelson, Ont., a son of John O'Neill, who was born in Ireland and founded the family in Canada. James O'Neill



Ezra Herbert Adams M. D.



REV. EZRA ADAMS.

was a blacksmith and followed his trade at Freeman's Corners, but died in Hamilton. He married Hester Ann Upthegrove, who still survives, and they had issue as follows: John, the eldest, of Chicago; Clara (deceased), wife of Alfred I. Duffield; and William. All the children were born in Burlington, Ontario.

William O'Neill spent his boyhood and early youth in his native place, attending the local schools. When old enough to work he learned the plastering business, and continued to follow that until his death. He was an honest, industrious man and was respected by all who knew him.

In Hamilton, Ont., Mr. O'Neill married Miss Agnes Dent, born in England, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Simpson) Dent. William Dent was born in Westmoreland, England, in 1819, and came to Canada in 1860, settling at Nelson, Ont., where he worked at the carpenter's trade as long as his strength permitted, dying in 1892. Mr. and Mrs. Dent had children as follows: Hannah, who married William Murray, and both are deceased; Nicholas, of Calgary; Hodgen, of Palmerston, Ont.; Ann, wife of John Hersey, of Kilbride; John, on the old home at Nelson; Agnes, Mrs. O'Neill, Thomas, of Waterdown; and Carrie, wife of John T. Howell. Mr. and Mrs. O'Neill had three children, namely: Annie, who died in 1887, at seventeen months old; Blanche, born in 1887, at Hamilton; and John, born in 1892, who died when five months old. Mr. O'Neill was a Reformer in politics and was a member of the Church of England.

REV. EZRA ADAMS, pioneer Canadian, and one of the fathers of the Methodist Church in Canada (born 1788—died 1871). The United Empire Loyalist branch of the Adams family of New England has lived as long as any other family under the English flag in America. There were no Englishmen in Canada when their forefathers landed as Puritans in Massachusetts, and it was about this time that a couple of French Jesuits went as missionaries and according to Parkman, built the first house in Upper Canada. For ten generations on this continent they have maintained a reputation for integrity, manliness of character and adherence to principle almost unique in history for an old family in any country. Possessed of magnificent physique by heredity, they have held their own in every walk of life. The "almighty dollar," too often the God of the American citizen, has been their servant and not their master, and while not classed amongst the wealthiest citizens they have always been known as amongst the "best citizens" of Canada and the United States.

The Canadian branch in Ontario still retains the family crest, "*Loyal au mort*," which has been in the family ever since the reign of King John of England and the signing of the Magna Charta.

Some letters in the possession of the Rev. James E. Dyer furnish the information that Rev. Ezra Adams was a descendant of the Adams family of which John Adams (second President of the United States) was a member, who emigrated to America from England previous to the Revolution. His mother was of the Riee family, who also emigrated to America from England about the same time as the Adams family did and settled in the State of Connecticut. His parents removed from Hartford, Connecticut, to Cambridge, New York, where he was born July 17, 1788.

In the year 1798 his father, having received 1,200 acres of land from the British government, moved into the eastern townships of Lower Canada, then a wilderness beyond the townships of Stanstead and Hatley (in the easterly part of the Province), dotted only here and there with small commencement of rising settlements, separated by many miles of woods. His family settled in the township of Westbury, on the bank of the river St. Francois, nine miles beyond the last settler in that direction. Here they lived twelve years without the Gospel or public means of grace. The family were trained in all the morality of Presbyterians and in the peculiar doctrines of the church were most rigid Calvinists. There being no Presbyterian Church, and the first preacher to arrive in that portion of the eastern settlements of Lower Canada being a Methodist, young Ezra Adams became a convert and adherent to the Methodist Church, and when his father, Eliphalet Adams, removed to Upper Canada, he became a minister of the Gospel. One of his first circuits was from Stony Creek on the other side of Hamilton to beyond Muddy York, now Toronto, north to Lake Simcoe. As he had but one Methodist associate on this circuit and there were no railroads in those days it will readily be seen that a "circuit rider," as he was called, or preacher of the Gospel, must necessarily belong to the muscular type of Christianity and that the hardships and privations were not a few which these noble pioneers of Methodism endured in carrying the good tidings to the remote settlements. This was before the days of the "backboard" (a species of buggy), or that steel spring buggies came into use, when the roads were bad and travelling on horseback was the easiest and quickest means of transit. With his saddle-bags containing his Bible and hymn book, and a change of clothing, the stalwart form of

Rev. Ezra Adams, mounted on a good horse, was a familiar figure on the military roads during the troublesome times of the war of 1814, after which peace was made between the United States and Great Britain—a peace which has lasted for almost a century.

His health having failed from overwork in the ministry, Rev. Ezra Adams, with his two brothers settled in what is now the town of Acton. Here they took up 200 acres of land each, and he built the first grist and saw mills, and here his youngest son, John G. Adams, of Toronto, was born in 1839. The place was for some time called Adamsville, but afterward was changed to Acton. The Rev. Ezra Adams afterward sold the mills, as having returned to pastoral work he found it interfered with his calling. Newmarket was his first circuit after leaving Acton and Stratford was his last circuit before his retirement from active work in the ministry. From Stratford he removed to what is now the town of Drayton, township of Peel, County Wellington, and which was then known as the "Queen's Bush." Here he and the Rev. Benjamin Jones became the pioneers of the present town of Drayton, and here they built the first church in western Ontario in the Queen's bush, north of Elora. His home, the second to be built in that section of the county, was known throughout the countryside for long afterwards as the "Methodist Inn," on account of the old-fashioned hospitality of the owner and the fact that it was the only large house in this section of the country. He lived to see a thriving village and prosperous farming community develop in what was once but a forest wilderness when he retired from active work in the ministry.

The following information in reference to the Rev. Ezra Adams is taken from "The Handbook of Canadian Methodism," by the Rev. George H. Cornish (printed at the Wesleyan Book and Job Printing Co., Toronto, 1867):

"The first Canadian Methodist Conference was held in Canada in 1824; at that time there were in connection with the church thirty-five ministers and preachers. These travelled in Canada under the direction of the M. E. Church, United States, prior to the formation of the Canada Conference, or travelled under the direction of the English Conference. For ten years previous to this Rev. Ezra Adams was actively engaged in the ministry of the Gospel under the Methodist Episcopal Church of the United States. His first circuit, in 1814, was Ancaster and Long Point. This circuit extended from the Niagara river to beyond Little York or Toronto around the head of Lake Ontario and Burlington Bay, westward beyond Oxford

and southward to Long Point on Lake Erie. In 1815 and 1816 he was on the Bay of Quinte Circuit; 1817, Hallowell; 1818-1819, Ottawa; 1820-1821, Thames; 1822-1823, Niagara."

While in the County of York his circuits after 1814 were, according to the same authority: Yonge street, 1830; Toronto Circuit, 1840; Newmarket, 1842-43-44; Markham, 1845 and 1846. In 1831 and 1832 Rev. Ezra Adams was presiding elder of the London District, and in 1833 and 1834 presiding elder of the Munceytown District. In 1835 he was in Prescott and Augusta. From 1836 to 1839 inclusive he was superannuated. His last two appointments were Bradford, 1847, and Stratford, 1848, when he was superannuated on account of old age after thirty-four years in the ministry.

Rev. Ezra Adams's wife, Amy, was a woman of exceptional benevolence and virtue and her great charity and large-heartedness and sympathy for the poor and afflicted, while accomplishing much in her day and generation, were a great source of inspiration to all within her sphere of influence and to-day a powerful vital force for good in the hearts and lives of her children even to the third generation, and the circles of her influence are ever widening to generations yet unborn. Rev. Mr. Adams and his wife Amy had three children: (1) Electa Ann, born in Munceytown, Ont., Sept. 10, 1834, married Rev. James E. Dyer. She died in Toronto, July 2, 1897, a woman of much force of character and versatility, and her gift of eloquent speech would have made her prominent in public life had not her fondness for her home and children and church work made her an exemplary parson's wife and mother. (2) Sarah Rowena, born in Broekville, Ont., Dec. 28, 1835, married Rev. Thomas Culbert, and is still living (1907), devoting her evening of life to charitable work. (3) John G. Adams, born in Adamsville, now Acton, Ont., March 16, 1839, is still living in Toronto, where he has been prominent for many years in works of charity.

By his first wife, Isa (Proctor), Rev. Ezra Adams had children as follows: (1) Betsy Almira, born in Fredericksburg, Upper Canada, Oct. 16, 1815, married June 15, 1832, Rev. Thomas Hurlbert. (2) Henry Proctor, born near Lundy's Lane, March 12, 1822, settled in Acton, County Halton, where he learned his occupation of miller and afterward, in 1855, built mills and did an extensive business, building up what is now the town of Hanover, where his son, James Henry Adams, still resides, and is resident manager of the Merchants' Bank. (3) William Case Adams, born near Lundy's Lane, Oct. 18, 1823, married Oct. 20, 1857, Matilda Osman, daughter of John Osman, Esq., of Seneca

Falls, New York. One daughter, Miss L. O. Adams, still resides in Toronto, where she is well known as an artist. William Case Adams was the third dentist to practice in Toronto, and was one of the founders of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario, and one of the first professors in the School of Dentistry. His literary education was obtained in Victoria University, and Dr. Nathaniel Burwash, Chancellor of Victoria University, says of him, in the *Christian Guardian*, 1899: "He was a descendant of the Adams family of Massachusetts, which has given to the United States so many of her foremost names. He with others of his family were U. E. Loyalists, and bringing to Canada and Canadian Methodism their hereditary ability and force of character, made no unworthy contribution to the building of our national life. In the later forties, under the presidency of the late Dr. McNab, Mr. Adams completed his literary education in Victoria College, where his fine physique and force of character made him a leader in manly exercises and in Christian work, and gave him a moral influence which commanded the esteem of professors and students alike. Commencing the practice of his profession in the city of Toronto, he became at once associated with the old Adelaide Street Church, a member of its official board, a class-leader, a trustee, a Bible-class leader and an active worker in all social reform and Christian benevolence." For over forty years he practised his profession in Toronto. (4) Jane Maria Adams, born in Adamsville in 1826, married, about 1852, Archibald MacCallum, principal of the Normal School at Hamilton, and afterward of the Model School in Toronto. (5) Eliza Roxana was born in Adamsville, township of Esquesing, Halton county, Ont., in 1823, and married Rev. Matthew Swann, who was educated in Upper Canada College. (6) George Washington Adams, born in Acton in 1830, resides in Grand Rapids, Michigan.

EZRA HERBERT ADAMS, M.D., C.M., D. D.S., M.C.P. & S., Physician and Surgeon of Toronto, Canada, was born in 1866 in Drayton, Wellington County, Ont. He is the second son of John G. Adams, grandson of Rev. Ezra Adams, and great-grandson of Eliphalet Adams, a United Empire Loyalist. While of the fourth generation of his family in Canada, he is of the eighth generation of his family who have lived continuously under the English flag in America, for the family is one of the oldest on the Continent, having been among the Pilgrim Fathers who landed in Massachusetts Bay nearly three centuries ago. His mother, Sarah A. Fawcett, was

born in Canada, her father, John Fawcett, being one of the pioneers of Wellington County.

The early education of Ezra Herbert Adams was received in the public schools of Toronto, from which he received a scholarship. He then attended the old Grammar School on Jarvis street, now called the Toronto Collegiate Institute. He has always taken a great interest in educational matters and has since been elected the representative of the public school board of Toronto on the Toronto Collegiate Institute Board, and was chairman of the first committee appointed for the amalgamation of the public school board and the collegiate institute board, a movement which has since resulted in the formation of the Toronto board of education. He has also been an examiner in Toronto University in Dental Pathology and Histology, and is president of the Wellesley Old Boys' Association.

Dr. Adams early took up the study of dentistry with a view to specialism in oral surgery, there being no such specialist in Canada at that time, and only one in America. He attended the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario and graduated as Doctor of Dental Surgery in the Pennsylvania College of Dentistry in Philadelphia. He then returned to Canada and attended the Toronto University Medical College and received the degree of M.D., C.M. in Victoria University, and was admitted to membership in the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario in the spring of 1890. He was early appointed one of the registrars of Toronto General Hospital and corresponding secretary of Toronto Medical Society, and was a member of the committee of public health of the Ontario Medical Association and on the external staff of the Toronto General Hospital, and a member of several city dispensaries. He is to-day associate editor of the *Canadian Journal of Medicine and Surgery* and member of the British Medical Association; Canadian Medical Association; Canadian Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis; Ontario Medical Association; American Medical Editors' Association; American Public Health Association, etc.

Dr. Adams has always taken a great interest in public health and hygiene and was the first promoter of the Consumptive Sanitarium movement in Canada, and, together with Flick of Philadelphia, the first in America. There being no medical publication or department of medical journalism devoted to public health he established a department in the *Canadian Practitioner*, and had associated with him Dr. William Oldright, Professor of Hygiene in Toronto University. Later on he assisted Dr. W.

A. Young in founding the *Canadian Journal of Medicine and Surgery*, and has been associated with it in the departments of Public Health and Hygiene and Oral Surgery ever since. He has also written much on Public Health and Climatology, some of his publications being: "The Prevention of Tuberculosis in Ontario"—1893; "The Management of Consumption"—1894; "Toronto and Adjacent Summer Resorts"—1894; "The Summer and Health Resort Areas of Ontario"—1898; "The Great Lakes as a Health Resort"—1899; "Alveolar Abscess"; "Diseases of the Oral Mucous Membrane"; "Legislation Needed for the Preservation of the Teeth of the School Children of Canada"—1903; etc.

Dr. Adams has always taken an interest in the larger affairs of the British Empire and of Canada and has been elected a visiting member of the Jamaica Club of Kingston—1904 (whose clubhouse has since been destroyed by earthquake), and in 1906 was elected a visiting member of the Shanghai Club of China, and in the same year of the Yokohama Club of Japan, and has made a special personal study of the political and social conditions of the outlying British Islands of America and especially of Newfoundland and Jamaica as to their future relationship to Canada and the Empire.

A member of the United Empire Loyalists' Association, the British Empire League and the Empire Club, he has a strong and abiding faith in British connection, while yielding to none in Canadianism, being a member of the Canadian Club and past supreme grand president of the Sons of Canada, having succeeded E. E. Sheppard, editor and founder of *Saturday Night*. He is a member of many fraternal and charitable organizations and political and other clubs and societies, and has held many official positions.

Dr. Adams' interest in the development of the health and summer resorts and sanitarium of Ontario is of a confident, permanent and enthusiastic type, has added largely to the wealth and health of Canadians, and is destined to play an important part in future developments in this direction. When no one believed that Toronto could be made a summer resort for American tourists and summer visitors he advocated the idea ardently, published a book on "Toronto and Adjacent Summer Resorts," and much other literature on the subject, and at the same time, with one or two others, promoted the palace hotel scheme for Toronto, with the result that for a few years Jarvis street boarding-houses and the hotels of the city were overflowing with American visitors for the summer months, and public opinion, the press and the

city council were educated on the question of the need of a million dollar hotel for Toronto, which paved the way for the present "King Edward Hotel." Memphis, Tennessee, which when he commenced his agitation sent but one solitary family to Muskoka, sent over four hundred people to Toronto the next year, and the following year two thousand people bought tickets from Memphis alone for Toronto in the summer months. But it was more particularly as a distributing center for the great playground of America to the North that he wished to advertise and attract attention to Toronto. In answer to a letter of enquiry the year he became general manager of the Grand Trunk Railroad Charles M. Hays wrote Dr. Adams to the effect that there were only one thousand United States purchasers of tickets for Muskoka Lakes. Today Muskoka is flooded with Southern visitors, and is the best paying part of the Grand Trunk Railroad, and two other railroad companies, the Canadian Northern and the Canadian Pacific, have opened lines to tap this lucrative traffic.

Dr. Adams is one of those who think that good deeds like money should be kept in circulation, and he is quite content for others to have the emoluments and honors of office so long as the aims he has at heart are accomplished. His name has been frequently advocated for municipal and political honors, but while an earnest student of municipal and public affairs he has always refrained from becoming a candidate, though associated actively in the election of others. In 1896 he was largely active in the election of William Lount (afterward Judge Lount) as a member of Parliament for Centre Toronto, which was the chief Liberal victory in Toronto for many years.

A firm believer in the deepening of our waterways, Dr. Adams gave a generous support to E. A. MacDonald, of Georgian Bay Canal fame, the year he was elected mayor, not only seconding his nomination but being one of a very few people of standing in the community who publicly and actively espoused his cause. As a member of the Guild of Civic Art, the Horticultural Society, he is interested in every movement for the beautifying of Toronto and in making Toronto a social and intellectual center and a model city.

Making a serious study of a pastime is one of his characteristics, and he was largely instrumental in the organization of the Muskoka Lakes Association, of which he was the first secretary and treasurer, and afterwards the commodore. This association, whose Annual At Home and Regatta became the greatest social and amateur aquatic event in this great playground of America, did much under his direction also to

improve the transportation facilities, protect the interests of cottagers and campers and tourists, and bring into closer contact the wealthy and influential summer visitors from the United States with the loyal citizens of Toronto and Canada, and is destined to do much eventually, let us hope, to mould public opinion in ways of peace and pleasantness between those two great countries.

JUDGE JOSEPH EASTON McDOUGALL (deceased), one of the brilliant luminaries of the Ontario Bar and at the time of his death Senior Judge of the County of York, Judge of the Surrogate Court and Judge of the Maritime Court of Ontario, was descended on his father's side from one of the oldest families of Ontario, his grandfather, Daniel McDougall, having been (according to tradition) the first white child born in York County.

Hon. William McDougall, C.B., his father, a man of strong personality, was a native of York County, and became a well-known figure in the circle of Canadian politics, law and journalism. He was one of the Fathers of Confederation and was Secretary of the Quebec convention which framed the constitution of the Dominion. He represented several constituencies, at different times, in the Dominion Parliament, and was Minister of Public Works in the government of Sir John A. Macdonald. By his first marriage, to Amelia Easton, who died in 1869, Hon. William McDougall became the father of nine children, the oldest of whom, Joseph Easton, is the subject of this sketch, the others being: Jessie (wife of Mr. Seymour, of England), Maria (wife of George Brown, of Toronto), and George (of Butte City, Montana), all still living; and William, Fred, Frank, Bertie and Louis, deceased. The Hon. William McDougall married subsequently Mary Adelaide Beatty, of Cobourg, by whom he had three sons, Harold, Gladwin of Ottawa, and Westroppe, of London, England.

Born in Toronto, on Jarvis street, in 1845, Joseph Easton McDougall received his early education in preparatory schools and in Upper Canada College, and upon graduation from the latter institution took up the study of law in St. Catharines and Toronto. On being admitted to the Bar he conducted a practice in partnership with the late Alfred McDougall, his uncle, and G. B. Gordon, now of New York, and later associated himself with the late John Bain, K.C., and George F. Shepley, K.C., the firm name being Bain, McDougall, Gordon & Shepley. At the early age of thirty-six years he was made a Queen's Counsellor, and on the same day was appointed Junior Judge of York County. Two

years later, on the resignation of the late Judge Boyd, he was promoted to the Senior Judgeship of the county, being also made Surrogate Judge and Judge of the Maritime Court of Ontario, which positions he most ably filled until the time of his death, Jan. 29, 1903. His mind was essentially of the legal type, and he was eminently fitted for the profession he had chosen.

The late Judge was one of the most popular men of the Bar—kind-hearted, genial, sympathetic, he had a host of friends, and his appointment to the County Court Bench gave general satisfaction; it was frequently said of him that he would have adorned the High Court Bench, and many expected that he would be elevated there; he doubtless would have been but for his early death. He was an excellent judge of fact, and was so fair in his decisions that he was generally chosen as arbitrator in pending disputes; no other judge, before or since, was so frequently chosen for this difficult task, and it was generally conceded that his decisions awarded substantial justice between the pending parties. He formed many intimate friendships among leaders at the Bar, and was universally regretted, both by the Bar and the public, at the time of his death.

Judge McDougall was married in 1871 to Miss Jean Morrow Howard, daughter of Rev. I. B. Howard, a pioneer Methodist minister, and for some time secretary of the Methodist Conference. A family of eight children was born to them, six of whom, together with his widow, survived him, viz.: Ethel, who is the wife of Dr. T. W. H. Young, of Peterboro, and mother of four children, Phylis, Herbert, Douglas and Howard; Douglas Howard, treasurer of the Toronto & Niagara Power Company and the Electrical Development Company of Ontario, Limited, who married Miss Adelaide Rogers, of New York, and has one son, Joseph Easton; Sheila Mary Adelaide, of New York; Bertha Helen, wife of Richard Dawson, of Weston; Eric Graham and Marjorie Joyce, of Toronto.

The late Judge McDougall was a member and supporter of St. Andrew's Church, was for many years chairman of Grace Homoeopathic Hospital Board and the Toronto Public Library Board, and a member of the Police Commission of the city of Toronto. He was instrumental in introducing the police patrol box system in Toronto, the physical training for the police, and several other reforms.

JAMES HEPBURN BURNS, M.D., President of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario for 1888, passed away in Toronto Dec. 20, 1897. He was a native of Oshawa, born

Dec. 29, 1845, son of Gavin and Helen (Hepburn) Burns, the former a native of Scotland. On settling in Canada Gavin Burns became a business man at Oshawa, where he also served as postmaster.

Dr. Burns, after laying the foundation of his education at Upper Canada College, took his medical course at the University of Toronto, from which he graduated in 1866, at the age of twenty-one. When the Fenian disturbance broke out Dr. Burns was at Saginaw, Michigan, whither he had gone to join Dr. Reynolds in practice. He immediately returned to Toronto and attached himself to his University company, being appointed assistant-surgeon of Colonel Denison's Provisional Regiment, and at St. Catharines had under treatment a large number of the wounded. After the rebellion the Doctor settled at Listowel, where he engaged in general practice and surgery for a few years. He then formed a partnership with Dr. Stephen, of Collingwood, where he continued his practice for about seven years, until 1876, when he removed to Toronto. There he carried on his professional labors for over twenty years, becoming one of the leading physicians and surgeons of the Queen City. In 1880 and in 1885 he was elected to the Medical Council of Ontario, of which he was vice-president in 1887 and president in 1888. Dr. Burns was connected with several institutions in Toronto. He was senior consulting physician at the Infants' Home, a member of the consulting staff of St. John's Hospital, obstetrician at the Toronto General Hospital, Ontario Referee for the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, and medical examiner for several other prominent life insurance companies. He was past master of Ashlar Lodge, A. F. & A. M., No. 247, Toronto.

Dr. Burns was married July 19, 1870, to Miss Edith Stovin, daughter of Cornelius and Jane (Waddell) Stovin, natives of England. About 1856 the Stovins located in Wisconsin, whence they made their way to Canada a short time later, and here both Mr. and Mrs. Stovin died. To Dr. and Mrs. Burns the following named children were born: Violet Isabel, wife of Lieut.-Col. Andrew T. Thompson, ex-M.P., of Ottawa (their children are Andrew Ruthven, Walter Hepburn and Gretchen); Alan Hepburn, drowned at St. Catharines in 1894; Cecil Hepburn, of Ottawa; and Douglas Hepburn, with the Bank of Montreal, at Winnipeg. The Doctor was a member of the Church of England, to which faith his widow also adheres.

COL. AUGUSTUS N. WILSON, whose death occurred at his home in Toronto in 1887, was a native of Jamaica, and came of royal blood and of a line of military men for many years in His Majesty's service. Colonel Wilson was a son of the late General Nicholas Wilson, who was killed while leading his troops during the Indian Mutiny, his son, Augustus, being one of his aides-de-camp at that time.

Col. Augustus N. Wilson was educated in England, and at an early age entered His Majesty's service. He served in many campaigns in which the English troops were engaged, among them the Indian Mutiny, the Abyssinian Campaign and the Peshawar Campaign. He held three medals for gallant service, and throughout his military career displayed the courage and bravery left him as a heritage by his military ancestors. In 1881 Colonel Wilson emigrated to Tennessee, but not receiving inducements sufficient to tempt him to continue there, removed to Canada and settled under the flag he had so long defended. His first location was at Dunnville, where he remained a short time, and in 1885 settled in Toronto, where his death occurred in 1887. During his residence in the latter city the Colonel made many friends, and his death was a severe loss to the community.

Colonel Wilson married Miss Adelaide E. Badham-Thornhill, daughter of Edward Badham-Thornhill, and to this union there were born these children: A. N., a telegraph operator with the Canadian Pacific Railway at Winnipeg; George, manager of the Imperial Bank at Woodstock; H. T., of Toronto; Edward G., who resides in California; and two daughters.

J. WELLINGTON WILSON. Among the highly esteemed residents of Aurora, Whitchurch township, is Mr. J. Wellington Wilson, a native of County York, born in the village of Sharon, Oct. 27, 1824, son of Hiram and Caroline (McLeod) Wilson.

Hugh and Mary Wilson, paternal grandparents of J. Wellington, were natives of County Down, Ireland, who came from their native country to New York State, and in 1801 settled on Yonge street, near Toronto. They then removed to Sharon, East Gwillimbury township, and there Mr. Wilson engaged in farming, clearing up a home from the wilderness. He died in 1824, the father of a large family, namely: John; Titus; Harvey; Hiram; Hugh; Alfred; Mary, the wife of R. Graham; Catherine, who married a Mr. Phelps; and Louisa, the wife of Elias Jones. All of these children died well advanced in years.

Hiram Wilson, son of Hugh and Mary, and

father of J. Wellington, was born in New York State in 1792. In 1823, after receiving but a scanty education, and being located in his native locality, he married Caroline McLeod, and settled at Sharon, working at his trade, that of carpenter, and at contracting and building until 1840, in which year he removed to County Simcoe, taking up land, which he cultivated until the time of his death in 1868. He and his wife, who survived him some years, were members of the English Church. They were the parents of five children: J. Wellington; Lambert, born in 1828, married Mary Doan, of Bondhead, and they settled at the old home in County Simcoe, where he died in 1900, leaving four children—Norman, Herbert, Susannah and Evelyn—who reside on the homestead, as does his widow; Louisa, born in 1831, married Emanuel Lundy (deceased) and had five children, Frank (who was killed in an accident), George (of the States), Walter (of Toronto), Alberta (wife of W. Roach) and Emma (wife of James Smith); Martha, born in 1834, married James Clement, deceased, of Church Hill, where the widow and children—Harry and Clement—now reside; and Mary C., born in 1840, married Richard Rogerson, a prosperous farmer of County Simcoe, by whom she had these children, Dwight (of the homestead), Carrie (who married Irvin Nelson, of County Simcoe), Grace (who died in young womanhood) and Martha (at the old home).

Mrs. Caroline (McLeod) Wilson was a daughter of Mordecai and Rachel (Terry) McLeod, natives of Scotland, who also emigrated to the United States when young people, being married in that country, whence they made their way to Canada in 1800. Settling at what is known as the Quaker Settlement on Yonge street, they engaged there in farming, but later removed to Sharon village, where they spent the remainder of their lives. When they came to this country they were Quakers, but after locating here joined the Davidites, a new religious sect. Mr. McLeod passed away in 1847, while his widow survived him some years. They had a family of children as follows: Daniel, Alexander, Mordecai, William, Susan, Grace, Lavina, Caroline, Rachel and Eleanor.

J. Wellington Wilson's early educational training was received in the district schools of York and Simcoe Counties, and while growing to manhood he assisted his father on the home farm. On Feb. 28, 1849, he married Miss Joanna Gleason, born in East Gwillimbury, Oct. 7, 1830, daughter of Ira and Joanna (Hill) Gleason. After marriage Mr. and Mrs. Wilson settled in East Gwillimbury, and then removed to Innisfil township, County Simcoe, and in the

latter place Mr. Wilson made many improvements, clearing up a fine farm, and erecting fine, new modern buildings. Here he and his wife resided for thirty-four years, and in 1883 he sold out to remove to Whitechurch township, buying a tract of land on the 2nd Concession, near the village of Aurora. In 1900 Mr. Wilson retired permanently from active business and settled in Aurora, where he has since resided.

To Mr. and Mrs. Wilson were born a family of eleven children: Arabella, born in 1850, married Robert Reves, of County Simcoe, and has twelve children, Joanna, Gilmer, Anne, Walter, Vincent, Maud, Nelson, Marley, Emily, Marshal, Harvey and Wellington; Minnie, born in April, 1851, married John Chesborn, of Buffalo, New York; Walter S., born in 1852, married Agnes Gardner, and now lives in San Jose, California, where he carried on contracting and building, and they have four children, Effie, Irene, Ella M. and Dorothy; Joel A., born in September, 1854, married Miss Annie Morrison, resides in Manitoba, and has four children, Katie, Wellington, Stanley and Joanna, the last two being twins; Marshall H., born in July, 1856, married Lizzie McKee, resides on the old homestead in Whitechurch township, and has four children, Earl, Robert, Lambert and Audrey; Joanna, born in December, 1858, married Alfred McMillan, deceased, and she resides in County Simcoe with one son, Reginald, a student in Guelph College; James H., born in May, 1861, married Miss Storburn of County Simcoe, and they now reside in Buffalo, N.Y., he being an engineer on the lakes, and they have one son, Walter; Mary E., born in September, 1863, is the wife of William Baldwin, of Aurora, and has a family of three sons, George, Gordon and Wyatt; Martha A., born in January, 1865, married William Patterson, an agriculturist of County Simcoe, and they have six children, Mary, Mabel, Bertha, Lauren and Irene and Oline, the last two being twins; Egbert C., born in May, 1872, married Miss Jennie Taylor, of the Northwest Territory, and they now reside in British Columbia, where Mr. Wilson follows the drug business; and Alberta L., born in March, 1874, married Hugh Scott, an agriculturist of Manitoba, and they have three children, Margery, Walter and Edna.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilson have four great-grandchildren. The celebration of their Golden Wedding was attended by a number of their children and grandchildren. They are connected with the Presbyterian Church, in the work of which Mr. Wilson has always been active. Mr. Wilson has always been connected with the old Grit party. He is one of the self-

made men of the county, and is greatly esteemed by all who know him for his many admirable traits of character.

BENJAMIN CODY was at the time of his death, in January, 1907, living retired at Newmarket, County York. He was born in King township, this county, not far from Aurora, July 20, 1822, a son of Stephen and Rebecca (Phillips) Cody.

This was an early pioneer family of County York. Stephen Cody was born in Onondaga County, New York, in 1793, and his wife in Northumberland County, Pennsylvania, daughter of William and Hannah Phillips, natives of Pennsylvania, and descended from ancestors who came over with William Penn. The family is still well represented in that State. Stephen Cody was a son of Joseph and Sarah (Payne) Cody, who came to Canada from the State of New York, and settled in King township, where the father died in 1810 and his wife in 1818. The Phillips family came also about 1801, and William Phillips died there in 1824, and his wife also, about 1842. William Phillips left a number of descendants who still live in King township.

The children of Joseph Cody and wife were: Milla, born in 1786, married Stephen Barbee, of Hamilton; Joseph, born in 1788, married Betsy McLoyd, and died in 1813; Stephen; Aaron, born in 1795, settled in King township, married Lucy Haight, and died in 1878, leaving four children, Sarah, Lydia, Allen and Rhoda; Achsah, born Jan. 8, 1799, married Herbert Jager, and settled in eastern Ontario, his family later moving to the States; Jay, born in King township in 1806, married Annie Richards, and moved to the States.

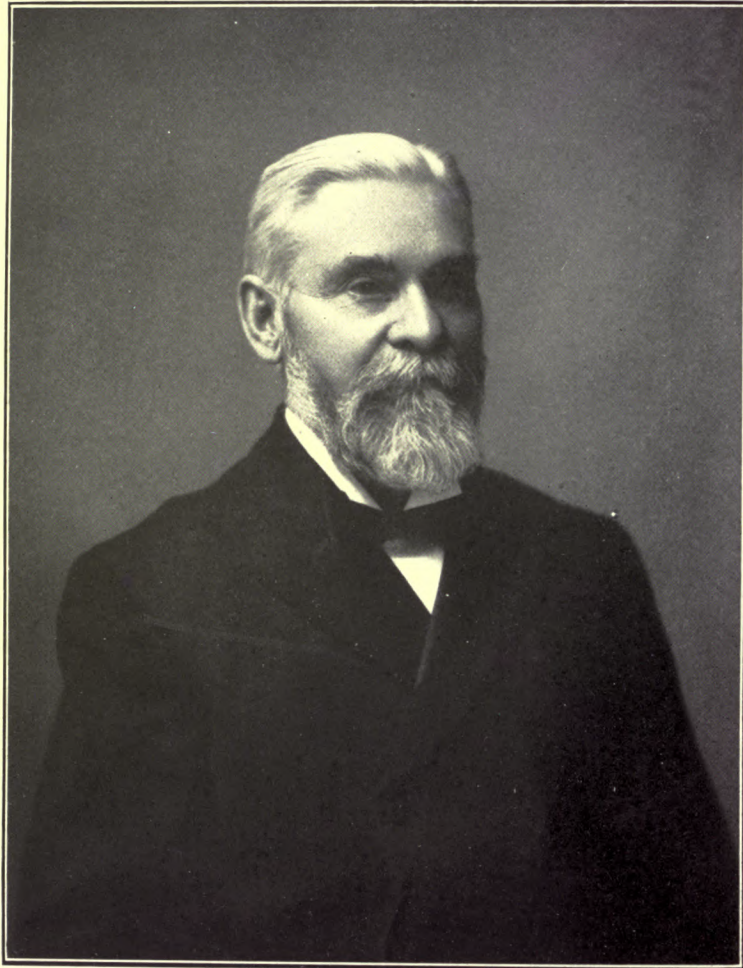
Stephen Cody, father of Benjamin Cody, was reared and educated in King township, his schooling being meager on account of the then unsettled condition of the country. In December, 1818, he was married in the village of Newmarket, and then settled in a little log house in the wilderness, cleared up a farm and became one of the successful farmers of the locality. His wife died in 1866, and his death followed in July, 1874. Both he and wife were consistent members of the Society of Friends. Both the Cody and Phillips families were Quakers. In politics Stephen Cody was a Reformer. He was an active member of the school board for many years, and was always interested in all questions of temperance and morality.

The children of Stephen Cody and wife were: (1) Edith, born in December, 1819, was educated for teaching, and followed the profession for some years prior to her marriage with Wayne

Rodgers, who settled as a farmer in County York, where he died, leaving one son, Asa. Mrs. Rodgers afterward became the wife of Ira Clark. (2) Joseph, born in January, 1821, married Esther Rodgers, and they settled in Victoria, where he engaged in farming, and at death left a wife and family, who are still residing in County Victoria. (3) Benjamin was the third born in the family. (4) Hannah, born in January, 1824, and now deceased, married Jonathan Rodgers, who settled in Hickory as a farmer, and one son, now deceased, survived his parents. (5) Mary, born in October, 1828, deceased, was the wife of Francis Starr, who settled in Whitcheater, where he died leaving a family. (6) Allen, born in August, 1830, married Lizzie Dixon, of King township, and they settled on the old Cody homestead, where they lived until within a few years of death. The father died in 1902 at Newmarket. (7) Achsah, born in September, 1832, deceased, was the wife of Samuel Rodgers, who settled at Toronto, where both died, six children surviving them. (8) Rebecca, who was born in September, 1835, died in August, 1836.

Benjamin Cody remained up to the age of twenty years as an assistant on the home farm. His education was obtained in the common schools. Just before his majority he went into a shop where he learned the carriage-making business, and this trade he carried on in connection with his farming near Newmarket until 1889, when he retired from business cares. Some time before he had purchased real estate on Yonge street, Newmarket, where he built a comfortable home and equipped a good machine shop.

In December, 1848, Mr. Cody was married to Miss Susan Rodgers, the worthy daughter of Elias and Sarah Rodgers, one of the pioneer families of County York. Mrs. Cody died at this home in December, 1864, leaving seven daughters, as follows: Sarah, born in 1851, near Newmarket, was educated in the high school, married Robert Rush, and they live at Algoma, Ont.; Mary R., born in 1853, is the widow of Blake Hill (son of Rev. J. K. Hill, a prominent minister), who settled on a farm at Hickory, and has two sons, Norton and Joseph, students at Pickering College, their home being with our subject at Newmarket; Hannah J., born in August, 1855, is the wife of Rev. James Grant, a Baptist minister who is located near Hamilton, Ont., and they have two daughters; Elizabeth, born in February, 1857, is the wife of William Lambie, who resides at Newmarket, and they have children, Ernest, John, Susan and Ethel; Eliza, born in February, 1859, is the wife of Cuthbert Wigham, engineer and



John G. Adams.

draughtsman, who resides at Toronto, and they have four daughters; Susan, born in May, 1861, is the wife of William N. Starr, of Newmarket, and they have one daughter, Edith; Ellen, born in September, 1863, was educated in the collegiate schools of York County and of Toronto and followed the profession of teaching in the public schools of County York for some years, and at present is a teacher in the Kindergarten schools of Toronto. Miss Ellen is a lady of culture and scholarly acquirements, and is also of a most charming disposition, which has won her many warm friends.

Mr. Cody was always identified with the Reform party, intelligently considering all questions of public interest. For six years he filled the position of councilman, and formerly served as treasurer of the school board. In 1889 he retired from the active prosecution of business and purchased a fine residence on Church street, in Newmarket, where he resided until his death.

In 1866 Mr. Cody was married (second) to Miss Jane Reagin, born in County York, who passed away at the home just mentioned in November, 1892. She was a most estimable lady, an active Christian and a great promotor of the work of the W.C.T.U. For a half-century Mr. Cody was a leading member of the Society of Friends at Newmarket, being one of its greatest supporters.

DR. JOHN G. ADAMS was born at Aeton, Ont., March 16, 1839. When about five years of age, at his own request, his name was enrolled on the temperance pledge and he became a lifelong teetotaler. What makes his first voluntary act of his life more significant is the fact that his two playmates of that time died drunkards in early life, while he is spared to useful old age. During the year of 1847, when his father, Rev. Ezra Adams, was stationed at Bradford, the cholera and immigrant fever raged throughout Canada. On every side of them their neighbors were being carried away to the graveyard; those who escaped the fever were shaking with ague. There were very few persons well enough to care for the sick. The cabinetmakers worked day and night making coffins for those who were dying. Young John also was laid low with the fever, and so near death's door that the doctor directed his mother to make his grave clothes, as the disease was so malignant it would be necessary that he be buried immediately after death. His mother and his sisters obeyed the doctor's order, but at the same time his mother was pleading as only a mother could plead for the life of her boy. Soon after the doctor returned and in a disappointed tone of voice exclaimed, "What, is he

not dead yet?" His mother replied, "No, and he is not going to die, either." She was a woman who knew how by faith to take hold of God in prayer and had received the assurance that her prayer was granted. About this time his father superannuated from the active ministry and moved to the township of Peel, near what is now the town of Drayton, a part of the country then known as the "Queen's bush." There he bought 200 acres of land, for himself and his nine-year-old boy, hiring men to clear up the land and build a large house and barn; every board of these buildings was sawn by hand, as there were no sawmills in that part of the country. For many years their home was known as the "Methodist Inn," and was always full of visitors, persons who were moving into the new country beyond. Strangers as well as acquaintances were always freely welcome to their home, the doors of which were never locked night or day. Uncle Ezra and Aunt Amy were household names far and near. If any person was to be baptized, married or buried, Uncle Ezra was invited to perform the ceremony.

It was in this his comfortable boyhood home that one fierce winter evening his mother's tears of sympathy for the poor, whom she knew would be shivering with the cold in the cities, under God inspired her eleven-year-old boy for his great life work in the interest of suffering humanity.

On Dec. 18, 1862, he married Miss Sara Ann Fawcett, third daughter of Mr. John and Lavina Fawcett. Mrs. Adams was born near London, Ont., Jan. 18, 1845. Like her husband, she believed in early childhood that God had called her to philanthropic work for the poor. In the year 1870, believing that God had indicated Toronto as their mission field and dental hospital care for the poor as their work, they parted with their beautiful farm and moved to the city, where he began the study of dentistry and graduated from the Royal College of Dental Surgeons.

FOUNDING THE FIRST DENTAL HOSPITAL IN THE WORLD.—He then began his life work by founding Christ's Dental Hospital, the first free dental hospital in the world for the care of the teeth of poor children, and which he equipped and supported entirely at his own expense for over a quarter of a century.

THE FIRST DENTAL INSPECTOR OF SCHOOL CHILDREN'S TEETH.—In order to save the children's permanent teeth instead of having to extract them because of their being neglected and too far decayed to be saved, he began the systematic examination of the teeth of the children in the schools of the various charitable institu-

tions. Those children requiring care were then sent to the dental hospital, where he and his assistants filled their teeth and kept them in first-class order, so that the children could eat, sleep, study, play and grow up strong, healthy, useful citizens. Thus Dr. Adams placed Toronto on the honor roll not only as being the first city that had a dental hospital, but also as the first city that had schools where the teeth of every child were systematically examined twice a year and kept in first-class order. Among the schools the teeth of whose children Dr. Adams examined and cared for were the Boys' Home, Girls' Home, Orphans' Home, Newsboys' Home, Girls' Industrial School, Boys' Industrial School, and the Elizabeth Street School, commonly called the "ragged school." The contrast between the condition of the teeth of the children in these schools after they had been put in good condition and those of the children in the well-to-do schools of the city was great indeed.

In 1891 Dr. Adams began sounding the alarm by calling the attention of the medical health officer and the public school board to the wretched, disgraceful and neglected condition in which the teeth and mouths of the great majority of the school children of the city were to be found, and of the absolute necessity of systematic inspection of school children's teeth, which reform the board afterwards endorsed.

THE TOOTH PLAGUE UNIVERSAL.—Dr. Adams did not confine his interest to the children of Toronto, but began investigating the condition of school children's teeth from all parts of the world, and then in the interest of parents and children he published a book entitled "School Children's Teeth, Their Universally Unhealthy and Neglected Condition," giving the results of his investigations, which showed that an alarming change had taken place in the quality of children's teeth, both permanent and temporary, all over the world, a condition such as was never known before in the history of man. Ninety-five per cent. of all school children were shown to have permanent teeth more or less decayed and going to destruction by wholesale soon after eruption, the same as was found in the Toronto schools.

SAPPING THE FOUNDATION OF LIFE.—Dr. Adams pointed out that this change, coming as it does at the most critical time, the growing period of childhood, saps the vital foundation of the race, for every succeeding generation must necessarily become weaker. The child of today is the parent of to-morrow. Hence the absolute necessity for prompt action all along the lines, in fighting this fast-increasing plague. As parents are not aware of this change, or that

their children's permanent teeth are going to decay, the only remedy is the systematic examination of the teeth of all school children and the providing of dental hospitals to care for the poor.

On Oct. 28, 1897, Mrs. Adams, after spending her last Sabbath visiting among some of the poor in the east end of the city, passed away to her reward. The following children survive her: Amy L., wife of Rev. D. A. Moir, St. Catharines; Dr. J. Frank Adams, Toronto; Dr. E. Herbert Adams, Toronto; Miss Eleanor J., Toronto; Matilda M., wife of Dr. George S. Martin, of Buffalo; Electa, wife of Mr. Arthur M. Matthews, Toronto; Dr. William F. Adams, medical missionary to China; Miss Louise A., Toronto; and Dr. G. Arthur Adams, of Toronto Junction.

Brought up in the Methodist Church of Canada, Dr. Adams has held many official positions and is at present steward and trustee of the St. Paul's Methodist Church, Toronto; but while active in church work, religion with him has been for practical daily life and not for momentous events or special occasions merely. The extent of his labors and benefactions to the poor of Toronto will never be fully known or appreciated, without waiting for heroic occasions or public events that would secure him the praise of the people and press, and which after all are easier and therefore less heroic than the commonplace trials which daily test the stuff of which a man is made. Yet equally worthy are the quiet heroism and patience of a man who in addition to the proper care of a large family and busy and successful professional life, and without ostentation or parade or encouragement, or asking a dollar from anyone, has equipped and maintained a dental hospital for the poor of a large city like Toronto for considerably over a quarter of a century. While many years in advance of his times, he has lived to see the results of his educative methods and example on this great American evil bearing fruit not only on this continent, but in many nations of Europe and to some extent on other continents as well.

WILLIAM ALLAN MURRAY. One of the most successful merchants of Canada was the late William Allan Murray, whose death occurred in Toronto, Sept. 7, 1891. Mr. Murray was born Aug. 5, 1814, at Ravelston, Scotland, son of William and Margaret (Carfrae) Murray.

Mr. Murray received his education at Perth, but, owing to the death of his father, he was compelled to abandon his studies and enter business life, in order to care for his younger brothers, who later became business men, and

leaders in their lines in the United States and Canada, as well as Australia. When still a young man Mr. Murray entered the services of Todd & Co., of Limerick, Ireland, and later the firm of Todd, Rivington & Co., of Limerick, Ireland, and while at the latter place Mr. Murray established his enviable reputation as one of the best judges of silks of the Continental markets.

On Dec. 8, 1844, Mr. Murray married Jane Ann, daughter of William Maenamara, Squire and Master of Hounds of County Clare, Ireland, and to this union the following children were born: Mary Jane, who died in 1881, married John Lyons King, and later Hugh John MacDonald; William Thomas, whose sketch appears elsewhere; Charles Stuart, who married Harriet Norton; James Peter, who married Maria Emelie Caron (who died in 1881), and later Nano Josephine Hayes; Major John Alexander, a sketch of whom will appear elsewhere in these annals; Elizabeth Honora, who married George F. Forlong; and Margaret Helena, who died in 1890.

In 1854 Mr. Murray came to Canada and founded the business which has in the intervening half-century grown to great proportions, and which, as a business house, has few equals in the Dominion. When the business was established in 1854 it was known as Wylie & Murray, and this style continued until 1860, when the firm of W. A. Murray & Co. was founded, Mr. Murray conducting the business himself until his death. In 1899 a stock company was formed under the firm name of W. A. Murray & Co., Ltd., with Mr. John Drynan as president, and Mr. Thomas Murray as vice-president. On the death of the latter Major Murray assumed the duties of vice-president.

From its inception the business has been located on the present site. The original building, however, has been considerably enlarged, beautified externally and internally, and is now one of the attractions pointed out to visitors of the Queen City. W. A. Murray remained at the head of this constantly growing business until his death. He was one of the greatest business men Toronto has ever seen, and his name is indelibly carved in the commercial annals of Canada. Mr. Murray was very fond of football and hockey, and in his day was quite an athlete. He was also fond of horses and owned several valuable ones, which took several prizes at horse shows in Toronto and various other places.

In religion Mr. Murray was originally a Presbyterian, but in 1870 was converted to the Roman Catholic faith. He was a Conservative in politics, and a warm friend of the late Sir John

A. Macdonald. He was a firm believer in the great future of Canada, and he certainly did his share to enhance that greatness.

MAJOR JOHN ALEXANDER MURRAY, vice-president of the famous Toronto dry goods house of W. A. Murray & Co., Ltd., is one of the best known and most popular business men of the Queen City. Major Murray is a son of the late W. A. Murray, a sketch of whose life immediately precedes.

Major Murray was born July 17, 1854, in Limerick, Ireland, and received his education at St. Michael's College, Toronto, and St. Hyacinthe's College, St. Hyacinthe, Quebec. In the latter institution Major Murray received a thorough scientific and classical education. He entered his father's business, and has since devoted his time and energy to it, until it is now without a superior on the American continent. In addition to the vice-presidency and management of this business, which employs 450 people, Major Murray is also president of the Toronto Carpet Manufacturing Company, another great Canadian industry. Not only is the Major prominent in business circles, but in military and athletic affairs as well. In 1878 he joined the Queen's Own Rifles of Canada, as a private in F Company, two years later taking a commission. He took a leading part in the reformation of the Old University company of that regiment, and now holds the high rank of senior major, being second in command of that splendid body of loyal Canadians.

Major Murray is very fond of athletics, especially of sculling and rowing, and his "before-breakfast feat" at the oars has never been surpassed. One beautiful summer evening in 1877, in company with Telfer Arthurs, Major Murray rowed from Toronto to Niagara (a distance of thirty-eight miles) in eight hours. Leaving Toronto at 10 p.m., he and his companion reached Niagara for a six o'clock breakfast, "which we both thoroughly enjoyed," to use the Major's own words. In August, 1905, he was appointed a member of the Ontario License Board, in which he takes the same active interest which has always characterized his every operation.

In 1883 Major Murray and Miss Mary Perry, daughter of Captain Charles Perry, were united in marriage, and to this union four children have been born: Charles Alexander Bruce, John Allan, Mary Marjorie and Gordon M. Major Murray's home in the city is located at No. 170 Jarvis street, while his country residence is at Scarborough Heights, overlooking Lake Ontario. In the beautifying of these heights the Major has taken much interest, and his home

thereon is a model of rural loveliness. In politics he is a Conservative, and in religion a Roman Catholic.

Though Major Murray is a very busy man, he always has time for a hearty hand-shake and a pleasant word for his many friends drawn to him by his genial manner.

JAMES CRANE. The late James Crane was born in County Monaghan, Ireland, in 1839. His father, James Crane, was a farmer, and like many other Irish fathers he found the "Green Isle" too small for the ambitions of his growing sons, so before many years they were all settled in Canada, "Fair Canada." Hugh was the first to arrive, ten years later came George, and finally, in 1865, the father and mother, with James, Samuel, and Sarah, the only sister.

After looking about for a few months they all decided to locate in Toronto, and soon after purchased property on Oxford street. Shortly after the family were settled James went to New York State, where he filled an important position until a very severe illness compelled him to return to Toronto. After some years of continued prosperity in business he was urged to run in the Fourth ward for the position of alderman, to which position he was returned nine consecutive years, the last of which he served on the Board of Control. He then retired one year, when his friends, the public, who knew and trusted him, because of his faithful, disinterested and upright career, persuaded him to come out once more in the interest of his fellow-citizens, and he was again elected in 1905. This was the tenth and last year of his public life, and on March 26, 1906, he passed to his reward.

The city charities ever found in James Crane a liberal supporter and friend, the House of Industry claiming much of his sympathy and liberality. He was chairman of the Board of Health for a number of years, and was also an active member of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society, to whose charities he gave liberally, having ever an "open hand" to assist worthy countrymen and others in their struggles to gain honest support for their families. In politics he was a Conservative. He was a Freemason and a Presbyterian, and was everywhere respected for his love of truth and righteousness.

FREDERICK JAMES DIXON, who has been identified with the Dixon Storage Company, Toronto, for a number of years, is well known as a business man in the Queen City, where the family has been a prominent one.

The Dixon family, which is of English extraction, was founded in Canada by Major James Dixon, the grandfather of Frederick James, who was born in England and came to Canada about 1837, as a member of the British Cavalry, being stationed for many years at Toronto, where he died. His children were: William; John, a retired carriage builder of Toronto; and James, of New York.

William Dixon, son of Major James, and father of Frederick J., was born in the State of Maine, Nov. 11, 1836, and was but a child when his father removed to Toronto, in which city William grew to manhood, received his education and spent his business life. After completing his schooling Mr. Dixon served his time to the carriage business in New York, and for many years engaged in that business in Toronto, being for a portion of the time in partnership with his brother, John Dixon. His death occurred in 1903. He married Mary Ann Cauhan, born in Toronto in 1839, daughter of Thomas Cauhan, and to this union there were born: William Thomas, who died leaving two children, James and Lucy; Cora, the wife of A. U. Reid of New York; Annie; Rosalind, wife of J. G. Ramsay, for years a well-known business man of Toronto; Frederick James; Alfred Edward, deceased; Charles, of Toronto, with the W. R. Broek Company; M——; and Walter, of Toronto.

Frederick James Dixon was born in Toronto in 1866, and was educated in the Model school, after which he entered a wholesale business house, Davidson & Hay, where he remained for sixteen years. At the end of this time, desiring to conduct a business of his own, in 1902 he founded the Dixon Storage Company, of which he is the proprietor and owner. It is situated at No. 27½ Front street east, Toronto, where there are ample accommodations for the storage of mercantile goods. In this business Mr. Dixon employs five men, all property being carefully handled and returned in the best of condition. Mr. Dixon's business has grown steadily, and he has built up a good reputation for business ability and for honest presentations.

Mr. Dixon was married to Nina Watson, and to them has been born one son, Robert, born in Toronto Oct. 24, 1895. They are members of the English Church. In his political views Mr. Dixon is independent, and he is fraternally connected with the A.O.U.W.

DONALD CAMPBELL RIDOUT, who died in Toronto in 1893, was the son of the late Thomas Gibb Ridout, and was born in Toronto in 1849.

Mr. Ridout's education was received at the

Upper Canada College and at Galt. He was educated to become a civil engineer, but his entire business life was spent as a solicitor of patents, which business he founded in Canada, and which he continued until the time of his death. He was very successful in his chosen line, his sterling honesty and upright business methods winning him much patronage.

Mr. Ridout married Katharine Kay, daughter of John and Agnes (Cullen) Kay, the former born in Scotland, in 1817, and the latter also a native of that country. They came to Canada and settled in Toronto, where soon after settling he formed a partnership with a Mr. Betley, under the firm name of Betley & Kay, now known as John Kay, Son & Co., wholesale carpet dealers of Toronto. Mr. Kay died in Toronto in 1891; his wife passed away in 1864. They were Presbyterians, and for many years Mr. Kay was an elder in St. Andrew's Church. He laid the corner-stone of St. Andrew's Institute, to which he was a liberal contributor. His children were: Mrs. Colin Gordon, of Toronto; Misses Eliza and Helen; John; and Mrs. Ridout. To Mr. and Mrs. Ridout were born these children: Mrs. W. D. Strickland, of Toronto, who has three children, Donald, Gerald Percy and Katherine Sherwood; Donald Campbell, of Toronto; Norman Stewart, a graduate of the military college, Kingston, who was in the employ of the government at the time he was accidentally killed; D. K., who married Ruth Jones, and has one son, Donald C.; Edith, of Toronto; Howard Edgar, in the Imperial Bank of Toronto; and John Edwin, of Toronto. Mr. Ridout was a member of the Church of England. In his political sympathies he was a Reformer.

FREDERICK F. PASSMORE, C.E. (deceased), was for many years a well-known civil engineer of Toronto, in which city he died in 1892. He was born in Devonshire, England, in 1823, son of Frederick and Mariah Passmore.

Mr. Passmore grew to manhood in his native country, and there received both his literary and professional education. When a young man he came to Toronto, and shortly thereafter formed a partnership with a Mr. Tully, under the firm name of Tully & Passmore, civil engineers and government surveyors. In this, his professional work, Mr. Passmore continued for a number of years. He then received the appointment to the registry office of the city of Toronto, and served in that capacity until his death.

Mr. Passmore married Miss Isabella Rankin, who belongs to a family long identified with County York, being a daughter of William and Mary (Mahoffey) Rankin, natives of Ireland who came to Toronto at an early date, settling

on Yonge street, where Mr. Rankin owned a tract of land, and where both he and Mrs. Rankin died. Of their thirteen children, Mrs. Passmore and her sister, Mrs. Cunningham, and one brother, Abraham Rankin, are the only survivors.

To Mr. and Mrs. Passmore were born four children: Alfred C., Frederick F., Isobel (deceased), and Blanche Ellen, the last named the wife of Robert McKey, a well-known barrister of Toronto. Mr. Passmore was a member of the Church of England, to the faith of which his widow also adheres.

JOHN ELLIS, a retired designer and draftsman, is the last representative of a family whose records date far back in England, but which has been identified with Canada since 1836. Mr. Ellis was born in that year in Tottenham, near London, England, and crossed the ocean while still in his infancy with his parents, John and Rhoda Anne (Benton) Ellis.

John Ellis, Sr., was born at Clay, in the County of Norfolk, England, in January, 1795, and in 1828 married the eldest daughter of Mr. James Benton, optical instrument maker to the government, High Holborn, London. Mr. Ellis was in business for some years in Old Broad street, obtaining his freedom of the city at Goldsmiths' Hall, London. He possessed two country estates, one at Chigford, White Hall, and another at Chigwell, near Epping Forest, both in the County of Essex, which he retained until 1859. Having disposed of his London property and business he sailed for Canada in August, 1836, arriving at Toronto the following October. Several business men with whom he had been associated in the old land had preceded him by a few years, and had formed the nucleus of St. George's Society, of which Mr. Ellis was a lifelong member. After "bushing it" for a year or two on his newly acquired property, originally a King's College grant, adjoining the lands of the late J. G. Howard, who was also a prospective farmer, and whose estate is now known as High Park, Mr. Ellis in 1845 opened an engraving office on King street, a few doors west of Yonge, where he continued in business until the year of the Confederation of the Provinces—1868. He then retired, having sold his interest to Mr. Joseph Rolph (of Rolph, Smith & Co.), who still retains the business. Mr. Ellis's last years were spent in quiet retirement at the old homestead, a picturesque spot overlooking the Humber bay and vicinity, where he died in 1877, in his eighty-third year. His widow, Rhoda Anne (Benton) Ellis, survived several years, passing away in 1885, at the advanced age of eighty-six. Emily Anne Ellis, daughter, was born in Toronto in the

troublesome month of the Rebellion, December, 1837, and was educated at the seminary conducted by Madame Des Landes, in York street.

The late John Ellis was a member of the Church of England and attended St. James' Cathedral during the incumbency of the late Dean Grasset. In musical circles he was well known as a 'cellist of ability and invariably gave his services at charitable concerts, etc. He was a member of the Philharmonic Society from its inception in 1846, and an intimate friend of Mr. Frederick Thomas, one of Toronto's musical amateurs of prominence. In hours of leisure Mr. Ellis and his famous Warmesley bass were inseparable companions. In politics Mr. Ellis was a Conservative, seldom, however, taking an active part in such matters. Ellis avenue, which takes its name from the estate, is a strictly residential thoroughfare, leading from the Lake Shore road northward to Dundas street, Toronto Junction, and is the principal roadway in Swansea.

John Ellis, Jr., after completing his preparatory studies, entered Upper Canada College, and graduated in 1856. Fitting himself at the art schools as a draftsman, he undertook the designing branch of his father's business, but after some years relinquished it, owing to ill-health, subsequently devoting his attention to the development of his Swansea property. The old residence built by the late J. G. Howard, the donor of High Park to the city of Toronto, is still Mr. Ellis's home. The situation is peculiarly attractive, and the adjacent historic Grenadier pond was originally a portion of the Ellis estate. About one-half the park acreage, the west half, belonged to Howard; the east half was the Ridout property.

Mr. Ellis was one of the founders of the Anglican Church, of early English architecture, on the Windermere road, and to him is due the selection of the name, St. Olave's by the Lake, after the typical ecclesiastical structure on Crutched Friars' road, London, England, where Samuel Pepys worshipped from 1660 to 1673. "Our owne churche," he termed St. Olave's, and was laid to rest in a vault by "ye Communion Table." It is also interesting to note that Archbishop Sweatman, Primate of all Canada, was married at this ancient edifice. Mr. Ellis was for several years rector's warden, and is still an officer at St. Olave's. While he takes an intelligent interest in politics, supporting the Conservative party, he has been mainly prominent in municipal matters rather than a politician. He is a member of the Royal Astronomical Society of Canada, and had the honor of designing the gold medal awarded by the society for proficiency in astronomy and physics. Mr.

Ellis is also a member of the Canadian Society of Arts and of the Association of York Pioneers. For many years he has been a frequent contributor to the press. He was appointed a justice of the peace in November, 1905.

ARTHUR R. McMASTER, a prominent business man of Toronto, who departed this life July 8, 1881, belonged to a family well known in that city, being a nephew of the late Hon. William McMaster.

Joseph McMaster, father of Arthur R., was a native of Ireland, and came to Canada when his son Arthur R. was about eleven years of age. After a short stay in the Dominion, he moved to Buffalo, New York, and there engaged in the dry goods business until his death some two or three years later.

After the death of his father Arthur R. McMaster did not long remain in Buffalo, but went to Toronto, and entered the store of his uncle, Hon. William McMaster, in Newmarket, where he remained for the greater part of the time until he was twenty years old, and then returned to Toronto and entered his uncle's wholesale dry goods establishment there, later becoming a member of the firm. Subsequently the Hon. William McMaster went out of the firm, which then became A. R. McMaster & Brother, the senior member being actively engaged therewith until his death. Mr. McMaster was a successful business man, and was highly esteemed by his fellows. He was associated with many other financial enterprises of the city, was a director in the Bank of Commerce, a member of the Board of Trade, at one time being president of the latter body.

Mr. McMaster's real estate holdings were considerable, almost entirely on Jarvis street. He originally owned the property now belonging to Mrs. W. E. H. Massey, and the commodious residence was built by him. He accumulated a comfortable fortune, and was counted one of the substantial men of Toronto. He was a member of the Jarvis Street Baptist Church, with which his widow also affiliates. In his political principle he was a Reformer.

Mr. McMaster was twice married. His first wife, Miss Mary Savage, of Toronto, died in May, 1872, leaving one daughter, Ida, now the widow of Arthur Dyson (who was a cotton merchant at Manchester, England), of Timperley, England, and the mother of two children, Arthur G. and Beatrice.

On June 14, 1876, Mr. McMaster married Miss Helen E. Scott, daughter of Rev. James and Cornelia (Moulton) Scott, the former a Scotchman by birth who came to America and for a number of years was a Baptist minister

in Newburgh, New York, where his daughter Helen E. was born. To this marriage was born a daughter, Cornelia S., who married James MacCallum, and has two children, Helen M. and James, all residing with Mrs. McMaster.

Mr. McMaster's death was a severe blow not alone to his family but to his business associates and friends. He had so long taken an active part in all the progressive movements of his day that his absence is felt in many different lines of endeavor. In the time of the old Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railroad he had been one of its enthusiastic promoters, and was its vice-president. Mrs. McMaster resides in a charming, well-appointed residence at No. 94 Isabella street, which she built in 1885, and there she dispenses a gracious hospitality to her friends and as well to the "stranger within her gates."

J. R. IRISH, L.D.S., a well-known dentist of No. 155 King street east, Toronto, is known in a large portion of the city on account of the great amount of religious work he is doing, as he claims that all suitable questions are answered, and that he receives every word of every paper from God in Christ by His Spirit. He was born Sept. 17, 1840, in Cramahe township, county of Northumberland, son of Peter and Esther (Stanton) Irish, the former born in Canada in 1801, and the latter on March 8, 1807, in New York State.

Peter Irish was the son of John Irish, who came from Vermont in 1773, with his father, Peter Irish, and family, during the Revolutionary War, as they were Quakers, one of the brothers having been killed because he would take no part in the war. Jesse Irish, grandfather of John Irish, had come from Wales; he came with the first settlers with William Penn to Pennsylvania. Esther Stanton mother of Dr. Irish, was the daughter of Eldridge and Mary (Cory) Stanton, the former of whom was killed at Black Rock during the war of 1812.

Peter Irish, who was a doctor of medicine in his day, settled in the county of Northumberland, but died at Rich Hill, Missouri, June 19, 1886; his wife passed away in September, 1863. Ten children, one of whom died in infancy, were born to Mr. and Mrs. Irish, the others being: Mary, deceased, who was the wife of Joseph Scott, M.D., L.D.S.; Esther, wife of E. A. Doolittle, of Haldimand, Ont.; Stanton and Annie, twins, of whom the first named resides at Rose Island, Ont., while the latter is the widow of Coleburn Stickle, residing at Coffeyville, Kansas; Sarah, who was the wife of C. S. Becker, of Brighton, Ont.; Caroline, wife of A. W. Stickle, of Kansas City, Missouri; Thomas, a re-

tired lawyer and publisher, formerly of Rich Hill, Missouri, now a prominent citizen of Kansas City, Missouri; William C., who died in one of the States some time ago; and Dr. Irish.

Between the ages of seven and fifteen Dr. J. R. Irish by an occasional ringing noise in either of his ears, was able to know for some weeks previous, the exact location that the death of any friend would take place, and has always been shown in dreams many things that would take place in all future time up to forty years ahead. But he now enquires of God in Christ by His Spirit continually.

Dr. J. R. Irish was educated in the district and grammar schools of the County of Northumberland, and after attaining his majority managed his father's farm and business for about two years. In 1866 he came to Toronto and took up the study of dentistry, opening his first office in the town of Whitby in 1868, practicing at that place only a part of a year. He then removed to Trenton, Ont., at which place he remained for a period of twenty-seven years, but at the same time doing business in surrounding villages certain days of weeks and months, and at the end of that time went to Chicago, remaining there over five years, in the practice of dentistry, and in investigating religious questions. On removing to Toronto, not becoming suitably located, he removed to the town of Galt for five months, and was at the St. Louis World's Fair, and in East St. Louis five months, on his return spending some time in Zion City and visiting the Pacific coast. He practiced dentistry in Chicago again for nearly a year, then returning again to Toronto, his present home. Dr. Irish has been prominent in religious work in this city; he has always used his own money for his gratuitous publications. Although a member of the Methodist Church, he takes a great deal of interest in the prosperity of all Protestant Christian churches, giving his tithe to some church or churches as the Lord has directed. Dr. Irish is a regular contributor to religious publications, receiving all the matter from God in Christ by His Spirit. For a number of weeks in the year 1906 he advertised in most of the daily papers that God in Christ by His Spirit would answer for any persons any suitable questions forwarded to him. He is the inventor of Dr. Irish's Musical Notation, which is not now in use, though it should soon entirely do away with the present system of Musical Notation. It is written on a succession of three lines, and can be learned by a child in five minutes. He as well invented a one-hand drilling and boring brace which also should be universally used.

On Feb. 3, 1864, Dr. Irish was married to

Miss Malissa Markle, of the village of Colborne, Ont., born July 1, 1843, daughter of John Markle, and to this union there were born four children: Gerty is single and resides with her father and mother and two brothers; Dr. Thomas S., a dentist of Kansas City, is married; and George L. and Charles S., who are unmarried, compose a firm of importers and wholesale picture merchants of Toronto.

THEODORE G. BROUGH, late general manager of the Dominion Bank, who passed away in England, May 2, 1906, was born in Toronto, in 1855, in which city his father, Secker Brough, settled in the early forties.

Secker Brough was born in County Carlow, Ireland, in 1813, son of Redmond Brough, who died in the Emerald Isle. In his native land Secker Brough grew to manhood, and he and his brother, the late Archdeacon Charles Brough of the Diocese of Huron, were the founders of the family in Canada. Archdeacon Brough settled in London, Ont., where he died, while Secker Brough located in Toronto, reading law in that city with the well-known firm of Hagerman & Draper, and on being called to the Bar formed a partnership with Mr. Draper, under the firm name of Draper & Brough. This continued until 1866, when Mr. Brough was appointed to the Bench of Huron County, which duties he ably filled until 1871, when he retired from active work. He died in Goderich in 1879, and was buried in Toronto. He married Mary A. Bown, born April 20, 1819, in Hampshire, England, who died in Goderich in 1898, and was also buried in Toronto. Their children were: Redmond John, deceased; Charles Allan, barrister; Augusta; Richard Secker, deceased; Theodore G.; Maude, the wife of D. MacDonal, barrister and registrar of High Court, Goderich; Secker, deceased; and Walter C., an engineer of the Public Works Department, Ontario Government.

Theodore G. Brough was educated in the schools of Toronto, and when sixteen years of age began the battle of life for himself with Hauter & Robb, tea brokers of New York, with whom he continued two or three years. He then returned to Toronto, entering the Dominion Bank. It was through Mr. Brough's suggestion that the market branch of the Dominion Bank was established. On its completion he was made manager, from which position he went to the head office as assistant manager, and so highly was his business ability appreciated, that he was made manager of the head office, and soon thereafter general manager of the Dominion Bank, an incumbency which he was filling at the time of his death. That sad event removed

from Toronto one of that city's most prominent and able financiers and business men, as well as a highly esteemed citizen.

Mr. Brough was married to Mary C. Hawke, daughter of the late George Hawke, whose sketch appears elsewhere. To this union were born five daughters: Viletta, deceased; Alice Evelyn; Frances Widmer; Helen Stanley; and Nora Cicely Huson. Mr. Brough was a member of St. James' Cathedral, which Mrs. Brough and her daughters attend.

ROBERT HUNTER, who passed away in Toronto in 1877, was the senior member of the large publishing house of Hunter, Rose & Co., and a well-known business man of the city. He was born in England in 1838, of Scotch parentage.

When only a boy Mr. Hunter lost his father and consequently had more than the usual obstacles to contend with in making his way in the world. He received his education in England and remained in that country until some time in the fifties, when he came to Canada and obtained a position in Toronto as bookkeeper in a publishing house. Not long after he entered upon the association with George McLean Rose which was destined to continue throughout his life. Mr. Rose was manager for the Quebec office of Mr. Samuel Thompson, who had the government contract for the printing for the legislative council and assembly and was therefore obliged to open the branch office when the government moved to Quebec. About 1860 Mr. Thompson reorganized his business, and formed a company with Mr. Rose and Mr. Hunter, the former as practical head and the latter as experienced accountant. A year later Mr. Thompson retired, and the firm became Hunter, Rose & Company.

The new firm completed the five-year government contract, and secured its renewal for a longer term. When in 1865 the government moved to Ottawa, the printing office of course followed it, and the firm was located there for three years. But in 1868 Hon. John S. Macdonald arranged with the publishing house to open an office in Toronto also, to print local legislative matter, so that Mr. Hunter went to Toronto to take charge of the new office. In 1871, as the government contract was fulfilled, Mr. Rose joined Mr. Hunter and the entire business of the firm was consolidated in Toronto. From this time their growth was increasing rapidly, and they were soon the largest publishing house in Canada. Mr. Hunter devoted his energies entirely to the business until the time of his death, and his ability and wisely directed

efforts contributed in no small degree to the success attained by the firm.

While in Quebec Mr. Hunter was married to Miss Catherine J. Sineaton, a native of Scotland and of Scotch ancestry. Her parents were Henry and Jessie (Hayburn) Sineaton, who came to Canada in 1844, and settled first in Montreal. Mr. Sineaton held a government position there, but later was transferred to Quebec and there died in July, 1862, aged forty-nine. Mrs. Jessie Sineaton died, leaving the daughter Catherine J., and four sons, Robert, Henry, Douglas and Thomas, and her husband afterward married again. Mrs. Hunter is the only survivor of the family. She became the mother of a daughter, Hannah, and a son Henry S., the latter a resident of Toronto. The former married Mr. J. B. Miller and had two children. A son is living, Henry H. Miller, of Toronto, but the mother and her other child were drowned. The late Robert Hunter was a man standing high among Toronto's citizens and bore an admirable reputation among his fellows. Fraternally he was a Mason and in religious belief a member of the Church of England.

JAMES JACKSON, who passed from this world in February, 1902, at Oakville, Ont., was a prominent business man of Canada, holding the responsible position of general manager for the Dominion Cotton Mills. He was of English parentage, born in Cheshire, England, in 1847.

John Jackson, father of James, was manager of the first cotton mill at Bombay, India. After coming to Canada he settled in Montreal, where he lived retired until his death. His widow, Mrs. Amelia (Green) Jackson, subsequently moved to the United States and there died.

James Jackson was the eldest of the five children in the family and was educated in England. In 1864, at the age of seventeen, he went to New York City, but soon turned northward to Canada and was engaged by the Dominion Cotton Mills. He began at the bottom of the ladder, but he proved so trustworthy and so devoted to the interests of the company that he was promoted step by step till he became general manager of the entire business, which included a large number of mills and employed many hands. Mr. Jackson's headquarters were at Montreal, and he made his home there till he retired from business in 1897. With his wife and children he then spent two years in England, and then, on his return, settled down at Oakville, where his death occurred three years later.

Mr. Jackson is survived by his widow, who was Miss Sarah Elizabeth Walsh. Three children blessed their union, Ethel, Mary E. and James, and the family now reside in Toronto. They are connected with the Anglican Church, communicants of Christ Church Cathedral, to which the late Mr. Jackson also belonged. He was fraternally a Mason, while in political sentiment he adhered to the Conservatives. During his long business career Mr. Jackson earned a most enviable reputation for both ability and absolute integrity and his memory stands as an example of all that is best in the financial world.

Mrs. Jackson was a daughter of James and Mary H. Walsh, both natives of England. Mr. Walsh came to Canada in 1876, and became overseer of the Montreal Cotton Mills, located at Valleyfield, and about 1882 his family followed him to this country; and thereafter, in connection with his brothers, Robert, Thomas and William G., he carried on a milling business of his own in Chambly. Later he moved to Dundas, Ont., and there died.

DANIEL STONE, who conducts an undertaking business at No. 385 Yonge street, Toronto, is a prominent and influential citizen of that city. He was born April 1, 1865, on Agnes street, Toronto, son of Henry and Susannah (Reid) Stone.

Daniel and Mary Stone, grandparents of Daniel, located in Toronto in 1832, and engaged in a grocery business, Mr. Stone being also a local minister and prominent in church work. Their only child, Henry, who was born in Queens County, Ireland, in 1831, succeeded to the father's business, and also engaged in the manufacture of soap. He was later employed in a wholesale business with Robert Wilkes. In 1869 Mr. Stone engaged in the undertaking business on Yonge street, which he continued until his death, Aug. 20, 1890, his wife having passed away in 1880. Both were consistent members of the Methodist Church. In political matters Mr. Stone was a staunch Conservative, but never aspired to public office. Ten children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Stone, namely: William H., an undertaker of Toronto; Maria, the wife of Joseph J. Follett, a merchant tailor of Toronto; Margaret, who married R. H. Smith, a business man of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; Mary L., wife of W. H. Ingraham, interested in the oil business in Philadelphia; Thomas J., a railroad official of San Francisco, California; Sarah E., wife of John Bickel, an insurance man of New York City; Maud E., who is single at the home; Frank, who died

when thirteen years old; John E., a business man of Toronto; and Daniel.

Daniel Stone was reared in Toronto and here received a collegiate school education. In 1884 he went to Chicago and there engaged in the undertaking business for three years, at the end of which time he returned to Toronto, becoming his father's successor, the latter being in poor health at that time. In public matters Mr. Stone is an active and enterprising citizen, one who is ever ready to further movements for public improvements and civic development.

In 1891 Mr. Stone married Miss Helen L. Boettger, born in Buffalo, New York, daughter of Rev. Adolph Boettger, minister of the Lutheran Church, and a native of Saxony. Two children were born to this union: Helen M., who died when three years old, and Daniel R., born in 1893, still in school.

Mr. and Mrs. Stone are members of the Methodist Church. Mr. Stone is a Conservative in his political views. Fraternally he is connected with the Masonic Order of Toronto; the I.O.O.F. No. 49; the Orangemen; the Foresters; the Woodmen of the World; and the Knights of Pythias.

WALKER MORLEY, one of the old and honored residents of the city of Toronto, and the oldest brick manufacturer of the city, is a member of the early-settled family of the name. He was born Dec. 16, 1833, in Yorkshire, England.

The Morleys have been brickmakers for four generations at least, and possibly longer. The family was founded in Canada by John Morley, the father of Walker, who was born in Lancashire, England, in 1809. In 1834 he came to Canada, and settled in Yorkville, now a part of Toronto, where he engaged in the manufacture of brick in company with Thomas Branton. Brick was then made by hand, and Mr. Morley and his partner with a helper were able to turn out 4,000 brick per day by the old process. In due time his son, Walker Morley, became old enough to take up the business, entering therein in connection with his father, who later gradually drew out of the active operations, leaving the bulk of the business to his son, who became sole owner in 1856, since which time he has ably conducted it.

Walker Morley was but a child of six months when the family came to Canada. In Yorkville he grew to manhood, and there received his education, after which he began his business career. To-day Mr. Morley is the oldest manufacturer of brick in the Queen City. The average output of the plant has increased from the original 4,000 per day to 30,000 daily, there

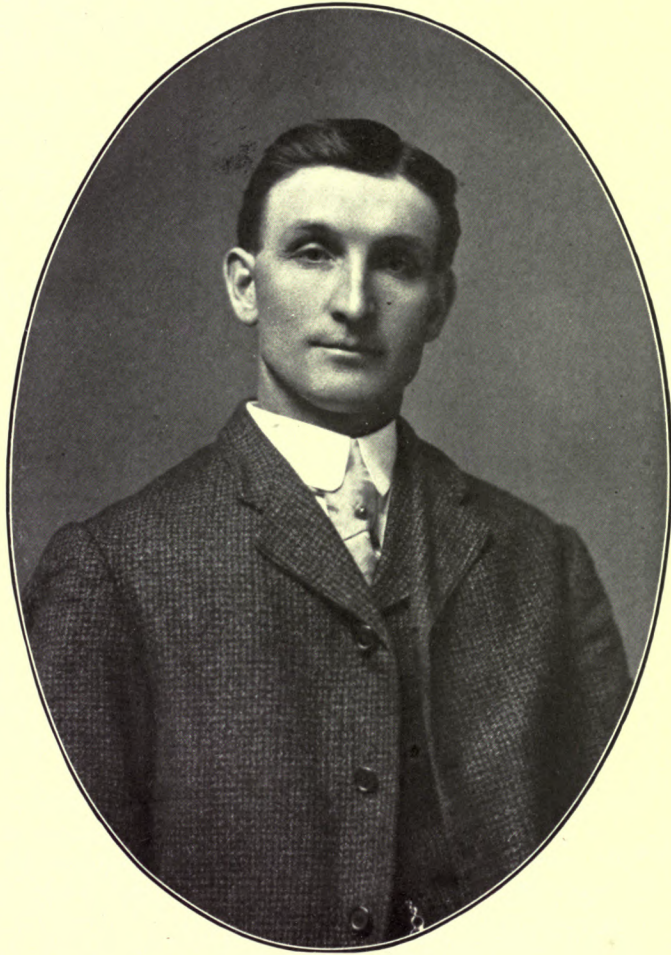
being about forty men employed in conducting the business. Mr. Morley and his family are members of the Church of England. In political matters he is independent.

On Dec. 8, 1853, Walker Morley was united in marriage to Harriet Anna Jane Warffe, and to this union there were born the following children: Walter, in business with his father, married Amelia Lane; George, of the firm of Morley & Ashbridge, brickmakers, married Sarah Speede, mentioned elsewhere; William, married Nellie Arnold; Alfred, Harry and Robert, in business with their father (as is also William); and Miss Ada.

ALBERT H. WAGSTAFF, a representative young business man of the Queen City, who has for some years been engaged in brickmaking, was born in Toronto Sept. 10, 1870, son of David and Matilda (Sear) Wagstaff, and grandson of Robert Wagstaff, who came to Canada with the British forces during the war of 1812-1814.

Albert H. Wagstaff received his literary training in the schools of his native city, and when but a boy began the brickmaking business, which he learned with his father. He has continued at this occupation all of his life, and has mastered every detail of the business. In 1905 he decided to engage in brickmaking on his own account, and subsequently began the erection of his present extensive plant on Greenwood avenue, adjoining the Grand Trunk Railway tracks. Here he has ten acres of red brick clay, seventy-five feet deep. His modern plant is equipped with the latest and best machinery, among which may be mentioned artificial dryers and down draft kilns, which enable the work to continue the year round. Mr. Wagstaff employs about thirty men, and his business is constantly increasing. In his executive ability he has given evidence of a remarkable mentality, few men being able to so thoroughly understand the mechanical part of the work, and at the same time successfully conduct the financial part of the business.

Mr. Wagstaff has been twice married. On Nov. 18, 1892, he wedded Miss Frances N. Buckland, born in England, daughter of Cable Buckland. She died in February, 1901, aged thirty-three years. Three children were born of this marriage, namely: David Henry, Vera W., and one that died in infancy. On June 4, 1902, in Muskoka, Mr. Wagstaff married Miss Margaret Diemal, born in Monek, Muskoka District, Aug. 9, 1881, daughter of George and Caroline (Weismiller) Diemal. In their religious views Mr. and Mrs. Wagstaff are both Methodists. His political support is given the



A. H. Hagstaff

Conservative party. In every walk of life Mr. Wagstaff has proved himself worthy of the high esteem in which he is held.

JOHN ALEXANDER STRATHY was well known in his long connection with the banking business in Barrie, Ont., where he died Feb. 18, 1896. He was born in Toronto in 1847, son of John and Susan (Gowan) Strathy, and grandson of John Strathy, Sr.

John Strathy, the father of John A., was a well-known barrister and solicitor of Barrie and Toronto for many years. He died in the latter city in 1879, while his wife passed away in 1894.

John Alexander Strathy was taken by his parents to Barrie when but a child, and there grew to manhood, receiving his education in the grammar school. He then fitted himself for the banking business, and entering the Bank of Toronto, at Barrie, was manager of same for about twenty years prior to his death.

In 1881 Mr. Strathy married Miss Agnes S. Grasett, who was born in Toronto, daughter of the late Dean Grasett, who for forty-seven years was dean of Toronto and rector of St. James' Cathedral. John Alexander and Agnes S. (Grasett) Strathy had the following children: John H., born in Barrie, received his primary education there, and after taking a course at Upper Canada College engaged in the real estate business with A. G. Strathy, in Toronto; Dr. George Stewart, a graduate of the University of Toronto Medical School, is now resident physician at the General Hospital; Annie Helen, Muriel Agnes and Dorothy Winifred are all in Toronto; Elliott is in the School of Practical Science.

Mr. Strathy was a member of the Masonic order, and in politics was a Conservative. In religious matters he was connected with the Church of England, to which his widow and children also belong.

WARREN BURTON, whose death occurred at Hamilton, Ont., in 1902, was one of the well-known barristers of the Province. His birth took place at Hamilton, in 1857, and his parents were Sir George and Lady Elizabeth Burton, the former born in England and the latter in Jamaica. On coming to Canada, Sir George Burton located at Hamilton, where he was a barrister for many years, and later became Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals, filling that office until the close of his active life. His lamented death occurred at Toronto in 1901, Lady Burton surviving until 1904.

The late Warren Burton was educated at Hellmuth College, London, Ont., and after com-

pleting his literary course read law at Toronto, in which city he was called to the Bar. He settled in Hamilton, where he engaged in practice until his death, as a member of the firm of Bruce, Burton & Bruce. Mr. Burton took an active part in municipal matters in Hamilton, being in every sense a man of good citizenship and high personal integrity. For some time he served as a member of the board of education. He was president of St. George's Society, a member of the Church of England, and in political sentiment a Reformer.

Mr. Burton married Miss Mary Atkinson, who was born in Ireland, daughter of Isaac and Ellen (Smyth) Atkinson, who came to Canada in 1863. Three children were born to this union.

WILLIAM ROWNTREE, the well known merchant and postmaster at Davenport, who is a resident of Toronto Junction, is a member of a family long identified with County York. The family, which is of English extraction, was founded in Canada in 1834 by John Rowntree, who in that year settled in Toronto. He was for many years an extensive farmer and stock dealer in County York, but subsequently returned to England, where he died when nearly eighty years old. His children were: Joseph, deceased, who was a miller by trade; David, father of William; Mrs. Henry Foster, of Weston; Mary and Elizabeth, deceased; George, deceased, was a farmer; and John, also deceased.

David Rowntree, son of John, was born at Cumberland, England, in 1822, and was still a youth when the family came to Canada. On reaching his majority he engaged in farming, stock raising and butchering in County York, continuing at that business for many years, but at the time of his death, in 1904, was living retired. David Rowntree was twice married, his first wife being Miss Sarah Lee, born in England in 1822, who died in County York, leaving this family: John, of Toronto Junction; George, deceased; David, of Weston; Emma, Mrs. James Gilbert; Sarah; William; Charles, of Toronto; Frederick, of Weston; James, of Toronto; Joseph, of Toronto; and Robert, deceased. Mr. Rowntree's second wife was Miss Sarah M. Torsiter, and to this union there were born: Jane, who became Mrs. Albert Lankin; Lizzie, who married Samuel Irwin; Jeremiah and Benjamin, deceased; Mary, who married John Watt; Joshua, a farmer; Elijah and Elisha, twins, of Toronto Junction; and Annie, of Toronto Junction.

William Rowntree was born May 25, 1853, on the old homestead on the Weston road, and there received his education. He began his business life as a farmer in York township,

County York, but in 1887 embarked in the grocery and meat business, in which he has since continued, being now the head of the well-known firm of William Rowntree & Co., butchers and grocers, No. 37 Dundas street, and Nos. 317-319 Davenport road, Toronto Junction, the other members of the firm being William, Joseph H. and Henry Rowntree. In 1888 Mr. Rowntree was appointed postmaster of Davenport postoffice, a position which he has held to the present time. In his political belief he is a Conservative, while his fraternal connection is with the Orangemen. He and his family attend the Methodist Church.

In March 1874, Mr. Rowntree was united in marriage with Miss Harriet Farr, daughter of William Farr, a native of England, who founded the Farr family in Canada in 1857. William Farr and his wife, who bore the maiden name of Sarah Harris, had these children: Lizzie (widow of a Mr. Bettrick), Samuel, John and Joseph, and Mrs. Rowntree. To Mr. and Mrs. William Rowntree there were born children as follows: Sarah; Henry, in business in Toronto Junction, married Lillian Beamish; Hattie; Annie; Charles, who is in business at Toronto Junction; Emma; Ethel; William, deceased; Percival, and Iva. Mr. Rowntree has become widely known in business circles of this section, and in his official capacity has become well acquainted with the residents of Toronto Junction. He bears a well-earned reputation for honesty and integrity, and is considered one of Ontario's good, substantial business men.

CHARLES THEODORE HEINTZMAN. The late Charles Theodore Heintzman, the well known piano manufacturer of Canada, who passed away at his home in Toronto Junction, in 1897, was one of the leading business men, not only of Toronto Junction, but of Ontario. A native of Toronto, he was a member of a family long identified with the business interests of that city and the Junction, and a son of Theodore August Heintzman, who is mentioned fully elsewhere.

Mr. Heintzman was born in Toronto March 7, 1864, and in his native city received his literary training, while his business education was under the direction of his illustrious father. On reaching his majority he became connected with Heintzman & Company, and remained therewith until his death. He was the first of the family to settle in Toronto Junction, which place became his home in 1889, and from the time of the building of the factory at the Junction until failing health compelled his retirement from active business life, he was manager of the manu-

facturing plant. Like his father, he was much loved and esteemed by all employes, and his death removed from Toronto Junction one of the most highly respected citizens and enterprising business men of the community. Compelled to lay aside business duties and travel for his health, he spent a winter in Bermuda, a summer at Muskoka and some time in San Diego and Redlands, California. His physical condition seemed beyond recovery to health, and in 1897 he returned to his home in Toronto Junction, where his death took place in 1897.

In 1889 Mr. Heintzman married Miss Mary J. Densmore. She was born in 1866 in Toronto, daughter of the late John and Margaret (McAvoy) Densmore. John Densmore was born in Ireland in 1823, and when a young man settled in Toronto. In his native country he had learned the foundry business, which he followed after settling in Toronto, and here he died in 1868, his widow surviving him until 1891, when she passed away at the age of sixty-five years. Their children were: Annie, the wife of Walter Hinchliff; John; Catherine, now Mrs. Pauling; James, who died at the age of ten years; and Mary J., Mrs. Heintzman. Mr. and Mrs. Heintzman were the parents of four children: Herbert Charles, who died at the age of nine months; Herbert A.; Francis Carl; and Theodore August, deceased. Mr. Heintzman was a member of the Grace Lutheran Church, while his wife is of the Roman Catholic faith. He was a Conservative in politics, and his only fraternal connection was with the Royal Arcanum.

JOHN ROBINSON, chief of the Fire Department of Toronto Junction, Ont., has been a fire fighter for many years. His birth occurred in 1855, and he was a son of Alexander Robinson, the founder of the family in Canada.

Alexander Robinson was born in Enniskillen, Ireland, and there married Mary Armstrong, also a native of the Emerald Isle. About 1842 they emigrated to Canada, and settled in Albion township, County Peel, and from there moved to Streetsville, and subsequently to Brampton, in which place he died. He was a Conservative in politics, and he and his wife were members of the Methodist Church. Their family consisted of the following members: Elizabeth, who was born in Ireland, married John Roff; James is a business man at Weston, Ont.; William is deceased; John; Miss Mary Jane; and Margaret is the wife of F. R. Smith.

John Robinson secured his education at Streetsville, and after leaving school learned the cabinetmaker's trade. Subsequently he learned the carpenter and builder's trade, and followed the latter for about eight years, and

at the end of that time was made chief of the fire department of Streetsville. There he remained for about twelve years, at which time Streetsville became incorporated into the city of Toronto. Chief Robinson continued his relations with the department in Toronto until 1891, when he became chief of Toronto Junction, and there he has continued to the present time.

Mr. Robinson married Miss Fannie Linton, who was born in Etobicoke township, daughter of Wilson and Mary (Eberly) Linton, and to this union were born children as follows: William, deceased; James Alexander, a jeweler of Toronto Junction; Mary Elizabeth; and Harvey. Chief Robinson and his wife are members of the Presbyterian Church. In politics he is a Reformer, and fraternally is connected with the I. O. O. F. and the Masons.

JOHN LARKIN COOK, one of Canada's extensive and widely-known lumbermen, passed away at his late residence, on King street west, Toronto, Jan. 14, 1899. He came of a family long identified with the Dominion, the firm of Cook Brothers being well known in this country and in England.

John Cook, the father of John L., was born in England, and on settling in Canada became an extensive owner of mills near Morrisburg, where he settled nearly a century ago. He married a Miss Castleman, of United Empire Loyalist stock, and their home was known as "Edge Hill."

John Larkin Cook was born at "Edge Hill" in 1823, and there he grew to manhood. On reaching his majority he engaged in the lumber business, with which he was identified to the time of his death. In company with his brothers, William and George, he founded the firm of Cook Brothers, which for many years was extensively engaged in manufacturing and shipping square timber to home and foreign points, and which was one of the largest industries of its kind in the country. In 1870 Mr. Cook became a resident of Toronto, and for many years thereafter remained a member of the firm, until failing health caused his retirement from active work, although he retained an interest in the industry. After his death his widow sold out and built her beautiful and spacious residence at No. 76 Evelyn Crescent, Toronto Junction, known as "Hylinda," from the fact that it is situated on an elevation 300 feet above Lake Ontario. Nature has done very much for the locality in the large growth of pine trees, and a most delightful atmosphere, and Mrs. Cook has added to the attractiveness of the spot by improvements in the way of lawns and flowers.

Mrs. Cook, like her late husband, is a member of

a family long identified with Canada. More than a century ago, James White and his brother, the late Rev. Peter White, emigrated from England and settled in County Simcoe, where they each took up a large tract of land. Here the Rev. Peter White built the first church in County Simcoe, a log structure, which has since been supplanted by a handsome brick edifice. This primitive church was built at the personal expense of the Rev. Mr. White and here he held service each Sabbath, his work being purely a labor of love for his fellow men and for the advancement of Christ's kingdom on earth. This pioneer of the Wesleyan Methodist faith passed away in County Simcoe aged more than ninety years, and left one son, Charles White, who now resides in Barrie.

James White, brother of Rev. Peter White, and the father of Mrs. Cook, was born in England in 1791, and on settling in County Simcoe took up a large tract of land and here resided until his death in 1866. He married Parmelia Draper, a native of Boston, Massachusetts, daughter of Joel Draper, the founder of the family in Canada. To this marriage were born: William, James, Mrs. Hart, Mrs. Gardiner, Mrs. Osburn, Mrs. Bristol, Mrs. H. H. Cook (of Toronto), and Lucy (the widow of John L. Cook).

To John Larkin and Lucy (White) Cook there were born two daughters: Florence M., the wife of S. J. McCoy, F.R.C.S., of St. Catharines, Ont.; and Mary H., the wife of W. H. Cooper, of Toronto. Mr. Cook was a Lutheran in his religious belief, although he attended the Anglican Church, as there was no Lutheran Church in his section; his widow is a member of the Anglican Church. In politics he was a Reformer.

MURRAY McCHEYNE FENWICK, B.A. In the death of Murray McCheyne Fenwick in Toronto, Nov. 30, 1905, there passed away one whose life had been almost wholly devoted to the cause of education, and whose years of successful teaching had offered continual opportunities for exerting a vital influence for good over the young people entrusted to his charge. Mr. Fenwick was a native of County York, born in Markham township, May 13, 1854.

The first of the family to settle in Canada was the grandfather of Murray McC., who came from Scotland nearly a century ago and settled in Markham township, where he died. His son, Archibald, was born there in 1814, and spent his life in the same locality, engaging in farming. His death occurred in 1868. He married Miss Barbara Lathom, and they had a large family, namely: James, Helen, George, Benja-

min, Jane, Murray McC., Andrew, Mary, Catherine, Malcolm and William.

Murray McC. Fenwick was first sent to the public schools of Markham township, and there continued his studies in the high school. On completing that course he went to the University of Toronto, and in 1878 was graduated therefrom with the degree of B.A. For some time he had cherished an intention of making teaching his profession, and after graduation he began his work in Rockwood Academy, where he remained two years. Following that he taught in Welland, Ingersoll and Fergus, staying two years in the last place. From Fergus Mr. Fenwick went to Niagara Falls, as head of the high school, next to Athens for a year, and then accepted the position of head master of the Bowmanville Collegiate Institute where he taught nine years. He was also connected with the Collegiate Institute at Ottawa for a short time. Mr. Fenwick possessed many of the qualities of the ideal teacher, and was highly successful in his work.

In 1896 Mr. Fenwick decided to abandon the field of teaching and embark in a publishing business. He located in Toronto and did general publishing work at first, while later he published "The Moon" for a time. He gave this up after some years, however, and turned his attention toward politics with such success that had it not been for his untimely death he would undoubtedly have received an appointment to a position connected with the educational interests of the Province. His adherence was always given to the man whom he thought best fitted for the office, regardless of party lines. In religious faith he was a Presbyterian, and socially he belonged to the A.O.U.W. and the Sons of Scotland.

Mr. Fenwick was survived by his widow, who was Miss Margaret Coulson, born in Georgetown, Ont. They were married Feb. 10, 1880, and a family of four were born to them as follows: Ernest McL., a bookkeeper in Toronto, who married Miss Drusilla McClelland and had two sons, James Murray (deceased) and Donald McIntosh; Leonard S.; Arthur M.; and Gordon Gardo.

The parents of Mrs. Fenwick were Robert and Ann (Scott) Coulson, natives of England, born in 1813 and 1822, respectively. They came to Canada in 1852 and settled shortly after in Georgetown, Ont. Mr. Coulson was a civil engineer and came to Canada as a representative of George Stephenson, under whom he worked, to construct the Chaudiere Bridge over the Chaudiere river. He intended to return to England after this work was completed, but was induced to remain by the Grand Trunk Railway

Company and build their bridges between Quebec and Sarnia. He employed 300 men steadily, and brought many hundreds of men from England, besides, to work for him. Among the bridges he built were: that over the Credit river; the Chaudiere, over the Chaudiere river; and the Welland, over the Welland river. Mr. Coulson was the inventor of a travelling crane for swinging bridges, and many leading engineers came to see and inspect it. He was renowned as a genius in his work, and received many valuable presents for his skill. Some of his drawings are now used in the School of Science in Toronto.

Mr. Coulson died in Guelph in April, 1892, and his wife passed away Dec. 22, 1903. They were Presbyterians in religious belief. Their children were: Annie, Mrs. James Clark; Eleanor, Mrs. Alexander McMillan; Sarah, Mrs. Charles M. Adams; Mrs. Fenwick; Mrs. Newton; George; and Miss Lillie.

REV. JOHN AMBERG, M.A., for many years Dean of Trinity College, and professor of Ancient Classics therein, was the second incumbent of the deanship.

Rev. John Amberg was born in Manchester, England, and was educated in that country, attending first the grammar school in his native town, and then Brasenose College, Oxford, where he was given his degree of M.A. For some years after graduation Mr. Amberg remained with his Alma Mater as tutor, afterwards coming to Canada, and soon thereafter becoming Professor of Ancient Classics at Trinity, succeeding the late Rev. E. S. Parry. In establishing Trinity College its founder, Bishop Strachan, started with the idea that its professors must all be unmarried men. Consequently when Mr. Amberg was about to enter upon the matrimonial state he resigned the position he held, and which he had filled most efficiently. In fact, so satisfactory had been his work, and so hard was it to find any one competent to take his place, that after a brief interval Bishop Strachan decided to lift the ban against him as a married man, and Mr. Amberg resumed the duties of his position. He became dean of the college, and his connection with the institution continued until 1875, when his health began to fail. He journeyed to England, hoping that the rest and change would recuperate him, but it was too late, and he died there before the year ended. Rev. Mr. Amberg belonged to the English Church, in which he took orders. In his political faith he was a Conservative, and in fraternal connection a Mason. Naturally a teacher, his services as such in Trinity, and his value to that institution cannot be rated too highly.

Mr. Amberg is survived by his widow, Mrs. Henrietta F. (Foster) Amberg. She was a daughter of the late Col. C. L. L. Foster, and was born in Kingston, Ont. She bore her husband four children, namely: Ellen Maria, who married Dr. H. Gilbert, and died leaving one daughter, V. Winnifred; Charles C., of Walkerville, who is married, and has children; Edward Foster, of British Columbia, who married Miss Mary Moore; and John M., who married Miss Gussie Mason, and has one son, George Edward Foster.

Col. Foster, father of Mrs. Amberg, was for many years adjutant-general of the British forces in Canada, and held that responsible position during the rebellion of 1837-38. He was born in Ireland, and came to Ontario as an officer in the army, and spent the rest of his life there, dying in Kingston. Twice married, his first wife was Miss Kirkpatrick, by whom he had three children, all now deceased, Colin, Elizabeth and Julia. For his second wife he married Miss Ellen Humphreys, and to this union came three children, namely: Ellen M. A., who married the late T. K. Morgan; Edward C. C., captain of the 12th regiment, now deceased; and Mrs. Amberg. After the death of Col. Foster, his widow married Judge Harrison, and both are now deceased.

GEORGE McLEAN ROSE, of Toronto, who passed to his reward Feb. 11, 1898, was for many years a member of the well known firm of printers, Hunter, Rose & Company. He was born March 14, 1829, in the Royal burgh of Wick, Caithness-shire, Scotland, and grew up in that environment, enjoying only such advantages of education as fell to the lot of most Scotch boys of that time and place.

Mr. Rose served his apprenticeship as a printer in the office of the celebrated John O'Groat *Journal*, and a greater contrast can scarcely be imagined than that between these surroundings and the luxurious offices which housed the firm of Hunter, Rose & Co., during Mr. Rose's later years. In 1850 he accepted a position with the *Northern Ensign*, owned by a leading political and temperance writer of North Britain. Only about a year later Donald Rose, father of George M., decided to emigrate to Canada, and it was with great reluctance that the son made up his mind to accompany the family. They took the "Empress" of Banff for Quebec, and on landing there proceeded at once to Montreal, where Mr. Rose's brother, Henry, had resided since 1848.

Just at that time employment was not easily obtained, but after looking around for a couple of weeks, Mr. George Rose found a position in

the office of John C. Becket, of the Montreal *Witness*. The Bank of Montreal was at that period preparing to issue its first notes, and Mr. Rose left the *Witness* at the end of several months and engaged with George Matthew to engrave, number and prepare for signature the bank notes. This work proved so uncongenial that Mr. Rose gave it up and returned to Mr. Becket. About his time, 1853, Mr. Donald Rose died, leaving upon his oldest son, George M., the responsibility of the family, which consisted of his widowed mother, two brothers and two sisters, and it was shortly after this event that Mr. Rose started in business on his own account. Until 1856 he was in partnership with Mr. Henry Rose, under the firm name of H. & G. M. Rose, book and job printers, but in that year they dissolved their connection, and George M. left Montreal to try the country further west. Settling in Merriekville, he assisted John Meier to found the Merriekville *Chronicle*, but he desired to find a still better location and soon removed to London, Ont., and there took charge of William H. Newcomb's printing office.

Mr. Rose did not remain long with Mr. Newcomb, but accepted a place with Mr. Hamilton Hunter, the firm being Hunter & Son. Mr. Hunter was preparing to publish an "Atlas," but the hard times of 1857 discouraged Mr. Hunter in the project, and Mr. Rose sought another position, becoming city editor and reporter for the London *Prototype*. He remained in this office about a year and then went to Toronto, intending to work for the *Colonist*, a newspaper run by George Shepperd and Daniel Morrison. He failed, however, to come to terms with them, and instead became manager of the printing office owned by Samuel Thompson, publishing the Toronto *Atlas* during the period of its existence. Later Mr. Thompson obtained the printing contract from the legislature and council, and consequently established an office in Quebec, to which Mr. Rose was sent as manager in 1859. A year afterward Mr. Thompson found it expedient to make new business arrangements, and both Mr. Rose and Mr. Robert Hunter were made partners in the concern. In 1861 the firm name became Hunter, Rose & Company, and the new firm both completed the five year government contract Mr. Thompson had held, and secured its renewal under their own name for the following term.

In 1865 the government removed to Ottawa, and Hunter, Rose & Co. followed it. Confederation was accomplished, and the firm's business largely increased. In 1868 a branch house was opened in Toronto for government work, under the charge of John S. Macdonald, but it was deemed best for Mr. Hunter to locate in Toron-

to and keep a general oversight of that end of the business. Mr. Rose remained in Ottawa till their contract with the government expired in 1871, and then he, too, removed to Toronto and the business of the firm was consolidated. The scope of their enterprise constantly enlarged, and many Canadian reprints were made of English copyrights, including works of fiction from such noted authors as Wilkie Collins, Charles Reade, Lord Lytton and others.

The long association of Mr. Rose and Mr. Hunter was broken in 1877, by the death of the senior member of the firm. For a year Mr. Rose remained in the sole control and then took a younger brother in with him. Still later his son was also made a member of the firm, but the name remained unchanged in spite of these changes of personnel. Mr. Rose's own death in 1898 has left the business in younger hands entirely, but the reputation and traditions of the house, one of the largest throughout Canada, still remain the same. Mr. Rose's success was the reward of his untiring efforts steadily directed towards his hoped-for good and was well deserved.

Forty-two years of happy wedded life was allotted to Mr. Rose. His wife was Miss Margaret C. J. L. Manson, to whom he was united in 1856. Her parents were William and Janet (Levack) Manson, who were born in the North of Ireland and came to Canada in 1840. They settled first in Montreal, then moved to Oxford County, Ont. Mrs. Manson died in Woodstock, and Mr. Manson in Toronto, but both are buried in Woodstock. To George M. and Margaret Rose nine children were born as follows: Jessie, wife of W. B. Campbell; Don A.; William; Christine, Mrs. William Brewer; George M.; Frederick; Dr. M. C.; Robert Hunter; and Emma M. M. Mr. Rose was a member of the Unitarian Church, and a Reformer in political views. He belonged to the Masonic fraternity.

ALFRED MACDOUGALL, who was at the time of his death one of the oldest legal practitioners in Toronto, came from one of the early settled families of County York, and had himself passed his whole life in that part of the Province. He was born on Yonge street, County York, in 1835, and was a son of David Macdougall.

David Macdougall was the son of the founder of the family in Canada, and was born in Toronto. He engaged in agricultural pursuits and for a number of years lived on a rented place on Yonge street, but later he made his home in St. Mary's, and both he and his wife died in that city. He married Miss Hannah Matthews, and they had five children, all sons, Hon. William (deceased), Joseph, H., Alfred and John.

As a boy Alfred Macdougall studied in the public schools of Toronto, and after his general education was completed he commenced reading law, being duly called to the Bar. Thereafter he was engrossed in the practice of his profession in Toronto, being actively engaged up to the time of his death in 1905. He was well-known in the ranks of his profession, and highly esteemed both as a lawyer and a man. In politics Mr. Macdougall was an adherent of the Reform party.

By his marriage to Miss Mary McCallum, Mr. Macdougall became connected with one of the pioneer families of Ontario. The founder of the family in Canada was the great-grandfather of Mrs. Macdougall. His son Joseph had in turn a son of the same name who became a well-known Methodist divine. The Rev. Joseph W. McCallum, himself a native of Ontario, married Miss Mary McBride, of Ireland, and their children were: Dr. James M., of Toronto; Mary, Mrs. Macdougall; and Mrs. Dr. Ogden, of Toronto. After many years of faithful ministry, Mr. McCallum was placed on the superannuated list and settled down in Toronto, where he died. To the union of Alfred and Mary Macdougall only two children were born: (1) Alfred Joseph Glenholme, is a physician now located at Port Arthur. He received his medical degree from the University of Toronto in 1900, spent a year as house surgeon in the Children's Hospital, and another in the General Hospital, and then accepted an appointment as civil surgeon for the British Government in the Bermudas. At the conclusion of the Boer war he was sent to Cape Town as the attending physician for 1,100 Boers. On his return he settled in his present location. (2) Miss Mary J. is at home.

T. C. ROBINETTE is a native of the County of Peel, having been born near Cooksville in that county to which his great grandfather, Thomas Robinette, came from Pennsylvania about the year 1800, bringing with him six stalwart sons, one of whom, Thomas Robinette, was the grandfather of T. C. Robinette, K.C. The Robinettes are of old Huguenot stock, their ancestors having been driven out from France to Holland, on account of their religion, where they lived a number of years, whence they migrated to Pennsylvania, where they would be unmolested in their strong Protestant religious beliefs. This family is one of the U. E. Loyalist families so numerous in Peel and York counties, and who, loyal to Great Britain in the American Revolution, moved away from the Republic and made new homes in Ontario. Allan Robinette, the great-uncle of Mr. Robinette was present at the Battle of Queenston Heights, with the York Militia, where he was



J. C. Robinson.

wounded. He afterwards became a well-known surveyor and he along with Mr. Thomas Robinette, Sr., surveyed many townships in Peel and York, for which he received large grants of land. George Robinette, another great-uncle of Mr. Robinette went to Ohio, where other members of the family are still living, some of whom distinguished themselves in the army from Ohio in the late war between the North and South. Another branch of the family living in Virginia took part with General Robert E. Lee and fought with the South. Josiah Robinette, the father of Mr. T. C. Robinette, sold the old homestead near Dixie, on Dundas St., after the death of his mother and went to West Middlesex, where he purchased land. His son Thomas going to the public school and afterwards to the High School in Strathroy, where he prepared himself for the University and his father having died when he was ten years of age his mother removed to Toronto in 1880 along with his only sister, Minnie Robinette, who died in 1897, and the family have remained in Toronto ever since. T. C. Robinette graduated in arts, Toronto University in 1884, in law in 1887, being both a gold and silver medalist of Toronto University and the holder of prizes and scholarships. At an early age he became a well-known platform speaker and has been heard in nearly every county in Ontario. In 1887 he was chairman of the large convention held in Toronto, and in 1888 was a joint secretary of the great Dominion Convention held in Montreal. In 1894 he contested Centre Toronto, in a hot campaign against the late E. F. Clark and in 1907 was again nominated to contest this seat for the House of Commons at the next general elections. He is a leading member of the Toronto Reform Association, and is upon the executive of that body. In 1907, he was also elected president of the University Literary and Scientific Society and also made a trustee of Trinity Methodist Church, Toronto, of which he has been a member for some time. He resides at 18 Spadina Rd., Toronto, with his wife and family of two boys, Thomas Lindsey Robinette and John Josiah Robinette. His wife was Edith May Lindsey, of Pickering, Ont., where she went to school and then to Whithy Collegiate Institute, of which she is a graduate. Mr. Robinette's mother is still living with him at his home enjoying good health. Her family also came from the County of Peel, being well-known business men and farmers in that locality. Great grandfathers and grandmothers of both these families lie buried in the English Church at Dixie, in the County of Peel, which is a very old and interesting burying ground. Mr. Robinette is a Mason,

being a member of Zeta Lodge, Toronto, also a member of York Lodge A.O.U.W., of the I.O.F., and of the C.O.F.

JOHN HARE (deceased), a well known educator of Toronto, and for some time a teacher of Chemistry in the School of Sciences of that city, was a native of Ireland, and a son of Thomas Hare. His mother's maiden name was Darling.

The parents of John Hare came to Toronto when he was but a child, and here they engaged in farming, continuing in that occupation for the remainder of their lives. Their children were: James; George; Thomas; William; Robert; John; Mary; Margaret, widow of Maxwell Fairfield, of Toronto; Elizabeth, the widow of James Gray, of Toronto; and Barbara.

John Hare received his education in the schools of Toronto. At the time of his death he was engaged as a teacher in Chemistry at the School of Sciences.

Mr. Hare married Miss Mary Gardner, born in County Fermanagh, Ireland, daughter of William and Eliza (Woods) Gardner, and to this union there were born three children, namely: Thomas Henry, Elizabeth Maude and William Herbert. After the death of Mr. Hare his widow married Robert Slein, who died in 1904, and she still survives and makes her residence in Toronto.

Mr. Hare was a member of the Church of England, which he attended regularly. In his political affiliations he was connected with the Conservative party. He was an Orangeman. Mr. Hare, although cut off in the prime of life, did much to influence the community in which he resided toward the path of education. He was a good, honest citizen, and was the possessor of many warm friends.

JOHN SINCLAIR, JR. (deceased), a member of an old business firm of the Queen City, was born in 1852, in New York City, son of John and Catherine (Campbell) Sinclair, the former a native of Ireland, and the latter of Scotland.

Leaving the old country, John Sinclair, Sr., crossed the ocean to America, and settled in New York City, whence he removed, in 1857, to Toronto, engaging in the mercantile business on Yonge street. He then removed to No. 245 Yonge street, where he carried on his business until his death. He and his wife were the parents of the following children: John; James; Robert; Charles; Edwin; Frank; Minnie, deceased, wife of Robert Daek; and Isabel, now Mrs. Dr. Charles Snellgrove, of Toronto.

John Sinclair, Jr., was educated in Toronto,

and there spent his entire business life. On reaching his majority he engaged in business with his father at No. 245 Yonge street, and on the death of the latter, he gained control of the business and continued to conduct it until his death, Feb. 8, 1892.

On Oct. 6, 1886, Mr. Sinelair married Miss Margaret Reid Bansley, born in Toronto Sept. 26, 1856, daughter of the late Charles and Isabel (Cochran) Bansley. Mr. Bansley was born in Scotland, son of Michael and Helen (Walker) Bansley, the former of whom died in the old country. Mrs. Bansley later came to Toronto, and embarked in business at No. 71 King street. Subsequently, Charles Bansley who when but a lad had left his Scotland home, and settled in Philadelphia, came from that city to Toronto, and entered in the business with his mother, later taking charge of the entire business. During the war between the United States and Mexico, Mr. Bansley entered the service in the commissary department, and at the close of that struggle settled in Canada. He became the leading merchant of his day, being at that time the largest dealer in fancy goods in the Dominion. He was well known in business circles, and was very highly respected and esteemed for his many admirable traits of character. Mrs. Bansley is still living, and resides with her son, Dr. John Bansley. The children of Charles Bansley were: Mrs. Sinelair, widow of our subject; Charles, a well-known fruit grower of Ontario; and Dr. John, of Toronto.

To. Mr. and Mrs. John Sinelair, Jr., were born five children, as follows: Edith, the wife of Arthur Barelay, of Toronto; John Campbell, of Buffalo, New York; Isabel; Charles; and Mildred. Mr. Sinelair was a Presbyterian in religious belief. He was an ardent Reformer in politics, and was fraternally connected with the Masonic order, being a Knight Templar.

BENJAMIN DEAN, now living retired at No. 18 St. Andrew street, Toronto, has been a resident of that city since 1854. The Dean family is of English extraction, the father of Benjamin, Joshua Dean, having been born in Yorkshire, England, May 8, 1783. On June 19, 1810 he there married Betsy Fieldhouse, a native of the same shire, born Oct. 18, 1790, and of their children, Benjamin and Joshua, Jr., came to Canada, the latter locating for a time in Toronto, whence he went to County Durham, and there spent the remainder of his life on a farm. Joshua Dean, Sr., was a weaver in the old country and owned a number of looms.

Benjamin Dean was born June 24, 1834, in Yorkshire, England, and at the age of fourteen

years began to learn the trade of machinist with Mr. George Hattersly, with whom he continued seven years. In 1854 he came to Toronto and soon thereafter engaged as a machinist with the Northern Railway, continuing twenty years in that capacity. From there he went to Woodbridge to engage in work on steam engines, but after serving a short time returned to Toronto, embarking in business on his own account, but since 1874 Mr. Dean has lived retired from active operations.

Mr. Dean has been twice married, his first wife being Mary Battin, born in England in 1840, and she died Nov. 23, 1879, leaving children: Herbert, born in 1860; John, born in 1862; Emma, born in 1865, who married Robert Phillips, of Toronto, and has children—Herbert, Evelyn, Gladys and Vera; Frederick, born in 1868, who married Charlotte Pell, now deceased, and had two children, Reginald (deceased), and Alberta Marion; and Walter S., who died Nov. 23, 1874, in infancy.

Mr. Dean's second marriage was to Miss Mary Cooper, born in Rutland, England, Jan. 1, 1838, daughter of Josiah and Susanna (Wright) Cooper, the former born in 1806, and died in 1847, and the latter born in 1806, and passed away in 1899. Mr. and Mrs. Cooper came to County York in 1841, settling at what is now the corner of Bloor and Dundas streets, this locality then being heavily wooded. Here Mr. Cooper cleared up a farm, continuing thereon until his death. His children were: George, Mrs. Dean, Fanny, Naomi and Elizabeth S.

Mr. Dean is well-known not only in business circles, but in military organizations as well. He was a member of the Tenth Royals, and with them served during the Fenian Raid, for which services he received from the Crown 160 acres of land. He also owns much valuable property in Toronto, where he has lived more than half a century. He and his wife attend the Western Congregational Church. In politics he is a Conservative.

ALFRED WEBB, M.D., one of the leading practising physicians and surgeons of the County of York, was born in King township, County York, Aug. 16, 1865, son of Ira and Mary (Rogers) Webb.

Ira Webb was born in King township in 1818, and his wife was born in Mariposa, Ont., in 1828. Ira Webb was the only son of John Webb, who was born in Pennsylvania in 1765, and he was a son of Isaac Webb, who came to Canada from Pennsylvania, settling at Aurora, where he died. His sons all settled near him.

John Webb, our subject's grandfather, settled in King township on Concession 4, Lot 25, and



Alfred Webb

on this tract both Ira and Alfred Webb were born. John Webb died on the land on which he first settled. His children were: Amanda, who died unmarried at the old homestead; Emily, deceased, who was the wife of John Dodds, of King township; Sarah, deceased, who was the wife of William Lloyd, of Aurora; Elizabeth, deceased, wife of Seneca Doan, of King township; and Ira, who was the only son.

Ira Webb followed farming and lumbering in the vicinity of his home, for the greater part of his life, and in young manhood taught several terms of school. He died on the old homestead in 1867, when our subject was a small boy. His wife died in 1878. Their children were six in number, those besides Alfred being: Joseph, born in 1851, settled on the homestead, where he died in 1879; he married Susan Lloyd, a native of King township, who still survives. Rachel, born in 1853, was educated in the public schools and the Newmarket high school, and then completed her education at a college at Union Springs, New York; she was formerly a teacher in the Toronto schools, and is now an instructor in Wyoming Seminary, Kingston, Pennsylvania. Elias died when a lad of thirteen years. Henry, born in 1858, was educated in the excellent Friends Seminary at Union Springs, New York, and now resides at the old home in King township; he married a Miss Megill, and they have had seven children, Fred, Maud, Hazel, William, Dudley, Ruth and Ross (deceased). John, born in 1861, was educated in the Pickering College, near Toronto, a Quaker institution, and he now resides in Toronto employed as inspector for the Queen City Oil Company; he married Laura Smith, of England, and they have eight children, Mabel, Pearson, Ira, Harry, Laura, Bessie, Ada and Esther.

Dr. Alfred Webb spent his boyhood on the homestead farm. He was fortunate in being born into a family where intelligence was natural and education promoted. In 1883 and 1884 he attended Pickering College, Ontario, and then he returned to the homestead and engaged in farming for some three years. After two years spent in visiting various parts in the west he returned home in 1890, and entered Woodstock College, and in the following year Toronto University, from which institution he was graduated in 1895. In 1896 he commenced the practice of medicine in the town of Newmarket, and there he has met with gratifying success. For six years he filled the position of medical health officer for that town.

In political matters Dr. Webb is Liberal (Reformer). In religion he was brought up in the Society of Friends, and is now a member of

the Presbyterian Church. An enthusiastic Mason, Dr. Webb is a member of the lodge in Newmarket, in which he has filled all the chairs, and a member of the Royal Arch Chapter, in which he has also filled all the chairs; he has proceeded to the Preceptory and Shrine. Dr. Webb is a lover of good dogs and horses and always keeps two good horses on hand. He takes a great interest in outdoor athletic work, and is fond of curling, hockey and other outdoor games.

AFTON FERGUS CLERK, whose death occurred in Montreal in 1895, was a well-known business man of that city, with interests in Toronto as well. He was born in Montreal in 1860, son of Alexander and Harriet (Molson) Clerk, the former a native of Scotland, and the latter of Montreal. Mr. Alexander Clerk died in Montreal July 7, 1903.

A. F. Clerk grew to manhood in his native city, and was there educated. Early in life he entered the brokerage business in Montreal, in which he continued until his death, being also well acquainted in business circles in Toronto.

Mr. Clerk married Miss Anne Tebb, who was born in Montreal, daughter of Silas Samuel and Margaret (Moon) Tebb, the former of whom, born in Cornwall, England, in 1836, died in Montreal in 1883; the latter, born in the same year, still survives. On leaving his native country Mr. Tebb settled in Montreal, becoming a well-known business man, engaged in contracting. His children were Elizabeth B. and Anne.

Mr. and Mrs. Afton Fergus Clerk had three children, Blair M., Hartland A. and Ruth H. Mr. Clerk was a member of the Presbyterian Church, and in political faith a Conservative. In 1900 Mrs. Clerk removed to Toronto, and in 1902 purchased her present home at No. 13 Woodlawn avenue.

LOT L. HARTMAN is one of the prominent citizens of Whitechurch township, York County, and is influential in its political, agricultural and social circles. He was born at his present home March 3, 1850, son of Samuel and Sarah (Ashton) Hartman.

Samuel Hartman was born at this home Feb. 3, 1826, while his wife Sarah, born April 4, 1829, was the daughter of John and Mary (Lloyd) Ashton, who came from the State of Pennsylvania and settled on the 2nd Concession of Whitechurch township, and here Mrs. Hartman was reared to womanhood. She still survives and makes her home in Aurora.

Samuel Hartman, our subject's father, was the son of John and Mary (Webb) Hartman, the former born in Pennsylvania in 1779, and the latter in 1782. They came to Canada in

June, 1809, and settled on the present home of Lot L. Hartman, where four generations of the family have made their home. Here he died in July, 1834, and his wife Jan. 12, 1835. They were Quakers in religious belief on coming to Canada, but later became connected with the Methodist Church. Mr. Hartman was a Reformer in politics, and filled a number of local offices. To him and his wife were born ten children: Emily, born in 1805, married Thomas Plater; Laura, born in March, 1807, died when a young woman; Harriet, born in 1809, died in September, 1829; Lot, born in 1811, married Miss Jane Wells, of York County, and settled on Concession 2, where he died in 1850, leaving children, Susannah (the wife of James Graham, of Colorado), John W. (a hardware merchant of Midland City), Isaac (postmaster of Dawson City), and Benjamin (now deceased); Silas, born in 1813, died in 1835; William, born in 1815, married in 1841 Mary Appleton, and settled in Vaughan, York County, where he lived until retirement to Toronto, in which city he died, leaving a family: Thomas, born in 1818, married in 1849 Miss Mary G. Boon, and after marriage removed to Colorado, where he and his sons engaged in ranching, until his death, in 1886; Joseph, born in 1821, and for a number of years a teacher as well as a farmer, married Miss Mary A. Cosford, of King township, and died in 1859, prominent in local politics, having been warden of York County for a number of years, as well as a member of Parliament from this district; Nancy, born in 1823, married Rev. Thomas Cosford, a Methodist minister of London, and she died at Goderich, Huron County, in 1900, leaving children as follows—Mary M. (the wife of the Rev. W. Brownell, of Toronto), Joseph, Ella (who married Mr. Atchison, of Goderich), Alice (who is the wife of a Mr. Saumby, of London), and Samuel; and Samuel is mentioned below.

Samuel Hartman, the father of our subject, grew up at the old homestead, where he spent all of his life. In March, 1847, he married Sarah Ashton, and he died on the old home in 1858, when still a young man, leaving four children. After his death his widow remained on the old farm until she had reared her family, when she removed to Aurora, and there still survives. Her children were Mary, born in 1848, died in 1851; Elma, born in 1853, married George J. Smith, a mechanic of Aurora, and they have children, Jennie, Frank H. (a druggist), Wilmer H. (a hardware merchant), Elizabeth and Norris; Eliza, born in 1855, deceased, married Clarkson Plater, who removed to Colorado, and there she died in 1895; and Lot L.

Lot L. Hartman obtained his early education

in the district schools of his native locality, and later became a student of the Upper Canada College, Toronto, where he was fitted to become a teacher. In 1869-70 he went to Bloomington, Pennsylvania, and there attended the Literary Institute, afterward returning to Canada. In 1872 Mr. Hartman married Miss M. H. Armstrong, born in London, Ont., in 1856, daughter of Alexander and Caroline Armstrong. After marriage Mr. and Mrs. Hartman settled on the Hartman homestead, and there they have continued to the present time. He has remodeled all of the farm buildings, replacing them with others of more modern architecture, and has one of the really good farms of the community. To him and his wife have been born four children: Warren A., who died in childhood; Laura E., born in 1876, who resides at the homestead; Lorne A., born in 1878, who married Miss Susannah Fennell, born at Bradford, and they reside on the farm adjoining that of Mr. Hartman, and have one son—Lee L.; and Clare C., born in 1888, a student in the fourth year at Toronto University.

Mr. Hartman and his family are connected with the Methodist Church, of which Mr. Hartman is a trustee. He has always been identified with the Reform party, and in 1879 was elected a councilman of Whitechurch, a position in which he served eleven years, during which time he was deputy reeve of the county. In 1896 he was elected county councilor, a position he is still filling, and has also been warden of the county for one year. He is a member of the I.O.O.F., the Sons of England, and the United Workmen, at Aurora. Mr. Hartman was one of the commissioners of the County Industrial Home for two years, during which time he caused the electric light system to replace the old system of lighting.

Mr. Hartman is one of the well-to-do farmers of this section, and has at this time one of the finest and most highly cultivated farms in the township. He is highly respected by his neighbors for his good citizenship and for the efforts he has put forth in assisting to build up and improve the community.

RICHARD C. POWELL, one of the representative agriculturists of East Gwillimbury, whose tract is situated on Yonge street, Lot 101, was born on his present farm, Feb. 6, 1850, son of Reuben and Annie (Armitage) Powell.

Caleb Powell, the great-grandfather of Richard C., was a native of Wales, from which country he made his way to the States in 1750. He was a Tory, and during the war of the Revolution he moved to Nova Scotia, leaving his property on Long Island, where he first located,

to the care of his son, Lewis. After the close of the war he returned to Long Island for his family, and took them to Nova Scotia, where he died a few years later. In the fall of 1806 the sons of this family of Caleb Powell came to Canada, James settling at Pickering, Ontario County; Abram at Long Point, County Elgin; and Lewis, our subject's grandfather, on the 4th Concession, east of Newmarket, where he made his first improvements in Canada.

In 1817 Lewis Powell sold out in Whitechurch, and located on the farm now owned by our subject, and here continued until his death in August, 1834. His widow, whose maiden name was Mary Endress, survived him two years. He was born on Long Island in April, 1769, and she in New Jersey in April, 1773. They were Quakers in religion. Their children were as follows: Elizabeth, born in March, 1792, married Moses Toole, of Whitechurch; Sarah, born in 1794, married Abram Webster, who settled and died on the 4th Concession, in Whitechurch; William, born in 1796, also located on the 4th Concession; Isaac, born in Nova Scotia in 1798, died single; Richard married Lucy Proctor, and settled first in East Gwillimbury, later removing to County Peel, where he died; Hannah, born in 1804, married Jacob Harman, a shoemaker, and settled at Newmarket for some years, later removing to Toronto, where he died Aug. 2, 1843, his wife passing away Aug. 4, 1860, leaving five children, Isaac (born in 1823, married Charity Graham and still resides with our subject), Jacob (died in 1890), Mary (married Alfred Huntington, and both are deceased), John (died when a young man), and Reuben (married a Miss Humphrey, and still resides in Uxbridge, Ontario County); Agnes, born in 1807, married Stafford Grout, who settled first in Canada, later removing to Iowa, where she died; Phebe, born in 1809, married Joseph Barmitage, who settled and died in King township, leaving one son, Lewis; Jacob, deceased, married Amy Hughes, of King township, and they removed to Nebraska; and Reuben.

Reuben Powell grew up at the present home of our subject, having been seven years old when brought to this township by his father. He was married in March, 1833, to Miss Annie Armitage, born in King township, daughter of Amos and Mary Armitage, who came from the States and settled on Concession 2, King township. After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Powell settled on the farm, which Mr. Powell improved in 1844 with a brick house, and erected good barns and outbuildings, still in a fine state of preservation. Mr. Powell died at this home in February, 1882, his wife surviving him until August, 1886. They were stanch members of

the Friends' Church. In politics Mr. Powell was always a Reformer, and served as deputy reeve and as a member of the council for a number of years, also filling the position of assessor and as a member of the school board. Mr. and Mrs. Powell had a family of eleven children: Elizabeth, Mary and Lucy died young; Isaac, born in 1835, married Almira Watson, and is now a resident of Alberta, Northwest Territory; Amos E., born in 1840, married Miss Eliza McKinzey, of Holland Landing, has one son, William L., and they reside in Peel township, County Wellington; Martha J., born in 1842, is the wife of Joseph Rodgers, who resides at Sydenham, County Grey, and has two children, Annie and Amelia; Eliza A., born in 1844, married John McMillan, of Pine Orchard, in Whitechurch, and has four children, Eva, Mervin, Roy and Hattie; Lewis C., born in 1848, married Miss Mary J. Travis, of East Gwillimbury, where they reside as farmers, and they have four children, Ethel, Alzina, Reuben and Annie; Richard C., our subject; William J., born in 1852, died in 1888; and Sarah P., born in 1855, is the wife of Edgar Noxon, of Newmarket, and has one daughter, Gladys.

Richard C. Powell grew up on the old homestead, and received his educational training in the district schools of his native township. His entire life has been spent here, and he has devoted his attention exclusively to farming, he and his brother, William, operating the home farm, which they have made one of the finest in the township. Mr. Powell was married in November, 1887, to Miss Elizabeth A. Sweet, born in East Gwillimbury, March 29, 1865, daughter of Harlow and Sarah (Fenton) Sweet, the former a native of Pennsylvania, and the latter of Nova Scotia. Mr. Sweet was killed in an accident at a sawmill in Ora, County Simcoe, when Mrs. Powell was a child. To Mr. and Mrs. Powell have been born three children: Edgar, born in 1888; William J., born in August, 1889; and Laura B., born in August, 1898, is a student of the schools. Mr. and Mrs. Powell are connected with the Friends' Church. In political matters he is a Reformer, but has never aspired to public office.

JOHN WILLIAM CHARLES, who died in Toronto in 1892, was born in that city in 1843, son of William and Hannah (Parkin) Charles. Hannah Parkin was the daughter of Colonel Parkin, an early settler of Scarborough. William Charles was born in Ireland, and after coming to Canada returned to the old country, where he died. His wife died in Toronto in 1894. They had two children: John William and George, the latter of the United States.

John William Charles was educated in the public schools of Canada, and during the Civil war in the United States enlisted, serving with distinction throughout that struggle; he entered the service as a private, and was discharged with the rank of lieutenant. Returning to Toronto Mr. Charles engaged as shipping clerk with Steele & Co., tobacconists of that city, and then became bookkeeper for Alexander Hamilton, in which position he continued until 1875, when he embarked in the tobacco business on his own account on Yonge street. Later removing to King street east, he remained there until retiring from business.

In 1870 Mr. Charles and Miss Charlotte Segsworth, daughter of John and Mary (Simpson) Segsworth, were united in marriage. The parents of Mrs. Charles were born in England, and came to Canada about 1820, settling in Muddy York (Toronto), where Mr. Segsworth engaged in the manufacture and sale of farm implements, in which he continued until retiring from business. He was a member of the old volunteer fire brigade of Toronto, of which he was captain and also treasurer for fourteen years, and on retiring from that organization was urgently requested by the members to return and take charge of the brigade again, but declined. At that time the firemen were not paid, and they had to buy their own helmets. Rubber coats were not thought of, and many a time Mr. Segsworth would return from a fire with his clothing covered with a coat of ice, to remove which he would stand by the fire until it had sufficiently melted. He died in Toronto in 1870, and his wife in 1885. They were members of the Church of England. Their children were: William, deceased in 1904, who was a justice of the peace, and postmaster at Monck for some time; John, of Toronto; Robert, who died at the age of twenty-eight years; and Charlotte (Mrs. Charles).

To Mr. and Mrs. Charles were born two children, Frederick S., and Irene, the latter at home with her mother. The son, born in Toronto in 1873, was educated at the Collegiate Institute, and is now with the Elias Rogers Company, of Toronto. In 1901 he married Miss Florence Read, and they have one daughter, Marjorie. The family are members of the Church of England. Mr. Charles was a Conservative. Fraternally he associated with the I.O.O.F., and as a veteran of the Civil war, he was a faithful comrade of the Grand Army of the Republic.

CHARLES HENRY ALLEN, who passed away in Toronto in 1892, was for a number of years a well-known commercial traveler of that city. He was born in Genesee County, New

York, in 1838, and was the first of the family to locate in Canada, coming here when a young man.

On first locating in the Dominion, Mr. Allen settled at Oshawa and became a commercial traveler, and in 1888 removed to Toronto, which city was his home until his death. He was a splendid business man and excellent salesman, and succeeded in his chosen line. Mr. Allen's first wife was Isabel Miller, by whom he had one son, George Ellsworth, now residing in the United States. He was married (second) to Mrs. Elizabeth (Drummond) Davison, daughter of James and Jean (Mitchell) Drummond, who came from Pennsylvania to Toronto in 1855. By her first marriage, to John Davison, Mrs. Allen had one son, James Harcourt, of Toronto Junction, who in 1906 married Ethel Matheson. Mr. Davison was a member of the Church of England.

Mr. Allen was a member of the Baptist Church. In political faith he was a Liberal, and he was fraternally associated with the Commercial Travelers' Association and the A.O.U.W.

ANTHONY TEASDALE, a well-known business man and highly esteemed citizen of Toronto Junction, who passed away April 11, 1896, was a member of a family long identified with County York. His birth occurred in Markham township, in 1860, son of William and Margaret (Bowes) Teasdale, and grandson of Anthony Bowes.

Mr. Teasdale was educated at Markham and in Aurora, and in the latter place learned the cabinet making business, which he followed for some time in Stratford, later in Toronto, and subsequently in Toronto Junction. He settled in the latter place in 1888, and there resided until his death. In 1885 Mr. Teasdale was married to Marion Maria Anthony, born in Markham township in 1860, a member of an old English family, founded in Canada by her grandfather, Edmund Anthony, and his brother. They settled about 1836 in Scarborough, County York, and later in Pickering township, where Edmund Anthony's death occurred July 25, 1884. His wife, whose maiden name was Maria Baize, died in Markham township, Nov. 18, 1898, aged ninety-seven years. Their children were: Edmund, Celia, Ann, William, John, Sarah, Mary, Maria, James and Robert.

John Anthony, the father of Mrs. Teasdale, was born in England in 1832, and came to Canada with the family. He was a carpenter and contractor in Markham village for many years prior to moving to Toronto Junction, and from the latter place removed to Buffalo, where he now resides. He was married in 1857 to May

Cook, born in England in 1838, and to them were born these children: Edward; Marion, Mrs. Teasdale; Herbert; Nellie; Arthur; Osear and Estella, of Buffalo, New York. Both John Anthony and his father, Edmund Anthony, were members of the English Church, and were affiliated with the Conservative party in politics.

To Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Teasdale were born children as follows: Daisy, who died in 1905, aged nineteen years, six months, was a member of St. John's Episcopal Church; Amy, who died April 8, 1907, aged eighteen years, was a faithful member of the Presbyterian Church; and Howard, at home, born in 1892, attends St. John's Church. Mr. Teasdale was a Reformer in politics. His religious belief was that of the Presbyterian Church, in which he was choir leader at the time of his death. His widow, who resides at No. 396 Quebec avenue, which home was erected in 1906, is organist of the Victoria Presbyterian Church, and a well-known teacher of music.

HON. ARTHUR STURGIS HARDY, Premier, and Attorney-General of the Province of Ontario, 1896-99, was born at Mount Pleasant, Brant County, Dec. 14, 1837, the day when a column of Royalists under Sir Alan Macnab marched through the little settlement to attack the rebel forces gathered near Scotland. He was the son of Russel Hardy and Juleta Sturgis, both parents being natives of Brant County and descendants of U. E. Loyalists who came to Canada in the eighteenth century. Mr. Hardy's children are the sixth generation of the family in their native County of Brant.

His school life began in the common school of the village, taught by a succession of teachers whose names were household words in the county. Afterwards he spent several years in the academy of W. W. Nelles and in the Mount Pleasant grammar school and later in the academy of William Wethereld, in Rockwood, near Guelph—both teachers having much to do with the higher education of their pupil. Leaving the latter institution Mr. Hardy began the study of law in the office of his uncle, H. A. Hardy, in Brantford, and finished his legal studies in Toronto with the then firm of Paterson, Harrison & Hodgins—a trio of eminent legal men. After being called to the Bar in Easter Term, 1865, Mr. Hardy returned to Brantford and started on his most successful career as solicitor and barrister. He was made City Solicitor in 1867, elected Bencher of the Law Society in 1875 and made a Queen's Counsel in 1876. During the period of his active practice the cases in which he figured as counsel are legion, many of them being among the most noted in the an-

nals of criminal and civil justice in Brant and adjacent counties. The young practitioner soon made a name for himself as a powerful advocate, a severe analyst of evidence, a pointed cross-examiner and a lawyer with the rare faculty of nearly always winning his case for his client. On one occasion, as a passing evidence of his standing at the Bar, Mr. Hardy had no less than forty-three briefs at one assize, and defended during his days of active practice fifteen persons charged with capital offences, and in each case successfully. His first public speaking on political topics commenced in 1867. From that time Mr. Hardy was regarded as one of the strongest advocates of Reform principles within the bounds of his native county, or, indeed, in western Ontario, and his services were in ever-increasing demand in successive elections. Then came 1873, when the rising lawyer made his real debut in public life as a candidate for the Local House against Mr. J. J. Hawkins. This was perhaps the most exciting of all the combats in which Mr. Hardy as a candidate was ever engaged, the Hon. E. B. Wood having turned the constituency over to the Conservative side in the elections of 1867 and 1871; but he came off victorious with a majority of 189 over his opponent. This was the first of a long series of successes at the polls, creating an unusual record of twenty-six years of continuous representation of the one constituency, during twenty-three of which he was a minister of the Crown.

In the election of 1875 Mr. Hardy was returned by acclamation, and so in 1877, when he joined the Administration as Provincial Secretary. In 1879 Mr. Hugh McK. Wilson was his opponent, when Mr. Hardy's majority was increased to 444. In 1883 Mr. Paul Huffman contested the constituency, when Mr. Hardy's majority was again increased, to 559. In 1886 Mr. Thomas Lloyd-Jones was his opponent. Mr. Hardy's majority this time was 657. Again in 1890 Mr. Jones entered the lists, but Mr. Hardy led by 634 votes. The last election, in 1894, was a repetition of former contests, in that Mr. Hardy was again elected by the same old majority.

Only three years elapsed from the time the new member took his seat (in January, 1874), until the then Premier, Sir Oliver Mowat, recognizing his abilities, called him to the Cabinet as Provincial Secretary. The new Cabinet Minister filled the portfolio of Provincial Secretary for twelve years, during which he established many new branches of government, was the author of a large number of important acts, and administered the affairs of his office with undoubted force and skill. Thereafter he filled

from 1889 the portfolio of Commissioner of Crown Lands, one of the most important in the Government, and in this capacity he left his impress upon the departmental administration and the legislation affecting the Crown lands and timber of the Province. Bills establishing the Algonquin National Park, embracing nearly one million acres of land, lying between the Parry Sound district and the Ottawa river, and the Rondeau Provincial Park in Kent County, won the praise of friends and political opponents, *The Empire* of that day remarking, regarding the latter, that

“Mr. Hardy made a happy suggestion when he proposed to create a park under Provincial statute on the Rondeau peninsula, and for carrying that suggestion into effect and setting aside in the locality named 4,446 acres of land and water which shall forever be common to the people. These parks will form monuments to his foresight, his patriotism and administrative capacity, and will exist for future generations.”

If Mr. Hardy's claim to recognition and honor as a public servant rested on his legislative committee work alone he would be entitled thereto on that ground. For years he was chairman of the main committee which dealt with municipal, assessment and cognate matters, and year after year from fifty to seventy-five bills were referred to this committee for consideration and report, where they were discussed, threshed out and embodied in bills for that session. The result has been a municipal law which, in the opinion of the late Chief Justice Harrison, “forms the most complete and perfect code of the kind that he knew of in any country of the world.”

In administration Mr. Hardy was always known as one of the strong men of the Government. He was quick to apprehend and ready to execute, and previous to his promotion to the Premiership, the general matters connected with the administration of government fell to no one Minister more than to him.

Another step higher was taken in 1896 upon the retirement of Sir Oliver Mowat from the Premiership to accept the portfolio of Minister of Justice in the Liberal Cabinet at Ottawa. The career of Mr. Hardy during the last three years of his public life alone confirmed the wisdom of his choice as the party leader and Provincial head of affairs, and again emphasized his ability to fill the highest position in the gift of the Province. He proved himself no less successful as a parliamentarian and leader of the Government, entrusted with the discharge of responsible duties, and the welfare of the Province, than as a member of the Bar in earlier years.

Mr. Hardy's most enduring work was perhaps in the realm of legislation. The framing of acts calls for the exercise of peculiar abilities, for much more is involved in this department of exacting public work than can be imagined by those having no experience in law making. A mere enumeration of the bills introduced and carried through the committee stages of the House by Mr. Hardy to their completion would make an impressive total and be the best evidence of the versatility, the breadth of view, and range of the thought and interests of their framers. No less than one hundred and fifty public and private bills were introduced by him between 1874 and 1896, and nearly every one of them passed.

As a speaker Mr. Hardy was thought by many of his day to be without a superior as a parliamentary debater, either in the Legislature of this Province or at Ottawa. His comprehensive and accurate knowledge of all departments of the Government made him a dangerous foe in any public question where knowledge of the facts was decisive, and gave him remarkable readiness for participating in discussion at the moment required. *Semper paratus* was his motto and effectiveness his object. He had, in short, a fine oratorical equipment, presence, knowledge, diction, possessed a strong and musical voice, was a master of ridicule and humorous sarcasm, and exhibited a courage in attack that on many an occasion saved the fortunes of the day for his party.

Mr. Hardy was married on the 10th of January, 1870, to Mary, eldest daughter of Hon. Mr. Justice Morrison, of the Court of Appeal for Ontario, by whom he had a family of three sons and one daughter.

On Nov. 15, 1898, the Liberals of Ontario tendered Mr. Hardy a banquet in the Toronto pavilion. It is generally admitted to have been one of the most successful political banquets ever held in Canada. Between eight hundred and one thousand of the most influential Liberals of the Province sat down to dinner, to do honor to the leader of Provincial Liberalism and who then was the only member of the Legislature who had been returned nine consecutive times by his constituents. Shortly after this outpouring of fidelity and good-will on the part of his political adherents it became evident to his friends that the long strain of onerous public life was undermining his health and that if he wished to prolong his life the burden which he had carried with such unvarying and brilliant success must be laid aside. This he was finally compelled to do, on the advice of his physicians, and accordingly retired from the

Premiership and public life on the 18th of October, 1899.

Speaking at Whitby shortly after Mr. Hardy's retirement, the Hon. George W. Ross, who succeeded him as Premier, said: "Mr. Hardy gave the full vigor of his manhood to the service of his country and as the Administrator at different periods of three important portfolios established beyond cavil his capacity as an administrator and as a legislator. For sixteen years I had the honor of being associated with him in the Government, and I can truthfully say that for resourcefulness, regard for the public interests and integrity as an officer of state he deserves to rank with the best men ever called to serve Her Majesty as one of her Executive Counsellors."

The causes which led to Mr. Hardy's retirement occasioned widespread regret throughout the Province and were made the occasion of an address from his devoted constituents and the presentation of \$20,000, accompanied by a magnificent chest of silver from his admirers and friends. Mr. Goldwin Smith made the following reference to the event in the columns of the *Farmers' Sun*: "The presentation to Mr. and Mrs. Hardy was no doubt chiefly the act of Mr. Hardy's political friends. But the element outside the party was not unrepresented at the occasion. Its presence paid sincere homage to a public life as stainless as it is possible for any public life under our political conditions to be. Mr. Hardy always bore himself like an honorable gentleman. Gratitude is due to him for upholding the tone and spirit of our politics and the Province lost a good and faithful servant when his health broke down under his labors."

Mr. Hardy was not long destined to enjoy that ease and repose that so many wished for him. His health grew gradually worse and on June 13, 1901, he passed away at the Toronto General Hospital from the results of an operation undertaken in the hope of saving his life. He was laid to rest with his kindred in Brantford, mourned by a vast concourse of citizens and friends, a public funeral being tendered his remains by the city after lying in state in the courthouse, the scene of so many of his early triumphs.

JOHN BELL FRASER, M.D., C.M., Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons, Kingston; Trinity Medical College, Toronto, member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, etc., etc., has been practising his profession in Toronto since the year 1890, and is one of the well established medical men of the city. On his paternal side Dr. Fraser's forefathers were natives of Scotland—his great-great-grandfather,

Col. William Fraser, was born in Scotland in 1745, and on reaching manhood he joined the army, and was sent to America where his regiment was quartered in New York State prior to the Revolutionary War.

During the progress of the war he remained loyal to the British cause, but after the war was ended he came to Canada and settled on a grant of land in the Township of Matilda, County of Dundas; and at the time of his death owned several thousand acres of land in Upper Canada—he died in 1826.

Lilly Fraser (Col. Wm. Fraser's wife) was born in 1749; and she and Col. Wm. had a family of six sons and one daughter; Lilly Fraser died in the year 1834.

Hon. Thos. Fraser, a man who took a leading part in the questions and politics of the day, was a brother of Col. Wm. Fraser.

Lieut. Thos. Fraser, son of Col. Wm. Fraser, was born in 1775, and like his father was a military man.

He married Susan Smallman in 1802, and very shortly after his marriage was sent with his regiment (60th foot) to the Island of Hayti, where he died in 1803—his widow lived until the year 1845.

Thomas Fraser, P.L.S., only child of Lieut. Thos. and Susan Fraser, was born in Dundas Co. in 1803, and on arriving at manhood he went to Auburn, New York State, U.S.A.; here he qualified as a surveyor and civil engineer, then returning to Canada he was appointed a Provincial Land Surveyor by the Government of Upper Canada on the 4th of August, 1825.

In 1827 he married Jane Elizabeth Bell, daughter of John Bell of Ernestown, Upper Canada, and they had a family of nine sons and one daughter—but two of the sons died in childhood. T. Fraser, P.L.S., with Messrs. Burroughs and Kilburn, surveyed the Rideau Canal; and for years he was engaged surveying new townships, etc., in different parts of Upper Canada. Several times Surveyor Fraser was offered political honors, but he always declined.

Thos. Grant Fraser, sons of Thos Fraser, P. L.S., and father of Dr. Fraser, was born in the Township of Kingston, December 5th, 1829. He attended the local public school and lived on the old homestead for some years both before and after his marriage. He married Hannah, daughter of John and Margaret Bell in 1853; and to them were born four children, two sons and two daughters.

In the year 1869 Thos. G. Fraser and family moved on a farm a short distance from the Town of Brockville, and found it a very healthy, agreeable place to live.

T. G. Fraser worked for a time as outside ticket agent for the Grand Trunk Railway, Brockville, and later ran on the G.T.R. road between Brockville and Belleville principally; then later years spent most of his time on his farm. A few years before his death he moved to the City of Toronto where he died January 4th, 1896—he was a warm friend and loving father.

Dr. Jno. Bell Fraser, son of Thos. G. Fraser, was born in the Township of Kingston, November 16th, 1855, he received a common school education in the public school nearby, then later in the public school of Brockville, Ont.

After leaving school he followed the profession of agriculture for a time; but later deciding to adopt the medical profession as a life work he entered the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons, Kingston, and graduated with the degrees of M.D., C.M., in 1888, also taking the same degrees from Trinity Medical College, Toronto. He at once entered upon general practice, his first location being Spencerville, Ont., where he remained about two years, then moved to Toronto in 1890.

Dr. Fraser has always been interested in Christian work, and while a student at Kingston helped organize the first Y.M.C.A. formed in connection with the medical school.

He is also a strong temperance advocate—having been a total abstainer during his whole life. He is also a lover of relics and antiquities, especially those that have historical or interesting associations connected with them, and he enjoys showing his guests and friends his stock of relics, etc., especially those that share his enthusiasm in such matters. Among his relics, etc., are Indian pipes, arrowheads, tomahawks, gouges, crockery, a pipe of peace, beaded bags for powder for the face, gunpowder, tobacco, etc., a New Zealand "Tiki," bone chisels and bone money, sea-eggs, sea-plates, brain coral, stalaetites, stalagmites, etc., etc.; and an old copy of the Baskerville Bible once owned by his great-great-grandfather Fraser has an honored place in his collection. He has also some good specimens of the flint-lock gun and pistol once used by our forefathers.

In politics Dr. Fraser is an Independent—believing that if men would support principles instead of party that it would be better for our country. In religion Dr. Fraser is a Methodist, he has been a member of that church for years, part of the time in an official capacity; but while he loves the Methodist church he has a warm feeling for the other Christian denominations.

The doctor is a great admirer of nature and natural curiosities such as mountains, woods, caves, waterfalls, romantic scenery, valleys, and

thinks that some of the caves that are not widely known (such as the ice caves in New York State, and some of the caves in Bermuda where hundreds of stalaetites hang glittering from the roof of the cave) are well worth visiting.

Dr. Fraser was married in 1884 to Miss Frances Sarah McLean, daughter of Henry McLean, of Brockville, Ont., and after a very happy married life she died in 1902, leaving four daughters and a husband to mourn her loss. She was a true wife, a loving mother, and a warm friend. On account of overwork Dr. Fraser's health commenced to fail so he sold his place on Queen Street East, and in the fall of 1905 went to Great Britain where he spent some months visiting the hospitals of London and Edinburgh, looking up some old family records, examining some of the historic buildings found in England and Scotland; seeing and hearing some of the prominent men of the day; and getting an idea of the social relations governing society in the old land.

Returning to Toronto the doctor resumed practice on Sherbourne Street and soon was busy again; but did not undertake to do as much work as he had been doing formerly. With a comfortable home, kind friends, loving children, and good neighbors, his life is a pleasant one, and it is his sincere wish that each of his adult friends and acquaintances may enjoy similar blessings suitable to their particular cases.

JOHN BOYD (whose son and only child is the present Chancellor of Ontario) was born in the year 1800. If not born in Scotland he came there at an early age in consequence of some family disagreement and made his way in life relying on himself. He had an ambition to gain knowledge and studied hard at Ayr Academy and afterwards at the University of Glasgow. Sir Daniel Sandford and other distinguished professors at that seat of learning furnished testimonials which accredited him as he turned his face to British America, the new land of promise. Like most of his countrymen he had the poems of Burns at his tongue's end and was apt in quotation from that writer and other favorites. He gave attention to correct reading and elocution and with that end in view took lessons in Glasgow from the once famous Sheridan Knowles.

Thus equipped he joined in one of the many emigrations of Scotsmen to Canada in the early thirties of the last century and it so happened that Margaret MacCallum, who afterwards became his wife, was a fellow voyager on the same ship. He came alone; she journeyed with several members of her family who settled in var-

ious parts of Upper Canada. Their marriage took place January 16, 1833, soon after their arrival.

John Boyd began the chief work of his life upon reaching his destination in 1832 at the place called York, which in 1834 became Toronto. He there opened a school for both sexes on Bay Street, on the site now occupied by the National Club. This school was long and favorably known as "Bay Street Academy," a somewhat high-sounding name reminiscent no doubt of his old school in Scotland. Latin and English were the languages taught, besides the usual branches of geography, arithmetic and writing—less ambitious, but perhaps not less serviceable than the more comprehensive curriculum of the modern school. At all events with the measure of education thus supplied many pupils fitted themselves to become leading men in various departments of activity throughout the country. Of the better known friends of this school who contributed and presented prizes to successful competitors at examinations two may be named: Andrew Mereer, the estimable recluse who lived in the modest cottage at the corner of Bay and Wellington Streets, and Archdeacon (in 1839, Bishop) Strachan, whose own life and influence as a teacher have been of lasting good to Canada.

In "Landmarks of Toronto" Vol. I., p. 241, is to be found some information relating to Mr. Boyd and his school, now quoted: "Hundreds of boys of Toronto received their education at the hands of Mr. Boyd. He was an excellent teacher, one who commanded not only the respect of the people at large but of the pupils who were so carefully looked after by him in their younger days." "The British Colonist," of December 29, 1841, had the following notice of the school: "The annual examination of this flourishing seminary took place on 26th inst. in the presence of many respectable inhabitants of the city. The Lord Bishop of Toronto assisted by the Rev. W. T. Leach and Robert Baldwin, Esq., had the kindness to examine the different classes. The school numbers nearly 130 pupils, boys and girls, the children of substantial tradesmen and residents of Toronto. Mr. Boyd was complimented by the Bishop on his great merit as a teacher and on the superior skill and unwearied diligence which he manifested in conducting so large a school."

Mr. Boyd is remembered as a teacher who was thorough in his methods, strict in his discipline and who sought to do the best he could for those under his charge. The school on Bay Street was carried on for more than twelve years, till he, with wife and child, in 1845, moved to the village now called Eglinton, on Yonge Street, five miles from Toronto. Here his time was divided

between the charge of a small school and the care of a small farm of twenty-six acres for four or five years. Then the family removed again to the city, till a great sorrow came in the death of Mrs. Margaret Boyd, October 25, 1854, at the age of forty-eight years. This mother led a quiet and retired life, active in the kindly offices of home and never forgetful of those around her when poverty or sickness appealed to her warm heart. She was above all a devout soul, whose practised piety spoke more loudly than words and whose good works surely follow her. The well worn and well marked Bible she used for many years remains to attest her habit of daily devotion.

Mr. Boyd was married again at the end of 1855 to Miss MacNally, then at the head of a well-known ladies' school on Wellington Street, Toronto. The household returned to live at Eglinton about 1857, but two years after, Mr. Boyd being appointed to a clerkship in the post office department, he and his wife removed to the City of Quebec, the seat of the Canadian Government at that time. With the choice of Ottawa as the permanent seat of government of the Dominion the alternating system ceased and in view of this change all the officials were removed from Quebec to Ottawa in 1866. The last removal of Mr. Boyd and his wife was upon his superannuation and retirement from public service a few years later. They left Ottawa and chose a pleasant and healthful retreat in the old town of Niagara, where they passed away within less than a year of each other: Mrs. Eliza Lucinda Boyd died April 9, 1884, and John Boyd, February 11, 1885. The remains of both rest under the same monument in the old Methodist Churchyard at Niagara.

Mr. Boyd and his wife Margaret were at first Presbyterians, worshipping in St. Andrew's Church, at the corner of Newgate (now Adelaide) and Church Streets, Toronto. Later in life they both joined the Baptist body which met in the Chapel on Bond Street. After Mr. Boyd's second marriage, and while at Niagara he and his wife united with the Methodists and so remained until the last.

JOHN ALEXANDER BOYD, son of John and Margaret Boyd, was born April 23, 1837, on Bay Street, Toronto. Being the only child of a schoolmaster he was regarded as a possible pupil from very early years, and as soon almost as speech came he was enrolled in the class lists of the school. His period of infancy (in the legal sense) was pretty equally divided between school, college and university, just as the period of later professional life proceeds in progressive development from article clerk and apprentice

of the law, to solicitor and barrister, to Master in Ordinary of the Court of Chancery and to headship in that Court as Chancellor of Ontario.

The father was the son's first teacher and he was one who did not spare the rod on suitable and perhaps other occasions. The old theory was that knowledge had to be driven into the reluctant school-boy and Bay Street Academy was not in advance of the times. Still the method worked well enough and the youth having passed through some preparatory stages was well fitted to enter in the next step in 1848 as a pupil of Upper Canada College.

For the first three years while the parents lived in the country there was the twice a day walk from home to college through rain and shine, snow and blow, a matter of five miles each way, which had to be punctually undertaken, relieved occasionally by a "lift" on the farmer's wagon or sleigh on the return journey. Dr. Scadding speaks of the sons of Eglinton people "who some years ago used to be seen twice every day at all seasons, travelling the distance between that place and Toronto, rising early and late taking rest in order to be punctually present at and carefully ready for class-room and lecture-room in town—and this process persevered in for the lengthened period required for a succession of *enriueulums*:" Toronto of Old, p. 438. Nor did this compulsory exercise appear to interfere with the voluntary though violent exercise engaged in at noon hour in prisoner's base and other college games in the field before football and lacrosse were in vogue.

Early ingrained habits of application accompanied the lad to the new school and for three years in first, second and third forms returns appeared in the shape of prizes in classics and general proficiency. Then for two years, he laid books aside and tried an experiment in the beginnings of practical commercial life, first in Toronto and then in Quebec, but without much relish. For in 1853 he is found ready to resume the round of studies as a college boy. Passing through the fifth and sixth forms not without prizes, he matriculated in arts in the University of Toronto in 1856.

His attention was now turned not so much to classics as to modern languages, specially to the subjects professed by Dr. Daniel Wilson: English literature, history and ethnology. Throughout the four years' course, he was first scholar in modern languages taking at the close the gold medal in that department. He was also awarded prizes in English prose and English verse by the college and the university authorities. One of his earliest recollections goes back to the brilliant spectacle presented on April 23, 1842, when the foundation stone of King's College was laid by

Sir Charles Bagot, Governor-General, in Queen's Park, on a site now occupied by the Parliament Buildings. Again he saw, as an undergraduate, on October 4, 1858, the tower of the new building for the present university crowned with its top-stone by Sir Edmund Head.

On June 8, 1859, the occasion of the first use of the new Convocation Hall (since consumed by fire) the prize poem "The Atlantic Telegraph" was read before a thronged audience. It was printed in the "Canadian Journal," of July, 1859. As esquire bedell he took part in the patriotic reception given to the Prince of Wales by the university in 1860, for which Dr. McCaul, the president of the university, prepared the admirable legend inscribed on the wall "*Imperii spem spes provinciae salutat*" (the empire's hope, the hope of the Province greets). He was admitted to the degree of B.A. in 1860 and the following year to that of M.A. He wrote a summary of Canadian history for use in schools which was favorably reviewed in the "Canadian Journal," of November, 1860.

The legal life of J. A. Boyd began in 1860, almost contemporary with the coming into force of the first real consolidation of the provincial laws of 1859. This work, known as the Consolidation Statutes of Upper Canada, was rendered necessary by the system of dual legislation which had been the outcome of the union of the Canadas in 1840, producing subsequent yearly accumulations of provincial laws and amendments forming an unwieldy and chaotic mass of living and dead statutes. Of the many commissioners engaged in the work only one is yet living: Sir Henry Strong. Of the rest, the last survivor was David B. Read, K.C., who lately died. To Mr. Read the young law student was fortunate enough to be articled and in the office of Read, Leith & Read, a rare opportunity was afforded of seeing all branches of law and equity in active operation in all the courts from the Division Court upward. The clerks in that office soon became initiated into the mysteries of an extensive agency business, at a time when powers of amendment were not as yet discovered and errors of form were fatal. This ancient practice was hard on suitors no doubt, nor was it any sufficient off-set that habits of accuracy and precision were cultivated under the stimulus of interlocutory costs which were taxed and collected forthwith. But reformers were abroad in the ranks of the profession here and in the mother country and before long changes were made both in form and substance which ensured the expeditious disposal of litigation on its real merits and according to the very justice of the controversy.

Mr. Boyd was admitted as solicitor in August, 1863, and was called to the Bar with honors in

the August term of that year. He then was taken into partnership with Mr. Read, Q.C., and in the same year he intermarried with Elizabeth, fourth daughter of David Buchan, Esq., Bursar of the university and colleges of Toronto.

After a varied practice of over six years in this first partnership, he became a member of the firm of Blake, Kerr & Boyd, for a short time till he was appointed Master in Ordinary of the Court of Chancery on October 31, 1870, at the instance of the Honorable John Sandfield Macdonald, Attorney-General of Ontario. This office he occupied for over two years, and then resigned to return to practice as a member of the Blake firm at the close of 1872. He devoted himself chiefly to equity practice. In 1876 he was appointed Q.C. by the Ontario Government, and in 1880 by the Dominion Government. Upon the promotion of Hon. Chancellor Spragge to the Chief Justiceship of Ontario, the Minister of Justice, Sir John A. Macdonald, offered the position to Mr. Boyd. It was accepted and on May 3, 1881, he was duly installed as Chancellor of Ontario.

From information derived from Dr. Spragge after the death of his father, it appears that Chancellor Spragge had recommended the appointment of his successor. He then wrote to the Minister of Justice: "Allow me to suggest . . . who the judge should be. Boyd of the equity bar, a Q.C., one of the best and soundest of the men we have, would be an excellent appointment. He stands well with the common law as well as with the equity judges: in short with everyone. He would add one more to the good appointments you have already made." The context indicates his expectation that a judge would be taken from the Court of Appeal to fill the chancellorship by him vacated and that the new appointment would be to the judgeship in appeal. On making his appointment of Mr. Boyd to the chancellorship Sir John A. Macdonald expressed himself "as happy to know that he had made the selection of one who would do honor to the office and whose appointment meets with the approval of the Bar and the public." Though Mr. Jameson is spoken of as the first chancellor of Upper Canada by his wife in her book "Winter Studies and Summer Rambles in Canada," and also by her niece, Mrs. MacPherson, in the *Memoirs of the Life of Mr. Jameson*, yet this is an error. He was the first vice-chancellor in equity appointed in 1837 at a time when the Lieutenant-Governor or other head of the executive was constituted chancellor by the statute. The first chancellor of the Province was Mr. William Hume Blake, who occupied that office for twelve and a half years (1849-1862). The second was Mr. Van Kough-

net for a period of seven and a half years (1862-1869). The third was Mr. Spragge whose judicial experience was varied and lengthened. He was the first Master in Chancery (1837-50), then vice-chancellor, on the resignation of Mr. Vice-Chancellor Jameson (1850-1869), and then chancellor for eleven and a half years (1869-1881) till his appointment to the highest judgeship in Ontario, at the head of the Court of Appeal. This high post he retained until his death in 1884. Mr. Boyd, the fourth chancellor, has been more than twenty-five years in office, a longer term than any of his predecessors.

The honor of Knight Bachelor was conferred upon the chancellor by patent under the great seal of the United Kingdom in July, 1899, by Her Majesty Queen Victoria. Upon the accession to the throne of King Edward VII., Sir John Boyd (October 11, 1901) was admitted to the dignity of Knight Commander of the most distinguished order of St. Michael and St. George by His Royal Highness the Duke of Cornwall and York at Government House, Toronto.

No one of these appointments was sought by the recipient. They came unexpectedly and not as the result of any solicitation on his part. During the time when it was competent for him to engage in political activity he did not take sides with either party. He gave but one vote and that was at the election held for the first parliament of the Dominion in 1867. The vote was cast for private reasons in favor of Mr. James Beaty. With this single exception Mr. Boyd took no share actively or otherwise in forwarding the interests of either political party. The chancellor was one of the commissioners for the revision of the Ontario statutes in 1887, and again for the next decennial revision in 1897. He was one of the Supervisory committee who in 1900 revised and brought into the compass of a third or supplementary volume of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, the various Imperial Statutes of England and Great Britain applicable to and in force in the Province.

In 1887 Sir John Thompson suggested and approved of the chancellor's appointment as third arbitrator in the dispute between the Dominion Government and the Canadian Pacific Railway as to the proper construction of the line of road to be made by the Government through part of British Columbia and in the mountainous parts of western Canada. He was afterward arbitrator in behalf of Ontario in conjunction with Sir Louis Napoleon Casault for Quebec and the Hon. Mr. Justice Burbidge for Canada in settling the accounts and many other disputed questions that arose out of Confedera-

tion between these two Provinces and the Dominion.

The chancellor received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from his Alma Mater in 1889 and a like degree of D.C.L. from Trinity University in 1902. The chancellor and his wife are members of the Baptist Church, but their sympathies and benefactions are not restricted by any denominational lines. Their large family of nine sons and three daughters has grown up around them and is with one exception unbroken by death. All the sons like the father have been educated at Upper Canada College, and some took university courses and degrees. One is now in practice in Toronto as a physician. Two of the sons went through the School of Practical Science, one of whom was appointed inspector of mines at Michipicoton and the other is in the Geological Survey Department at Ottawa. The eldest daughter is married to Mr. McLay, professor of English literature at MacMaster University. The second son, who is now the eldest living, is a civil engineer, and has worked on the construction of many of the new railway lines which have been planned to open up the country in all directions.

ALEXANDER JAMES BOYD, the eldest son of the above family, though he chose the profession of law, was called to the Bar, and practised in Vancouver and Toronto, never relished the restraints and confinement of a lawyer's office. He preferred life in the open: exercised himself in athletic sports and engaged strenuously in the volunteer movements of young Canada. For some time he was captain of the Argonaut Rowing Club, rowed in its champion four for several years, and was in the crew of eight that competed at Henley in 1899. He played football with the old Toronto Club, and was a member of the team that won the Rugby championship in 1885. He was also a member of the Royal Canadian Yacht Club, of the Ionie Club, A.F. & A.M., and of the Theta Chi Chapter of the Zeta Psi Fraternity. Like his parents he was a member of the Bloor Street Baptist Church.

But it was as an accomplished officer of the volunteer force that he became best known. His men were devoted to him because he was solicitous after their welfare, not only in the piping times of peace but in the stress and hardships of unsparring war. As a member of the Queen's Own Rifles he served with credit in the North-West Rebellion (1885) and received a medal with clasp for Saskatchewan. In 1892 he joined the Royal Grenadiers as second lieutenant, was made captain of Company B, in 1895, and in 1901 was gazetted as junior major, which rank he held until his death. When the larger field for

military service opened up in South Africa, he was minded to go with the First Canadian Contingent, but though disappointed in this he was attached as captain to the first draft reinforcements. He joined the contingent at Winburg in May, 1900, was present at Doornkop, Sand River and other engagements, and marched into Pretoria under the victorious Roberts. For these he received the South African medal with three clasps. Later on he was appointed adjutant of the convalescent depot at Germiston and still later, desiring further active service, he was attached to Stratheona's Horse with whom he returned to Canada in March, 1901. His stay at home was short. Upon the organization of General Baden Powell's South African Constabulary, he went out a second time with Col. Steele and was appointed inspector of a bloekhouse district with the rank of captain. The duties of this position were exhausting even to one of such strong physique as Capt. Boyd. When enteric fever attacked him he endeavored to throw it off, thinking it only an indisposition, but finally he was obliged to enter the hospital at Pretoria. There he died April 20, 1902, and was buried with military honors in the Military Cemetery. The spot is marked by a memorial stone erected by his comrades.

SERGEANT MAJOR JOHN WATSON, who passed away in Toronto in 1890, was born in Scotland in 1815. Early in life he joined the army, with which he was connected for many years in the old country. Coming to Toronto in 1865, after that time he remained continuously in Canada and until his death. For about twenty-one years he was in the Royal Army, after which he became a member of the regular staff. He joined the Queen's Own, and during the Fenian Raid saw active service. For some years prior to his death he was connected with the sheriff's office, during the incumbency of Sheriff Jarvis.

Major Watson was married in England to Miss Jane Beattie, daughter of William Beattie, who died in Scotland. They had children as follows: Robert, who died in childhood; and Frank, division freight agent at Montreal for the Grand Trunk Railway Company. Some time after locating in Toronto, Major Watson built his home at No. 198 Markham street, where his death occurred, and where his widow still resides. In political matters he was a strong Conservative, and his religious creed was that of the Church of England, to which he belonged. Major Watson possessed all the best characteristics of a soldier and stood high both professionally and personally among his associates.

THOMAS P. WRIGHT, who is well known in business circles of Toronto Junction, Ont., is one of the leading contractors and builders of this section of Canada, where the Wright family has been prominent for many years.

John Wright, grandfather of Thomas P., was born about 1779 in England, and came to this country in 1839, the family, however, being preceded some years by his son John. On locating in this country, John Wright, Sr., located in North York, where he died about 1866. His children who came to Canada were: James, deceased, after whom Wright avenue, Toronto, was named, is mentioned elsewhere; Henry, Mrs. Robert Lodge, Mrs. Hargrave and John are all deceased.

John Wright, Jr., was born in England in 1821, and was therefore but eighteen years of age when he came to Canada. He settled in North York, where he engaged in carpentering and building for many years, but in about 1902 settled in Toronto, where he died in 1905. His wife, who bore the maiden name of Harriet Smith, was born in England about 1825, daughter of William Smith, who died in England. She came to Canada when about eight years of age, and her death occurred in North York in 1875. John and Harriet (Smith) Wright had the following children: John H., who died unmarried; Thomas P.; Mary, the wife of William Lindsay; William, of the Northwest, who is married and has eight children; Elizabeth; James, with the Heintzman Piano Company, Toronto, who is the father of five children; Charles, of Toronto; Oliver and Martin, of the Northwest; and Arthur, of Minnesota.

Thomas P. Wright was born in North York, in 1854, and there received his literary training. With his father he learned the contracting and building business, and continued with him until 1875, when he embarked in business on his own account. He began work in Woodbridge, where he remained until 1888, and then located in Toronto Junction, settling on Quebec avenue, where he had, previously erected residential property. Subsequently Mr. Wright built a house on Evelyn crescent, from which he removed in 1906 to his present spacious and well-appointed residence No. 240 Clendenan avenue. Mr. Wright is one of the largest contractors of the Junction, and among the public structures erected by him may be mentioned: the high school building on Clendenan avenue, the Heydon Hotel and the Electric Power house and sheds. He has also built some of the most handsome residences there, among them that of Mrs. J. L. Cook and others on Evelyn crescent. He is known in business circles as a man of integrity and honest deal-

ings. In the W. O. W. fraternal organization he is very popular. His politics are those of the Reform party. He and Mrs. Wright attend the Methodist Church.

In 1876 Mr. Wright was married to Mary Burkholder, born in Vaughan township, County York, daughter of Jacob and Margaret (Snyder) Burkholder, early settlers of Vaughan township. To Mr. and Mrs. Wright one son, Percival, has been born, at Woodbridge, in October, 1879. He married Jessie Thompson, and resides at No. 20 Rowland avenue, Toronto Junction. Mr. Wright is an architect, and assists his father in his business.

JOSEPH R. BULL, wagon and carriage builder, of Toronto Junction, and a highly esteemed citizen of that place, is a member of one of County York's early settled families. He is a descendant of John Bull, who, with his brothers, Edward, Thomas and Bartle, came from Ireland and settled in New Brunswick, John Bull later going to York township, County York, and settling on Lot 34, Concession 2, where he farmed until his death. He and his wife, Sarah Robinson, had children as follows: William; John R., of York township; George, deceased; Sarah, Mrs. William Cathcart, of Chatham, Ont.; Martha, Mrs. Joe Mabley, of Jackson, Michigan; Hessie, Mrs. William Mabley, of Cleveland, Ohio; Theresa, Mrs. John P. Hicks, of Sandusky, Ohio; and Phoebe, who married Nehemiah Mathews, of Uffington, Ontario.

William Bull, father of Joseph R., was born in New Brunswick in 1820, and died at Toronto Junction in 1883. He was a well-known citizen, and was a wagon builder and carpenter in County Peel and Toronto Junction many years. He married Mary Ann Loughead, born in County Peel in 1827, daughter of John, a native of Ireland, who was the grandfather of Senator Loughead. Mrs. Bull died in 1887, the mother of the following children: John Alfred, now deceased, a wagon and carriage builder of Toronto Junction; James, of Rochester, New York; William, of Niagara Falls, New York; Sarah, Mrs. William Reazin, of Pickering, Ont.; Louisa, Mrs. George McLean, of Toronto Junction; and Joseph R.

Joseph R. Bull was born in Toronto Junction and there received his education. On reaching his majority he turned his attention to carriage building, learning the business at Toronto Junction and in Rochester, New York. In 1880 he entered the employ of James Cunningham, Son & Co., Rochester, as a coach builder, and so continued for ten years. He then began traveling for that firm, continuing at that occupation

for a period of two years. The next two years were spent in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, after which he returned to Rochester, remaining in that city until 1899, when he came to Toronto to take up the business of his brother, the late John Alfred Bull.

On Feb. 13, 1904, Mr. Bull was married to Miss Armenia J. Charlton, of the Toronto Junction public school teaching staff. She is the second daughter of Richard Maclean Charlton, an architect, whose father was the late Richard Charlton, barrister, of Quebec. Mrs. Bull's mother was formerly Miss Elizabeth Owen, daughter of the late Prof. Henry Owen, also of Quebec. To the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Bull have come two daughters, Evelyn Winnifred and Josephine Beatrice, both born in Toronto Junction. Mr. and Mrs. Bull are Methodists in religious faith. In politics he is a Conservative. His fraternal connections are with the Masons and the Orangemen at Toronto Junction. For the past five years Mr. Bull has been a member of the Toronto Junction council, and has been chairman of the Fire, Light and Police committee for three years, giving such service as only an able and conscientious citizen can.

DR. JOHN MOORE HART was one of the prominent physicians and surgeons of the city of Toronto, where his death took place Nov. 10, 1902. He was born in Brock township, Ontario County, Sept. 21, 1850, son of Robert and Julia (Moore) Hart. His father was a farmer in Brock township and at his home there both parents died. Their children were: Mary, Hannah, Elizabeth, Sarah, Julia, Helen, Margaret, Robert and John Moore.

John Moore Hart completed his early education in the local schools and then entered the University of Toronto, where he was graduated in 1871 with the degree of M.B. During the six years that followed he was located in Cambray, and then removed to Cannington, where he remained until his removal to Toronto in 1894. This city was afterward the scene of his professional work until the close of his useful life.

On July 3, 1878, Dr. Hart was married to Miss Dora Chambers, who was born in Toronto, daughter of John and Dorothea (Bustard) Chambers, the former of whom was born in Ireland in 1813, and died in 1900. The latter was born in 1816, and died in 1882. Mr. Chambers came to Canada in 1847, settling in Toronto, and became a man of means and standing in the Dominion, as he had been in his own land. He and his wife were members of the Methodist Church. Mr. and Mrs. Chambers had

children as follows: Elizabeth, wife of James Dale; Rev. Andrew B., of Toronto; Rev. Alexander C., now deceased; Mary, wife of W. H. Lawrence; Dora, Mrs. Hart; Annie and John J., deceased; and Thomas.

Children as follows were born to Dr. and Mrs. Hart: John M., Moore H., Robert H. and Garnett, the last named, who is the only survivor, being a resident of Toronto. Mrs. Hart owns a very pleasant and attractive home at No. 56 First avenue, which she purchased in 1903.

Dr. Hart was a member of the Presbyterian Church. In politics he was a Reformer. His fraternal relations were with the Freemasons, the A.O.U.W. and the C.O.F.

GEORGE MORGAN, for a number of years a prominent resident of Scarborough township, where he carried on farming, died in 1895. Mr. Morgan was born in 1840, in Scarborough township, County York, son of George and Jane (Fitzpatrick) Morgan, natives of Ireland who came to Canada many years ago, settling in Scarborough township, where both died.

George Morgan, the subject of this sketch, received his education in the schools of his native township, and there grew to manhood. In time he became the owner of the old farm, on which he continued farming until his death. He married Miss Elizabeth Glendenning, also a native of Scarborough township, daughter of John and Margaret (Whiteside) Glendenning. John Glendenning was a native of Dumfriesshire, Scotland, and his wife of Belfast, Ireland; he was born in 1807 and died in 1855, and she was born in 1811 and died in 1874. They came to Ontario as young people, about 1822 or 1823, and were married in Canada, settling in Scarborough, where they spent the rest of their lives, engaged in farming. They were members of the Presbyterian Church, and in politics Mr. Glendenning was a Conservative. The following children were born to them: Isabella, Mrs. James Hamilton, of Winnipeg; Thomas, deceased, who was a farmer of Scarborough township; Sarah, the wife of William Rennie, of Toronto; Elizabeth, Mrs. Morgan; Jane, the widow of Isaac Stobo; John, of Toronto; and Susan, the wife of James Gibson, of Markham.

To George Morgan and his wife were born three children: Glen Tennyson, who is on the old farm in Scarborough township, married Sarah Ogden; John is in Toronto; and Fred, also of Toronto, is a bookkeeper. Mrs. Morgan settled in Toronto in May, 1903, at No. 208 First avenue, where she purchased her present home. She is a member of the Presbyterian Church, but Mr. Morgan was a Methodist. Politically he was connected with the Reform party, and

he was a member of the Scarborough council for ten years, also serving as road commissioner and license commissioner.

WILLIAM SYLVESTER, who died at his late residence, in Deer Park, Aug 1, 1905, was born in York township, County York, Aug. 18, 1841, son of Christopher and Janet (Matheson) Sylvester, the former a native of Ireland, and the latter of Scotland. They were early settlers of York township, where Mr. Sylvester engaged in farming for many years, and where both he and his wife died. Their children were: Henry, of York township; William; Sarah, Mrs. O'Brien; Jane, Mrs. Curtis; and Isabella, deceased.

William Sylvester was educated in the public schools of his native township, and there engaged in farming and in a wholesale and retail dairy business for many years. In 1894 he went to Toronto, where for a time he continued the dairy business, but later retired from active operations. For eleven years Mr. Sylvester was a member of the council of York township, for two years being reeve thereof, resigning the latter position on account of ill-health. Mr. Sylvester was twice married, his first wife being Miss Martha Forsyth, daughter of Joseph and Mary (Forsyth) Forsyth, natives of Ireland who came to York township in 1845. There Mr. Forsyth engaged in farming until his death Sept. 15, 1876, at the age of sixty-three years. His widow, who survives him, resides at the old home in York township. To Mr. and Mrs. Forsyth were born the following children: John; Martha, Mrs. Sylvester; James; Annie, Mrs. Lee, of Toronto; Eliza, Mrs. Duff; Rebecca, Mrs. Sylvester; Joseph; and Emily, Mrs. Mercer.

To Mr. Sylvester's first marriage were born the following children: Clara, the wife of George Tattle, has one daughter, Millie; Miss Amy; and Alma is the wife of Samuel Kettle. The mother of this family died Nov. 27, 1884, when thirty-five years of age.

Mr. Sylvester married (second) Dec. 12, 1889, Miss Rebecca Forsyth, the sister of his first wife. She survives her husband and resides at the home in Deer Park, built by Mr. Sylvester in 1900. Mr. Sylvester was a member of the Baptist Church for many years, at York Mills, of which his father was one of the three founders. In political principle our subject was a pronounced Liberal, and in fraternal circles he was prominent as a member of the A.O.U.W.

ALFRED JOHN BROWN, whose last years were spent retired in Toronto, was born in 1840, in Esquesing, son of John and Ann Brown.

John Brown was a native of Manchester, England, and in his earlier life was a teacher. The greater part of his residence in Canada was passed in Esquesing, and there he was a notary public. His wife, Ann Brown, was born in New York State. After her husband's death she lived in Markham township, and there passed away.

Alfred John Brown received his education in Toronto, and from school went into business life there, acting as superintendent of some firm in that city. From Toronto he went to Oakville, and, engaging in mercantile pursuits, was for the remainder of his active life identified with the business circles of that place. His declining years, as stated above, were spent in Toronto, where his widow resides.

Mrs. Brown was formerly Miss Mary Ann Vickery. She was born in England, daughter of James and Mary (Taylor) Vickery, natives of that country. The children born to Alfred John and Mary Ann Brown were as follows: Albert L.; Florence and Bertha, both deceased; Laura, deceased wife of W. P. Cornell, of Toronto; Mrs. E. Marshall; George C.; and Nellie. Mr. Brown during his lifetime was a supporter of the Conservative party, and was a member of the Church of England. He was a man of most estimable character and was highly respected.

WILLIAM COLEMAN, who passed away in 1897, was for a large part of his life a prominent man in Bowmanville, where he was living at the time of his decease. He was born in England in 1833, son of William Coleman, Sr., who also came to Canada and spent his last years here.

William Coleman, the younger, came to the New World in 1853, when twenty years of age, and for the first fifteen years thereafter was situated in Toronto, where he was foreman for Plews & Co., on Yonge street. From that position he went to Bowmanville to engage in business for himself, and for the rest of his life was located there as a manufacturer of pumps. At that time wooden pumps were in very general use, and the business proved a profitable one.

The lady chosen by Mr. Coleman as his companion through life was Miss Mary Ann Plews, and they were married in Peterborough. Six children were born to them as follows: Susan Ada, lady superintendent of the General Hospital at Saginaw, Michigan; Emma Jane, who married, has one son, Kenneth, and lives in Toronto; William John resides in Toronto; George Henry, of Toronto, who married Lydia Combs and has two daughters, Reta and Alma; Ada is a trained nurse under her sister in the Saginaw Hospital; and Margaret Beatrice is

living at home with her mother. Since her husband's death Mrs. Coleman has returned to Toronto to reside. In religious belief the family are Methodists, to which denomination Mr. Coleman belonged. His political views were those held by the Reform party.

Mrs. Coleman was born in Whitby, daughter of John and Susan Plews, natives of England. John Plews was a teacher and came to Canada with the late Dr. Ryerson, who founded the educational system of the Dominion. Mr. Plews continued his vocation in Canada and was engaged therein in Napanee, where he married Susan Perkins. He finally removed to Whitby and settled on a farm. Still later he removed to Dalrymple, took up land there and made it his home until his death, Aug. 11, 1874, at the age of eighty-two. He was always prominent in the Methodist Church, in which he served as local preacher, class leader and steward. He had joined the church in 1809. His wife died in 1891, aged ninety-one. They had five children, namely: William, David, Bradford (deceased, a physician at Hancock, Michigan), Mrs. Coleman, and Elizabeth (the wife of John Chrysler, residing on her father's old homestead in Dalrymple).

JOSEPH W. SHUTER, who died at Bracondale, County York, in 1898, had passed his adult life in Canada, but was by birth an Englishman, born in Gloucestershire, in 1841. His parents were Joseph and Sarah (Rose) Shuter, who never left their native land, where the former was steward for Lord Sudley. Several of the children came to Canada and settled permanently, one of whom, Henry, is still living. He crossed the ocean in 1866, and has ever since made his home at Bracondale. A sister, Ann, who also came, married David Goddard, but is now deceased.

Joseph William Shuter grew to manhood in his native land, and on reaching his majority, in 1862, set sail for Canada. Going at once to Toronto, he rented land there from the late Col. George Denison, and engaged in market gardening. After some time in that location, Mr. Shuter removed to Bracondale, County York, and purchasing five acres there began his gardening again. He was thus occupied until his death, building up a good business which is now continued by his son.

Mr. Shuter was united in marriage to Miss Hannah Stockwell, who was born in England, daughter of Samuel and Sophie (Lowe) Stockwell. Her father was a carpenter and builder, and he and his wife both died in England. Of their children only Mrs. Shuter came to the New World, and she made the voyage in 1866. The

family born to Joseph and Hannah Shuter were as follows: (1) Alice married Rupert Steele, of Mimico, and has six children, Arthur, Edith, Harold, Ethel, Florence and Dorothy. (2) Albert, now carrying on his father's business, married Miss Rose Molly, and has two sons, Edgar and Norman. (3) Edgar, (4) Jessie and (5) Joseph, are all of Toronto. Mr. Shuter was during his lifetime a member of the Church of England, and in politics was a Reformer.

MAGLOIRE DE LEPLANTE, who was for over a quarter of a century one of Toronto's well-known lumbermen, and who died in that city Sept. 29, 1905, was born in St. Pierre, Canada, in 1837, son of Alexander De Leplante, whose father was the founder of the family in Canada. Alexander De Leplante came from his native France to St. Pierre, bought a fine farm there, and spent the rest of his life at his homestead, engaged in agriculture and the breeding of fine horses. He and his wife both died there. They left the following family: Magloire; Matilda, Mrs. Hogue, of Moriah, New York; Udilla, Mrs. Le Lamuire, of Longueuil; Paul, of Malone, New York; Jed, of the same State; Sophia and Alexander, both deceased.

Magloire De Leplante attended the schools of St. Pierre, and later, when ready to begin the serious business of life, came to Toronto, and established himself on Ontario street. He afterward conducted a planing-mill for several years. He then went into the lumber business at the corner of Queen and Sherbourne streets. His office was later moved to Front street east, and he remained in the last location until he retired, about 1899. Besides his lumber interests Mr. De Leplante dealt quite extensively in real estate, and owned a number of houses, many of which he himself erected. Leplante avenue was named for him. On political questions he stood with the Conservative party, while his religious belief was that of the Roman Catholic Church. Mr. De Leplante was a man of much ability and stood high in public esteem. His death occurred about five years after he gave up business cares.

Mr. De Leplante was twice married, the first time to Miss Emma Jewell, who died in 1880, leaving two sons, namely: Albert J., a lumber merchant of Buffalo, New York; and Llewellyn, in the same business in East Toronto. For his second wife Mr. De Leplante chose Miss Theresa Dyer, who was born in Toronto in 1842, only child of David and Mary (Simons) Dyer, natives of Ireland, who settled in Toronto in 1836, on what is now River street, and spent the rest of their lives here. Mr. Dyer died in 1867 and his wife in 1870. They belonged to the Roman Catholic Church, and their daughter was reared in



Mr DeLaplante

that faith. By the second union Mr. De Leplante had one son and one daughter, Francis Joseph and Mary Adelaide, both of Toronto. The family are well known socially, and they have a large circle of friends in the city where they have spent so many years.

JOHN STEPHENS, who has for a number of years been engaged in market gardening on Murray street, Bracondale, York township, is one of York County's good, substantial citizens. Mr. Stephens was born July 15, 1845, in Cornwall, England, son of William and Jane (Holmes) Stephens, natives of that place.

William Stephens was a gardener in his native country, and followed that occupation for sixty-five years in the employ of Lord St. Tobins, one of the wealthy land-owners of Cornwall. Mr. and Mrs. Stephens both died at their native place, in the faith of the English Church. To them were born children as follows: William, of England; Dorcas, who married William Jewell, of Cornwall; Emily, wife of S. H. Stamburger, of England; Annie, Mrs. Bray, of Cornwall; Thomas, deceased; Aliee, who died when a young woman; Mary J., deceased, wife of Henry Williams, who died in Cornwall; John (1), who died in England; John (2); Elizabeth, born in England, the wife of Fletcher Trevorton, formerly of England, and now of Calumet Mines, Michigan; and Richard, born in England, a market gardener of York township, Ontario.

John Stephens was educated in the schools of England, and when a young man worked in the stone quarries of his native county. On Feb. 13, 1868, he married Miss Elizabeth Williams, born in England Feb. 13, 1845, daughter of James and Mary Williams, who spent their entire lives in Cornwall. The same year Mr. and Mrs. Stephens came to Canada, via Quebec and Montreal. Locating in Toronto, Mr. Stephens was employed by Robert Turner as general servant for four and one-half years, when he rented land from the present postmaster of Bracondale, Mr. Frank Turner, and was engaged as a market gardener for twenty-one years. He then purchased his present place in Bracondale, and in 1895 built a fine home and large green-houses, being one of the most successful market-gardeners of the section.

Mrs. Stephens died April 6, 1906, in the faith of the Methodist Church. She was a true and faithful wife and loving mother, and her loss is not only mourned by her immediate family, but by countless friends and acquaintances who had been acquainted with her many acts of charity and kindness. She was the mother of the following children: (1) Mary, born in July, 1869, married Peter Clintonbromer, formerly of

Toronto, where he was born a descendant of a pioneer family who came to Toronto with General Wolfe, and he now resides in Evanston, Illinois, U.S.A.; they have two children, Gordon S., and Howard H. (2) William, born Aug. 20, 1870, married Miss Dora Leonard, of Toronto, and they reside in Bracondale, where he is engaged in market-gardening; they have three children, William, Margery, and Charles E. (3) Christina, born in August, 1872, married Charles Greenside, of Toronto, and they reside in Bracondale, where he is engaged in brick manufacturing; they have three children, Reginald S., Dorothy and Harold. (4) John, born in 1874, is unmarried, and is in business with his father. (5) Albert E. died in childhood. (6) Henry C., born in 1877, is single and resides at home. (7) Miss Louise, born in 1879, and (8) Miss Helena, born in 1881, are at home. Mr. and Mrs. Stephens were members of the Methodist Church. Mr. Stephens has always been a supporter of the Conservative party. He is a member of the Sons of England. As a public-spirited citizen, foremost in any movement which will be of benefit to the town, Mr. Stephens is highly-esteemed in Bracondale, and he is one of the town's representative men.

ASA ALFRED BROWN; V.S., who carries on a sales stable in connection with his veterinary infirmary at Nos. 84-86 George street, Toronto, is a member of pioneer families of Counties York and Ontario.

The Browns were originally from England, in which country Abram Brown, the great-grandfather of our subject was born, and from which country he emigrated to Vermont, prior to the American Revolution. He there engaged in farming and died. Seven of his sons, among them Nicholas Brown, grandfather of Asa Alfred, came to County Ontario about 1803. There the brothers settled in Pickering township, and cleared up farms from the bush, and five of them spent the remainder of their lives in this township; one going to Cleveland, Ohio, where he died; and another to Prince Edward County, where he died.

Nicholas Brown was a farmer in the township of Pickering for many years. He married (first) Esther Rogers, who also came from Vermont, and who pre-deceased him some years. Their children were: Abraham W., deceased; Asa, deceased; Sherman, who lives on the old farm in Pickering; Paulina, deceased; and Isaac, deceased. The parents were both members of the Society of Friends, in which the father was a well known minister. Nicholas Brown married (second) Margaret Judge, who

was also an esteemed minister of the Society, and who survived him some years.

Asa Brown, son of Nicholas, was born in Pickering township in 1817, and was a life-long farmer in that vicinity. He cleared his farm from the bush, and there passed his life, dying Nov. 19, 1891. He married Edith Phillips, daughter of William J. Phillips, one of the early settlers of County York. Prior to settling in York Mr. Phillips's father visited the county about 1800 and purchased a farm on Yonge street, between Aurora and Newmarket. This land was all bush. In moving to their new home from Pennsylvania (originally from Wales) the family camped for a night near Toronto, and in the morning their cows, which they had been driving with them, were found to be missing, and no amount of search could find where they were. The party therefore proceeded to the new home, where, to their surprise they found the cows on the farm which Mr. Phillips had before purchased. Here he cleared a farm from the bush, and here Mrs. Brown, mother of Asa Alfred, was born in 1819. She died in 1857. Their children were as follows: Rebecca, deceased; Nicholas John, a farmer in Pickering township; William Oliver, deceased; and Dr. Asa Alfred. After the death of his first wife Mr. Brown married Sarah E. Barker, daughter of David Barker, of Northport, Prince Edward County. Of this union there are a number of surviving children. The family were members of the Society before mentioned. Mr. Brown was a life-long Reformer.

Dr. Asa Alfred Brown was born in Pickering township in March, 1851. He was educated in the schools of his native township, and for some time was engaged in farming there. In 1890 he entered the Ontario Veterinary College at Toronto, from which he was graduated in 1892, with the degree of V.S. He at once established himself in practice at Nos. 84-86 George street, Toronto, and has made a success of his chosen profession. In connection with his infirmary he conducts a feed and sale stable. In 1896 (four years after graduation), he purchased a fine residence at No. 106 Gould street, for which he has since refused \$6,500, and here he has since made his home.

In 1879 Dr. Brown and Miss Jennie Wight were united in marriage. Mrs. Brown is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Wright, early settlers of Darlington, Ont., where Mrs. Brown was born. To the doctor and his wife have been born children as follows: Eva May, wife of A. H. Moore, of Toronto; Edith J., who graduated from the Toronto Normal in 1903, at which time it was agreed by the examiners that if a gold medal had been presented that year she would

have been the recipient, and who is now a successful teacher; and Alfred Arnold, in the office of the Manufacturers' Life Insurance Company, Toronto, where he won the gold watch awarded by the company to the member of the office staff who wrote the largest amount of business after office hours during the month of December, 1906. Dr. Brown is a Liberal in politics, and he is a strong advocate of temperance reform.

JAMES O'HAGAN (deceased), a well-known dealer in groceries in Toronto, was born in County Sligo, Ireland, son of James and Catherine O'Hagan.

James O'Hagan, Sr., came to Toronto from his native land in 1838, and established himself on Jarvis street in the grocery business. After a few years he purchased property on the northeast corner of Sackville and Queen streets, and transferred his business to that location. This land has now become very valuable and is owned by the widow of James O'Hagan, Jr. It was the site of the family home also, and there both the elder O'Hagan and his wife died. They were members of the Catholic Church, and Mr. O'Hagan was a Conservative in politics.

James O'Hagan was but two years old when his parents settled in Toronto, and there the whole of his school and business life was spent. He learned the painter's trade and was so engaged for a time, but after his father's death he succeeded to the management of the grocery business, and the rest of his life was spent in that more congenial occupation. He lived to the age of sixty, passing away in Toronto in 1896.

Mr. O'Hagan was united in marriage to Miss Elizabeth Madden, who was born in Toronto. Seven children have been born to them, as follows: (1) Louise is the wife of R. Dickson, and the mother of Louis, Zeta, Evelyn, Gladys and Phyllis. (2) Agnes married, and has three children, Marjorie, Agnes and Herbert. (3) Edwin is deceased. (4) Frank died and left three children, Irene, Frank and Paul. (5) Kate. (6) James. (7) Walter. Mr. O'Hagan was a Reformer in politics, and both he and his wife adhered to the Roman Catholic faith.

Mrs. Elizabeth O'Hagan was a daughter of Patrick and Nancy (McConnell) Madden, who were natives of County Antrim, Ireland. They came to Toronto in 1826, and built a home at what is now the corner of Queen and Parliament streets, on Lot 4. The house is still standing, and in a good state of preservation. On the door still hangs the old knocker which Mrs. O'Hagan remembers in that same place in her childhood days, seventy years ago. Their chil-

dren were named, James, Patrick, Jane and Elizabeth. The family were Roman Catholics in religious affiliation.

JOHN HENRY STEWART (deceased). All great movements have their beginnings, and the founders thereof deserve more than passing mention in the annals of the section in which such movements were started. In the history of Christian Science it is doubtful if any besides Mrs. Eddy, the founder, are more widely known than the late John Henry Stewart and his estimable wife, Mrs. Isabella M. Stewart.

Mr. Stewart was born in Ontario in 1864, son of Thomas Stewart and his wife, who had been Miss Robb. He grew up on the farm, and there learned habits of industry and strict integrity. In the public schools of his native place he received his early literary training, which was supplemented by private instruction. On reaching his majority he engaged for a short time in the contracting and building business, both in Canada and in Chicago, Illinois. While in the latter city Mr. Stewart became interested in Christian Science, and there began a systematic study thereof, completing his work at Mrs. Eddy's school in Boston. On finishing his work in Boston Mr. Stewart settled in Toronto, and with his wife, Mrs. Isabella M. Stewart, C.S.D., introduced the work into Ontario. To be exact, Mrs. Stewart founded the work in Toronto in 1888 and in 1889 received the degree of C.S.D. (Doctor in Christian Science) from Mrs. Eddy's school in Boston. Together Mr. and Mrs. Stewart devoted themselves to the different phases of Christian Science in Toronto. The school founded by them has over three hundred pupils, and the First Church of Christian Science of the city was established through their supreme efforts, and dedicated in 1898, free of debt. The edifice is situated at the head of Simcoe street, and the membership is about six hundred. Prior to the purchase and reconstruction of the present church edifice, services were held at McBean's Hall, Brunswick avenue, Mr. and Mrs. Stewart officiating. Mr. Stewart was pastor of the church for a short time and resigned, at which time his wife was persuaded to take the position, which she maintained until the Bible and the Christian Science Text Book were ordained pastor over all the Christian Science churches. Mr. and Mrs. Stewart were then elected the readers in the church and continued to be until a short time before Mr. Stewart's decease, when they both resigned their positions. In addition to the educational and church work both Mr. and Mrs. Stewart successfully conducted the healing part of the work, and since the death of her husband Mrs. Stewart has con-

ducted this department, and so far as possible carried on the educational work.

Mr. Stewart was greatly beloved in Toronto, and the floral offerings at his funeral were the most beautiful and in the greatest profusion. A full synopsis of Mr. Stewart's work in Toronto is written on the minutes of the church, and a handsomely bound copy thereof was presented to his widow. We quote the closing paragraph: "Having passed through an experience of seventeen years of Christian Science he has made a record that we may well follow, and he can well have said with St. Paul: 'I have fought a good fight; I have finished my course; I have kept the faith. Henceforth there is laid up for me a crown of righteousness. For I know that if our earthly house of this tabernacle be dissolved we have a building of God, a house not made with hands, eternal in the Heavens.' "

Mr. Stewart left behind him to mourn his loss his beloved wife and partner in his work, a son William, and a host of friends whom he had endeared to himself by his genial Christian character.

CHARLES FLINT, who died at Toronto Junction in 1899, was born in England in 1853, son of Charles and Susannah Bond Flint, natives of England, where they both died.

Mr. Flint grew to manhood and received his education in England, and in 1874 came to Canada to accept a position with the Grand Trunk Railway, which he obtained through the late Sir Joseph Paxton, of London, England. On arriving in Toronto he at once assumed his duties as bookkeeper for the Grand Trunk, continuing in the Toronto office for some time, and then going to Toronto Junction, where he filled a similar position to the time of his death.

Mr. Flint was married, in 1882, in New York City, to Miss Elizabeth Ann Macdonald, born near Collingwood, Ont., daughter of Donald and Elizabeth (Leach) Macdonald, and granddaughter of William Macdonald, who, about 1837, settled near Collingwood on a 200-acre tract upon which he died. Donald Macdonald was born in England, and came to Canada with his father, farming until his death in 1898. His wife, Elizabeth Leach, was a daughter of Capt. William Leach, of the 11th Light Dragoons, with which company he served in the Peninsular wars. About 1830 he came to Canada and settled on a tract of 800 acres, which he received as a grant from the Crown. The children born to Mr. and Mrs. Macdonald were: Christopher, William, James, Elizabeth, Mary, George, Jane, Donald, Alfred J., Charles and Fred A.

To Mr. and Mrs. Flint were born these children: Elizabeth, Susannah, Mary and Charles.

Mr. Flint was a member of the Church of England. In politics he was a Conservative.

FRANK B. HARTNEY, manager for the Ontario Lime Association, and a rising young business man of Toronto Junction, Ont., is a member of a family long identified with the Dominion, and one prominently connected in military circles.

The Hartney family is of Irish extraction, and was founded in Canada by Patrick Hartney, the great-grandfather of Frank B. He was born in Kings County, Ireland, about 1754, had a military career in his native country, and came to Canada shortly after the American Revolution. He was stationed with his regiment at Kingston, but before the war of 1812-14 he came to Toronto, where he was barracks master, and he was wounded at the time the Americans took York. He died about 1834, and was buried in St. James Cemetery. To his first marriage were born children as follows: Michael; James; Mary, who married a Mr. Geard; Edward, who was in the commissary department during the war of 1812-14, and spirited away the supplies at the time of the American invasion of Toronto, keeping them in safety until the withdrawal of the American troops, after which he returned them to army quarters: Eleanor, who married a Mr. Wilson, also a military man; Ann; and John, who died young. Patrick Hartney married (second) Mrs. Marshall, and the children of this union were: Catherine, deceased, who married a Mr. Todd; Isabella, deceased; and Henry, who died in 1902, after many years as a clerk in the House, Canadian Parliament.

Michael Hartney, grandfather of Frank B., was born in Kingston, Ont., in 1794, and was educated in Quebec, in which city he learned the boot and shoe business. About 1815 he settled in Markham, County York, and there he continued in the same business until 1839, when he moved to a farm in King township, where he resided until his death in 1876. He married Elizabeth Ozburn, who was born in North Carolina, daughter of James and Sarah (Smith) Ozburn, United Empire Loyalists. James Ozburn was a soldier under Lord Cornwallis in the American Revolution, and in 1803 he settled at Niagara-on-the-Lake; from there he went to Burlington, and then to Cedar Grove in Markham township, whence he moved to a farm of 200 acres on Lot 16, Concession 9, of the same township, and finally into Markham village, where he died in 1842; his wife had died some years before. To James Ozburn and wife the following children were born: Mrs. Hartney; Rebecca, who married William Anderson; Mary, who married a Mr. Gero; Mrs. Tomlinson; Mrs.

Conklin; James; Joseph and Benjamin. To Michael Hartney and wife were born children as follows: Ann, deceased, who married Jacob Clendenen; Sarah G., deceased, who married James Echlin; Eleanor, who married Samuel Virgin; Elizabeth, deceased, who married George Hiltz; Mary, who married Henry McKenzie; Edward, deceased, who married Julia Keller, and had one son and one daughter, the son, Charles, now residing in Chicago; Joseph, deceased, who married (first) Phoebe Curtis, had three children—Elizabeth, Sarah Ann and William Henry—and married (second) Rachel Tate, who bore him six children—Lizett, Minnie, Arvah, May, Harvey and Benson B.; John, deceased, who married Sarah Thompson, and had one child; Andrew, who died unmarried; and William Patrick.

William Patrick Hartney, father of Frank B., was born in Markham, County York, in 1831. He learned the tanning business in his native place, after which for twelve or fourteen years he was engaged at that trade in Rochester, New York. He then engaged in mercantile pursuits, first at Drayton and later at Stouffville—1871-1896—handling builders' supplies, lumber, grain, etc. In 1896 he settled in Toronto Junction, where he carried on the same business with the exception of grain. He retired from active work in 1906. In 1904-05-06 he was chairman of the Board of Health, and for several years was a member of the Library board. In 1871 he was united in marriage to Mary Brimson, born in Whitechurch township, County York, daughter of Stephen and Jane Brimson, and to this union there were born children as follows: Theda, Meda, Joseph Wilber, and Ella Myrtle, who all died young; Frank B., and Harlow M. Both Mr. Hartney and his wife are Methodists. In politics he is a Reformer, and in fraternal connection a member of the A.O.U.W., the Royal Templars of Temperance and the York Pioneers.

Frank Brimson Hartney was born May 19, 1882, in Stouffville, and in his native town received his education. On reaching his majority he became bookkeeper for his father, and this position he filled until April 1, 1906, when he was appointed manager for the Ontario Lime Association, a position he has filled to the present time with much ability.

On Feb. 21, 1906, Mr. Hartney was married to Miss Annie Ford, daughter of William H. Ford, mentioned elsewhere. They reside in a charming home at No. 22 King street, Toronto Junction, in which place they have many friends and acquaintances. Mr. Hartney is well-known in fraternal organizations of Toronto Junction, being a member of Victoria Lodge, No. 474, A.F. & A.M.; Shekinah Chapter, No. 138, R.A.M.;

past master of Pacific Lodge, No. 283, A.O.U. W.; past consul commander of the C.O.W.O.W., Camp 173; and a member of the I.O.O.F. For some years he was in the Toronto Junction Fire Department. Since 1901 he has been a trustee and a member of the Quarterly board of the Davenport Road Methodist Church. He is sergeant of the Army Medical Corps, No. 11 Company, at Toronto Armories. He was tendered a commission in the 12th York Rangers.

CHARLES HENRY FOSTER, a well-known citizen and business man of Toronto and Hamilton, died in the former city in 1888. He was a Canadian by birth, born in 1850, a son of Charles Foster, grandson of a general in the British Army, who lived in India many years, also a brother of James Foster, of Hamilton.

On reaching maturity Charles Foster, father of Charles Henry, engaged for some time in a prosperous business in Hamilton, and later became an inspector in that place. He died in Hamilton in 1887. He had married three times, his first wife, Miss Reynolds, being the mother of our subject.

Charles Henry Foster was educated in Hamilton, and there learned the wholesale dry goods business. At nineteen years he was buyer for a wholesale house in Hamilton, in which he later became a partner, the firm being known as Walker, Foster & Hillman. About 1885 Mr. Foster sold out his business in Hamilton, and settled in Toronto, where he formed a partnership with John McCabe, trading under the firm name of Foster & McCabe, wholesale merchants. In this connection Mr. Foster continued until his death.

In Hamilton, Ont., Mr. Foster and Miss Mary Shearsmith were united in marriage. She was the third daughter of William and Mary (Wood) Shearsmith, natives of England, the former of whom carried on contracting and building in Hamilton for many years. There he died in 1867, and Mrs. Shearsmith in 1870. The children born to Mr. and Mrs. Foster were as follows: Harry, of Toronto; William, of Toronto, who married Minnie Kyle, and has two daughters, Grace and Florence; Frank; Percy; John; and Isabelle.

Mr. Foster was a consistent member of the Church of England. He was a Conservative and took a great deal of interest in the success of his party in this section. In the Masonic fraternity he had attained high degree.

JOHN WESTWOOD. From landing as a stranger in a strange land, with only one pound in his pocket, to a position among the leading market gardeners of Toronto, is a long step, but

it is in brief the life story of John Westwood thus far, and it holds the promise of a prosperous future. Mr. Westwood was born in the parish of Yardley, England, March 10, 1864, son of Joseph and Emma (White) Westwood.

Joseph Westwood was a son of Joseph Westwood, Sr., and his wife Mary, both of whom died in England. The son was a shoemaker by trade, and spent his whole life in Yardley parish, dying there in 1902. His wife, who is still living in their old home, bore him seven children, namely: Emma, Mrs. Joseph Trout; Katie, Mrs. George Wilks; Lena, a teacher; Lottie, Mrs. John Fickle; William, a machinist, who died in 1896, leaving a wife and children; John; and Eva, Mrs. Onyon. John is the only one who left England.

John Westwood was educated in England, where he also acquired a knowledge of two most diverse trades, those of market gardener and jeweler and engraver. In 1883 he left Liverpool on the steamer "Circassian," of the Allan Line, for Quebec, and upon his arrival proceeded to Toronto. There he worked four years in the jewelry establishment of P. W. Ellis & Co., at the end of that time giving up that line of work for market gardening, in which there seemed more likelihood of financial success. He rented land in Todmorden and entered upon his venture, which proved so profitable that in 1896 he was able to buy the Marhis homestead. He has put up large green-houses there and now ranks among the leading men in his line around Toronto. He owns and occupies a handsome brick house, and rents two other houses near his place. Mr. Westwood has attained this prosperity without sacrificing in any degree his principles of honesty and integrity, and enjoys the sincere esteem of all who know him.

The partner of Mr. Westwood's domestic joys and sorrows was Miss Martha Roberts, to whom he was united in 1884. Miss Roberts was the daughter of William and Elizabeth Roberts, and was born in Nunwich, England, in 1864. Her parents emigrated from England to Canada and settled in York township, where the daughter received her education. Mr. Roberts, who was a local Methodist minister, is deceased, but his wife is still living. Before her marriage Mrs. Westwood was engaged as a dressmaker. To her and her husband three children were born, namely: Percy E., born in 1886, who is now engaged with his father in business; Clara L., born in 1888, a high school student; and Annie Gertrude, born in 1890, who is also in high school. The family are all connected with the Methodist Church. In 1895 Mr. Westwood met with a deep affliction in the demise of his wife, who had been an admirable helpmate through the eleven

years of their married life. In political affairs Mr. Westwood has never allied himself permanently with any of the party organizations, but stands among the independent voters. Fraternally he belongs to the Canadian Order of Foresters.

CHARLES COLEMAN, who died in Bowmanville, Ont., in 1882, was born at that place in 1840, son of Peter Coleman, an early settler of that locality.

Peter Coleman was born in Cornwall, England, and there married a Miss Tomlyn. At an early date they come to Ontario, settling at Bowmanville, where Mr. Coleman became a prominent business man, and near which place he owned farm property. He took an active part in local politics, being reeve of the town, and bailiff for many years. Both he and his wife died there.

Charles Coleman grew to manhood at Bowmanville, and there received his education. On reaching his majority he went into his father's office, and remained with him until his death. Mr. Coleman was married to Miss Amanda Hawley, daughter of James and Mary (Johnston) Hawley, the former born at Napanee, son of Johiel Hawley, whose father, an United Empire Loyalist, came to Canada from the United States, about the time of the outbreak of the American Revolution, and settled in Nova Scotia, where he died. Johiel Hawley settled in Napanee on ground granted his father by the Crown, and there died, the founder of his family in Ontario. James Hawley, father of Mrs. Coleman, was twice married, his first wife being Miss Lockhead, by whom he had one son, Joseph. His second wife was Miss Mary Johnston, the mother of Mrs. Coleman, and to this marriage were born: Mrs. Coleman, D. R., M. B., and Miss Hawley.

To Mr. and Mrs. Coleman were born two sons: Charles Perry, a railroad man at Buffalo, New York; and William Elgin, with the Royal Insurance Company, of Toronto. Mr. Coleman was a Methodist. In politics he was a Conservative. In November, 1903, Mrs. Coleman purchased her present home, at No. 123 Isabella street, Toronto, and here she has since resided.

THOMAS FINDLAY HOPKIRK, who died in Toronto, in 1898, was born in 1848, in Edinburgh, Scotland, son of Alexander Hopkirk, also a native of that city. The father of our subject was stationmaster at Woodside, on the Caledonian railroad, Perth, Scotland, and died in the old country. His wife was Annie Mennies, the daughter of Captain Mennies, who was drowned near Aberdeen.

Thomas Findlay Hopkirk remained in his native land until he was nineteen years old, when he came to Canada for his health, stopping with John Paton, of Park Hill, an uncle of Mrs. Hopkirk. He was bookkeeper for Swan & Bros., with whom he remained for several years, and then entered the employ of the Grand Trunk Railroad, as conductor on a freight train. When Lord Lorne and Princess Louise visited Canada, Mr. Hopkirk was chosen as conductor to bring the Royal couple from Montreal to Toronto and back. Mr. Hopkirk remained in the employ of the Grand Trunk for about thirteen years, and then engaged with the Canadian Pacific Railroad Company as passenger conductor, running from Toronto to St. Thomas, and later between Toronto and Montreal. Mr. Hopkirk then became a travelling salesman for the Don Brewery, which position he held until his death.

Mr. Hopkirk was married in Scotland, to Miss Margaret Haggart, born in Perthshire, Scotland, daughter of John and Isabelle (Paton) Haggart, both of whom were born in Scotland, the former of whom was an architect by trade. Both the parents of Mrs. Hopkirk died in their native country. To Mr. and Mrs. Hopkirk the following children were born: Alexander, of Detroit, who married and has three children, Edwin Schley, Isabella, and Ella; John H., of Toronto, with the Canadian Pacific Railroad, who married Elizabeth Abell; Thomas Henry, a superintendent for the Erie Railroad, married Sarah Curley; Miza, who was drowned in Lake Ontario in 1897; Arthur Allen, who married Theresa Adams; and Joseph, of Montreal, a draughtsman. Miss Miza was educated in the high school at Toronto and at Wells' Business College. She was a talented musician, playing both the piano and violin, as well as an artist of rare ability. She was universally loved throughout the city, and her death came as a shock to her numberless friends.

Mr. Hopkirk was a member of the Presbyterian Church. In his political sympathies he was a Conservative. He was a member of the Masons, the I.O.O.F. and the Orangemen.

JOHN MARSHALL, who died at No. 229 Brock avenue, Toronto, Sept. 10, 1893, was born in Quebec in 1824, a son of Hamilton and Mary (Pickering) Marshall, natives of the North of Ireland. Hamilton Marshall was a wheelwright by profession, and followed that calling in Quebec, to which city he came from Ireland. He later settled in Toronto, where he died, as did also his wife.

John Marshall was educated in Quebec, and, when a young man, settled in Toronto, where

he engaged in the contracting and building business for many years. He became one of the well known men of the Queen City, and his strict attention to business won him many friends. In addition to the many houses erected for others, Mr. Marshall built his late residence at No. 229 Brock avenue, and eight other houses which Mrs. Marshall now owns and rents. Mr. Marshall married in Toronto Miss Mary Morren, born in Ireland, daughter of William Morren. Mrs. Marshall's mother died in Ireland, but her father came to Toronto in 1846, and there engaged in the manufacture of shoes until his death. Mrs. Marshall came with her father to Toronto, and there she now resides, in the old home in which she and her late husband lived for nearly forty years. They had children as follows: Mary Elizabeth, Isabella, Jane, William, John, Annie, Maggie (the wife of Edward Chambers), Emily and Thomas. Mr. Marshall was a member of the Church of England, as is his widow. He was a Conservative.

JAMES EDWARDS, who died in Toronto in February, 1903, was born in Manchester, England, in 1849, son of Paul and Mary Edwards, both of whom passed away in England, their native country.

James Edwards obtained his education in Manchester, and there engaged in mercantile pursuits. He came to Toronto and became a marine engineer for some time, also being on the Midland Railway for some time as an engineer. He later went into the picture business in Hamilton, but after a year or two removed his business to No. 226 Wellesley street, Toronto, and he continued at this location until his death. Mr. Edwards was married to Miss Charlotte Cook, born in Scarborough, County York, daughter of George and Mary (Salor) Cook, early settlers of Scarborough. They were born in Yorkshire, England, and came to Canada soon after their marriage, settling in Scarborough for a short time. Then they went to Barrie, and there Mr. Cook died. His widow still survives. They had these children: William; Charlotte, Mrs. Edwards; Bessie; Mary, Mrs. George Healy; Emily, deceased; Annie, of Toronto, Mrs. Baldam; and Clara, Mrs. Saymon.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwards had one son, George, of Toronto. Mr. Edwards was a member of the Church of England. In politics he was a Reformer, and he was fraternally connected with the K.O.T.M. Since the death of her husband, Mrs. Edwards has carried on the picture business very successfully, it being still located at the old stand, No. 226 Wellesley street.

JOHN WRIGHT who died in Toronto April 7, 1897 was one of the best known hotelmen in

Western Ontario, having been associated with his father-in-law, David Walker, deceased, as proprietor of the "Walker House," Toronto, for a number of years. He was born in Derbyshire, England, Sept. 19, 1847, son of Samuel Wright, who passed his entire life in England.

John Wright received his education in England, and in 1870 came to Toronto, and soon became associated with the late David Walker in the "American Hotel," which stood on the present site of the Board of Trade building, Toronto. From here Mr. Wright went to Chatham, where he conducted the "Rankin House," of that city, for about two years. Mr. Wright returned to Toronto, and again became associated with Mr. Walker in the "Walker House," and in this continued until his death. After Mr. Wright's death, Mr. Walker conducted the business alone until January, 1905, when he passed away.

On Nov. 30, 1875, Mr. Wright and Miss Annie Walker were united in marriage. Mrs. Wright's father, David Walker, was born in Glasgow, Scotland, in 1830, son of James and Margaret (Murry) Walker, both of whom died in England. He came to Canada about 1852, locating in Chatham, where he was the proprietor of the "Royal Exchange Hotel" for a number of years, and then settled in Toronto. With Mr. Wright he conducted the "American Hotel," and later the "Walker House," one of the leading hotels of the Queen City. Mr. Walker was twice married, his first wife bearing the maiden name of Charlotte Margaret Jones. She was born at Oswestry, Wales, and died in Toronto in 1887. To this marriage twelve children were born, five of whom reached maturity. Those of whom we have record are: Annie, Mrs. Wright; Jessie, who married (first) F. C. Moffatt, and (second) Broglio D'Agano, and is now residing in Rome, Italy; Cecil Gibson, of Toronto; Mrs. J. Strachan Johnston; Alice, deceased, who married Alfred B. Cameron. Mr. Walker married (second) Miss Agnes Osborne, who survives him. No children were born to the second union.

To Mr. and Mrs. John Wright were born five sons: David Ernest, who married Miss Muriel Steele, of Hamilton, and has one son, David Steele; Bertram F., who died aged nine years; John Jennings; Dr. W. Walter, of Toronto; and Douglas. Mr. Wright was a prominent member of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, and a member of the board of managers thereof. He was a member of the Board of Trade. In politics he was a Conservative, and in fraternal connection a Mason. He was well known in athletics as a curler and cricket player of wide reputation.

FRANK DAVIS, who passed away at his residence, No. 117 Elm street, Toronto, Feb. 6, 1905, was very well known in Toronto, in which city he had resided for many years. Mr. Davis was born on the Isle of Wight in 1851, son of Frank Davis.

Mr. Davis was educated in England, and there married Miss Eliza Lovegarve, born in England. In 1880 Mr. Davis came to Toronto, and for a short time was employed by the Grand Trunk Railway Company. In 1883 he was made brigade orderly room clerk at the Barracks, which position he filled until 1896. In this year he purchased a wholesale liquor business at Nos. 115-117 Elm street, and continued therein until his death, since which event his widow has carried the business on, his son, Alfred C., being manager thereof. To Mr. and Mrs. Davis were born the following children: (1) Frank E. (2) Edith Rose is married and lives in Toronto. (3) Alfred C., manager of his late father's business, was educated in Toronto, and was, for four years, bookkeeper for E. & S. Curry, and later for the P. Blackwell Co., but on the death of his father, when his mother assumed control of the business, he became manager thereof and has continued in that capacity to the present time. He married Miss Martha Rose Tyler, daughter of William Tyler, of Toronto. (4) Alice Maud is the wife of Charles Creed, of Toronto, and has three children, Ernest, Maurice and Frank. (5) Miss Mary Jean is at home.

Mr. Davis, in religious faith, was a member of the Church of England. In politics a Conservative, he took a great interest in the success of his party. He was connected with the Masons, the A.O.U.W., the Army and Navy Veterans and the Caledonian Society.

CAPT. WILLIAM WILSON, who died at his late residence, No. 210 Carlton street, Toronto, April 21, 1899, was one of the oldest sea captains of Canada. He was born at New Bedford, in 1821, and there he received his education.

Early in life Capt. Wilson began sailing, and circumnavigated the globe several times. For many years prior to his death, he lived retired at his home, which home he had built about 1870, and where Mrs. Wilson now resides. Capt. Wilson was twice married. The present Mrs. Wilson was Miss Louisa Beverly, a native of London, England. She was educated in her native city, where she paid special attention to music, both vocal and instrumental, and she is well known in the musical circles of Toronto. She is especially prominent in the Church of England, to which the captain also belonged.

In politics he was a Conservative. He belonged to the Masons.

JOHN WRIGHT (deceased) was for almost half a century a prominent business man of Toronto, engaged in plumbing and steam fitting at No. 403 Yonge street. He was the proprietor of the oldest established business in that line in the Queen City, where he lived retired from the time of handing the business over to his sons until his death, Dec. 10, 1904. Mr. Wright was born in Glasgow, Scotland, son of Andrew and Jessie (Dickson) Wright, also of Glasgow.

In 1848 Andrew Wright left Scotland for New York City, where he resided until 1854, and then came to Canada. He located in Toronto where he followed his trade of carpentering the remainder of his active life. He died in that city at the age of sixty-nine years. Mrs. Wright, his widow, is still living, and spends her summer months at her son's late home in Old Niagara. To Andrew and Jessie Wright the following children were born: John, mentioned below; James, deceased; Andrew, of the "Soo"; Mrs. John Clewes, of Toronto; Mrs. McCullough; and Mrs. Ridge. Mrs. Wright is a devoted and consistent member of the Presbyterian Church, to which her husband also belonged. In politics he was a Reformer.

John Wright was born Sept. 27, 1836, and was brought to New York City by his parents, where, as early as 1849, he began to follow his trade, that of plumbing. In 1854 he located in Toronto, and for eight months was employed by Cummings & Wells. In 1855 he embarked in business on his own account, at which he steadily engaged for almost fifty years, at the end of which time he turned the business over to his sons, who were ably fitted to handle it properly. After the death of Mr. Wright, the business came into the possession of his estate, which is managed by his widow. Her son, Andrew, is the active manager of the business at present. During the visit of the Prince of Wales, now King Edward VII, to Canada in 1864, Mr. Wright was a member of His Majesty's body-guard, and it was while on this tour that Mr. Wright decided on a summer home, having seen a charming location at Niagara-on-the-Lake, which he purchased. On the lawn of this summer home may be seen an immense sheet iron eagle, six feet tall, with wings measuring seven feet from tip to tip. This fine example of the metal worker's art was purchased by Mr. Wright with others of its kind, which were later disposed of. The eagle alone was kept as an ornament for his lawn. Besides his summer home Mr. Wright was the owner of some fine residence properties.

On July 22, 1862, Mr. Wright married Mary Ann Clarke, who was born in London, England, daughter of William and Ann (Marshall) Clarke, of Devonshire, England, and Edinburgh, Scotland, respectively, and early residents of Toronto. To Mr. and Mrs. Wright these children have been born: John, of Toronto, married Theresa Banks; Isabella, married John Ball, and has two children, Mabel and Hazel; Andrew, who manages his father's business, married Fanny Williams, and has one son, Andrew; Randolph, in the plumbing business in Toronto, married Nannie Dennison, and has one son, John; Edith married William Chapman; Edmund; and Mary Ann.

Mr. Wright was a member of the Presbyterian Church, as are all the members of his family. In politics he was a Reformer. For nine years he was a member of the Volunteer Soldiers, and for seven years a member of the old Independent Fire Company, of Toronto. Mr. Wright was well-known in Toronto as one of the most reliable business men of that city. The work turned out of his place was first-class advertising for his business, and is to be seen in many of the public and private buildings of the city. He was a prominent and successful man, and was well known and thought of by all.

THOMAS MEREDITH, who died in October, 1896, in Toronto, was born in County Sligo, Ireland, in 1812, son of John and Eleanor (McDonald) Meredith, natives of Scotland, who died in their native country.

Thomas Meredith came in 1832, to Toronto, then Muddy York, and first engaged with a Mr. Heward, keeping the wharf. He later secured employment with Gooderham & Worts in the grain business, continuing in this capacity until retiring from business. Mr. Meredith had gained experience in this business prior to engaging with this firm, having been in the grain business on his own account. In Toronto, Mr. Meredith married Miss Susannah Ardah, daughter of David Ardah, a native of Ireland. Mr. Ardah married in his native country Miss Sarah Rudd, born in that country, and they came to Toronto in 1834, where Mr. Ardah died in 1837. His wife died in the faith of the Church of England, to which he also belonged. They had children as follows: William, Arthur, Richard, Alice, Mary, Fanny, Sarah and Susannah.

To Mr. and Mrs. Meredith were born these children: John A., deceased; Sarah, Arthur and Thomas, of Toronto; Richard, of Toronto, who married and has three children, Rachel, Alice Myra and Frederick; Fanny; William, of Toronto; George Henry, of Toronto; and Arthur,

who married and has children, Austin, Alice Edna, Thomas Arthur Baldwin and Paul. Mr. and Mrs. Meredith were consistent members of the Church of England, which she still attends. In politics he was a Conservative.

JOHN F. B. LINDSAY, who died at Thornhill, County York, in 1895, was a member of a prominent old family of that county. He was born in County York in 1856, son of John Lindsay, a native of Ireland, who, when a young man, came to Scarborough township, County York, from which place he went to Newton Brook, same county, where he died. He was a farmer during his active life in Canada. Our subject was the only son of his father, and lost his mother when but a child.

John F. B. Lindsay was educated at Richmond Hill, and in a commercial college in Toronto. He was reared a farmer, but in early manhood, in company with J. H. Francis, his brother-in-law, he engaged in a general merchandise business at Newton Brook, and so continued until within a year or two of his death, when he gave up business on account of poor health.

Mr. Lindsay married Ann Elizabeth Francis, who like her late husband is a member of a family long identified with County York. Her parents were John and Mary (Latimer) Francis, the former of whom, born in England in 1820, died in County York in 1902, and the latter, born in Ireland in 1825, survives her husband and resides at Thornhill. Mr. and Mrs. Francis were married in Canada, coming hither when young people. Their children were: Robert, deceased; Samuel; Elijah; Ann Elizabeth, Mrs. Lindsay; Mary Jane, deceased; John H., of Thornhill; William G.; J. E., of Thornhill, and Margaret.

To Mr. and Mrs. Lindsay were born six children: Ada E., Frank, William W., Arthur S., B., and T. Howard. Reared in the Methodist faith, Mr. Lindsay was a consistent member of that church throughout his life. He was a staunch supporter of the Conservative party in his community. In fraternal circles he was associated with the Masons.

In 1900 Mrs. Lindsay and her family settled in Toronto, and there they have since made their home.

RICHARD PUNNETT, who is engaged in market gardening on Christie street, Bracondale, is a well-known citizen of York township, born in January, 1846, at Maidstone Town, County Kent, England, son of William and Elizabeth (Baldwin) Punnett.

Mr. and Mrs. William Punnett were natives

of England, and belonged to old families of County Kent. On coming to Canada in 1870, they settled in Toronto, where the remainder of their lives were spent, he dying in 1871, and she in 1886. They were members of the Congregational Church, and the parents of five children: Richard; William, born in England in 1848, formerly an employ of the *Mail and Empire*, Toronto, and now a civil engineer of Chicago, Illinois, married a Miss Scott, of Toronto; Sarah A., born in England in 1850, is the wife of John Cooper, and resides in Toronto; Elizabeth, born in 1852, married Frederick Thompson, a butcher of Toronto, and died leaving two children, Harry and Frederick; and George, who married a Miss Ferguson, is a resident of Toronto, and has a family of four children.

Richard Punnett received his education in the old country, and when a young man was a gentleman's servant. On coming to Canada with a brother, in 1869, he started life as a farm laborer, in Tecumseh, from which place they removed in 1870 to Toronto. There Mr. Punnett was employed as coachman for Consul-General Homer Dickson for two years. He then rented land at Rosedale, where he was engaged in market gardening for two years, after which he removed to Philadelphia, and was employed for a short time in the Baldwin Locomotive works. He then worked at Pottstown, Pennsylvania, for one year, when he returned to Toronto and purchased his present place in Bracondale, where he now conducts a fine market gardening business. He erected a small house on his land, in which he lived until 1890, in which year he erected his present fine brick residence.

In 1870, in Toronto, Mr. Punnett was married by the Reverend Boddy, to Miss Sarah A. Holdstock, born in England Sept. 21, 1849, daughter of William and Mary Holdstock, who died in England. Mrs. Punnett was reared and educated in England, and to her and her husband were born two sons: William died in childhood; and Dore H., born in 1880, and engaged with his father in the market gardening business, married Miss Mabel Wakeley, daughter of Captain Wakeley, of Toronto, and they have two children, Gertrude and Richard.

Mr. and Mrs. Punnett are members of the Methodist Church, in which Mr. Punnett is a trustee. In politics he is a Conservative, and has filled the position of trustee on the school board. In fraternal circles he is popular, and holds membership in the York Lodge of United Workmen, and in the order of the Sons of England.

JAMES CUNNINGHAM. In the death of the late James Cunningham, who passed away

Feb. 22, 1899, in Toronto, that city lost a highly respected resident and one who was well-known in Canadian railway circles. He was born in County Antrim, Ireland, Sept. 23, 1832; son of Hugh and Martha Cunningham, both of whom were of Scotch extraction.

In 1847 Hugh Cunningham died in Ireland, and his widow with her family subsequently came to Canada, the children being: Samuel H. W., who died in Kingston; Hugh, deceased; Mrs. Bennett, of Hamilton, deceased; Mrs. John Clark, deceased; Sarah, deceased; and James.

James Cunningham received his education in Ireland, and prior to coming to Canada had been employed on the Belfast & Ballymena Railway, it being therefore natural that on locating in Kingston in 1855 he should seek employment with the Grand Trunk Railway Company. After a term of service in the company's employ he engaged with the Northern Railway of Canada, with headquarters at Collingwood, where he remained for twenty-three years, being shipping as well as railway agent. After leaving Collingwood, Mr. Cunningham gave up railroading, and in 1891 located in Toronto, where he lived retired until his death.

Mr. Cunningham was married in St. Ann's Church, Belfast, by Rev. Dr. Miller, to Miss Mary Jane Cathcart, daughter of John and Martha (McDowell) Cathcart, natives of Ireland, though of Scotch extraction, and to this union there were born these children: Dennis; William Cathcart, of Toronto, married Nellie Thompson, and has five children, Muriel Ellen, Grace Constance, Leslie Gordon, Ada Mildred and Marion Alice; Mary Edith, a governess at Lakewood, N.J.; Winnifred Marion, a trained nurse; Charles George; May, an accountant of Toronto; Alice Victoria; and Lillie Maude. Mr. Cunningham was a Presbyterian in religious belief, and a Conservative in politics.

WILLIAM INNES, one of the highly esteemed residents of Richmond Hill, Vaughan township, is senior member of the well-known firm of L. Innes & Sons. He was born at Thornhill in January, 1858, son of Leslie and Mary A. (Ritchie) Innes.

Leslie Innes was born in Aberdeenshire, Scotland, in April, 1828, son of William Innes, who died in Scotland. Six of the children came to Canada, those besides Leslie being: William, deceased; Rev. Robert, who returned to Scotland from this country, and there died; Margaret, deceased, who married John Anderson, and settled in Markham township; Rachel, who married William Topp, at Cookstown, and has one son, James; and George, a business man of Toronto,

who has a family of six children, Anne, Isabel, John, Mary, Rachel and Etta.

Leslie Innes came to Canada when a young man, and engaged in contracting and building, at which he continued all of his life. He first settled in a home at Thornhill, Markham township, and in 1857 married Miss Mary A. Ritchie, born in Perthshire, Scotland, in 1830, daughter of John and Mary (Welsh) Ritchie, both of whom died in the old country. Mrs. Innes and her brother, John Ritchie, came to Canada in 1855, locating at Thornhill, Mr. Ritchie working as a clerk for several years. In 1858 he went to New Orleans, where he contracted yellow fever the same year, and there died. After marriage Mr. and Mrs. Innes lived at Thornhill until 1885, when they located in Richmond Hill, and here have since resided. On coming to this village the firm of L. Innes & Sons was formed, they purchasing the Dr. Longstaff lumber mill. The old mill burning soon after their purchase, the firm erected flouring and saw and planing-mills, and has continued to the present time, the father, however, having retired, and William succeeded to the head of the firm. Mr. and Mrs. Innes are members of the Presbyterian Church. Three children were born to them: William, Alexander and John L.

William Innes was educated in the schools of County York, and when a boy entered his father's business, in which he has continued to the present time. In December, 1882, he married Miss Mary Clift, daughter of Samuel and Rachel Clift, who came to Canada from England and settled in Whitechurch township, where Mrs. Innes' parents died, leaving five children: Henry, of Toronto; Mrs. Innes; John, of Vaughan township; Miss Eliza; and Samuel, of Vaughan township. Mr. and Mrs. William Innes made their home after marriage in Whitechurch township, but after a few years came to Richmond Hill, where, in 1893, Mr. Innes erected a fine home near the mill property. One son has been born to them: John H., born in 1883, was educated in the village schools and the Toronto Business College, is now a bookkeeper with the firm of Innes & Sons, and makes his home with his father; he married Miss Annie Starlup, of Richmond Hill, and they have one son, John W., born in 1905.

The Innes brothers are connected with the Reform party, and William Innes has been a member of the council of Richmond Hill for seven years. He is a Presbyterian, and has been an elder in the church for twelve years, and an active church worker, as is his wife. He is also superintendent of the Sabbath school, a position he has filled for eight years. Mr. Innes is a member of the order of the Sons of Scotland, Lord Elgin Camp, of Richmond Hill.

Alexander Innes, second son of Leslie Innes, was born in 1860, and received his education in the high school of Bradford, and at the Collingwood Collegiate Institute. He has become well known as an educator, teaching in the high school at Port Elgin, County Bruce. Mr. Innes was united in marriage with Miss Martha Bell, of Whitechurch township, and they have a family of six children, as follows: Ella, Eva, Lorne, Murray, Norah and Jean.

John L. Innes, third son of Leslie Innes, was born in 1865, and grew up in County York, where his educational training was received. He is a mechanic, and is now engaged in contract work for the firm of L. Innes & Sons, of which he is a member. Mr. Innes was united in marriage to Miss Frances Furlong, of Collingwood, and they reside at their home in Richmond Hill. They have five children, Catherine, Laura, Carol, Eckerly and Doris. Mr. Innes is very prominent in local affairs, having held a number of township offices. The Innes brothers, like their highly esteemed father, have been useful citizens, and have been very active in promoting movements of benefit to the community. They are much esteemed, and the firm enjoys the confidence of the public.

M. J. SAGE, instructor in dancing, located at No. 249 College street, Toronto, is of Irish birth, but has passed practically his whole life in Canada. He was born at Waterford, Ireland, Oct. 23, 1869, son of J. J. and Elizabeth (Walsh) Sage. The father brought his family to Canada in the early seventies, making his home in Montreal, where he still resides. He formerly held a government position there, but he is now retired. His wife died in January, 1905, leaving six children to mourn her loss: M. J. is the eldest son. Mary, born in Ireland, married the late Hugh Murphy, of Montreal. Annie, born in Ireland, is Mrs. F. G. Atkinson, of Montreal. Theresa, born in Ireland, lives at home. James A., who is married and has a family, is secretary and treasurer of the Waldron, Druoin Company, of Montreal. Alfred is also in business in Montreal.

M. J. Sage was educated in Montreal, and when sixteen years of age entered upon his preparation for his chosen field of work, in 1885 beginning his professional study of dancing in the school of Prof. Roy McDonald, of Montreal, from whose instruction he was graduated in 1889. He remained with Prof. McDonald, however, until 1894, and then came to Toronto to open classes on his own account, his location from the beginning having been on College street. He is now established at No. 249, where he has purchased real estate and erected

a handsome residence and dancing hall for his classes. The hall is 40x60 feet, with waxed hardwood floors, handsomely decorated interior, and an orchestra balcony beautifully finished and adorned. There are also large reception rooms, where no expense has been spared in the finishings, a reading room, and separate coat and cloak rooms for ladies and gentlemen. Throughout every modern and luxurious appointment has been supplied.

In 1900 Mr. Sage and Miss Mary E. Schnellbach were united in marriage. Mrs. Sage was born in Steubenville, Ohio, daughter of Henry Schnellbach, and the family came originally from Lorraine, France. Its members are people of culture and education. One son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Sage, Henry Philip, whose birth occurred in Montreal, Sept. 14, 1901.

Mr. Sage has been remarkably successful in his career, and owes this fact to himself alone. Able, upright and honest, he has won the respect of all, and is one of Toronto's well-known and honored citizens. Of fine courtesy and tact, with a very genial manner, he is well adapted to his work, and holds a foremost place in that line in Toronto. His classes are thronged afternoons and evenings alike, and he has the continued patronage of the elite of the city, many of whom have come to be numbered among his personal friends.

THOMAS BEDDOW, who passed away at his late residence, No. 130 Grange avenue, Toronto, Jan. 3, 1889, was born in England in 1817. He grew to manhood in his native country, and there received his education. After leaving school he learned the stamping business, which he followed for some time before coming to Canada. In England Mr. Beddow married Miss Caroline Badger, daughter of Joseph and Jane (Lott) Badger, the latter being the daughter of Richard Lott, who attained the remarkable age of 102 years, nine months.

In 1873 Mr. and Mrs. Beddow came to Canada, settling in Toronto, where Mr. Beddow followed his business until his death. They had children as follows: Selina, of New Zealand, who married Thomas Wilson; Mary Jane, who married Herbert Clark, and lives in England; Alfred, of Toronto; Maria, Mrs. Munshaw, of Toronto; and Albert, of Toronto.

Mr. Beddow was a member of the Church of England, to the faith of which Mrs. Beddow also adheres. Mrs. Beddow, although in her eighties, is in good health and in the enjoyment of all her faculties. She is much esteemed in Toronto.

ARTHUR MULDOON was born in England in 1843, and died at Niagara Falls, in Septem-

ber, 1903. He was only about one year old when brought by his parents to Canada, where he grew to manhood, received his education, and spent the rest of his life. Mr. Muldoon began his business career at the corner of Spadina avenue and Queen street west, Toronto, where he was a retail meat dealer. Later he went to Thornhill, and was for some time in the lumber business, continuing there until failing health made it necessary for him to retire.

Mr. Muldoon was twice married, his first wife being Eliza Sayer, by whom he had four sons: Charles, Arthur, Francis and Thomas. Mr. Muldoon's second wife was Miss Lois May Nash, a native of County York, and a member of a pioneer family thereof. Her parents were Robert William and Hannah (Johnston) Nash, the former born in Nova Scotia in 1814, a son of William Nash, a United Empire Loyalist. William Nash had the following children: John, Thomas, William, Tobias, Robert William, Ellen, Eliza, Catherine and Maria. The grandmother of the family was a niece of William Penn, the founder of Pennsylvania.

Robert William Nash, the father of Mrs. Muldoon, settled in Scarboro township, County York, in 1836, but soon thereafter removed to the township of East York, same county, where he purchased a bush farm. This he cleared and there spent many years, later settling in Toronto, where he died in August, 1901. His wife, Hannah Johnston, was born in East York in 1815, daughter of James and Lois (Graves) Johnston, the former born in the United States and also a United Empire Loyalist. On coming to Canada James Johnston settled in East York, where he owned a large tract of land, upon which both he and his wife died. Besides Hannah (Mrs. Nash) they had children: Henry, Barnabas, Thomas, William, John, Silas, Benjamin, Mary, Margaret, Phoebe and Heward. To Robert William Nash and his wife were born the following children: Elizabeth, deceased, who married Patrick Connor; Mrs. Muldoon; William; Mary; Robert; and Maria, the wife of William Reardon, of Toronto.

To Mr. Muldoon and his second wife were born two daughters: Harriet Ethel, who is at home; and Mary Edna, deceased. Mrs. Muldoon and her daughter are members of the Church of England.

WILLIAM JAMES MURDOCK, who passed away at his late residence in Toronto at No. 40 Grange avenue, was for many years one of the prominent business men of the Queen City. He was born in Ireland in 1830, son of John and Susan Murdock, the former of whom followed farming, in Ireland, where both died.

William J. Murdock grew to manhood in his native country, and followed the grocery business in Ballymena before coming to Toronto. In this city he settled on Bathurst street, later removing to Grange avenue, where he continued to reside until his death. After coming to Toronto Mr. Murdock engaged in the tea business as a commercial traveller. He was married in Ireland to Miss Anne Love Hanna, a native of that country, daughter of William and Jane (Cathcart) Hanna, both of whom died in Ireland. Mr. Hanna was a farmer, owning land in perpetuity, upon which his ancestors had lived for many years. To Mr. and Mrs. Murdock were born the following children: Jennie H.; Annie; Robert J., deceased; Emily Ellen, Mrs. Hewett, who has three children, Isabelle, Muriel and Doris; Tillie, the wife of John Alexander, who has seven children, Edna, Marjorie, Florence, Harriet, Lillie, Mabel and Melvin; Charlotte, the wife of Warren Freeman, of Boston, Massachusetts, who has one son, Warren Franklin; Maggie, deceased; and another, deceased. Mr. Murdock was a member of the Presbyterian Church, to which faith his widow also adheres. Mrs. Murdock is very highly esteemed among her friends in Toronto, in which city she has spent so many years.

JAMES MACCALLUM, B.A., M.D., one of the foremost oculists of Toronto, traces his descent from an United Empire Loyalist family, originally of Scotch extraction. His great-grandfather was the first of the name to settle in Canada, moving thither in 1790. The family scattered through different parts of Ontario, some locating in Hamilton, others along the shores of Lake Erie.

Among the children of this first Canadian ancestor was a son Joseph, whose son, Joseph Wesley MacCallum, became a leading Methodist divine in the Province of Ontario. He was born there in 1820, served his church for a period of about sixty years, and after being placed on the superannuated list, retired to Toronto and lived there till his death. He married Miss Mary McBride, who was born in Ireland. They had children: Dr. James M.; Mary, Mrs. Alfred Macdougall; and Mrs. Dr. Ogden, of Toronto.

Dr. James M. MacCallum, son of Joseph W., was born at Eglinton, County York, in 1861. When ready for collegiate work he entered the University of Toronto, and was graduated with the degree of B.A. in 1881. He then entered the Medical Department of that institution and in 1886 received his doctor's degree. He had by this time decided to specialize in diseases of the eye, and as London, England, offered unusual facilities for such work, Dr. MacCallum went

there to study for two years. On his return in 1888 he located in Toronto, and began practicing as an oculist, in which line he has become an authority, and he enjoys an extensive patronage.

Dr. MacCallum was united in marriage with a daughter of the late Arthur McMaster. They have one child, Helen. The family are members of Central Methodist Church. Dr. MacCallum is connected with the A. F. & A. M. He is located at No. 13 Bloor street west, and has a large circle of friends, being popular personally as well as professionally.

DAVID GUTHRIE COOPER, an enterprising young business man of Toronto, engaged in the florist business at No. 614 Dundas street, was born in Dundee, Scotland, in 1868, son of Peter and Isabella (Guthrie) Cooper, also natives of that country. Peter Cooper is a machinist by trade, and he has followed this occupation ever since coming to Toronto, in 1874.

David Guthrie Cooper was but six years old when he came to this country with his parents. Here he received his education, and early in life started to make his own way in the world, beginning in the dry goods store of Alexander Hay as a messenger boy. Afterward he was employed in a bakery two or three years, and then, in 1889, after a short time spent on a farm, and in the flour and feed business, engaged with Mr. Dunlop, one of Canada's leading florists. With him he remained four years, after which he went to a similar establishment in Massachusetts, remaining two years. Then he spent one year in Illinois, and one year in Ottawa. Returning to Toronto, Mr. Cooper again engaged with Mr. Dunlop, remaining with him until 1905, in which year he established his present business. He has had wide experience, especially in rose growing, both in the United States and Canada, and is thoroughly acquainted with every detail of the business.

Mr. Cooper married Miss Frances Reynolds, who was born in County Simcoe, daughter of Robert and Sarah Jane Reynolds, and to this union have been born the following children: Irene, Robert, Stella, Ada, Maggie, Elsie and Peter. Mr. Cooper is a member of the Royal Templars of Temperance.

CAPT. ALEXANDER PETERS, for many years a mariner on the Great Lakes, passed away in Toronto in 1897. He was born in Scotland in 1844, son of Alexander Peters, who died in the old country. Captain Peters commenced salt water sailing when but fourteen years of age, and continued thus until his twentieth year. He then came to Toronto, and was

a sailor on the Great Lakes until within a few years of his death, when he embarked in the tie business, buying and selling ties on Manitoulin Island.

Captain Peters married Miss Elizabeth Jane Oat, who was born in Toronto, daughter of George and Elizabeth Caroline (Reynolds) Oat, the latter born in Toronto in 1823, daughter of Josiah Reynolds, a pioneer of the Queen City who came from the United States to Canada, later returning to Michigan, where he died. Mrs. Peters' mother died in Toronto. Her father was born in Scotland in 1816 and on coming to Canada was a bookkeeper for many years. He died in 1885 in Toronto, having come to this country with the 93d Highlanders. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Oat were: Alexander, deceased; Mrs. Peters; Mary Margaret, the wife of Rev. A. C. Stewart; Georgiana Caroline, wife of George H. Carman; and George H., deceased. The parents were members of the Presbyterian Church.

To Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Peters were born the following children: George Alexander, who died aged seven years; Mabel Maud; Ethel C.; and Gordon Alexander. Mr. Peters was a Reformer. His religious connection was with the Presbyterian Church, to which his widow adheres. Mr. Peters affiliated with the A.O.U.W.

SAMUEL JAMES KELLY, who passed away in Toronto in November, 1903, was born in the County of Northumberland, Ont., in 1857, son of John and Margaret (Roney) Kelly, farming people of that county. There Mr. John Kelly died, and his widow later settled in Toronto, where she passed away.

Samuel J. Kelly received his education in the schools of his native county, and for some time prior to settling in Toronto assisted his father on the home farm. On locating in Toronto he took up photo engraving, a line in which he became an expert, and at the time of his death he was not only one of the oldest men in that business in Toronto, but also one of the best in the Dominion. He was connected with the Grip office in Toronto for over twenty years.

Mr. Kelly married Miss Henrietta Brisbie, a native of Ontario, daughter of Charles and Grace Ann Brisbie, the former of whom died in 1905, while his widow still survives. Mr. and Mrs. Kelly became the parents of three children: Frank J., Fred (deceased), and Ethel J. Mr. Kelly was a member of the Congregational Church. Politically he was a Conservative, and in fraternal connection he was a member of the I.O.F.

ARTHUR JAMES FROST, wholesale florist at Nos. 543-545 Concord avenue, Toronto, is one

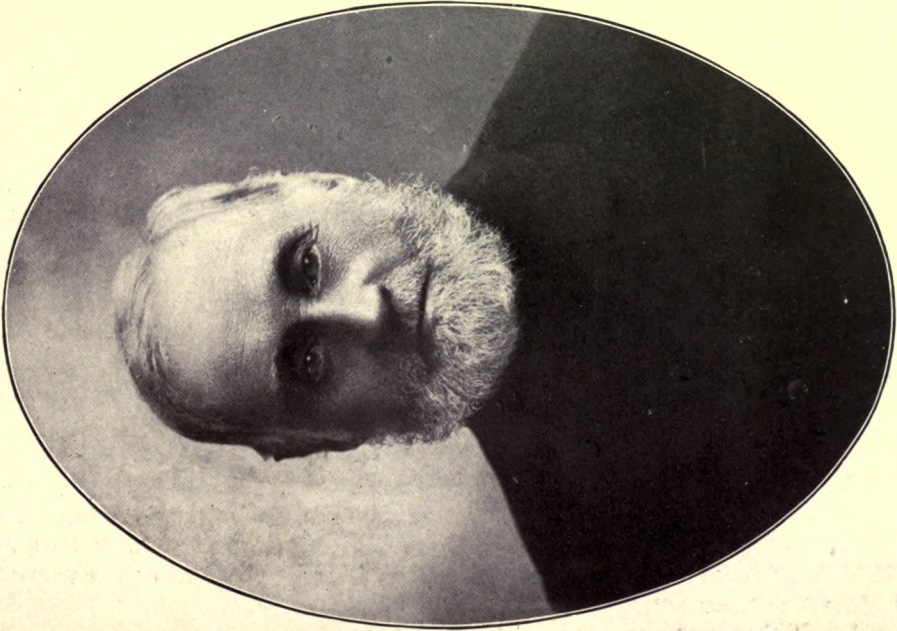
of the oldest established men in that business in Ontario. He has followed that line in the Queen City since 1874.

Mr. Frost was born in Suffolk, England, in 1863, son of George Butler and Sarah Ann (Underwood) Frost, natives of that country. Mr. Frost is related to the Butlers, direct descendants of King James II. George Butler Frost was born in 1836, and his wife in 1835. She died in Toronto May 20, 1904, while Mr. Frost survived until Sept. 29, 1906, when he passed away, of heart failure. In 1874 the family came to Toronto. At that time Arthur J. Frost was but eleven years old, and soon after locating here he engaged in work in a market garden. He continued in gardening and florist work until 1890, when he embarked in the business on his own account at No. 192 Howland avenue, and there he carried on business until 1894, when he purchased the ground for his present establishment. He now has 14,000 square feet of glass roofing, and carries on a successful wholesale business in cut flowers, which have been his specialty since 1898. For some time after embarking in business, in 1890, Mr. Frost carried on the cultivation of mixed flowers and vegetables, but since 1898 he has given his attention to cut flowers, with special attention to the growing of asparagus fern and smilax for the wholesale trade. Since Mr. Frost started in business on his own account no less than eleven other men have undertaken the business in his section of the city, without success.

In 1887 Mr. Frost married Miss Sarah Jane Balmer, who was born in Yorkshire, England, in 1867, daughter of Philip Balmer, who settled in Toronto in 1869. To Mr. and Mrs. Frost have been born four children: Arthur George, Frederick Butler, Elizabeth Jane and William Jonathan. Mr. and Mrs. Frost are members of the Methodist Church. In politics he is a Reformer. He has fraternal connections with the A.O.U.W. and the Sons of England.

D. A. CLARK, M.D., of No. 121 Carlton street, Toronto, comes of one of the best-known pioneer families of County York, to whose name he has added note as a prominent physician and also as a leader in fraternal circles. Dr. Clark was born in Scarborough township, July 25, 1866, son of William and Helen (Crawford) Clark.

The Doctor is of Scotch lineage on both sides of the family. His maternal grandfather, William Crawford, came from Scotland to Scarborough, and was one of the first farmers to settle in that section. The paternal grandfather, William Clark, came from the same part of



George Butler Frost



Arthur J. Frost

Scotland, and locating in Scarborough township became an influential man there. He was one of the first councilmen chosen there, and filled the position with credit for many years, while from 1854 to 1858, inclusive, he was reeve, elected by the Liberal party, which he supported. In religion he was a Presbyterian, and he was one of the first elders in the Knox Presbyterian Church, which he helped to found in Scarborough in 1848. William Clark died at his old home, leaving six sons and two daughters, all now deceased: William; James; David; Robert; Hugh; Walter; Margaret, wife of William Kennedy, deceased; and Isabelle, wife of the late William Young.

William Clark (2) was born in Beith, Scotland, in 1819, and his wife, Helen Crawford, was a native of the same locality, born in 1827. Mr. Clark came with the family to Canada in 1832, and he grew up on the new farm home, helping his father redeem it from the wilderness. After his father's death the homestead was inherited by him, and there he remained, engaged in farming, until his death, which occurred in 1899. Mrs. Clark lived until 1904. They were Presbyterians in religious faith, and prominent in the Knox Church at Scarborough. In politics Mr. Clark was a Liberal. A family of seven children was born to him and his wife, of whom (1) William, the eldest, settled in Louisville, Kentucky, where two of his uncles, James and David, were engaged in the tobacco trade, and, as the largest wholesale dealers in that section, reaped millions. William Clark married a wealthy Kentucky woman, who is still living in Louisville, where he died in 1883, leaving one son, also named William. (2) John carries on the old homestead at Scarborough. He has never married. (3) Robert, postmaster at Thornhill, County York, is a widower with one daughter, Agnes. (4) Margaret, unmarried, lives at the old home. (5) Isabel died in young womanhood. (6) James married Miss Lizzie Kennedy, of Scarborough, settled on a farm near the Clark homestead, and there died in 1902, leaving two children, William and Elizabeth. (7) Dr. Clark was the youngest child.

After finishing the public school course at Scarborough D. A. Clark was sent to the Markham high school. From there he went to St. Catharines Collegiate Institute, and then entered the Medical Department of Toronto University, from which he was graduated in 1891. Thereupon he located at Uxbridge, County Ontario, where he practised for about ten years, meeting with success. He acquired some real estate there, but finally in 1903 he sold all his Uxbridge property and removed to Toronto, purchasing a fine brick home on Carlton street,

where he established himself to continue his medical work in new surroundings. His name is well known in medical circles, and he has gained an assured position among Toronto's leading physicians. Of great natural ability, fine training and broad experience, Dr. Clark unites to his equipment for his work a personality that quickly inspires confidence and wins lasting esteem.

In 1897 Dr. Clark married Miss Olive Williams, who was born at Uxbridge, where her parents, Alonzo and Mary (Bascom) Williams, were prominent among the pioneer settlers. On July 5th of the following year a daughter was born to Dr. and Mrs. Clark, Helen A., who has now entered upon her school days. Dr. Clark and his wife are members of the Presbyterian church. Both in Uxbridge and in Toronto Dr. Clark has always displayed a keen interest in local affairs and has been active in the Liberal ranks as a promoter of the public welfare. In Uxbridge he served eight years as a school director, and was president of the Reform Association. He is also very prominent in Masonic circles, being a past master, past Z., and past grand pursuivant of the Grand Chapter of Canada, as well as a member of the Shrine. The Doctor also belongs to the Foresters and the A. O. U. W.

JAMES T. MARRIOTT will be remembered by many of the business men of years standing in the city. He was born in England, and when but a lad came to Toronto, where he was educated and where he served his time to the cigar-making business.

On the completion of his apprenticeship, Mr. Marriott engaged as a cigar manufacturer in Toronto, a business he followed until his death, which occurred when he was in the prime of life. Mr. Marriott was married in Toronto to Miss Jane Muldoon, born in Toronto, daughter of John and Catherine Muldoon, natives of Ireland and early settlers of Toronto. They came to the Queen City from Markham village, where they had resided for a short time, and here Mr. Muldoon still resides, practically retired from active business operations.

Mr. Marriott was a member of the Church of England, while his widow, who survives him and makes her home in Toronto, is a consistent member of the Roman Catholic Church. Mrs. Marriott is very highly esteemed in her native city, where she is known as a lady of many attainments and of Christian character.

JAMES BOOMER, who died in Toronto Sept. 13, 1904, was born in that city Oct. 5, 1848, son of James and Ann (Hewitt) Boomer.

James Boomer, the elder, was a native of Ireland and his wife was born in Scotland. They came to America in an early day, shortly after their marriage, and settled in Toronto, where both died, the father about ten days prior to the birth of his son, James, and the mother in 1854. They had two other children, namely: Henry, of County York; and Mrs. James Barker, of Cleveland, Ohio.

James Boomer grew up in Toronto, attending the George street school and the grammar school there. When old enough to go into business, he entered the wholesale dry goods house of Gordon Mackay for a few years, going from that firm to the Western Assurance Company and thence to the British American Company, in which latter concern he was chief clerk. Later he returned to the Western as an inspector, and afterward became secretary of the company. Some time prior to his death he accepted a position as manager of the Manchester Assurance Company, and remained there in that capacity until his death. Mr. Boomer was one of the oldest insurance men in Toronto, having been engaged in the business for more than a third of a century, and he naturally was regarded as an authority on insurance matters.

On Feb. 9, 1881, Mr. Boomer married Miss Ann Turnbull, daughter of the late Walter Turnbull. This union had issue as follows: Helen Louise, wife of Frederick Percival Myles, of Toronto; Charles Hewitt, with the Richmond Drummond Assurance Company, as inspector; and Sybil Ann. Both Mr. and Mrs. Boomer were communicants of the Church of England, and have reared their children in that faith. In politics Mr. Boomer was a Reformer, and in fraternal matters was a member of the Toronto Granite, Albany, Victoria and Yacht Clubs, all of Toronto, Ontario.

JAMES HENRY COOPER, who died in New York City in 1902, had been for some time prominently identified with the Bar of that city, but in his earlier life he was a resident of Ontario, in or near Toronto. He was born in Ontario, in 1864, son of Rev. William and Maud (Oates) Cooper, the former of whom is now the rector of the parish of St. Martins-in-the-Field, at Toronto Junction.

James H. Cooper spent his school days in Port Hope, where his father was then the master of a school. Later he completed the classical course at Trinity College, Toronto. After his graduation he entered the office of Charles Miller, of that city, to read law. He was called to the Bar in Toronto and first commenced practice in that city, but before long had an opportunity to go to New York and take a position

in the office of a prominent law firm there. He remained with them until 1891, and then opened an office for himself, where he continued to practice until his death, eleven years later. His untimely demise cut short a career of much promise, just at the time when Mr. Cooper was realizing the full maturity of his powers. He died in the faith of the Church of England, with which he had united in Toronto, and in which he had there been appointed lay reader by the Bishop. He was a member of the Masonic fraternity.

His wife and one son, Reginald, survive Mr. Cooper. Mrs. Cooper was Miss Margaret Helen Thompson, born in Toronto, and the eldest of the four children of William and Vetry (Stephen) Thompson. The parents were natives of Scotland, who came to Toronto in 1838. For many years Mr. Thompson was in the wholesale hardware business, and for half a decade was president of the Northern Railway. He is now retired from business but still lives in Toronto. Since the death of Mr. Cooper his widow and child have made their home in Toronto. The son, Reginald, was born in New York City.

J. A. TORRANCE. Although the late J. A. Torrance belonged only to the second generation of his family in Canada, at the time of his death in 1897, few names had become more widely known in the large cities of the Dominion than that of Torrance. He was born at Montreal in 1820, son of John and Elizabeth (Fisher) Torrance.

John Torrance was the first to settle in Canada, the family being of Scotch descent. He came to Montreal, where he married Miss Elizabeth Fisher, who was the daughter of one of the first Methodist ministers in the country. John Torrance became one of the leading business men of Montreal, and made a fortune from his line of steamboats plying between Montreal and Quebec, being the first man to own and operate such boats. He built a handsome residence in Montreal, known as "Antoine Hall," which occupied an entire block in the finest part of the city, and was one of its show places, being open to the public at certain times of the year. John Torrance died at this home. One of his sons founded the Elizabeth Fisher scholarship at McGill University; another, who became Chief Justice, also gave a scholarship to the same institution; a third son married the daughter of Commodore Vanderbilt, founder of the famous Vanderbilt estate.

J. A. Torrance was sent to England for his education, and received the best training that country had to offer. From Chester, where his preparatory work was done, he was admitted to Cambridge, and there completed the thorough

classical course he had chosen. Returning to his native land, he soon after embarked in business in Toronto, establishing himself in business in that city somewhere about 1845. Before long, however, a government position was offered him at Ottawa in the civil service department and the remainder of his active life was spent in that work. When he reached the age for retirement from the service he went back to Toronto and there lived until the dread summons of death came in 1897, at the age of seventy-seven.

Mr. Torrance was married to Miss B. M. Loshier, of United Empire Loyalist stock, and daughter of Henry and Hannah (Sharp) Loshier. Her father was an early settler at Ernestown, near Kingston, and became one of the wealthy men of that section, succeeding in every enterprise he undertook, and becoming the owner of a magnificent estate. At one time he was manager of the Farmers' Bank, and later was a merchant. To the union of Mr. and Mrs. Torrance eight children were born, one of whom is the wife of Dr. R. W. Powell, one of Canada's most famous physicians and surgeons. Mr. Torrance, as is his wife who survives him, was a member of the Church of England.

JOHN DAVID FERGUSON, who died in Toronto March 17, 1902, was born in Scarborough, County York, in 1838, son of John Ferguson, a native of Glasgow, Scotland.

John Ferguson engaged in the bakery business in his native city prior to coming to Canada. Some time before the Rebellion of 1837-8 he settled in Scarboro township, where he farmed for many years. He died Oct. 29, 1886, aged eighty-six years, while his wife passed away in 1875, when sixty-six years of age. Their children were: John D.; William; Isabelle, widow of George Jacques; Jennie; and Robert, deceased.

John David Ferguson grew to manhood in his native township, and there learned the carpentering and building business, which he followed there and in Toronto. In 1880 he removed his family to the latter city, where he continued in business.

Mr. Ferguson married Miss Mary Seffer, born in County Perth, daughter of George and Susan (Henderson) Seffer, natives of England, and Dublin, Ireland, respectively. In 1829, when but eight years of age, George Seffer came with his father to County Perth, and there grew to manhood. He has attained a venerable age of more than four score years. His wife died Dec. 31, 1899. They were members of the Church of England. In politics he is a Conservative.

To Mr. and Mrs. Ferguson were born the fol-

lowing children: John, of Toronto, married Evelyn Morris, and has one daughter, Edna; Mary Susan, the wife of Stanley Cooper, by whom she has one daughter, Hilda; Robert George, of Toronto, married Nellie Bailey; Edward J., of Toronto; Albert; and Lorne. The family are members of the Presbyterian Church. Mr. Ferguson was a Reformer.

WILLIAM CHRISTIE, now living retired at No. 19 Classic avenue, Toronto, is a member of a pioneer family of York County. He was born in Scarboro, Sept. 22, 1829, son of Isaac and Jane (Graham) Christie.

Isaac Christie was born in the North of Ireland in 1789, and there grew to manhood and married Jane Graham. In 1819, Mr. and Mrs. Christie and their daughter Ann came to Canada and settled on Lot 33, Concession 4, Scarboro township, County York. Here the father proceeded to make a home for himself and family, clearing his farm of 200 acres from the bush. He later disposed of 100 acres of this property, while the remaining 100 acres are now owned by our subject, having been in the possession of the family since 1819. On this property Isaac Christie and his wife spent the remainder of their lives, and here both died, being buried in a public cemetery on the farm. They were members of the Methodist Church. Mr. Christie was a Conservative. To this good couple were born: Ann, deceased; Jane; Alexander, deceased; Isabelle, John; Rachel; Eliza; William; Lovinia and Oliver, all deceased except our subject and his sister Jane, and all born on the old Scarborough farm except Ann.

William Christie received such literary training as was offered by the schools of that day, and on reaching manhood engaged in working the old home farm, upon which he remained until 1884. In that year he retired from the farm and removed to Toronto, and there improved some valuable property, erecting the residences at Nos. 17-19 Classic avenue, and a handsome summer residence on Centre Island. During his residence in Scarboro Mr. Christie filled the positions of school trustee and roadmaster for many years.

On March 11, 1857, Mr. Christie married Miss Sarah Bales, a member of an old County York family, mentioned elsewhere. To Mr. and Mrs. Christie were born the following children: L. G., who married Lillian Cameron; Fred W.; Clara, wife of R. Stearns; Bertha, wife of D. B. Stevens, by whom she has had four children, Dorothy D., Paul, Edward and Jack G. (deceased); Mary E.; Mabel; and Eugenia, wife of Major William B. McCauly, of Montreal. Mrs. Christie is a member of the Methodist Church,

which Mr. Christie also attends. He is a Conservative in politics.

JOSEPH BALES, a highly esteemed citizen of Toronto, now living retired at No. 37 Bernard avenue, was for many years engaged in agricultural pursuits in York County. He was born in York township, County York, in 1829, son of John and Elizabeth (Smith) Bales.

John Bales was born in Cumberland, England, in 1799, and his wife in Yorkshire, England, in 1801, he coming to Canada in 1819, and she two years later. They were married in Toronto, and engaged in farming on Lot 15, Concession 1, York township, west of Yonge street. Here Mr. Bales cleared a farm from the bush, and continued to carry on farming for some time, later removing to No. 1, Eglinton. They were members of the Methodist Church, and in politics he was a Conservative. The children born to Mr. and Mrs. Bales were: Hannah, deceased, who married Philip Ross; John, of Michigan; Jonathan, deceased; Joseph; Sarah, wife of William Christie; Elizabeth, the wife of Thomas Powell, of Park Hill; Mary, Mrs. Baxter, widow, of Toronto; Anna, Mrs. Patchell; Maria; and Charles, deceased. All of these children were born in York township.

Joseph Bales grew to manhood on the old home farm, and began his business life in Whitchurch township, County York, on Lot 24, Concession 2. Here he remained nine years, after which he returned to the old homestead. This he afterward sold and settled on a farm on Concession 1, East, Lot 15, on Yonge street, where he continued to farm until 1902, in this year retiring from business and settling in Toronto.

Mr. Bales has been twice married, his first wife being Rachel Christie, by whom he had the following family: Oliver Douglas, who married Margaret Laycock, now deceased, and had these children, Douglas Harold, Robert Earl, Joseph Allan and Clarence Oliver; Laura Elizabeth, the wife of G. R. Goulding, has three children, Georgina G., Harold B., and Doris L.; and Joseph Christie, a farmer of York township, married Clara Schmidt, and has one son, Joseph Henry. Mr. Bales married (second) Miss Hannah Morgan, born in Scarborough township, County York, daughter of George and Jane (Fitzpatrick) Morgan, pioneers of Scarborough township, and natives of Ireland, who came to Canada in 1823, settling at Prescott. In 1837 they removed to Scarborough township, where Mr. Morgan purchased the farms of Asa and Reuben Patrick, who were out of harmony with the government and wished to leave the country. Here Mr. Morgan

died in 1876, his wife having passed away in 1867.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bales are members of the Methodist Church. In his political affiliations he is connected with the Conservative party.

GEORGE PHILIP, whose untimely death brought sorrow to his devoted family, and deep regret to a wide circle of friends and business acquaintances in Toronto, Ont., was one of the substantial citizens and progressive business men of the Queen City. He was born in Fifeshire, Scotland, in 1856, son of Robert and Jane (Patterson) Philip, natives of Scotland, and died in 1903, at his late residence, No. 291 Markham street, Toronto. Robert Philip left his native country and spent three or four years in Canada, but then returned to Scotland, where both he and his wife died.

George Philip came to Canada in 1878 and settled in Toronto in the contracting business, which he carried on for some time. In Toronto he married Miss Catherine McDermid, born in Paisley, Scotland, daughter of John and Mary (Freeman) McDermid, natives of Scotland, where Mr. McDermid died. His widow brought her family to Canada, and settled in County Bruce, from which place she later removed to North Dakota, where her death occurred in 1896. She and her husband had these children: Isabella, Jane, Mary, Neil, Catherine, William, Nellie and Maggie. To Mr. and Mrs. Philip nine children were born, as follows: Robert (deceased), Mary, John, Leonora, Jessie, George, William, Christina and Katie.

In the rear of his residence Mr. Philip built a greenhouse, in which Mrs. Philip cultivates those varieties of plants and flowers which find a ready sale in the city markets. George Philip was a Presbyterian in religion, to which faith his widow adheres. He was a Conservative in politics. He was a man of the highest integrity, and held the esteem of all who knew him. He also possessed more than the average business ability, and in every relation of life was a man whom it will be hard to replace.

CHARLES DAVIES. The late Charles Davies was for many years a well-known business man of Toronto, being one of the leading painters and decorators of his day. He was born in Devonshire, England, in 1849, and died in Toronto in 1904. He was a son of Thomas Davies, who died in the old country.

Charles Davies received his education in England, and on coming to Toronto in 1870, he soon embarked in the painting and decorating business, which he successfully carried on until his

death, the business now being continued by his son. Mr. Davies did an extensive business, employing about thirty men, and his offices were located at No. 277 College street.

Mr. Davies married Miss Sarah Mills, born at Smithtown, Ont., daughter of John and Esther (Jackson) Mills, both natives of County Cavan, North of Ireland. Mr. Mills was born in 1816 and died in 1885; and his wife, born in 1821, still survives. Her father was Adam Jackson, the founder of the Jackson family in Canada, who settled at Emily, where he engaged in farming until his death. John Mills, the father of Mrs. Davies, was also a farmer at Emily, where he died. The Mills family were all members of the Church of England. In politics Mr. Mills was a Conservative.

Mr. and Mrs. Davies had the following children: Frederick C., the successor to his father's business, who married Ella Richardson, and has two children, Beatrice and Olive; Lillie J.; Dr. Bertram C., member of the class of 1905, Rush Medical College, Chicago; Athelyred T., at home; Stuart and Charles, twins; and Harold J. The family are members of the Baptist Church. In politics Mr. Davies was a Reformer. He was connected with the Sons of England.

JAMES DICKIE (deceased) was one of the best known and influential of the citizens of Toronto, Ont., and to him as much as to any other man is due the progress and prosperity of many of the city's leading enterprises. He gave his support to all public movements, and in his death the Queen City lost one of its substantial citizens. Mr. Dickie died in Toronto in September, 1898. He was born in Scotland, in 1832, son of Robert and Janet (Sein) Dickie, both of whom died in Scotland, where the former was a shoe manufacturer all his active life.

James Dickie was educated in his native country, and began his business life as a boot and shoe manufacturer, in which he continued for some years. He married in Scotland Miss Elizabeth Inglas, also a native of Scotland, and a daughter of Andrew and Elizabeth (Dunlop) Inglas. Andrew Inglas was a weaver in Scotland, in which country both he and his wife died.

In 1871 Mr. James Dickie came to Toronto, where he soon became foreman for the Dewar Company, shoes manufacturers, and when Mr. Dewar established his business in Montreal, Mr. Dickie went to that city with the company as foreman. He shortly returned to Toronto, however, and embarked in the retail boot and shoe business on his own account, and in this continued for some years.

Mr. and Mrs. Dickie had three daughters, namely: Mrs. Thomas Mitchell, of Toronto; Mrs. Charles Ashdown, of Toronto; and Miss Mary, of the same city. In Scotland Mr. and Mrs. Dickie were members of the Evangelical Union Church, but on coming to Canada united with the Congregational faith. In politics Mr. Dickie was a Liberal. He was prominent in the work of the I.O.O.F. In 1884 the family settled at No. 219 Huron street, where Mrs. Dickie and her daughter, Mary, now reside.

ROBERT JOHN HUNTER, who passed away in Toronto, on Easter Sunday, 1901, was born in Ireland in 1843, son of James Hunter, who died in that country. He received his education in his native country, and after leaving school served his time to the dry goods business.

Mr. Hunter came to Canada in 1867, and settled at Chatham, County Kent, where the firm of Hunter & Tennyson was founded. Mr. Hunter continued for some time at that place, and then became a resident of Toronto, where the firm continued business for a number of years. Mr. Hunter then took over his partner's interest, and conducted the business alone until his death.

Mr. Hunter was married to Miss Ann Isabelle Rills, daughter of the late Dr. James Arnold Rills. Dr. Rills was born in England, and was, for some time, a medical practitioner in London. He came to Canada and practiced medicine at Morpeth, County Kent, later removing to Chatham, where he died. His wife, whose maiden name was Isabelle Simons, was born in England.

Mr. and Mrs. Hunter have had four sons: Arthur R., deceased; Robert G., a barrister of Toronto, and a member of the Masonic order; and Alfred and Cecil, of the Toronto Engraving Company. In religious belief Mr. Hunter was a Presbyterian. His political faith found its best expression in the principles of the Conservative party. He was a member of the Irish Benevolent Society.

ROBERT JOHN D'ESTERRE, who died at Toronto Junction, April 19, 1898, was born in Kandy, Ceylon, son of Robert and Annie (Nason) D'Esterre, natives of Ireland, of French extraction.

Robert John D'Esterre received his education at La Chatelaine, Switzerland, spending four years there. He later studied for the ministry, but never entered upon the work. He spent some time in the office of ship brokers of London, England, and over four years in the English army. He also travelled extensively, and spent

some time in Australia. Mr. D'Esterre came to Toronto in 1872, and from that time until his death lived most of the time retired, he being a man of means, and spent much time in travelling through the United States and Canada.

Mr. D'Esterre married Miss Annie Mason, born at Oakville, Ont., daughter of John and Eliza (Gilldan) Mason, the former born in England in 1841, and died in 1892, and the latter, a native of Hamilton, died the same year. Mr. Mason came to Toronto as early as 1853, and remained until 1860, when he went to Oakville, engaging there in farming and cattle dealing until his death. After Mr. D'Esterre's marriage he lived for a time at Oakville, and then went to the United States, residing for some time in Chicago, Omaha and other places. Returning to Canada, he lived for a time in London and Hamilton, and then was located in Toronto Junction until his death. Mr. and Mrs. D'Esterre had these children: Violet May, Robert John, Reginald H. and Annie Kathleen. Mr. D'Esterre was a member of the Church of England, to which his widow and children also belong. In politics he was a Conservative.

DONALD SUTHERLAND was one of the stalwart business men of Ontario, and for many years prior to his death, which occurred in 1903, was a resident of Toronto. Mr. Sutherland was a native of Scotland, where he was born in 1833.

Donald Sutherland grew to manhood in his native country, and there received his education. On coming to this country when a young man he settled in Woodstock and engaged in bookkeeping, later going to Orillia and then to Toronto, where he carried on bookkeeping until his death. In Canada Mr. Sutherland married Miss Georgina McKey, born in Scotland in 1844, who died in Toronto in 1905. Mr. and Mrs. Sutherland had three sons and one daughter: James, of Toronto; Andrew, of Fenelon Falls, who married Sarah Jordan, and has two children, Donald and Alexander Jordan; George McKey; and Catherine, at home. The family are members of the Knox Presbyterian Church. In politics Mr. Sutherland was a Reformer.

JOHN FANNON LASH, a well-known business man of Toronto, died in that city in 1904. He was born in Newfoundland in 1838, son of William and Margaret (Fannon) Lash, the former a native of Durham, England, and the latter of Newfoundland.

In the early thirties Mr. William Lash located in Newfoundland, and became associated with the Bank of British North America at St. Johns. In 1854 he settled at Dundas, where he

was manager of that bank for many years, and where he died. His widow, after her husband's death, located in Toronto, and there died.

John Fannon Lash was educated at St. John, N.F. In 1858 he settled in Toronto, and engaged in the jewelry business with Mr. Robinson. In 1866 he embarked in the same business on his own account under the firm name of Lash & Co., and in this he continued for a number of years, when he closed out the business and became accountant for the Bell Telephone Company, which position he held at the time of his death.

In 1867 Mr. Lash and Miss Sarah Coleman were united in marriage. She was born at Dundas, daughter of James and Elizabeth (Saunders) Coleman. James Coleman was born in Ireland in 1809, and came to Canada in 1827, the first of the family in this country. He located at Brockville, later going to Dundas, where he engaged in mercantile pursuits and milling for a number of years. He then became a resident of Hamilton, where he died in 1881. His wife was born in Montreal about 1808, daughter of an United Empire Loyalist, and she died in Toronto in 1878. Of their children Sarah became Mrs. Lash; and J. Stuart resides in Toronto.

To Mr. and Mrs. John F. Lash were born the following family: (1) Caroline, the wife of J. H. Coburn, has two children, Margaret Marion, and John Lash. (2) Miss Margaret, proprietress of the Cottage Hospital at No. 31 Breadalbane street. Miss Lash founded this hospital in 1903, as a private hospital for medico-surgical and obstetric patients, and under her management it is proving a success. The hospital is located in a very quiet part of the city, and the patients receive the best of attention and treatment. (3) Norman Maxwell, an electrical engineer at Montreal, married Maude Stanley, of Pine Bluff, Arkansas.

Mr. Lash was a member of the Church of England, and in that faith reared his family. He was a Conservative in politics; and was a Mason of prominence, being past master of the Ionic Lodge, A.F. & A.M., of Toronto; and a Knight Templar.

SAMUEL NICHOLS BALL, whose death was the result of a street car accident, in November, 1903, in Toronto, was born in Portland, Maine, U.S.A., in 1856, son of Samuel and Mary (Ball) Ball. Samuel Ball, Sr., was born in England, and settled in the United States prior to the Mexican War, during which conflict he was a soldier in the United States army.

Samuel N. Ball came to Toronto when about seventeen years of age, and entered St. Michael's College, where he took the course of study. He

also studied in Montreal. He had prepared for the priesthood, but not being satisfied with the work, on the completion of his studies, returned to Portland. There he entered the Portland Locomotive Works, becoming a thorough mechanic in that line. During this time he had been tendered a position as teacher in Toronto University, and he returned to Toronto to accept the same. Before the term opened the University was destroyed by fire, and Mr. Ball was disappointed in this line. A skillful mechanic and able scholar seldom wants for a position, and Mr. Ball was able to turn his hand to almost any enterprise.

Mr. Ball married Miss Annie M. Kislie, born in New Brunswick, daughter of Michael and Bridget (McCarron) Kislie, the former of whom was born in Ireland. On coming to Canada Mr. Kislie settled at Stanley, N.B., where he followed farming. His wife, whom he married in New Brunswick, was a daughter of Edward and Helen (Burns) McCarron, the former born in Ireland, died aged ninety-nine years, nine months, while his wife was ninety-nine years, six months old at the time of her death. Mr. and Mrs. Kislie had children: Mrs. Ball; Alice, wife of John McMennanin, by whom she had six children; Edward, of New Brunswick; Kate, who married A. Hawkes, and had four children; and Robert James, of New Brunswick, who married Margaret Sweeney, and had three children.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel N. Ball had four children: Edward Henry, of Toronto; Alice M.; Francis; and Helen. The family are members of the Roman Catholic Church. In politics Mr. Ball was a Reformer.

MARK WILLECOCK, a well-known man in business circles in Toronto, died at Brooklyn, New York, in 1902. He was born in 1852 at Port Hope, Ont., son of Thomas and Elizabeth Willecock.

Mr. Willecock was educated at Port Hope and began his business career there in a dry goods house, and went from there in the same line of business, to Toronto, where he was a clerk in a general store kept by Mr. Patterson. Later he went to New Orleans and to Chicago and later to Brooklyn, New York, where he became a salesman for E. S. Jaffrey & Co., with whom he remained five years. Mr. Willecock then took the position of city salesman for Ambrose Wood and continued with this house until his death. During his connection with this firm Mr. Wood died, and his partner continued the business, Mr. Willecock remaining with the new organization as stated. During his whole business career he was well and favorably known for his business qualifications as well as his personal

gifts. He became very prominent in musical circles, as he possessed a fine tenor voice, and on many occasions sang in both New York and Brooklyn, and was considered one of the leading tenors singing in the churches of both cities.

Mr. Willecock was married to Miss Charlotte Olver, daughter of Zachariah and Jane (Turnbull) Olver. The former was born in Cornwall, England, in 1835. He owned a decorative plastering factory at Toronto for a number of years. He now resides with Mrs. Willecock. His children were: Charlotte; Andrew; Emma; Benjamin; Norman and Drucilla.

The mother of Mrs. Willecock was a daughter of Richard Turnbull, who was an early settler in Ontario, where he followed farming. He had studied for a medical career, but came to Canada for his health, and as he liked the country became an agriculturist instead of a physician.

Mr. and Mrs. Willecock became the parents of the following children: Beulah, Norma, Evelyn, Grace (deceased), and After the death of her husband Mrs. Willecock returned to Toronto, where she has a wide circle of friends, and where her late husband is very kindly remembered. Mr. Willecock was a member of that exclusive musical organization, the Apollo Club, of New York.

CORNELIUS FLANAGAN, who died in Liverpool, England, in 1896, was for many years one of the best known business men of Toronto. He was born in Ireland, in 1845. In 1848 the family came to Canada, where the father lived retired until his death. The mother, whose maiden name was Susan McCauliff, passed away in Toronto. They had three children: Patrick, Mary and Cornelius, all deceased.

Cornelius Flanagan was educated in the schools of Toronto and at the age of fourteen years began the battle of life for himself. His first business venture on his own account was at butchering, which he carried on for a number of years, with Mr. A. J. Thompson and the late Edward Blong, at the St. Lawrence market. Later Mr. Flanagan embarked in the shipping of stock to England. He and the late Alderman Frankland were the original promoters of that business, and with A. J. Thompson they shipped the first cattle from Canada to England. After engaging in this business for a number of years Mr. Flanagan conceived the idea of shipping a high class of horses to Liverpool, London, and other European cities. In this business he was a pioneer, and it was while in Liverpool with a consignment of high-grade horses that he was taken ill and died.

In 1881 Mr. Flanagan married Margaret Sullivan, daughter of Edward and Mary (O'Hare)

Sullivan, natives of Ireland. In 1850 the Sullivans came to Toronto, where Mr. Sullivan engaged in the cattle business until his death, in March, 1900, at the age of eighty years. His widow, who was born in 1830, still survives and lives in Toronto. They had two children, Mrs. Flanagan and John, the last named of Liverpool, where he is one of the largest cattle commission dealers.

Mr. Flanagan was for many years a member of the Toronto Board of Trade, and was one of the largest stockholders in the York Pioneer Colonization Company, and a member of the board of managers thereof. In religious belief he was a Roman Catholic, and his widow also belongs to that church. In political matters he was a Reformer, and he served as a member of the separate school board of Toronto. Of his children, four sons and one daughter, the eldest is in business in Liverpool, England; two others sons are in the real estate business in Toronto; the youngest son is still a student; the daughter is at home.

JAMES WILLIAM FENWICK, who died in Toronto, Oct. 24, 1904, was born in Markham township, County York, in 1840, son of Archibald and Barbara Fenwick, natives of the same township.

The family was founded in Canada by James Fenwick, the grandfather of our subject, who settled in Markham township. Here Archibald Fenwick, father of our subject, cleared a farm from the bush and spent his entire life. After his death his widow married again and settled in Scarborough township, where she died. The children born to our subject's parents were: James William, George, Murray, Andrew, Benjamin, Helen, May, Jennie, Hattie and Madeline, all born in Markham township.

James William Fenwick was educated in Markham township, and began his business life as a merchant at Cashel, from which place he removed to Unionville, where he was a general merchant for about five years. He next became bookkeeper for Paterson Bros., with whom he remained eight years. In 1885 he removed to Toronto, and went into business for himself, in which he continued until his death, since which event the business has been conducted by his son.

Mr. Fenwick married Miss Mary Jane Eakin, daughter of Samuel and Elizabeth (Pingle) Eakin, and to this union were born the following children: Archie, who married Alice Reed, has three children, Reed, Allan and Dorothy; Harry, of Toronto, conducts the business founded by his father; and Charles.

Mr. Fenwick was a Reformer. He was a

member of the A.O.U.W. In religious matters he was a Presbyterian.

JOHN MACMONAGLE, who died at Valley City, North Dakota, in 1885, belonged to a family long identified with Canada. His birth occurred in Caledonia, Ont., in 1860, and he was a son of Bernard and Bridget MacMonagle, natives of Ireland and the first of the family in Canada. They settled at Caledonia in 1850, where Mr. MacMonagle engaged in farming until his death.

John MacMonagle was educated at the Collegiate Institute of Hamilton. In Toronto he began his business life with Barber & Ellis, stationers and bookbinders, and in 1885 went to Valley City, North Dakota, where he embarked in that business on his own account, but was soon thereafter taken with his fatal illness. Mr. MacMonagle married Janet Boulton, daughter of William and Sarah Boulton, he born in England in 1836, and died in 1876, and Mrs. Boulton, born in Scarborough township, County York, in 1828, daughter of Hugh Wilson, a pioneer of the county. Hugh Wilson was a native of Ireland, and settled in Scarborough township some time during the twenties, there engaging in business until his death. His wife, Sarah Wilson, died at the remarkable age of 101 years. William Boulton, father of Mrs. MacMonagle, was an extensive business man at Epsom, owning a hotel and a blacksmith shop, and also engaging in other business ventures. He died at Uxbridge, the father of these children: Lizzie, Bertha, Blanche, Jeneta and Janet.

To Mr. and Mrs. MacMonagle was born one daughter, Hazel, who was educated in St. Joseph's school. Mr. MacMonagle was a member of the Church of England, to which Mrs. MacMonagle and her daughter also belong. He was a Conservative in politics, and his fraternal connection was with the I.O.O.F.

SAMUEL HUNTLY, whose death occurred in February, 1897, in Toronto, was for many years a well-known resident of the Queen City. He was born in England in 1853, son of Charles and Emma (Walker) Huntly, natives of England, who came to Toronto about 1855, and still live there.

After receiving his education in Toronto Samuel Huntly engaged in the gardening business, at which he continued until a few years prior to his death, which was caused by an accident. He was married in Toronto to Miss Mary O'Connell, who was born in Ireland, daughter of Daniel and Mary (Golden) O'Connell, natives of Ireland, where Mrs. O'Connell died. Her husband came to Canada about 1850, settling in Toronto,

where he followed carpentering and coopering, and he died in the Queen City.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Huntly had two sons and one daughter, namely: Lena Underwood, now the wife of Denis Mulhern, by whom she has one son, J. Godfrey, born in Toronto; Alfred William, of Toronto; and John Edward. Mr. Huntly was a member of the Roman Catholic Church, to which his widow and children belong. Mr. Mulhern is also a Catholic in religious faith.

FRANK R. BAILEY, for a number of years a most highly esteemed and enterprising business man of Toronto, died there in 1893. He was born in Albany, New York, in 1852, and his parents dying when he was only a child he was brought up by an aunt, residing in his native State until he reached his majority. He was educated in New York State, but began his business life in Toronto. Soon after settling here he engaged in the coal and wood business in Parkdale, now a part of the city, and there built up a flourishing trade. His genial manner and his prompt attention to business made him popular with his customers, winning him a constantly increasing business.

Mr. Bailey was married in Toronto to Miss Evelyn J. Burnett, a native of the city, where she was educated, and where she still makes her home. Mrs. Bailey is a daughter of Samuel and Jane (Smith) Burnett, the former born in Ireland, and the latter in Quebec. Mrs. Burnett is deceased. Mr. Burnett came to Toronto many years ago, and for a long time was a well-known cattle dealer. He is now living retired from active operations.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank R. Bailey were the parents of three daughters: Irene (deceased), Edith, and Hazel, all born in Toronto. The family are consistent members of the Church of England. Fraternally Mr. Bailey was a Royal Arch Mason, and was also connected with the Knights of St. John and Malta. In 1903 Mrs. Bailey purchased the home at No. 336 Bathurst street, where she and her two daughters now reside.

CLARKE CRANDELL, who died at Port Perry in 1903, was born in Reach township, County Ontario, in 1837, son of Reuben and Catherine (Moore) Crandell. The parents were natives of the State of New York, the father born in 1802. Reuben Crandall came to Canada in 1808, when but six years of age, and grew to manhood in Port Perry, formerly known as Crandell's Corners, where he remained until his death, in 1874.

Clarke Crandell grew to manhood at Port

Perry, and there received his education. He became a leading farmer and stock dealer in that place, and there spent his entire business life. Mr. Crandell married Miss Ann Ruth Worden, who was born in the State of Illinois, daughter of Alvin and Marguerita (Hammond) Worden, natives of New York State; her father, born in 1821, died in Illinois, and her mother, born in 1824, is now living in Iowa. Mrs. Crandell came to Canada in 1869, and has ever since resided here; she has lived in Toronto since 1903. To Mr. and Mrs. Crandell were born: Julia; Maggie; Nellie, the wife of John Legott, of Port Arthur; Archie, of Toronto; Pearl; Eva; George, and Roy. The family are Baptists. In political sentiment Mr. Crandell was a Reformer.

JOHN WILLIAM MURRAY, who died in Galt, Ont., in 1895, was born in Ireland in 1834, son of William and Elizabeth (Colville) Murray. The parents came to Canada about 1850, settling in Hamilton for a short time, and thence moving to the United States. William Murray died in Cincinnati, Ohio, in 1852, and the family returned to Hamilton.

John William Murray engaged in the machinist business in Hamilton, where he continued for some time before his removal to Galt, where he remained in the same line until his death. In Hamilton Mr. Murray married Miss Hughina Berry, who was born in the North of Scotland, daughter of Thomas and Catherine (Grant) Berry, the former a native of Scotland, and the latter of New Brunswick. Mr. Berry died in Scotland about 1850, and the mother came to Hamilton in 1853, dying there in 1875, when eighty years of age. The family consisted of John, James, Margaret, Martha, Catherine and Mrs. Murray, who is now the only survivor.

To Mr. and Mrs. Murray three children were born: Thomas William, of Toronto, who married Ann McGregor, and has one son, John Ross; Elizabeth Harriet, deceased; and Ina Catherine. The family are Presbyterians. Politically Mr. Murray was a Reformer. Mrs. Murray has resided in Toronto since 1897.

JOHN HOOEY (deceased) was a resident of County Huron, long well known in his line of business in Ontario. He died in July, 1899. Mr. Hooey was born at Port Hope, Ont., in 1848, son of John and Margaret (Bell) Hooey, natives of Ireland, who on coming to Canada settled at Port Hope. After farming for a time at that place they removed to County Waterloo, where both died.

John Hooey was educated in County Water-

loo, and there grew to manhood. His first business venture was made in County Huron, where he carried on farming, and while there first engaged in horse dealing. He bought horses, and sold not only in his own and neighboring counties but also shipped to the old country, becoming very successful in this line. Some time prior to his death he sold his farm, and settled in Clifford, where he made his home until his death. He married Margaret Moffat, who was born in County Huron, daughter of Robert and Margaret (Miller) Moffat, natives of Scotland. They came to Canada about 1850, and here Mrs. Moffat died, her husband, who still survives, living with Mrs. Hooley.

The following children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Hooley: Margaret, the wife of Charles Worden; Maria; Lottie, who married James Wiley and has three children, Howard, Grier and Jean; Jessie, who married George Morrison; Howard, and Ethel. Mr. Hooley was a member of the Presbyterian Church, politically a Conservative, and fraternally connected with the Masonic order. In 1901 Mrs. Hooley settled in Toronto, where she has become well known and highly esteemed.

HENRY BRACKEN was for many years engaged in the cattle business in Toronto, where he died July 27, 1903. He was born in County Fermanagh, Ireland, in 1849, son of Richard and Ann Bracken, both of whom died in the old country.

Mr. Bracken was educated in his native country, and in 1868 came to Toronto, whence he shortly went to Meaford. There he remained seven years, at the end of which time he returned to Toronto and embarked in the cattle business, in which he continued to be extensively engaged to the time of his death. Mr. Bracken was well and widely known in and around Toronto, for he was one of the leading cattle dealers in the Queen City.

Henry Bracken was united in marriage with Isabella McClelland, daughter of William and Isabella (McKinney) McClelland, natives of County Antrim, Ireland, both born in 1810. Mr. McClelland, who died in Toronto Oct. 25, 1888, came to the city at an early day and engaged in the cattle business for many years, being one of the pioneers in his line in Toronto. He and his wife, who died Oct. 26, 1904, in Toronto, were members of the Baptist Church. They had a family of ten children, five of whom were born in the old country and died there. Of the remaining five three survive, namely: W. J., a cattle dealer of Toronto; Mrs. William Stewart; and Mrs. Henry Bracken.

Mr. and Mrs. Bracken also had a family of

ten children, as follows: William John, of Toronto, a cattle dealer (he and his wife, Alice, have one daughter, Dorothy); Annie; Isabelle; Beatrice, deceased; Richard; Henry, Lillian; Christopher; Victor; and Alice. The family are members of the Methodist Church. In political faith Mr. Bracken was a Conservative, and socially he was connected with the Orangemen, Sons of Ireland, and Irish Protestant Benevolent Society.

JAMES RITCHIE, who died in Toronto Sept. 10, 1904, was for many years in the civil service in Her Majesty's Government. He was born in the City of Quebec in 1835, son of James Ritchie, a native of Scotland and the founder of the family in Canada.

James Ritchie, the subject of this sketch, was educated in Quebec and Montreal, and on completing his literary training became a teacher in private families in the latter city. He then spent two years in the sheriff's office, after which he came to Ottawa to accept a position in the civil service, in which he continued for twenty-nine years. In 1888 he was superannuated and settled in Toronto, where the remaining years of his life were spent. In 1887, in Ottawa, Mr. Ritchie married Miss M. A. Mitchell, who was born at Owen Sound, daughter of Robert Peter and Mary (Black) Mitchell. Mrs. Ritchie's father was born in 1836, and was for many years a prominent business man of Ontario; he died in Brockville in 1891. His widow still survives, making her home with her daughter, Mrs. Ritchie, in Toronto. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell were: W. H., a civil engineer; Mrs. Ritchie; Mrs. J. S. Heinrich, of Ottawa; and Mrs. John Livingston, of Durham.

Mr. and Mrs. Ritchie became the parents of four children: Mary Maud, John L., William and Charles. Mr. Ritchie was a Presbyterian, to which faith Mrs. Ritchie also adheres. He was fraternally connected with the Masons, and in politics a staunch Conservative.

THOMAS WOOLLEY was born in Ireland in 1832, and died in Toronto in 1897. His father, Thomas Woolley, Sr., was for many years a non-commissioned officer in the British army, and his mother was Ann Kershaw. They came to Canada in 1833, settling at Sorel, where both died.

Thomas Woolley received his education in Canada, and on reaching his majority went to the city of Quebec, where he learned the foundry business. He followed it there for some time and then went to Woodbridge, where he continued in business until his retirement in

1886. Moving to Toronto, the remainder of his life was spent in that city. Mr. Woolley married Sarah Roulston, a native of Quebec city, and daughter of James and Elizabeth (Falkner) Roulston, natives of Ireland. Mr. Roulston, after coming to Canada, settled in Quebec, and there lived retired until his death. He had three children: William (deceased), Elizabeth (deceased) and Mrs. Woolley.

To Mr. and Mrs. Woolley the following children were born: Eleanor Kershaw; Lucy Elizabeth, widow of John Graham, of Toronto, who has one son, Walter; and Annie Evelyn. Mr. Woolley was a member of the Presbyterian Church. In his political affiliations he was connected with the Conservative party, and fraternally he was identified with the A.O.U.W.

HENRY B. STILES. Probably no man in Toronto was better known than the late Henry B. Stiles, who died in that city Nov. 25, 1903. He was born at Queensville, Ont., in 1844, son of Henry Dodd and Theresa (Belfry) Stiles, the former a native of Kentucky, and the latter of Canada. Henry Dodd Stiles came to Canada many years ago, and settled near Queensville, where he was a merchant and magistrate and a leader in the ranks of the Reform party. He took part in the war of 1812. Both he and his wife died at Queensville.

Henry B. Stiles was educated at Queensville and in Toronto. Soon after reaching his majority he settled in Aurora, County York, and there became a merchant and grain dealer, remaining at that place from 1868 until 1876. Then he went to the Northwest, where he remained a few years, after which he returned to Toronto and embarked in the real estate, contracting and building business, owning large properties on Dundas, Carlton, Queen, Sackville, Withrow, Bloor, and other streets in the Queen City. His own fine residence was located on Withrow street. Mr. Stiles was one of the heaviest property owners of the city at the time of the boom, but with others lost heavily when the decline came. He was a Reformer in politics, and in religious matters identified with the Methodist Church, in which he held membership.

Mr. Stiles married Miss Mary I. Nicholson, who was born in Queensville, Ont., daughter of Daniel and Mary (Gillrie) Nicholson, the former born at Halifax City, the latter in England. Daniel Nicholson was a farmer and lived retired for many years before his death, which occurred at Palmerston, Ont.; his wife passed away at Owen Sound. Their children were: William Alexander, deceased; Daniel; Annie, deceased, who married Robert Smith; Malcolm

and Alexander, deceased; Mark, of Mt. Forest; Sarah, the wife of Rev. W. B. Danard, of Owen Sound; Mary, Mrs. Stiles; and William.

To Mr. and Mrs. Stiles were born the following children: Edwin F., of Toronto, who married Louise Bradshaw, and has two children, Gladys and Rolland; Henry and Eva W., deceased; Pearl M., a teacher of vocal music in Toronto; Clara C., soloist at the Western Congregational Church, Toronto; and Regina C., a member of the Jarvis Street Baptist Church choir. Regina and Clara are members of the well-known Mendelssohn choir, of international reputation.

ROBERT EMERY, deceased, who was for many years connected with the Bell Company at Guelph, was born in Sussex, England, in 1826, and he grew to manhood in that country. He was trained to be a gardener, but finding that work uncongenial, he decided to give it up, and emigrated to Canada as offering a wider field for his efforts in some other line.

In 1855 Mr. Emery landed in Canada, and settled in the County of Wellington, where for some time he engaged in agricultural pursuits. This, too, failed to satisfy him, and moving to Guelph he obtained a situation there with the Bell Company, with whom he remained for seventeen years, a fact which reflects great credit on both parties to the contract. His death occurred in Guelph in 1891. Mr. Emery was a member of the Presbyterian Church, as was his wife also, while in political matters he supported the Conservative party. He was also much interested in fraternal orders, and belonged to the I.O.O.F. and the Sons of England.

Mr. Emery's marriage occurred in 1860, when he was united to Miss Barbara Anderson, who was born in Northumberland, England, in 1840. This union has been blessed with the following children: George, deceased; Albert, of Toronto, who married Miss Charlotte Emerson, and has three children, Ethel, Albert C. and Ruth; Herbert, of Toronto, who married Miss Maggie Martin, and has one daughter, Muriel Helen; Maude; Henrietta; Edmund, who married Miss Ida Hudson; Arthur, of Winnipeg; Annie; Alice; and Bessie.

Mrs. Emery's parents were Peter and Agnes (Walker) Anderson, of Scotland, whose last years were spent in Canada. They were born in 1810 and 1830, respectively, lived for a short time in England, and in 1854 came to the New World. They settled at first at Holland Landing, but before long moved to a farm in East Gwillimbury, where Peter Anderson died in 1869. His widow survived until 1889. Their

children were nine in number, namely: Margaret, deceased; Robina; Ann, deceased; John, deceased; William, of California; Barbara, Mrs. Emery; James, deceased; Mary Ann and Jennie, both residing in Dakota.

JAMES TRIMBLE, who died at Streetsville, Ont., in 1884, was born at that place in 1860, son of John and Mary (Potts) Trimble, the former of whom was born in Ireland, while the latter was a native of Scotland.

John Trimble and wife came to Canada and settled in the vicinity of York many years ago, there spending their remaining days. Mr. Trimble operated a stage line between Streetsville and Port Credit in the early days of that section, and he died in Streetsville in 1903, his wife having died two years previously. The children born to this worthy couple were: John, Jane, Hal, Joseph, James, Thomas, Isabella and William.

James Trimble was educated in the Streetsville schools, and in early manhood learned the carpenter's trade, which he followed in connection with milling operations. Mr. Trimble was nicely settled in business, when he was taken away, leaving his widow with one son, James G., born at Streetsville in 1884.

In 1884 Mr. Trimble and Miss Matilda Lennox were united in marriage, she being the daughter of James and Jane (Woods) Lennox, natives of Ireland. Mr. Lennox emigrated to Canada in 1872, dying four years after his arrival here.

Mr. Trimble was a consistent member of the Church of England. In political matters he had always been connected with the Conservative party, and in his death that organization lost an active worker. Mrs. Trimble resides in Toronto, where her son is engaged in the baking business.

J. R. DENNIS, a well-known and highly esteemed farmer and business man of York township, now living retired at his home in Weston, was born in Toronto, Ont., Oct. 31, 1863, son of Henry and Annie (Skirving) Dennis, the former born at Kingston, Ont., Aug. 5, 1822, and the latter the same day of the same year, in Scotland.

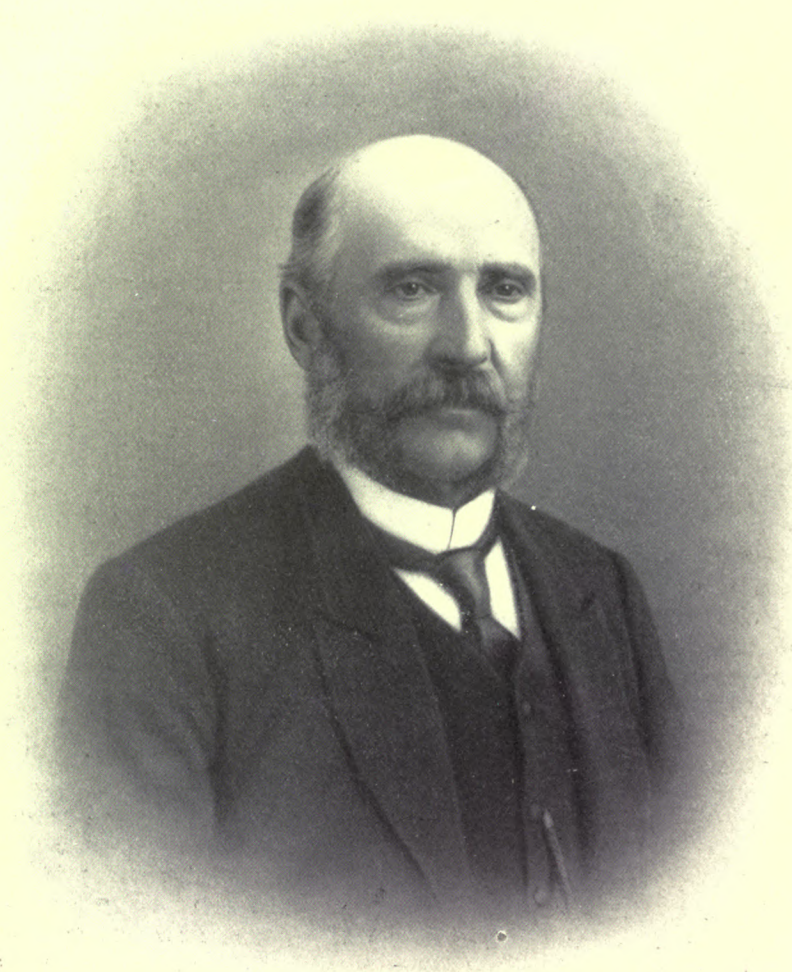
John Dennis, great-grandfather of J. R., came originally from England and located in the United States. At the time of the American Revolution he came to Canada and settled first in Kingston, whence he removed to York township, in 1800 taking up 500 acres of land on the 4th and 5th Concessions, which had been granted him by the English Government, he in

turn building a vessel at Kingston for service in the war of 1812.

Joseph Dennis, only son of John, settled and died on a part of the old homestead. He had a family of four sons and five daughters: Jane, deceased, was the wife of H. Mulkins; Maria, deceased, was the wife of J. W. Bridgeland, a land surveyor of York; Martha, deceased, was the wife of William Gentle, of Weston; Joseph, Mary and Christine died young; Stoughton married a Miss Oliver of Kingston, and they settled in Weston, later removing to Ottawa, where he was employed by the Government as a surveyor until his death, his wife surviving him; Henry; and John, who was a prominent business man of County York, owning a woollen mill in Weston, where he resided for some years, died at Parkdale in 1895, leaving a widow, formerly Letitia Deacon, of Canada, and she lives with her family at Parkdale.

Henry Dennis was reared and educated in Kingston, and during his young manhood engaged in lumbering and sawmilling. On coming to County York, he was married Oct. 30, 1849, to Margaret Deacon, who died one year later. Mr. Dennis married (second), April 12, 1853, Annie Skirving, daughter of John Skirving, who came to Canada from Scotland, and died at Mimico, where he had followed surveying. On locating in County York, Mr. and Mrs. Dennis settled on the old homestead, which had been originally settled by the emigrant, John, and here resided until 1890, in which year he removed to his home in Weston, and there lived until his death, May 15, 1896. Mrs. Dennis followed her husband to the grave Jan. 10, 1897. Mr. Dennis was a Reformer in politics. He and his wife were both members of the Methodist Church, in which for many years he was an official member, serving as trustee and steward. They were the parents of seven children, two sons dying in childhood. The others were: Isabella, born Nov. 26, 1855, is the wife of William Duncan, a retired farmer of Huntsville, and has children, Harry H., Reginald S., W. Wardlaw, Margaret E., and Catherine H.; Mary Kate, born Sept. 11, 1859, married Dr. John M. Shaw, of Regina, Northwest Territory, and has five children, Arthur J., Mary S., A. Irene, Jean H., and Maurice S.; Rebecca Jane, born March 22, 1862, married Rev. John A. Jaffray, a Presbyterian minister of McLeod, Alberta, and has four children, Dougald, Bessie, Ewart and Stuart; Miss Annie E., born Jan. 19, 1866, resides with her sister, Mrs. Duncan, of Huntsville; and J. R.

J. R. Dennis received his education on the old homestead, where he grew to manhood, attending the public and high schools of Weston,



Geo. J. Townsley

and spending two years at Guelph Agricultural College. Being the only surviving son of his parents, he received the farm at his father's death. He resided thereon until 1900, when he retired from agricultural pursuits and purchased a fine brick home at North Station street, Weston, where he resided six years. From there he moved to his present up-to-date brick house, which he had built. On April 21, 1891, Mr. Dennis married Miss Alice A. Franks, born in Vaughan township, Nov. 28, 1864, daughter of Peter and Alice Franks, a prominent old pioneer couple of Vaughan township.

Mr. and Mrs. Dennis are members of the Methodist Church. In political matters he is a Reformer, and has served as a member of the public school board of Mt. Dennis and of the high school board of Weston, holding the latter position at the present time. He has been secretary thereof for two years, and for the past three years treasurer. Mr. Dennis is fraternally connected with the Canadian Order of Foresters at Weston, and the Knights of the Maccabees of that place. He is held in the highest esteem in the township and bears the enviable reputation of being a man of the highest integrity, of commendable public spirit and of good, common sense.

GEORGE SPILLER, a well-to-do citizen of Bracondale, County York, Ont., who has for a number of years been engaged in market gardening, was born on Bloor street, Toronto, Oct. 12, 1857, son of John and Elizabeth (Smith) Spiller, a pioneer family of Toronto.

John Spiller and his wife were born in Devonshire, England, where they were married. They came to Canada in 1850, locating at Toronto, where Mr. Spiller followed market gardening on Bloor street for a number of years. He owned real estate in that community, and purchased a home, in which he died in 1888, his wife surviving until 1892, when she passed away. Both were consistent members of the English Church. In politics Mr. Spiller was a Conservative. Two children were born to John and Elizabeth (Smith) Spiller, namely: Emma J., born in Toronto, married Hamner Coffin, of the United States, and they settled in Toronto, where she died in 1897, leaving a family of three children, Arthur, Lewis and Oscar; and George.

George Spiller was educated in the schools of Toronto, and when a young man engaged with his father in the gardening business until 1893, when he embarked in the mercantile business, in which he continued for three years. In 1896 he sold his business and re-engaged in gardening, which he has followed successfully to the present time. In 1878 he married Miss Margaret

Baird, born in the County of York, Oct. 11, 1857, daughter of John and Mary Baird, who came to Canada from Scotland. Mr. and Mrs. Spiller after marriage settled on his father's old home on Bloor street until 1886, when Mr. Spiller purchased real estate on Bathurst street, York township, and in the same year erected a fine brick residence.

To Mr. and Mrs. George Spiller have been born six children: Arthur J., born on Bloor street in 1879, is a partner with his father in the business; Mary E., born in 1881, is the wife of John M. Baird, of Winnipeg, where he is engaged in the real estate business, and has one son, Robert; Miss Lillias, born in 1883, resides at home; Frederick G., born in 1885, married Miss Annie McGregor, of Toronto, in which city they reside; Lesley, born in 1886, resides at home; and Elfreda was born in 1888. Mr. and Mrs. Spiller are adherents of the Presbyterian Church. In politics Mr. Spiller has always supported the Conservative party, but he has never aspired to the honors and responsibilities of public office.

GEORGE STOGDALE TOWNSLEY, who passed away at his late residence on Weston road, Carlton West, Oct. 27, 1904, was the first brick manufacturer in that section of County York. Mr. Townsley was born Dec. 10, 1829, in Selby, Yorkshire, England, son of John and Hannah (Stogdale) Townsley.

John Townsley, who came to Canada in 1850, settled at Todmorden, County York, and engaged in the brick and tile business in Yorkville, in which line he was engaged at the time of his death, which occurred in 1856. He and his wife, who died in 1886, were the parents of these children: George Stogdale; Mrs. Leonard Pears; Thomas, of the United States; Maria, who married Charles Scarbours; James; Benjamin; Louisa; John; and Emma, who married Ezra Fuller, of South Dakota.

George Stogdale Townsley received his education in his native country, and learned the brickmaking business in England with his father. He engaged in this work on his own account in Yorkville in 1857, and later carried it on for six years at the southwest corner of King street west and Niagara street, Toronto, although visitors to the city now would never think that a brickyard had occupied that corner at any time. Mr. Townsley went thence in 1869 to Weston Road, Carlton West, establishing the first brickyard in that section, the output of which, in later years, amounted to about two million brick annually. Mr. Townsley retired from active life in 1901, at which time his son George H., who now conducts the business, took

charge. At the time of his death George S. Townsley was one of the oldest brick manufacturers in the Dominion. He was ever an able business man, attending strictly to the duties of his enterprise, but found time to be a good, public-spirited citizen, serving as trustee of the schools of his locality. In politics he was a Conservative. He and his wife attended the Methodist Church, of which he was a trustee, and he also served as superintendent of the Sunday-school of that denomination for many years.

On Sept. 2, 1862, Mr. Townsley was married to Martha Strange, of Cheddington, Essex, England, where she was born in 1838, daughter of Robert and Charlotte (Clark) Strange. Nine children were born to this marriage, namely: Louisa is married to Walter R. Wakefield, of Toronto Junction, a prominent brick manufacturer, and they have four children, Charlotte M., Charles T., Sarah E. and George W.; Miss Grace is residing at the old homestead with her mother; George is deceased; Emma Maud is the wife of Rev. J. W. Gibson, a Methodist minister of Palatka, Florida; Miss Sarah Annie is in Chicago, Illinois, engaged as a bookkeeper; Mary Hannah is the wife of E. Bruce Spafford, of Chicago, Illinois, a retired farmer, and has one daughter, Marie; George Henry, a brick manufacturer, of Toronto Junction, carries on the business founded by his father; Miss Lillian, a stenographer, lives with her mother; Miss Martha E., also lives at home. Mrs. Townsley and her daughters occupy the old homestead, "Stogdale Place," a comfortable brick dwelling of modern construction, well cared for and kept up in every detail. The family are all progressive, and active in the communities with which they are identified.

Robert Strange, father of Mrs. Martha (Strange) Townsley, came to Canada with his wife, Charlotte (Clark) Strange, in 1851, first settling for a short time at St. Johns, Lower Canada, and thence going to Grande Ligne, where he was station and road master. Later in turn he was at Cobourg, Toronto, Sarnia and Point Edward, residing at the latter place for about twenty years before he retired from railroading, which he followed until his eightieth year. After retiring he removed to Niagara Falls, dying at the latter place at the age of eighty-eight years. Mrs. Strange died aged eighty-nine years. Their children were: Mrs. Townsley, William, Elizabeth, Emma, Thomas Richard, Charlotte, Mary Ann, Robert (deceased), and Robert Clark. Robert Strange was a prominent railroad man, and was, perhaps, one of the oldest railroaders in Canada. He and a Mr. John Shotton, late of Montreal, were mates

under the late George Stephenson, in building the first railroad in England, and he also helped to build the great Grimsby docks, whence he brought high recommendations to this country. His first work in Canada was on the LaPrairie, St. Johns & Ross's Point road; later he was a contractor on the Cobourg & Peterborough line. He also helped to build the old Northern as far as Barrie, the main line of the Grand Trunk, and the Buffalo & Goderich.

JOHN SHAW. In every community, great or small, there are found men who, by reason of personal attributes, enterprising spirit and natural ability, have arisen above their fellows in business, social or public life. Toronto has numerous examples, and one of these is John Shaw, ex-mayor and ex-alderman of the city. He is a son of George and Laura (Jackson) Shaw, the former of Scotch and the latter of English birth.

George Shaw and his brother Andrew left their native country for America, Andrew settling in New York, where he died. George came to Toronto in 1832, and followed his trade of carpentering and building. His wife Laura (Jackson), was a daughter of one of the leading dairymen of England, from which country she came to Toronto before her marriage. She died in Toronto. Their children were: Robert, John, George, William Albert, and Susan, all deceased but the subject of this sketch.

John Shaw was born in Toronto in 1837, was educated at Upper Canada College, and later read law. For many years he was a solicitor in his native city. In 1885 he was elected alderman, to represent St. Paul's ward, and when it was merged into the Third ward he represented the latter in the city council. In 1895, when Mayor Kennedy was absent in England, Mr. Shaw was made president of the council. It was during this time that the water pipes rose in the lake, shutting off Toronto's drinking water supply, and Mr. Shaw at once proved himself equal to the emergency, supplying the people drinking water in casks, delivered to them, to do which he had to secure many casks and a great deal of help. He tided over the six weeks needed to repair the pipes. While an alderman Mr. Shaw was chairman of the Fire and Light committee, the Works committee, and the Executive committee. In 1894, with R. T. Coady, city treasurer, he went to England to regulate the sale of Toronto city bonds, in which they were very successful. It was through Mr. Shaw's efforts that the present Gamwell fire alarm system of Toronto was secured. He has always been opposed to the "local improvement" system, considering it an expensive

method of making city improvements. Mr. Shaw had much to do with the adjustment and friendly agreement between the city and railway, as well as many other matters of importance to the city. In 1897 he was elected Mayor of Toronto by the council and in 1898 by the people, occupying the mayoralty chair about three years. It was during his administration—1899—that the city hall was completed and formally opened by Mr. Shaw. It is to his credit that during his administration the city taxes were kept at a minimum. In 1905 Mr. Shaw was elected a member of the board of comptrollers, and was re-elected in 1906.

Mr. Shaw married Miss Elizabeth Sleeth, a native of Toronto. They belong to the Church of England. He is a Conservative in political sentiment. Fraternally he is a Mason, and also connected with the C.O.F. and the Orangemen. Mr. Shaw is held in the highest esteem by the public he has served so faithfully.

DR. HUGH ROBERTSON, M.R.C.S., who died in Toronto in 1892, was born in Thorold, County Welland, Ont., in 1841, son of John and Jean (Taylor) Robertson, natives of Scotland, who became the founders of the Robertson family in Canada.

The Robertson family are descended from the Robertsons who acquired Arking and other lands in Naushon, in 1450 A.D., and also possessed estates in Perthshire, Scotland. John Robertson, father of the Doctor, died in Thorold, and his wife in Toronto. They had these children: William, Mildred, Rev. John, Janet, Alexander, James, Jane, Mary, Helen (Mrs. Emerson Coatsworth, of Toronto), and Hugh.

Hugh Robertson entered upon the study of medicine in 1867, and in 1870 was graduated *cum laude* from the Medical Department of the University of Toronto. He was then licensed by the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, to the practice of medicine. Going to Europe he studied in St. Thomas Hospital, London, and in 1872 received the degree of M. R.C.S., of London, England. The Doctor then settled in Toronto in the practice of his profession, and became one of the leading members of the profession in Canada. In 1874 the Doctor was appointed Professor of Anatomy in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, of Ontario, and in 1879 was made Examiner in Anatomy in the same institution. In 1887 he became the representative of the Institute on the Senate of the University of Toronto. In 1880 he was made medical director of the Mutual Life Association, and a director in the British America Assurance Company.

Dr. Robertson married Miss Jennie Reid, who

was born at Mount Forest, Ont., daughter of Jackson and Irmenia (Hall) Reid, natives of Ireland, of Scotch ancestry, both born in 1823. Mr. Reid came to Canada in 1831 with his father, Robert Reid, who settled at Peterborough and carried on a boot and shoe business. Jackson Reid was a farmer at Peterborough for many years, and now with his wife is living retired at Toronto Junction. Their children follow: Rebecca, wife of John Coatsworth; Dr. Thomas, of Minneapolis, Minnesota; Catherine Agnes, wife of William Campbell; Dr. William; Irmenia, the wife of Alexander Kean; Adam; Jennie, Mrs. Robertson; and Mrs. Mary Reid.

Dr. and Mrs. Robertson had children as follows: Winfred Hugh, B.A., class of 1906, University of Toronto, and M.B., class of 1908, University of Toronto; William Gilbert Even, of Toronto, who is studying for the medical profession; Gladys Isabel; and Mary Bertram and John Alexander, twins, the latter also intending to follow his father's profession.

Dr. Robertson was a great reader and student. He was thoroughly up-to-date in his profession, and an able lecturer in his department in the medical school. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church. In politics he was a Conservative.

STEPHEN CONNORS, for many years a prominent contractor and builder of Toronto, was one of the leading business men of the city, and in his death, which occurred in 1875, the city lost one of its substantial citizens. Mr. Connors was born in Ireland in 1832, son of John Connors, who died in the old country, after which his widow and family came to Canada, settling in Toronto, where Michael Connors, the only survivor of the family, now resides.

Stephen Connors attended the schools of his native country, and in 1847 came with his mother to Toronto. He learned the carpenter's trade, which he followed for some time with considerable success, and then engaged in contracting and building, and in this line he was engaged until his death, many of the old residences in the west end of the city testifying to his skill and workmanship. His long business life in the city made him a familiar figure in business circles, and he was possessed of many friends.

Mr. Connors was married in Toronto to Miss Catherine Clancy, born in Ireland, daughter of Thomas and Catherine (O'Halloran) Clancy, the former of whom died in Ireland in 1846. After the death of Mr. Clancy, his wife and children came to Canada, Mrs. Connors being the only survivor. To Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Connors were born these children: Thomas, who married and has one son, Thomas; Mary, de-

ceased; Stephen, of Montreal; Joseph and John, of Chicago; and Clara and June, at home. Mr. Connors was a faithful member of the Roman Catholic Church. In politics he was an active Conservative.

REV. GEORGE RIDDELL, who was well known for the great and good work he accomplished as a minister of the Gospel, was a resident of Newtonville for a number of years, and was living there at the time of his death, in 1868. Mr. Riddell was born in England in 1829.

The Rev. Mr. Riddell received a thorough education in the schools of his native country and in the University of Edinburgh, after leaving which latter institution he engaged in teaching for a time. He was married in Scotland to Miss Jeanie Miller, a native of Perth, Scotland. In 1858 Rev. Riddell and his wife came to Canada, where he engaged in the work of the Christian ministry in the United Presbyterian Church, his assignment being to Newtonville and Newcastle, where he spent his life, laboring effectively in the cause he loved. Full of charity and thought for others, he had hosts of friends wherever his work led him; he was one of the most unselfish and self-denying men of his day. His whole thought was in the advancement of Christianity in the Dominion, and to that end he gave his life.

To the Rev. George Riddell and wife one son was born: George Riddell, B.A., University of Toronto, who was teacher of mathematics at the school at St. Mary's for some time, later filled the same position at Galt, and still later at one of the Institutes of Toronto. Mrs. Riddell, who survives her husband, resides at No. 76 Bellevue avenue, where she owns residence property, and where she has resided for many years. Like her husband, Mrs. Riddell is a devoted Christian worker.

WILLIAM MILLS MORSE, who passed away at his late residence, No. 111 College street, Toronto, March 22, 1890, was born at Niagara-on-the-Lake, Dec. 31, 1827, son of William and Elizabeth (Taylor) Morse. Both the father and grandfather of William Mills Morse were born in England. After coming to Canada, his father removed to Cleveland, Ohio, where he was interested in lake boats. There he died. His children were: William Mills; John Taylor, whose sketch appears elsewhere; and George D., whose biography is also given elsewhere.

William Mills Morse was educated in Canada, and began business life on his own account in Toronto, where for some time he was

engaged in the butchering business. Later with his brothers he engaged in the cattle shipping business, and also in the milling business, his mill being located at Tolendale. Some time prior to his death Mr. Morse retired from business, making his home in Toronto, where he continued to reside until called away. He was a man well and widely known, and during his long and successful business life he made many friends who esteemed him highly.

On Dec. 25, 1854, William Mills Morse and Miss Elizabeth Eastwood were united in marriage. She is a member of a pioneer family of York County, being a daughter of John and Elizabeth (Helliwell) Eastwood. John Eastwood was born in Todmorden, England, in 1788, and died Nov. 17, 1851. In 1818 he came to Canada, settling for a time at Niagara, and later locating in York County, at Todmorden, which place he named in honor of his birthplace in England. John Eastwood erected the first paper-mill in Canada, it being situated on the "Don," in York County, and he engaged in the manufacture of paper until the close of his active life. His wife, who was born in 1803, died in June, 1876, and they were both interred at the Necropolis. Their children were: Mary, who died young; Helliwell, who died in infancy; John, deceased, who was a paper manufacturer; Thomas, deceased; Sarah, who married James Hodgson; Henry, deceased; Daniel, deceased, who married Elizabeth McPhil; Colin, of the United States; Charles, who died unmarried; Dr. William, of Whitby, who married Margaret Brown; and Elizabeth, who became Mrs. Morse.

To Mr. and Mrs. Morse were born the following children: W. Pitman, of Toronto, is secretary of the Globe Printing Company; John Wilton, engaged in the Standard Bank, in Toronto, married Alvetta Staples, and has one daughter, Mildred; Annie Elizabeth died aged ten years; Elizabeth died in April, 1904. Mr. Morse was a member of the Presbyterian Church, to which faith Mrs. Morse also adheres. In politics he was a Reformer.

DR. JOHN THOMAS SMALL, for many years a medical practitioner of Toronto, was a native of that city, born in 1827, son of Hon. James Edward and Frances (Ridout) Small, and grandson of John and Elizabeth (Goldsmith) Small.

John Small, the Doctor's grandfather, came to Canada with Governor Simcoe in 1792, becoming the founder of the family in Canada.

Hon. James Edward Small was a prominent lawyer and jurist of Ontario, who, on settling in London, was appointed Judge of that dis-

trict, later becoming Attorney-General of Upper Canada. He was a native of Toronto, in which city his death also occurred, and was the builder of the "Berkeley House," named in honor of Lord Berkeley (an intimate friend of the family in England), after whom Berkeley street and Berkeley lane were named.

Dr. John Thomas Small received his education at Cobourg and at the University of Toronto, read medicine with the late Dr. Widmer, and later went to England to complete his studies. Returning to Toronto, Dr. Small engaged in the practice of his profession, and in this he continued throughout his active life. He early gained the confidence of the people and he became very successful in his chosen work. He died in 1896.

Dr. Small married Miss Catherine Frances Herriot, who was born in Scotland, daughter of Alexander T. and Catherine (Turnbull) Herriot, the former a well-known laird. In 1852 Mrs. Small came to Toronto, and here she has made her home for more than half a century. To Dr. and Mrs. Small seven children were born: John T., a well-known barrister of Toronto; Alexander H., of California; Mrs. H. Budden, of Montreal; Harriet; Sidney, of Toronto; Harry; and Dr. Arthur, of Chicago. Dr. Small was a member of the Church of England. He was a Conservative, and in his fraternal affiliations was connected with the Masonic order.

PETER EWAN, late deputy governor of the Toronto gaol, a position he held from Aug. 1, 1872, until his death, was one of the oldest police officials in Ontario, if not in Canada. He was born in Aberdeenshire, Scotland, June 23, 1820, son of James Ewan, a farmer of Scotland, who died in that country.

Peter Ewan was educated at the Forest school, Aberdeenshire, and after finishing his schooling went to Aberdeen. He began work assisting his father on his land. He then applied for an appointment on the police force at Banffshire, Scotland, where he served for a short time, after which he was in the mounted police, and soon became a member of the force in the County of Banff. He then received an appointment on the city force of Aberdeen, on which he remained for some years, leaving the police force to accept a city appointment in Aberdeen, which he held for a number of years. While acting in this capacity he was offered the chief constableness of Sutherlandshire, a position he held for ten years. In 1866 he came to Canada, settling in Toronto, where he intended to go into business, but he soon received an appointment on the city police force, which he held until 1872, on August 1st of which year he assumed

the duties of deputy governor at the prison, to which position he was appointed by the late Sheriff Jarvis.

In Scotland Mr. Ewan married Miss Margaret Grant. In 1795, when the rebellion took place in Scotland, Mrs. Ewan's grandfather joined the Rebels, in consequence of which he lost everything he had. In 1822, when King George IV. went to Edinburgh, His Majesty met Mr. Grant, "his oldest enemy," to whom he gave a pension of a guinea per week. Mr. Grant's son John, father of Mrs. Ewan, was a farmer in Scotland all of his life. Born about 1822, Mrs. Ewan passed away in Toronto, in 1889. Her children were as follows: Peter, of Toronto; John, with *The Globe*; Barbara; Margaret; and Lizzie and May, both deceased. Mr. Ewan was a Presbyterian. He belonged to the Gaelic and the Caledonian Societies.

JAMES MOUNSEY LATIMER (deceased) was a native of Scotland, where his ancestors had lived for many generations. The family history goes back to the seventeenth century, when the Latimers were related to the Patersons, one of whom was the founder of a well-known banking house in Scotland.

James M. Latimer was born in Scotland in 1834, and was brought to Canada in childhood by his father, Edward Latimer. The family lived in Toronto for a while, but before long moved to a farm not far from the city, and there James M. grew up and was educated. When he was old enough to begin his business life he went into a drug store in Toronto, but his tastes were strongly toward mechanics, and he soon turned his attention to that line, which he followed the remainder of his life. After his marriage Mr. Latimer settled in Dundas, but later removed to Hamilton, and was engaged there as a machinist at the time of his death, in 1887. He took great interest in the K.O.T.M., of which he was a prominent member, was the founder of Hamilton Lodge, and prominent in the councils of the order until he died.

Mr. Latimer was married in Toronto to Miss Emily Berry, who was of English parentage on both sides, being a daughter of Thomas and Sarah (Hayes) Berry. Her father died in England, and Mrs. Berry brought her children to Canada, where she died. After her husband's death Mrs. Latimer made her home in Toronto, and resides at No. 309 Manning avenue. Mr. and Mrs. Latimer had the following children who grew to maturity: (1) Lillian Agnes married D. Eastman, and has two children, G. and Muriel. (2) Albert E., a printer in Brooklyn, New York, is married and has one daughter, Marjorie. (3)

Mabel, Mrs. James Wilson, of Winnipeg, has one daughter. (4) Ernest F. is an electrician, he and his wife, Ella, residing in Winnipeg. (5) Stanley is an electrician in Toronto.

JOHN ANDERSON (deceased), who for a number of years was a well-known hotel-keeper in County York, was born in Canada in 1839, of Scotch ancestry. His grandfather, a banker of Scotland, was the first of the family to come to the American continent, but after residing here for some time he returned to his native country and there died. His son, William Anderson, a physician, remained in Canada and followed his profession throughout his life.

John Anderson grew up in his native country, receiving the usual public school education. He married Miss Margaret Reed, and early established himself in the hotel industry, opening a house on Yonge street, County York, known as the "Golden Lion," which he conducted from that time until his early death there, in 1874, when only thirty-five years old. Mr. and Mrs. Anderson became the parents of three daughters, namely: Florence, wife of Samuel Anderson, by whom she has three children; Margaret, and Hattie. The family are Methodists in their religious belief. The late Mr. Anderson was a Conservative in politics.

Mrs. Margaret Anderson's parents, William and Margaret (Lovatt) Reed, were born in Ireland, but came to Canada at an early day. They settled in County York, and there brought up their family of seven children, who were as follows: Ann, deceased; Thomas; Eliza; John; William; Joshua; and Margaret, Mrs. Anderson. Mr. and Mrs. Reed both passed away in County York.

JOHN SINCLAIR, for many years an active business man in Toronto, who passed away in that city July 8, 1891, came of Scotch lineage, and his character displayed many of the traits which have always marked the typical Scotchman. He was born in 1853, in New York City, son of John and Catherine (Campbell) Sinclair.

John Sinclair, the elder, was a native of the Orkney Islands, while his wife's birth took place in Scotland. They were married in Scotland, but soon set sail for America, in 1853 landing in New York City, where they remained for a time. Thence they proceeded to Canada, choosing Toronto for their future home. From their first location they soon moved to Yonge street, and before long purchased property there, at No. 245. This eventually became only their business headquarters, as their home was removed to Gloucester street. Both parents died at that residence, the father in 1890, and the

mother in 1899. They were members of the Knox Presbyterian Church. There were seven children in the family, all born in Toronto except John, the others being: James, Mrs. Robert Daek, Charles, Edwin, Isabelle (Mrs. Snellgrove), and Frank.

John Sinclair was educated in the public schools of Toronto and then prepared for a business career, entering his father's store when old enough. They dealt in china and glassware, and after the father retired the younger Sinclair remained in sole charge of the business until his death, remaining always at the old location, at No. 245 Yonge street.

Mr. Sinclair was married in Toronto to Miss Margaret Bansley, who was born in that city, daughter of Charles and Isabella (Cochran) Bansley. Five children were born to this union, as follows: Edith, who in July, 1904, married Arthur Barelay, of Toronto; John, with the Remington Company; Isabella; Gordon, and Mildred. The family have all connected themselves with the Knox Presbyterian Church. The late Mr. Sinclair was a member of the Masonic fraternity, belonging to Doric lodge, and politically was always found in the ranks of the Reform party.

Mrs. Margaret Sinclair is a granddaughter of William Bansley, who was born in England, and went thence to Scotland, where he married Miss Helen W. Blake. He died in Scotland, and after his death the widow with her children came to Toronto and established a fancy goods house which became the largest concern of its kind in Canada at that time. Its success in the earlier years was entirely due to Mrs. Bansley. She was also interested in a paper manufacturing business with a son.

Charles Bansley, son of William, was born in Scotland. He went thence to the United States and served in the American army during the war with Mexico, acting as assistant in the commissary department. After the war he settled in Canada, and associated himself with his mother in the fancy goods business, on King street west.

Charles Bansley was united in marriage to Miss Isabella Cochran, daughter of John Cochran, of Glasgow. The father died in Scotland and the widow and children came to Toronto, where Mrs. Cochran died. The following children were born to Charles and Isabella Bansley: Margaret, Mrs. Sinclair; Charles; and Dr. John, a dentist in Toronto. Mr. Bansley is deceased, but his wife is still living.

WILLIAM H. CANNON, D.D.S. In the death of the late Dr. William H. Cannon, who was for many years engaged in practice at the corner of

Queen and Parliament streets, Toronto, the city lost a useful citizen and a representative professional man. Dr. Cannon was born Nov. 27, 1840, in Aurora, son of Michael and Philadelphia (Lloyd) Cannon, early pioneers of County York.

William H. Cannon received his preliminary educational training in the public and high schools of Aurora, and then became a student at the University of Toronto, entering the Dental Department in 1867, and graduating in 1870. He formed a partnership with the late Dr. George L. Elliott, and opened dental parlors on King street, but later settled on Queen street, where he was the only one of his profession for many years. In 1898 he located at his last home at the corner of Queen and Parliament streets, and was there living at the time of his death, July 23, 1902.

In November, 1876, Dr. Cannon married Miss Annie Gibbons, born in King township, County York, daughter of Patrick and Catherine (Banks) Gibbons, and to them were born four children, two sons and two daughters. In religion the Doctor was connected with the Catholic Church, as is his wife. He was a Liberal in politics, but never cared for public office.

MRS. L. CHESNUT. The ability of women to engage successfully in lines which were formerly supposed to be the special province of men has been demonstrated now so often and so variously as scarcely to need comment. One brilliant example among many is Mrs. L. Chesnut, of Toronto, who besides winning high rank as a teacher in music, has also displayed marked executive and financial ability as a publisher.

Mrs. Chesnut was born in Brockville, daughter of Frederick Allard, an Englishman who was at one time a prominent lawyer in Montreal, but later moved to the United States and there died. Mrs. Chesnut received her musical education in Hamilton, Ont., and is very thoroughly prepared for the position she now holds as one of the most successful teachers, preparing students for the Toronto Conservatory of Music. Her studio is at No. 63 Homewood avenue, and she has a large number of scholars. In addition to her work in this field, Mrs. Chesnut was for five years the publisher of a magazine, and in that time brought the publication from a point of financial failure to one of unquestioned success. She bought Varney's Monthly when its fortunes were at its lowest ebb, but under her personal charge, as editor and publisher, it was put upon a sound financial basis, and was also put upon a much higher level of literary merit. In this improved form a leading Toronto publisher offered to buy it on very fav-

orable terms, and after five years' connection with the monthly Mrs. Chesnut sold it and again devoted herself solely to her work in music.

Mrs. Chesnut is the mother of four children, her son holding a position with the Canadian Bank of Commerce, of Toronto, and her three daughters residing at home.

FRANCIS FERGUSON, who passed away in Petrolia, Ont., Dec. 24, 1891, was born in County York in 1845, son of Henry and Eliza (Watson) Ferguson.

Henry Ferguson was a native of Belfast, Ireland, and migrated to Canada shortly after the rebellion of 1837-38. For some years he was in Toronto, where he followed his trade of stone-cutter, and as such was engaged on the construction of Osgoode Hall. Later he went to Petrolia, and there both he and his wife died.

Francis Ferguson received his education in Toronto. In 1865 he married Miss Elizabeth Blackburn, daughter of James and Sarah (Lee) Blackburn. The former was born in Ireland, where his father died, the widow coming with her children to County York, where James Blackburn grew up and married Miss Sarah Lee, who was born in the United States. To the union of Mr. and Mrs. Ferguson six children were born, as follows: William, of Toronto, who married and has three children,, William and Edna; Mary, who married John Folton, and has three sons, John, Gordon and M.; Sarah, Mrs. Frank Henderson, of Austria; Frank, of Port Arthur (he and his wife, Lillie B., have two sons, Harry and Alfred); George, a foreman in a box factory in Toronto, who married Miss Jessie Chaplin; and Alfred. The late Mr. Ferguson was a member of the order of Orangemen; in religious faith he was a Presbyterian, and in his political views he was a strong Conservative, but not active in party work. His character commanded the respect and regard of all with whom he was brought in contact.

JOHN LANDER, who died at Deer Park Dec. 18, 1899, was born in Scotland in 1819, son of John and Mary (Tenant) Lander, who came to Canada in 1833, settling on the Don, in the County of York. Here the mother died, and the father took up a farm in Scarboro, where he lived until his death, being buried there. His children were: James, who was drowned at Niagara-on-the-Lake when a young man; and John, the subject of this sketch.

John Lander grew up and engaged in farming with his father in Scarboro. He sold that farm, purchasing one on Yonge street, where he remained two years, when he sold it and pur-

chased a home on Yonge street, in which he first settled after his marriage. In 1869 he purchased the fine residence on Lawton avenue, Deer Park, where he spent the remainder of his life. In 1865 Mr. Lander married Miss Margaret Russell, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Bone) Russell, the former born in Scotland in 1801 and the latter in England in 1809. In 1836 they came to Canada, settling at Pine Grove, Vaughan township, County York, where Mr. Russell followed wagonmaking and painting. This business he afterward sold, purchasing a farm on Yonge street, where he died in 1894; his wife passed away the previous year. They were Presbyterians in religious connection, and politically he was a Reformer. Mr. and Mrs. Russell had children as follows, all born in the County of York: James, a farmer on the old place; William, with James on the old farm; Andrew, of Vaughan township, County York, ex-reeve of the township and ex-warden of the county, who married Letitia Venderburgh; Alexander, a farmer on the 5th Concession, Markham township, who married Margaret Miller and has children—Elizabeth, Kate, and William James; John, who died May 1, 1904, in Winnipeg, a solicitor and member of a loan company (he left one daughter, Rena); Mrs. Lander; and Jane, wife of John Isaac.

Mr. and Mrs. Lander had four children: John, Mary, James and William. In politics he was a Reformer. In religious matters he was connected with the Presbyterian Church. Mr. Lander had a military record, having served in the rebellion of 1837-38, and while living in Markham township was a captain in the militia for some time.

JAMES ELDRIDGE UNDERWOOD, who departed this life at his residence, No. 25 Home-wood avenue, Toronto, July 7, 1903, was born in the State of New Hampshire, in 1828, son of Hiram and Marilla (Wright) Underwood, and grandson of James Underwood.

Upon reaching manhood Mr. Underwood learned the machinist's trade, which he followed for some time at Lawrence, Massachusetts. For nine years during the prohibition regime in New Hampshire, he was city liquor agent, and was reappointed each year, dispensing liquor for medicinal purposes only. In 1871 Mr. Underwood located in Toronto, where he was city manager for the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine Company for twelve years. In New Hampshire Mr. Underwood married Miss Chastina Whitecombe, born in that State, a daughter of Joseph and Betsy (Page) Whitecombe, and granddaughter of Abijah Whitecombe. Mrs. Underwood's brother, J. A., of Boston, Mass.,

is prominently identified with public matters of that city, and is well known all over the United States. Her mother was a daughter of Justice and Emma (Cross) Page.

Two daughters were born to Mr. and Mrs. Underwood: Ada, the wife of C. W. Mack, of Toronto; and Nettie M., the wife of Rev. F. A. Nurse, B.A., B.D., by whom she has had two children, Reginald and Alberta May.

GEORGE E. SMITH, B.A., M.B., a rising young physician of Toronto, was born in Ontario, in 1878, son of William and Margaret Smith, natives of England, who came to Canada about 1870. Mr. Smith now resides in Toronto, where for some time he has been engaged in different lines of business.

Dr. Smith received his literary training at the Parkdale College, and was graduated from the University of Toronto in 1902 with the degree of B.A. He received the degree of M.B. from the same institution in 1904, and for one year after graduation was house surgeon at the Toronto General Hospital. He is now engaged in general practice in Toronto, having a well-situated and appropriate suite of office rooms. His practice is growing steadily, and the young doctor has gained the confidence of a large clientele. In 1905 the Doctor was appointed Demonstrator of Anatomy at the University of Toronto, a position he has since efficiently filled. Dr. Smith is connected with the Methodist Church. In political matters he adheres to the principles of the Conservative party.

WILLIAM STITT, who passed away at his late residence, No. 15 Selby street, Toronto, May 26, 1905, was one of the city's well-known business men. Mr. Stitt was born in County Renfrew, and in his native locality received his education. When still a young man he came to Toronto, where he soon afterward embarked in the mercantile business, the firm being known as William Stitt & Co., costumers. He was also proprietor of the Persian Kid Glove store, and it was through his efforts that enterprise was founded.

Mrs. Stitt was born in England, and she died in Toronto, leaving three daughters: Mrs. Charlton, Miss Gladys E. S., and Miss Molly. Mr. Stitt was a member of St. Simon's Church of Toronto. The political principles of the Conservative party won his approbation, and fraternally he was a Mason. He was an enterprising business man, a public-spirited citizen, and a kind husband and father. Genial and pleasant in manner, he was much esteemed, and was very popular with all who knew him.

WILLIAM GEORGE STRONG, a well-known hotel man of Ontario, died in 1901, at Port Credit. He was born in Streetsville, in 1862, son of Moses and Mary Strong, natives of Canada, the former for many years a hotel man at Port Credit, where he died.

William George Strong was educated at Streetsville, and at Port Credit, and at the latter place went into the hotel business, in which he continued about fourteen years. He then removed to Toronto, but soon thereafter went to Streetsville, remaining six months. At the end of this time he returned to Port Credit, and there remained until his death.

Mr. Strong married Miss Sarah Alicia Hill, daughter of Thomas and Maria (Spence) Hill, the former a native of County Wexford, Ireland. Mrs. Hill is still living, but her husband has passed away.

To Mr. and Mrs. William G. Strong were born: Minnie, William Henry, Charles and Mary. Mr. Strong was a Reformer in political principle. He was a Mason and an Orangeman in fraternal connection, and was a Methodist in religion. After her husband's death, Mrs. Strong located in Toronto, and purchased her present home at No. 26 Beaconsfield avenue.

JOHN FOX, who died at Orillia in 1896, was born in Ireland in 1838, son of Duncan and Elizabeth Fox, who came to Canada in 1850, settling at Cobourg, where Mr. Fox engaged in farming, and where both he and his wife died.

John Fox received his education in the schools of Cobourg, and he began his business life as a boot and shoe merchant at that place, continuing in this business until he came to Toronto in 1885; to engage in a mercantile business on Queen street west. After three years spent in the Queen City, Mr. Fox went to Orillia, and there engaged successfully in business until his death.

Mr. Fox married Miss Caroline Cahley, born in Ireland, daughter of Charles and Ann (Casorly) Cahley. Mr. and Mrs. Cahley located in Cobourg in 1844, Mr. Cahley being engaged in the woollen mills. After her husband's death, Mrs. Cahley settled in Toronto, where she has since resided. The following children were born to Mr. and Mrs. John Fox: Annie, wife of Fred Wilson; John, of Toronto, who married, and has three children, Edna B., Hugh J., and Helen; Margaret, wife of James Walsh of the United States; Laura, deceased; William, of Orillia, who married Helen Moore; Caroline and Hugh, deceased; and Estella and Charles, at home. Mr. Fox was a consistent attendant of the Roman Catholic Church, and in politics was a Reformer. He was fraternally connected with

the C.M.B.A. He was highly esteemed in business circles of Orillia, and he was considered a good, practical, substantial business man.

THOMAS JAMES MASON, who passed away at his late residence, No. 98 Bellevue avenue, Toronto, Feb. 13, 1887, was born at Columbus, Ont., in 1848, son of Thomas and Elizabeth (Rundle) Mason, natives of England. The parents of Mr. Mason came to Canada about 1828, settling in West Durham, where the father engaged in the saddlery business, and where he died about 1854, leaving children: Samuel, John, Mrs. W. H. Evans and Thomas James.

Thomas J. Mason received his education in the schools of the vicinity of Bowmanville, and there began his business career as a carriage builder, continuing at that occupation with much success for nine years, at the end of which time, his health having become somewhat impaired, he decided to take a trip, and subsequently spent fourteen months in the United States and three years in England and Scotland in travel. After returning to Canada, Mr. Mason located in Toronto, and engaged in the manufacture of electric belts, a business which he carried on until his death nine years later.

Mr. Mason was married to Miss Thomasine Vanstone, who was born at Bowmanville, daughter of Samuel and Elizabeth (Elford) Vanstone, natives of England, who came to Canada about 1828, settling at Bowmanville. Here Mr. Vanstone followed milling until his death in 1899, in his seventy-seventh year; his wife passed away in 1884, in her sixtieth year. Their children were: Jabez, Arthur, Lucius, Mrs. Telby, and Mrs. Mason.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas J. Mason were the parents of one son, who died at the age of sixteen years. Mr. Mason was a member of the Methodist Church, to which his widow also adheres. In politics he was a Reformer, and he was connected with the Sons of Temperance.

MATTHEW MARTIN, a highly esteemed resident of the Queen City, was employed in the molding business at the time of his death in 1874. Mr. Martin's birth occurred in 1832, in County Derry, Ireland, where he grew to manhood, receiving his education in the schools of the place of his nativity. When about twenty-one years of age he enlisted in the army as a member of the engineering corps, and served throughout the Crimean war and the Indian Mutiny. In 1865 Mr. Martin came to Toronto, and was here engaged in the molding business until his death.

Mr. Martin was married May 3, 1872, to Miss Helen Arenburg, born in Nova Scotia, daughter

of George and Sarah (Fink) Arenburg, natives of Germany who were the parents of these children: Mrs. Martin; George, Henry and William, all deceased; Capt. William; Lucy, of Hamilton; and Mrs. Martin. To the union of Mr. and Mrs. Martin four children were born: Eliza; Margaret Helen, the wife of Herbert Emery of Toronto, and mother of two children, Muriel and Edith; and John and George, both deceased.

When Mr. and Mrs. Martin settled on Bellevue avenue they found but few houses there. The street, now the center of one of the best residence districts of the city, was then without paving of any kind, and the sidewalks consisted merely of two planks laid side by side. Here Mrs. Martin has made her home for thirty-five years, and is much esteemed as one of the oldest residents of the street. After the death of her husband she erected the residences at Nos. 51, 53 and 55 Bellevue avenue, and these she owns as well as the cottage in which they resided at the time of Mr. Martin's death. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church, and to this faith Mrs. Martin also adheres. In political principle he was a Conservative, and he was a member of the Orangemen.

ROBERT PETTIGREW, residing at No. 46 Homewood avenue, Toronto, comes of an Irish family, and the first member of it of whom there is definite record is his grandfather, James.

James Pettigrew, however, was not the founder of the Canadian branch, as he and his wife, Rose (Pringle) Pettigrew, emigrated a year later than one of their sons. The parents came from Dublin in 1847, and settled on a farm in County Peel, which Mr. Pettigrew continued to operate till his death. His widow survived him some time, and died in the home of one of her sons. The children born to James and Rose Pettigrew were James, Samuel, William, Henry, Anna and Adelaide Jane.

William Pettigrew, father of Robert, was the pioneer of the family emigration from the Old World to the New. Born in Dublin, he remained in the old country till 1846, when he settled in County Peel, Ont. He remained in that part of the Province for some years, but finally removed to Toronto, and made his home there till his death. While still in Ireland he was married to Miss Elizabeth Runnians, also a native of that country, and their oldest son was born before they came to Canada. William Pettigrew died Jan. 7, 1903.

Robert Pettigrew was born in Dublin, Feb. 14, 1845, so that practically his whole life was passed in this country. He attended the local schools through his boyhood, and as he grew older learned the trade of a wagon maker, in

County Halton. Later he took up carpentry and joiner work under his uncle, Samuel Pettigrew, and made that his regular occupation throughout his active career. Beginning for himself July 12, 1865, in Toronto, he continued his work until 1892, when physical infirmities compelled him to retire. Mr. Pettigrew is the oldest resident on Homewood avenue, as he had built there in 1870 or 1871, but he later sold this first residence, No. 42, to Mr. Ryan, and put up the home in which he has ever since lived.

Robert Pettigrew was united in marriage with Miss Elizabeth Allan, a native of County Armagh, Ireland, and the eldest daughter of John Allan, an early settler in County Halton. The family born to Robert and Elizabeth Pettigrew were: Florence, William, Thomas A. and John V., all deceased; Annie S., a trained nurse in New York City; Lillias M.; Margaret Isabelle, who married James L. Havill, and has one daughter, Eileen; and Robert James. The family are all connected with the Church of England. In political belief, Mr. Pettigrew is a Conservative, while fraternally he belongs to the A.O.U.W. Loyal to his country, whenever it needed him, Mr. Pettigrew holds a medal awarded him for his services during the Fenian Raid in 1866, at which time he enlisted in the Tenth Royal Rifles, now the Royal Grenadiers, and did his part bravely and well. He commands the respect and esteem of those who know him, and he is a good type of Canada's adopted sons.

JOHN WALLACE, for a number of years a well-known and highly esteemed resident of the Queen City, died in Toronto in 1889. Mr. Wallace's birth occurred in County Down, Ireland, in 1847, and he was a son of John and Jane (Wallace) Wallace, natives of the Emerald Isle, who died in that country.

John Wallace received his education in his native country, and there grew to manhood. In 1868 he came to Canada, and, locating in Toronto, became an accountant—a calling which he followed for many years, being considered one of the best in the city. In his native land Mr. Wallace married Miss Letitia Kennedy, daughter of Wisdom and Jane (Green) Kennedy, the former of whom died in Ireland, and the latter in Toronto. Mrs. Wallace is a sister of the late Warring Kennedy, for two years mayor of Toronto, and one of the city's most prominent men.

To Mr. and Mrs. John Wallace were born these children: Clara Georgiana; John Kennedy; Alice Ella Roselin, who married Robert Brethweight, and has one son, Sanford Wallace; Jane Evelina; and Samuel, of Toronto.

Mr. Wallace was a member of the Methodist Church. In political matters he was a Reformer, and he was fraternally connected with the Masonic order. Mrs. Wallace, who survives her husband, resides at No. 1248 King street west, Toronto.

WILLIAM MURRAY. Probably no one more fully appreciates the rapid growth of Toronto than do those who for many years have been engaged in the erection of residential and business structures in the city, and among the builders of the Queen City who have been thus actively engaged for years is Mr. William Murray, of No. 29 McDonnell avenue. Mr. Murray was born in England, son of William and Harriet Murray, both of whom died in that country.

William Murray was educated and reared in the place of his nativity, and was the only member of his parents' family to come to Canada. Locating in Toronto in 1881, he engaged in building, and this occupation he has followed for more than a quarter of a century. His work has been confined almost wholly to residences, and the number of these structures erected by him foot up into the hundreds, among them his own home. Mr. Murray was united in marriage with Miss Hayes, daughter of William Hayes, and to this union came one son, Arlington, who was born in Toronto. Mr. Murray and his family are members of the Church of England. His political views make him independent, while he is fraternally connected with the Sons of England.

DR. THOMAS J. PAGE, of No. 941 Bathurst street, Toronto, is a member of a family for many years identified with County York. The family is of English extraction, and was founded in Canada by Lewis Page, the Doctor's grandfather, about 1820, he settling in King township, County York, where he cleared a fine farm from the bush and engaged in agricultural pursuits until the end of his active life. His children were: John, who married a Miss Marsh; and Thomas.

Thomas Page was born on the old homestead in County York in 1827, and on reaching manhood engaged in farming in Vaughan township, and cleared a farm from wild land. After residing here for many years, he removed to Toronto Junction, where he died in 1900. He married Miss Helen Rutherford, born in Scotland, daughter of John Rutherford, who settled in Toronto about 1839, later removing to King township, where he engaged in shoemaking. He afterward settled in Toronto, and there died, the father of John, James, Elizabeth, Mary and

Helen. To Thomas and Helen (Rutherford) Page were born these children: Rebecca; Nellie, the wife of Joseph Smith, of Toronto Junction; Mrs. J. D. Higgins, of Toronto; Lewis; Mrs. Percival Baker; Ann, Mrs. M. Langford, on the old homestead in King township; Adeline, a nurse of New York City; Bertha, the wife of Rev. Robert Sleman; John, of Vaughan township; Dr. Thomas J.; and Ralph Page, Ph.D., of New York.

Thomas J. Page was born in Vaughan township, in 1870, and was educated at the Richmond Hill High school, and in a public school. In 1887 he entered the Medical Department of the University of Toronto, from which he was graduated in 1891, with the degree of M.B. After some years of practice, in 1904, the Doctor located in Toronto, immediately after which he built his commodious and well-appointed home at No. 941 Bathurst street, he having here since resided.

Dr. Page was united in marriage with Nettie Urquhart, a native of Toronto, daughter of Henry Urquhart, and three children have been born to this union: Stella, Stewart and Dorothy. The Doctor and his wife are members of the Church of Christ. In politics he is a Reformer. He is fraternally connected with the Masons, the Sons of England, and the C.O.F.

CHARLES WENMAN, now living retired at No. 910 Bathurst street, has long been identified with the city of Toronto and can recall the time when his present residence had as its nearest neighbor, the University of Toronto building. His large investments in Toronto property not only have proved that his judgment was excellent, but have made him one of the capitalists, all this section having been built up and it has been converted into one of the pleasantest parts of the city.

Mr. Wenman is of English extraction and it was over a century ago when the family was established in the New World by his grandfather, Jasper Wenman. This progenitor settled in the State of New York. By trade he was a blacksmith, and earned an honest living at his forge. His children who came to Canada were: Jasper (2), George, Henry, Edward, Mrs. Henry Gross (of St. Charles University, their home being on Gross street), and Mrs. Watson (now of Jackson, Michigan).

The entire family later moved to Jackson, Michigan, but Jasper Wenman (2) subsequently returned to Toronto and lived with our subject until his death in 1889. He was born in Kent, England, in 1814, settled at Toronto, in 1839, and there became a manufacturer of edged tools, his place of business being located on Rich-

mond street, near York street. Later, he removed to Dundas. Jasper Wenman married Mary Jackson, born in Kilkenny, Ireland, and died at Dundas in 1861, following which Mr. Wenman entered the service of the United States Government and served in the civil war until 1865. The children of Jasper and Mary Wenman were: John, deceased, who served in the Civil war in the States; Charles, of this sketch; and Mrs. John Bailey.

Charles Wenman was born in 1839, in the State of New York, but his rearing was in Canada, as he was but a child when his parents came to Toronto. When ten years of age he went to work in the building trade and continued for fifty-two years, during forty of which he was in business for himself. In 1862 he settled at his present location, and, as mentioned, has watched with interest the building up of the city all around him, and he still has valuable holdings. Without doubt he has the record of being the oldest resident of this part of the city. For the past four years he has relieved himself of all business except looking after his investments.

Mr. Wenman was married to Mary Farrall, born at Toronto, daughter of Joseph Farrall, an early settler here. She died in 1896, the mother of the following children: Sarah, deceased wife of Edward Stone; Charlotte, who married Fred Long, has four children, Walter, Marion, Dorothy and Stanley; Minnie, wife of M. Ginniff, of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania; Henrietta, wife of James Armstrong, of Toronto; Laura; Eva; William George, of Pennsylvania; Elizabeth; and Jasper, deceased, one of the founders of the popular lodges of the A.O.U.W.

The portion of the city in which Mr. Wenman lives is known as Seaton Village. He has always been interested in the welfare of this section as well as of the whole city, but as his property has been located here, he has given this part more attention. He is a Conservative in politics, but has never been willing to accept official position.

GEORGE SMELLIE SPENCE, who died in Toronto, Feb. 11, 1906, was born in Parish Deerness, Orkney Islands, Nov. 10, 1833, son of William and Mary (Brachan) Spence, also natives of the Orkney Islands, where Mr. Spence was engaged in farming, and where he and his wife died. They were the parents of two sons: George S., and Thomas, both of whom came to Canada in 1853. Thomas Spence settled in Hamilton for a time and then went to Toronto, from which city he returned to his native country, where he died. He never married.

George S. Spence was educated in the gram-

mar schools at Kirkwall, and in 1853 settled at Hamilton, Ont., where he was connected with a transportation business. In 1859 he removed to Toronto, becoming clerk in the freight department at Queen's Wharf, in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway Company, and soon thereafter was promoted to the position of cashier. In 1872 he was advanced to local freight agent, and four years later was made an accountant in the freight department, with headquarters at Montreal. In 1883 Mr. Spence became travelling auditor for the western division of the Grand Trunk railroad, the company giving him this position in the hope that the change from the confinement of indoor work would regain for him his health, which had been failing. In this the company's hopes as well as those of Mr. Spence were, in a degree, realized, and he resumed his work as accountant, with headquarters at Toronto. In 1904 he retired from active life.

On Feb. 2, 1860, Mr. Spence was married to Miss Ellen McDonell, born at Hamilton, daughter of Robert and Ellen (Agnew) McDonell, natives of Scotland, from which country they emigrated to Ireland, and thence to Canada in 1837, settling in Hamilton, where Mr. McDonell was in the Customs service until his death, in 1868, aged sixty-five years. Of the family of eleven children of Mr. and Mrs. McDonell, Mrs. Spence and Mrs. James Thomson of Winnipeg are the only survivors. Mr. and Mrs. Spence had these children: Mary, the wife of Daniel Urquhart, has four children, George Alexander, Edith Lillian, Helen Christina and Thomas C.; Emily, the wife of Rev. John Bennett; Robert George, of Duluth, Minnesota; William Joseph, of St. Louis, Missouri; Mary, wife of Christopher Murray; Catherine Agnew, wife of Dr. Alfred J. Broughton, a well-known dentist of Toronto; Alice Maude, the wife of William Fraser, has three children, William Spence, George Edmund and Edith Margaret; and Edith McDonell, twin of Alice Maude, is deceased.

Mr. Spence was a consistent member of the Bathurst Street Presbyterian Church, in which he was an elder. In politics he was a Reformer.

HENRY J. GRAY, superintendent of St. James' cemetery, Toronto, is the third incumbent of that position. In 1844, when the cemetery was opened, John Kearney became the superintendent, he being succeeded by Christopher Gray, father of Henry J., who in turn succeeded his father.

The Grays are an old English family, founded in Canada by Thomas Gray, grandfather of Henry J., who was born in Ireland in 1783, and died in Toronto, being buried in St. James' cem-



E. H. H. H.

etery March 31, 1870. The maiden name of his first wife is not known, but to the first marriage there were born five children: Christopher; John, deceased; Robert, deceased; Elizabeth, who died unmarried; and Mary Ann, deceased, who became Mrs. Tooze. Thomas Gray's second wife, Elizabeth Gray, born in 1799, was buried in St. James' cemetery Jan. 10, 1885, and was the mother of three children: Elizabeth; Mrs. Abbott, deceased; and Thomas, of the United States.

Christopher Gray, son of Thomas, was born in Ireland in 1822, and came to Canada with the family, settling in Toronto in April, 1863. On the death of Mr. John Kearney, the first superintendent of St. James' cemetery, Mr. Gray succeeded to that position, which he ably filled until his own death in 1893. Christopher Gray married Miss Ellen Gamble, also a native of Ireland, whose death occurred in Toronto. To Mr. and Mrs. Gray there were born four children: Henry J., Sarah, Julia and Mary.

Henry J. Gray was born in Toronto in 1855, and received his education in the common schools of the city. He then learned contracting and building which he followed successfully until 1893, when, on the death of his father, he was appointed superintendent of the cemetery, as before stated. Mr. Henry J. Gray married Miss Mary Emma Glassford, born in Vaughan township, County York, daughter of the late Rev. Peter Glassford, a Presbyterian clergyman, and to this union there has come one son, Christopher Maurice, born in Toronto. The family are members of the English Church. In politics Mr. Gray is a Conservative.

EDWARD SEPTIMUS WARNE (deceased), a successful travelling salesman, who resided in Toronto, was born in the Island of Jersey, July 20, 1847, and was the seventh son of a seventh son. The number seven, in fact, was a prominent figure in connection with his birth, for his natal day was the seventh of the week, in the seventh month and in a year ending in seven.

Henry and Mary (Humphrey) Warne, the parents of Edward S. Warne, came to Toronto in 1863 from England, where the former had been actively engaged in business as a manufacturer of brushes for the old fire brigades of London. After locating in Canada he retired from business, and in 1875 settled in Muskoka, where he died about 1877, from the effects of being nearly frozen. His widow died in 1899, aged ninety-three. Their children who survived were: Jemima, Mrs. Thorley, of Toronto; Joseph, Edward S., and Charles, deceased; and John.

Edward S. Warne, who was fifteen years old

when he came to Toronto, received practically all his education in England, and soon after arriving in Canada commenced to work. His first position was with Charles Page, and from him he went to Mr. Golding, a wholesale manufacturer of millinery, as commercial salesman. Later he became manager of the carpet department in the store of John Rowland, and then took a similar position in the silk and mantle department of John Cox. Mr. Warne was next employed by Lockart & Haldane, but left that firm to take a place in Guelph as manager for George Jaffrey. He remained with him some time, and then embarked in business for himself in Guelph, in the fancy dry goods line. After a couple of years he removed to Brampton and opened a book and stationery store, also engaging in the manufacture of ladies' and children's underwear. This enterprise was under the direct supervision of Mrs. Warne, who was the first woman to manufacture these goods for the wholesale trade, with a loek-stitch machine.

In 1887 Mr. Warne returned to Toronto and resumed his earlier calling of travelling salesman, continuing in that line till his death, which regrettable event occurred March 5, 1898, as the result of an accident. He had just returned to Toronto after a most successful trip through the Northwest, and while walking to his home slipped and fell, receiving an injury from which he never recovered. Mr. Warne was one of the best-known and most popular commercial men in the Dominion, for his routes took him over an extensive territory and he made friends everywhere, having unusual adaptability to the work. His word could be relied on absolutely, and his customers knew that all goods bought from him would be exactly as represented. Mr. Warne in political matters always stood with the Conservative party, but was never active in its work. In religious belief he was a Methodist, and a member of the church. Fraternally he was an Orangeman and a Mason.

Mrs. Warne, who survives her husband, was Miss Elizabeth Ann Manning, and was married to Mr. Warne in 1872. She was of English birth, a daughter of John and Mary (Chesworth) Manning, who came to Canada in 1871. Her father, who was a representative of Rickford & Co., in England, was a dealer in hides and skins. He died in 1886, aged seventy-two years, and her mother passed away in 1901, aged eighty-four. Of their seventeen children, only three besides Mrs. Warne came to Canada, viz.: Mrs. Robertson; Edith Eliza, deceased; and John, deceased.

Mr. and Mrs. Warne had a family of six children. Edith Lillian, the oldest, married Wil-

liam C. Bell, and has one daughter, Marjorie Charles, who married Miss Dolly Walton, lives in the United States. Frederick Joseph, a resident of Syracuse, New York, married Miss Florence Gedney, and they have had two children, Ellen and Fred (deceased). Ethel Frances is the wife of John Kerr Bell (until her birth, for seven preceding generations, there had never been more than one daughter born in any Warne family). William Henry Lewis is fifth in the family. Mary Edna is the wife of Vincent Gonzalez, of Cleveland, Ohio, and has one son, William Vincent.

OLIVER GRANGER, of Deer Park, County York, where he is extensively engaged as a wholesale and retail florist, is a member of a family long identified with that section. For the early history of the family the reader is referred to the sketch of Edwin Granger, which appears elsewhere.

Oliver Granger was born at Toronto, in 1843, son of John Granger, and received his education in his native city. His early business life was spent there and in Deer Park, and with his father he learned the gardening and florist business. For some time with his father and brother Edwin, Oliver carried on a business, but about six years prior to his death John Granger sold his interests to his sons, who continued the business together for some time. During this time Oliver built his present greenhouse, this being not a partnership property, but owned by him exclusively. In 1901 the partnership between the brothers was dissolved, Oliver selling out to Edwin, and since that time Oliver has given his attention to his new greenhouse, where he has a glass area of 6,300 square feet, and where he employs three people.

Mr. Granger was married to Miss Louisa Crown, born at Toronto, in 1847, who died March 9, 1906, daughter of David and Elizabeth Crown. To this union there were born children as follows: Laura Elizabeth, wife of Walter J. Francis, has two sons, Ernest and Frank; Ada Louise, wife of John Flukes, has one son, Albert John Edward; Albert Edwin, a florist of Toronto, married Catherine Lake and has two children, Gordon and Louise; John Oliver, florist, engaged with his father in business, married Jessie Stewart, and has one daughter, Winnifred Annie Louise. Mr. Granger is a member of the Methodist Church, in which faith Mrs. Granger died. In politics he is independent.

GEORGE PLUMB, a well-known citizen of Toronto and for many years a gardener and florist of that city and of Eglinton, Ont., is a

native of Battle, Sussex, England, born in 1841, son of William and Phyllis (Harding) Plumb, the former a farmer in Sussex, where he died about 1871, aged sixty years; his wife died aged eighty-five.

George Plumb grew to manhood in his native country, and there engaged in the gardening and florist business. In 1876 he came to Canada, building his first greenhouse on Wellesley street, between Sherbourne and Ontario streets, Toronto, where he continued for four years, at the end of which time he removed to Eglinton, where he remained until 1901. He then went out of the market gardening business, and since that time has engaged in landscape gardening and as a florist. Mr. Plumb has been twice married, his first wife being Harriet Lulham, born in England, who died in Toronto in 1902. She was a cousin of Mr. Pounds, who was Lord Mayor of London in 1905. To this marriage were born children as follows: George, a gardener of Toronto; Elizabeth, the wife of Paul Goodman; Fanny, the wife of Joseph Shelly, of Toronto; William Leonard, of Bracebridge, a shoe manufacturer and merchant; Edward, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in the leather business; Thomas A., a florist of Toronto; Benjamin, of Toronto; Harry, of Toronto; Frank, with the Toronto Street Railway Company; Charles, a grocer of Toronto; Robert, a baker in the Queen City; and Lottie, the wife of Bert Ross, an engraver of Toronto.

In 1905 Mr. Plumb married (second) Miss Alice Lydia Granger, a native of Kent, England. Mr. Plumb purchased his home at No. 1177 Bathurst street, Toronto, where he has since resided. He and Mrs. Plumb are members of the English Church. In political matters he is a Conservative.

DR. J. M. PALMER, a successful practising dentist of the Queen City, located at the corner of Queen and Jarvis streets, was born June 10, 1872, at Oil Springs, County Lambton, son of George and Mary (Moffett) Palmer, natives of Enniskillen, County Fermanagh, Ireland.

James Palmer, grandfather of Dr. J. M., came to Canada and was one of the early oil producers of Oil Springs, at which place he died, leaving four sons, all of whom are living in County Lambton, interested in the oil producing business, namely: George, Thomas, James and Robert.

George Palmer is one of the veterans of the Fenian raid, and he and his wife now live retired at Parkdale. These children were born to them: Fannie, the wife of F. H. Hayhurst, manager of the Galt Art Metal Company, of Galt, Ont., has two sons, George and Palmer; Dr.

George, a leading dentist of Parkdale, who is married and has one son, Vincent; Dr. R. J., a leading surgeon of Detroit, Michigan, who has one daughter, Aline; Miss Lillian, at home; Minnie, who died in young womanhood; Laurel C., a student in the Toronto Collegiate Institute; and J. M.

J. M. Palmer secured his education in Oil Springs, later attending the Petrolia Collegiate school, and in 1886 came to Toronto, where he entered the Toronto Business College, from which he was graduated in the year 1889. He was then employed in a general store in Petrolia for five years, and then came to Toronto, engaging in a general merchandise business on College street, under the firm name of G. Palmer & Sons, for one year, when it was disposed of, and Mr. Palmer took up the study of dentistry. He was graduated in 1900, but spent one year in Europe prior to engaging in practice in Toronto, where he has since been very successfully engaged.

Dr. Palmer is a member of the Masonic order and belongs to a lodge in this city. In political matters he is a staunch Conservative, as is his father, who is a justice of the peace of County York. The family are members of the Methodist Church, and have been prominent in church work. Dr. Palmer is still unmarried.

A. J. INGRAM, the proprietor of an undertaking establishment at No. 761 Queen street east, Toronto, was born at Portsmouth, England, in August, 1858, son of William H. and Sarah (Ranger) Ingram.

William H. Ingram was born in Portsmouth, England, in 1830, and his wife in 1836. They came to Canada in 1865, and Mr. Ingram engaged in Toronto as an undertaker, this being his business until his retirement in 1901, the Queen City being his home with the exception of seven years spent in farming at Roswell Lake. These children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Ingram: F. W., a contractor and builder of Toronto; Rebecca, the wife of W. Urry, of Barrie, Ont.; Emily, married John Wilson of Toronto; Minnie is the wife of Mahlon M. Palmeter, of Toronto; Miss Ida; Alice, wife of Roland Harris, of Toronto; Nellie, wife of John McKenney, of Toronto; Walter, a business man of Toronto; and A. J.

A. J. Ingram grew to manhood in Toronto and at Roswell Lake, and when a young man learned the carpentering and building trade, following contracting in Toronto with his brother, F. W., until 1891. In that year he engaged in the undertaking business, succeeding his father, and he has since continued therein on Queen street east. In April, 1881, he married Miss

Ruth McKenna, born in Toronto in 1865, daughter of John and Martha McKenna, and to this union there have been born four children: Henry, born in 1883, and educated in the high schools, is engaged with his father in business; Arthur, born in 1886, is at home; Florence, born in 1889, is a student of music, being a member of the Mendelssohn Choir of Toronto; and Wilfred, born in 1890, is a clerk in the offices of the Grand Trunk Railway. Mr. Ingram owns a fine home on Queen street, and a cottage at Muskoka Lake, where the family spend the summer. They are consistent attendants of the Congregational Church. Mr. Ingram is an independent voter and is connected fraternally with the Masonic Order, the Woodmen, Sons of England and the Orangemen.

ANDREW ARMOUR, who died at his rural home in York Mills, Aug. 19, 1900, was born at that place Dec. 6, 1846, son of John and Mary (Dalziel) Armour, the former born in the Highlands, and the latter the Lowlands of Scotland.

John Armour and his wife came to Canada as young people, and were here married, after which they settled on the property now occupied by Mt. Pleasant cemetery, on which they resided for some time. They then purchased a large tract of land on Yonge street, and on it they made their home until Mr. Armour's death in 1876, at eighty-five years of age. Mrs. Armour survived her husband until 1900, dying in Toronto at the age of ninety-three years. They were Presbyterians in religious belief, and the parents of these children: Annie; Alexander, who died at sea; John; Jane, the widow of J. B. Smith, of Toronto; William, deceased; James, deceased; Mary, the widow of John R. Miller, of Toronto; Walter, of Toronto; Andrew; and Thomas, of the State of Washington.

Andrew Armour was educated at York Mills, and there spent the greater part of his life, engaged in farming, although two years were spent in the mercantile business in Omaha, Nebraska. He married Maria Holmes, born in Willowdale, County York, daughter of William and Amy (White) Holmes, the former a son of John Holmes, a native of England, and the founder of the family in Canada, coming hither from New York State. John Holmes settled on a farm on Yonge street, on which he continued operations until his death. William Holmes, who was born in Sheffield, England, in 1812, died in 1887, and his wife, born in 1813, passed away in 1904. They came to Canada about 1853, and settled on a farm in County York, where the remainder of their lives were spent. Their children were: John, deceased; Sarah Ann; Mrs.

R. G. Lambert; Amy, deceased; Eliza, Mrs. P. S. Gibson; Augusta, the wife of G. W. Gibson; William and Helena, deceased; David, of Toronto; and Mrs. Armour.

In political belief Mr. Armour was a Reformer, and he was fraternally connected with the I.O.O.F. He was a Baptist, as is Mrs. Armour. They became the parents of the following children: Annette, who married William Weekes, and has two children, Armour and Ralph; Mrs. W. A. Downey; Orin John; Helena; Gordon Holmes; and Norman William.

J. C. VAN CAMP, an undertaker and funeral director, whose establishment is located at No. 30 Bloor street, Toronto, was born Feb. 5, 1849, in Picton, County Wellington, son of William and Sarah (Wood) Van Camp, and grandson of John Van Camp. The Van Camp family originally lived in Holland and on first coming to the New World settled in the State of Pennsylvania.

William Van Camp was born in 1816, the only child to the first marriage of his father, John Van Camp, who came from Pennsylvania as a U. E. Loyalist, and who died in County Dundas, a prominent citizen, large land owner and mill man. William Van Camp settled near the old home in County Dundas, there becoming a wealthy property holder. He married Miss Sarah Wood, a teacher of the public schools, daughter of Solomon Wood, who came from Albany, New York, to Augusta, Ont. In 1866 Mr. and Mrs. Van Camp removed from County Dundas to Oil Springs, County Lambton, remaining there for two years, when they located in Petrolia. At this place Mr. Van Camp died in November, 1893. His wife passed away in 1889. They had a family of nine children, as follows: (1) A. J., a business man of Benton Harbor, Michigan, is married and has a family. (2) Evelyn, who was a successful teacher for some years in County Dundas, was married (first) to a Mr. Derrick, by whom she had three sons: Alton, a business man now located in Berlin, Germany; Ross, in business at Omaha, Nebraska; and Albert, a prominent real estate man in Ontario. She married (second) Mr. B. A. Whitney, who was principal of the collegiate schools of Iroquois, Ont., for over twenty years, by whom she had one son, William. Her third marriage was to the Rev. Joseph Moorehouse, of Quebec. (3) S. G., born in County Dundas, is engaged in business at Chicago, Illinois, is married and has two sons. (4) E. B., a veteran of the Civil war in the States, is now a boot and shoe merchant of Grand Island, Nebraska, is married and has a family. (5) J. C., of Toronto, is mentioned below. (6) Malinda is the wife of Augustus Der-

rick. (7) Sterling F., a merchant of Smith's Falls, Ont., has a wife and family. (8) Loretta, who was a teacher in the public schools of Ontario, married J. L. Adams, of the town of Petrolia, and has four children. (9) Eleanor married Henry Mustard, of Port Huron, and has two daughters.

J. C. Van Camp was reared and educated in County Dundas, and when a young man first engaged in the undertaking business, which he has continued from 1873. In December, 1870, he married Miss Jane Lawson, born in County Dundas, daughter of William Lawson, who was one of the pioneers of that county. Mr. and Mrs. Van Camp came to Toronto from Petrolia in May, 1891, and here they have since continued to reside. Mr. Van Camp owns considerable property in Toronto, including his home on Bloor street. To him and his wife have been born these children: Clara A., who married Dr. A. W. Whitney, of St. Paul, Minnesota, and has one daughter, Constance; Eva, the wife of Louis Kinsella, of Brandon, superintendent of construction on the Canadian Pacific railroad; Cora, a teacher in the schools of Toronto; Frederick C., manager of the jewelry department of the T. Eaton Company, of Winnipeg, who married Miss Ruth Stein, of Toronto, and has one son, Reginald; Muriel, a student of the high school of Toronto, and a fine musician; and Catherine, a student of the Jarvis Street high school.

Mr. and Mrs. Van Camp are connected with the Methodist Church, in which he was an official while in Petrolia. He is a Reformer, and while a resident of Petrolia, was a member of the council board for three years. He is very prominent fraternally, being a member of King Solomon Lodge of Masons; past district master of the I.O.O.F., of Ontario; past commander of the lodge of the Order of Chosen Friends; member and past representative of the Royal Arcanum, to which he has belonged twenty-seven years, since its organization in the city; member of the Knights of Pythias; the Royal Templars Insurance Order; the Orangemen of Toronto; and the True Blue Lodge.

WILLIAM MacKENZIE, deceased. Prominent among the well-known business men of the County of York, who have passed away, was the late William MacKenzie, who died at Milton, Ont., Aug. 9, 1902. Mr. MacKenzie was born in County Halton, Ont., in 1848, son of John and Hannah (Cox) MacKenzie, the former a native of Glasgow, Scotland, and the latter of Plympton, England. On locating in County Halton, in about 1836, John MacKenzie engaged in farm-

ing, although in his native country he had been a linen manufacturer.

William MacKenzie received his education in his native county, and then served his time to the carriage-making trade, in which he established himself at Milton, and continued for some thirty years, or throughout his active life. He was one of the first carriage makers in that section, and his business was a great success. In Milton Mr. MacKenzie married Miss Ellen Conners, who was born in Marlborough township, County Carleton, Ont., daughter of James and Eliza (Clark) Conners, the former a native of Ireland and the latter of Canada. They were early settlers of Brant County, where Mr. Conners engaged in farming until his death; his wife is also deceased.

Mr. and Mrs. MacKenzie had children as follows: William Lyon, who is now a druggist of New York City; John Clarkson, of Toronto, with the Massey-Harris Company; Kenneth J., with the T. Eaton Company, of Toronto; and Lorne A., of Toronto. Mr. MacKenzie was a Presbyterian, in politics a Reformer, and socially was connected with the I.O.O.F. and the Home Circle.

On Oct. 11, 1902, Mrs. MacKenzie settled in Toronto, purchasing her present home at No. 155 Denison avenue, where she has since resided. She is very well known in the neighborhood in which she resides, and is highly esteemed for her many sterling characteristics.

GEORGE J. HOLLIS, of Shaw street, Toronto, is a native of England, born in Norfolk, in 1855, son of Walter and Harriet (Barker) Hollis, natives of England, in which country Mr. Hollis was a shoe manufacturer. Walter Hollis was born in 1816, and his wife in 1820, and both are still residents of their native country.

George J. Hollis grew to manhood in England, and there learned the gardening business, which he followed in his native land and in Wales before coming to Toronto in 1889, having at this time been in the business for twenty years. On settling in this city Mr. Hollis became private gardener and florist for Major Lester, but in 1894 built his own greenhouse on Davenport Road, just outside the limits of Toronto. Here he had about 2,000 square feet of glass. In 1900 he purchased one and one-quarter acres of land on Shaw street, near Davenport Road, and began the erection of his new greenhouse, also removing to this place the greenhouse already erected. Here he now has a glass area of about 9,000 square feet. He makes a specialty of carnations and chrysanthemums, and is the first, and so far as is known

the only, Canadian florist producing the seedling chrysanthemum. He also grows a general line of plants and flowers for the wholesale trade.

In England Mr. Hollis married Miss Elizabeth Greer, born in Sussex, England, daughter of William and Mary Ann (Baker) Greer, natives of Sussex. Mrs. Hollis is a member of the Daughters of England, while her husband affiliates with the A.O.F. and the Toronto Florists' and Gardeners' Association. In political matters he is a Conservative, and takes a great interest in the success of his party.

DR. DANIEL JAMES SWEENEY, of No. 376 Queen street east, a rising young physician and surgeon of Toronto, is prominent in the ranks of the Reform party, in the campaigns of which he takes an active part as a speaker. Dr. Sweeney was born in Caledonia, Ont., in 1877, son of Charles and Margaret (Tyke) Sweeney, and grandson of Hugh Sweeney.

Hugh Sweeney was born in County Donegal, Ireland, in 1791, and he came to Canada in 1837, dying here in the year 1874. After serving in the Rebellion of 1837-38, he settled in Caledonia township, County of Peel, and engaged in farming, there continuing until his death. He and his wife were members of the Roman Catholic Church, and had children as follows: Charles, the Doctor's father; Hugh; and Daniel.

Charles Sweeney was born in the North of Ireland in 1832, and he accompanied his parents to Canada. On reaching his majority he engaged in farming in Caledonia township, where he is still residing. He is a Reformer in politics, and, with his wife, is a member of the Roman Catholic Church. Their children are: Rev. Hugh J., parish priest at Orangeville; Ellen; Charles, on the home farm; and Dr. Daniel James.

Dr. Daniel James Sweeney received his literary training at the Collegiate Institute, and was then, for three and one-half years, engaged in teaching in Ottawa. In 1899 he entered the Medical Department of the University of Toronto, and in 1903 was graduated with the degree of M.D. The Doctor spent one year as house surgeon at St. Michael's hospital, and then, after a short time in Quebec, he returned to Toronto, and established himself in the practice of his chosen profession, in which he has met with marked success.

The Doctor takes a great interest in the success of the Reform party, and is a well-known platform speaker. In his religious faith he has not departed from the teachings of his ancestors, being connected with the Roman Catholic Church.

GEORGE E. HILL, D.D.S., who has been established as a dentist in Toronto since 1893, has won his present assured position in his profession practically independent of aid, and by the exercise of his own intelligence, aptitude and skill.

Among the United Empire Loyalist families who left the American Colonies for Canada when the relations between them and the mother country began to show signs of trouble were the Hills, residents of Pennsylvania. Erastus D. Hill, born in Pennsylvania, of English parentage, moved to Canada about 1760, and settled in County Simcoe, Ont., where he engaged in business as a merchant. Retiring in his later years he made his home in Toronto, where both he and his wife died. They were the parents of three sons and three daughters, namely: John R., a business man of Toronto; Mrs. Kitley, of that city; Mrs. Madill, of Peterboro; Mrs. Walker, of Chicago, Illinois; Ernest, a merchant, of St. Louis, Missouri; and Roland.

Roland Hill was born in County Simcoe, Ont., and spent the greater part of his life there, engaged in business as a merchant at Angus. He finally left that place for Port Huron, where he died in 1892. He was a member of the Methodist Church, and in politics was a Conservative. He married Mary Lowe, who survives him and still resides in Port Huron. They had six children, namely: Dr. George E.; Sarah and Ethel, born in Toronto, who are unmarried, and residing in Port Huron; Amy, born in Toronto, now the wife of Augustus Moore, a contractor and builder of Detroit, Michigan; Russell, born in Toronto, who received a collegiate education, and is now employed by the Grand Trunk Railway Company at Port Huron; and Jessie, born in Port Huron, a stenographer of that city.

Dr. George E. Hill was born at Angus, near Barrie, Ont., Nov. 14, 1871. His boyhood and youth were spent with his uncle, George Schmuck, in Oakville, and he received his general education in the public schools of that town. In 1891 he began teaching, being at Burlington, where he was so engaged for three years. He had by that time determined to adopt dentistry as his profession, and in 1895 he entered the Dental School at Toronto, where he received his diploma in 1898. Choosing Toronto as his permanent location, he soon purchased a home at No. 329 College street, where he opened his office. He is admirably equipped for his work as regards preparation, is enthusiastic in his profession, in which he keeps thoroughly up to date, and by his skill and pleasing manner has won a large clientele.

Dr. Hill married Miss Alicia Wilson, daughter of James and Mary Wilson, of a well-known

family of Burlington, of English descent. Mrs. Hill is highly educated and is a fine musician, and for some years before her marriage was a teacher of music. One son and one daughter have been born to this union: Clara, born in September, 1903, and George E., Jr., born in June, 1905. Both Dr. Hill and his wife are members of Christ Episcopal Church, in which he serves as vestryman and has been superintendent of the Sunday-school for eight years. The Doctor is connected with the Order of Foresters, Ernseliff Lodge, of Toronto.

WALTER JORDAN, one of Kent, England's, native sons who has found success in the land of his adoption, is a first-class business man at Braeondale, where he is engaged in market gardening on Christie street. He was born June 24, 1849, son of Walter and Sally Jordan.

Mr. Jordan's parents were also natives of Kent, England, and there spent their entire lives, Mr. Jordan being engaged as a laborer at farm work there for Captain Knight, of Bobbrany Court, for fifty-five years. He was born in August, 1820, and died on Christmas Day, 1905, while his worthy wife, who survives him and is living at the old home in Kent, was born in September, 1820. They were consistent members of the English Church, and the parents of eleven children, among the survivors being: Frances Jordan, born in 1845, married George Hudson, and resides near her father's old home; she has four children, Walter, Stanley, Thomas and Edith, the latter the wife of Thomas Ark, a London policeman. Walter. Ellen, born in 1852, is the widow of Patrick Daily, of Toronto, and has four children, Ada, Alice, Harry and Annie. Horace, born in 1854, section boss on the London, Chatham & Dover Railroad, resides in Kent, England, and has children, Clarence, Edward, Mabel, Sidney, and Frances. Emma, born in 1856, married William Holland, an agriculturist of Kent, England, and has five children, Florence, Edward, Thomas, Alice and Frances. Ethel, born in Kent, in 1859, is the widow of a Mr. Lambton, late of England, who left her with five children, Alice, Ethel, Francis, Harry and William. Agnes, born in 1861, married Harry Drucey, who is in business in Kent, England, and has children, Lillian and May. Edward, born in 1863, was educated in the military schools of Kent, England, remaining three years, and was then sent with his regiment, the Dragoons, to the West Indies, where he attained the rank of sergeant, and died in 1894, aged twenty-three years.

Walter Jordan received his education in the schools of his native city, and when a young man engaged in gardening for Captain Knight. In

November, 1871, he sailed from Liverpool on the boat "Moravian" for Montreal, whence he came direct to Toronto, and there engaged with Colonel Buchan as coachman. After six months in this position, Mr. Jordan engaged with Richard Punnett as a market gardener, and in the spring of 1873 went with this gentleman to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where he worked as coachman and gardener.

In January, 1872, Mr. Jordan married Miss Emily Rodwell, born in Kent, England, in 1850, daughter of George and Harriett Rodwell, the former, one of England's old soldiers, coming to Hamilton with his wife and family. There Mr. and Mrs. Rodwell died, leaving a family of six children: George, of Buffalo; and Luke, of Rochester, New York; William, a painter of Toronto; Emily, the wife of Mr. Jordan; Rose, now Mrs. Rayfield, of Kent, England; and Lucretia, wife of Ira Shipp of England. In November, 1873, Mr. and Mrs. Jordan returned from Philadelphia to Canada, and he engaged with Samuel McMasters, and later with William McMasters as coachman. In May, 1876, he and his wife visited his old home in England, crossing on the "Quinn," and returned to Canada on the "City of Chester." In 1883 Mr. Jordan purchased real estate in Bracondale, and here erected a fine residence and large hot-houses, establishing himself in the market-gardening business, in which he has since continued with marked success.

To Mr. and Mrs. Jordan three children have been born: Horace, born in 1875, was educated in the public schools, and is a partner in his father's business; Albert, born in Toronto in 1880, who also received his education in the public schools, and is in business with his father; Emily, born in Kent, England, in 1877, died at the home in Canada in childhood. Mr. Jordan is a member of the English Church, and his wife and sons attend the Methodist. In politics Mr. Jordan is a Conservative, and for eight years served as county constable, holding the position of constable for the Grand Trunk Railroad for a period of five years.

Mr. Jordan has crossed the ocean about every two years since 1880, having made thirteen trips in all. He is fraternally associated with the United Workmen, the Sons of England, and the Order of Orangemen, No. 804, of Toronto. On coming to Canada, Mr. Jordan was a poor boy, his capital consisting principally of a strong pair of hands and a willing heart. From the first it has been his determination to succeed in life, and his object has been accomplished. He is one of the good, reliable citizens of Bracondale,

and he has an enviable reputation for honesty and integrity in the community.

MATHEW SHEPARD, one of the prominent and substantial residents of Bracondale, York township, engaged in market-gardening on St. Clair avenue, was born at Yorkville, in the city of Toronto, in March, 1849, son of Peter and Mary A. (Neal) Shepard, the former of Yorkshire, and the latter of Norfolk, England.

Peter Shepard was the son of Mathew, who came to Canada via Quebec and Montreal, after three months on the ocean. He travelled from the lower provinces by wagon, and, reaching Toronto, made his home there, being employed as a teamster and doing the first work of that kind on Yonge street, when that thoroughfare was opened. He died at Willow Dale, Yonge street, where he had made his home. He was the father of five children: George, James, John, and Mrs. Ellen Boyne, of Toronto; and Peter, deceased. Peter Shepard followed laboring for a number of years in Toronto, and there he and his wife died, leaving three children: John is a shoemaker of St. Paul, Minnesota; Hannah, born in Toronto in 1855, is the wife of William Edmunson, of King street, Toronto; and Mathew.

Mathew Shepard followed teaming in Toronto when a young man, but in 1883 purchased his present property, erecting his brick residence and large greenhouses. Here he has continued to engage in market gardening, doing a large city business, and in this he has been eminently successful. In 1874 he married Miss Margaret Deacon, daughter of John Deacon, of Ireland, and to this union two children have been born: Mary, born in Toronto in 1875, is now the wife of Henry Mead, of England, and they reside with Mr. Shepard; and John, born in Toronto in 1877, is single, and a partner with his father in the business. Mr. Shepard is connected with the Catholic Church, as is his wife, although his parents were members of the English Church. In politics he is a Reformer.

A. J. HUME, a highly esteemed resident of Richmond Hill, Vaughan township, who is engaged in the merchant tailoring business, was born in Glasgow, Scotland, March 11, 1858, son of Joseph and Margaret (Robertson) Hume, the former born June 28, 1834, in Glasgow, and the latter in March, 1829, in London.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hume came to Canada in 1875, and settled at Ingersoll, where Mr. Hume continued his trade of tailor, which he had followed in his native country, until his death in 1893, while his wife survived him and passed away in 1900. They were the parents of

six children: Joseph and Margaret died in the old country; Nellie, born in London, married George Allen, of Ingersoll, a section boss of the Grand Trunk Railway, and at her death left three daughters; Miss Margaret, born in London, resides in Toronto; Eliza, born in London, is the wife of Joseph Edmond, a resident of Ingersoll, and they have four children, Bertie, Alexander, Nellie and Catherine; and A. J.

A. J. Hume received his education in the schools of London, and in 1872 came to Canada with his parents, settling at Galt, Ont., where he worked for some few years, and then was employed by Dr. Joy, of Tilsonburg, two years. He next went to Ingersoll, there becoming a journeyman tailor, finishing his trade. In 1879, he came to Richmond Hill, and here worked at his trade until 1890, when he engaged in the business on his own account, and in this line has continued successfully to the present time.

On Aug. 20, 1885, Mr. Hume married Miss Electa Hewison, born in Richmond Hill in 1858, daughter of James and Elizabeth Hewison. To this union one daughter has been born, Winnifred, born in Richmond Hill in 1890, who is attending the high school of this village. Mr. and Mrs. Hume are connected with the Methodist Church, Mr. Hume being a teacher in the Bible Class, and a leading worker in the Sabbath school. He is one of the independent voters, and in July, 1905, he was elected clerk of the town of Richmond Hill, a position he has since continued to fill. He is a member of the Independent Order of Foresters, and the United Workmen of Richmond Hill. Both Mr. and Mrs. Hume are prominent in musical circles of the village, she being organist at the Methodist Church, and he being a leading professor of music, both instrumental and vocal, and the leader of the Richmond Hill Band.

H. R. RANKS, an undertaker and funeral director of No. 455 Queen street west, Toronto, Ont., was born Jan. 19, 1870, in County Oxford, son of Robert and Malissa (Adams) Ranks, both deceased, and grandson of George and Rebecca (Foster) Ranks.

The grandparents of H. R. Ranks came from Yorkshire, England, to Canada, and settled on wild land in County Oxford, where they cleared a farm and made a home, here spending the remainder of their lives. They were the parents of three children: George, the only child living, resides at Arkona, near London, Ont.; Henry; and Robert.

Robert Ranks married Malissa Adams, a grandniece of John Adams, second President of the United States. Her parents died when she was a child, and she was reared to womanhood

by Mrs. McHolland, a niece of President Adams. Robert Ranks settled as an undertaker in County Oxford, and later removed to County Waterloo, where he continued business until his death in 1897, in which year his wife also passed away, both in the faith of the Church of England. Of their five children, three are living: John Ranks, an undertaker of Detroit, Michigan, has a family of four children; Maud, wife of John Trager, of Ayr, Ont., has two children; Henrietta died in childhood; Robert died in boyhood; and Harry R.

Harry R. Ranks was educated in the public schools and colleges of County Waterloo, and learned the trade of cabinet maker and undertaker, learning the embalming business in London, Ont., and Detroit, Michigan, at which latter place he worked for a time. He then spent several years in County Waterloo, but after the death of his parents came to Toronto and entered a partnership with F. W. Mathews, on Queen street, where he has since continued. In 1905 Mr. Ranks was appointed by the Government, Inspector of Anatomy for Toronto, which position he still holds.

Mr. Ranks is a member of Rehoboam Lodge, A.F. & A.M., of Toronto; Riverdale Lodge, Knights of Pythias; is past master of the Ionic Order of Orangemen, being also connected with the Black order, an auxiliary; and is past chief ranger of Occident Lodge, Canadian Order of Foresters. Mr. Ranks is likewise connected with Kent Lodge, Sons of England. He is unmarried.

ALEXANDER ROSE, for many years a prosperous agriculturist at Innisfil, Ont., died there in December, 1893. He was born in Brantford, Ont., in 1850, son of John and Margaret (Climie) Rose. John Rose was born in the Highlands of Scotland, and when a young man came to Canada and settled in Brantford, where the remainder of his life was spent in farming. There he died, his wife passing away in Listowel. Her father, Rev. John Climie, came from Scotland to Canada, and was for many years in the Presbyterian ministry in this country. Their children were: Jean, Helen, Bethia, Margaret, Alexander, John, Emma and James.

Alexander Rose was educated in Brantford, and after his marriage settled in Innisfil, where he followed farming until his death. He married Miss Sarah Innstead, who was born in New Jersey, daughter of Richard and Rachel (Scanlon) Innstead, natives of Ireland. After leaving the old country Mr. Innstead settled in the United States for some time, and about 1861 located in Bradford, Ont., where he died. His wife has also passed away. They were the par-

ents of five children: Thomas and Dora, deceased; Rebeeca, wife of Mr. Belfry, of Toronto; Mrs. Rose; and Hannah, Mrs. Richard Baynes. The family were members of the Church of England.

To Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Rose came the following children: Margaret, Harry, Helen and John, all born in Innisfil. Mr. Rose was a member of the Presbyterian Church, and in politics a Reformer. In 1894 Mrs. Rose settled in Toronto, where she has since resided.

WILLIAM ARMSTRONG, whose death occurred in Toronto Dec. 22, 1904, was well known as a business man all over Western Ontario for a number of years. He was born in Millbank, Ont., in 1852, son of Robert and Ann (McCormick) Armstrong, and grandson of Henry Armstrong, all of whom were natives of Ireland, and the latter the founder of the family in Canada.

Robert Armstrong was born in Ireland. On attaining his majority he engaged in farming and cattle dealing in Millbank, from which place he removed to a location in the Northwest, where both he and Mrs. Armstrong are now living. Their children are: Benjamin J., of Grimsby; Robert; William; James; Johnson and Edward, twins; Walter; and Elizabeth, the wife of George Farrell.

William Armstrong was educated in the public schools of his native place. On reaching his majority he engaged in the grain business at Stratford for some time, and then went into the farm machinery business as a commercial salesman, continuing in this line for about seventeen years. A thorough business man, enterprising and energetic, he was very successful. His years of travel made him well known in all of the leading cities and towns of Ontario, and his upright dealing and genial character won him friends in every section.

Mr. Armstrong married Miss Amanda Bean, who was born at Waterloo, Ont., in 1870, daughter of Isaac and Josephine (Tindall) Bean. Isaac Bean was born at Waterloo in 1837, and was for a number of years a leading merchant of that place, where he died in 1872. His children were: William H.; Minnie, the wife of Alexander Wilson; Cyrus A., a cheesemaker; Aliee, the wife of Edward Peltz; and Mrs. Armstrong. After the death of her husband Mrs. Bean re-married.

Mr. and Mrs. Armstrong lived for a time at Listowel before locating in Toronto. To their marriage came three children: Pearl A., born in Walkerton; and Gertrude and Wilma, born at Listowel. Mrs. Armstrong is a member of the Presbyterian Church, in the faith of which her

husband died. He was a Conservative, politically, and in fraternal affiliation was a member of the C.O.F. In 1904 Mr. and Mrs. Armstrong located in Toronto, where she now resides, making her home at No. 643 Bathurst street.

HERBERT CLAYTER McKIBBON, who died in Toronto in November, 1903, was born in the County of Prince Edward, Ont., in 1859, son of George and Ann (Fulford) McKibbon. George McKibbon was engaged in business in Wingham and Toronto, and died in the latter place; his wife has also passed away.

Herbert Clayter McKibbon was educated at Woodstock College. He carried on the dry goods business until 1890, in which year he settled in Toronto, where he engaged as a commercial salesman, and was very successful, continuing as such until within a short time of his death. He travelled for boot and shoe firms of Toronto and other cities of Ontario, and became well and favorably known all over Canada, his business integrity never being doubted.

Mr. McKibbon married Miss Margaret Thornhill, a native of Ontario, whose parents, Edward and Margaret (Baker) Thornhill, were natives of England, the former born in July, 1819, and the latter Dec. 21, 1820. They came to Canada, making a permanent home in this country. Mr. and Mrs. McKibbon were the parents of children as follows: Leah L., M., M. G., Lillian Ruth, George Herbert, and Marguerite. Mr. McKibbon was a member of the Church of England. Although never an office-seeker, he supported the principles of the Reform party, and took great interest in its success. In his fraternal affiliations he was connected with the Masons.

WILLIAM EARL was born in the city of Bath, England, in 1821, and died in Toronto, Feb. 12, 1905. Mr. Earl received his education in his native city, and there learned the upholstery and drapery business, in which he was employed much of his time at the Queen's palace, London, England. He well remembered His Majesty, King Edward VII., who as a little boy was with Mr. Earl much of the time while the latter was employed about the palace. About 1868 Mr. Earl came to Canada, and for about twenty-five years remained at one place, as a general merchant and postmaster, thence coming to Toronto, where he lived retired until his death. Mr. Earl, although eighty-four years old, was a well-preserved man, and in full possession of all his faculties.

After coming to Canada Mr. Earl married Mrs. Sarah A. (Potter) Reynolds, widow of Alf-

red Reynolds, who was born in County Oxford, Ont., daughter of Daniel and Elizabeth (Bullock) Potter, natives of England. Mr. and Mrs. Potter came to Canada about 1839, settling in County Oxford, where Mr. Potter engaged in farming until his death; he was an early settler in Blenheim township, where he cleared a farm from the bush. His children, all born in County Oxford, were: William, of California; Hannah, deceased; Sarah A., Mrs. Earl; George, of California; and John, deceased.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl had no family, but by her former marriage Mrs. Earl was the mother of four children: Elizabeth, the wife of Dr. Kirk; Alice, the wife of James Ramsey; Ella, the wife of James Falkner, of Minneapolis, Minnesota; and George, of Toronto, who married Daisy McDonald.

Mr. Earl was a member of the Methodist Church, to which faith his widow also adheres. His late residence, at No. 193 Close avenue, Toronto, is still occupied by Mrs. Earl, who is very highly esteemed in the community.

WILLIAM E. MACKAY, a successful florist located at No. 1150 Dundas street, Toronto, is a member of a family long identified with the Queen City. He was born in Toronto in 1870, son of George and Georgina (Sligh) Mackay. His grandfather was born in Scotland and came to Canada with the 79th Highlanders. For some time prior to his death he was in the Customs service in Toronto.

George Mackay, father of William E., was born in Toronto, and there received his education and grew to manhood. For many years he has been connected with the waterworks department of Toronto, where he is well and favorably known. One child was born to Mr. and Mrs. Mackay, William E.

William E. Mackay received his education in the schools of his native city, and on reaching manhood engaged with the Niagara Navigation Company, making many trips across Lake Ontario. He was then employed for some time in the waterworks department. In 1899 Mr. Mackay embarked in business as a florist in Toronto, remaining at his original stand until 1903, when he purchased his present business and erected his greenhouse, which is equipped with every modern appliance. Mr. Mackay makes a specialty of plants and summer cut flowers.

Mr. Mackay and his wife, Jemima B., a native of England, have one son, Alexander, born in Toronto. Mr. and Mrs. Mackay are Christian Scientists in religious belief. In political faith he is a Conservative.

WILLIAM McKENNEDY was a native of England, born in 1851, and died in Cobourg,

Ont., in 1896. He received his education in his native country, and about 1873 came to America, locating first in New York State, and some time later in Cobourg. Engaging in the painting and decorating business, he became very successful, and a leading man in his line, continuing at that vocation until his death.

Mr. McKennedy married Miss Alice Hallady, who was born at Cobourg, daughter of Andrew and Margaret (McIntosh) Hallady, the former a saddler of Cobourg for many years, and a well-known business man of the place. He and his wife had ten children, as follows: Andrew, Isabelle, Thomas, Jane, J—, Margaret, Alice, Ellen, Emma and John. Mr. and Mrs. McKennedy became the parents of six children, namely: William, Mary, Arthur, Andrew, Alice, and Harold (deceased). Mr. McKennedy was a member of the Congregational Church, in politics a Reformer, and in fraternal connection a member of the I.O.O.F. In 1903 Mrs. McKennedy purchased the home at No. 61 Macpherson avenue, Toronto, where she and her five children have since resided.

A. A. STEWART, D.D.S., has been located at the corner of Carlton and Yonge streets, Toronto, since he began practice. He is one of the earnest young professional men of the city, and has risen steadily into favor during the few years he has practised. The family originally came from Ireland, but for several generations has lived in Canada. Dr. Stewart was born in the County of Peterborough, Ont., in December, 1881.

Benjamin Stewart, paternal grandfather of A. A. Stewart, came from the North of Ireland and settled in County Peterborough, Ont., where he is still living on his farm, though now retired from its active direction. He has had five children, of whom the eldest, James, father of Dr. Stewart, is now carrying on the homestead. James Stewart was born after his father came to Canada, and has passed his life on the Stewart farm. In addition to managing it he has large lumber interests, and is one of the prosperous and influential men of his section. He married Miss Isabella Waddell, born in the same county as he, but of Scotch descent. The Waddells came from Inverness, and were prominent in Peterborough, where some of them have held high political positions. James and Isabella Stewart have six children living: Benjamin, a wealthy ranchman of Billings, Montana, who married Miss Odell, of Peterborough, and has three children; John, a Montana ranchman, who married Miss O'Donald, of Peterborough, and has two children; Elizabeth, who married John Sargent, a business man of Westwood, Ont., and

has four children; Mary, wife of Edward Christie, of Westwood; Edith, wife of William Sharp, of Regina, Alberta; and Dr. A. A. The father is a leading member of the Presbyterian Church, in which he has been an elder for thirty-five years. In politics he is a Conservative.

A good education was given to each of Mr. Stewart's children. Dr. A. A. Stewart was sent to the home schools first, and then to the Norwood high school, from which he was graduated with the class of 1898. Two years later he came to Toronto and entered the Dental College, and has ever since been a resident of the city. His work in the college was of such unusually high order that it attracted special attention, and he was offered a place on the school's faculty, which he accepted. The year of his graduation, 1904, he opened his office at Carlton and Yonge streets, where he has met with most flattering success.

Dr. Stewart has held to the faith of his fathers and is a member of the Presbyterian Church, being prominently connected with its work. In politics he is a loyal supporter of the Conservative party, and he is also interested in Masonry, belonging to Ionie Lodge, of Toronto. He is unmarried.

ALBERT W. SHUTER, a good, practical citizen of Braeendale, York township, who is successfully engaged in market gardening on the Davenport Road, was born on Dundas street, Toronto, Nov. 14, 1870, son of Joseph W. and Hannah (Stockwell) Shuter, early settlers of the Queen City.

Joseph Shuter was born at Gloucestershire, England, in 1839, and his wife in Cheltenham, England, in 1841. They were married in England, and came to this country in the sixties, locating in Toronto, where Mr. Shuter commenced work as a gardener for Judge Morrison, with whom he continued until starting a market garden on his own account on the Dennis Estate, now the Orphans' Home property. In 1872 he purchased real estate in Braeendale, where he erected a fine home and engaged as a market gardener, in which business he successfully continued until his death in 1897. His wife, who survives him, resides on Ossington avenue, Toronto. Mr. Shuter was a member of the Church of England. In politics he was a supporter of the old Grit party. To Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Shuter were born the following children: Alice, born in 1868, was educated in Toronto, and is now the wife of Rupert Still, a gardener of Mimico, and has five children, Arthur, Harold, Edith, Ethel and Florence; Albert W.; Edgar, born in 1875, and unmarried, is a resident of Toronto; Joseph, born in 1880,

is an electrician; and Jesse, born in 1883, is unmarried and resides with his mother.

Albert W. Shuter received a fair education in the city schools and at his father's death became the latter's successor in the market gardening business at the old homestead, which he has continued with the same success that attended his father's efforts.

In 1891 Mr. Shuter married Miss Rose Trolley, born in Toronto May 14, 1872, daughter of George Trolley, of Toronto. To this union have been born two sons: Edgar G., born in 1896, attending school; and Norman, born in 1900. Mr. Shuter is a supporter of the principles of the Reform party. He and his wife attend the Church of England.

COLIN McLEAN, who died in Stouffville, Ont., July 14, 1905, was a well-known and enterprising business man in his line in Toronto, where he followed the tailor's trade. Mr. McLean was born in Markham township, County York, in 1868, a son of Duncan McLean, a well-to-do farmer of that locality.

When but a child Colin McLean lost his mother, but his early training was along the lines of integrity and Christian manhood, and he grew to be a most highly esteemed citizen and Christian gentleman, leaving behind him the record of a life, although cut off in its prime, well worthy of emulation. Mr. McLean married Miss Lillian Baylis, who was born in England, daughter of James and Mary W. Baylis, who came to Toronto, where Mr. Baylis has long been connected with the city waterworks department.

To Mr. and Mrs. Colin McLean was born one son, Gordon McLean, who died in June, 1905. Mr. Colin McLean was a member of the Methodist Church, to the faith of which Mrs. McLean also adheres. In political connection he was a Conservative, and fraternally he was identified with the Ancient Order of Foresters.

JOHN LAWRENCE LYON. The city of Toronto has numbered among its residents many brilliant and successful men whose achievements have reflected credit upon it, and in the fields both of law and finance distinction has frequently been attained. One who showed marked ability along these lines, and who in one decade would probably have reached the high tide of success, was the late John Lawrence Lyon, barrister.

Mr. Lyon was a native of the United States, son of Mrs. Helen (Maxwell) Lyon, a native of Scotland, who later took up her abode in Ingersoll, County Oxford, Ont. He early chose the law as his profession, and did his preparatory work under the direction of Hon. J. Hillyard

Cameron, of Toronto, in which city he was called to the Bar. He entered at once upon the practice of the law, and for some time he was a member of the firm of Mowry, Barwiek & Lyon, and won an enviable reputation as a barrister. Mr. Lyon also became interested in real estate and carried on extensive dealings with marked success, seeming to grasp the situation with a fulness of knowledge and intuition which enabled him to buy or sell to the best advantage. He had already reached an assured position when his career was cut short by death, and in a few more years would have ranked among the city's wealthiest men. In him the Bar of Toronto lost one of its ablest members and the city an energetic and progressive citizen.

Mr. Lyon is survived by his wife and two children, a son and a daughter. Mrs. Lyon was before her marriage Miss Lucie Strong, youngest daughter of Rt. Hon. Sir Henry Strong, ex-chief justice of the Supreme Court of Canada. The late John L. Lyon was in religious belief a Presbyterian. His support on political questions was always given to the Conservative party, and his only connection with any fraternal organization was as a member of Ionic Lodge, A.F. & A.M.

DR. E. F. WILLARD, an enterprising young medical practitioner, whose field of labor is in the city of Toronto, Ont., with offices at the corner of Queen and Sherbourne streets, was born Oct. 25, 1881, at Port Perry, son of William and Elizabeth (Heatey) Willard.

William Willard was born in County Sussex, England, in January, 1841, son of J. Willard, who died soon after coming to Canada, leaving his only son, William, an orphan at the age of eight years. Thrown on his own resources at this tender age, young Willard proved himself able to make his own way, and worked on a farm until he had saved sufficient money from his meagre wages to establish himself in a mercantile business at Port Perry, where he is still operating, one of the leading merchants of the place. Mr. Willard married Elizabeth Heatey, of an old and honored Canadian family, and to them were born two sons and a daughter, namely: H. G., a member of the firm of Willard & Co., of Port Perry; Miss Ethel, born and reared in County Ontario; and Dr. E. F. Mr. and Mrs. Willard are members of the Methodist Church.

Dr. E. F. Willard was educated in the public and high schools of Port Perry, graduating from the latter in 1900. In 1901 he entered the College of Dental Surgery in Toronto, being graduated therefrom in 1904, since which time he has been engaged in the practice of dentistry

in this city. In politics he is a Reformer. His profession connects him with various societies, in which he is very popular, as, indeed, he is with all who know him.

JOHN COTTERILL, a highly esteemed citizen of Bracondale, County York, Ont., who is engaged in the florist business on Bathurst street, was born Dec. 19, 1862, in Shropshire, England, son of Samuel and Margaret (Kelly) Cotterill, early settlers of County York.

Samuel Cotterill and his wife came to Canada in 1868, and settled on the Davenport Road in York township, and here Mr. Cotterill followed gardening for the city trade, an occupation in which he was engaged all of his life. He died at his home in Deer Park, and his wife passed away in 1894, in the faith of the English Church, of which he also was a member. In politics Mr. Cotterill was a Conservative. Ten children were born to him and his wife: Isaae, in the employ of the *Mail and Empire* journal of Toronto, married and has one daughter, Florence; Miss Mary, born in England, resides with her brother, John; Annie, born in England, is the wife of Charles Haines, of Toronto, and has three children, William G., Margery and Fred; Elizabeth, born in England, is the wife of Edward Darlington, of Toronto, and has five children; Sarah died when fourteen years of age; Susan, born in England, is the wife of Aemelius Baldwin, of Toronto, and has two children, Muriel and Gladys; John; Samuel died when twenty-one years of age; Richard died when fourteen years old; and Margaret is at home.

John Cotterill was educated in the schools of County York, and when a young man learned the business of florist, in which he has been engaged all of his life. In August, 1885, he married Miss Elizabeth Goodson, born in England in 1864, daughter of Robert and Mary Goodson. Mrs. Cotterill was educated in her native country, where she grew to womanhood. After marriage Mr. Cotterill started in business on St. Clair avenue, but in 1895 he purchased his present place, which is known as the Trolley Estate, and which comprises one of the finest brick houses and largest and best florist's accommodations in this section.

To Mr. and Mrs. Cotterill have been born nine children: Violet, born in 1888, was educated in the high school and Business College of Toronto, and is now engaged as a stenographer; Gladys was born in 1890; Alice, a student at the schools, was born in 1892; Margaret was born in 1894; Kathleen was born in 1896; Samuel K. was born in 1898; Dorothy was born in 1900; John died in childhood; Ethel B. was born in 1903; and Muriel, in 1905. Mr. and Mrs.

Cotterill are connected with the English Church. In politics he is a Conservative. He is a charter member of the Bracondale Lodge of Foresters.

DENNIS FLANAGAN, after a residence there of almost half a century, died in Toronto in 1901. He was born in County Clare, Ireland, in 1847, son of John and Mary (Nash) Flanagan, natives of the Emerald Isle, who came to Toronto in 1854. They both passed the remainder of their lives in this city, Mr. Flanagan passing his active years in the milk business.

Dennis Flanagan received his education in the schools of Toronto, and in starting out for himself first engaged in teaming, and later went into the mercantile business, dealing in all lines of household furnishings, his place of business being at the corner of Manning avenue and Arthur streets. Here he built his home with his business place, and continued until his death.

Mr. Flanagan was married to Miss Margaret McCarty, born in Ireland, daughter of Charles and Mary (Welsh) McCarty. The McCartys came to Toronto in 1854, where, three months later, the father was accidentally killed. Mrs. McCarty survived her husband some years.

Nine children were born to Dennis and Margaret Flanagan, namely: John Joseph, Mary Jane, Charles V., Richard A., Margaret L., Lillie Gertrude, Katie B., Annie and William E. Mr. Flanagan was a member of the Roman Catholic Church, to which faith his widow also adheres. He was a prominent member of the Irish Benevolent Society, and took a great interest in current events. He was honest and upright as a citizen and was devoted to his family.

FREDERICK JENKINS was for many years a well-known business man of Toronto, and was a man of great force of character, noted for his traits of thrift, perseverance and energy. He was born in England in 1838, and his death occurred in Toronto in 1891.

Mr. Jenkins received his education in England, and in 1853 came to Toronto. He engaged in the tailoring business, later embarking in the mercantile business on McCaul street, and there he continued to do business until his death. Through his long and active career his affairs were conducted with the strictest honesty and fairness, and there were none who, to a larger extent, enjoyed the confidence and respect of his fellow-citizens. Mr. Jenkins was joined in marriage with May Managin, born in New York City. When Mrs. Jenkins was but a child her parents removed to Quebec, and there died, and nearly all of her life has been spent in Toronto and she has seen many changes take place.

To Mr. and Mrs. Jenkins seven children were

born: Elizabeth; Frederick William; Ida; Annie; Florence, who married Alexander Boyd, and resides in Hamilton, Ont.; Walter; and Alfred. Mr. Jenkins attended the Methodist Church. In politics he was a Reformer, and in social connection an Odd Fellow.

EDWARD LE GROS, who for a number of years was engaged in the grocery business in Toronto, died in that city in January, 1901. He was born in Newfoundland, in 1851, son of Michael and Ann (Thistle) Le Gros, natives of Newfoundland, where they followed fishing.

Edward Le Gros grew to manhood in his native country, and received his education in the public schools and St. John's Academy. He then engaged in school teaching at Exploits Bay for some time. There he married Sarah Thistle, born in Newfoundland, daughter of James and Sarah (Reynolds) Thistle, natives of that country. In 1892 Mr. Le Gros came to Toronto and entered the grocery business, successfully continuing in the same until his death. Mr. and Mrs. Le Gros had three children, as follows: Bessie, Alice and Benjamin.

Mr. Le Gros was a member of the Methodist Church, and adhered strictly to the teachings of that faith. In politics he was a Conservative, and fraternally was connected with the Order of Orangemen. Mrs. Le Gros resides at her home, No. 410 Ossington avenue, and also owns the store on Boyce avenue, which she rents. This was built while Mr. Le Gros was in business there, by him, and after his death his widow conducted the business for a time, but later closed it out.

HERBERT M. SANDERSON, D.D.S., of Toronto, with his office at the northwest corner of Church and Gloucester streets, is one of the young professional men of the city, and one for whom a most successful future may be confidently predicted. Dr. Sanderson is a native of Toronto, born on Mutual street July 12, 1881, son of Joseph and Caroline (Robinson) Sanderson.

The first of the Sanderson name to settle in Canada was James Sanderson, who brought his family hither from Scotland in 1801, and located at Flamborough, County Wentworth. His son Robert, with his wife, Susannah, also left his Scotch home for the New World, erected a foundry at Flamborough, one of the first in that section, and became one of the leading machinists of that section. He died at his home there, leaving a family, of whom the following four still survive: Robert, of British Columbia; Sarah, Mrs. E. Harrison, of Monmouth, Illinois; Susan, of the same place; and Joseph.

Joseph Sanderson was born at West Flamborough, near Hamilton, Ont., in 1847. Removing to Toronto, he went into business for himself as a manufacturer of all kinds of brushes, and is still in personal charge of his establishment, located at No. 96 Front street, carrying on both a wholesale and retail trade. Mrs. Sanderson bore the maiden name of Caroline Robinson, and was born in Liverpool, England, a daughter of the late William S. Robinson, of Liverpool. Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Sanderson have had two sons and one daughter, namely: Herbert Maxwell; Roy, born Aug. 2, 1882, who studied for the ministry at Toronto University, and is now doing mission work in the Northwest; and Eleanor M.

Dr. Herbert M. Sanderson has been well prepared for his professional career by a sound general education. He first went to the Model school at Toronto, then to the public school on Church street and the high school, from which he graduated in 1899. The following year he matriculated at the University, and then attended the Dental College of Toronto, completing the required work in 1903. He at once established himself at No. 48 Carlton street and from the start has been very successful in building up a good practice. In May, 1907, he bought his present site, at No. 598 Church street, to which he has transferred his practice. Dr. Sanderson keeps himself well informed on all new and improved methods in dentistry, and well deserves his prosperity.

On March 27, 1907, Dr. Sanderson was married, at Cannington, Ont., by Rev. Mr. Martin, of the Presbyterian Church, to Miss Margaret Sinclair, daughter of the late John Houston. Mrs. Houston still survives. Like all members of his father's family, the Doctor is a member of the Presbyterian Church.

THOMAS HENRY HAGEN was born in Anderdon township, County Essex, Ont., in 1876, and his death occurred in Windsor, Ont., in 1904. His parents, Capt. Thomas and Catherine S. Hagen, the former born in the old country and the latter in County Essex, reside at the American "Soo." When a young man Thomas Hagen came to Canada, was here married, and was for many years a lake captain, being well known as a captain on the Great Lakes.

Thomas Henry Hagen was educated at Amherstburgh, Windsor and Detroit, taking his commercial course in the last-named city. On completing the latter Mr. Hagen accepted a position in the offices of the Lake Erie (now Pere Marquette) Railway Company, at Walkerville, Ont., where he continued until his death. Mr. Hagen married Miss Jennie Wright, daughter

of William and Mary (Irving) Wright, the former, who was born Feb. 5, 1831, dying May 3, 1881. William Wright was a son of George and Frances (Dunn) Wright, George Wright being the founder of the family in Canada. William Wright, father of Mrs. Hagen, was a cabinet-maker by trade, but after he settled in Toronto he engaged in the paint business at No. 101 King street west, continuing in that line until his death, and becoming very well known in business circles. After Mr. Wright's death his widow and son continued the business until the latter's death, when Mrs. Wright closed it out. Her parents were Thomas and Jane (Park) Irving.

To Mr. and Mrs. Wright were born the following children: James Frederick, deceased, who was a well-known singer in Toronto; George Hall, deceased; Minnie, who is married; Jennie, Mrs. Hagen; and Fanny, deceased.

Mr. and Mrs. Hagen had one daughter, Dorothy Madeline, born in Windsor. Mr. Hagen was a member of the Roman Catholic Church, and his widow of the Church of England. In political matters he was in sympathy with the Reform party.

ERNEST ROBERT INSLEMANN, who died in Buffalo, New York, in 1898, was for years a well-known hotel man of New York State. He was born in Germany in 1857, son of Robert and Mary Inslemann, both of whom died in that country.

Mr. Inslemann was educated in his native land, and when seventeen years of age crossed the Atlantic, locating in New York City. Later he removed to Niagara Falls, New York, where in partnership with another man he carried on the "Prospect Hotel" for some time, one of the leading summer hotels of that well-known resort. From Niagara Falls Mr. Inslemann went to Buffalo, New York, engaging at the "Iroquois Hotel," where he was bookkeeper at the time of his death. He also served in the "Cadillac Hotel" in New York City, and also at Detroit, Michigan, for a time.

Mr. Inslemann married Miss Mary Gill, who was born in Fergus, Ont., daughter of Edward and Annie (Dunlop) Gill, natives of Fergus, he being a son of James Gill, the founder of the Gill family in Canada, and she a daughter of Robert Dunlop, who was the founder of his branch of the family in this section. Edward Gill was for some time a farmer near Fergus, but is now a resident of Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Inslemann had one daughter, Florence, born at Fergus. Mr. Inslemann was a member of the Presbyterian Church, to which his widow and daughter also adhere. He was

fraternally connected with the I.O.O.F. In 1899 Mrs. Inslemann settled in Toronto, where she is now residing.

GEORGE LOUGHEAD. Among the genial, whole-souled men of Toronto was the late George Loughead, for many years a member of the police force of Toronto. Mr. Loughead was born near Collingwood, Ont., in 1854, and died in Toronto in 1904. He was a son of Robert and Isabella (Smith) Loughead, farming people near Collingwood. The parents of our subject had eleven children: James, Albert, George, Charles, Robert, Reuben (deceased), David, Wilson (deceased), Mary, Louisa and William.

George Loughead was educated at Smithdale, and for some time after finishing his schooling engaged in farming on the home farm. In 1886 Mr. Loughead settled in Toronto, and became a member of the police force of that city, in which capacity he served until his death. He was confined to his bed but nine days in his last illness—heart trouble. Mr. Loughead was a man of most pleasing manner, was always genial and always looked upon the bright side of life. He was about six feet in height, and weighed about 250 pounds. In physique, as well as in his general make-up, he was well fitted for the position which he ably filled for eighteen years.

Mr. Loughead married Miss Martha Long, born at Mt. Forest, daughter of Aaron and Mary (Williamson) Long, the former born in England in 1824, died in 1904, and the latter, born in 1829, still survives. Mr. Long was for many years a farmer of Mt. Forest, and for fifty-five years a class-leader in the Methodist Church, during which time he was not absent from church or class except three times. His family were named as follows: Abram, Isaac, Jacob, Joseph, Samuel, Benjamin, John, Aaron, Wesley, Mary, Martha, and Sarah.

In 1903 Mr. Loughead built his fine residence at No. 543 Euclid avenue. He was just getting settled in his new home when he was called away, leaving to mourn his loss a widow and one daughter, Vera May, who was born in Toronto. Mr. Loughead was a member of the Methodist Church, to which faith his widow also adheres. He was a man beloved by all who knew him, a model citizen, a Christian gentleman, and a kind husband and father.

JERRY SMITH, one of the enterprising young business men of Richmond Hill, Vaughan township, who is engaged in the jewelry and watchmaking business, was born at Edgeley, County York, March 30, 1873, son of Samuel

and Sarah (Snider) Smith, a pioneer couple of this county.

Samuel Smith was born on the 4th Concession of Vaughan township, Feb. 4, 1833, son of Jacob and Mary (Grobbs) Smith, who came to Canada in 1818, from Lancaster County, Pennsylvania. Jacob Smith was the son of Jacob, Sr., born 1751, died 1830, who originally came from Germany to Pennsylvania, and later to Canada, settling on Government land on Concession 4, of Vaughan township. Of his father's family Jacob Smith, father of Samuel, was the eldest, and he settled on the farm which has been the home of the family for four generations, and there died June 7, 1867, his widow surviving him until 1889, when she, too, passed away. They were the parents of children, as follows: (1) Elizabeth, born in Vaughan township in 1827, married Daniel Horner, who settled in Markham township, and at her death left six children—Daniel, Elizabeth (deceased), Mary (wife of John Teel), Barbara, Joseph and Joshua. (2) Abram, born in 1830, married Miss Elizabeth Grove, and they settled in Vaughan township as agriculturists, and there resided twenty-five years. They then removed to Almira, Markham township, County York, where Mr. Smith still resides. Their children were: Mary, Fannie, Jacob, Elizabeth (the wife of Joe Hover, of Ringwood), and Sarah. (3) Samuel was born in 1833. (4) Joseph, born in 1837, was married three times, having by the first wife one son—John, of Ontario; by his second wife two daughters—Sophia and Mary A.; and by his third wife, who still survives and lives with her husband at Zurich, Ont., four children—Alice, Albert, Joseph and Melissa. (5) Barbara, born in 1835, married Abram Grove, who settled on the 7th Concession of Markham township, and there died, leaving three children—Mary, Jessie and Susannah. (6) Jacob, born in 1829, died in 1861. (7) Moses, born in 1840, died in 1844. (8) John Smith, born in 1842, died in 1845.

Samuel Smith was educated in the public schools of Vaughan township, and while growing to manhood engaged in agricultural pursuits on his father's farm. In May, 1866, he was united in marriage to Miss Sarah Snider, born in Vaughan township in August, 1842, daughter of Samuel and Katherine (Cober) Snider, the former a pioneer of this county, who came from Pennsylvania to Canada in the early days. Mrs. Snider was born in Vaughan township. Her husband was a minister in the Dunkard Church, and established a church in Markham township, where this religious body held services for many years.

After his marriage Samuel Smith settled on the old homestead in Vaughan township, and there continued to live until his death in 1893. He was a farmer by occupation, and died in the faith of the Mennonite Church, in which his father had worshipped for many years. His widow, now in her sixty-fifth year, is still living, and resides with her daughter, Mrs. J. Hiltz. The children of Samuel and Sarah (Snider) Smith were: Menno, born Jan. 31, 1868, was educated in the schools of Vaughan township, and married Miss Marie Atkinson, of Vaughan, and they reside on the old homestead, where he is engaged in farming, and have one son and one daughter, Allen L. and Hazel E.; Nancy, born in April, 1870, is the wife of Joshua Hiltz, of Markham township, and has one son, Everton R.; Jerry is mentioned below; and Sophia, born in February, 1876, married Jesse Baker, a farmer of Vaughan township, and they have three children—Isaac, Bertha and Abram.

Jerry Smith received his education in the schools of Vaughan township, and the high school at Richmond Hill. In 1892 he engaged in railroading at Richmond Hill, as an employee of the Grand Trunk, being railway station master for five years. At the end of this time he entered the Canadian Horological Institute of Toronto, from which he was graduated in 1899, with a thorough knowledge of the jeweler's trade. He first located at Brantford, and then located in Richmond Hill, in January, 1890, and here he has continued to the present time with much success. Mr. Smith purchased his store building and residence on Yonge street, and he has since made this his home.

On Nov. 20, 1900, Mr. Smith married Miss Effie Hollingshead, born at Applegate, Michigan, in July, 1879, daughter of Thomas Hollingshead. To this union have been born four children: Amy A., in April, 1903; Gertrude E., April 13, 1904; Cora M., in September, 1901; and Laura B., Nov. 3, 1905. Mr. Smith was reared in the faith of the Mennonite Church, to which he still adheres. He is a supporter of the Reform party, but has never taken an active interest in public matters. He is one of the most successful young business men of the village of Richmond Hill, and is very popular with all.

WILLIAM JAMES GRAHAM, the efficient caretaker of the School of Practical Science, Toronto, was born in Montreal in 1840, son of William and Sarah (Brownlee) Graham, the former of whom was born in the North of Ireland in 1805, and the latter in Scotland in 1808.

William Graham founded the Graham family in Canada in 1836, locating in Montreal. He

removed from Montreal to Toronto in 1837, and took part in the Rebellion of 1837-38. He later removed to Ottawa, where he died in 1876, while his wife passed away at the same place in October, 1901, in the faith of the Church of England, of which he was also a member. In politics he was a Conservative. He and his wife were the parents of these children: Gregg, deceased, who left six children; William James; Eliza, deceased; John, of the Civil Service, Postoffice Department, Ottawa; Sarah Ann, deceased, who married Robert Coghill; Priscilla, deceased; Sophia, of Ottawa; and Matilda, of Ottawa. Of this family Gregg was born in the Old Country, our subject, who was next to the eldest, in Montreal, and the others were all born in Toronto.

William James Graham received his education in Toronto under Mr. John Darby, on Richmond street, also at the old Model school, King street west, under Dr. Sangster, B.A. He served his time with Messrs. Jacques and Hay, to the upholstering business, at which he worked for twenty-three years, the last ten of which he was foreman with sixty employees under him. He finally went into the cabinet making and upholstering business on King street west, in which business he continued for two years, and then accepted a position from the Educational Department of Ontario, with headquarters at the Normal school building. Here he remained for nine years and was then transferred to the School of Practical Science, where he has since been located.

In 1862 Mr. Graham married Jane Mitchell, daughter of Thomas Mitchell, and they have these children: Isabella; Alice, deceased wife of George Troup, had one son, Irving; Eva Jane, the wife of Duncan Bain, has two daughters, Edith and Agnes Hamilton; William J. S., cashier of the Booth Fish & Oyster Company, Chicago, married Marion Gene Cran, and has one son, William Hilton; and Misses Agnes and Edith are at home.

Mr. and Mrs. Graham are members of Knox Presbyterian Church. In politics he is a Reformer. He is past master of Rehoboam Lodge, No. 65, A.F. & A.M., of Toronto; he was made a Mason in Ashlar Lodge in 1872, and he is also a Royal Arch, Knight Templar and a Shriner. He is a past master of Capital Lodge No. 50, A. O. U. W., of which he has been a member for a great number of years. Mr. Graham was a member of Toronto's old volunteer fire brigade in the early 50's, and was attached to the hose section. He was also a charter member of the old 10th Royals, and served on police duty during the Fenian Raid in 1866.

GEORGE FOREMAN, a former resident of Toronto, and a well-known business man of Collingwood, died in the latter city in 1877. He was born in England in 1845, son of John and Mary Foreman, who came to Canada when our subject was but a lad. On leaving the old country they settled first in New York State, along the Hudson river, whence they removed to Collingwood, and there both Mr. and Mrs. John Foreman died.

George Foreman spent some time in Toronto when a young man, engaged in the printing business. He subsequently went to Collingwood, and there engaged in the bakery and general grocery business, continuing therein until his death. Mr. Foreman married Miss Agnes Henderson, born in Glasgow, Scotland, daughter of the Rev. Luke G. Henderson. The Henderson family came to Canada about 1870, and after residing in Toronto for a time, removed to Collingwood, Mr. Henderson being pastor at Gravenhurst for a time. He died in Toronto in 1890, while his widow survived him until 1904. They had four children: Mrs. Foreman; Mrs. George Shepherd, of Toronto; Mrs. W. A. Dunnean, of the "Soo"; and James B., of Toronto.

To Mr. and Mrs. George Foreman was born one son, George, of Toronto. In his religious belief Mr. Foreman was a Presbyterian, and in political principle a Conservative. He was a Mason. In 1888 Mrs. Foreman settled in Toronto, and there she and her son still reside.

GEORGE EDWIN PURVIS, one of the leading men of Toronto, where for twenty-eight years he was a bookkeeper for two well-known firms, died at his late residence, No. 316 Wellesley street, Oct. 4, 1903. He was born at Brighton, Ont., in 1855, son of Joseph and Elizabeth (Piester) Purvis, natives of Ireland, the former of whom died in 1890, his widow surviving him. Joseph Purvis was for a number of years in the shoe business on Yonge street, Toronto. He and his wife were members of the Metropolitan Methodist Church. Their family consisted of two sons: George Edwin, and William.

George Edwin Purvis was educated at the Upper Canada College, and took his commercial course in this city. From college he went to Brown Bros., where for twenty-six years he was bookkeeper, afterward being with the Canada Biscuit Company, for two years, filling the latter position at the time of his death.

Mr. Purvis married Miss Elizabeth Trevail, born in Toronto, daughter of John and Catherine (Pieree) Trevail, the former a native of England, and the latter of Ireland. They came to Canada when young people, and here were married. For many years they were residents

of Toronto, where Mr. Trevail followed building, and died. She still resides in the city.

After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Purvis settled in Toronto, where she still resides. They had three children: Ella Edith, George Edwin, and Marion Edwina. Mr. Purvis was a member of the Sherbourne Street Methodist Church. In politics his sympathies were with the Conservative party. He was a member of the Royal Arcanum.

HENRY CARSON, for many years a well-known railway conductor on the Canadian Pacific Railway, died at his home in Toronto Junction in 1897. He was born in the United States in 1849, and about 1869 he settled in St. Thomas, Ont., and there became connected with the Michigan Central Railroad. In 1885 he removed to Toronto Junction, which was his home until the time of his death.

Mr. Carson was united in marriage with Miss Margaret E. Morgan, who was born in the County of Wellington, Ont., daughter of Francis and Anne (Gray) Morgan, natives of Belfast, Ireland. Francis Morgan, who was the first of his family to come to Canada, had a brother, Thomas, who came here later. Francis Morgan was born in 1823, and his death occurred in 1890, at his home in the County of Wellington, where he had been a well-known farmer for many years. His wife died in the same county in 1860, aged thirty-one years. Their children were: Thomas, George; Mrs. Ferguson, of British Columbia; Mrs. B——: Mrs. Smiley; John; Frank; and Mrs. Carson.

To Henry and Margaret E. (Morgan) Carson were born three sons: Eddie and George, both in the employ of the Canadian Pacific Railroad; and Frank, a student. Mr. Carson was a member of the English Church, to which Mrs. Carson and her sons also belong. In politics he was a Conservative.

MURDOCK McLEOD LLOYD was for many years one of the highly respected residents of King township, County York, where he died in 1865. He was born there in 1825, a son of William and Susan (McLeod) Lloyd. The father of Mr. Lloyd was born in Pennsylvania, where he married, and he and his wife were pioneers in King township, where they cleared up a farm, as well as another in Gwillimbury township, where they died. They were members of the Society of Friends. The brothers and sisters of William Lloyd were: David, Thomas, Charles, Jesse, Nancy and Mary. His children were: Murdock M., Ellis (of Toronto), Seth, Daniel, Cordelia, Elizabeth and Mary.

Murdock M. Lloyd was reared in King town-

ship and grew up a practical farmer. He owned a good farm in Concession 4, which he continued to improve until his death, and he also bought the old homestead farm of his father. In politics he was identified with the Reform party. In religious belief he was a Wesleyan Methodist.

In 1850 Mr. Lloyd was united in marriage with Charlotte Storey, who was born in England, daughter of Peter and Charlotte (Keyworth) Storey, natives of England who came to King township, County York, in 1834, buying an unimproved farm which they developed into a fine property, upon which they spent the rest of their lives. Their children were: Eliza, John, Mrs. Lloyd, Mrs. Duncan, Mrs. Walton, Mrs. Watterhouse, Mrs. Webb, and another daughter that married. Children as follows were born to Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd: Daniel, who married in the United States; Louise Ada; William Joseph Webb; and Simeon H., a resident of the State of Michigan.

WILLIAM THOMAS HACKETT, D.D.S., of Toronto Junction, is a native of Canada and a member of a family long identified with this country. The family originated in Scotland, whence, many years ago, members removed to the North of Ireland, where Thomas Hackett, father of the Doctor, was born in 1823, son of Thomas, also a native of the same country.

For some time the Hacketts had been shoe manufacturers in Ireland, and Thomas Hackett, the father of Dr. William T., now follows that business at Hockley, Ont., where he settled about 1845, having emigrated from County Tyrone, Ireland. Since settling at Hockley, Thomas Hackett has followed the same business, and is one of the oldest business men of that place. He married Margaret Anderson, born in Ireland, and to this union there were born twelve children, five of whom survive, namely: John, a hop grower of the State of Oregon; Robert J., of Hockley; Dr. W. T.; and Misses Lizzie J. and Annie.

Dr. William T. Hackett was born at Hockley in 1876, and his literary education was secured in the Collegiate Institute at Orangeville and Owen Sound. He entered the Royal College of Dental Surgery of Ontario, at Toronto, and in 1899 received the degree of L.D.S. from the University of Toronto. Soon after graduation he settled in the practice of his profession at Bolton, but in 1903 removed to Toronto Junction, where he has since continued. Dr. Hackett's office is well equipped with all the modern appliances of his profession, and his work is of the highest quality.

Dr. Hackett was married to Miss Evelyn Car-

ruth, and they are attendants of the Methodist Church. Politically he is a Conservative, and is president of the Junction Conservative Association. Not only is the Doctor prominent in the ranks of his profession, but in fraternal circles as well. He is past master of the True Blue Lodge, A.F. & A.M., of Bolton, a member of the Chapter, Preceptory and Shrine; of the L.O.L. No. 900, the C.O.F., and the I.O.O.F. Dr. Hackett was elected a member of the school board of the Junction, and has since been a member of that body.

W. R. WALTERS, M.B. The town of East Toronto has many citizens whose public spirit and real devotion to the welfare of the community have been abundantly demonstrated, but probably none of them is more firmly established in the confidence and warm personal esteem of his fellow-townsmen than Dr. W. R. Walters, who has never spared himself on their behalf professionally, nor failed as an officer of the municipality to give his best efforts for its advancement.

The Walters family was established in Ontario by the Doctor's father, George Walters, who was born in England, and came from Devonshire, England, in 1858, settling in Pickering. George Walters when a young man established himself in Pickering as a carriage builder. He married Miss Jane Rundle, also a native of Devonshire, and they became the parents of two children, Dr. W. R. and Mary; the latter married C. Perkins, of Toronto. In 1900 Mr. Walters retired, removing to East Toronto, where he has since lived with his son. His wife died in East Toronto in December, 1904.

Dr. Walters was born in Pickering, County Ontario, Aug. 6, 1862. He attended the public schools there until he was ready to enter college, and then matriculated at Whitby College, Toronto, in the class of 1883. After his graduation he entered upon his professional preparation at the Toronto Medical University, and received his degree of M.B. in 1887. He at once selected East Toronto as his place of residence, and secured an appointment as surgeon for the Grand Trunk Railway Company at that point. In the twenty years of his residence there he has built up a large and lucrative practice. His generous nature and faithfulness to those relying upon him has won the personal affection of his patients, while his thorough knowledge of his profession and his skill in its application command their absolute confidence.

With all his professional work Dr. Walters has found time to do much for the town of East Toronto and as a good Tory has been very active in local affairs. Prior to its incorporation as

a town he served as reeve of the village for four years and as mayor of the town for two years, and he was also for three years a member of the council. No better evidence than this long record of public service can be given, showing the complete confidence his fellow-citizens have placed upon his perfect honesty and devotion to the town's best interests.

On Dec. 28, 1887, Dr. Walters married Miss Jennie Woodland, who was born in Toronto, and belonged to one of the old families there. She received a college education in Toronto. Dr. and Mrs. Walters have had a family of five children, namely: Nellie, George (who died in childhood), Florence, Mary and Ross. Dr. Walters purchased property in East Toronto in 1890, building the modern brick house which has been the family home ever since. The Doctor and his wife are members of the Methodist Church, in which he is a trustee, being a leader in all church work.

Dr. Walters participates in the work of the fraternal orders. As a Mason and Odd Fellow he has filled the chairs of the town lodges of both orders. Here as in other fields he has been very popular, for all feel the force of his perfect sincerity, his devotion to principle and his broad charity, which unite to make a character of unusual strength.

JOHN RICHARDSON. In the choice of John Richardson as its mayor the town of East Toronto displayed true discretion and thus gave substantial recognition of the value of the past public service of this efficient and faithful official, who has given generously of his time and energies to promote so far as possible the progress of the town. He is a native of York County, born in Scarborough township Feb. 13, 1848, son of George and Helen (Armstrong) Richardson.

George Richardson was born at Newcastle-upon-Tyne, England, while his wife was born in Edinburgh, Scotland. They were married at Ancaster, Ont. Mr. Richardson, who was a miller by trade, followed that occupation at Kingston, and later in other places in Canada, till finally in 1835 he bought a farm in Scarborough and settled there permanently. Both he and his wife died there, in 1872, Mrs. Richardson passing away first. They were strong Methodists and helped to found the church in that region. They had eleven children, as follows: Elsie, wife of John Elliott, both of whom have died, leaving children; George, a retired business man, of Grey County, who has a family; Jane, deceased wife of James Magimm, and mother of five children; Margaret, who married D. W. Fitz-

patrick, of York township, to whom she has borne two children; Fannie, who married Charles Brooks, and died leaving two daughters, who are in County Perth; Eliza, who married Archie A. Thomson, a farmer of Scarborough township, and has three children; Sarah, who married James Brooks, a custom house officer in Toronto, and who has two daughters; Robert, a farmer of Scarborough township, who has a family of four children; Adam, who lives on the old homestead, and who has four children; John; and Charles, who went West early and is now a contractor and builder at Colorado Springs.

John Richardson was educated in Scarborough and in his youth worked on the home farm. When sixteen he began to learn carpentering, and in a few years started in for himself, contracting and building, in which line he is still engaged. Dependent entirely on his own resources, he has been very successful, and the thorough character of his work has won him a splendid reputation both for skill in his calling and for integrity in all his transactions. Besides attending to his private enterprises, Mr. Richardson has found considerable time to devote to municipal interests, and as a strong Grit has been elected to various offices, in all of which he has proved himself both efficient and honest. He was a member of the council for several years, was reeve for three years, and served three years as mayor of East Toronto. He has also been interested in education and a member of the board several years.

On Jan. 9, 1873, John Richardson married Isabella Earl, only daughter of Francis Earl. Mrs. Richardson was born in Toronto, Jan. 9, 1849, and her father dying when she was a child, she was brought up by her grandfather, Dr. Baker, and received a college education. The Earl family was of Irish origin and among the pioneers of Toronto. Since 1886 Mr. Richardson and his wife have resided in East Toronto, where he bought land on Danforth avenue, and built the substantial brick house which has ever since been their home. Three children have been born to them, but none have lived. The first died in infancy. Edith F. died at the age of six months, and Emily G., when four years and seven months old. Mr. and Mrs. Richardson are prominent members of the Methodist Church. He has also been active in lodge work, being a charter member of the Acacia Lodge, A.F. & A.M., in which he has filled all the chairs, and is now treasurer; he is also a charter member of the local I.O.F. lodge. A man of influence and the highest reputation, he stands as a splendid type of citizen.

THEODORE HASLOP TEBBS, whose earthly life was drawn to a close Aug. 10, 1888, in England, was a native of that country, born in 1848 at Southwood Hall, Highgate, Middlesex. He was the son of the late Henry Virtue Tebbs, an English lawyer, who was also a writer of verse of some note.

Theodore H. Tebbs was educated in England, and there prepared himself for the career of a civil engineer, a profession which he followed for some time in England. About 1874 he came to Canada and thereafter no longer engaged actively in engineering work, but settled in Aurelia on a beautiful estate, where he built a house named after the English "Southwood Hall." He was fond of yachting and owned a fine vessel called the "Carlew." Another interest which absorbed much of his attention was Masonry, for which fraternity he did much, and in which he had attained the thirty-third degree, making him a prominent figure in its ranks. He was a member of the Church of England, and a Conservative in his political views.

Mr. Tebbs was united in marriage with Miss Alice Holland, daughter of the late Henry B. Holland, a prominent pioneer, and granddaughter of Captain Holland, of the 48th Irish Dragoons. Henry B. Holland settled in Toronto at an early day, and for many years was there engaged in the hardware business, although he had retired some time before his death, which occurred in Aurelia. He and his wife were members of the Church of England, and he was a Conservative in politics. Since her husband's death Mrs. Tebbs has resided in Toronto.

REV. SAMUEL CARRUTHERS, who passed away at his late residence, No. 665 Dovercourt road, Toronto, June 22, 1904, was a well-known pastor of the Presbyterian Church of Ontario. He was born in Dumfriesshire, Scotland, in 1850, son of Daniel Carruthers. Being the eldest son of the family, he was desired by his parents to become a minister, and to that end they gave him the best educational advantages possible. At the age of ten years he was well versed in Greek and Latin, but was unable to continue his studies on account of failing eyesight. He therefore learned the carpenter's trade, and, after serving his apprenticeship, worked at that occupation for several years in Manchester, England. In 1873 Mr. Carruthers came to Toronto, where he continued at his trade until 1876, and then entered the University of Toronto, where he pursued his studies for three years. After leaving that institution he entered Knox College, where he took his theological course, and was ordained a minister of the

Presbyterian Church. Mr. Carruthers remained in his first pastorate eight and one-half years, after which he was located in New York State, and then he returned to Canada. In 1893 he settled in Toronto as pastor of the Dovercourt Presbyterian Church, and there he continued until his death.

Mr. Carruthers married Miss Jane Freeman, born in Manchester, England, in 1850, and came to Toronto in 1873, where she died March 19, 1904. Mr. and Mrs. Carruthers had these children: Jessie, Hanna F. (now Mrs. Allen), Helen and Theodore. Mr. Carruthers was a Reformer.

ALFRED PARKER. The late Alfred Parker was known to the entire woolen trade of the Dominion of Canada, while he also had a large acquaintance throughout general business circles in this country. Mr. Parker, who passed away at his late residence, No. 14 Clarence Square, Toronto, July 28, 1898, was born in Yorkshire, England, in 1839, son of Joseph and Jane (Blakely) Parker, natives of the shire above mentioned, in which place both passed away.

On reaching his majority Alfred Parker engaged in the woolen business in England, and in 1882 came to Canada, returning in a few months to England, however, to get his family. He settled permanently in Canada in 1883, and first located at Guelph, where he was manager of the McRae Woolen Mill, of that place. From Guelph Mr. Parker went to Lambton Mills, and for one year and a half was manager for George Smith. Mr. Parker then settled in Toronto, which city was afterward his home, and bought property in Halton, where he revived a business that had formerly proved unsuccessful. Under the direction of Mr. Parker the business became a successful manufacturing industry in the woolen line. After carrying on the business for about six years, Mr. Parker transferred the entire plant to New Toronto, where he resumed business under the name of the New Toronto Woolen Stock Company, and continued at the head of this business until his death. The goods turned out by Mr. Parker were recognized by dealers throughout Canada as a staple product, and were what their manufacturer recommended them to be. Through his straightforward business dealings, Mr. Parker became one of the highly esteemed manufacturers of the Dominion, as well as one of the best known business men.

In England, Mr. Parker was united in marriage with Miss Emma Sheard, daughter of Joseph Sheard, one of the largest woolen manufacturers in Yorkshire, the firm of which he is head, being known as Michael Sheard & Son. To Alf-

red Parker and his wife were born: Sarah J., deceased; Alfred Sheard, who married Clara Frier, and has children, Sarah Margaret, Minnie and Charles Sheard; Walter Herbert, who married Nellie Dunn, and has one son, Herbert Gordon; Annie; George, of Toronto, who married Mabel Barnhardt, and has two daughters, Mabel Olive and Dorothy; Charles James, of Toronto; Joseph Henry, who married Helen May Mogrige; and Oscar Gilbert, of the Soo. Mr. Parker was a Methodist. He voted the Conservative ticket. In his fraternal affiliations he was connected with Zetland Lodge, No. 326, G. R.C., and a member of the Sons of England.

J. E. BERKELEY SMITH. The late J. E. Berkeley Smith, for many years bursar of the University of Toronto, was one of the highly esteemed citizens of the Queen City, where he lived for more than half a century. Mr. Smith was born in London, England, in 1832, and died in Toronto, Dec. 6, 1904. He was a son of Dr. John Smith, a leading medical man of the world's metropolis.

J. E. Berkeley Smith was educated in London and at Oxford. In 1854 he came to Canada, locating in Toronto, and soon thereafter became clerk of the Upper Canada College, which position he held for many years. He was later made bursar of the University of Toronto, a position he held at the time of his death. In England Mr. Smith and Miss Hanna Blackwell, daughter of Edward Blackwell, were united in marriage. Mrs. Smith survived her husband until March 13, 1906, and resided at No. 46 Cecil street, Toronto, with her daughter, Mrs. Nellis. She was born in Kent, England. To Mr. and Mrs. Smith were born these children: Dr. Ernest Arthur, of Spokane, Washington, was educated at the University of Toronto, and took his degree of medicine at Trinity Medical College; he has four children, Arthur, Ernest, Berkeley and Mabel. Margaret Anna, the wife of Malcolm Stalker, of County Bruce, is the mother of Helen, Douglas, Berkeley, Marguerite, Malcolm and Archibald. Helen Sarah, widow of Dr. David Nellis, of Thornhill, has two children, Daisy (now the wife of Wilfred Ball, of Thornhill), and Edward (in the Standard Bank of Toronto). Mr. Smith was a member of the Church of England, to which Mrs. Smith also belonged.

CAPT. ROBERT MAULE, who passed away in Toronto in 1894, was born in France in 1830, son of Lieut.-Col. John and Fanny (Jarvis) Maule. After completing his education, in 1849 he obtained his commission as captain in the 82d Regiment, serving through the Crimean war and

Indian mutiny. After his return from India, the Captain joined the 11th Regiment, Second Battalion, under Colonel Jenner, with which regiment he was at the Cape of Good Hope some time, after which he returned to England, sold his commission, and was for a short time adjutant of the 29th North Middlesex Company.

In 1871 Capt. Maule came to Canada, locating at Windsor, where he remained a short time and then went to Jarvis, whence he came to Toronto, and for some time was in the office of the late Reeve F. W. Jarvis, his first cousin.

Capt. Maule was married at Jersey, in 1863, to Miss Henrietta Louisa Luke, born in Dorsetshire, England, daughter of the late Rev. Francis Vyvyan and Agnes (Ramsden) Luke, the former of whom was the son of Dr. Stephen Luke, physician to George IV. To Capt. and Mrs. Maule were born children as follows: Edith, who married Charles F. Holcroft, of Orillia, and has one daughter, Marjorie Edith; Lillian Beatrice, at home; Percy Sidney, a broker of Toronto, who married Annie Bain, daughter of the late John Bain, and has one son, Percy Fox; and Francis Jarvis Fox, deceased. Capt. Maule was a member of the Church of England, to which his widow, who resides at No. 36 Avenue road, Toronto, also belongs. In politics he was a Conservative.

WILLIAM CANTHIS, who departed this life at his late residence, No. 93 Markham street, Toronto, in February, 1904, was born in Ireland in 1829, and was well known in military circles in Ontario.

Mr. Canthis grew to manhood and received his education in his native country, and when a young man joined the 62nd Regiment, and, going to India, remained there for some time, receiving a medal for his services. He returned to England, but later served his country in the Crimean war. He came with his regiment to Halifax, and continued with it until it returned to England, when he joined the Canadian Rifles, and with that regiment served the remainder of the time for which he had enlisted. In 1869 Mr. Canthis settled in Toronto, where for some time he was sergeant-major of the military school until that institution was removed from that city, when he went into the brigade office, in which he continued until poor health compelled him to relinquish active work.

Mr. Canthis married, in Halifax, Miss Ellen Whalen, born in that city, daughter of Edward and Mary (Finley) Whalen, both born in Kilkenny, Ireland. They came to Halifax at an early day, and there Mr. Whalen engaged as a stone cutter until his death. His wife survived him some years and passed away in Toronto,

whither she had removed. They had children: John, deceased; Michael; and Mrs. Canthis. To Mr. and Mrs. Canthis were born children as follows: Nellie; John, William, Frederick and Alexander, all four living in the United States; and Edward, deceased. Mr. Canthis was a member of the Roman Catholic Church, to which faith his widow also adheres. In his political faith he was a Reformer, and always supported the candidates of that party.

IRVING HEWARD CAMERON, M.B., of the University of Toronto, 1874, F.R.C.S., (Hon.), England, 1900, F.R.C.S. Edinburgh, (Hon.), LL.D., Edinburgh, successively Professor of the Principles of Surgery, of Clinical Surgery and of Surgery in the University since 1887, was born in Toronto in 1855, son of the late Hon. Chief Justice Sir Matthew Crooks Cameron.

Matthew Crooks Cameron was born Oct. 2, 1822, at Dundas, Ont., the third, and only Canadian, son of John McAlpin Cameron, who was a descendant of the Camerons of Fassfern, Scotland, and emigrated from Inverness-shire to Upper Canada in 1819 (after a previous visit of inspection), bringing his family with him and settling at Dundas, where he engaged in the mercantile business. John McAlpin Cameron filled the offices of deputy postmaster and deputy clerk of the Crown, and later was student at law with Sir Allan McNab, with whom he remained until he was appointed to the first permanent clerkship of committees in the Parliament of Upper Canada, after which he was employed for many years in the Canada Company's office. Mr. Cameron died in Toronto in November, 1866, aged seventy-nine years.

The education of Matthew Crooks Cameron was obtained at Hamilton and the Upper Canada College, which he entered in 1838, but in consequence of an accident when out shooting, in 1840, by which he lost a leg, he had to retire. In 1842 he entered the office of Messrs. Gamble & Boulton, of Toronto, as student at law, and in 1849 he was called to the Bar of the Province of Upper Canada. He engaged in Toronto in the practice of his profession at first with Mr. Boulton, his former master, this partnership continuing until the firm of Cayley & Cameron was formed. In 1859 Dr. McMichael entered the firm, and the name became Cayley, Cameron & McMichael. Later Mr. Cayley retired and Mr. E. Fitzgerald became a partner in the business, to which subsequently Alfred Hoskin, K.C., was added, the firm remaining after Mr. Fitzgerald's withdrawal, as Cameron, McMichael & Hoskin until the senior member's elevation to the Bench, in 1878. His appointment was the

recognition of true merit and legal ability. As a lawyer he was eminent in every department of his profession. He was created a Queen's Counsel in 1863, and elected a Bencher of the Law Society of Ontario in 1871. In 1861 he entered the arena of political life, and sat for North Ontario in the Canadian Assembly from the general election of that year until the general election of 1863, when he was defeated. In July, 1864, he was re-elected to that seat, which he continued to hold until Confederation, when he was again unsuccessful. In the general Provincial election of 1867 he was returned to the Ontario Parliament from East Toronto, and re-elected in 1871 and 1875. He was a member of the executive council of Ontario in the Sandfield-Macdonald administration, and with the exception of the last five months of this period, when he was Commissioner of Crown Lands, he held the office of Provincial Secretary and Registrar. He was the leader of the opposition from the general election in December, 1871, until appointed to the Judgeship on the Queen's Bench, in November, 1878, which position he held until appointed Chief Justice of the Common Pleas in 1884. While in politics Judge Cameron was a formidable opponent of the Reform party, and aided in forming the Liberal-Conservative Association of Toronto, became its first president, and held that office until his election to the Bench. He was also vice-president of the Liberal-Conservative Convention which was assembled in Toronto Sept. 23, 1874. He was one of the promoters and a director of the Dominion Telegraph Company, and also of the Confederation Life and the Isolated Risk and Insurance Companies, all of which proved successful enterprises, and have become permanent institutions. In religious views Chief Justice Cameron adhered to the Church of England. On Dec. 1, 1851, he was married, in Toronto, to Miss Charlotte Ross, daughter of William Wedd, and she died in January, 1868, leaving three sons and three daughters, who are all still living.

Mr. Irving H. Cameron received his preliminary education at Upper Canada College, Toronto, after which he read law for three years. He then took up the study of medicine, receiving his degrees as before mentioned, and since 1874 has been in active practice in his native city. Mr. Cameron is surgeon to the Toronto Hospital and St. Michael's Hospital, the Hospital for Sick Children and St. John's Hospital for Women. He is a past president of the Canadian Medical Association; a member of the Ontario Medical Association; the Toronto Medical, Clinical and Pathological Societies; the British Association for the Advancement of Science; and the British American

Medico Association. He is a fellow in the International Society of Surgeons, with headquarters at Brussels; a member of the American Academy of Political and Social Science, and chairman of the educational board of the *University Monthly*.

In 1876 Mr. Cameron was married to Miss Elizabeth Amelia Maria Wright, daughter of Dr. H. H. Wright, who for twenty years was a medical practitioner of the township of Markham, County York, and for forty years practised his profession in the city of Toronto, where he died in 1898. Mrs. Cameron was born in Markham township, and her death occurred in 1902 in Toronto. To Mr. and Mrs. Cameron were born two children: Matthew Crooks, a barrister of Toronto; and Evelyn Charlotte Ross, now Mrs. Stewart Temple Blackwood. Mrs. Cameron was a member of the Church of England. Mr. Cameron is a Conservative in politics.

JAMES LAMOND-SMITH, whose death occurred in Toronto Jan. 13, 1883, was one of the most highly esteemed citizens of the Queen City. He was born May 14, 1822, at Glen Millen, Lumphanan, Aberdeenshire, Scotland, and there received his classical training in Marshall College, Aberdeen, coming direct from college to Canada about 1840. He settled at Fergus, where a large tract of land had been located for him prior to his coming, his home at that place being known as "Glen Irvine." After residing there for some time, Mr. Lamond-Smith came to Toronto, taking charge, about 1861, of the property of the Bank of Upper Canada, and continued in that capacity for some time. He then, with Mr. Benjamin Morton, purchased property at East Toronto, where he erected a summer home, "Ben Lomond," and there he spent the summer months, from May 24th to October, his winters being spent in the city. Mr. Lamond-Smith gave his attention to "Ben Lomond" during the latter part of his active life.

In 1844 Mr. Lamond-Smith and Miss Isabella Barker were united in marriage. She was born in Northampton, England, daughter of George and Mary (Bailey) Barker, both of whom passed away in England. Mrs. Lamond-Smith came to Canada in 1842 with two sisters, and a brother, William Barker, who was killed in 1864 in the rebellion in the United States. To Mr. and Mrs. Lamond-Smith were born three children, who grew to maturity: Elizabeth, who married T. E. P. Trew, of Toronto, both of whom are deceased; Mary Isabella, deceased, who was the first wife of Mr. E. B. Osler, of Craighleigh; and Miss Louise Farquharson, who also resides in Toronto.

Mr. Lamond-Smith was a consistent member

of the English Church. In his political affiliations he was connected with the Conservative party, and was a friend of Sir John Macdonald. Fraternally he was a Mason, and a member of St. Andrew's Society. Mr. Lamond-Smith was of a genial and hopeful disposition, and was very generous, especially to the poor.

DR. JAMES ALEXANDER SINCLAIR, who died at Colborne, Ont., Dec. 22, 1883, was one of the self-made men and leading physicians and surgeons of Ontario. Dr. Sinclair was born at Colborne, in 1853, son of John and Jane (Jordan) Sinclair, the former a native of Edinburgh, Scotland, and the first of the family to locate in Canada. He settled in Colborne, and followed the tailoring business for a number of years, and there his wife, who was a native of Ireland, died. His death occurred at Beamsville. Of the children of John and Jane Sinclair the only survivor is Hugh, of Beamsville.

Dr. James A. Sinclair received his literary training in the public and high schools of Colborne, and his medical education was obtained at Trinity Medical College, Toronto, from which latter institution he was graduated a Doctor in Medicine in 1877. He at once settled in Hastings, where he rapidly built up a large and lucrative practice, in connection with which he also carried on a drug store. From the beginning of his practice until his death, five years later, Dr. Sinclair's work was very arduous, his large country practice claiming his attention both day and night, being too much for his physical condition, and it so wore upon him that he was called away, when but thirty years old.

In 1878 Dr. Sinclair married Miss Emma Kilborn, born in Ontario, daughter of Cyrus and Maria Kilborn, natives of Canada. Cyrus Kilborn was born in Beamsville, County Lincoln, Ont., in 1822, son of John Kilborn, a native of Vermont, and the founder of the family in Canada. On reaching Canada John Kilborn had but twenty-three cents in cash, but he took up a farm, which he operated, also engaging in the manufacture of cheese, in which he was very successful, in due time paying for his farm and retiring with a competency. Both he and his wife died in Beamsville, and are buried at the Baptist cemetery of that place. Their children, of whom Mrs. Sinclair's father is the only one living, were twelve in number, and among them were: Harry, Herman, William, Cyrus, Adolphus, Amanda, Jane, Arthur and Maria. Mrs. Sinclair's mother died in 1898, aged seventy years.

Doctor Sinclair left no children. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church, and was a Reformer in politics.

BENJAMIN BAYLY, B.A., deceased. In few lines of work has a man the chance for such widespread influence over the lives of others as in the profession of a teacher, and when that career has extended over a period of more than forty years its opportunities, with their countless radiations, are practically boundless. In the educational circles of Ontario no one was better known or more highly valued than the late Benjamin Bayly, B.A., who for forty-one years had been connected with the schools of London.

Mr. Bayly was born in 1818 in Dublin, Ireland, and in that city received his classical training, being a graduate of Trinity College, with the degree of B.A. He selected the law for his vocation originally and did a considerable amount of the necessary reading, but before being called to the Bar, he left Ireland in company with Archdeacon Brough and Bishop Cronyn, and came to Canada. Entering a law office in Toronto, he resumed his legal studies, but before long had his attention called to the educational field, and he entered upon the work which proved to be his lifelong occupation. He began as a teacher in the Manitoulin Islands, whence he went to London, Ont., as principal of the grammar schools at first, and later of the high school. There he remained for the rest of his life, devoting the best part of his energies to the development of the schools, and meeting with a success which was well deserved, while his singleness of purpose and unselfish labors won him a high place among the country's educators. Mr. Bayly was also deeply interested in the work of the Church of England, of which he was a member, and was ordained as assistant to Bishop Cronyn, but did not give up his teaching for it. He was connected in London with St. Paul's Church, and for twenty-one years served faithfully as superintendent of the Sunday-school. In politics he was a Conservative. Mr. Bayly rounded out the appointed term of life, passing away in 1880, while still in the full enjoyment of his energies, although he had reached the age of seventy-two.

JAMES FRANKLIN ADAMS, L.D.S., D.D.S., of No. 325 College street, Toronto, is numbered among the well established dental practitioners of the city. Dr. Adams is a son of Dr. John G. Adams, the oldest dentist of Toronto, in whose sketch, found elsewhere in this volume, may be found the early records of the Adams family.

Dr. James F. Adams was born at Drayton, Ont., Sept. 23, 1864, and received his literary training in Toronto. He took up his dental studies with his father, and this he supplement-

ed by a course at the Royal College of Dental Surgery, Toronto, from which institution he was graduated in 1885, with the degree of L.D.S. He received the degree of D.D.S. from the Pennsylvania Dental College at Philadelphia. Immediately after graduation Dr. Adams settled in the practice of his profession in Toronto, where he has since been located. He has been twice married, his first wife being Edith Young, daughter of the late John Young, at one time a well-known business man of Toronto. Mrs. Adams died in 1891, leaving one daughter, Edith Frances. Dr. Adams was married (second) to Ada E. R. Hoggan, and to this union have been born six children: Amy Dora; John D., deceased; J. Franklin; Douglass F.; Mary Lois; and ———.

In politics Dr. Adams is a Reformer. He and Mrs. Adams are members of the Central Methodist Church, and are very popular in social circles in the vicinity of their home.

MISS SARAH J. KERR, who resides at No. 297 Huron street, has lived in that house since 1894, and has been a resident of Toronto since 1854. Miss Kerr was born in County Cavan, Ireland, daughter of Capt. Peter and Catherine (Armstrong) Kerr, natives of the Emerald Isle.

Capt. Peter Kerr served under Wellington in the Peninsular wars, and also under Sir John Moore. A picture of the memorable event of Wellington and Blucher meeting after Waterloo, Miss Kerr has hung in her home. The parents of our subject died in Ireland in 1852. During the following year Miss Kerr, with her brother, James Armstrong Kerr, and sister, Miss Catherine Kerr, settled in the United States, and in 1854 came to Toronto, where James A. Kerr engaged in the lumber business. In this he continued until his death. He married Catherine Christie and had three children: Peter, Sarah and Catherine. James Armstrong Kerr died in Toronto in 1871. Miss Catherine Kerr married William Hogg, in the service of the Grand Trunk Railway at Montreal, and died leaving no family.

Miss Sarah J. Kerr has been a member of the Methodist Church ever since settling in Toronto. She is well known throughout Ontario, and is held in high esteem. During her long life she has been permitted to see the wonderful changes which have come to this section since her first advent here, and she takes a great interest in them.

JOHN W. LAINSON, a well-known business man of Canada, who is senior member of the brick manufacturing firm of J. W. Lainson &



J. W. Lainson

Sons, of Carlton West, County York, is the founder of the Lainson family in Canada, and the only one of the family in this line of business to settle in the Dominion. Mr. Lainson was born Nov. 28, 1851, in Middlesex, England, son of John and Amelia Elizabeth (Haynes) Lainson, and grandson of George Lainson, of Hampshire, England. George Lainson followed agricultural pursuits in his native country throughout his life.

John Lainson was also a farmer. He died in England in 1863. His widow, coming to Canada, married (second) Alfred Goodge, and died in this country in 1896, aged sixty-five years. To John Lainson and his wife were born two children: John W., who is mentioned below; and William, who settled in Michigan City, Indiana, where he still resides. By her marriage to Mr. Goodge Mrs. Lainson became the mother of children as follows: Elizabeth, deceased, who married William Sloane; Mary, who married William Sloane after her sister's death; and Albert, who is in the Rocky Mountains.

John W. Lainson grew to manhood in his native country, there receiving his education. In 1872 he came to Canada, settling in Toronto, where he engaged in work for William Plant, a brick manufacturer. After continuing with this gentleman for some time, he engaged in the manufacture of trunks, but in 1904 he again turned his attention to the making of bricks, leasing five acres of brick clay on St. Clair avenue, Toronto Junction. Here Mr. Lainson and his sons, under the firm name of J. W. Lainson & Sons, carry on a business the product of which is 2,000,000 brick annually, and they also own a plant on Weston road, with a like capacity and acreage, employing in both plants an average of thirty men. The members of the firm are Mr. Lainson and his sons, Arthur William, Anmer John, Leonard Brittain and James Henry.

On June 30, 1871, John W. Lainson was married to Miss Sarah Ann Rattledge, born in Uxbridge, England, daughter of Richard and Ann (Blackwall) Rattledge, of Uxbridge, England, who came to Canada in 1872, and located in Toronto. There Mr. Rattledge remained and was engaged in the making of brick until he retired. To the union of Mr. Lainson and his wife there have been born the following children: Annie Maude; Alice Amelia, the wife of David Curtis, who has children, Alice, Rose, Lillie, Annie, James and John William Lainson; Arthur William, who married Florence Rumble; Anmer John, who married Hannah Peterman, and has three children, Hildred, Harold and Clarissa; Leonard Brittain, who married Eva Peterman, half sister of Mrs. Anmer J. Lainson, and has two children, Evelyn and

Theodore; James Henry, who married Alice Brown, and has one son, Clifford; Beatrice, who married Albert Bushell; Amelia, who married Donald McKenzie; Etta; John William; Alfred Edward; Frederick Charles; Albert D., who died at the age of twelve years; and Richard E., who died in infancy. Mr. Lainson and his family are connected with the Methodist Church, in which he is an active worker, holding the offices of trustee, choir master, president of the Epworth League and class leader. His politics are those of the Conservative party. Prior to engaging in the brick business Mr. Lainson was president of the Trunk Makers' Union, and represented that order in New York City in 1903.

REV. ANDREW MILNE, M.A., who passed away at Beamsville, Ont., April 8, 1875, was born in Cobourg, in 1844, son of Andrew and Margaret Milne, natives of Scotland, who settled in Cobourg. There Mr. Milne engaged in business for many years, and after his death his widow removed to Toronto, where her death occurred.

Rev. Andrew Milne was educated at Victoria College, Cobourg, from which he was graduated with the degree of M.A. He then entered Knox College, Toronto, and took his theological course, graduating in 1866, when he at once entered the ministry of the Presbyterian Church, his first pastorate being at Beamsville, where he remained for two years. He then became pastor of the Waterdown and Wellington Square Churches, with his residence at Burlington, remaining there for two years, when, on account of failing health, he was compelled to relinquish work for a time, subsequently accepting the pastorate of the Hammond (New York State) Presbyterian Church, where he remained about one year. His health by this time was so impaired that he was obliged to retire from the ministry, and this he did, returning to Beamsville, where he made his home until his death.

The Rev. Mr. Milne married Miss Lena Paton, who was born in Edinburgh, Scotland, daughter of James and Mary (Sibbald) Paton, the former a native of Capetown and the latter of Hawthornden, near Edinburgh. About 1859 Mr. and Mrs. Paton came to Canada and located in Beamsville, where he lived retired until his death in 1902.

To the Rev. and Mrs. Milne were born these children: James Andrew, general manager for the Allis-Chalmers-Bullock Company, of Montreal, married Helen Rosie, and has two children, Cecil Paton and Dorothy H.; Miss Margaret, A. T.C.M., is a teacher in the Toronto Conservatory

of Music, whence she was graduated, theory course 1893, teachers' course, 1894; and John, with the John Macdonald Wholesale Company, of Toronto, married Minnie McFarland, and has two children, John Murray and Aileen.

JAMES BURNS, former member of the Board of Public Works and also of the Board of Education of Toronto, died in that city in 1899. He was born in County Fermanagh, Ireland, in 1851, son of James and Sarah (Paths) Burns, both of whom passed their entire lives in Ireland.

Mr. Burns received his education in his native land, and in 1869 left home to try his fortune in the New World. After a short time in California he came to Toronto, where he soon became a member of the Board of Public Works of the city. He filled this responsible position with great efficiency for five or six years, and then returned to Ireland, remaining there for three years. He there married Miss Sarah Cowan, a native of that country and daughter of John and Eliza (Little) Cowan, both of whom went to the United States.

Immediately after their marriage, in 1880, Mr. and Mrs. Burns came to Toronto, and he again became a member of the Board of Public Works, and also of the Board of Education. In 1882 he entered the coal and wood business in partnership with Mr. McCormick, under the firm name of Burns & McCormick, at King and Bathurst streets, and in this he continued until his death. Mr. Burns built his home at No. 366 Bathurst street, and after his death Mrs. Burns sold this and purchased property at No. 670 Bathurst street, which she sold, with other premises, and removed to Winnipeg in 1906, on account of her eldest daughter's health.

To Mr. and Mrs. Burns were born three daughters and two sons, all born in Toronto, and there educated: Lillie, who died shortly after the removal to Winnipeg, in 1907; Margaret Alice, who was married in 1906 to T. A. Shaw, of Rosebud Creek, Alta., and removed to Vancouver in 1907; Ethel, who was married in 1906 to W. G. Stewart, of Toronto, and removed to Winnipeg; William Johnston, and James Francis Cowan. Mr. Burns was a man who was very popular with all who knew him, and in his death Toronto lost one of her most enterprising and upright citizens. In his religious faith he was a Methodist, and in his political sympathies a Conservative. He was of high standing in the Masonic fraternity, and was also a member of the I.O.O.F., the Orange Order, and the Sons of Ireland.

JOHN ALLISON. The late John Allison was very well known throughout Western Ontario, where for a number of years he was engaged in the hotel business at various places. He was born in Scotland, in 1841, and his death occurred in Toronto in 1903. He was a son of Peter and Catherine (Sinclair) Allison, both natives of Scotland, and the founders of the Allison family in Canada, to which country they made their way in 1845.

On locating in Canada, Mr. Peter Allison settled at Port Dover, where he engaged at contracting and building. Here he and his wife both died. John Allison was educated at Port Dover. After completing his education he served his time to the graining and decorating business, which he followed for a short time in Simcoe. He then learned the photographing business, but did not follow this at that time, and on returning to Port Dover became the proprietor of the "Dominion Hotel" at that place. He continued in that business about four years, and then located in Toronto and carried on the same business here for a time. He left Toronto to go to St. Catharines to become the proprietor of the "Grand Central Hotel," and then went to Windsor, where for several years he ran the "Detroit Exchange," residing a part of this time in Detroit. He then returned to Toronto, went out of the hotel business, and lived practically retired the rest of his life.

Mr. Allison married Miss Lizzie Johnston, who was born in Ireland, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Bell) Johnston, natives of the Emerald Isle. Mrs. Allison is now a resident of Toronto, living at No. 124 Carlton street. She has these children: Louise Josephine, Gladys Evelyn and John D. B. Mr. Allison was a Presbyterian, while his widow is a member of the Church of England. In politics he was a Reformer. He fraternized with the Masons and the United Workmen.

WILLIAM JOHN ELLISON (deceased), who was for a number of years a business man of Toronto, and a well-known apiarist in the United States, was born in the State of South Carolina, in 1839.

Mr. Ellison was a son of William Ellison, a wealthy resident of South Carolina, and the inventor of a cotton-gin much used in that section. The Ellisons were an old family in South Carolina, and were prominent in the cotton producing centers of the South, where William Ellison spent his entire life, dying in 1904, aged eighty-five years.

William John Ellison located in Toronto when a boy, and received his education in Toronto and in Brantford. He began his business life

as manager from Thomas B. Munshaw of Toronto, after which he embarked in the grocery and produce business at the corner of Queen street west and Denison avenue. Here he continued until about 1875, when failing health compelled him to close out his business and return to South Carolina, where he remained until his death. On returning to South Carolina, Mr. Ellison took up bee culture as a diversion. Later he became interested in the subject, and was recognized as an authority. He became a writer for journals, and in this way found a handsome profit, beside the diversion it afforded him during his protracted illness. The leading journals of bee collectors in the United States spoke of Mr. Ellison in the highest terms as an apiarist, and the local papers from all over his State commended him highly as a good business man, and a true Christian gentleman.

Mr. Ellison and Miss Kate Saunders were united in marriage by the Rev. Robert Walker, pastor of West Presbyterian Church. Mrs. Ellison was born in Belfast, Ireland, daughter of William Blair and Kate Hallett (Segmunde) Saunders, the former of whom was born in Perth, Scotland, and the latter in Belfast, Ireland. In 1854 they located in Toronto, where for some time Mr. Saunders was connected with a dry goods establishment. He died in Toronto in 1900, while his widow still survives, living in Montreal. The children were: Mrs. Harbottle; Mrs. Dixon; James S.; John; and Kate, Mrs. Ellison. After marriage Mr. and Mrs. Ellison located in Toronto, a short time before removing to South Carolina. Mr. Ellison was a member of the West Presbyterian Church in Toronto, and a teacher in the Sunday-school. He was a charter member of the Queen City Lodge No. 56, I.O.O.F., in which he attained the highest rank. In politics he was a Reformer. To him and his wife were born: Fred, James Saunders and Robert; and Mary, William and Ernest, all three deceased.

ARTHUR COLEMAN. Among the well-to-do men of Toronto is Arthur Coleman, a retired contractor and real estate owner and dealer, who is living at 49 Alexander street.

The Coleman family is of English extraction, and the family was founded in Canada by William Coleman, a contractor and builder, born in Norfolk, England, in 1792, who came to Canada, settling in Montreal in 1846, whence he removed to Toronto, in 1847. Here he carried on his trade until his death, in 1864. In politics he was a Liberal. He was a member of the Baptist Church, in which he was also an officer. He married Miss Sarah Ann Wright, born in England in 1794, and she died in Toronto, in 1872,

having been the mother of these children: George, a retired baker and confectioner; John, of California, to which place he removed at an early day; Edward, a retired business man of California; William, drowned in the bay in 1899; Charles Benjamin, of the United States Treasury department; Sarah Ann, who died in California; and Arthur.

Arthur Coleman was born in England in 1833. His life work was contracting and building, in which he continued for a great many years, and he is now living retired, many of the fine buildings of Toronto having been built on his contract. In 1862 he joined the 100th Royal Regiment and was a member of that organization for seventeen years, retiring with the rank of major. In 1866 he participated in the Fenian raid and received a medal and government promotion. Mr. Coleman has for some years been a justice of the peace.

In 1871 Arthur Coleman was united in marriage with Sarah Ann Renick, born in Kingston, Ont., and the children born to this union have been: Fanny, who married Fred L. Rateliff; Clara, who married Clarence Booth, of Detroit, and has two children, Margaret and Irene; Alice, at home; and Edward, a business man of Detroit, who married a Miss Howarth, of Toronto. Mr. and Mrs. Coleman are members of the Jarvis Street Baptist Church. In politics he is a Reformer.

ISAAC GREENSIDES, a pioneer of County York, was born in Yorkshire, England, in 1801, and when a young man came to Canada, first settling in Montreal. He married a Miss Foster, of that city, and resided there for a few years, in 1837 locating in Toronto. Here Mr. Greensides was first engaged as a brick manufacturer, but he later rented a farm in York township west, where he spent six or seven years. He then re-engaged in brick manufacturing, starting a yard in Yorkville, where he also built a home, and there he continued in business until 1866. His wife having passed away in 1847, leaving him with six children, Mr. Greensides had married again, but no children were born to the second union. His children by his first wife were: (1) Jane, born in Montreal and educated in Toronto, married William Smith, of that city, where she died leaving one son. (2) John, born in Montreal in 1834, grew to manhood in Toronto, where he married Miss Elesebeth Powell. He followed brickmaking in the Queen City until his death, in 1902. He left a family. (3) Hannah, born in York township, is the wife of John Shepherd, and has a family of four children. (4) Isaac, born in York township, married Miss Mason, and settled in

New Toronto, where he remained until his death, in 1899. He left a family of ten. (5) Mary A. is a resident of Toronto. (6) William completes the family.

William Greensides was born in old Yorkville, now in the city limits of Toronto, Sept. 30, 1838, and received his education in the schools of Yorkville. When twelve years of age, after the death of his mother, he started working on his own account at farming and in the brick yards of his father, where he learned the business. He was still a boy when employed as a foreman in the brick yard of Mrs. Townsley, in Toronto, continuing there for eleven years, after which he started in the brick making business on the Davenport road, where he owned a yard for four years. Then he purchased a brick yard on St. Clair avenue, where he remained seventeen years, until he purchased his present tract in Bracondale, upon which he has been located for twenty years. During his residence in Yorkville Mr. Greensides erected three houses there, besides a fine dwelling house on St. Clair avenue, as well as two fine brick houses on Lakeview avenue and two large houses on St. Clair avenue, Bracondale, where he now resides.

On May 9, 1860, Mr. Greensides was married to Miss Eliza Powell, who was born in Shropshire, England, Feb. 15, 1840, daughter of Richard and Rebecca Powell, natives of England, and early residents of Toronto. Mrs. Greensides' parents died in the County of Elgin, where Mr. Powell had spent the latter years of his life engaged in farming. His daughter, Mrs. Greensides, was educated in the State of New York. To Mr. and Mrs. Greensides have been born children as follows: Jane Gertrude, Feb. 15, 1862; Frances Ada, Feb. 24, 1863 (deceased); George, Oct. 2, 1865, who is also deceased; Etta Louisa, May 27, 1867; Henry Austin, Jan. 17, 1868; William Arthur, May 3, 1869; Horace Edward, Nov. 11, 1870 (deceased); Abbee, Sept. 1, 1872 (deceased); and Charlie DeWitt, Sept. 9, 1874. Of these Jane is the widow of Frank Brown, and resides in Toronto with her family; she has had six children, Gertrude, Frank, Ethel Laura, Eva, Grace (deceased) and Arthur. Etta is the wife of William Curtis, who is engaged in the market gardening business; they are the parents of two children, Edith and Irene. Henry married Miss Lizzie Hendrick, of Bracondale; they have four children, Gordon, Howard, William and Mary. William married a Miss Rodes of Toronto, and they reside on St. Clair avenue, in Bracondale; they have had four children, Horace, Arthur (deceased), Margery and Edna. Charlie married Miss Christina Stevens, daughter of John Stevens, and they reside in the house

adjoining the house of Mrs. William Greensides, Sr.; they have three children, Reginald, Dorothy and Harold. Henry, Charlie and William Greensides have succeeded their father in the brick business.

In religious connection Mr. Greensides and his wife and children are members of the Methodist Church. In politics he is a staunch supporter of the Conservative party, but he has never cared for public preferment. Mr. Greensides is one of the self-made men of the community. Starting out in life at the tender age of ten years to work his own way in the world, he met and overcame every obstacle and has finally reached the top of the ladder of success. He is energetic and enterprising, but these characteristics stand out no more strongly than do those of honesty and integrity. He is a good public-spirited citizen, and as such commands the respect and esteem of the entire community.

EDWIN THOMAS BERKINSHAW, of the firm of Berkinshaw & Gain, merchant tailors, with a place of business at the corner of Elm and Yonge streets, Toronto, is a native of the Queen City, and a son of an early settler thereof.

The Berkinshaw family is of English extraction, and was founded in Canada by Thomas Berkinshaw, a native of Manchester, England. He came to Little York (Toronto), where he engaged in a mercantile business on Jarvis street, later removing to Front street. He was a member of the city council in 1859, being elected to that body several times thereafter. He owned much property in Toronto, upon which he built, and was one of the leading men of his day, both in a business and public way. Thomas Berkinshaw married, in Toronto, Miss Catherine Cornwall, who was born in Kingston, and died in Toronto. They were Methodists in religion, and he was a strong Reformer in politics. To Mr. and Mrs. Berkinshaw were born these children: John, of the Methodist Book Room, of Toronto, married and has one son, Edwin C.; Edwin Thomas; Elizabeth, who was killed in an accident, was the wife of James Smithers, by whom she had one son, William; William married Frances Beemer, and has three children, Norman, Ollie and Lyle; Robert, of Toronto, married, and has children, Colton, Muriel and Wilfred; Ida is the wife of Julian Spink, of Toronto; Mary Ann married Frank Ferguson, of St. Thomas, and has four children; Kate is the wife of Emerson Myers, of Toronto; and Miss Helen resides at Toronto.

Edwin Thomas Berkinshaw was born in Toronto in 1852. He received his education in his native city, where he learned the business in which he has been continually engaged since

1868. In 1885 he was the founder of the firm of Berkinshaw & Gain, which is still doing business. On Jan. 1, 1880, Mr. Berkinshaw was united in marriage with Miss Louisa Walker, daughter of Charles Walker, an early settler of Toronto, where Mrs. Berkinshaw was born. To our subject and his wife has been born one son, Waiter, born Jan. 19, 1881. Mr. and Mrs. Berkinshaw are members of the Elm Street Methodist Church, in which he is an official. In politics he is a Reformer, while he associates fraternally with the C.O.F.

FREDERICK WILLIAM CHAPMAN, who departed this life at Vancouver, B.C., in 1900, was a striking instance of a man who is fortunate enough in youth to adopt a kind of business for which nature has specially adapted him, and his rapid rise in his chosen line was the inevitable result of the happy combination of circumstance and natural talent.

The Chapman family was founded in Canada by the grandfather of Frederick W., who came from the United States to County York, one of the United Empire Loyalists. He settled on a tract of woodland at Thornhill, where he cleared up a farm and spent the remainder of his life. This property is still in the possession of the family, and is so to continue as long as there is a male member to inherit it. The grandmother's maiden name was Baker.

Isaac Chapman, born at Thornhill in 1824, was educated in Philadelphia, Pa., and for a number of years was engaged in teaching in Ontario. The latter part of his life was spent at Thornhill, and for a long time he served as a magistrate in County York. He married Miss Charlotte Ward, who was born in County York, daughter of Abraham Ward. Her parents, natives of Ireland, came to Scarborough township, County York, in an early day, but afterwards went to Iowa, and there died, he in 1901, and she in 1902, both over ninety years of age. Among their children was the well-known Dr. William Ward, of Iowa. To Isaac and Charlotte Chapman were born five children: Elizabeth, Bertha, Lucy, Leonder and Frederick William.

Frederick William Chapman was born at Thornhill. After receiving his education at Richmond Hill, he entered, in 1887, the office of the Caldecott Burton Company, of Toronto, beginning at a dollar and a half a week. The history of his connection with that firm is best summed up in the commendation given him by the senior member, Mr. Caldecott: "In three short years he passed from the entry desk to the management of one of the most important departments of our business." Mr. Chapman left the company to accept a more lucrative position

with Sampson & Kennedy, with whom he remained until the firm failed. His next position was with the C. F. Gault Company, of Montreal, who sent him to Vancouver, B.C., as manager of their branch there. It was while thus engaged that his death occurred.

Mr. Chapman was survived by his wife, who was Miss Essie Fiegehen, born in Ontario, in 1866, daughter of William Fiegehen, and granddaughter of William Fiegehen, Sr. The grandfather came from England, and was for many years in Montreal in the Commissary Department of the British Government, having gone into that service in England when a young man. When forty-five years old he was retired on a pension and with a grant of 1,000 acres of land. Like his wife, he died in 1871. William Fiegehen, Jr., spent most of his life near Barrie, Ont. Being left an orphan rather early in life, Mrs. Chapman made her home with her grandparents on Bloor street, Toronto. To her and Mr. Chapman were born two sons: Frederick Douglass, born in Toronto, in 1895; and William Russell, in Vancouver, B.C., in 1900. The parents attended the Methodist Church. In politics Mr. Chapman was a Reformer. He was a man of unusually fine character and genial nature, whom to know was to admire, for he combined the qualities of the brilliant business man with those of the thorough gentleman.

JAMES SMITH, whose death occurred at his late residence, No. 145 Close avenue, Toronto, May 13, 1905, was born near Kemptville, Ont., in 1830, son of Elijah Smith.

Elijah Smith was born in England, but came to Canada with the English troops to serve in the war of 1812, and for his services received a grant of land, thereafter making his home in Ontario. He might have had a tract included in the present site of the town of Brockville, but he preferred the 100 acres near Kemptville. His wife was a native of Pennsylvania. To them was born a family of children, as follows: William, Charlotte, Nancy, Caroline, Catherine, Elijah, David, James and Alexander.

James Smith grew up on the home farm, was educated in the Kemptville schools and there learned the cabinet-making trade, following it for some time in Brussels, Ont. In 1871 he settled in Toronto and remained a resident of that city till his death. He was at first employed by the Dickey, Neil Company, foundrymen and ear builders, but later Mr. Smith gave up the work and became a practical builder. When he first became interested in Close avenue, there were but two cottages there, and he built the first fine houses of any size which were erected there. His own home at No. 145 he also put up. Mr.

Smith's life was a long and useful one, reaching beyond the appointed span of seventy years. He was a member of the Methodist Church, and in political belief a Reformer.

In 1860 in Brussels, Mr. Smith was united in marriage to Miss Margaret Walsh, who was born in Belfast, Ireland, daughter of Peter and Ann (McCurry) Walsh, and granddaughter of James Walsh. Mrs. Ann Walsh was a descendant of the O'Neil of Shanes Castle, Ireland. The parents both died in the old country. Mrs. Smith came to Canada in 1850, ten years before her marriage. A large family was born to James and Margaret Smith, several of whom died in infancy. The others were as follows: Walter H., of Toronto, who married Miss Minnie Eccleston, and has two children, Norma and C.; Ernest E., of Cuba, who married Miss Ettie Smith, and has two sons, Roy and Herbert; Annie E., deceased; Benjamin H., who married Miss Elizabeth Wheeler and lives in New Haven, Connecticut; Joseph H., who married Miss Josephine Dickey and has one son, Percival; Adam, an electrician in Toronto; Mary Eva, wife of Perry Keeler, and mother of Lionel and Clyde; Annie Victoria, who married L. M. Harris, and is the mother of two children, Marjorie and Donald; and Ruby.

JAMES WALKER WILEY, who died June 10, 1881, was a native of County Derry, born in 1838, son of Alexander and Nora (Walker) Wiley, who in 1847 came to Canada and settled at Toronto. Alexander Wiley was killed at the building of St. James' Church, while his widow passed away some years later.

James W. Wiley was about nine years old when he accompanied his parents to Canada, and on reaching maturity engaged in the contracting and building business for many years. He had to do with nearly all of the public buildings erected prior to his death in Toronto, among them St. James' Cathedral, the Asylum, and many others. Mr. Wiley's entire business life was spent at contracting, and he was not only a capable business man, but a citizen of the first class, and as such was highly respected by all who knew him.

Mr. Wiley married Miss Susannah Shaw, born in Ireland in 1840, daughter of Matthew and May (White) Shaw, the former born in Scotland in 1807, and the latter a daughter of Dr. Alexander White, who died in Ireland. Matthew Shaw was a son of Matthew Shaw, Sr., a large linen manufacturer in the old country. The parents of Mrs. Wiley were married in Ireland, and came to Canada in 1848, locating in Toronto, his widow surviving until 1893. Their children were: Mrs. Wiley, Rachel, Andrew and

Alexander. Mrs. Wiley was born in Ireland in 1840, and was but eight years old when she came with her parents to Canada. She has seen many changes in the Queen City in the past half century, in which development her late husband took such an active part. To Mr. and Mrs. Wiley were born: Mary Adelaide, wife of John B. Kirby, of Toronto, and mother of Edna, Lillian and Harold; Frances Elizabeth, wife of Louis T. Laing, of Toronto, by whom she has three children, Laura, Madeline and Frederick Lewis; James, of New York City, is engaged in business there; Andrew Shaw, of Buffalo, New York, married Ida Holden, of Belleville, daughter of a prominent man there; Susan Emma married J. L. Anderson and has two children, Florence and Gordon; Miss Ray is in Toronto; and George G., of Toronto, married Eleanor Haggart, of Paris. Mrs. Wiley and Miss Ray reside at their residence at No. 272 Avenue road.

Mr. Wiley was for six years a member of the Queen's Own, serving in the battle of Ridgeway. He was a prominent member of Orange Lodge, No. 375. In his political sympathies he was a Conservative, and in religious faith a Presbyterian.

JAMES HENRY, who passed away in Toronto in 1876, was born in County Monaghan, Ireland, in 1834, son of Thomas and Rebecca Henry, both of whom were born in Ireland, where they spent their lives.

James Henry grew to manhood in his native land, where he spent his school days, coming to Canada in 1859. Locating in Toronto, he was appointed by the Government to a position in the asylum. Here Mr. Henry continued until his death, ministering to the wants of those under his care, and was always kind and patient with all unfortunates under his supervision.

Mr. Henry married Miss Ellen Johnston, daughter of Thomas and Ann (McBrien) Johnston, both of whom were born in Ireland, the latter being a daughter of Thomas McBrien, who settled in Muddy York (Toronto), in 1827, at which time the now beautiful city had but one brick residence. It took Mr. McBrien sixteen weeks to make the trip across the ocean. His wife, Jane Earls, died in Ireland, leaving three daughters, Ann, the mother of Mrs. Henry; Ellen, who married William MacCaffrey; and Jane, who married Arthur Johnston, a brother of the father of Thomas Johnston, Mrs. Henry's father. Thomas Johnston was an early settler in Scarborough, County York, later removing to County Bruce, where he died, the father of the following children: Arthur, of British Columbia; John, deceased; Thomas and

Earl, of North Dakota; William, of County Bruce; Ann, the wife of David Bairly; Jane; and Ellen, Mrs. Henry. To Mr. and Mrs. Henry were born three daughters: Prudence, a teacher in the Givens street school, Toronto; Mr. Thomas Bailey, of Toronto; and Jean. Mr. Henry was a member of the Presbyterian Church, to the faith of which Mrs. Henry also adheres.

STEPHEN WILLCOCK, who resides at No. 861 Bathurst street, Toronto, is one of the well-known contractors and builders of this city, and he belongs also to a family which has long been identified with the County of York.

Of English extraction, the Willcock family was established at Toronto in 1840, by Abel and John Willcock, the former settling on Queen street west, and the latter on Richmond street. John Willcock engaged in contracting and building during his early business life, and died at Toronto, leaving one son, Jonathan, who was killed from a fall while working on the Orphans' Home; a second son, Richard, of Toronto; a daughter, Ann Dennis, wife of a Mr. Wilkinson, and a second daughter, Emma, also married.

Abel Willcock, the elder of the two brothers, was the father of our subject, and he was born in Cornwall, England, in 1813, and died at Toronto, in 1877. He followed contracting and building, and was a well-known man in his day. Soon after settling in this city he built the first Methodist Church, a small frame structure located on Richmond street near Simcoe avenue. Subsequently he purchased a farm, on which he resided for some years before his death. He married Fanny Job, who was born in Cornwall, England, in 1812, and who died in 1893. They had these children: Abel, who died in 1886, leaving one son, Alfred, of Chicago; Mary Job, wife of William Briscoe, of Toronto; Fanny, wife of Thomas Jackson, of New Toronto, and mother of two children, William and Ethel; Robert, deceased; two infants following each other, who died unnamed; Ann, widow of John Durham, and mother of one son, Thomas Herbert, who married Lizzie Giles, and has one daughter, Lena; Robert (2), deceased, who married Mary Nixon, and left no family; Stephen; John Job, deceased, who married and left one daughter, Mrs. Preston Clark; George, deceased, who married and left two children, Lillian B. A. and Georgia; Samuel James, who married Lizzie Jose, and has had children as follows: Edith, Ella (deceased), Oliver (deceased), Ella (2), Robert (deceased), Oliver (2), Gertrude and Harry. The parents of this family were worthy members of the Methodist Church. In politics the father was a

Reformer. Both parents were members of large families, the father one of thirteen and the mother one of fourteen.

Stephen Willcock was born in 1847, in Toronto, and was educated in this city and learned his business of contracting and building, with his father, but before he took it up as his chosen occupation he spent some time on the farm his father had bought. After his marriage he settled on Lots 18 and 19, Concession 4, County York, in Etobicoke township, on which he lived for a time, and then secured a farm in County Haldimand, where he lived for four years, afterward settling in the city of Toronto, and engaging in the building business with his father. In this he has continued for the past thirty years. His work has always been of such a character as to bring him credit, and he can point out many buildings in this city which owe their beauty and stability to his skill.

Mr. Willcock has always taken a deep interest in public education and has served as a member of the school board for St. Andrews West, for six years, resigning in 1891. He enjoys the distinction of having received the first illuminated address ever presented to a retiring member of the school board in Toronto. It bears the date of January 13, 1891, and expresses the high appreciation of the most excellent service which he gave the board. Several illuminated addresses have since been presented, but the above is the first ever issued in this city. It bears the signature of T. A. Hastings and James Kerr, who were officers of the board at that time. He appreciates this document very highly and is justified in his feeling of pride.

Mr. Willcock has been twice married. He was married (first) to Ellen May Dixon, born in Etobicoke township, in 1850, and died in 1891, the mother of these children: George A., deceased, married Sarah Elliott, and left one daughter, Evelyn; Fanny Elizabeth is the wife of Charles Robinson, of Newark, State of New York; Mary Ellen married and is deceased; and Rose May died in childhood. Mr. Willcock married (second) Ida Sommerville, born in Toronto, a daughter of Samuel Sommerville, an early settler. No children have been born to this union. Mr. and Mrs. Willcock are members of the Bathurst Street Methodist Church. Mr. Willcock is a popular member of a number of fraternal organizations, among these being: Newark (N.Y.) Lodge, No. 83, A.F. & A.M.; Albert Lodge, No. 194, I.O.O.F., Toronto; Leota Lodge, No. 338, A.O.U.W.; and the K.O.T.M.

JOHN J. JERMYN, who died at Warton, Ont., in June, 1893, was born in the township

of Biddulph, County Middlesex, son of John Jermyn, a native of Ireland, and the founder of the family in Canada.

John Jermyn, on coming to this country, settled on a farm near London, Ont., in the above mentioned township, and there he resided until his death. His son, our subject, was educated in the place of his nativity and took a law course in the United States. He then returned to Canada and settled at Wiarton, where he became a leading business man, and was a notary public, conveyancer and real estate dealer until his death.

Mr. Jermyn married Miss Anna Jarvis, daughter of Charles L. and J. (Pellow) Jarvis, the former born in London, England, son of David Jarvis, who founded the family in Canada. After coming to the Dominion, David Jarvis was for many years a resident of Horning's Mills, but in the latter years of his life removed to Wiarton, and there spent the rest of his life with his son, Charles L. Here the latter had been a successful farmer for a number of years. Charles L. Jarvis was the father of these children: Mrs. Jermyn; Martha, deceased; John Henry; Louisa Jane; Harriet Melissa, deceased; and Alice Edna.

To Mr. and Mrs. Jermyn were born two children: Edna Lillian, and Clinton Gray, both of whom are of a musical inclination. Miss Jermyn is a member of the class of 1907, of the Toronto Conservatory of Music. A second cousin of Miss Jermyn is an accomplished musician, and before his twenty-first year played for Jenny Lind, the well-known singer at the Royal Academy of Music, London, England. Mr. Jermyn was a member of the Methodist Church, to which his widow also belongs. In politics a Conservative, he was for some time president of the Conservative Association at Wiarton. Fraternally he was connected with the Masons, the I.O.O.F., and the Orangemen.

GEORGE BOXALL, who died in Toronto March 5, 1903, was one of the well-known and highly esteemed citizens of the Queen City. He was born in England, Sept. 19, 1837, son of George Boxall.

George Boxall, Sr., was a native of England, where he joined His Majesty's Service, in which connection he came to Canada to assist in the subduing of the Rebellion of 1837-38. He spent his remaining days in Canada, and died in Quebec.

George Boxall, our subject, was but one year old when he came to Canada with his father, and he received his education at Montreal, where he also served his time to the tinsmith's trade. In 1857 he came to Toronto, and for some time

was foreman for his brother, John. He there engaged in business on his own account at No. 252 Yonge street, continuing there in the tinware and hardware business until his death. Mr. Boxall was well known in business circles throughout Ontario, and his strict integrity and upright business methods placed him in the confidence of all who knew him. He served in the Fenian Raid in 1866, as a member of the 10th Royals (now the Grenadiers), and for gallant services rendered was awarded a medal, and retired from this regiment with the rank of quartermaster sergeant. Mr. Boxall was a member of the old Fire Brigade when hand engines were used. For about nine years he was a member of the public school board, and a trustee in the Methodist Church for many years, attending first the Elm street church and later the Carlton street church. He was a prominent member of the Canadian Order of Odd Fellows and of the A.O.U.W.

On Jan. 6, 1869, Mr. Boxall married Miss Mary A. Ferrett, born in Kingston, in 1847, daughter of William and Cecelia (Peter) Ferrett, natives of England. They came to Canada and settled in Kingston, where Mr. Ferrett carried on ship carpentering for many years. He later settled in Toronto, where he died.

To Mr. and Mrs. Boxall were born the following children: Wilton George, of Toronto, married Lotta Valda Jean Morton, and they have three children, Ella Alberta Jean, John M. and Helen Madeline; Cecelia, deceased; Ella; Edwin Charles; Eva Alberta; Garnet Percival, who died June 25, 1904; and Laura May and Norman Louis, twins. In politics Mr. Boxall was a Conservative.

DAVID LAMONT. Among the prominent business men of Toronto was the late David Lamont, well known in financial circles of the city, who passed away May 17, 1905, while on a visit to Collingwood. Mr. Lamont was born in County Wellington, in 1865, of Highland Scotch parents.

David Lamont was educated at Guelph, and began his business life at Listowel, Ont., where for a number of years he conducted a music emporium, handling pianos, organs and nearly every kind of musical instrument known to the trade. He settled in Toronto, becoming a financial agent, in which business he continued until his death. He was very well known in business and financial circles, and was rated among Toronto's successful men.

Mr. Lamont was married in Listowel to Miss M. F. Stephens, born in that city, daughter of John and Mary (Alexander) Stephens, natives of Ottawa. Mr. Stephens was the son of John

Stephens, born in Ireland of Scotch parents, the founder of the family in Canada. He settled in Ottawa, where his death occurred, and he left these children: John, Samuel, James, William and Eliza. John Stephens, father of Mrs. Lamont, was at one time the owner of a fine farm, which he disposed of to remove to Listowel, where the remainder of his life was spent in retirement. He was survived by his widow, but she has since passed away. Mr. and Mrs. Stephens had a family of ten children, seven daughters and three sons.

To Mr. and Mrs. Lamont one daughter was born, Phyllis, born in Toronto in 1902. In 1904 Mr. Lamont built his late residence at No. 184 Jameson avenue, Toronto, after his own designs. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church. In politics he was a Reformer. He was a member of the I.O.O.F. and the A.O.U.W.

DANIEL DANIEL was in his lifetime one of the successful business men of his day and generation, and he was highly esteemed wherever he was known. He was born in the South of Wales, son of David Daniel, the owner of a large estate in that country, where his entire life was passed.

Mr. Daniel came to Canada in his young manhood, and for a short time remained in Toronto. His business life was begun in Pickering, where he was a very successful merchant for a number of years until failing health compelled him to retire from active life. He went to England, hoping the change of climate and scenery would be of benefit, but he died some time after his return to Toronto.

Mr. Daniel married Miss Ann Katherine F. Davids, daughter of Charles K. and Frances Mary (Pieree) Davids, both natives of County Kent, England, the former one of the best designers and one of the first manufacturers of calico prints in Kent, England. On Mr. Davids's premises was held the first meeting of the Foreign Bible and Tract Society. Mr. Davids came to Toronto in an early day, and lived retired until his death. He owned property on Jarvis street, and when he came there were but few houses there, and the street not yet cut through to Bloor. He built some of the first houses on Jarvis street, and resided there until his death.

To Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Daniel were born the following children: C. D., a business man in Toronto; F. C., in the wholesale fancy goods business in Toronto; William J., of Toronto; and Arthur A. The family all affiliate with the English Church.

FRANK GERRARD CARROLL, for some time a resident of Toronto, was born in Ingersoll,

County Oxford, Ont., in 1848, and died at that place in 1890. Mr. Carroll comes of a family for many years identified with Ontario. He was a son of Reuben and Maria (Brown) Carroll, also natives of Ingersoll.

Reuben Carroll was a son of David Carroll, who came from New York to County Oxford many years ago. With him came several brothers, all of whom settled on the present site of Ingersoll, and at one time owned nearly all of the land upon which Ingersoll now stands. They built the first hotel of any importance at that place, which was known as the "Carroll House," and the Prince of Wales (now King Edward VII.) was entertained there in 1860, when making his tour of Canada. David Carroll lived to be nearly 100 years old, and died in Ingersoll. One of his brothers lived to be 101 and another 102 years of age, and all died in Ingersoll. Reuben Carroll, the father of our subject, carried on a large flour milling business in Ingersoll, building his own mills and operating them for many years, selling out later to his brother. He was for many years superintendent of the gravel road from Ingersoll to Port Burwell, and died in Ingersoll.

Frank Gerrard Carroll was educated at Ingersoll, and at Eastman's Business College, Poughkeepsie, New York. On completing his course at the latter institution he returned to Ingersoll, and was bookkeeper in his father's milling office for some time. On the death of his father the son became superintendent of the above mentioned road, which position he held for a number of years. Mr. Carroll, in 1885, on retiring from this position, settled in Toronto, residing in Elm Grove, Parkdale. He later returned to Ingersoll, and there died.

Mr. Carroll married Miss Mary Yates, born in Lower Canada, daughter of John and Jane Yates, natives of Yorkshire, England. On coming to Canada Mr. and Mrs. Yates lived for a time in Lower Canada, and then located in Toronto, where Mr. Yates died. His widow subsequently married a Mr. King and died in County Simcoe. Mr. Carroll was a member of the Church of England, to which his widow also belongs. After the death of her husband Mrs. Carroll returned to Toronto, and purchased her fine residence at No. 44 Pembroke street, where she now resides.

MALCOLM MACFARLANE, who died in Toronto, in 1895, was born in Glasgow, Scotland, in 1832, son of Dunean and Mary (Metavish) Macfarlane, the former of whom came to Toronto in 1851, where he died, his wife having passed away some years previous in her native country.

Malcolm Macfarlane grew to manhood in his native country, and there learned the printing business. He served during the Crimean war as a member of the Royal Artillery, and received both the English and Turkish medals for gallant services rendered. On coming to Toronto Mr. Macfarlane followed his trade for a time, and then embarked in the grocery and liquor business on Gerrard street. In 1861 he engaged in the hotel business, continuing therein until his death, at which time he was the oldest hotelman in Toronto. Since his death Mrs. Macfarlane built, in 1898, the new "Macfarlane Hotel," at Nos. 99-105 Jarvis street, which is operated by her son. Mr. Macfarlane married Miss Mary Hawkshaw, born in Ireland in 1834, daughter of Robert and Matilda (Carey) Hawkshaw. Mrs. Macfarlane came to Toronto in 1849, and has been a continuous resident of the city since that time. She can recollect when there were neither street cars nor steam cars in the Queen City, and has seen it grow from a small town to its present proportions. In 1893 Mrs. Macfarlane and her daughter, Mary, settled at No. 466 Euclid avenue, where they now reside.

The children of Mr. and Mrs. Macfarlane were as follows: Miss Mary; Robert, deceased; Jessie, the wife of John Matthews, of Toronto; Matilda, who married Alfred E. Burgess of Toronto, and has one son, Frederick; and Alexander, proprietor of the hotel, who married Miss Jane Smith, and has one son, Malcolm. Mr. Macfarlane was a Presbyterian, while his widow is a member of the Church of England. He was a member of the I.O.O.F., and the Army and Navy Order. His political sympathies were with the Conservative party.

PETER HUTTY, who departed this life in Toronto June 9, 1882, was one of Toronto's most prominent men. He was born in Yorkshire, England, in 1819, son of Joseph Hutty, who came to Canada in 1831, settling at Montreal, where he died leaving one son, Peter, and three daughters—Mrs. Thomas Lawson, Mrs. William Gray (now in her eighty-second year), and ———.

After the death of his father, Peter Hutty made his home with his grandfather, William Smith, of Brampton (father of I. A. Smith, of Toronto, and David and Robert Smith of Brampton, all of whom lived to advanced years). In 1835 he came to Toronto and engaged in general contracting for the Government, in which he continued all his active life. In addition to his extensive contracting business, Mr. Hutty had very large real estate holdings in Toronto, owning all the property on both sides of Cotting-

ham street, the corner, however, now the property of the estate of the late Sir John A. Macdonald, M.P. Mr. Hutty also owned a large farm at Delaware, County Middlesex, and there he spent five years engaged in milling and farming, the late Judge Adam Wilson being a partner in the milling. He was a lover of fine horses, owned a large stable, and drove some of the finest horses in the county. He was often called upon to act as judge of fine cattle and sheep.

For thirteen years Mr. Hutty was a member of the council of Yorkville and reeve thereof for a number of years. He was a justice of the peace, was instrumental in having the street cars pass Bloor street, and in building the York township town hall and the Jesse Ketchum school, both of which were great additions to their localities, and he was tendered parliamentary honors at the hands of the Conservative party, an honor which, however, he declined. He was a fine platform speaker, and was greatly in demand for platform work during campaigns. He was a firm friend and sincere admirer of Sir John A. Macdonald. Mr. Hutty was distantly related by marriage to William Henry Harrison, ex-president of the United States.

In 1838 Mr. Hutty married Miss Margaret Gray, born in Yonge street, Toronto, in 1821, daughter of John Gray. She died in Toronto in 1902. John Gray was born in the County of York, in 1796, and he married Margaret Hackey, daughter of Captain Hackey, who was born in Markham township. Her mother was Hannah Adams, a distant cousin of John Quincy Adams, the sixth president of the United States. With the exception of six years, which were spent on their farm in Delaware, Mrs. Hutty spent her entire life in her native city, and was a good Christian woman, beloved by all who knew her. Her reminiscences of early days, and of the Rebellion of 1837-38, were highly interesting and instructive.

After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Hutty settled on Cottingham street, where they resided for twenty years and more, afterward living on Davenport road, both sides of which he owned west of Avenue road. The children born to them were: (1) Joseph William, deceased, was educated at the Upper Canada College, was a member of Captain Allister Clark's Mounted Cavalry in the fifties. He was in the forage contracting business for some time, then engaged in railroading, and later for fifteen or twenty years was in the drug business in Grand Haven, Michigan, where he was greatly beloved. He died in Kansas in 1893. He married Miss Susan Squire, daughter of Capt. Heber Squire,

of Grand Haven, who with their five children—Alfred, Hassen, John, Alice and Jessie—survives. (2) Alfred, of Poplar Plains road, County of York, married Miss Diana Lothian, of Delaware, Ont., and had children, George, Fred K., Hattie, Mary and Margaret. (3) James Henry, born in Toronto, in 1844, was educated at the Old Grammar School and Upper Canada College, learned the drug business with E. Hooper & Co., King street, and has been in that line in Toronto since 1866, his present location being 528 Yonge street. He is a member of the York Pioneers, the Upper Canada College Old Boys, and the Astronomical Society. (4) Margaret Matilda married Thomas Godson, a merchant. (5) Charles P. died young. (6) Annie Elizabeth married Capt. Perry Beale, son of Judge Beale, of Maidstone, Kent. (7) Alice Ada. (8) Miss Emily Helena. (9) Frederick Acheson, postmaster at Grand Haven, Michigan, was a friend of the late President McKinley and of President Roosevelt of the United States. He married Miss Birdie Squire, daughter of Captain Squire, of Grand Haven, and has these children, Clarence, Bernard, Margaret, Emily Helena and Frederick H. (10) Robert Howland Gray, of the Toronto postoffice, married Miss Flora Patterson, of Peterborough. (11) Charlotte Olive, born at Delaware, died in Toronto in 1903.

Mr. and Mrs. Hutty were consistent members of the Catholic Apostolic Church. In politics Mr. Hutty was a Conservative. Fraternally he was affiliated with the Masonic Order, and the Pioneers of York. He held a commission as lieutenant in Her Majesty's service under Col. Stoughton Dennis, of Weston, and in the defence of his country took part in the stirring times of the Rebellion of 1837.

CHARLES C. GOING, a well-known barrister of Ontario, who passed away at his late residence, No. 36 Evelyn avenue, Toronto Junction, Ont., June 2, 1902, was born at London, Ont., Oct. 21, 1860, son of Dr. Henry and Harriet (Brough) Going.

The Going family is of Irish extraction, and in 1859 was founded in London, Ont., by Dr. Henry Going. He married Harriet Brough, daughter of the late Archdeacon Brough, who founded the family in Canada in 1830. To Mr. and Mrs. Going were born these children: Frederick, Minnie, Nellie, Charles C. and Henry.

Charles C. Going received his education at London, Ont., and there began the study of law with Fraser & Fraser, completing his course at Osgoode Hall, Toronto, in 1881, in which year he was called to the Bar. Mr. Going first settled in the practice of his profession at Winnipeg, with the firm of Bair & Blanchard, but

returned to London, where he resided a short time and then went to Strathroy. After two years at the latter place he settled at Toronto Junction, where he became solicitor for the town, a position which he filled very efficiently until his death. Mr. Going had made a specialty of municipal law, and was thoroughly fitted for the position he was called upon to fill.

Mr. Going was married to Miss Ada Marion Whately, daughter of Rev. John Clements and Hannah (Robinson) Whately. Mr. Whately was born in England in 1805, and educated at Oxford. He came to Canada about 1864, settling in London, Ont., where he died in 1867. He was twice married. His first wife bore him six children: Charles C.; Edward; Henry; George; Harriet; and Alice. By his second wife, Hannah Robinson, he had two daughters: Ada M., Mrs. Going; and Rose.

To Mr. and Mrs. Going were born the following children: Enid Hartland, born in 1887, in Strathroy, resides with her mother; Phyllis Marjorie, born at Toronto Junction in 1894, died the same year; and Brough Whately died in infancy. Mr. Going was a Conservative in politics, and in fraternal connection a Mason. He was a member of the English Church, to which Mrs. Going also belongs.

WILLIAM A. SMYTH, who passed away at his late residence in Toronto, No. 187 Crawford street, Feb. 17, 1888, was born in Ontario, son of James and Anna (Harrison) Smyth, the former a native of Ireland, and the latter of England.

James Smyth came to Canada when a young man, and soon thereafter settled in Toronto, where he became a commission merchant, continuing in this business until his death. He was twice married, his first wife being the mother of our subject.

William A. Smyth began business with his father, but later went to the office of the Massey-Harris Company, as an accountant, where he continued until his death. He had a large acquaintance in business circles, and wherever known was highly esteemed.

Mr. Smyth married Miss Sarah Helen Johnson, born in Toronto, daughter of Samuel and Ann (Fair) Johnson, natives of County Mayo, Ireland. Mrs. Johnson came to Montreal in 1829, and to Toronto in 1833. She was a daughter of Robert and Margaret Fair, natives of County Mayo, Ireland, where they died. They had children: John, William, Robert, James, Mary, Elizabeth and Ann, all of whom lived to be eighty-five years old or over. To Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Johnson the following children

were born: Samuel, William and Margaret, deceased; Annie, of New York; John, deceased; Lizzie, of Albany, New York; James; and Sarah Helen, Mrs. Smyth.

Mr. and Mrs. Smyth were the parents of children as follows: Leo S. B., born in Toronto, day accountant at the Massey-Harris works; and Basil W. H., also born in Toronto, and an accountant at the same works. Mr. Smyth was a Reformer. In religious faith he was a Roman Catholic.

WILLIAM T. SCOTT, one of the highly esteemed citizens of Weston, Ont., now living retired, and for many years engaged as a carriage manufacturer, was born June 16, 1839, in Toronto, son of Jonathan and Sarah (Harries) Scott. The former was born in 1798 in Yorkshire, England, and the latter in 1800, in Cumberland, England.

Jonathan Scott and his wife were born, reared and married in their native country, coming to Canada in 1819, and settling at once in Toronto, where Mr. Scott engaged in the wholesale butchering business until his retirement. The present Y.M.C.A. Building marks the site of the old Scott home. He died in 1884 in Toronto, his wife passing away some years previously. Both were members of the English Church, and among the early workers of that faith in Toronto. They were the parents of seven children, as follows: Joseph, deceased, was for many years in the butchering business on Bloor street, Toronto; John died single in the United States; George, deceased, was a business man of Toronto; William T.; Henry, deceased, was also a business man of the Queen City; Jonathan is a farmer of Vaughan township; and Anne is the widow of Richard Dunbar, late of Toronto.

William T. Scott received his education in Toronto, and when a young man learned the carriage maker's trade. In 1887 he retired and purchased the Sykes homestead in Weston, where he has lived to the present time.

In 1867 Mr. Scott married Mrs. Jane Graham, a native of England. To this union have been born three children: George H., who married a Miss Mary Burkholder, of Vaughan township, and resides in Toronto; Arthur, deceased; and Miss Edith. In religious matters Mr. Scott and his family are members of the English Church. He is a Reformer in politics, but has never taken an active interest therein.

WILLIAM HARRISON, ex-reeve of Richmond Hill, York County, was born in the city of Bath, England, May 10, 1834. In 1843 John S. Harrison, his father, brought his family to

Canada, and settled on a farm two miles north of Richmond Hill. Nine months later Mr. Harrison died, leaving a widow and four children. In 1844 the family moved to Richmond Hill, where they have continued to reside.

In 1854 Mr. Harrison united with the Methodist Church, Richmond Hill, under the ministrations of the late Rev. W. S. Blackstock. After his conversion he set up in his home a family altar, which has been maintained without intermission for more than half a century. In the church Mr. Harrison has filled many useful positions. In 1868 he was appointed class leader by the late Rev. John Bredon, D.D. For more than thirty-eight years he has been a member of the Circuit Quarterly Board, twice representing the Circuit at the Annual Conference. For thirty-seven years he has been a member of the Church Trust Board, and its secretary for the same time. He has also filled the position of church steward for the past twelve years. As a boy Mr. Harrison was a charter member in the organization of the first Methodist Sabbath-school in Richmond Hill in 1848. In 1854 he began to take an official interest in its affairs. He was secretary five years, infant class teacher four years, Bible class teacher twenty-five years, and superintendent forty years, retiring in 1899. He was president of the Yonge Street S. S. Association in 1873; president of the East and West York S. S. Association in 1875, and of the West York Riding Association in 1891.

In early life Mr. Harrison began to take an interest in village affairs, and was foremost in any movement which he thought would be a benefit to the community. In 1856 he assisted in the organization of the first village fire brigade, and was its first secretary-treasurer. In the same year he was a stockholder in a company which had for its purpose the publishing of the first village newspaper of Richmond Hill, the *York Riding's Gazette*. To it and to each of its successors, the *British Tribune*, the *York Commonwealth*, the *Herald* and the *Liberal*, he has been a contributor in editorials and correspondence. In 1866 he contributed a series of letters over the signature of "Free School" against the rate bill of that day, resulting in the village of Richmond Hill being one of the earliest in the Province to adopt the public free school system. More recently he has written for the *Liberal*, the *Newmarket Era*, and the *Leader and Recorder*, Toronto Junction, a series of letters on "Richmond Hill and Vicinity, its Settlement and its Pioneers," over sixty in number, the best known of which is probably "The Two Colonels, or a Landmark of 1837." In 1866 Mr. Harrison founded the Richmond Hill Mechanics' Institute and Literary Society, now the Public Lib-

rary, with over 5,000 volumes, of which he was president in 1870. In 1868 and 1870 he was auditor of the board of education. In 1873 he was one of the most active citizens of Richmond Hill in securing the incorporation of the village as a municipality. He was nominated for its first reeve, but declined the nomination. In 1874 he was elected reeve, but refused reelection in 1875. During his term of office the monies to which the village was entitled from the Clergy Reserves and Municipal Loan Fund were obtained toward municipal housekeeping. This money, amounting to the sum of \$3,000, secured to the village a handsome park, a more efficient fire brigade, and financial help toward its new High School. In 1897 the York County Council appointed Mr. Harrison to the board of education as High School trustee.

In politics Mr. Harrison is a Liberal. In temperance matters he has been a lifelong advocate of total abstinence in the individual and prohibition for the State. He is one of Richmond Hill's best citizens, and one greatly esteemed by all who know him.

EDWARD WILLIAM SCARLETT, a leading sand and gravel contractor of Toronto Junction, is one of the substantial business men of that thriving locality. Mr. Scarlett was born Sept. 22, 1854, in York township, County York, son of John A. Scarlett, and a member of a family long identified with the Dominion.

The Scarlett family, which is of English extraction, was founded in this country by John Scarlett, grandfather of Edward William, who was born in England about 1766, and came to Canada in 1820, settling in York township, County York, Ont., where he engaged in the lumber and timber business for some time. He lived on Dundas street, opposite St. John's Church, Toronto Junction, but subsequently removed to Toronto, where he died about 1864. He was a man of much business acumen, and during his long life was identified with many successful enterprises. John Scarlett was thrice married, but his children were all by the first union. They were: Edward, a lumberman, who died unmarried; John A.; St. George, who went to California many years ago, returned to Toronto Junction and settled at the corner of Keele and Dundas streets, where he died; Samuel, who was in the lumber business at the Humber for some time, and also in the furniture business in Toronto, but went later to Winnipeg; and Mary, who married the Rev. Mr. Hardie, a minister of the English Church.

John A. Scarlett, father of Edward W., was born about 1824, and for many years was a lumber and timber dealer of the vicinity of the

Humber. Subsequently he removed to British Columbia, and there died in 1898. Mr. Scarlett, like his father, was a good, practical business man, his good management and straightforward dealings causing him to prosper. He married Maria Louisa Henriod, born at Trafalgar, Ont., in 1830, and to them were born children as follows: John Henry, an agriculturist, who died leaving two children, Archibald and Louisa; Isabella Mary and Catherine Elizabeth, of Toronto; Edward William; Robert Arthur, a grain merchant of Toronto; Joseph George and Alfred, of Duluth; and Frank, who died at the age of four years.

Edward W. Scarlett's education was received in the schools of his native locality, and when fifteen years of age he went West, being employed in the oil fields and at railroading. On his return to his native county he first engaged in the brick business on Keele street for eight years, at the end of which time he embarked in his present business, in which he has successfully continued to the present. He purchased from the Crown Lot 36, Concession 3, York township, a tract of 200 acres, on five acres of which is situated the Gunn Abattoir plant, and he still holds an interest in some of this property, which is one of the finest sand and gravel sections in the county. Mr. Scarlett's business has been pushed vigorously by him, and he is regarded as one of the most substantial business men of the Junction. His political belief is that of the Conservative party, and he is fraternally connected with the Masonic order and the A.O. U.W. He and his wife are members of the English Church.

On Jan. 16, 1889, Mr. Scarlett was married to Mrs. Louisa Fulford, born in Toronto, daughter of George Lawrence, an early settler of the Queen City. To Mr. and Mrs. Scarlett have been born: Alfred Arthur, Edward, Frank and Norman.

GEORGE WILLIAMS, a practical farmer of Newmarket, York County, was born in Northamptonshire, England, Aug. 7, 1834, son of Richard and Sarah (Pinford) Williams, natives of that shire.

Richard Williams was a farmer in the old country, where he died in January, 1846. After her husband's death, Mrs. Williams came to Canada, and she died at the home of her son, in October, 1873, the mother of four children: (1) Ann, born in England in 1832, married John Taple, and they settled in King township, where both died; their children were: John, born in England, now resides in California; J. W., born in England, married Richard Willis, of Newmarket; Sarah is now Mrs. Henry Storey, of

King township; Henry is a resident farmer of Whitechurch township; Emma is the wife of John Tingle, of Vaughan, York County; and William is a farmer of Richmond Hill, York County. (2) Joseph, born in England in 1837, is single and resides in Queensville, where he carries on farming. (3) John, born in 1842, resides in Uxbridge, Ont.; he married in England, and has a family of four children, Richard, William, Mary H. and Mrs. Annie Rutledge, of Gwillimbury township. (4) Minnie is at the old home. (5) George.

George Williams was reared in England, and there he received a limited education. In 1855 he came to Canada in a sailing vessel, being six weeks on the ocean. After spending ten years in Canada he went back to England on a visit to his people, having worked, while in this country, on farms, sending the money he earned back to England to his mother and her family. He later brought his folks to Canada, and rented farms in York County, where he earned the money to purchase the old Edwin Irvin homestead in the borough of Newmarket, in 1874.

Mr. Williams was first married in October, 1858, to Miss Annie E. Grimshaw, born in Yorkshire, England, and she died in September, 1861, leaving two children: (1) Thomas H., born in 1859, married Miss Walk and resides in East Gwillimbury; he has two children, Jane and Beatrice. (2) Sarah A., born in August, 1861, is the wife of George Clark, who resides at Ingersoll, a machinist; they have two children, Earl and Mary.

Mr. George Williams was married (second) March 9, 1865, to Miss Fannie Toole, born in Whitechurch, in August, 1840, and four children of this union survive: Rachel A., born in October, 1871, is the wife of John Barrett, of York County, and has one son, Herbert; Ida H., born in February, 1874, resides at home; George E., born in February, 1876, is married and resides in Brooklyn, Ont.; and Alfred, born in May, 1877, married Miss Mariah Cool, of Ingersoll, and they have one daughter, Dorothy. Elizabeth J., the eldest, born in June, 1867, married Thomas Townsend, and died in Toronto in 1889, leaving three children: George, born in 1885; May, born in 1887; and Ellsworth, born in October, 1889, all of whom live with their grandfather, our subject.

Mr. Williams is connected with the Methodist Church, his parents having been Baptists. He is a Reformer in politics, but has never desired or sought public office. He is a member of the Order of United Workmen of Newmarket.

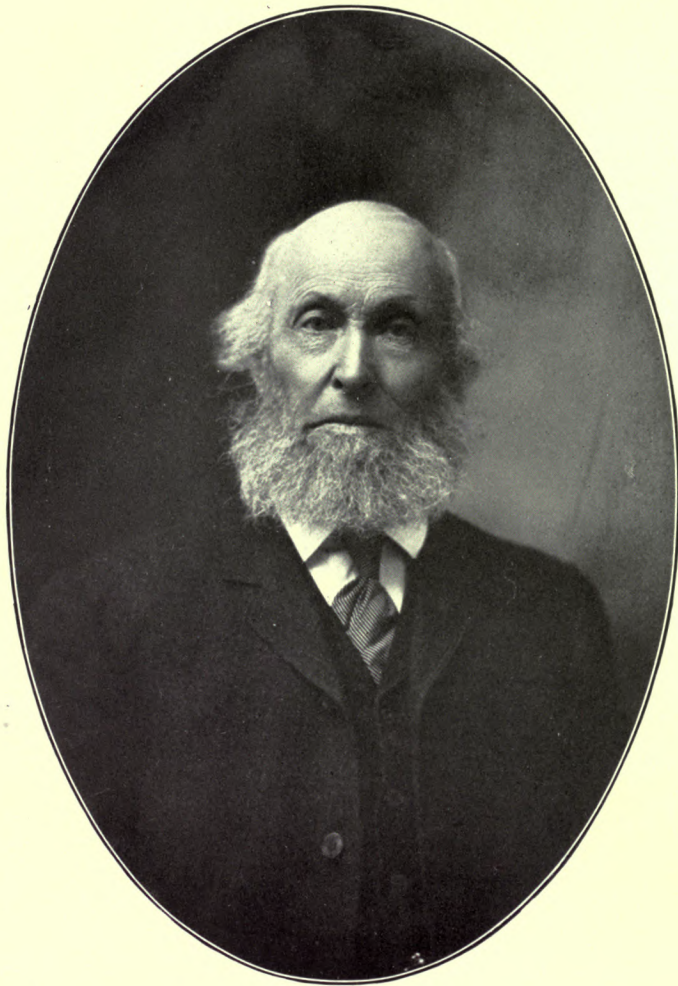
JAMES GARDHOUSE, now living retired at No. 156 Borden street, Toronto, is a member

of a family which has long been identified with the County of York. The Gardhouse family is from Cumberland, England, and was founded in Canada by Robert and John Gardhouse, the former of whom came to Canada about 1830, and settled in the township of Etobicoke, York County, where he cleared a bush farm upon which he resided until his death. His descendants now reside in that section.

John Gardhouse, the father of James Gardhouse, was born in Cumberland, England, in 1781, and there married Isabella Martin, who was born in 1793. In England John Gardhouse followed school teaching for a number of years prior to coming to Canada, in 1837. Here he purchased of his brother Robert Lots 33 and 34, Concession 4, in Etobicoke township, York County, residing there until his death, in 1871. His wife had passed away many years before. In politics he was a Conservative; he was a member of the Church of England. John and Isabella (Martin) Gardhouse were the parents of the following children: Sarah, widow of Edward Lawson, of Toronto; John, who was a miller and merchant at Bolton, where he died in 1876; James; William, a farmer and miller, who died at Niagara in 1899; Thomas, deceased, who was a confectioner at Bolton; and Jane, widow of John Johnston, of Toronto.

James Gardhouse was born in Cumberland, England, in 1832, and was therefore but five years old when brought to this country by his parents. He grew to manhood in Etobicoke township, and there married Miss Ann Stobbart, a native of the County of Peel, and daughter of Thomas and Mary Stobbart, who came from Yorkshire, England, and settled in that county, later removing to the County of York. Their children were: Mariah, Mrs. Robert Stobbart; Ann, Mrs. Gardhouse; and Jane, Mrs. Baldock.

After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Gardhouse settled on the old farm in Etobicoke township, upon which he followed agricultural pursuits until 1899, then locating in Toronto, where he has since lived retired. Since retiring he has sold 200 acres of the farm to James M. Gardhouse, his son, and has retained sixty acres, which he rents. To Mr. and Mrs. Gardhouse have been born the following children: John, a farmer of Etobicoke township, has served in the council there, and is now a member of the county council; he married Mary Alice Dalton, and they have seven children, William James (who married Alice Louise Garbutt, and has one daughter, Gladys M.), Stanley Albert, Ada Lauretta, Alice May, Ella Louisa, Millie Dalton, and Clara. Thomas, deceased, married Nellie Wardlow, but left no children. Charles Stobbart, a farmer of County Peel, married Elizabeth Wray,



James Gardhouse

and has five children, Arthur Wellesley, Anna Louisa, Thomas Edgar, Wilton Leonard and John James. Henry Albert, a farmer of Etobicoke, married Elizabeth Agar, and has three children, Elmer Harold, Annie Marion and Mabel Elizabeth. Mary, deceased, married Josiah Snyder, and left one son, Hugh Clark. James Martin, a farmer on the old homestead, now serving in the council of Etobicoke, married Florence Garbutt, and has six children, Wilbert Wilfred, Leslie G., Frederick Gilbert, Florence Myrtle, Viola and Irene. Jane, wife of Joseph Newlove, of County Peel, has four children, Annie Eliza, Lillian, Clara and Marion Jane. William Walter, the youngest son, died unmarried at the age of twenty-nine years.

Mr. and Mrs. Gardhouse are consistent members of the Baptist Church. In political matters he is a staunch Reformer. He is a self-made man, and he and his children are well known as thrifty, up-to-date farmers. As breeders of fine registered stock they have been prominent in the county, Mr. Gardhouse having won many prizes at different fairs, taking prizes with his Shorthorn cattle, Shire horses, Clyde horses, Leicester sheep, and Berkshire hogs.

ROBERT ARTHUR SCARLETT, a substantial business man of Toronto, who is extensively engaged in grain dealing, was born at the Humber, York township, County York, Feb. 22, 1858, son of John A. Scarlett, and a member of an early settled family.

The Scarlett family is of English extraction, and was founded in Canada by John Scarlett, grandfather of Robert A., born in England in 1766. Shortly after the American Revolution he settled in County York, and engaged in the lumber business on the Humber river, helping to cut the first road from the Humber to Toronto, and later being employed in the receiver-general's office. His residence on Dundas street, Toronto Junction, is still standing and is in a good state of preservation. He was three times married, but all of his children were by the first marriage. They were: Edward, John A., St. George, Samuel and Mary.

John A. Scarlett was born at the Humber in 1824, and for many years was a lumberman and timber dealer of that section. Subsequently he removed to British Columbia, where he died in 1898. His wife, who bore the maiden name of Maria Louisa Henriod, was born in England about 1830, and to her and her husband were born: John Henry; Isabella Mary and Catharine E., of Toronto; Edward William, whose sketch appears elsewhere in this volume; Robert Arthur; Joseph George and Alfred, of Duluth; and Frank, who died young.

Robert Arthur Scarlett was educated in his native place and in Toronto, completing both his literary and commercial work in the latter place. He has been connected with the grain business since the close of his school life, in 1880 entering the office of George A. Chapman & Co., grain dealers, as bookkeeper. He held that position until 1900, when he engaged in the business on his own account, dealing in all kinds of Ontario grains. Mr. Scarlett has been fairly successful in his business venture.

In 1891 Mr. Scarlett was married to Frances Eleanor Worthy, who was born on the Humber, daughter of Frank C. Worthy, and a member of an early settled York County family. To this union there have come the following children, all born in Toronto; Robert H., Francis, Arthur Gordon, Ernest Stanley, and Ethelwyn Frances. Mr. and Mrs. Scarlett are members of the English Church. In politics he is a Conservative and he is fraternally connected with the A.O.U.W.

HENRY A. KNOWLES, who passed away in Toronto in 1895, was one of the old established druggists of that city, where he was in business for nearly thirty years. He was born in Guelph, Ont., in 1839.

The founder of the family in Canada was the father of Henry A., who although of English ancestry, was a resident of Ireland previous to his emigration to Canada. He settled near Guelph on a farm which he operated for many years, but after the death of his wife, he went to live with a daughter at Richmond Hill, and there died. His remains were buried in Toronto in the Necropolis cemetery. Two of his sons, Henry A. and William, became well-known business men in Toronto.

Henry A. Knowles was educated in the public schools of Guelph, and after completing his studies he began to learn the drug business. In the early sixties he was ready to open a pharmacy on his own account, and going to Toronto, established himself on Yonge street, between Wood and Carlton. He never moved to another location, but continued there through the whole of his active business career. He sold out in 1894, and from that time until his death the following year he lived free from business responsibilities. His death occurred at his home No. 598 Church street, and a widow and five children survived him. Mr. Knowles was very successful in business, a capable man of affairs, and one whose many fine traits of character commanded the esteem of all with whom he had association. His death came while he was still in the full possession of his powers and with apparently many years before him.

Mr. Knowles married into a well-known family of Richmond Hill, the Playters, who were among the earliest settlers of Muddy York (now Toronto). The line of descent to Mrs. Knowles is as follows:

(I.) Capt. George Playter, of English birth and ancestry settled in Muddy York, where he owned a tract bounded by the river Don and the present streets, Queen, Bloor and Yonge.

(II.) James Playter married Miss Hannah Miles, daughter of a pioneer of Richmond Hill.

(III.) Capt. James Playter was born in County York. He was for many years extensively engaged in farming and the manufacture of lumber at Richmond Hill, and also dealt in lumber in Toronto. A few years before his death he moved to Thornhill, where he passed away. His wife, Rebecca (Langstaff) Playter, died at Thornhill. They had a large family: Nelson James, of the United States; Agnes, deceased; Caroline; Mary M., Mrs. Knowles, born in Richmond Hill in 1845; Wellington Robert, of the United States; Edgar, of Toronto; Arthur and Thomas, both deceased. By an earlier marriage to Miss Agnes Widdifield, Capt. Playter also had three sons: Charles, of Toronto; Henry, of the United States; and Dr. Edward, of Toronto. The first Mrs. Playter was an aunt of Sheriff Widdifield, of County York.

Henry A. Knowles and Mary M. Playter were married in 1869. Of the children born to this union five reached maturity, namely: Bertha, Mrs. Arthur Vandecarr; Ethel, wife of Dr. Carrigue; Herbert, of Winnipeg; Irene; and Norman. Mr. Knowles was a devout member of the Church of England and his wife and family adhere to that faith also.

ARTHUR W. ELLIS, D.D.S., is located in comfortable offices in rooms 1501-1502 Traders Bank Building, Toronto.

MEDCALF. For the head of a large business enterprise to give the time required for definite public service to his city during a number of years, bespeaks true patriotism and citizenship of a high order. For such service the name of Medcalf has long been honored in Toronto, where two generations have given liberally to the city of their time and talents, and have lent the weight of their experience and sound judgment to the problem of directing its important departments of work.

The Medcalfs are of Irish extraction, and the first to settle in Canada was William, who came from Ireland at an early day, and purchased from Col. George Talbot, 200 acres of land on the Otter river along the Talbot road, Lot 2, 5th Concession, of Bayham township, County of

Elgin, and clearing a farm settled down there for the rest of his life. The maiden name of his wife was Martha Medcalf, and she bore her husband eight children: William, Theophilus, Edward, Francis H., Henry, and three daughters who married and lived in the immediate neighborhood until the time of their respective deaths.

Francis Henry Medcalf was born in Delgany, County Wicklow, Ireland, in 1803, and during his boyhood was brought by his father to Canada, and there grew to manhood. On reaching his majority he went to Pennsylvania, U.S.A., and there he met and married Miss Mary Harrison, born in Burnley, Lancashire, England, in 1805, daughter of John Isherwood Harrison. After his marriage Mr. Medcalf remained for a time in the United States, and in 1839, left Pennsylvania, and moved back to Canada, settling in Toronto. He engaged in the foundry and machine business, one of the pioneers in that line in the city, and was first established on Queen street east, between Yonge and Victoria streets. After conducting this foundry for some time Mr. Medcalf built a second one and third at the Don, known as the Don Foundry and Machine Shops (both of which were burned down), building threshing machines, steam engines, grist and sawmills, and later he purchased another adjoining on King street from Mr. William Hamilton. The Don foundry remained in Mr. Medcalf's control for a number of years until he retired from active business life, when it was turned over to his son Alfred. Mr. Medcalf was very unfortunate in having had his foundry and machine shop burn down five times, and in having insurance in only the last two fires.

Besides being prominent in the financial world of Toronto, Mr. Medcalf was also a leader in municipal affairs. He served in the city council for more than twenty years, and represented the wards of St. David, St. Lawrence and St. John. So fully did he gain the confidence of his constituents that he was offered the higher honor of the mayoralty and filled that office during the years 1864-1866, inclusive, and again in 1874 and 1875, discharging the onerous responsibilities with great credit to himself and to the satisfaction of his fellow-citizens. He also represented the city as Mayor at the Lord Mayor's banquet held in Guildhall, London, England, July 29, 1875. Mr. Medcalf was always a staunch advocate of Conservative principles and worked with that party. He belonged to the Church of England, and was connected fraternally with the Masons and the Orangemen.

The children born to Francis Henry and Mary Medcalf were as follows: William, of Philadel-

phia; Edward; Alfred; Henry H., deceased, who was brought up in the machine business; Sarah Jane, residing in Philadelphia; and Mary E., of Toronto. In 1880 occurred the death of Mr. Medcalf, in his seventy-seventh year, an event widely regretted in the city, where his influence and effort had ever been spent in promoting its best welfare. His wife died April 15, 1905, in her ninety-fifth year. Edward and Mary E. still reside in the homestead.

EDWARD MEDCALF was born in Philadelphia in 1839, but in early childhood was taken by his parents to Toronto, and there grew up and was educated. When he became of age he went into the foundry business in connection with his brother Alfred and was engaged in operating the Don foundry until it burned in 1879. The following two years—1878 and 1879—he spent in Winnipeg, but at the end of that time on account of his father's sickness, he returned to Toronto and has ever since made his home there, retired from active business life. Edward Medcalf is, like his father, a strong Conservative, and for a number of years held office as one of the city assessors, but otherwise has taken no individual part in the direction of municipal politics. He is a veteran of the Fenian Raid, having served under Capt. McMaster on the gun boat on Lake Erie. He belongs to the Orangemen, and the Black Institution, and is a Chapter Mason. His church connection is with Trinity Church. Mr. Medcalf is a worthy representative of his family, and is highly esteemed in the city with which he has been so long identified.

ALFRED MEDCALF was born in Toronto in 1841, and received his education in the Park and Model schools of that city. On reaching his majority he went into his father's business, for which he developed marked capacity, and to which in time he succeeded, continuing to operate until his death in 1888. His business interests deterred him from taking an active part in public life as his father had done, and prevented his accepting the nomination of his party for alderman and again for mayor, but yet he gave generously of his time and talent both and was ever prompt to further all movements for the public good, so far as lay in his power. For nine years he acted as city assessor, and, as has been mentioned, was for some years school trustee. A special sphere in which he was particularly interested was temperance work, which he did much to advance. He was essentially the best type of citizen, and in his untimely death Toronto suffered a great loss. His personal integrity, his comprehensive grasp of affairs, and his successful conduct of his own business in-

terests raised him to a position of prominence and made him one of Toronto's most esteemed and trusted men.

Mr. Alfred Medcalf chose as his companion through life Miss Elizabeth Thompson, and their union was solemnized in 1867. Mrs. Medcalf is a native of Toronto, born in 1845, on the present site of the city Hall, and was a daughter of William and Fannie (Brotchie) Thompson. Mr. and Mrs. Medcalf became the parents of six children: The two oldest, twins, died in infancy. Minnie V. is deceased. Francis Henry, of Toronto, married Miss Elizabeth Hillock and has two children, Francis H. and Margaret. Duncan Milloy, of Toronto, married Miss Ella Clements, and is the father of a son, Lloyd, and a daughter. Alfred Edward, also of Toronto, previously resided in British Columbia for a few years; in 1904 he married Miss Alice Maud Hewetson, and has a son, Alfred E. Mrs. Medcalf, who continues to make her home in Toronto, is a member of the Methodist Church, and has brought her children up in that faith.

WILLIAM THOMPSON, father of Mrs. Elizabeth Medcalf, and his wife, were both born in 1802, in Scotland, and died in Toronto, he in 1849, and she in 1897. They came to Toronto, and Mr. Thompson for some time engaged in the foundry business there, but later became interested in the Str. "Sovereign," between Toronto and Niagara. Mrs. Thompson bore her husband the following children: Euphemia, widow of the late Capt. Duncan Milloy; Annie, deceased wife of Capt. Matthew Watts, of Collingwood; Matilda, who died aged eighteen; Minnie, deceased wife of George Brotchie; William, whose death occurred at the age of thirty-three; Jennie Malcolmson, wife of John Shannesy, of Toronto; Elizabeth, Mrs. A. Medcalf; and Susie, who lived only two years. The paternal grandmother of Mrs. Medcalf was Jane (Mowat) Thompson, a relative of the late Sir Oliver Mowat.

JAMES AUGUSTUS AUSTIN, who died in the County of Peel, Ont., May 4, 1900, was born in that county in 1835, son of James and Eleanor (Aikins) Austin.

The Austins were of Irish extraction, and the family was founded in Canada by the grandfather of our subject, who came from Virginia to Canada, where his son, our subject's father, was a farmer. The latter died in Toronto township, where he had spent all of his life.

James A. Austin was educated in Victoria College, Toronto, and after remaining for a short time on his father's farm, to which he later succeeded, he was appointed registrar of the Surrogate court, clerk of the County court and registrar for the County of Peel. These positions

he held up to the time of his death, and during his thirty-three years of public service Mr. Austin attended every session of court up to the time of his last illness. In politics he was an ardent Reformer.

Mr. Austin married Susan Graham, daughter of Joseph and Ann (Brown) Graham. Joseph Graham was born in Ireland, son of Thomas Graham, a pioneer of the County of Peel, in whose honor Grahamsville was named. Before coming to Canada Thomas Graham was a contractor in New York City, but being a loyal Britisher he could not tolerate the action of the American Colonies toward the mother country, and therefore settled in Canada as a U. E. Loyalist. Joseph Graham was twelve years old when his father settled in Canada. Those were pioneer days, and the farmers were obliged to carry their grain on horseback for several miles to get it ground, and these journeys were attended with constant danger, as the woods at that time were inhabited by wolves and bears. Joseph Graham followed farming many years in County Peel, but retired from active life some time prior to his death. In politics he was a Reformer. His religious connections were with the Methodist Church in whose faith he died.

To Mr. and Mrs. Austin the following children were born: Dr. J. H., for some time an eminent medical practitioner of El Paso, Texas; Eleanor, at home; Arthur G., of Calgary, Northwest Territory; and Carrie Isabelle, of Toronto. The family are members of the Methodist Church.

JOHN PETERS, for many years a prosperous business man, died at Hastings, Ont., in 1890. He was born in Perth, Ont., in 1849, son of Charles and Ellen (Mark) Peters, natives of Ireland, and the founders of the family in Canada. They settled in Perth, where Mr. Peters followed farming for some time, and later removed to Perry, where both he and his wife died.

John Peters was educated in the schools of his native locality, and on reaching his majority engaged in a mercantile business at Hastings, in which he continued successfully until his death. Mr. Peters married Miss Annie Rose, daughter of Hugh and Barbara S. Rose, natives of Scotland, where Mrs. Peters was born. The family came to Canada in 1855, settling at Brantford, where Mr. Rose followed a blacksmithing business, and later removed to Hastings, where Mrs. Peters' parents died.

Mr. and Mrs. John Peters had a family of nine children, as follows: John R., Barbara Helen, Lillie, Annie, Mary, Jean, Gordon, Fred and Grace. Mr. Peters was a member of the

Presbyterian Church, to which faith Mrs. Peters and her family also adhere. In his political views he was a Conservative, and always supported staunchly the principles of that party. In his death Ontario lost one of her best citizens.

JOHN HODGSON, who died in Toronto in 1894, was born in England in 1845, son of William and Agnes (Mason) Hodgson. William Hodgson came to Canada in connection with the Great Western Railway, as an employee for a number of years. He settled in Hamilton, but later removed to Burlington, where both he and his wife died.

John Hodgson was but seven years old when brought to Canada by his parents in 1852. He was educated in Hamilton, and for a time was on the Grand Trunk Railway, later settling in Toronto, where he learned stationary engineering, at which he worked for many years. He was one of the original promoters of the Stationary Engineers' Association, and did much to bring that order to its present standing as an organization. In Hamilton, Mr. Hodgson married Catherine Maine, daughter of Frank and Catherine (Heaney) Maine. Mr. Maine was born in Dublin, Ireland, and his wife in Limerick, daughter of James Heaney, an early settler of Hamilton, where he died. Frank Maine settled in Toronto when it was known as Muddy York, and followed his trade, that of carpenter, for some time. He then went to Hamilton and continued the same business until his death. He and his wife are buried in Toronto. Their children were: Mrs. Hodgson; Charlotte, deceased; James, deceased; John, deceased; Mrs. William Moran; and Mrs. E. Elliott.

Mr. and Mrs. Hodgson had seven children, namely, William, Frank, Ned, Reuben, Agnes, Annie and Gertie. Mr. Hodgson was a member of the Church of England. Fraternally he was connected with the Masonic order.

SOLOMON LOSSING BURGESS, who died at Burgessville, Ont., Dec. 14, 1899, was born at that place in 1855, son of Edwin and Annie Maria (Lossing) Burgess. Edwin Burgess came from the United States to Canada, settling at what is now Burgessville. This place he founded and was the town's first postmaster, first magistrate, and first village agent, holding the first and last mentioned positions until his death. He also owned a valuable farm near the village. His wife was a daughter of Solomon Lossing, a pioneer settler near Burgessville, and the founder of the Lossing family in Canada. Edwin Burgess and his wife both passed away in Burgessville.

Solomon Lossing Burgess married Miss Maria Morris, born at Delhi, Ont., daughter of Robert and Johanna (Geddes) Morris, the former born at Grimsby, Ont., son of George Morris, the first of the family in Canada, and a pioneer of Bowmanville, where he worked as a saddler. Robert Morris, father of Mrs. Burgess, was for many years in the harness business, and he and his wife died at Burgessville.

After marriage Mr. and Mrs. Burgess settled in South Dakota, U.S.A., where Mr. Burgess engaged in farming for twelve years. He then returned to Burgessville, and purchasing the old homestead, lived there the remainder of his life. He left three children, Boswell, Annie and John. The family are Methodists. Mr. Burgess was a Reformer. Fraternally he was connected with the I.O.O.F., the A.O.U.W., and the Masonic order. In 1904 Mrs. Burgess sold her property and purchased her home at No. 36 Breadalbane street, Toronto, and here she has since resided.

HARRY ELLIS, a prominent undertaker and funeral director at No. 333 College street, Toronto, is a native of England, born in Woolwich, County Kent, Nov. 17, 1868, son of James W. and Sarah (Perkins) Ellis.

The parents of Mr. Ellis, also natives of England, came from that country to Canada in 1869, via Quebec, on the ship "Simoon," and settled in Toronto, where Mr. Ellis engaged as a grocer. Shortly afterward he entered the employ of H. E. Clark & Co., manufacturers, for which firm he travelled for some thirty years. He died at his home on Bathurst street, in 1899, his widow surviving him.

Harry Ellis, the only child of his parents, was educated in the public schools of Toronto, and when a young man learned the undertaking business, in which he has been engaged for eighteen years. He started in a very humble way, with one wagon, but his business has grown rapidly, and he now employs ten fine teams. In 1905 Mr. Ellis added ambulance work to that of undertaking, and this now forms an important part of his business.

In 1889 Mr. Ellis was married to Miss Bertha M. Cook, born at Mildmay, Ont., daughter of Richard Cook, who came from England, and settled as a farmer near Guelph. To Mr. and Mrs. Ellis have been born three children: Albert, born in September, 1890, is a student in the Collegiate Institute; Edward E., born in March, 1894, is a student in the Model school; and Mabel C., who died in childhood.

Religiously Mr. and Mrs. Ellis are members of the Baptist Church. In politics he is independent. He is a life member of the Masonic order in this city; past president of the Sons of

England; and a member of the Orangemen, the Ancient Order of Foresters, and the Home Circle. He owns his own home and establishment at Nos. 331 and 333 College street, and other valuable real estate in the city.

THOMAS SAWDEN, a well-known citizen and prominent brick manufacturer of Toronto, is one of that city's self-made men. Born in Yorkshire, England, in July, 1839, he was left an orphan when a mere child, both father and mother dying prior to his earliest recollection.

Mr. Sawden lived in his native country until eight years old, and then, coming to Toronto in 1847, soon secured work in the brick-yards of Smith & Cook. When John Jones purchased this business Mr. Sawden continued with the latter gentleman for a time, and then took the position of setter and brick burner for Mr. Wintercabin, a capacity in which he continued for four years. He then formed a partnership with Thomas Mitchell in the brick making business, this continuing for three years, when Mr. Sawden purchased his partner's interests. In 1886 he purchased another yard, which he conducted for some time, and then leased of John Russell for eleven years. Mr. Sawden next purchased seven acres of brick clay land on Leslie street, which he has successfully conducted to the present time. Mr. Sawden has been long a resident of Queen street east, purchasing in 1870 property in the vicinity of Nos. 1381-85 on that thoroughfare. In 1890 he built a brick residence at the first number, and there lived for fourteen years, when he sold out to locate at his present home, No. 1385. He has built other residential property in the city, and in this enterprise, like in all he has undertaken, he has been very successful. Mr. Sawden never had the advantages of a school education, and he consequently believes that there should be more schools and a better chance for the young to acquire learning. Although his sons are now carrying on the business, Mr. Sawden says that he feels like being at his place of business, ready to do what he feels like, yet able to stop when tired, and consequently nearly every morning at seven o'clock he is at the brick yard, working with the rest until twelve, when he takes his dinner hour, and then works until six o'clock. He believes that a man lives longer and feels better if he has something to take up his time and attention.

Mr. Sawden has been twice married, his first wife having been Hannah Moffatt, who died leaving these children: Mary, the wife of William Munshaw; Charles, who is engaged in the brick making business in Toronto, married Miss Bennett; Thomas, Jr., also in the brickmaking

business, who married Sarah Pickens; and Hannah, at home. Mr. Sawden married (second) Miss Margaret Gray. Mr. Sawden and his family are members of the English Church. In politics he is a Conservative.

Mr. Sawden, while being a very successful business man, has also found time to engage in recreation, and is one of the best shots in the Dominion, as the many valuable prizes won by him will bear evidence. One prize which always attracts the attention of the visitor at the Sawden home, is a valuable silver water set, the worth of which is about \$100. This is only one of the many fine prizes, however, which have been won by Mr. Sawden, some of which he has given to his children, who prize them not only as a gift from their parent, but as a proof of his remarkable marksmanship. Mr. Sawden is a popular member of the Stanley Gun Club.

CAPT. JOHN QUICK, who died in Toronto, March 4, 1902, was born in Canada in 1831, son of Capt. William Quick, born in New York State.

Capt. William Quick grew to manhood in the place of his nativity, and when still a young man came to Canada, but soon thereafter returned to the United States and for a number of years sailed the lakes. He owned several boats, and was one of the best known lake captains. Later he came to Canada again, settling at Brighton, where he owned a nice property, also owning at one time property in Toronto, which, however, he sold over fifty years ago. Captain Quick married Miss Charlotte Van Horn, daughter of John Van Horn, and granddaughter of William Van Horn, and to this union were born two sons: Capt. John; and Capt. Orin, now deceased, who was also a vessel owner in the United States.

Capt. John Quick was educated in Oswego, New York, and when a lad of but eleven years began taking trips with his father on the lakes. He grew up on the water, and at the age of seventeen was the captain of a vessel, following the lakes for many years. During his life he owned three vessels. In 1888 he settled in Toronto, at No. 102 John street, and there he lived retired until his death, with the exception of two seasons spent on the upper lakes. He also owned property in Brighton.

Captain Quick married Mary E. Kitlin, born in 1838, daughter of Norman and Luey (Kimp) Kitlin, the former a native of Albany, New York. To this union were born the following children: Wesley A., born in Oswego, New York, who now resides at Brighton, married Frances Pyrtle, and has eight children; Elizabeth A.; Charlotte, who married and has five

children; William J., who married and has two children; Mary B., the wife of Dr. Johnson, of Detroit, and mother of one son; Albert, who married Lillie Gallinger, and has one son, Allan John C. Captain Quick was a member of the Methodist Church. In politics he was a Reformer. Mrs. Quick resides at the John street home.

Mrs. Luey (Kimp) Kitlin was born in Kingston, daughter of John Kimp, a well-known citizen of that place, who served as a captain during the Rebellion of 1837-38.

MICHAEL MOYNIHAN, whose death occurred at his late residence, No. 99 Bellwoods avenue, Toronto, Sept. 19, 1902, was well known in that city, where he had a host of friends. He was born in County Cork, Ireland, in 1834, son of John Moynihan, a farmer of that county.

Michael Moynihan grew to manhood on his father's farm, forming habits of industry and integrity which clung to him in the after years of his life. In 1884 he came to Canada, and became the owner of property, which he later sold to purchase his Bellwoods avenue property. He was a good business man, and fair and honest in all of his dealings, was a worthy citizen, and a true friend. Mr. Moynihan enjoyed the confidence and esteem of the community in which he resided, where his neighbors recognized and appreciated his many sterling traits of character.

In Ireland, Mr. Moynihan married Nora O'Shea, who was born in County Cork, Ireland, in 1845. To this union were born children as follows: Cornelius, of Toronto; Miss Ellen; T. Edward; Michael; and Dennis.

Mr. Moynihan was a faithful and consistent attendant of the Roman Catholic Church and his widow and children also adhere to that faith. In politics he was a Conservative, but aside from a natural interest in the success of his party's candidates, took no part in political matters.

CAPT. PETER DAVIES, who, at the time of his death, July 22, 1888, was one of the oldest captains of the Great Lakes, was born in Wales in 1812, a son of Morris and Mary (Thomas) Davies, farmers of that country, where they died.

In his native land Capt. Peter Davies grew to manhood and for some time sailed the salt water. In 1845 his vessel was driven ashore in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and Captain Davies came on to Hamilton, to visit his brother, Capt. Joseph Davies, never returning thereafter to his native land. On coming to Canada our subject began sailing with his brother, and remained with him one season, at the end of which

time he became master of a vessel himself, and from that time until 1884 remained as such with the exception of, one season, in all some thirty-six or thirty-seven years. During this more than a third of a century of lake-faring life, Captain Davies sailed from Montreal to Chicago, and to intermediate points.

In 1848, in Hamilton, Ont., Captain Davies married Miss Emma Burrows, born in Suffolk, England, in 1827, daughter of William and Emma (Pratt) Burrows, natives of England. He was a son of John and Mary (Randall) Burrows, and she a daughter of William and Ann Pratt, all of whom died in England. In 1837 William Burrows came to Canada, settling at Barton, near Hamilton, where he farmed for a few years, then going to Lambeth, where he continued farming, and there his wife died. He died in the home of his daughter, Mrs. Davies, in Hamilton. They were members of the Methodist Church. Their ten children were as follows: Mary, Ann and William, deceased; Mrs. Davies; Robert, of Mt. Forest; Ellen, the widow of Edward Markle; John; James; Maria Jane; and Eliza Ann, deceased.

To Captain and Mrs. Davies were born the following children: James Morris, of Grand Rapids, Mich., who married Sarah Mason, and had five children, Ida Louise, Nettie May, Peter H., Alice and Harold Edwin; Joseph R., deceased; Maria, the widow of Dr. McKendra Best, of Jackson, Mich., and mother of one daughter, Leila; Leila Augusta, the wife of Emil W. Klotz, of Toronto, and mother of two children, Herbert N. and Emma Wilhelmine (with whom Mrs. Davies has resided since the death of her husband).

Captain Davies was an attendant of the Baptist Church, of which Mrs. Davies is a member. In politics he was connected with the Conservative party.

JAMES O'HARA, who died in 1875, was for many years connected with the Great Western Railway, both in the construction work, and in later years as an engineer. He was born in the State of Vermont, in 1832, son of Oliver O'Hara, who emigrated to that State from Ireland, and there died.

James O'Hara came to Canada at the time of the building of the Great Western Railway, and for some time was foreman on the construction of the road. Later he became foreman for the late Mr. Gzowski, on construction work, and then became an engineer on the road, running between Toronto and Sarnia. Mr. O'Hara married Sophia Lawrason, daughter of John and A. (Simons) Lawrason, natives of Canada, he born in 1793, son of Miller Lawrason, an United

Empire Loyalist, and the founder of the family in Canada. His wife was a Miss Purvis, of Dumfries, Scotland, who with her father came to Flamborough, Ont., many years ago. Miller Lawrason settled in Dumfries, Ont., and there both he and his wife died. John Lawrason, father of Mrs. O'Hara, settled as a farmer in Dumfries, Ont., where he died in 1865, being seventy-two years old. He served in the war of 1812. John Lawrason had these children: Purvis; Lucinda; Rachel, who married a Mr. Wilson; Margaret, who married a Mr. Kenney; John, deceased; Amelia; Titus; Mrs. O'Hara; and Miller. The parents of these children were members of the Methodist Church.

To Mr. and Mrs. O'Hara were born these children: Addie Alice, in the millinery business in Toronto; Walter, who married Minnie Bean, and has one daughter, Beryl; and Gertrude, the wife of George R. Burt, of Toronto, and mother of two children, Georgie E. and Gertrude. Mrs. O'Hara is a member of the Methodist Church.

WILLIAM BURGESS, who died in Port Elgin, was born in Scotland, son of John Burgess.

John Burgess came from Scotland, the first of his family in Canada, and settled in County York prior to the Rebellion of 1837. There he spent the remainder of his life, engaged in farming.

William Burgess first engaged in farming in County York, and then removed to County Oxford, and there carried on farming for some time, also owning a sawmill. Later Mr. Burgess settled at Port Elgin, where he continued until his death. Mr. Burgess was twice married, his first wife being Elizabeth Watt, by whom he had children as follows: Isabella, Mrs. William Currie; John; William; Agnes; David; Margaret; Annie; and Thomas. Mr. Burgess' second marriage was to Miss Margaret Cruickshank, who was born in Scotland, daughter of William and Ann (Calder) Cruickshank, who came to Canada in 1849, settling in County Bruce, where he followed farming, and where both died. Mr. Cruickshank cleared a farm from the bush in Arran township, County Bruce, and Mrs. Burgess vividly recalls the early days in the timber, when she assisted the other children in planting potatoes, pulling out and burning brush, and performing other duties of those pioneer days. The children born to Mr. and Mrs. Burgess were: Robert M., of Winnipeg, and Miss Ella, at home. Mrs. Burgess came to Toronto in 1902, and here she has since resided. Mr. Burgess was a member of the Presbyterian Church, in which he served as an elder. In poli-

tics he was a Reformer, and for some time served as justice of the peace.

DUGALD McLEAN, whose death occurred at his late residence, No. 702 Euclid avenue, Toronto, in 1904, was born in Argyllshire, Scotland, in 1830, son of Donald and Mary (Mitchell) McLean, natives of Scotland.

Dugald McLean founded the family in Canada, locating in King township, County York, in 1855, and resided there for one year. He then went to Reach township, County Ontario, and after a short residence there, removed to Verulam township, County Victoria, where he purchased a farm upon which he lived for seventeen years. Mr. McLean then sold out his farm and settled in Woodville, there living retired for sixteen years. He then came to Toronto, and settled on Euclid avenue in December, 1902, where he lived until his death. In Reach township Mr. McLean married Miss Margaret Brown, born in Glasgow in 1842, daughter of John and Mary (McNair) Brown, both of whom were born in Scotland, the former in 1814, and the latter in 1813. Mr. and Mrs. Brown came to Canada in 1842, settling in Vaughan township, County York, and later in Reach township, County Ontario, where they purchased a farm and died, he in 1850, aged thirty-six years, and she in January, 1904, aged ninety years. Her father was Duncan McNair, born in 1776, who also settled in Vaughan township, where he died in 1851, while his wife, Flora McLean, born in Scotland in 1778, died in Reach township, County Ontario, in 1867, aged eighty-nine years.

The children born to Mr. and Mrs. McLean were: Donald, of Toronto, who married Miss Eilen Vanloan, and has two children: Jean and Grace; Flora; John, of the United States, who married Lettie Turner, and has one child, Gladys; Maggie, who was a teacher, is the wife of Simpson Brentnell of the Northwest, and has two children, Leola and Fern; Mary, who was also a teacher, is the wife of Wesley Gill, of Pickering, County Ontario; James, of Toronto; Robert, of Vancouver; and Barbara, at home. Mr. McLean was a member of the Presbyterian Church, in which he was an elder for seventeen years. In politics he was a Reformer.

CHARLES ALVIN SCHILLER, a merchant of Cooksville, Ont., died in that, his native city. He was a son of David and Lucinda (Miller) Schiller, the former a shipbuilder by trade, and a very clever mechanic, being able to turn his hand to almost anything to be built from wood. David Schiller died in Cooksville, but his widow is still living.

Charles A. Schiller was educated at Cooksville, and, after spending a short time in the United States, he returned to Canada, and for some time travelled for a Toronto firm, after which he engaged in a general mercantile business at Cooksville, continuing therein until his death, and also serving as postmaster for some time. After her husband's death Mrs. Schiller continued the business for about ten years, when she sold out and removed to Toronto.

Mrs. Schiller's maiden name was Mary Sinclair, and she was the daughter of Donald and Jane (Shand) Sinclair, both born in Scotland. On coming to Canada Mr. and Mrs. Sinclair settled at Brampton, near where Mr. Sinclair engaged in farming until his death. He was a son of James and Catherine Sinclair, who settled in County Peel at an early date. Jane Shand, mother of Mrs. Schiller, was the daughter of Robert Shand, a millwright, blacksmith and carriage maker of County Halton. The Sinclairs, Shands and Schillers were all early settlers of the country, and Mrs. Schiller's father would often relate how he carried wheat on his back, through the woods to the Lambton Mills, to be ground, returning with the flour in the same manner. Mrs. Schiller's brother operated the stage line between Cooksville and Toronto in the days prior to railways, when the woods were inhabited by bears and wolves, which at times made travel very unpleasant.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Alvin Schiller had these children: Donald D., who married Susie Bell, and has two sons; Charles A., of the United States; Sarah Eliza, the wife of Robert Schiller; John George, of the United States; Beaumont Dixie; and William J. In his religious belief Mr. Schiller was a Presbyterian, and in political faith a Conservative. He was connected fraternally with the Masons and the A.O.U.W.

LUKE BEALE LOFT, for many years a resident of Toronto, passed away in Toronto in 1875. He was born in Leeds, England, in 1837, son of George C. and Mary (Beale) Loft, natives of that country, where they died.

Mr. Loft grew to manhood in his native country, and there received his education. He came to Canada in 1859, settling in Toronto, and was for some time bookkeeper and agent for the Copland Brewing Company. He was also a merchant for a time at Meaford, Ont. Mr. Loft and Miss Ann Jane Wamsley were united in marriage. Mrs. Loft was born in Deer Park, County York, daughter of John and Mary (Cunningham) Wamsley, the former a native of England, and the latter of New York State. John Wamsley was a pioneer of County York, settling there when Yonge

street was but a cowpath. Here he engaged in the pottery business for many years, and was one of the first to engage in that line in this section of the country. His children, who were living in 1905, were: James, of Eglinton; Thomas, of Deer Park; Mrs. Loft; and another married daughter.

The children born to Mr. and Mrs. Loft were as follows: Alice, Emma, Richard and Annie. In 1904 Mrs. Loft built her home at No. 18 Woodlawn avenue, where with her daughters she now resides. The family are members of the Methodist Church.

JOHN JAMES COWAN, who died in Toronto in 1901, was for many years one of the well-known business men of the city. He was born in Schenectady, New York, in 1841, son of James Cowan, a native of Ireland, and the founder of the family in Canada, who lived for a time in County Durham, and then moved to Pennsylvania, where he died; his wife died in New York State.

John James Cowan began his business career as a general merchant at Bailieboro, and after some time spent at this place went to Bethany, where he continued the mercantile business until 1880. In this year Mr. Cowan located in Toronto, and engaged in the wholesale fancy goods business with a Mr. Dunn, the firm name being Dunn & Cowan, and later embarked in the business alone, continuing therein for some time. During the latter part of his business life, Mr. Cowan was associated with Mr. T. E. Braime.

Mr. Cowan was married to Miss Frances Clemerha, daughter of John and Ann (Sellers) Clemerha, natives of Yorkshire, England, who came to Canada about 1845, settling at Bloomfield, now Bailieboro, where Mr. Clemerha followed the occupation of a druggist. They later removed to Port Hope, where Mr. Clemerha died. To Mr. and Mrs. Cowan were born three children, Mabel, Daisy and Romaine. Mr. Cowan was a consistent member of the Church of England, to which faith Mrs. Cowan also adheres. In politics he was a Reformer, and although not an office-seeker, always took a great interest in the success of his party. Mrs. Cowan's present home, No. 202 Crawford street, Toronto, was purchased in 1887, and there she and her daughters now reside.

JAMES DEMPSTER, one of Toronto's representative citizens, died in the Queen City in 1885. Mr. Dempster was a native of County Downs, Ireland, born in 1838, son of Hugh and Jane Dempster, who were both natives of the same county.

James Dempster grew to manhood in his nat-

ive country, and received his education there. He learned the building business, which he followed for a time, and in April, 1874, came to Canada, settling in Toronto, where he continued in the same business until his death. In Ireland, Mr. Dempster married Mary McKay, born in County Antrim, Ireland, daughter of Robert and Martha (Gillen) McKay, and to this union were born the following children: Robert, of Toronto, who married Sarah Sullivan, and had children, James, Robert, Maggie and Julia; Hugh, of Winnipeg, who married Alice Moore, and had children, William, Albert; Martha, the wife of Arthur Valiant, of the North-West; Isabelle; James, of Toronto, who married, and has one daughter, Gladys; Minnie; and George F., deceased. The family are members of the Presbyterian Church. In politics Mr. Dempster was a Conservative. He was connected with the Orangemen.

Mrs. Dempster, in 1889, engaged in the dry goods business on Major street, but the same year removed the business to No. 826 Bathurst street, where she has continued successfully ever since.

JACOB WILSON, who died in Toronto, in January, 1904, was born at Cobourg in 1845, son of Joseph and Sarah (Graham) Wilson, the former born in Donegal, Ireland, in 1808, died in Cobourg in 1848, and the latter born in Dublin in 1814, died May 26, 1887. They were early settlers in Cobourg, where Mr. Wilson was engaged in the contracting business. Their children were: Eliza Jane, deceased; Joseph, who died May 21, 1853, aged twenty-three years; Maria, who died May 26, 1899, aged sixty-three years; Keziah; Isaac; and Jacob.

Jacob Wilson was educated in Cobourg, and there began his business life. About 1870 he engaged with Messrs. Sinclair, Jaek & Co., as a commercial traveller, and after the change in the firm he continued with Jaek & Co. until the death of Mr. Jaek, when he became a member of the firm of Tees, Cartigan & Wilson, Mr. Wilson continuing the commercial work. In 1894 Mr. Wilson retired from the road and became a tea broker at No. 48 Front street, in which he continued until his death, the business now being carried on by his son. It has been said of Mr. Wilson that he was one of the best judges of tea in Ontario. During his career as a commercial salesman he visited the Maritime Provinces, the North-West and British Columbia, and was well acquainted with the leading business houses of the Dominion.

In 1872 Mr. Wilson married Miss Lillie Ross, born in Belleville, daughter of James and Isabel (Ketcheson) Ross, natives of Belleville. For

many years Mr. Ross was in the lumber business in Belleville, and was a leading citizen of that place. He was a son of William Ross, who founded the family in Canada, and his wife was a daughter of Col. Elijah Ketcheson, who served in the Rebellion of 1837-38. The children of James Ross and his wife are as follows: Augusta; Lillie, Mrs. Wilson; William, deceased; Alicia; James; Walter; Caroline and Phoebe.

To Mr. and Mrs. Wilson three sons and three daughters were born: Thomas A., of Toronto, a commercial traveller; Alfred, deceased; Lillie; Mary; Joseph, who carries on his father's business; and Edith. Mr. Wilson was a Methodist. In politics he was connected with the Conservative party.

WILLIAM FARRELL, who died in Toronto May 21, 1898, was for many years a well-known business man of that city, where he was born in March, 1854. His parents, John and Ann Farrell, were both natives of Ireland, and early settlers of Toronto, where they died. John Farrell was employed by the city.

William Farrell was educated in Toronto, and on attaining his majority engaged in the retail meat trade, in which he continued for some time. He then entered into the wholesale field, and following this line of business until his death, was very successful and very well known, not only in Toronto, but in the surrounding country as well.

In 1877 Mr. Farrell married Miss Elizabeth Jane Bulmer, who was born in Toronto, daughter of Isaac and Mary (Boyle) Bulmer. Isaac Bulmer was born in Yorkshire, England, in 1833, and died in Toronto in 1879. He came to Toronto when about seventeen years of age, and engaged in the tile manufacturing business, in which he continued for a great many years. His wife, Mary (Boyle), was born in the County of York in 1830, daughter of an early pioneer of the county, and died in 1905. To Mr. and Mrs. Farrell were born seven sons and one daughter: William G., of Toronto; Francis Henry, of Toronto, married to Lily Smith; John; Angus; Laura; Charles; Joseph and James.

Mr. Farrell was a member of the Methodist Church, while Mrs. Farrell is connected with the Church of England. In politics he was a Conservative. In 1889 Mr. Farrell erected the residence at No. 741 Euclid avenue, Toronto, where Mrs. Farrell and the family now reside.

JOSEPH HAZELTON. One of the best known and highly esteemed citizens of Toronto was the late Joseph Hazelton, who passed away at his residence on Cumberland street, Feb. 16, 1905. Mr. Hazelton was born in County Ty-

rone, Ireland, in 1823, son of Robert and Martha Hazelton, the former of whom died in Ireland at the age of forty years, while the latter came to Canada, and passed away in Quebec.

Joseph Hazelton received his education in Ireland, and came to Canada about 1850, soon thereafter settling in Toronto, where he established a cab business of which he was sole owner and proprietor for many years, retiring from business a few years before his death. He erected his home on Cumberland street, besides which he owned considerable real estate in Toronto elsewhere in the city.

In Toronto Mr. Hazelton and Miss Susanna McCormick were united in marriage. Mrs. Hazelton was born in County Monaghan, Ireland, daughter of Joseph and Elizabeth (Hill) McCormick, natives of the Emerald Isle, where the father died. Mrs. McCormick came to Canada about 1855, and settled in Toronto, where she died, being buried in St. James Cemetery.

Mr. and Mrs. Hazelton had two sons and two daughters: Robert; Elizabeth, deceased; Emma, at home; and Joseph E. Mr. Hazelton was for forty years a pew-holder in the Central Methodist Church of Toronto. He was a man highly esteemed for his moral worth, being of the strictest integrity and using upright business methods. His friends were legion. In his political sympathies Mr. Hazelton sided with the Conservative party.

JOHN McLEAN WHALEY, one of the leading citizens of Eglinton, York township, who is efficiently filling the positions of assessor and collector of the town of North Toronto, is a descendant of an old pioneer family.

The Canadian branch of the Whaley family was founded by Thomas Whaley, who came to York with his family in 1819 from Tanderagee, Ireland. Here he remained for about one year, and then went to the township of Markham, where he took a homestead of 200 acres. Mr. Thomas Whaley having been a silk manufacturer in Ireland and not a practical farmer, the burden of the responsibility of clearing the forest land and hewing out a home in the new country fell upon David, the eldest son, then a growing boy. At the solicitation of a Mr. Duggan, a lawyer of York, who had known the family in Ireland, David Whaley entered his office to prepare for the profession, but on paying a visit to his father in Markham during the succeeding summer and seeing that the latter was not capable of standing the hard farm labor, he decided to give up his study, and from that time on took charge of the farm, the east 100 acres of which he received at his father's death. Thomas Whaley was survived by six children:

David, Alexander, Mrs. Andrew Robiusion, Mrs. Thomas Dale, Mrs. Ferguson, and Miss Eliza Whaley.

Shortly after coming into the possession of his property, David Whaley erected a sawmill on Little Rouge river, and there operated the remainder of his life. He was a staunch Conservative in politics, and for a number of years was a trustee of the school district. He died in Markham township in 1871, and his wife on the old homestead in 1902. He was married in 1846 to Annie McLean, daughter of John B. McLean, of Markham, and to them were born children as follows: Susan, who married Peter Reeser; Thomas; Eliza, deceased; John McLean; George, who still resides on the homestead, which has been in possession of the family since the Crown grant of 1820; and Rev. Sidney, B.A., a Presbyterian minister at St. Helen's, County Huron.

John McLean Whaley was educated at the public schools, the Hamilton Collegiate Institute and the Toronto Normal school, graduating from the latter and receiving his certificate in 1874, after which he taught school for thirteen years in the townships of Scarborough, Markham and Ancaster and the town of North Toronto, becoming well and favorably known as an educator. After giving up the profession he was appointed, in 1894, collector for North Toronto, and in 1904 was appointed assessor, both of which offices he still retains. Mr. Whaley is also a justice of the peace, postmaster and issuer of marriage licenses. In politics he is an independent Liberal. He has been a member of the Methodist Church for eighteen years, and is now serving as superintendent of the Davisville Sunday-school.

John McLean Whaley was married Dec. 24, 1879, to Fanny Sewell, daughter of the late John Sewell, of Scarborough township, and to this union there were born five children, three sons and two daughters: Annie E., Genevieve, John B., Sydney G. and Joseph S., all residing at home. John B. and Sydney G. are now engaged in the grocery business at Eglinton.

JOHN STRADER, one of the highly esteemed retired residents of Davisville, York township, is a descendant of Peter Strader, an United Empire Loyalist, who came from New York State at the time of the American Revolution and settled with his family at Old Matilda (now Iroquois). John Strader was born at Iroquois, July 3, 1847, son of John and Emily (Brouse) Strader, the latter a daughter of Joseph Brouse, who was also an United Empire Loyalist.

When but seventeen years of age, in 1861, John Strader came to County York and engaged in gardening with Mr. Jesse Ashbridge, with

whom he remained until his marriage in 1865. Being of a thrifty nature he had accumulated enough at this time to engage in gardening on his own account on Pape avenue, and there he continued until March, 1898, when he located in Davisville, which place has since been his home. Mr. Strader has always been interested in educational matters, and was for three years a trustee of the Leslie school. In politics he is a staunch Conservative. He is popular in fraternal circles, and is a charter member of the Independent Order of Foresters, being also connected with the Royal Arch Chapter of the Orange order.

In July, 1865, Mr. John Strader was united in marriage with Charlotte Sudwick, who was born April 10, 1844, and to this union were born six children, five of whom still survive: John George, William, Albert, Charlotte and Charles. Joseph died Dec. 16, 1876, when seven years of age.

JOSEPH STANLEY DAVIS, one of the most prominent business men of Davisville, York township, and proprietor of the earthenware manufacturing firm of John Davis & Son, has also been largely identified with public matters.

John Davis, the father of Joseph S., came to Canada in 1840 and settled in Toronto, where he was employed as bookkeeper. He later engaged in the manufacture of earthenware in Davisville, founding what is now the firm of John Davis & Son in 1845. He was the first postmaster of Davisville, which was named in his honor, and took an active part in building the school of which he was trustee for twenty-five years. John Davis married Mary Boyer, of Staffordshire, England, who died in 1888, having been the mother of seven children, four of whom survive: Alexander John, Frederick H., Sarah Ann (now Mrs. John Boyer), and Joseph Stanley. John Davis died in 1891.

Joseph Stanley Davis was born in Davisville, County York, Nov. 18, 1851, and he received his education in the public and model schools. After graduating from a commercial college he became bookkeeper for his eldest brother, in whose employ he remained until his father requested him to return home and take charge of the business at Davisville. This Mr. Davis did, and at the time of his father's death he became manager of the business, which has prospered greatly since that time. Mr. Davis has replaced the old buildings with new ones, and has installed new machinery for the manufacture of earthenware of every variety. A specialty of John Davis & Son, as the firm is still known, is a green glazed ware which is entirely unique, and which for rose jars and jardinières has become

very popular throughout Canada and the United States. Mr. Davis's natural business ability, and his energy and enterprise have done much to make the business the success that it is, while his straightforward way of doing business has won the confidence of his trade.

Mr. Davis has always been very prominent in the affairs of his town, and has at times filled various civic offices. For five years he was mayor of the town of North Toronto, a member of the Council for thirteen years, was reeve and deputy reeve, and on the death of his father succeeded to the postmastership, holding office for ten years, when he was succeeded by John Davis, a grandson of the first postmaster of that name. Finding that the duties of office took up too much of his time, Joseph S. Davis retired from public life, in order to give all his time and attention to his growing business.

On Oct. 6, 1878, Joseph S. Davis married Miss Lily Langrill, daughter of Francis Langrill, of County York, who died in 1904. To this union one daughter has been born, Mary Alfretta. Mr. Davis is a member of the Methodist Church, and takes a great interest in both church and Sunday-school matters. For some time he served as justice of the peace. He is well known in fraternal circles, being a member of York Lodge, A.F. & A.M.; A.O.U.W., Home Circle, Chosen Friends and the I.O.F., all of Eglinton.

THOMAS HALL, who died in Toronto, April 21, 1899, was born in Stockport, England, in 1852. He grew to manhood in his native country, and there received his education, and in 1872 went to the United States, settling in Chicago, where he remained about five years in business, and in 1877 he came to Toronto.

On locating in the Queen City, Mr. Hall engaged in the grocery business, also dealing in meats and liquors, at the corner of Parliament and Sydenham streets, and there continued ten or twelve years. He then engaged in the hotel business at the corner of Bay and Queen West, and in this business he continued until his death. Mr. Hall was married to Miss Margaret Mathers, born at Todmorden, County York, daughter of David and Jane (McGill) Mathers, natives of Scotland, who came to Canada when young people and were here married. After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Mathers settled at Todmorden, where Mr. Mathers engaged in the hotel business for some time, and there owned quite a little property, and there both died. Their children were: Isabelle, Mrs. R. J. Nash; Mrs. Thomas Dallimore; John, of Toronto; Miss Annie; and Mrs. Hall.

To Mr. and Mrs. Hall one son was born: James Cyrus, born in Toronto, and now engag-

ed in the fur business. Thomas Hall was a member of the Church of England. In politics he was in sympathy with the principles of the Conservative party.

CHARLES TURP, of No. 1547 Bloor street west, Toronto, is the youngest florist in the Queen City, if not in Canada, and he is the most extensive grower of carnations in the city. Mr. Turp was born in County Durham, England, Aug. 22, 1876, son of Charles and Harriet (Petitt) Turp, natives of England, in which country the father was a gardener and whence he came in 1887 to Toronto, where he has since resided, at the present time living partially retired on a small farm. Both Charles and Harriet (Petitt) Turp are now aged sixty-five years. Their children were: Louise, Mrs. Joshua Askew, of England; Frederick W., of Toronto; Arthur, of Toronto; Elizabeth A., deceased; Charles; and Robert, of Niagara Falls, Ontario.

From the above it will be seen that Charles Turp was but eleven years of age when brought to this country, and here he received his education, after completing which he took up the florist's business with J. H. Dunlop, with whom he continued for ten or twelve years, mastering the business in all its details. In 1901 Mr. Turp decided to embark in the business on his own account, and subsequently purchased property on Bloor street west, where he erected his first greenhouse, this covering an area of 1,700 feet. To this Mr. Turp has added from time to time, until he now has 20,000 square feet under glass. From the inception of this business Mr. Turp has made a specialty of the growing of carnations for the wholesale trade, his customers being in all parts of the Dominion where flowers are handled at all. From the office of Mr. Turp's plant the visitor may behold one of the most beautiful of floral pictures. Looking 150 feet down the glass-covered enclosure one sees thousands of carnations of all species, and the blending of their various tints gives a striking impression of natural harmony in colors.

On May 31, 1894, Mr. Turp married Miss Margaret A. Milne, born in Aberdeenshire, Scotland, daughter of Theodore and Elspeth (Grant) Milne, she being next to the youngest in a family of six children. Mr. and Mrs. Turp are members of the Presbyterian Church. Fraternally he belongs to the A.O.F., the C.O.F., the S.O.E., the Gardeners' and Florists' Association and the Toronto Horticultural Society.

WARD. Among the well-known and highly esteemed families of Eglinton, York township, Ont., may be mentioned that of Ward, which has been identified with the commercial and



Chas. Turp

farming interests of this section for many years. The family was founded in Canada by Sheldon Ward, a native of Ireland, who came to York township in the early part of the last century and engaged in contracting and building and in agricultural pursuits, owning 130 acres at Eglinton. Mr. Ward met his death in an accident while employed in erecting the old Robert Simpson building. He married Harriet Ann, daughter of Thomas Hill, an United Empire Loyalist, and to this union were born five children: George, Albert, Harriet Ann, Mary Hannah and Emily Louise. Albert Ward, who died in 1875, was married to Emily Bently, who survived her husband but a short time; they had two daughters: Wilhelmina, now Mrs. Samuel A. May, and Gertrude Emily, the wife of Charles Warwick, of Warwick Bros. & Rutter.

GEORGE WARD, who was born in 1835, died in Eglinton in 1899. At his father's death he succeeded to his estate, and on attaining his majority divided the property equally with his brothers and sisters, this property consisting of a farm of 130 acres at Eglinton, four houses on Berkeley street, Toronto, and a number of vacant lots. As this property was entailed, and he the legal heir, Mr. Ward's liberal disposition is readily seen. George Ward was married in 1853 to Leonora Bentley, daughter of the late Thomas Bentley, of Toronto, and eleven children were born to this union, all of whom are now living: Annie Eliza, who married Alexander Ferrier; Thomas Sheldon; Ida Bond, who married Joseph Martin; Frederick George; Charles H.; Herbert Alfred; Cecelia, who married Alonzo Brown; Deborah, who married William J. Forbes; Laura, who married Albert Moses; William Albert; and Mabel, who married William Ramsey.

After marriage Mr. Ward engaged in farming on the old homestead, where he continued until 1885, when he retired from active life. During his latter years he visited the Northwest, where he saw all of his sons located on farms in that new country. In politics Mr. Ward was a staunch Liberal, and in his religious belief he was a Methodist.

GEORGE ROBSON, a very highly esteemed resident of Eglinton, who has made this place his home since 1877, is now living retired, one of the representative men of York township. Mr. Robson's birth occurred in the town of Lockington, Yorkshire, England, June 28, 1826.

In 1847 Mr. George Robson left his native country, where he had grown to manhood and received his education, and came to Canada, arriving in Toronto on his twenty-first birthday. He left the Queen City to engage in farming

at York Mills, and was there employed until 1877, when he retired from active life and located in Eglinton, York township, where he has made his home ever since. Mr. Robson was united in marriage Feb. 7, 1853, at St. George's Church, on John street, Toronto, to Miss Elizabeth White, a native of Derbyshire, England. No children have been born to this union.

Mr. Robson is a member of the Episcopal Church, which he attends regularly and supports liberally. In his political affiliations he is a staunch adherent of the principles of the Conservative party, and in past years has been chosen by his fellow-townsmen to represent them in various positions of trust and honor. Mr. George Robson was a member of the first council of the town of North Toronto, the duties of which office he filled satisfactorily and efficiently.

WILLIAM BLACK, a retired mechanical engineer, residing at No. 41 Euclid avenue, Toronto, is one of the oldest men in that line in the Queen City. Mr. Black was born in Belfast, Ireland, in March, 1835, son of James and Margaret (Shear) Black, both of whom passed their entire lives in Ireland.

William Black received his education in Belfast, and early in life began to make his own way in the world, beginning in the brass molding business, from which he changed to bleaching and dye work. It was while engaged in the latter occupation that Mr. Black decided that he should learn a good trade, and he therefore went to the Thompson Engine Works, Belfast, where he served an apprenticeship of seven years, receiving weekly salary as follows: the first year, no pay; the second year, two shillings per week; the third year, three; the fourth year, four; the fifth year, five; the sixth year, ten; and the seventh year, twelve. Having thus fitted himself for the work of a mechanical engineer. Mr. Black went to Glasgow, Scotland, and engaged with the Phoenix Iron Works, remaining there two years. In 1856 he came to Canada and located at Hamilton, where for a time he was engaged at his trade at the Gunn & Kemmon Locomotive Works. Here he helped to build the first three locomotives built in Hamilton, named "Ham," "Shem" and "Japheth," made for the Great Western Railway. From the Gunn & Kemmon works Mr. Black went to the Western Railway shops, where he helped build the three locomotives, the "George Stephenson," the "Scotia" and the "Aaron." An interesting fact concerning the locomotives may be mentioned here. After they were built an Englishman was given the first locomotive to drive; a Scotchman the second and an Irishman the

third. Between these three a rivalry grew up, and they determined to find out, by a test of strength and speed, which was the better engineer. The Irishman succeeded in excelling the others, whereupon an argument arose as to whether it was his skill as an engineer, or the fact that his engine was better, which made him win. To settle the point the engineers exchanged engines, and the clever Irishman demonstrated, by doing even better with the other engines than he had with the "Aaron," that it was the man more than the engine.

From Hamilton Mr. Black went to Montreal, where he engaged with the Grand Trunk Railway. In 1867 he settled in Toronto, and engaged for a time with the Northern Railway, as a foreman in the machine department, and then went to the Toronto, Grey & Bruce Railway. For this road Mr. Black set up and put into active operation the six largest locomotives owned by that company at that time, and there he remained about two years. In 1875 he engaged with the Toronto Water Works Company, and was engaged with that company until Nov. 12, 1904, when he resigned his position. The men connected with the water works gave Mr. Black a banquet, at which regret was expressed at the severing of his connection with the works. He was also presented with a handsomely illuminated address, which is framed, and which now adorns the wall of Mr. Black's home.

Mr. Black has been twice married, his first wife being Miss Mary Jane Brown, born in Ireland, who died in Toronto in 1874, the daughter of the following children: John James, deceased; Joseph, of Toronto, who married Annie Worthington, and has one daughter, Lillian May; Robert, of Calgary, who married Lettie Robinson, and had two children, Gladys and Marguerite; John, of Toronto; George, with the Canadian Pacific Railway, who married Ethel Clink; and Elizabeth, the wife of Thomas Worthington, of Toronto, and mother of four children, William James, Harold, Evelyn and Thomas.

In 1894 Mr. Black was united in marriage with Miss Caroline Jane Randall, who was born in Ireland. Mr. and Mrs. Black now reside at their home, No. 41 Euclid avenue, which was erected by Mr. Black in 1892. They are members of the Presbyterian Church. Mr. Black is a Conservative. He is a Royal Arch Mason, an Orangeman and a member of Lodge No. 51, A.O.U.W., of Toronto.

DR. WILLIAM CAMPLIN. Only within a comparatively short time has the science of veterinary dentistry received any special attention, but of late years its importance from both the

humane and the financial standpoint has been recognized and institutions have been founded for teaching it. One of the first colleges of this order was the McPherson Veterinary Dental College, founded in 1887, by Dr. McPherson, now of Montreal. Among the first graduates from it was Dr. William Camplin, who for some time was the only man in his line in Toronto to hold a diploma, and his services were greatly in demand, not only in the city, but for miles around.

Dr. Camplin was born in Ontario in 1862. His father, Richard Camplin, was born in England, and now resides in East Toronto. He and his wife, the latter now deceased, came to Canada about 1844, finally settling in Toronto. All through his active life he was engaged in farming and in the livery business, and it was during the eight years that the son William was with his father in the livery business, combined with a feed and sale stable, that his attention was called to the need of dental work for the horses. Thereupon he entered the McPherson College and was given his diploma for completing the course March 28, 1899. He gave up the livery stable and devoted his entire attention to his profession, which includes treating, extracting and filling horses' teeth. He is both a skillful and reliable practitioner and has made for himself an enviable and widespread reputation in his line.

Dr. Camplin was married to Miss Rachel Harrington, and two children have been born to them, namely: Frederiek, who is an electrician in Toronto; and Gertrude, at home. The family are Methodists in their religious belief, while in politics the Doctor is independent.

JOHN ISAAC WILSON, deceased, who died in Toronto in April, 1889, was born in 1848, at Thornhill, County York. The Wilsons were very early settlers at Thornhill, and our subject was one of five children.

Mr. Wilson was reared and educated at Thornhill, and when his school days were over he learned the harnessmaking trade. After his marriage he moved to Toronto, and for some years travelled for the Don Brewery, and later engaged in the business alone. When Mr. Wilson abandoned the road he went into the hotel business at Adelaide, and he continued in this line until his death. Mrs. Wilson continued to operate the hotel for some time afterward, and then sold out and purchased the attractive home at No. 133 John street, Toronto.

Mr. Wilson was united in marriage with Miss Rachel Lockhart, daughter of George and Mary (Brown) Lockhart, natives of Ireland. The mother of Mrs. Wilson still survives and re-

sides in Toronto. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Loekhart were: Col. James, an officer in the United States service, now in Colorado; John, of Brampton; Jane, wife of William Cook, of Perth; and Rachel, Mrs. Wilson.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilson had three children, namely: William, C. Herbert and Joseph Lockhart. Mr. Wilson was a Conservative, and he was a member of the Orangemen, the Masons and the A.O.U.W. He had many friends all over the country, and is recalled with feelings of esteem and affection.

DAVID FAIR, whose life closed in the city of Toronto, Sept. 25, 1894, was born here in 1865, son of David and Ann Catherine (Mitchell) Fair.

David Fair, the father, was born in Ireland, and came to Canada, as did his wife, in youth, and later they were united in marriage in Toronto. For many years he was a member of the fire brigade, and his death was caused by reason of catching cold while bravely performing his duty. He died in Oshawa, and his wife in Toronto.

David Fair, our subject, was educated in the Toronto schools, and when fourteen years of age started out as a messenger boy with the Northwest Telegraph Company. He was an ambitious lad, and he worked his way on up until he had learned the difficulties of telegraphing and was finally made ticket inspector, which responsible position he held at the time of his death.

While at duty in the telegraph offices mentioned, he met a companion operator, Miss Lizzie McHale, and a mutual regard sprang up which resulted in their marriage. Mrs. Fair is a daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth (McCauley) McHale, the former of whom was born in Ireland, and the latter in Canada. Mr. Fair's death left two children fatherless, Loretta and Kathleen. In politics Mr. Fair was a Reformer, and in religion a Roman Catholic. His fraternal connections were with the C.O.F.

ISAAC WESLEY LINDSEY, who passed away at his late residence, No. 183 Euclid avenue, Toronto, Oct. 13, 1901, was born at Chinguacousy, County Peel, in 1857, son of Joseph and Jane (Bailey) Lindsey, natives of Ireland. The parents of our subject came to Canada at an early day, settling first on a farm at Chinguacousy, and later at Bolton, where they died.

Isaac W. Lindsey grew to manhood on the farm at Chinguacousy, and, on reaching his majority, learned the contracting and building business. He first engaged in business in Toronto, and then spent one year in Chicago, at the end of which time he returned to Toronto,

and followed his trade there for the remainder of his life. Mr. Lindsey also purchased property, upon which he erected residences or business buildings to suit the purchaser.

Mr. Lindsey married Miss Ellen Jane Chant, daughter of Noah and Harriet (Laskey) Chant, natives of England, who came to Canada in 1822, settling in Muddy York (Toronto), where Mr. Chant engaged in the butchering business. He then went to Chinguacousy, where he followed farming for a time, and then settled in Brampton, dying there Feb. 6, 1899, aged eighty-three years. His widow, who was born in 1824, still resides in Brampton. They were Methodists, and Mr. Chant was a Reformer.

To Mr. and Mrs. Lindsey were born seven children, as follows: Harriet Jane; Olivia; Ellen Alicia, Walter, Edgar C., Isaac Bailey and Louisa May. Mr. Lindsey was a Reformer, and was a member of the A.O.U.W.

DAVID CRAMP, whose widow, Mrs. Eliza (Tompkins) Cramp, is one of the old residents of Todmorden, was himself a resident of that place for over fifty years. He was a native of Kent, England, born July 16, 1831, son of William and Amelia Cramp, who came to Canada in 1836, and settled in Todmorden. Their last years were spent in their son's home, where the father passed away in 1858 and the mother in 1862. Most of their children are deceased. In April, 1857, David Cramp married Eliza Tompkins, and they settled at her present home. For forty years Mr. Cramp was engaged in the paper mills, and also opened a general store, of which his wife took the oversight for about an equal period of time, and which proved very successful. He was a faithful member of the Methodist Church, to which his widow also belongs, and in politics was a Reformer, but took no prominent part in such affairs. He was a man who showed great industry, intelligence and honesty in his undertakings, and won for himself both material success and honorable standing in the community. His death occurred at his home in June, 1902.

Mr. and Mrs. Cramp had a family of five children: (1) Elizabeth, born in April, 1858, was well educated in Toronto and for some time was an assistant teacher. She is now the wife of George Brooks, the postmaster at Doncaster, and they have one daughter, Amelia L. (2) John, born in 1860, married Miss Kate Coony, of Vermont, and they live on a farm in County Halton. They have four children, Rena, David, John and James. (3) Amelia, born in 1863, married Charles H. Anderson, who is employed in chemical works in Toronto. (4) William, born in 1865, married Hannah Davie, of Tod-

morden, and was engaged in merchandising at Hornby until his death, in April, 1899. He left three children, Frederick, William and Ida M. (5) Frederick, born in 1867, was educated in the Dufferin schools. His wife was Miss Florence Burbridge, of Toronto, and they have two children, May and Florence, who are in school. Mr. Cramp is in the general mercantile business, and his residence is a fine brick house just next to his mother's old home.

During her long life in this region Mrs. Cramp has seen its development from almost a wilderness to its present high state of cultivation. About eleven years of age when her parents brought her to Canada, Mrs. Cramp was born in Northamptonshire, England, July 28, 1837, daughter of William and Rebecca (Nichols) Tompkins. She received most of her education in her native country, attending school only three months after coming to Canada.

William Tompkins was born in England in 1805, and his wife in 1810. After their marriage they continued to live in England until 1848, arriving in October of that year in Toronto. Almost immediately they settled in Todmorden, where Mr. Tompkins worked as a laborer until 1861, and then for a few years rented a farm. He next bought a home in Scarborough, York County, and lived there until his removal to the village of Ethel, in County Huron. His death occurred there in 1891, his wife's in 1888. Mr. Tompkins was an active member of the Methodist Church, and came of a family devoted to that faith, his father's home having been several times the scene of the gatherings to hear John Wesley, the English founder of Methodism, preach. Of the ten children born to William and Rebecca Tompkins, six were born in England: (1) John, born in August, 1831, is living retired in Georgetown, Ont., and is the father of four children, Susan (Mrs. W. Besse), Mattie, Horace E. (a Toronto printer), and Emma. (2) Handel, born in 1833, a retired carpenter, lives with his family in Newark, New Jersey. (3) Martha, born in 1836, is the widow of William Spence, of Ethel, County Huron, and has a family. (4) Eliza became Mrs. David Cramp. (5) Frederick died in Bay City, Michigan, in 1893, leaving a widow and children. (6) Lucy, born in October, 1847, married the late Andrew Ennis, of Scarborough, and has five children. (7) Mary, born in 1851, married David Millen, of Toronto, and has six daughters. They now reside in Lockport, New York. (8) Emma, born in 1853, is the wife of Marshall Maginn, of Scarborough township, and has three children. (9) Jane, born in 1858, is the wife of Albert Secore, a business man of Bay City,

Michigan. (10) Ebenezer, born in 1860, a boat-builder of Bay City, married there and has three children, Nellie, William and John.

JOHN LEA PLAYTER, a market gardener and dairy farmer of Chester, York township, represents one of the old families of his section, all the members of which have helped to develop the country and make it what it is to-day. Mr. Playter is a native of the township, born March 10, 1846, son of Richard Ellby and Mary M. (Lea) Playter.

The Playter family came originally from Pennsylvania, among the United Empire Loyalists, and after living for some time in Kingston settled in 1796 in York township. The first comers were three brothers, John, Eli and George, who secured a tract of 600 acres of wild land in one body, most of which is to-day within the city limits of Toronto, and which extended back to the present homestead in Todmorden. John Playter, grandfather of John L., lived and died on the old place. He had married before leaving Pennsylvania, and by his wife Sarah had three sons and three daughters, all now deceased, as follows: Emanuel, who died in Toronto; John, a business man of Toronto, who died there; Amelia, wife of John Scadding, of Toronto; Mrs. Robert Armstrong, of the same city; Mrs. Daniel Brook, also of Toronto; and Richard.

Richard Playter was born in York township, and received his education in the Toronto schools. He afterward entered the office of Judge Wilson, to study law, but was obliged to relinquish his high ambitions because of ill-health, and so returned to the farm to engage in agricultural pursuits for the rest of his life. He was married in 1845 to Miss Mary M. Lea, who was born in 1825, daughter of John Lea, a pioneer of York township. Richard Playter was prominent in his region, for he was an officeholder for many years. He was a Conservative, was deputy reeve of the township seventeen years, and a member of the county council for some time, besides serving for a long period as magistrate. He died Nov. 18, 1871, but his wife still survives. She is a member of the Church of England, to which Mr. Playter also belonged. They were ever known as people of the truest hospitality and charity, and their kindness to the sick and afflicted won them many friends among their neighbors. They were the parents of nine children, namely: John Lea; Elizabeth M., who died when a young woman; Richard G., who died at the homestead in 1896; William E., born in 1852, a leading market gardener of the section; Maggie J., born in 1854, wife of Robert Hamilton, of County Huron; and Emma, Char-

lotte H., Albert E., and Permilla S., all unmarried and living at the homestead. The family were all well educated, and are people of intelligence, representing the best type of citizenship.

John Lea Playter received as good an education as the schools of the district afforded. At the early age of nineteen he became the manager of his father's farm, and thenceforth devoted himself to agriculture. He at once entered upon the dairy business, keeping fifty cows, and for the ten years up to his marriage, in 1875, was so engaged. After his marriage he put up a substantial brick house on part of the property, and he has continued to engage in market gardening as well as dairying up to the present time. Mr. Playter has also found time to take an active part in local affairs, supporting the Conservative party, and in 1884 was elected assessor of East York for five years, while a year later he was appointed collector, in which office he served for a similar period.

John L. Playter was married in 1875 to Mary J., second daughter of Capt. Frank and Matilda (Ray) Jackman, and a member of an old Toronto family. Three children have been born to this union, Edith, Pearl and John Gordon. The family are all members of the English Church. Mr. Playter is a worthy representative of an old pioneer family, and has displayed many of those admirable traits of character which enabled his forefathers to wrestle so successfully with the hardships of frontier life in the early days. He is popular in the community and a man of influence.

JAMES WILSON, one of the prosperous and most highly respected business men of Dovercourt, County York, who has proved his ability to make a success, is engaged as a manufacturing tailor at Main street and Ossington avenue.

Mr. Wilson was born in Dundee, Scotland, July 29, 1877, son of William and Jane (Guthrie) Wilson, natives of Scotland who came to Canada in 1882, settling at Hamilton, where they still reside. Mr. Wilson is a mechanic of that city. Mr. and Mrs. Wilson had a family of nine children, all of whom are living: James; Miss Maggie, born in 1880, who resides at home; William, born in Scotland in April, 1882, who lives with his brother George, both being single and residing in Alberta, where each has a farm; George; Charles, born in Hamilton in 1886, who is in the employ of his brother James; Jessie, Jennetta, Christina and David, all students in the Hamilton schools.

James Wilson was educated in the schools of Hamilton, in which city he was reared to man-

hood. After leaving school he took up the trade of tinsmith, but gave this up to learn tailoring, and at once made a specialty of pants making, commencing business for himself in Hamilton. There he took contracts from the general warehouse and from W. R. Johnston, one of the large wholesale men of Hamilton. In April, 1898, Mr. Wilson located in Toronto, and engaged in the manufacture of pants at Dovercourt, increasing his business until he now owns a fine brick factory and dwelling house at the corner of Main street and Ossington avenue, where he employs thirty skilled hands, turning out from one thousand eight hundred to two thousand pairs of boys' pants per week. Mr. Wilson has attained success through his perseverance and business acumen.

In June, 1898, Mr. Wilson was married to Miss Annie Shaw, born and reared at Hamilton, daughter of Edward Shaw, who was killed by a railroad train, near his home. Mr. Wilson was reared in the faith of the Disciples' Church, to which his parents belonged. In politics he is a Conservative, and he is greatly interested in his party's success.

E. R. ZIMMERMAN, D.D.S., of No. 403 College street, Toronto, is one of the promising young men in his profession in the city. He is a native of Barrie, Ont., born in May, 1880, son of Dr. Reuben J. and Sarah (Foster) Zimmerman.

The Zimmerman family came to Canada from Pennsylvania, where the immigrant ancestor, Peter, settled about the time William Penn founded Philadelphia. Later he moved to Canada, dying in the town of Zimmerman, in County Halton, Ont. His son, Johnson Zimmerman, left Pennsylvania prior to the Revolution, the family being U. E. Loyalists, and settled in Hamilton, Ont., where he died. His life was spent in farming. He left three sons, all of whom are living, namely: Nelson, a jeweler of Hamilton; Solomon, a dentist in Edmonton; and Reuben J., the father of Dr. E. R. Zimmerman.

Dr. Reuben J. Zimmerman was born in the town bearing the family name in 1848. His general literary training was received in the schools of Galt, Ont., but when he decided upon dentistry as his profession he went back to his father's early home to prepare himself for the work, nearly all of his preparatory professional work being done in the Philadelphia Dental College. He completed his course in Toronto, and after his graduation located at Barrie, practising there for twenty years with most gratifying success. In 1892 he deemed it best to remove to Toronto, and the last fourteen years of

his professional life were passed in that city. In 1906 he retired in favor of his son, who had previously been associated with him, and with his wife went for a long trip through the Northwest, where they had a number of friends. The Doctor owns a handsome residence in Toronto.

Dr. R. J. Zimmerman married Miss Sarah Foster, who was born in Milton, Ont., in 1851. Six children were born to them, namely: Muriel, who died in young womanhood; Dr. E. R.; and Reuben, George, Grace and Ruth, students in the Toronto schools.

E. R. Zimmerman attended the public schools of Barrie and Toronto, and began his study of dentistry in his father's office in 1901. Later he entered the Dental School of the University of Toronto, and was graduated from that institution in 1905. He returned to his father's office as an associate practitioner, and in the following year succeeded to the practice, on the father's retirement. The younger Dr. Zimmerman has been thoroughly trained, and is proficient in all the latest discoveries and methods of his profession, possessing a high degree of professional skill, while his agreeable personality adds to his success and popularity. He has already firmly established himself in Toronto, and has a promising future in his chosen calling.

In July, 1903, Dr. Zimmerman was joined in matrimony with Miss Clara B. Williamson, a daughter of Thomas Williamson, editor of the *Toronto World*. Mrs. Zimmerman is highly educated, being a graduate of Toronto College, and is furthermore a fine accountant. She is the mother of one son, Edgeworth, born in 1904. She and her husband are communicants of the Church of England. In politics Dr. Zimmerman is a Reformer, as is also his father.

ADAM EDINGTON, who died in Toronto in April, 1896, was a native of Scotland, born in 1852, son of James Edington. He grew to manhood and received his education in his native land, and there received the training for the active business career that lay before him.

In 1867 Adam Edington came to Canada, and became a resident of Montreal, engaging as a clerk, in which capacity he served until about 1882, when he located in Toronto and connected himself with E. B. Blain. Here he continued to remain until his death. Mr. Edington erected his late home, at No. 472 Wellesley street, which Mrs. Edington sold in 1905. In Montreal Mr. Edington married Miss Margaret Minto, daughter of Alexander and Margaret (Dey) Minto, both of whom came to Montreal, settled on a farm near that city and lived until Mr. Minto's death; his widow located in Toronto, where she died.

The following family were born to Mr. and Mrs. Edington: James Alexander, married Elizabeth Ford, and has children, Mary Margaret, Annie Elizabeth and James Gordon Cecil; Margaret Elizabeth is at home; Helen Jane, wife of George Blaekhall, has three children, Margaret Isabelle, George Alexander and Helen; William John, of Toronto, married Alice Colan, and has one son, William Adam; and Benjamin D., an adopted son, resides at home. Mr. Edington was a consistent member of the Presbyterian Church. He was a Conservative in politics. In fraternal connection he belonged to the K.O.T.M.

W. COLBORNE THOMSON, a well-known portrait artist of No. 67 Bloor street east, Toronto, is a member of an United Empire Loyalist family long identified with this section of Canada.

The Thomson family is of Scotch extraction, and prior to the American Revolution was founded in the United States by people loyal to the Crown, who refused to aid the Colonists against the mother country and came to Canada. The founder of the Thomson family in this country settled at Adolphustown. One member of this family was H. C. Thomson, M.P.P., member from Frontenac and editor for some time of the *Herald* at Kingston. The citizens of that city presented him a loving cup as a token of the high esteem in which he was held as a newspaper man, and also for his service in Parliament. To the grandparents of W. Colborne Thomson were born these children: Archibald, who died at sea; Mary A.; and Rev. Charles Edward.

Of the foregoing family the late Rev. Charles Edward Thomson, father of W. Colborne, was born in Kingston in 1832, and was educated at the Upper Canada College and Trinity University. He then became an English Church clergyman, his principal pastorates being Elora, where he was located for twenty years; Hamilton, Weston and Toronto Junction, being pastor of St. Mark's Church at the latter place for several years prior to his death in 1903.

The Rev. Mr. Thomson married Miss Margaret Geddes, born at Elora, and to this union there were born: Adelaide Elizabeth, wife of Rev. E. W. Piekford, of Norwood; Charles T., a painter, of Toronto Junction; Henry H., manager of the Molsons Bank, Ridgeway; Charlotte Margaret, wife of A. P. Brown, of Manitoba; W. Colborne; and Kennett G., a druggist of Norwood, Manitoba.

W. Colborne Thomson was born in 1886, at Elora, Ont., and received his education at Trinity College School, Port Hope, and the Jarvis

Street Collegiate Institute, Toronto. Being of an artistic nature, Mr. Thomson decided to make portrait painting his vocation. He has since given his attention to portrait work in oil, water-colors and pastel. It is his aim to do work of the highest class, and he gives promise of being one of Canada's leading artists in his line.

ANDREW KIRKPATRICK, a well-known saddler and harness-maker at No. 708 Yonge street, Toronto, who is one of the oldest men in that business in the city, was born in Ireland in 1834, son of John Kirkpatrick.

In the year 1000 members of the Kirkpatrick family emigrated from Scotland to Ireland, where for more than eight centuries the family continued to reside. In 1858 William, Alexander and Andrew Kirkpatrick came to Canada, founding the family in the new world. They are sons of John Kirkpatrick, born in Ireland, where he spent his life in the saddlery business and died in 1868. After his death his widow came to Canada and settled in Toronto, where she died in 1898. She bore the maiden name of Sophia Thomson, and was the mother of these children: William Alexander, who came to Canada in 1858, and is now a well-known saddler in Toronto; Margaret, who died unmarried in Ireland; Andrew; Joseph, also a saddler, served in the Crimean war, the Fenian Raid and the Northwest Rebellion (in the first named when he was but fourteen years old), and died in 1896; Fanny, who died in Ireland; and Sophia, of Toronto.

Andrew Kirkpatrick received his education in the schools of his native country and there served his time to the saddlery business. In 1858 he came to Canada with his brother William Alexander, with whom he had worked as a journeyman at Hamilton and other places; he engaged in the saddlery business at Thornhill, in 1861. In 1864 this partnership was dissolved and Andrew went to Yorkville, now a part of Toronto, where for twenty-five years he conducted a saddlery business, employing eight harness-makers and four collar-makers. In about 1888 he removed his business to No. 703 Yonge street, where he has since carried on active operations.

Mr. Kirkpatrick was married to Miss Benna Colter, born in Ireland in 1836, daughter of William Colter, and she died in 1894, having been the mother of these children: William Alexander, for some years in newspaper work, but now in the Dominion railway mail service, married, and has four daughters; Andrew, deceased, was head proofreader on the *Toronto Globe* before he had reached his twentieth birth-

day; Fred, a printer of Toronto, married and has three children; and Martha Sophia and Louise, at home. Mr. Kirkpatrick is a member of the English Church. In political matters he is a Conservative, and his fraternal connection is with the Orangemen.

JEREMIAH DINWOODY ranks high among the successful and representative men of Bracendale, where he has resided for a number of years. He was born in Tecumseth, County Simcoe, Ont., March 15, 1850, son of George and Jane Dinwoody, a pioneer couple of that county. George Dinwoody was born in Ireland in 1821, and his wife was a native of Canada. The latter died when her son Jeremiah was but a child, leaving besides him one daughter, Margaret J., who became Mrs. Christopher Willoughby, of County Simcoe.

Jeremiah Dinwoody was reared to manhood in his native locality, and received his education in the district schools. When a young man he was employed in the sash and door factory of C. R. Kent, at the town of Beeton, and later purchased an interest, carrying on the business on his own account until 1876, in which year he sold out and removed to Toronto. On locating in the Queen City Mr. Dinwoody engaged in the grocery business on Queen street for three years, and then removed to Sharon, where he carried on a general merchandise business for two years. Mr. Dinwoody's next venture was in the mercantile line at Queensville, where he remained for three years, after which he returned to Toronto, spending the next five years in the produce commission business. In 1893, after engaging in city market gardening near the Canadian Pacific Railroad for three years, he purchased the land on which he now makes his home, in the Bracondale district, erecting a brick house and greenhouses for the market gardening business, which he has carried on in connection with poultry raising. Mr. Dinwoody has also been engaged in real estate dealing, owning considerable valuable property on St. Clair avenue.

In 1876 Mr. Dinwoody married Miss Ellen Brammar, who was born at Sharon, County York, in 1850, daughter of George and Hannah Brammar, pioneers of Sharon, where Mrs. Dinwoody was reared and educated. Four children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Dinwoody: Leah H., born in Sharon, was educated in the high school, is unmarried, and lives at home; Maud, born in Sharon, is unmarried, and resides in Los Angeles, California; Charles, born in Queensville, Ont., is at home; Jessie, born in the city of Toronto, is in school.

Mr. and Mrs. Dinwoody are members of the Presbyterian Church, in which he is an elder,

and a leader in church and Sunday-school work, being superintendent of the Sabbath-school of his district; he was one of the founders of the Wychwood Presbyterian Church. In political faith he has always been a staunch supporter of the Grits.

JAMES A. HOPKINS, late postmaster and grocer at Dovercourt, York township, County York, was born in Innisfil, County Simcoe, in March, 1857, son of John and Margaret (Ers-kine) Hopkins, an early-settled couple of that county.

John Hopkins was born in Tyrone, Ireland, and his wife in Linlithgow, Scotland. They were married in Glasgow, coming to Canada in 1855, and first settling at Toronto for a year, during which time Mr. Hopkins worked at his trade of ship sawyer. They then removed to Craigvale, where Mr. Hopkins became manager for the well-known lumber manufacturing concern of Craig & Mulholland. After five years in this capacity, Mr. Hopkins purchased land in County Simcoe, and there cleared up a farm from the wild land, settling down as a pioneer of that section. There he made a permanent home, and died in November, 1900, his wife, who shared with him all of the early hardships of pioneer life, still surviving, and living at the old home. She is a Presbyterian in her religious belief, as was also Mr. Hopkins, who was an elder of the church. They were the parents of three children: (1) William, born in Scotland in 1855, was educated in Canada, and married Miss Rebecca Hubbard, of County Simcoe; they reside at the old home, and have a family. (2) James A. is mentioned below. (3) Elizabeth J., born in April, 1859, is the widow of Henry Gillespie, of County Simcoe, who left a family of five children.

James A. Hopkins received his education in the public schools of his native county, and while growing to manhood engaged in work on his father's farm, also working at the lumber business. In 1888 he located in Toronto, remaining there one year, at the end of which time he purchased land at Dovercourt, opening the grocery and provision business, which he continued up to his death, Nov. 26, 1906. In 1904 Mr. Hopkins erected the present stone and cement dwelling and store building. In October, 1891, he was appointed postmaster at Dovercourt, and continued to act in that capacity until he died.

Mr. Hopkins was married in February, 1883, to Miss Isabella Rowatt, who was born in September, 1856, daughter of James Rowatt, one of the pioneer farmers of County Simcoe, and a native of Scotland. Four children were born

to Mr. and Mrs. Hopkins: Maggie, born in 1883, is the wife of Dr. R. S. Conboy, of Toronto, and has one daughter, Ruth; Jessie Aliee, born in 1886, was a student in a commercial college, and is now a clerk in the store; James A. W., born in December, 1887, attended commercial college, and is a clerk in the store; Alfred died in childhood.

Mr. Hopkins was a member of the Presbyterian Church, to which his widow also belongs. In politics he was a Conservative. He was connected for a number of years with the Orange Order, in which his father also held membership.

WILLIAM WHITCOMBE (deceased), for many years a resident of Toronto, was called from this world in May, 1885. He was born in England in 1819, was educated there, and remained in his native land until nineteen years old, when he enlisted in the 32nd Regiment and was sent to Canada. Mr. Whitcombe's regiment aided in suppressing the insurrection of 1837-38, and when the trouble was over he transferred to the 43rd Regiment, and remained in Canada. Later he bought his discharge and settled down in Toronto, being with the firm of Jacques & Hay, in whose employ he remained until his death.

Mr. Whitecombe was twice married, his first wife being Miss Fannie Bradburn, by whom he had four children, namely: William, deceased, who served in the Fenian raid in 1866; Thomas, deceased; Mary Ann, who married William Hussey; and Jane, Mrs. Joseph Baldwin. The mother of this family died in 1851, and on March 11, 1853, Mr. Whitecombe was united to Miss Mary Cussan, who was born in Ireland in 1837. Her parents, Patriek and Bessie (Wolfe) Cussan, brought their family to Toronto in 1846, and there spent the rest of their lives. They had three daughters: Mrs. P. Fleming, of Toronto; Mrs. Ralph Humme, of Winnipeg; and Mrs. Whitecombe. By his second marriage Mr. Whitecombe became the father of the following children: Jemima, deceased; Rev. Frederick, deceased; James, of Toronto; George, of Berlin; Jemima, wife of Samuel Townley, of Vancouver, B.C.; Alfred, of Toronto; Matilda, deceased; John, of Toronto; Robert, of Galt; Thomas, of Toronto; Edward, of Winnipeg; and Henry, of Toronto. The father of this family was a member of the Church of England, and politically he was a Conservative. One of the strong interests in his life was the Order of Orangemen, in which he acted as treasurer for Lodge No. 212, for more than twenty-one years. So highly appreciated were his services by his fellow-members that they presented him testi-

monials in the shape of a valuable clock and a family Bible, tokens of honor and esteem which Mr. Whitcombe certainly deserved, for his years of faithful effort.

ROBERT BULMAN, who passed away at his late residence, No. 318 Dovecourt road, March 1, 1905, was a well-known citizen of Toronto, with the municipal affairs of which city he was identified for many years. Mr. Bulman was born in Ontario in 1840.

John Bulman, father of Robert and the founder of the Bulman family in Canada, came to this country from England as a young man in the 'thirties, and soon thereafter married Elizabeth Gardhouse, who also came from England about that time. For some time John Bulman was engaged in farming, and he died in 1866, his widow, born in 1817, still surviving him. Their children were: Robert, William, John, Isabella (deceased), Ann, Elizabeth and Sarah. The family were Methodists.

Robert Bulman received his education in his native locality, and for some time was a conductor on the Grand Trunk Railway. From that position he became connected with the Street Commissioner's department of Toronto, with which he was identified for seventeen years, and with which he was connected at the time of his death. Mr. Bulman was twice married, and by his first wife has one son now living, William Edward, of Cleveland, Ohio. Mr. Bulman was married (second) to Miss Sarah Maria Barton, born in Hamilton in 1853, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Farnum) Barton, the former born in Rhode Island in 1805, son of John Barton, Sr., who died in that State. The Bartons were originally English and the family was founded in Canada by John Barton, Mrs. Bulman's father, in 1847. He settled at St. Catharines, where he remained a short time, and then removed to Hamilton, where he engaged in the manufacture of ginger beer. In 1853 he moved to Toronto, continuing the same business for some time, but subsequently went into the coffee business. He died in Toronto in 1874. His wife, who was born in 1818, died in Toronto, Aug. 3, 1894, in the faith of the Presbyterian Church, to which he also adhered. Their children were: Edward Warren, of Toronto; Albert V., of Owen Sound; Ellen J., who married Charles Howarth, both deceased; Sarah M., who became Mrs. Robert Bulman; and Francis Herbert, deceased.

To Robert and Sarah M. (Barton) Bulman one son was born: Robert John, born in Toronto in 1886, who now resides with his mother at the home, No. 318 Dovecourt road, in which vicinity Mrs. Bulman has resided for more

than fifty years. Mr. Robert Bulman was a member of the Methodist Church, to which his widow also adheres. He was a member of the I.O.O.F., the Sons of England, and the Home Circle.

MAURICE F. HOMER, one of the highly esteemed young men of Whitechurch township, County York, is engaged in cultivating the soil on Concession 4, Lot 26. He was born on Yonge street, King township, Oct. 1, 1882, son of Matthew and Mary A. (Singleton) Homer.

Matthew Homer was born in Northamptonshire, England, in May, 1838, the son of William and Martha Homer, who came to Canada in 1854. William Homer came from England with his wife and six children, and settled in King township, where the remainder of his life was spent, and here died Jan. 12, 1882, his wife having preceded him to her final rest. Their six children were: Henry married a Miss White, of Newmarket, and they are both deceased; William is still living on the 4th Concession of King township; George is a resident of Orillia, County Ontario, where he is engaged in farming; Susannah is the wife of William Cartwright, who died in Newmarket; Elizabeth is the widow of Mr. Stephenson, now deceased, of Toronto Junction, where she now resides; and Matthew.

Matthew Homer was educated in England, and there grew to manhood. After coming to Canada he followed farming on shares, and also as a renter, until his marriage in 1866, to Miss Mary A. Singleton, born in County Halton in 1842, daughter of Thomas and Mary A. (Shannon) Singleton, who came from Ireland and settled at Onondaga, Ont., where they died, leaving a family of eight children, Mrs. Homer being the second member, all of whom are living in Canada except one brother, Thomas Singleton, who is in Tacoma, Washington. Matthew Homer, in March, 1884, purchased a farm on the 4th Concession of Whitechurch township, known as the Clarkson Hughes homestead, and here he remained until his death, July 14, 1905. Mr. Homer's death came very suddenly, he having been entirely well on retiring for the night, during which he was stricken. Mr. and Mrs. Matthew Homer were the parents of five children: Ada D., born in King township in 1863, married William Crawford, and resides on the 4th Concession of Whitechurch township, and has five children, Effie A., Harry L., Ernest H., Edith G. and Mabel R.; Miss Christina, born in 1876, in King township, and educated on Yonge street, resides at home; Effie, born in King township, in 1878, is the wife of Edgar Hughes, a farmer on Concession 8, King township, and

has one daughter, Gladys; Minnie A., born in 1880, in King township, died in 1888; and Maurice F. The family was reared in the faith of the Methodist Church. Matthew Homer was a member of the Orangemen.

Maurice F. Homer grew up on the home farm, and was educated in King and Whitechurch townships. He has always remained on the old homestead, and since his father's death has become the head of the family. In politics Mr. Homer is a Conservative, as was his father, who was a member of the school board for some three years in King township.

GEORGE DALE (deceased), a well-known business man of Toronto, who passed from the scene of his activities in 1887, was not a native of Canada, but in the fifteen years of his residence in Toronto, had made a firm place for himself in the esteem and respect of his fellow-citizens.

Born in England in 1830, Mr. Dale was the son of Isaac Dale, who lived and died in that country. The son grew to manhood there, was given a good education, and there learned the business of a manufacturing jeweler, which he carried on for a number of years prior to his coming to Canada. He crossed the ocean in 1872, established himself in Toronto, and was identified with the business interests of that city until his death. For some years he was in partnership with a Mr. Welch, under the firm name of Welch & Dale, but the connection was later dissolved, and from that time Mr. Dale conducted his business alone as before. Both in London and Toronto, Mr. Dale, who was a man of the most sincere and Christian character, was prominently connected with the work of the Methodist Church. In the former city, during his earlier years, he was specially active and served as a local preacher, class leader and Sunday-school teacher. His death, in 1887, at the age of fifty-seven, was in many ways a distinct loss to the community, and was deeply regretted.

While still residing in his native land, Mr. Dale was united in marriage to Miss Annie Saniger, daughter of William Saniger. William Saniger was a sugar refiner in England, and died in Birmingham. Mr. and Mrs. Dale had a family of seven children, all now residing in Toronto, namely: George; Basil; Lillie, Mrs. Yates; Thomas; Henry; Frank; and Ernest.

MRS. LILLIE YATES, only daughter in the above family, is a well-known music teacher of Toronto. She received a fine musical education, studying under the best teachers of London, England, and Toronto. She is naturally of a very musical temperament, enthusiastic in her

profession, and since she entered the profession in 1887, has made a great success in it. The following testimonials give some indications of the favor with which her work is regarded by those who are familiar with it:

It gives me great pleasure to testify to the care and excellence of the musical tuition given to several members of my family during the past eight or nine years by Mrs. Yates.

JOHN M. MARTIN, F.C.A.,

21 Clarence Square.

Nov. 16th, 1900.

For some years I have had the privilege of acquainting myself with some of the results of Mrs. Yates' diligent teaching. I have no hesitation in recommending her as a most painstaking and successful teacher of the piano.

DR. HARLEY SMITH, B.A.,

190 Spadina Ave.

Sept. 25th, 1900.

To those requiring the services of an experienced and capable teacher of the pianoforte, I would recommend Mrs. Yates. In her pupils' recitals, given from time to time, careful tuition and good taste in the manner of selections are always in evidence.

ARTHUR BLAKELY,

Organist Sherburne St. Methodist Church.

Nov. 13th, 1900.

PRESS OPINIONS.

Last evening a pianoforte recital was given by the pupils of Mrs. L. Yates, 50 Brunswick avenue, assisted by Miss Lillian Kirby, Messrs. Mills and Dale. Mrs. Yates has been very successful as a teacher, the work done even by the youngest of her pupils showing great care in phrasing and rhythm.—*The Mail and Empire*.

Last evening a pianoforte recital was given by pupils of Mrs. L. Yates, at her studio, 50 Brunswick avenue, which was greatly appreciated by the parents and friends of the pupils. Dr. Harley Smith gave a short address, in which he made Mrs. Yates the recipient of a testimonial expressive of the gratitude of those present and of her ability as a teacher.—*Toronto Evening Telegram*.

Last evening in Broadway Hall a very fine musical entertainment was given by the pupils of Mrs. L. Yates, who well deserved the hearty applause which they received for the fine rendering of their selections.—*Toronto Globe*.

Last evening the pupils of Mrs. L. Yates, assisted by Miss Ethel Webb, Miss Edith McKay and Mr. Geo. A. Brown, gave a most enjoyable recital of their talent before a large audience.—*Toronto Evening News*.

A piano recital was given on Tuesday evening by the pupils of Mrs. L. Yates. The good work done by the pupils, which was enthusiastically received, gave ample evidence of much musical talent, and indicated the great care bestowed upon their training.—*Toronto Star*.

MRS. W. J. LILLIS, proprietress of the "Eagle House" of Weston, County York, Ont., was born in Toronto City, in January, 1869,

daughter of Thomas and Sarah (Hayes) Kennedy, natives of County Clare, Ireland, who came to Canada when young people. Mrs. Kennedy died May 2, 1906, at her home in Toronto, the mother of eight children: Mrs. Lillis; Michael, born in Toronto in 1871, is unmarried and a mechanic at Milwaukee, Wisconsin; John, born in 1873, died in young manhood in Toronto; Nellie, born in 1878, was educated at St. Joseph's College, and is now residing at home; William, born in 1880, is unmarried and is engaged as a travelling man for a large Toronto house; Frances, born in 1883, and educated in St. Joseph's College, resides at the home in Toronto; and Thomas and Dennis died in childhood.

Mrs. Lillis was educated in St. Mary's school, and followed this with a course at St. Joseph's College. In February, 1891, she was married to W. J. Lillis, who was born in Vaughan township, County York, in June, 1867, son of Michael and Martha (Gleason) Lillis, who came to Canada from Ireland and settled in Vaughan township as farming people, and there died some years ago. For a few years after marriage, Mr. Lillis followed butchering, but in 1895 he came to Weston, and engaged in the hotel business, renting the "Eagle House." Here he continued until his death, Sept. 4, 1901, since which time Mrs. Lillis has conducted the well-known hostelry with much success. Two children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Lillis: Sarah M., born in 1892, who died April 26, 1905; and Alfred I., born April 27, 1893. Mr. Lillis was a faithful member of the Catholic Church, to which Mrs. Lillis also adheres. In politics he was a Reformer, and he was one of the separate school trustees of Weston during his residence here. He was fraternally connected with the C.M.B.A.

JOSEPH BOSTON, a florist of East Toronto, was born in that town Oct. 5, 1874, son of Frank and Maggie (Flynn) Boston, who were among the early settlers in the County of York.

John Flynn, the maternal grandfather, came to Quebec from Portland, Maine, but later moved to Toronto, where he was employed by the Grand Trunk Railway to do carpentry work. He died in Toronto, but his widow is still living, and makes her home in that city. On the father's side Mr. Boston is of English ancestry, and his grandfather never left England.

Frank Boston, father of Joseph, was born at Hull in 1845, and came to Canada alone when he was old enough to start in life for himself. He secured employment with the Kingston Road Gravel Company, and became foreman, holding that position for a number of years, but in 1880 he bought a place in East Toronto, built

a large brick store, and went into the mercantile business. He continued in this line for a considerable period, but finally sold out and, instead, undertook the management of a bakery. In 1896 he sold this too, and moved to Vancouver, where he is employed by the Canadian Pacific Railway as agent, foreman and shipper. While residing in East Toronto he was active in the affairs of the municipality and was a member of the first board of councilmen chosen after the incorporation of the town, being elected as a representative of the Reform party.

In 1872 Frank Boston married Miss Maggie Flynn, who was born in Richmond, Quebec, in 1848. She has borne her husband eight children: Joseph; Fred, born in 1876, employed by the Canadian Pacific Railway at Brandon, Ont.; Mary, born in 1878, living in Vancouver; Carrie, born in 1880, at home in that city; George, born in 1888; May, wife of Daniel McKinnon, of Vancouver, B.C.; Ada; and Pearl.

Joseph Boston grew to manhood in East Toronto, attending school there, and then clerking for his father, first in the store and then in the bakery. When the latter passed into the hands of Mr. Snell, its purchaser, the young man remained one year with him, as a clerk. About 1903, Mr. Boston bought land in East Toronto, and putting up a greenhouse began his career as a florist. He was successful from the first, and in 1904 put the present buildings up, which are larger than the original plant. In these two years Mr. Boston has worked his way up to a position as leading florist in the town and has reaped substantial returns financially. He has also found time to manifest an active interest in the progress of East Toronto, and has been prominent in every movement tending to its advancement. In politics he is a Reformer.

The marriage of Mr. Boston to Miss Edith Brown occurred in 1896, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Charles Ruttan, the same clergyman who had christened the bridegroom twenty-two years before. Mrs. Boston was born in Toronto in 1876, daughter of John and Fannie (Langridge) Brown. They had a family of five children, Mrs. Boston being the eldest daughter. The Browns came from Maidstone, County Kent, settling in Toronto, where Mr. Brown was in business as a butcher. Mr. and Mrs. Boston are communicants of the Church of England, connected with St. Savior Church. They are active in church work and Mr. Boston is clerk of the vestry and superintendent of the Sunday-school. He is also interested in several fraternal organizations, being a member of the Sons of England, and of the Foresters, besides keeping in close touch with the latest developments in his own line of work, through his mem-

bership in the Horticultural Society of Toronto. Mr. Boston is regarded as one of the rising young men of East Toronto, and has won the respect of all who have watched his career.

JOHN A. BOTHWELL, D.D.S., located at No. 2 College street, Toronto, is the youngest practising dentist in the city at the present time. He was born Oct. 25, 1884, in the township of Zorra East, County Oxford, son of W. A. and Ellen (Clark) Bothwell.

The Doctor's paternal grandparents were Alexander and Mary (Skillen) Bothwell, of Irish and English descent, respectively, who came from Lower Canada to County Oxford, and settled there in an early day. Later they lived in County Perth. Three children survive them: W. A.; Dr. John A., of Stratford; and Emma, Mrs. McIntyre, of Perth County.

W. A. Bothwell was born in Blanshard, County Perth, in 1855. He grew up and was educated there and then made himself thoroughly acquainted with the details of the business of cheesemaking, which has been his occupation ever since. He is now manager of the Strath Island Cheese Company, of Hickson, County Oxford. In 1882 he married Miss Ellen Clark, who was born in County Perth in 1857, daughter of Robert and Jessie (Mossman) Clark, and was educated in the Fullarton high school. Her father was born in the North of Scotland, and her mother was born and reared in New York State. To W. A. and Ellen Bothwell were born five children, namely: Dr. John A.; Robert C., born in County Oxford in 1886, who is engaged in cheesemaking in County Perth; William, born in 1890, who died in 1894; Ethel M., born in 1894; and Mary J., born in 1901. The parents are members of the Presbyterian Church, and are people of high standing in the community.

Dr. John A. Bothwell was sent first to the public schools of County Oxford, later attending the Stratford Collegiate Institute for three years, graduating therefrom. He then entered the University of Toronto, matriculating in the department of arts, and studied there until he began to prepare himself for the profession of dentistry in 1902, in the College of Dental Surgeons. He completed his four years' course with success and credit, and in 1906 was graduated and ready to establish himself in business. In July of that year he opened an office at the corner of College and Yonge streets, and has every prospect of becoming one of the popular and successful dentists of the city. Dr. Bothwell is a young man of fine character and ability, a worthy representative of the sturdy stock from which he descends. In politics he is a Lib-

eral, and in religion a member of the Presbyterian Church.

JOHN MATHERS, a substantial business man of Toronto, who is engaged in wholesale and retail wine dealing at No. 152 King street east, is a member of one of County York's old and honored families.

The Mathers family, which is of Scotch extraction, was founded in Canada by David Mathers, father of John, who was born in Aberdeen, Scotland, in 1830, and in 1852 came to Canada, settling at Todmorden. There he engaged in a milling business for a number of years and subsequently became proprietor of the "Todmorden Hotel," which he conducted for about twenty-five years, then retiring from active work. His death occurred in 1901. Mr. Mathers married Miss Jane McGill, born in England in 1828, daughter of Archibald McGill and wife (the latter's maiden name was Love), who came to Canada in 1833, settling at Todmorden. Mr. McGill served in the Rebellion of 1837-38, and some time thereafter he and his father arranged to go near London, Ont. On reaching Thornhill, however, the sleigh in which they were travelling broke down, and after repairing it they returned to Todmorden, where Mr. McGill spent the remainder of his life. Mrs. David Mathers died in 1896 at Todmorden, the mother of the following children: Isabella, who became the wife of Robert Nash; Mrs. Thomas Hall, of Toronto; John; Mrs. Thomas Dallimore; and Miss Annie M., all born at Todmorden.

John Mathers was born in 1865 at Todmorden, and his education was secured at that place and in Toronto. On reaching his majority he embarked in the butchering business at the corner of Parliament and Sydenham streets, which he continued until 1902, and in that year sold out to engage in the wholesale and retail liquor business at No. 152 King street east, where he has continued to the present time with much success.

Mr. Mathers was married to Miss J. MacFarland, born in Toronto, daughter of Malcolm MacFarland, an early settler of the Queen City. To Mr. and Mrs. Mathers has been born one son, John Malcolm, born in Toronto in 1905.

Mr. and Mrs. Mathers are members of the English Church. In politics he is a Conservative, and his fraternal connections are with the Doric Lodge, A.F. & A.M.; Knights of Pythias; and the C.O.F.

THOMAS E. C. BUTLER, D.D.S., a well-known and popular young dentist of Toronto, located at No. 724 Queen street east, was born near Kettleby, in King township, County York,

Jan. 21, 1884, son of John R. and Sarah (Davis) Butler, descendants of old County York pioneers.

John R. Butler was born in Yorkshire, England, in 1852, son of Joseph and Charlotte Butler and his wife in King township, County York, in 1856, daughter of Clayton Davis. Joseph Butler, who came from Warwickshire, England, settled as a farmer in Kettleby, living there for a number of years prior, to his retirement, when he removed to Toronto, his death occurring at the latter place. He was the father of seven children, namely: Mariah, the only daughter, is unmarried and resides in Toronto; William, of Toronto; Joseph, of Schomberg; Dr. Thomas, a dentist of Toronto; George and Alfred of Toronto, and John R.

John R. Butler was reared and educated in King township. After his marriage he engaged in agricultural pursuits for a number of years, and then located in this city, at which time he entered the employ of Brown Brothers, wholesale stationers, with whom he has been identified for eighteen years. He lives at No. 262 Clinton street. Mr. Butler is well and favorably known as an honest, upright citizen. During the fifteen years he was a teacher in Sunday-school his class contributed over \$1,000 to missionary work.

Four children were born to Mr. and Mrs. John R. Butler: (1) Charles A., born in King township and reared in Toronto, was engaged with Brown Brothers for several years, was junior partner of the firm of W. R. Phillips & Co., of Toronto, and is at present senior partner of the Winnipeg Envelope Company, of Winnipeg. He married Miss Ruby Ingram, of Toronto, and they have one daughter, Eileen. (2) G. Frank, born in King township and educated in the College of Toronto, is single and a manager in the employ of R. J. Whitla & Co., of Winnipeg. (3) Lillian, the only daughter, is the wife of M. M. Downey, Canadian Pacific mail carrier at Medicine Hat, Alberta. (4) Thomas E. C.

Thomas E. C. Butler was educated in the public and high schools of Toronto, and in 1900 entered the Royal College of Dental Surgery, graduating therefrom in 1904, since which time he has been engaged in the practice of his profession at his present location on Queen street. He is a skilled practitioner and has won the confidence and patronage of a large practice. He is connected with the Methodist Church. In politics he is a Conservative, as was his father. He is a member of Broadview Lodge of Odd Fellows, No. 294, and is an officer therein, as well as being connected with London Lodge, Sons of England. Dr. Butler has held the posi-

tion of baritone soloist of the Bathurst Street Methodist Church, and for a short time was leader of the Woodgreen Church choir.

Dr. Butler was married in August, 1905, to Miss Lola Bawden, born in Toronto, daughter of Samuel and Jennie Bawden, members of an old and honored pioneer family of County York. They have one son, Russel Roy, born Feb. 13, 1907.

JOHN S. SIMMONS, a retail florist of Toronto, whose place of business is located at No. 266 Yonge street, is a native of England, born in Kent, Jan. 20, 1872, son of Joseph and Susannah (Kingsford) Simmons.

Mr. Simmons received his education in the schools of Malvern and London, England. In 1885 he came to Toronto. He first gave his attention to the florist's business, in the employ of Mr. Henry Slight, Mr. William J. Laing, and Mr. P. Fogarty, all of whom were growers of plants and flowers, and he acquired a practical knowledge of the business. At his present place of business, No. 266 Yonge street, may be seen the choicest varieties, and there are prepared in the most artistic and modern manner designs for all occasions, such orders being executed in the most skillful and expeditious manner. Mr. Simmons began business for himself as a florist in 1895, at the corner of Carlton and Mutual streets, from that place removing to No. 426½ Yonge street, and from there to his present location, where he has since carried on a constantly increasing business, giving employment to six people.

On June 24, 1893, in Toronto, Mr. Simmons married Miss Lillian M. Sewell, daughter of Henry and Anna (Porter) Sewell, and one son and one daughter have been born to this union. Mr. and Mrs. Simmons are members of Holy Trinity Church, Toronto. In politics he is a Conservative. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, is worshipful master of Wilson Lodge; and also holds membership in the Knights of Pythias; St. George's Society; Chatham Lodge, S.O.E., of which he is past president; Granite Lodge, A.O.U.W.; and the Toronto Gardeners' and Florists' Association.

REV. ALEXANDER BURNS, M.A., D.D., LL.D., who died in Toronto, in May, 1900, was born in County Down, Ireland, Aug. 12, 1834, son of James and Elizabeth C. Burns.

James Burns was a carpenter, and settled in Quebec in 1847. In 1850 he located in Toronto, where he passed the remainder of his life.

Rev. Alexander Burns began his education in his native country, and after settling in Quebec was employed in an apothecary shop for some

time. When seventeen years of age he was converted in Toronto, under the preaching of the Rev. James Caughey, a Methodist clergyman, and Mr. Burns became a Methodist, although his people were Presbyterians. He was graduated from Victoria College, Cobourg, in 1861, with the degree of B.A., and the Prince of Wales gold medal. He remained in the college one year as classical teacher and then entered the University. His first year was in Stratford and his second in Drayton. In 1865 he was offered the vice-presidency of Mount Allison University, N.B., and also the chair of Mathematics in the Iowa Wesleyan University, accepting the latter, and was vice-president of this institution for three years. In 1868 he became president of Simpson Centenary College, where he remained for ten years. In 1869 he was elected president of the Iowa Wesleyan University, but refused to accept, and in 1878 was elected president of Wesleyan Ladies' College, at Hamilton, Ont., at the same time having a call to Chicago. In 1870 he received the degree of S. T.D. from the University of Indiana, and in 1878 that of LL.D. from his alma mater. In 1898 Dr. Burns settled in Toronto, where he was living at the time of his death. In 1882 he was tried in the London conference for holding views contrary to the teachings of the Church. He defended his own case and showed his views not only Biblical, but in harmony with those of the good men of his day.

On June 15, 1863, Dr. Burns married Sarah Andrews, the daughter of Thomas Andrews, who came to Toronto in 1852. Here Mr. Andrews remained a short time and then went to Cobourg, where he resumed the milling business, which he had followed in the old country. He died at Red Lake. To Dr. and Mrs. Burns were born these children: Charles, of Toronto, in the Crown Lands Department; Aleda, of Toronto; Marian, the wife of Robert Lind; and Ralph, of Toronto. The Doctor was a Reformer in politics. In the Masonic fraternity he had attained high rank.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER FOSTER, Q.C., who passed away in Toronto in 1888, was a well-known barrister of the city for many years. He was born in Canada, in 1840, son of James and Mary (Morrison) Foster, natives of the North of Ireland.

James Foster and his wife settled in Canada, and after locating in Toronto, Mr. Foster became a prominent hardware merchant on King street east, opposite the market. In this capacity Mr. Foster continued for a number of years, and both he and his wife died in this city.

William Alexander Foster received a sub-

stantial preliminary education, and then entered upon his legal studies in Toronto with Sir Adam Wilson. After being called to the Bar, Mr. Foster began his professional career in Toronto, and was at various times a member of several firms, among which may be mentioned Osler, Moss & Foster and Foster, Clarke & Bowers. Mr. Foster was a member of the University of Toronto Senate for a number of years, always having the welfare of the institution at heart. He was a man of fine literary tastes, possessing a wide range of knowledge, being well posted on the leading topics of the day, as well as history in general.

Mr. Foster married Miss Bowers, daughter of the late John George Bowers, M.P., for many years a prominent man of Toronto. To Mr. and Mrs. Foster were born two children: Margaret Ethel and Harold W. A., the latter pursuing a course in law.

William Alexander Foster was one of the founders of the Canada First party. He was a member of the Methodist Church.

W. R. JOHNSTON, the oldest wholesale clothier in Toronto, comes of a family for many generations residents of the North of Ireland, and his father, Robert Johnston, was the first of this branch of the family to come to Canada.

Robert Johnston was born in 1816, in County Fermanagh, Ireland, and there grew to manhood. In 1839 he emigrated to Canada, and settled in County Dundas, Ont., where he engaged in the lumber and square timber business until his death, caused by accidental drowning in 1848. His wife was Mary Acheson, who was born in 1819, in the North of Ireland, and she survived her husband until 1886, when she passed away. Their children were: Guy, who resides in the United States; W. R.; and Catherine, widow of Edward Johnston.

W. R. Johnston was born April 12, 1844, in County Dundas, and was therefore but four years of age when his father died. In his native county he received his education, and when a boy went to Montreal, where he served his time to the clothing business. In 1868 Mr. Johnston settled in Toronto, where he embarked in the wholesale clothing business with Mr. L. M. Livingston, under the firm name of Livingston & Johnston, their place of business being at the corner of Bay and Front streets. This firm continued until 1888, when Mr. Livingston retired from the business, since which time Mr. Johnston has continued the business under the firm name of W. R. Johnston & Co. In 1900 was erected the commodious building at the corner of York and Front streets, where they have ample facilities for anything in the clothing

line, and in the conducting of which from 1,200 to 1,500 men and women are constantly employed.

Mr. Johnston was married to Mrs. Elsie (Strachan) Shand, born in Aberdeen, Scotland, and to this union there have come children as follows: William R., a member of the firm, married Mabel Sullivan, and has one son, David; Strachan, a barrister of Toronto, married Mary Walker, and has two children, Alice and Roderrick; Frank, an electrical engineer of the city, married Kate Crawford, and has two children, Hugh and Douglass; Alfred, a member of the firm, married Ruth Peese, and has two children, Frederick and Jessica; Elsie, the wife of R. Bongard, has three children, Gordon, Marjorie and Strachan; and Harry is engaged in the tanning business in Toronto.

M. J. HENDRICK, one of the enterprising young citizens of Bracondale, York township, who is engaged in market gardening on St. Clair avenue, was born on his present farm, in March, 1878, son of Miles and Mary (Kennedy) Hendrick, natives of Ireland, the former born in 1834, and the latter in 1838.

Mr. and Mrs. Miles Hendrick came to Canada when they were young people, and were married in Windsor, whence they went to Toronto. There Mr. Hendrick worked for some years as a coachman, but in 1866 purchased land in Bracondale, and engaged in gardening and farming. He died at this home in 1897, his wife surviving until 1903. Mr. and Mrs. Hendrick were members of the Catholic Church. In politics he was a Reformer. He and his wife had the following children: Mary A., born at Windsor, is the wife of Thomas Graham, a contractor of Bracondale, and they have children, William, Maggie, Thomas, Walter, John, Frederick, Lizzie, Patricia, Della, Vena and a baby; Margaret married John Paxton, a florist of St. Clair avenue, Bracondale, and has four children, William, Ethel, Robert and Valory; Lizzie is the wife of Henry Greenside of Bracondale, and has five children, Gordon, Willie, Howard, May and William; William, a market gardener of Bracondale, married Miss Mary McMillen, and has three children, Irene, Miles and Norman; Winnifred is the wife of John Foley, who resides in Toronto, and has two children, Hazel and Albert; M. J.; Helen is the wife of Donald McLean, of Brantford, and has one daughter; and Treacy is the wife of Patrick Moonrone, of Bracondale.

M. J. Hendrick received his education in the schools of Bracondale, and remained with his father, engaged in market gardening until the latter's death, when he became his successor and

owner of the old homestead, where he has continued to follow the occupation of a market-gardener and florist. In 1899 Mr. Hendrick was married to Miss Margaret Lyne, born in Bracondale in 1879, daughter of Charles and Hannah Lyne, who still survive and reside in Bracondale. To Mr. and Mrs. Hendrick have been born four children: Victoria, born in 1900; Perlina, in 1902; Joseph, in 1904; and Stella M., in 1905. Mr. and Mrs. Hendrick are members of the Catholic Church. In politics he has always supported the Liberal party. He is connected with the Independent Order of Foresters.

JOHN WEBBER, a native son of Devonshire, England, has found home and fortune in the land of his adoption. His greenhouse is on the west side of Kingston road, just off Queen street east, and he owns a valuable tract of four acres in that section, devoting his whole attention to an extensive wholesale flower, plant and fruit business. Mr. Webber is a son of John and Elizabeth (Westlake) Webber, also natives of England, who, however, came to Canada late in life and here died.

The Webber family was founded in Canada by the gentleman whose name heads this article, who after receiving his education and learning the plant and gardening business in England, came, in 1875, to Canada. After travelling over various parts of the country Mr. Webber settled in Toronto, and for some time was private gardener for Sir William Howland, and for the late Hon. George Allan. In 1886 Mr. Webber purchased his present property, and commenced erecting his greenhouses, now five in number, with a glass area of 5,000 square feet, the plant being heated by steam and hot water. Mr. Webber's acreage gives him an opportunity for fruit growing, in which he engages quite extensively, while his greenhouses are filled with choice specimens of carnations, chrysanthemums, ferns and plants of all kinds for the wholesale trade.

In his political views Mr. Webber is independent. He is still unmarried.

FRANK MAILE, a wholesale clothier of Toronto, whose death occurred suddenly in that city Dec. 1, 1905, was born in Huntingdon, England, in 1858, son of Edward and Catherine (Burgess) Maile, both of whom passed their entire lives in their native land.

Frank Maile was educated in England, but when only fifteen years of age he began his business life, choosing the New World for his scene of action. He came in 1873 to Montreal and secured a position in the wholesale clothing house of J. W. McKidie & Co., where he re-

mained for a number of years. In 1887 he removed to Toronto, and was thenceforth identified with that city. For the first fifteen years of his residence there he was engaged with E. Boisseau & Co., wholesale clothiers, and then, after an interval of a year, he became a member of the firm of W. H. Lailey & Co., engaged in that same line. Their place of business was at No. 18 Front street east, Toronto, and Mr. Maile held the position of vice-president of the company at the time of his death. He was a splendid business man, and was devoting the whole strength of his matured powers to developing their already large enterprise, when he was struck down suddenly, dying in his office.

Mr. Maile was united in marriage in Montreal to Miss Elizabeth Brodie, a native of that city and daughter of David Brodie. The latter was a Scotchman, who came to Canada about 1856, and was a leading boot and shoe merchant in Montreal, where he died. To Mr. and Mrs. Maile were born two children, Elizabeth and Cecil, both residing in Toronto. The Maile home is situated on the lake front, one of the most beautiful spots in Toronto in the summer. During his lifetime Mr. Maile was an enthusiastic Mason, belonging to King Solomon Lodge, A.F. & A.M., of which in 1905 he was Master. He also belonged to the A.O.U.W. In politics he was a loyal Conservative, though not especially active, and in religious belief was a Presbyterian.

SERGEANT NATHANIEL CUSECK, of the Royal Grenadiers, was a native of Canada, and a son of John and Mary (Williams) Cuseck, who came from Ireland to Canada as young people, and were here married. Mr. Cuseck here engaged in farming and continued at that occupation until his death.

Nathaniel Cuseck was educated in his native place and there became a carpenter and builder. He became bridge constructor for the Great Western Railway, and continued in that capacity until 1880, when he settled permanently in Toronto, and continued his business until his death in that city.

Mr. Cuseck married Miss Hannah Close, born in Ireland, daughter of Robert and Hannah (Bailey) Close, who came from that country to Canada about 1851, and settled near Guelph, where Mr. Close engaged in farming. To Mr. and Mrs. Cuseck were born children as follows: Robert Henry, who married Annie Meyer; Hannah E., married, and the mother of three children, Mabel, Robert and Nora; Maude; Rosalie; wife of Gilbert Hewer, has one daughter, Vio-

let; and Lizzie Beatrice, who married William Gordon, and has one son, William Nathaniel.

Mr. Cuseck was a member of the Church of England, and his wife is a communicant of the same church. In politics he was a Conservative. He served in the Ridgeway Rebellion, as a member of the Royal Grenadiers, securing his medals therefor.

ROBERT SLEMIN. Among the well-known residents and highly respected citizens of Toronto was the late Robert Slein, for nearly thirty years a member of the police force of the city.

Mr. Slein was born in County Cavan, Ireland, in 1851, and there grew to manhood and received his educational training. Coming to Toronto in the early seventies, he became, in 1876, a member of the police force, in which capacity he continued until his retirement, six or eight months prior to his death, which occurred in 1904.

Mr. Slein was united in marriage with Mrs. John Hare (nee Mary Gardner). Mrs. Slein, who survives her husband, was born in County Fermanagh, Ireland, daughter of William and Eliza (Woods) Gardner, farming people of the Emerald Isle, where both died. In 1874 Mary Gardner came to Canada, arriving in Toronto on May 22nd of that year. Here she met and married Mr. John Hare, who died in Toronto.

Mr. Robert Slein was a Methodist in his religious belief, and he attended the church of that denomination regularly. He was well known in his community, and his many years of faithful public service made him greatly respected. In his death Toronto lost a valuable, public-spirited man.

JAMES BRUCE SORLEY, who departed this life in 1894, was a man whose integrity and strict attention to business placed him among the foremost accountants of his day and generation. Mr. Sorley was born in Toronto, in 1859, son of James Bruce Sorley, Sr.

James Bruce Sorley, Sr., was born in Scotland, and was brought to Toronto by his parents when he was but a child. On growing to manhood he became a wholesale leather dealer, and later in life a public accountant, in which capacity he was serving at the time of his death in 1887. He married a daughter of General Moore, and she now makes her home in Chicago.

James Bruce Sorley, our subject, received his education at the Upper Canada College, after which he became a qualified accountant. At the age of twenty-one years he became head accountant for William Tyler, a wholesale dry

goods merchant, of Baltimore, Md., with whom he remained until Mr. Tyler closed out his business in that city. The high esteem in which our subject was held by Mr. Tyler is shown by the fact that the latter desired to turn his entire business in Baltimore over to Mr. Sorley. No higher commendation could have been paid to Mr. Sorley's integrity, business ability and trustworthiness. Mr. Sorley declined the responsibility, however, but regretted his action later. From Baltimore he went to Chicago, where he continued in Mr. Tyler's employ, having charge of a branch of the business for some time. He then returned to his native city, where he engaged with the firm of Fulton & Michie, remaining until the business was discontinued. He then returned to Chicago, remaining in that city for some time, afterwards returning to Toronto to become secretary-treasurer of the Weston Woolen Mills Company, of which Oliver Wilby was proprietor, and he continued in this position until his death.

Mr. Sorley married Miss Edith G. Vance. Mrs. Sorley comes of a family of high literary attainments. She is a daughter of the late James J. Vance, LL.D., of international reputation. Dr. Vance was born in Belfast, Ireland, in 1832. He was educated in Toronto University, and at the age of twenty-one years received the degree of LL.D., being the youngest recipient of that degree for that institution, if not for any school in the world. Dr. Vance was one of the great literary men of his day and generation. He spoke eight languages, and as a lecturer and lawyer he had few equals. His diction was the choicest and his argument before the court most eloquent. After some years of legal practice Dr. Vance retired from the Bar, and travelled extensively in the United States, becoming noted as a lecturer. While on an educational trip to Austin, Texas, in 1888, Dr. Vance passed away in that city, Sunday March 4th of that year. One of the leading Austin papers spoke of Dr. Vance as "a man whose great intellect found for him rank among the world's most eminent men." The Doctor's widow, who before marriage was Miss Ward, born in 1832, died in Toronto in 1887. Mr. Ward was a contractor of Toronto and built many of the older buildings on Yonge street, near Queen street. It was while working on the site of the Robert Simpson Co.'s building, that he was accidentally killed by falling from a scaffolding. For many years Dr. Vance was a member of the council of Toronto.

To Doctor and Mrs. Vance were born these children: Sheldon W., who at the age of eighteen years was a teacher in the Jarvis Street Collegiate Institute, now resides in Crookston,

Minnesota, where he is a wealthy man; Albert J. is the proprietor of a box factory in Chicago; Clarence H. is a professor of languages and music in Chicago; George B., general manager of the Turner Brass Works in Chicago, is the master of eight languages, five of which he uses daily in his business; Herman M. is the manager of an extensive business in Chicago; Emma M. is the wife of A. C. Anderson, wholesale jeweler of Toronto; Blanche is the wife of C. C. Reckett, of Chicago; Florence, Mrs. W. L. Slouson, of Racine, Wisconsin; and Edith G., married James Bruce Sorley.

To Mr. and Mrs. Sorley two children have been born: Arthur Bruce, born in 1880, in Baltimore, Maryland, now in the Ontario Bank of Toronto; and Edna resides at home. Mr. Sorley was a member of high standing in the Church of England, to which his widow belongs. He was a Conservative in politics, and he fraternized with the A.O.U.W.

DR. RICHARD W. HULL, extensively engaged in the practice of dental surgery, with offices at No. 828 Yonge street, Toronto, is a native of the Queen City, born July 1, 1881, son of Richard W. and Mary (Bulmer) Hull, the former born in Toronto in 1861, and the latter in 1859.

Richard Hull, grandfather of Dr. Richard W., was also born in Toronto, of English parentage. He died in this city, leaving an only son, Richard W., Sr.

Richard W. Hull, Sr., has spent the whole of his life in this city, where, for twenty-three years he has been engaged in the manufacture of shoes. From an humble beginning, Mr. Hull has risen to the front rank of business men, and is also a large real estate holder. He married in 1878 Miss Mary Bulmer, daughter of Isaac and Mary (Boyle) Bulmer, natives of England, and to this union there were born children as follows: Dr. Richard W., A.I., F.B., M.S., A.L., E.M., R.A., S.S., and W.M., all single at home. Mr. Hull is a member of the Masonic fraternity.

Dr. Richard W. Hull acquired his early education in the public schools and Jarvis St. Collegiate Institute, and was graduated from the Dental College in 1905, since which time he has been successfully engaged in practice in Toronto. His ability and technical skill, combined with his pleasing personality, have made him one of the most popular dental practitioners in the city. Dr. Hull is a Liberal-Conservative.

JOSEPH FOGARTY, a leading wholesale and retail florist of Toronto, is a member of an early settled family of the Queen City, the early

records of which will be found in the sketch of Patrick Fogarty.

Joseph Fogarty was born in 1867, in Toronto, son of Patrick Fogarty. He received his education in his native city, and when fourteen or fifteen years of age started to learn the gardening and florist business with his father. On reaching his majority he embarked in the business on his own account on Pape avenue, from which location he later went to Gerrard street east, where he continued until July, 1901. He then purchased property at No. 167 Carlaw avenue, where he erected three greenhouses, having a total area of 7,000 square feet. Here Mr. Fogarty grows all varieties of plants demanded by the wholesale and retail trade. It may be truthfully said that Mr. Fogarty's greenhouses are headquarters for cut flowers and plants in general, and any customer or lover of flowers who may be visiting the city will be welcomed to his place.

Mr. Fogarty was married to Miss Elizabeth Renton, and to this union there have been born children as follows: Alfred, who is engaged with his father in the business; Howard; and Clarence. Mr. and Mrs. Fogarty are members of the Roman Catholic Church. He is popular fraternally as a member of the A.O.U.W.

THE HON. JAMES KIRKPATRICK KERR, K.C., of Toronto, member of the Senate of Canada, born near Guelph, Ontario, August 1, 1841, is the eldest son of Robert Warren Kerr.

Robert Warren Kerr, a civil engineer by profession, came from Ireland to Canada in 1832. Settling at Dundas, he there married a daughter of James Kirkpatrick, who for more than a quarter of a century was treasurer of Wentworth County. In 1848 the family moved to Hamilton, and in 1853 Mr. Kerr was appointed city chamberlain, in which position he continued until his death, which occurred in 1873.

James Kirkpatrick Kerr received his early education under Dr. Tassie, at Hamilton, and later at Galt. Having completed his literary training he turned his attention to the study of the law, and was called to the Bar in August, 1862. He immediately began the practice of his profession in Toronto as a member of the firm of Blake, Kerr & Wells, two of his partners being the Hon. Edward Blake and the Hon. S. H. Blake, with whom he continued until 1885, when he became the head of the firm of Kerr, Macdonald, Davidson & Paterson. In 1876 Mr. Kerr was appointed Queen's Counsel by the Lieutenant-Governor and in 1881 by the Governor-General. He was elected a Bencher of the Law Society in 1879 and in 1881, and for more than twenty years counsel and county solicitor

for the County of York. Among the many important cases in which he has been retained may be mentioned *The Queen vs. McGreevy* and *The United States Express Company vs. Donohoe*, as well as the license case known as *The Queen vs. Hodge, Murray vs. The Canada Central Railway* and *Smart vs. Smart*, which were argued by Mr. Kerr before the Privy Council in England.

In politics Mr. Kerr is a Liberal, and in 1891 was the Liberal candidate for Centre Toronto. In 1903 he was appointed to the Senate of Canada, in which he is now serving. Senator Kerr has been an active and prominent Freemason since his admission into the fraternity in 1863, when he became a member of Ionic Lodge, Toronto. In 1865 he became Worshipful Master of that lodge, holding that office for two years, and was subsequently three times elected District Deputy Grand Master of the Toronto District. In 1874 he was elected Deputy Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Canada and in 1875 succeeded to the Grand Mastership, which he held for two years. He has held the rank of Grand Principal Z. in the Grand Chapter of Canada and the Grand Chapter of Scotland; is Past Provincial Prior of the Sovereign Great Priory of Knights Templars of Canada, and Sovereign Grand-Inspector-General of the Supreme Council, thirty-third degree, England. In 1883 Mr. Kerr received, at the hands of His Majesty the King (then Prince of Wales) and Grand Master of Knights Templars, the distinguished order of the Grand Cross of the Temple. Senator Kerr is a member of the Anglican Church, and for many years he has been a member of the Diocesan and Provincial Synod and for eleven or twelve years church warden of St. James' Cathedral.

Senator Kerr has been twice married. In 1864 he married the youngest daughter of the Hon. William Hume Blake, and secondly, in 1883, he married the daughter of the late Rev. George Stanley-Pinhorne, of Cumberland, England.

Senator Kerr is a member of the Toronto Club, the Toronto Hunt Club and the Rideau Club of Ottawa.

REV. CANON THOMAS ROBERT O'MEARA, LL.D., Honorary Canon of St. Alban's Cathedral, Toronto, and principal of Wycliffe College, the largest of Church of England Theological Colleges, is numbered among the leading literary men of the Dominion of Canada. He is a son of the late Rev. Canon Frederic O'Meara, LL.D., for many years rector at Port Hope, who was born in Ireland and educated at Trinity College, Dublin. He married a Miss Dallas, of Scotch extraction.

Dr. O'Meara was born at Georgetown, Ont., in 1864. He received his early literary training at Port Hope, and this was supplemented by courses of study at Toronto University and Wycliffe College, from which institution he was graduated in 1887. Soon after graduation he became Curate at St. Phillip's under Archdeacon Sweeny, where he remained until called to the Curacy of Trinity Church, Toronto, under the late Canon Sanson. After ably filling this position for about fifteen years, Dr. O'Meara became professor of Homiletics and Pastoral Theology in Wycliffe College, where he remained for nearly two years, when, on the death of Canon Sanson, he accepted the call to the Rectorship of Trinity Church, which position he filled until 1906, still retaining his professorship. In that year he was appointed to his present principalship made vacant by the death of the late Rev. James Sheraton, D.D., LL.D. In the same year Dr. O'Meara was made Honorary Canon of St. Alban's Cathedral, Toronto. For some time he was financial secretary of Wycliffe, in which capacity he was eminently successful. Dr. O'Meara is a vice-president of the Upper Canada Bible Society, president of the Church of England Deaconess and Missionary Training Home, and, ex-officio, a member of the Senate of the University of Toronto.

In 1889 Dr. O'Meara married Miss Harriet Boyd, daughter of the late Judge John Boyd. To this union have been born three daughters, Helen, Kittie and Marjorie.

Dr. O'Meara is not only a man of intellectual strength, but coupled therewith is marked executive and financial ability, as well as deep spirituality, thus ably fitting him for the prominent position he now occupies.

FREDERIC NEWTON GISBORNE STARR, M.B. The healing art has ever attracted to its ranks men of the finest calibre, for no other field offers more opportunity for real service to one's fellows, or for more absorbing and oftentimes brilliant work. Toronto, with its fine medical school and hospitals, and its many advantages for keeping in close touch with the latest professional thought, has naturally drawn thither many of the most able men in the profession.

Dr. Starr comes of a family identified for several generations with Canadian life and institutions, but originally of English ancestry. Comfort Starr, the first of the family to leave England, went in 1652 from County Kent, England, to Boston, Massachusetts. His great-grandson, Henry, was for some time a resident of Connecticut, but at the time of the American Revolution moved to Canada and located at

Stars's Point, Nova Scotia. Through him was established the Canadian branch.

J. E. Starr, grandson of Henry, was born in Halifax, and remained there during his active life, engaged in business as a West Indian merchant. His last years were spent at Richmond Hill, County York, in the home of his son, Rev. J. Herbert Starr, where he died in 1876. His wife passed from this world in Galt in 1879. They left two sons, and a daughter: Rev. J. Herbert; Rev. Reginald, who is a minister at Oakland, California; and has a son Reginald E., a lawyer in New York City; and Elizabeth, who married Dr. D. N. Tucker, of the British Navy, and she has one daughter, Mrs. Carrie McDonald, of Burlington.

Rev. J. Herbert Starr was born in Halifax, February 23, 1830. He was prepared for the ministry in Sackville, N.B., and began preaching at an early age. He continued his chosen work until 1884, when he was superannuated and removed to Toronto to make his home. He has been married twice, his first wife, whose maiden name was Susan Evans, having died in 1882, two years before he left the ministry. They became the parents of six children, as follows: (1) Rev. John E., born at Sydney, Cape Breton, in 1857, is the minister of the Berkeley Methodist Church of Toronto. He married Georgina Graham, and has two children, Herbert G. and Nora M. (2) David E., born at Norval, Ont., is in business in Toronto. He married Miss Clara Suteliff, of Brampton, and has six children, Ronald, Charles, Ellen, Edna, Marion and Frederic. (3) George H., born at Waterloo, Ont., is in business in Chicago, Illinois. He married Stella ———, of New Orleans, and has one son, Herbert. (4) Ephraim, born at Waterloo, is a commission merchant residing in Whitby. He married Miss Ida Powell, of Toronto. (5) J. R. L., born at Grimsby, Ont., was educated at the University of Victoria College and at Osgoode Hall, and is a barrister in Toronto, has been an active participant in that city's affairs, and has served efficiently on both the school board and the city council. (6) Dr. F. N. G. is mentioned below. The sons are all substantial men of influence in their respective communities.

Dr. F. N. G. Starr was born at Thorold, near St. Catharines, Ont., August 28, 1867. He was educated in the public schools of Ontario wherever the ministerial duties of the father took him, and later he entered the University of Toronto. He was graduated from the Medical Department of that institution in 1889, after a four years' course, and then went abroad for further study. For considerably more than a year he worked in the hospitals of Edinburgh,

London, Paris and Berlin, and then returned to Canada to begin practice in Toronto. Since that time he has been continuously engaged in his profession. He was general secretary of the Canadian Medical Association for eight years, and during 1905-'06 was honorary local secretary of the British Medical Association. His experience abroad had given him a broader outlook in his work, and his splendid preparation combined with his skill and enthusiasm have brought him abundant success. He ranks high among Toronto's physicians and surgeons. He is associate surgeon to the Hospital for Sick Children and assistant surgeon to the General Hospital. He is also associate professor of clinical surgery in the University of Toronto.

In September, 1904, Dr. Starr was married to Miss Annie Callander Mackay, of New Glasgow, N.S., daughter of Forrest and Mary Mackay, and a member of a family prominent in that vicinity. Mrs. Starr was educated in Providence, Rhode Island, and at Glen Mawr in Toronto. Both the doctor and his wife are members of the Methodist Church, and he is a Conservative in his political principles. He lives at No. 112 College street.

DAVID SMITH, senior member of one of the best-known engraving and lithographing firms in Canada, has been for the past thirty-five years identified with the business life of Canada and Toronto, and no man in the city stands higher than he in the esteem of his fellows.

Born in England in 1839, Mr. Smith remained in his native country until he was over thirty years of age. As a boy he attended the public schools of Liverpool, and there received a good education, which proved a substantial foundation for his later studies in the arts of lithographing and engraving. He became an expert in these lines, and after pursuing his calling for some time in Liverpool, crossed the Atlantic, in 1870, and established himself in Toronto. Entering the employ of Mr. Joseph T. Rolph, who was then located at No. 11 King street east, he was before the end of the year taken into the business. Under the firm name of Rolph, Smith & Co. were associated Mr. J. T. Rolph, Mr. F. Rolph and Mr. Smith, and so successful were they that before long they moved into new and more commodious quarters at Leader lane and King street. These premises were also outgrown, and the firm removed to Leader lane and Wellington street west, remaining there until they erected the handsome building on Wellington street west, which was the last abode of the firm of Rolph, Smith & Co.

In 1904 the plant was destroyed by fire, and

the partners decided not to resume under the old conditions. Instead, two firms were formed, and Mr. Smith organized the present concern, known as the David Smith Engraving & Lithographing Company, with his son Harold T. as a partner. The block at the southwest corner of Church and Court streets was purchased and remodeled to suit the needs of the business, and an admirable equipment was installed. Mr. Smith drew upon the headquarters for supplies in both England and America for the newest and most perfect machinery that could be procured, and he is prepared to execute promptly commissions for all classes of engraving, lithographing and embossing. He is known from the Atlantic to the Pacific as an expert engraver, familiar with every detail of his business, while his son who has been brought up in the work, has already made a reputation for himself all through the Province. The staff employed by the firm includes some of the very best men in their trades to be found in the Dominion.

Mr. Smith married Miss Annie Taylor, eldest daughter of George and Caroline Taylor. The Taylors came originally from England, but lived some time in Albany, New York, before settling in Canada, where they made their home on the Don. Mrs. Smith was educated by a private tutor and is a woman of culture and scholarly attainments, as well as of most estimable character. She and her husband have always resided on an estate near Todmorden, where Mr. Smith built a handsome brick house in 1880. The place is a fine farm property, and is kept under a good state of cultivation. Mr. and Mrs. Smith have had one child, Harold Taylor, who was born in 1880, and educated in Toronto. He is a most promising young man, and has every qualification for repeating his father's success. Both Mr. and Mrs. Smith are members of the Methodist Church, and the former, as one of the trustees, is prominent among its strongest supporters, both religiously and financially.

The position achieved by David Smith is due solely to his own efforts. Without wealth or influence to help him in the beginning, the inherent force of his character has kept him pressing steadily forward, through adversity as well as success, until prosperity in ever increasing measure is his. In his years of work in Toronto he has made for himself an enviable reputation for absolute honesty and integrity, while his genial manliness and charitable nature have won him many friends. In politics he has always identified himself with the Liberal party, and while not seeking political honors for himself has proved himself a good citizen, who has done his part in advancing his city.

ROBERT DACK. The Dack family, of Toronto, which has been identified with the mercantile interests of the city for nearly three-quarters of a century, was originally from Yorkshire, England, but emigrated to Ireland in the time of Cromwell, and from that country Matthew Dack came to Canada.

On his arrival in this country in 1835 Matthew Dack located in Montreal, but the following year removed to Toronto, and soon thereafter embarked in a boot and shoe business at No. 73 King street west. The business has since been carried on there by members of the family, Robert G. Dack, the great-grandson of Matthew, being in the fourth generation to engage in that business in the same location. Among the children of Matthew Dack was a son Edward, born in Ireland about 1814, who accompanied the family to Canada in 1835, and succeeded to his father's business. His wife, whose maiden name was Bower, died in Toronto in 1891. Their children all born in Toronto, were: Lucy, Clara, Edward, Robert and Emily.

Robert Dack was born in Toronto in 1854 and in this city received his schooling, on the completion of which he entered the business founded by his grandfather, which is the oldest boot and shoe business in Toronto, and in which he has continued until the present time. Mr. Dack resides at Bedford Park, North Toronto, of which municipality he has for some time been a councilman. He married Minnie Sinclair who was born in Toronto, and like her husband is a member of a family long identified with the city. To this union were born six children: Robert G., Clarabel, Norman Sinclair, Ethel, Stanford and John, all natives of Toronto. Mr. and Mrs. Dack and their family are connected with the Church of England.

ROBERT G. DACK, who is associated with his father in the business, was born in Toronto and educated in the schools of the city. Subsequently he entered the business house to which he has been devoted during his business career. All the members of this family are able, energetic business men, and the trade has grown steadily to large proportions from the humble beginning made by Matthew Dack nearly three quarters of a century ago.

REV. RICHARD W. WOODSWORTH. For forty years this gentleman has been in the ministry of the Methodist Church, and is still active therein. The Woodsworths are of English extraction and founded in Canada by Richard Woodsworth, the father of our subject. The father was born in Yorkshire in 1803. In 1833 he came to Toronto, where he was an architect

and builder for many years. In his later years he entered the government service continuing thus until his death, in 1871.

The maiden name of Richard Woodsworth's wife was Mary Ann Watson. She was born in New York City, of English parents, in 1810, and died in Toronto in 1902. They were the parents of twelve children, five of whom grew to maturity, viz.: Mrs. W. C. Phidham, deceased; Mrs. F. R. Mann, of St. Paul; Rev. James, for twenty years superintendent of missions in the North-West and in British Columbia; Rev. Richard W., our subject, and Joseph, of Toronto.

Rev. Richard W. Woodsworth was born in Toronto in 1846. He received his literary training in the schools of his native city and for three years thereafter was a clerk in the Canada Permanent Building & Savings Society. Mr. Woodsworth then turned his attention to the ministry. This was in 1867, at the time when men were in great demand, and study and work had to be combined. He therefore attended to his parish and studied for his examinations as well, and in due time was admitted to the Conference and ordained as a minister of the gospel. Among the pulpits filled by Mr. Woodsworth may be mentioned Ridgetown, Dundas, Brantford, Niagara Falls, South and Woodstock. In 1899 Mr. Woodsworth settled in Toronto, and in 1904 was appointed secretary of the Association of Christian Stewards, an organization for promoting the principles of systematic and proportionate giving as taught in the Word of God.

Rev. Mr. Woodsworth has been twice married. His first wife was Charlotte J. Bridgman who died in 1901, at fifty-five years of age. To this union were born four children, the first dying in infancy. Those now living are Hattie E., a missionary in West China; Mrs. G. J. Blewett, wife of Rev. G. J. Blewett, Ph.D., professor in Victoria University, and author of "The Study of Nature and the Vision of God," a work that has received the highest commendation of the Canadian press; and Miss Edith, a trained nurse of Toronto. Mr. Woodsworth's second wife was Anna E. Day, for twelve years a missionary in Africa. Mr. and Mrs. Woodsworth reside at No. 105 Yorkville avenue, Toronto, where their many friends are always welcome.

COL. JOHN T. THOMPSON, long prominent in military affairs in Toronto and drill instructor in the public schools of the city, is of English descent, coming of a family of some distinction in their section of Great Britain. His paternal grandfather was a military man there,

and his great-grandfather was lord mayor of York.

Thomas Thompson, father of Col. John T., of Toronto, was born in Yorkshire, England, in 1824, and came to Canada in 1848, settling in Toronto. His occupation was harness making, and he was actively engaged in that business all his life. He became rather prominent in political affairs in the city, working with the Conservative party, and was a member of the Conservative Association of his ward for a number of years. He was also greatly interested in military matters, in 1866 organizing the 10th Company of the 10th "Royals," of which he became captain, and he was called to Fort Erie on duty. Fraternal matters also engaged his attention, as he was both a Mason and an Orangeman, belonging to Lodge No. 127 of the latter organization; he also belonged to the York Pioneers. He was a member of the Richmond Street Methodist Church. Captain Thompson married Miss Christina McArthur, who was born in Ontario, and their children, all born in Toronto, were: John T.; Mary, Mrs. William Leak, of Toronto; Arthur, a harness maker on George street; and William W., a business man of Chicago, Illinois. The mother of these children died in 1899, and her husband followed her in 1902.

John T. Thompson was born in 1852 and was educated in the grammar school in Toronto. As a preparation for his future career he learned the details of his father's business, but did not long follow it, as in 1873 he went into the Customs. In February, 1875, he was made truant officer for the city schools and about one year later was appointed drill instructor, which work has engrossed the greater part of his time ever since. His own military schooling began in 1870, as an ensign in the 10th Royals. In 1874 he became captain, and served in that capacity until 1882, when he retired from the Grenadiers. In 1884, however, he accepted an appointment as captain and adjutant in the 12th York Rangers, and in 1885 he was in the rebellion in the North-West, once more proving his ability as an officer. His present commission, as colonel of the 12th, was received in 1902.

Mr. Thompson married Miss Jane Wood, and one child has been born to them, William Herbert. Like his father Colonel Thompson is a Methodist in his religious belief, and in politics he supports the Conservative party. He is a Knight Templar Mason and Past Master of Zeta Lodge, No. 410, of Toronto.

THOMAS QUINN, who was well known and highly esteemed throughout Toronto, died at Union Park on the St. Lawrence, September 1,

1893. He was born September 1, 1847, son of Martin Quinn, a resident of Howe Island, Ontario.

Thomas Quinn began his business career at Gananoque, Ont., where he was in the mercantile business for a number of years. He then went to Kingston, and there continued for a short time, after which he received the Government appointment of storekeeper in the Reformatory at Penetanguishene. At the expiration of a year, he was transferred to Toronto as storekeeper at the Central Prison, and, for some time, he held the same position at the Aylum in Hamilton. Returning to the Central Prison, he was again made storekeeper, and later promoted to the bursarship, a position he held until his death.

On November 11, 1873, Mr. Quinn was married to Miss Cecelia Fraser, who was born in Brockville, Ont., daughter of John Simon and Sarah (McMylar) Fraser. Mr. Fraser was a shoemaker by trade, and his son, the Hon. Christopher F., was for some time Commissioner of Public Works of Ontario. Mr. and Mrs. Quinn had a family of ten children, as follows: Martin J., of Toronto, who married Anna Sullivan, and had seven children, namely, Harold (deceased), Gordon, Eugene, Wilfrid, Thelma, Edward and Ramona (deceased); Helen, who married Mr. F. D. Dewar; Oliver, who married Catherine Neilas, and has one daughter, Cecelia; John, who married Lena Wooten; Christopher F.; James C.; William J.; Mary M.; Charles and Thomas. Mr. Quinn was a Roman Catholic and a prominent member of the C.M.B.A., being several times returned as president of Branch No. 49. In politics he was a staunch Reformer.

ERNEST GEORGE EDGAR McCONKEY, owner and proprietor of the popular lunch room, restaurant and confectionery at Nos. 27-33, King street west, Toronto, an establishment which has been conducted by three generations of McConkeys, is a native of Toronto, and belongs to one of the early settled families of the city. The founder of the Canadian branch was Thomas McConkey, who became a resident of Toronto prior to 1840. It is not known at just what date he established his restaurant, but he was in the business as early as 1843, and in "Robertson's Landmarks of Toronto" it is stated that in the year 1856 he was conducting one at No. 78 King street west. At his death the business descended to his son, George Scott McConkey.

George Scott McConkey was born in Toronto in 1841, and was educated in his native city. He was in the same line of business as his father, and in 1874 opened a restaurant at No.

145 Yonge street, where he was profitably engaged for seven years. At the end of that time he removed to the corner of Yonge and Richmond streets, remaining there eight years, and then finally established himself at the present location at Nos. 27-29 King street west. By 1899 the business had increased to such an extent that Mr. McConkey doubled the capacity of his place by purchasing the adjoining property, Nos. 31-33 King street west, and for the remaining five years of his life continued in charge of the whole concern.

George S. McConkey was married in Toronto to Miss Mary Jane Allen, who was born in that city, daughter of John Allen. Her parents came from Ireland and settled in the city, where Mr. Allen was engaged in business as a builder. To George S. and Mary J. McConkey were born the following children: Ernest George Edgar; Maude, who married Charles Thompson Woods, a banker of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania; and Fred C., in business with Henry A. Taylor, of Toronto. George S. McConkey was a member of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church. An enthusiastic lodge man, he had taken the 32nd degree in the Masonic order, and was the founder of the Mystic Shrine in Canada. His death occurred September 27, 1904.

Ernest George Edgar McConkey, like his father, is a native of Toronto. He was born in 1868, and was educated in the model school and the Jarvis street Collegiate Institute. From school he went into his father's restaurant, and rapidly becoming familiar with the details of the business was associated with him in its management until the death of the father, when he succeeded to the sole ownership and control of the business. He carries on a bakery, catering, restaurant and wholesale and retail confectionery business, at present employing about 200 people in the various branches of the work. The cuisine is most excellent, everything is done in a modern and attractive style, and in all respects the establishment is the finest and most elaborate of the kind, not only in Toronto, but in the Dominion, while Mr. McConkey's courteous manners add to the popularity which his good business methods insure.

In 1896 Mr. McConkey married Miss Katie Marie Mills, who was born in Toronto in 1871, daughter of the late John Mills, one of the pioneer business men of the city, and the first owner of the "Clyde Hotel." Two children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. McConkey, Edgar Allen and Ella. Mr. McConkey belongs to the Masons, the Elks, and the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society, and both he and his wife are members of the All Saints' Church. They are well known in the community and have many warm friends.

CHARLES BROWN (deceased) was one of Toronto's most popular citizens and business men. His entire business life was spent in the Queen City, to which he came about 1850-55, from the State of New York.

Mr. Brown was born in Penn Yan, near Rochester, New York, in 1831. He was but a child when thrown upon his own resources by the death of his father. He grew to manhood in his native State, and there early learned the habits of industry and strict integrity which characterized him throughout life. He came to Toronto before the day of railroads, the trip being made on the boat "Chief Justice Robinson." Toronto was then but the beginning of the metropolis of Ontario, and Mr. Brown did his share in the building up of the city. He died in 1895, after forty years of business life in the Queen City. On settling here he engaged for a time as a commercial salesman, but later went into business with C. P. Reid, under the firm name of Reid & Brown, wholesale liquor dealers, continuing in this line for ten years. Mr. Brown and the late J. D. King founded the firm of King & Brown, wholesale dealers in boots and shoes, from which business Mr. Brown later withdrew to go into the carriage and horse furnishing business, with which he was identified until his death.

In 1862 Mr. Brown married Miss Louise Hiltibidal, daughter of George and Maria (Van Louten) Hiltibidal. Mrs. Brown, like her husband, was born in the Empire State, but has spent most of her life in Toronto, to which city she came in 1862. Mr. and Mrs. Brown had these children: Hattie, the wife of E. W. Cox, son of Senator George Cox, of Toronto; Charles, of Toronto, who married Daisy Logan; and Louise, the wife of H. C. Cox, also a son of Senator Cox. Mr. Brown was a Reformer in politics. In religion he was a Methodist, and in his fraternal connection a Mason. In 1882 Mr. Brown built the fine residence at No. 42 Isabella street, where Mrs. Brown now resides. In the death of Charles Brown, Toronto lost one of her best business men and most highly esteemed residents.

ASA EDGAR MINKLER, for many years well known in real estate and banking circles in Toronto, died there August 28, 1889. He came of a pioneer family of Ontario, and was born in North Oxford, County Oxford, August 4, 1854, son of Jeremiah and Lucy E. (Hyde) Minkler. The parents were early settlers of that section, where Jeremiah Minkler carried on farming. On July 14, 1839, he married Lucy E. Hyde, who was born in Sherrington, Quebec, June 20, 1820.

Asa Edgar Minkler was educated in the common schools of his native county and at a business college in London, Ont. On completing his studies, with his brother, Marshall Minkler, he engaged in a private banking business at Ingersoll, in which he continued for some time. He then went to Elmira, as manager of the Struthers Bank, in which capacity he continued to serve for about two years, when he purchased the business and continued it for about five years, until it was merged into the Traders Bank. Mr. Minkler settled in Toronto in 1884 and engaged in the real estate business with S. H. Janes, who retired January 1, 1888, after which Mr. Minkler continued the business until his death. Although taken away in the prime of life, he demonstrated that he was one of the best real estate men in the Queen City, and possessed business ability in a marked degree. He was a musician of talent, both vocal and instrumental, and for some time prior to his death was a member of the choir of the Carlton Street Methodist Church.

In 1879 Mr. Minkler married Mary Adelaide McDonald, who was born in County Oxford, daughter of Robert and Louisa (Janes) McDonald. Mr. McDonald was descended from the Stewart McDonald family of Glasgow, Scotland, and was a son of Capt. John McDonald, who came from Scotland in 1812, locating in Albany, New York, and in 1823 removed to Caledonia, New York, in 1828 settling in County Oxford, Ontario, on the line between Zorra West and Nissouri townships, where he died. Robert McDonald, father of Mrs. Minkler, was for many years a member of the well-known firm of McDonald Brothers, merchants of Ingersoll.

Mr. and Mrs. Minkler had children as follows: Roy McDonald, who died, aged eleven years; Miss Jessie E., of Toronto; Lewis P., of the North-West Territory; and Edna Louise. In political faith Mr. Minkler was a Reformer. He was a Mason and a Past Grand of the I.O.O.F.

GEORGE BROWN, florist, Toronto, is well known among the older residents of the city, where he has lived for half a century, and for more than half of this time was engaged in the hotel business. Mr. Brown was born in Lincolnshire, England, in 1843, son of George Brown, Sr., a contractor and builder of the old country, where he spent his entire life. Three sons of George Brown, Sr., came to America, viz.: Edmund, who came in 1852 and located in Hamilton, where he was a contractor and builder, and where he now resides; and Abner and George, Jr., who came to Canada in 1857, after a short time in Hamilton settling in Toronto. Here Ab-

ner was a hotel man, and here he now lives retired.

George Brown, Jr., was but fourteen years of age when he came to this country, and he first engaged at the "Rossin House," from there going to the "Revere" (now the "Queen's"), remaining at the latter place thirteen or fourteen years. Leaving the "Queen's" about 1868 Mr. Brown embarked in business for himself, opening the St. Charles restaurant, which he continued for about two years, then becoming proprietor of the "American Hotel." This was located on the present site of the Board of Trade, and was conducted by Mr. Brown for seven years. He then re-opened the "Palmer House," which he conducted for about one year, when he again engaged in the restaurant business in the block adjacent to the *Mail* building on King street. On the opening of the Reform Club, Mr. Brown became manager thereof, continuing in that position for five years, and then re-engaged in the hotel business as proprietor of the "Globe Hotel," Yonge street, continuing there about seven years. Mr. Brown was now nearing the age when he wished a vocation not so strenuous as the hotel business, and accordingly he went into the florist's business, which gives him employment of a milder nature and a good income as well. Mr. Brown is one who believes that a man should have a vocation of some kind as long as he can attend to it,—that, in this way, he will live longer and feel better.

Mr. Brown married Miss Isabella M. Clements, who was born in Newfoundland, and who died in Toronto in 1901, leaving children as follows: George Edward, of California; C. M., wife of E. T. Nesbitt, of Quebec; H. and W., twins, the former connected with the Bible Society of Canada, and the latter located in California; Clara, wife of George Keevie, of Hamilton; Jessie, who married L. Vance, of Toronto; Fred, of Philadelphia; and Albert, of Toronto. The family are Methodists. In politics Mr. Brown is a Reformer.

JAMES CLINE CHRYSLER, who died at Ancaster, Ont., April 17, 1896, was a member of a family long identified with Western Ontario. He was a relative of the Chryslers on whose farm the famous battle of Chrysler Farm was fought, in County Kent, Ontario.

James C. Chrysler was born at Ancaster, Ont., in 1819, his father having come from Pennsylvania to Canada some time before founding the family in this country. Our subject received his education in his native place, and there engaged in farming for many years. About six years prior to his death he went to the village

of Ancaster, and there spent the remaining years of his life.

Mr. Chrysler married Mrs. Robert Clark, nee Sarah Gauley, daughter of Hugh and Mary (Schofield) Gauley. Hugh Gauley was born in England, and his wife in Ireland, and about 1830 they came to Canada, where he engaged in teaching for many years. Their children were: Thomas, Hugh, Mrs. Chrysler, Mrs. Johnston and Mrs. Van Sickle. Mr. and Mrs. Chrysler had one daughter, Mary Margaret.

By her former marriage to Mr. Clark, Mrs. Chrysler had one daughter, Ruby Ethel, who resides with her mother in Toronto. Robert Clark was born in the Orkney Islands in 1847, and on coming to Canada followed his trade of coopering for some time, his death occurring in 1882. Mrs. Chrysler still retains her 100-acre farm on Lot 36, Concession 2, Township of Ancaster, County Wentworth, but in 1897, she located in Toronto, where she has since resided. Mr. Chrysler served his country in the Rebellion of 1837-8. In politics he was a Reformer.

ALBERT MACCOOMB, secretary and manager of the Byrant Press, Limited, has spent his entire life in the printing business. He was born at St. Catharines, Ont., in 1866, son of Thomas and Jane (Saunders) Maccoomb.

Thomas Maccoomb and his wife came to Canada in their younger days, and were married here. For a short time they remained in Toronto, and then settled in St. Catharines, where Mr. Maccoomb was a professor of music. From that place he went to Welland, where he made his home until his death. His widow still resides there. Their children were: Albert, Charlotte, Frank, Henry, Edwin and Robert.

Albert Maccoomb received his education in the schools at Welland, and on leaving school began his preparation for what has been his life work on the Welland *Telegraph*. Moving to Toronto he spent twelve years with the Mail Job Printing Company, as foreman of the composing room, where the class of work he turned out won him high recognition among the printers of the Province. From there he went to the Byrant Press and took charge of the mechanical department, a position he ably filled until he was made manager. The duties of secretary were added when the firm began to do business as the Bryant Press, Limited.

Mr. Maccoomb is a Mason of high degree, being past grand marshal of the Sovereign Grand Priory of Canada; and he is recorder of Rameses Temple, of the Mystic Shrine. Wherever he is found he is able and conscientious in the per-

formance of his duties, and he is highly esteemed.

THE BRYANT PRESS, LIMITED, of Toronto, is one of the leading job printing houses of Canada, and was founded by Mr. J. E. Bryant, now of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. For some time the business was conducted by a stock company of English Churchmen, from whom it was purchased by Mr. A. H. Campbell. Later Mr. Bryant became the head, and so continued until in April, 1897. The business was incorporated under the name of the Bryant Press, Limited, with John Weld, of London, Ont., as president; Joseph Weld, of the same city, as vice-president; and Albert Maccoomb, as secretary and manager.

The business was formerly located at No. 20 Bay street, but increasing business and the enlarged scope of the work done necessitated larger quarters, and in 1898 it was moved to Nos. 44-46-48 Richmond street, where it is found to-day one of the busiest places in the city. One hundred and forty hands are constantly employed. All kinds of job printing and binding are done, with a speciality of publishers' works.

HORACE REGINALD RIDOUT, whose death occurred at Montreal in 1897, was born in Toronto in 1856, a member of the pioneer family of Ridout, early settlers of the Queen City. Mr. Ridout was a son of Thomas Gibb and Jessie (Hamilton) Ridout, of Ottawa, and grandson of the late Thomas Gibb Ridout. The parents of our subject had three children: Horace R.; A. W., of Walkerville; A. H., of Port Elgin; Mrs. T. C. Capreal; W. F. Garrett; Miss Edith and Miss Lillie.

Horace Reginald Ridout was educated at the Upper Canada College, Toronto. His business career was begun in Montreal, where he carried on a railroad supply business at No. 22 St. John street, until the time of his death. Mr. Ridout never took an active part in politics, preferring to give his attention to his business. He married Miss Maggie Higgins, born at Whitby, daughter of W. H. Higgins, for many years a journalist, and later inspector of the Division Courts at Toronto. Mrs. Ridout's mother was Emma Keller, daughter of Charles Keller, a justice of the peace of Markham Township, County York. Mr. and Mrs. Higgins' children were: F. O'Connor; Mrs. D. A. O'Sullivan; J. D. Warde; G. G. McTerson; Dr. Sheahan, of St. Catharines; Mrs. James E. Day, of Guelph; Miss Higgins; Mrs. Ridout; and Stafford, of Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Horace Reginald Ridout had four children: Marjorie, deceased; Jessie Kath-

leen; Alice V.; and Thomas Reginald. The children are very fond of music, both vocal and instrumental, and are being educated at the Loretto Convent, Niagara Falls, Ont. In politics Mr. Ridout was a Conservative. He was a member of the Church of England, while his widow attends the Roman Catholic Church.

JOHN PARTINGTON RUSSELL, M.D., C. M., Toronto, comes of a family of medical men, his father, John P. Russell, and two uncles, Drs. Robert Henry and Francis M. Russell, having spent their lives in the practice of medicine. The Russell family of which our subject is a member, was founded in Canada by the late Captain R. H. Russell of the Scots Fusilier Guards, who settled in Quebec.

Dr. John Partington Russell, father of our subject, was born in Dublin, Ireland, in 1821, and when quite young came with his parents to Quebec. His medical studies were begun with Dr. James Douglas, a well-known and skilful physician of Quebec, and continued at the Edinburgh University, Scotland, from which institution he was graduated in 1846. He also became a member of the Royal College of Surgeons, England. Immediately after graduation Dr. Russell returned to Quebec and entered upon the practice of his chosen profession with his elder brother, Dr. Robert Henry Russell, with whom he continued until 1860, when he moved to Toronto and succeeded to the practice of his younger brother, the late Dr. Francis M. Russell, who had settled in Toronto about 1855, and who died in 1860. After settling in Toronto in 1860 Dr. John P. Russell continued his practice until his death May 14, 1890. Concerning the late Dr. John P. Russell, Dr. William Canniff said: "During the thirty years Dr. Russell held a high position in the ranks of the medical profession, and greatly enjoyed a reputation for possessing great skill and successful treatment of diseases, which evidences the thorough training he had received and the close application in pursuit of medical knowledge during his years of pupilage. Dr. Russell was greatly esteemed by his medical confreres, who frequently availed themselves of his services as a consultant. In that capacity he was often in demand throughout the Province. Dr. Russell loved the profession and took great pride in faithfully observing all the laws, written and unwritten, which govern the profession. He had a generous heart for those suffering from disease and in alleviating that suffering he was not actuated by mercenary motive. Many a one in the poorer walks of life had reason to regret his loss to the community." The wife of the late Dr. John P. Russell had the maiden name of Elizabeth Cam-

peau. She was born in Dublin in 1829, and died in Toronto in 1873, the mother of one son, Dr. John Partington Russell, the subject proper of this memoir, and two daughters.

Dr. John Partington Russell, our subject, was born in Toronto in 1868. He prepared for college at the Upper Canada College, matriculating in 1886. Entering Toronto University, he was graduated therefrom April 7, 1891, with the degree of M.D., C.M. He was graduated from Victoria University. After graduation Dr. Russell spent some time in travel in the United States. Returning to his native city in 1894 he took up the practice of his profession at No. 172 Simcoe street, the former home of his father, since engaging in the active duties of his profession. Dr. Russell has maintained the high standard of the profession so strictly adhered to by both his father and uncle.

Dr. Russell was married to Miss Hellen Ross, daughter of a railway contractor of Toronto. To this union came one daughter, Ruth Helen. Dr. and Mrs. Russell are members of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church. In politics he is a Reformer. He is a member of the Ontario Medical Association.

THOMAS CUTTELL, who died in Toronto in 1874, was for many years a resident of that city. He was born in Leeds, England, in 1838, son of Thomas Cuttell, Sr., a native of that country, and the founder of the family in Canada, whither he came in 1834.

Mr. Thomas Cuttell, Sr., came by way of New York City to Canada, having had intentions of stopping there, but the parties of whom he had rented his house, on learning that he had a large family, refused to carry out their part of the agreement, and Mr. Cuttell came to Toronto. Soon thereafter he embarked in the printing business with his son, on Leader Lane, and in this they continued for some years. He died in Toronto, as did also his wife. They had a family of thirteen children, all of whom are now deceased, except Sarah, Mrs. Moulton, of Toronto, who owns the old Cuttell place on Elizabeth street.

Thomas Cuttell, our subject, was educated in the model school, Toronto, and learned the printing business at the *Guardian* office, after which he engaged in the business with his father on Leader Lane. After continuing therein for some time he sold out and engaged with a Mr. Walker in the Type Foundry Company, and then returned to England, where he purchased for *The Mail*, a large press which he brought to Toronto for this firm, and which was used by the company for some time until more modern ones came into use. After returning from England, Mr.

Cuttell managed the property of his father-in-law, James Trigeor, for some time.

He married Grace Trigeor, born in England, daughter of James and Grace (Richards) Trigeor, who came in 1840 to Nova Scotia, and after a short experience in farming near Montreal, settled in that city, where he followed contracting. In 1849 the family settled in Toronto, and here Mr. Trigeor engaged in the fruit business, then becoming a box manufacturer. He died in Toronto. Of his children there are now living: Mrs. Briggs, of Toronto; and Mrs. Cuttell.

Mr. and Mrs. Cuttell had these children: Alice, the wife of John Miller, and mother of John Earl, Clara E., and Leonard; Thomas J., deceased; Sarah J., deceased; Annie, who is married, lives in Chicago, and has one son, Harry; Lillian, at home; and Harold, deceased. Mr. Cuttell erected several houses in the vicinity of Trinity Square, to which since his death Mrs. Cuttell has added one. Mr. Cuttell was a member of the Carlton Street Methodist Church. In politics he was a Reformer. He was a staunch member of the Temperance Reformation Society.

RICHARD MONTGOMERY ORCHARD, who died November 1, 1890, in Brantford, was a well-known business man of that place for a number of years. He was born in Hamilton, Ont., in 1850, son of John and Lucinda (Montgomery) Orchard, the former born in Cornwall, England, and the latter in Armagh, Ireland.

On coming to Canada, John Orchard settled in Hamilton, where he was engaged in a merchant tailor business for a number of years. Then after a short time in another town he located in Brantford, where he died. To him and his wife were born two children, Richard Montgomery and Mary Ann, who married and lives in Toronto.

Richard Montgomery Orchard was educated in Brantford and Galt, and on reaching maturity, took over his father's business, in which he became very successful. In addition to this business Mr. Orchard embarked on a large scale in all lines of sporting goods, carrying on both lines of business at the same time. He was an enthusiast on out-of-door sports, especially on lacrosse, being a leader in that game for many years.

Mr. Orchard married Miss Bessie Carpenter, born at Simcoe, daughter of John Brock and Priscilla (Sterling) Carpenter, the former born near Hamilton, Ont., son of Charles and Bessie (Carpenter) Carpenter, natives of Canada. John B. Carpenter, father of Mrs. Orchard, was a farmer in County York, where he owned the "Gold Medal" farm of Ontario, and on this

farm he died. His wife still resides there. Their children were: Edwin C., Wellington J., Mary E., Caroline A., Charles S., Bessie, Helen A., William C., Albert, deceased, and Josephine.

To Mr. and Mrs. Orchard were born a daughter, Nina Carpenter, and one son, Richard Carpenter. Mr. Orchard was a consistent Methodist, to which faith Mrs. Orchard and her children adhere. In politics he was a Conservative. In 1897 Mrs. Orchard settled in Toronto, where she owns valuable property.

JOHN PAXTON, who died at his late home, No. 195 Church street, Toronto, in 1893, was born near Thornhill, County York, in 1837, son of George Paxton, a native of England, and the founder of the family in Canada. The other children in the family were: Sarah, and Annie of Toronto; Fanny; Elizabeth; John and Mary.

John Paxton married Amy E. Pegg, born near Newmarket, County York, daughter of Joseph and Margaret (Huffman) Pegg, the former born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, son of Isaac Pegg, and grandson of Nathaniel Pegg. Nathaniel Pegg was born in England, and many years ago settled in Philadelphia, where he owned 700 acres of land, on which the city of Philadelphia now stands, and to which property his descendants in County York and other places are heirs. In Philadelphia Nathaniel Pegg and his wife died. His son, Isaac, who was born in Philadelphia, was the founder of the family in Canada, settling as a pioneer in County York, near Newmarket, where for some time he ran a cording mill, and where he died. His children were: Isaac, William, Nathaniel, Samuel, Joseph, Ann, Grace and Elizabeth. Joseph Pegg was born in Philadelphia, and on reaching his majority married, and settled in East Gwillimbury Township, County York, Ontario, where he engaged in farming for many years, and took a prominent part in local politics. He died in the faith of the Christian Church. Joseph Pegg was twice married. By the first marriage he had four children: all of whom are now deceased. His second wife was Margaret Huffman, by whom he had the following family: Louisa, the wife of Nelson Howell; Isabella; Mrs. Paxton; N. W., deceased; Emma, Mrs. Sweetman; and M., deceased.

After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Paxton settled on a farm, and later removed to East Gwillimbury, thence to Toronto, where Mr. Paxton passed away. To Mr. and Mrs. Paxton were born: George, who married and has three children; Edward John; Joseph, of British Columbia; Mrs. N. Porter; Andrew; John F. and Mrs. Thomas Wallace, a resident of

London, England. Mr. Paxton was a member of the Church of England, to which faith his widow also adheres. In politics he was a Conservative.

GEORGE W. VICTOR WRIGHT, who passed away in Toronto, April 19, 1903, was well-known not only in the Queen City, but throughout Ontario as well, on account of his connection with the Wright Directories, which are to be found in nearly every city in Ontario. He was born in the Province, in 1869, son of John P. Wright, for some time a resident of Toronto.

Mr. Wright married Miss Fannie Rutter, born at Oil Springs, County Lambton, daughter of Thomas Rutter, a native of England, and an early settler of Ontario. His widow, whose maiden name was Downing, resides with her son, who is of the firm of Warwick Bros. & Rutter. On coming to Canada Thomas Rutter settled for a time near Hamilton, and later went to the oil fields of County Lambton, settling at Oil Springs, where he remained for some time. He later located at No. 283 Major street, Toronto, where he died.

To Mr. and Mrs. Wright was born one son, Kenneth G., born in 1896. Mr. Wright was a Presbyterian. In his political affiliations he was connected with the Reform party, and was ever a staunch adherent to its principles. He was popular in fraternal organizations, and was prominently connected with the I.O.O.F.

DANIEL A. SMALL, late proprietor of the "Small Hotel," No. 1152-54 Queen street west, Toronto, was a well-known and highly esteemed citizen of the Queen City, of which he had been a resident for some years. Mr. Small, whose death occurred November 17, 1904, was born in 1854, son of Peter and Bridget Small.

Mr. Small was educated at St. Michael's College, and at the De La Salle Institute, and after completing his education engaged with Peter Ryan, a wholesale man of Toronto. In 1875 he embarked in the hotel business, as proprietor of the "Franklin House," on Sumach street, and there he remained for three years, after which he spent one and one-half years in the same business at the corner of Queen and Parliament streets. After that he came to his last place of business 1152-54 Queen street west, known as "Small's Hotel," and there he continued successfully until his death.

Mr. Small and Miss Gertrude Johns were united in marriage. She is a daughter of Frederick and Mary (Mullay) Johns, the latter a daughter of Hugh Mullay, a pioneer of Albion, Ont. The mother of Mrs. Small and Mr. Small's mother were brought up in the same locality.

Frederick Mullay was a farmer by occupation.

To Mr. and Mrs. Small one daughter was born: Bernadette. Miss Small was educated at the Loretto College, Guelph, and in Quebec. Mrs. Small now successfully conducts her husband's business interests, and has proved very efficient in the management of the hotel. In religious matters Mr. Small was a member of the Roman Catholic Church. In politics he was a Reformer.

CHARLES C. WHALE. The late Charles C. Whale, supreme organizer of the I.O.F., and a prominent member of the Masonic order, was one of the well-known and highly esteemed citizens of Toronto, in which city he had spent many years of his life. Mr. Whale was born in County Brant, in 1852, son of the well-known artist, Robert Whale, a member of the Royal Academy of England and the founder of the family in Canada.

At an early day Robert Whale came to Canada and settled in County Brant, where he followed his art until his death at over eighty years, at which time he had an unfinished oil painting upon his easel. Many of his beautiful oil paintings adorn the home of his late son, our subject. His children were: J. C., an artist of Brantford; Charles C.; and Robert, also an artist.

Charles C. Whale was educated in Brantford, and later learned the carriage finishing trade, in which he was an expert, inheriting his father's artistic taste. Mr. Whale saw that his trade was injurious to his health, and came to Toronto, where he took up the work of organizer for the I.O.F., in which he continued until his death in July, 1900. His funeral services were under the direction of that fraternity, and he was buried in Mt. Pleasant cemetery. He was past worshipful master in the Masonic order.

Mr. Whale married Miss Arta Horning, daughter of Joseph and Harriet (Hudson) Horning, the former of whom was born on a farm within the present limits of Hamilton, Ont. He was a son of Joseph Horning, Sr., who founded the family in Canada, settling at what is now Hamilton, where he cleared up a farm upon which he resided for many years. He died in Brantford. His son, Mrs. Whale's father, farmed near Hamilton for a number of years.

After marriage Mr. and Mrs. Whale settled at Dundas, where they resided five years, and then moved to Waterford, whence they came to Toronto. The children born to Charles C. and Mrs. Whale were: Robert, of Toronto, who married Julia Cronck, by whom he has had one son, Gerald; and Harriet. Mr. Whale was a member of the Church of England, to which faith Mrs.

Whale also adheres. In politics he was a Conservative.

CHARLES ROBB, a prominent merchant of Toronto, whose untimely death in 1892, when he was but fifty-two years of age, caused widespread regret, was born in Scotland, in 1840, son of Rev. Joseph Robb.

Rev. Joseph Robb left Scotland many years ago, and settled in Hamilton, where he officiated for a long time over the Presbyterian Church, and where his death occurred. His wife passed away in the same city. The following children were born to them: Charles; Judge Robb, of Simeoe; Alexander, of New York City; and George, of Toronto.

Charles Robb received his education at King's College, Toronto, and there began his business life under Isaac Buchanan, of Hamilton. After a few years there he went to Guelph, and after a couple of years there associated himself with Gordon McKay in Toronto in the dry goods business, later becoming a partner under the firm name of Gordon McKay & Co. For thirty-five years Mr. Robb continued in this line, and was one of the most highly respected men of the city. Attending strictly to business, upright in his dealings, and most courteous in manner, he possessed the happy faculty of both making and holding customers and friends, and his demise was felt to be a distinct loss to the city. He was a Conservative in politics, and fraternally was a member of the Masonic order.

Mr. Robb married Miss Isabella Sanderland, and to their union five children were born: Mabel, Louise, Charles, and Bertram and Gertrude, twins.

Mrs. Robb's father and mother were both born in Scotland. They came to Canada, settling first in Toronto, but very soon removed to Guelph, where they located permanently, and where he and his wife died. Mr. Sanderland became a lawyer for the Government Bank, a position he filled for many years. He belonged to the Torphecan family, of Scotland, being an uncle of Lord Torphecan.

S. H. LUNDY, editor of the *Aurora Banner*, and town clerk of Aurora, Whitechurch Township, County of York, was born on Lot 26, Concession 3, February 15, 1841, son of Enos and Margaret (Bostwick) Lundy, members of old pioneer families of Whitechurch.

Enos Lundy was born in Susquehanna County, Pennsylvania, in 1794, and came to Canada in 1805. Enos Lundy was the son of Enos and Rachel Lundy, the former of whom took up 200 acres of bush land on the 2nd Concession of

Whitechurch Township, and there he and his wife spent the remainder of their lives. He did tanning as well as farming, and he was the first to engage in that business north of Toronto. Enos and Rachel Lundy had three sons, Jeremiah, Isaac and Enos, all of whom spent their entire business lives in Canada.

Enos Lundy, father of S. H., was married in May, 1816, to Margaret Bostwick, born in Uniontown, Pennsylvania, in 1796, eldest daughter of John and Mary Bostwick, who came from Uniontown, and settled in Whitechurch, where they spent the remainder of their lives. In religion, this family as well as the Lundys were Friends or Quakers. Mr. Lundy was a farmer and tanner in Whitechurch, where he spent the greater part of his life. His wife died in 1873 and he died in 1891. In politics he was a Reformer, but never consented to hold public office. Ten children were born to him and his wife: (1) Mariah, born in April, 1817, received a district school education in Whitechurch Township. She married Joel Gould, who settled at Uxbridge, Ontario County, and at her death left two children, Sylvester and Minnie, both deceased. (2) Emily, born in December, 1818, was the wife of Joseph J. Hunt, of Aurora, and had a family of four children, George, of California; Mariah J., deceased; Maggie, now Mrs. McCann, of Toronto; and Miss Anna, of Newmarket. (3) George, born in January, 1821, married and settled in Wellington County, where he died, a farmer, in 1905, leaving a family of four children: Caroline, now Mrs. Broderick, of Lindsay; Matilda, wife of Reuben Armstrong, of Toronto Junction; Sarah, wife of Mr. Hilborn, of Toronto; and Sylvester, who lives on the old homestead in Wellington. (4) Shedrick B., born December 22, 1822, married a Miss Hunt, and settled near Aurora, on Yonge street, where he died, leaving a family, Wheldon, Albert and Arthur, all deceased. (5) Rachel, born in April, 1825, married William Wetherell, of Aurora, and has one daughter, Mrs. John Granger. (6) Daniel, born in November, 1827, married a Miss Wilson, of Simeoe County, and settled in Toronto, where he followed contracting until his death; he left a family of five children, Alberta, now Mrs. William Roche; Frank, of Newmarket; Emma; George, of New York; and Dr. Walter B., of Toronto. (7) Charles, born in May, 1830, married a Miss Wetherell, and settled in Wellington County, where he died leaving several children, among them, Mrs. D. S. Wright, Mrs. Gascoigne, William, and George. (8) Alfred, born in February, 1833, married a Miss Scanlon, and settled on the old homestead where he died, leaving one son, George. (9) Horace D., born

in January, 1836, married Miss Katie Harris, of Aurora, where they now reside, having three daughters, Maggie, wife of John Clark, of Marinette, Wisconsin; Etta, wife of C. H. White, of Chicago; and Nellie D., at the old home. (10) S. H. is the youngest.

S. H. Lundy received his education in the district schools, and later attended the high school at Newmarket. He followed teaching for nine years in York County, and later in Simcoe County, and in 1870, with his brother H. D. purchased the *Aurora Banner*, edited at that time by E. F. Stephenson. After some years as partner with his brother, he purchased the latter's interest, and he has been engaged in the publishing of this newspaper alone since that time. In March, 1874, Mr. Lundy was elected town clerk, which position he still holds, and he is now one of the oldest town clerks in point of service in the county.

On August 9, 1870, Mr. Lundy married Mary E. Ferry, born in King Township in 1846, daughter of Benjamin and Mary Ferry, members of old pioneer families of King Township, who came from New Jersey. These children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Lundy: Zella E., born July 4, 1871, was educated in the high schools and followed teaching for some four years; she married F. W. Johnston, manager of the Lincoln Paper Company, of Toronto, and has one daughter, Dorothy H. Charles E., born Feb. 27, 1876, educated in the public and high schools of Aurora, is one of the office staff in his father's publishing office. Roy H., born October, 4, 1881, is a travelling salesman for Shepherd, McDougal Company, Winnipeg, Man. In politics Mr. Lundy is identified with the Reform party. In religion he and his wife are members of the Methodist Church. Fraternally he is connected with the Maccabees, the Oddfellows, the Foresters and Royal Templars, all Aurora lodges. He is one of the successful and self-made men of the section, and his publication is one of the most prominent and influential sheets in Whitechurch Township.

WILLIAM THOMAS MURRAY, deceased. In the death of the late William Thomas Murray, the City of Toronto lost one of her most enterprising business men and highly esteemed citizens. Mr. Murray was born in Limerick, Ireland, in 1848, and died in Toronto, March 20, 1903. He was a son of the late W. A. Murray, the founder of the W. A. Murray Company, Limited, a leading dry goods firm of Canada.

William Thomas Murray received his literary training in County Durham, England, and after this he prepared for the dry goods business in

the leading houses of Paris and London. Coming to Canada, he joined his father in the extensive business established in Toronto. For many years he was president of the firm of W. A. Murray & Company, Limited. This position he held at the time of his death.

Mr. Murray was a thorough business man and his business was his first thought for many years although he had many varied interests. The methods of conducting the extensive business at Nos. 17-31 King street were brought about mainly by Mr. Murray himself, being the result of long continued, careful thought. This business was built upon the foundation stone of commercial honesty and those who knew Mr. Murray realized how impossible it would be for him to ever entertain propositions, even most flattering to his own prospects, if there was a touch of underhandedness about them. He was loyal to his employees and gave none the advantage over another. He dealt fairly and honestly with all, and required that others should aim in the same direction. Goods in his establishment were sold on their merits and he permitted no misrepresentation. Thus his name became a synonym for commercial integrity.

Mr. Murray was married to Miss Marion Parkyn, born in Quebec, daughter of the late John Buckworth Parkyn, Q.C., for a number of years a prominent barrister in Quebec. He was born in England, a son of Rev. Mr. Parkyn, a clergyman of the Church of England, who came to Canada where he remained for a time, and then returned to England where he died. The mother of Mrs. Murray was born Catherine Bolly, in Ireland, and died in Canada, where she was married. Mrs. Murray is the eldest of their children.

The children of William Thomas Murray and wife were two sons and three daughters, namely: (1) William Parkyn, born in Toronto, is now interested in the W. A. Murray Company, Limited, like his father being educated to the business; he served his time in the dry goods business in the best houses of London and Paris. (2) Bertha Stewart. (3) Charles Stewart, educated in England, is also associated with the W. A. Murray Company, Limited. (4) Kathleen. (5) Mildred is deceased.

Mr. Murray was a member of the Roman Catholic Church. In politics he was a Conservative. He was a man of regular habits, always rising at 6 a.m., and was sure to be prompt in filling business engagements. He was devoted to the welfare of his family, his friends and his city.

JOHN WAGG, one of the early pioneers of Canada, was born in Norfolk, England, in 1822, son of William and Violet (Harmer) Wagg, both

of whom died in Uxbridge, Ont. In 1840 John Wagg came to Canada, and for some time was located in Scarborough Township, working on a farm. He married Miss Ann Jones, who was born in St. Catharines, daughter of an early settler there. After their marriage the young couple located in Uxbridge, County Ontario, where Mr. Wagg cleared a farm from the bush, and where he remained for many years. He died in 1885. During his active life he accumulated a handsome competency, being an able and successful business man. To him and his wife were born the following children: George, of Pickering; Nelson; Mrs. Harrison; Mary, Mrs. Truman Bentley; and Mrs. Graham. The parents were Baptists in their religious faith.

Miss Mary Wagg, daughter of John, was born in Uxbridge, County Ontario. She married Truman Bentley, who was born in Pickering, son of Nathan and Kate (Carter) Bentley, the former of whom came from the United States to Canada at an early day, settling in Pickering, where he died. To Mr. and Mrs. Truman Bentley were born these children: Violet, wife of Stephen Griffiths, and mother of one daughter, Norma; Iva, who married Robert Thirsk, and has two children, Viola and Daisy; and Miss Bentley, at home. Mrs. Bentley has a charming home at No. 193 First avenue, Toronto. She is an active worker in Presbyterian circles, having embraced that faith some years ago.

THOMAS GARDINER, a professional landscape gardener residing at No. 175 Avenue road, Toronto, has doubtless seen as much of the world as any Torontonian of this generation. Mr. Gardiner was born in England, in 1847.

Mr. Gardiner passed his early years in England, and for some time worked in mills, and he spent one year in a silk mill. Early in life he worked for his father, a wood cutter, who lost his life by the fall of a tree. Soon after this Mr. Gardiner's mother died, and he was left in charge of his grandmother, who died soon thereafter. At this time Mr. Gardiner with his brother and two sisters went to attend George Miller's Orphan school at Bristol, England, and when sixteen years of age secured work on ship board during the following years visiting England, France, Holland and other foreign countries, spending one and one-half years as a seaman. He then shipped to Australia, India and New Zealand, and after having spent ten years in the first named place, returned to England. Part of this time he was in Queensland and Sydney, and he states that he has walked from Sydney to Melbourne and returned, the distance between these places being 600 miles. He has

visited the gold fields of New South Wales and of Victoria, at that time his object being only to earn enough money with which to travel. In 1881, after an absence of nineteen years, Mr. Gardiner decided to return to his old home in England. During this period Mr. Gardiner had not communicated with his folks in England, and they had given him up for dead, but on his return states that the old home seemed natural, and that he knew it at once. After renewing the acquaintances of youth, Mr. Gardiner sailed for America, visiting California and the Western Slope and Rocky Mountains. For a time he remained in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and in 1888 he came from that city to Canada, remaining in this country for four years, but returned to Philadelphia, thence to England, and after one and one-half years came to Toronto, where he has since resided. It was while on his first visit to Toronto that Mr. Gardiner became known in this city as a professional gardener. This was in connection with the beautifying of the lawn of the Central Methodist Church. Since settling here he has been busily engaged in that line in the city.

Mr. Gardiner married Miss Mary Carscadden, daughter of William and Jane (Paterson) Carscadden. Mr. and Mrs. Gardiner are members of the Methodist Church. He is a very pleasing conversationalist and his reminiscences of his travels are interesting and instructive.

JOHN LAIDLAW, who died in Toronto, October 15, 1900, was one of the well-known and highly esteemed citizens of the Queen City. He was born in Scotland in March, 1818, son of William Laidlaw, who died in the old country.

John Laidlaw grew to manhood in Scotland, and on coming to Toronto, he became clerk for Shaw, Turnbull & Co., and remained there some time. He then entered the retail dry goods business at the corner of Church and King streets, and here continued for a number of years, when he sold out and went to Australia, and there embarked in the grocery business, at Brisbane, Queensland. After two years at the latter place he returned to Toronto, and shortly thereafter received an appointment by the Government to a position in Winnipeg, from which place he returned to Toronto on a change of Government, and then entered the commission business, after a number of years therein retiring from active business life.

Mr. Laidlaw married Catharine Agnes Jackes, born on King street, Toronto, opposite the St. Lawrence market, daughter of Franklin and Catharine (Gibson) Jackes. Franklin Jackes, born in 1803, died in 1851. He came to Canada

and located in Toronto, where for many years he was engaged in the bakery business. For some time he supplied the militia at Niagara. He later removed to Eglinton, and there spent the remainder of his life. At Niagara-on-the-Lake he married Catharine Gibson, and their children were: William; Franklin; Joseph; Catharine Agnes, Mrs. Laidlaw, born November 4, 1833; Mary Ann; James Alexander; Ann Janet; Charles B.; Dr. Albert G.; Margaret; Baldwin, and Price.

Franklin Jackes was a son of William Jackes, whose wife was a Miss Spragge. He was a merchant in England, but a builder in Toronto. His children were: William Joseph; Franklin; Catharine, who married a Pierce; and Susan, who married and died in the United States.

To Mr. and Mrs. Laidlaw were born these children: Franklin Jackes; Margaret A.; Catharine M., who married, and has two children, Franklin J. and Ina J.; William Alexander, of St. Paul, Minnesota, who married, and has one daughter, Catharine A.; and John B., who married Bertha G. Gunther, and has children, Mary Catharine and Bertha T.

Mr. John Laidlaw was a member of the Knox Presbyterian Church. In his political faith he was a Conservative, supporting the men and measures of that party, and in fraternal connection he was a Mason.

DR. THOMAS H. ASHBY, of No. 133 Avenue road, Toronto, is a native of Cheltenham, Gloucestershire, England. In his native land Dr. Ashby received his literary education, which was supplemented by work in the University of Toronto, and the medical course in Trinity Medical College, Toronto, from which institution he was graduated in 1878, after six years' residence in Canada. In 1872 the doctor had come to Canada, where his uncle John Abell, founder of the Abell Engine works, was then in business, and with which business the doctor is now financially connected. In 1878 Dr. Ashby returned to England, where he was engaged in the practice of his profession until 1902, in which year, at the earnest solicitation of his uncle, he returned to Canada, and since that time has been a resident of Toronto and one of the city's leading medical practitioners.

Dr. Ashby was married in England, and both he and his wife are members of the English Church. In politics the doctor is independent, voting rather for the man than the party. Dr. Ashby has travelled extensively both on this continent and in different parts of the British Empire, has crossed the ocean a score of times, and feels as much at home at sea as he does on

land. In connection with the treatment of individuals of different nationalities, the Doctor has made a study of their modes of living, style of cooking, etc., and is therefore well posted on this subject, and is an interesting conversationalist on topics of this nature.

WILLIAM FREDERICK STEPHENS. This prominent and enterprising young farmer is successfully engaged in the cultivation of the soil in Concession 2, Lot 28, Whitechurch Township, York County. He was born at this farm March 15, 1881, son of James A. and Mary J. (Clubine) Stephens.

Shadrach Stephens, grandfather of W. Frederick, was born in Wales in 1761, and his wife in New York State in 1764. He settled on the farm in York County now occupied by our subject, and here died in the faith of the English Church, of which his wife was also a member. They had these children: Ruby A., married Abram Tunkey, of the 2nd Concession of Whitechurch Township; Amanda, married Robert Brash, of York County; Lydia E., married Daniel Prior, of York County; Annis, married Henry Flintoff, of Whitechurch; Rachel R., married Redmond Simpson, of Whitechurch; and James A., is the father of William Frederick.

James A. Stephens grew up on the farm, and received his education in the schools of his native locality. On July 11, 1860, he married Miss Mary J. Clubine, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Butler) Clubine. After marriage Mr. and Mrs. Stephens settled in the home which his father had built, and there they spent the remainder of their lives, Mr. Stephens dying February 25, 1905, the father of a family of five children: (1) Sarah E., born April 20, 1861, married Charles Flintoff, of Whitechurch Township, and they have a family of children as follows: Annie, Beatrice, Mary, Louise, Reginald, Mabel, Jennie, Greta and Frank. (2) Frances L., born in October, 1863, married Ezra N. Penrose, a farmer of East Gwillimbury, and has eight children, Alberta, Albert, Frederick, Nellie, Gladys, Henry, Laura and Dorothy. (3) John S., born in September, 1866, married Miss Retta Clark, of Whitechurch, and they now reside in Wassewa, Man., where he is in business. They have a family of six children: Thomas, Frederick, Marvin, Francis, Leta and Theressa. (4) Dr. Albert W., born January 30, 1875, was graduated from the Toronto Veterinary College, and located at Lucan, Ont., where he married Miss Laura Bell, of Newmarket, who died in 1898, leaving one son, Joseph L., now being reared and cared for by his grandmother. (5) William Frederick.

William Frederick Stephens received his edu-

cation in the Newmarket schools, being reared to manhood at home, where he has always remained. At his father's death, Mr. Stephens became the owner and manager of the homestead, and here he has continued ever since, making many changes and improvements. In September, 1893, Mr. Stephens married Miss Lillian M. Druery, born in Whitechurch in August, 1879, daughter of Joshua and Emma Druery, one of Whitechurch Township's old and honored families. To this union one son was born, August 3, 1894, Frederick A. J.; and a daughter, June 5, 1906, Jennet Victoria.

Mr. Stephens and his wife are connected with the Christian Church. Mr. Stephens is a supporter of the Conservative party, as was his father, the latter of whom was a member of the school board for several years. He is a member of the A.O.U.W., of Newmarket. Mr. James A. Stephens and wife well deserve a place in this biographical history of York County. They will be long remembered with affection for their many kind and charitable acts. Their son, W. Frederick, is following in the footsteps of his father, and has made himself an honored and respected citizen.

W. V. DIXON, D.D.S., is one of the young dentists of the city, and one of unusual promise, for the future. He was born in Walkerton, County Bruce, November 3, 1882, and is of English ancestry.

John Dixon, grandfather of Dr. W. V., was a native of Northumberlandshire, England, who migrated to Canada, and settled at Milton, County Halton. There he died, leaving a family, of which the doctor's father, Thomas, was the youngest.

Thomas Dixon was born at Milton, Ont. He was educated for the law in Toronto, and then located in Walkerton as a barrister. He is still in practice there, is Crown Attorney for County Bruce, and one of the prominent men of his city. He married Miss Mary McKay, who was born at Belleville. Six children were born to them, as follows: Dr. Ivan, a successful physician in Priceville, County Grey; Marion, at home; Dr. W. V.; Gordon, born in 1885, employed in the Merchants Bank at Winnipeg; Wilfred, born in 1888, who is a surveyor in the North-West; and Elliott, a student in school. Thomas Dixon is an influential member of the Walkerton Masonic Lodge, and in politics is a Liberal. In religion he is a Methodist, an officer in the church, and very active in its work.

Dr. W. V. Dixon was sent first to the public schools and then to the high school of Walkerton, where his general education was completed

in 1898, the year of his graduation. In 1899 he went to Toronto, and entered the Dental College as a member of the class of 1903. On receiving his diploma in that year he went back to County Bruce, and located in Southampton. During the two years and a half which he remained there, he met with flattering success, but Toronto offered greater advantages and at the beginning of 1906 he removed thither and has since been practising there. He is a young man of scholarly tastes, as well as of marked talent for his chosen profession, and his ability should carry him far.

Dr. Dixon, in other than professional interests, has seemingly followed in his father's steps, for he holds the same views in both politics and religion. During his stay in Southampton he became a member of the Masonic fraternity, in the local lodge.

DR. THOMAS HALLIDAY WATT, a well-known physician of Niagara-on-the-Lake, where he was very successfully engaged in the duties that pertained to his profession until his death in 1902, was one of the leading and most public-spirited men of the place. Dr. Watt was born in Kent, England, in 1822.

In his native country Dr. Watt grew to manhood, and there received his education, taking his medical course at Guy's Hospital, London. After practising for a short time in England he came to Canada in 1846, settling in Woodstock, County Oxford, from which place he removed to Niagara-on-the-Lake, and there continued in practice the remainder of his life. He was a leading citizen, taking a deep interest in the affairs of the city, and his farm there was one of the most beautiful spots of the locality.

JAMES ROBERT RITCHIE (deceased), a highly esteemed citizen of Toronto, who passed from the scene of his earthly activities in that city in July, 1901, had been a resident of the Queen City for many years and had a large circle of friends there who felt his death to be a distinct personal loss.

James R. Ritchie was born in 1851, son of James and Lottie (McPherson) Ritchie, natives of Scotland. Mrs. Ritchie is still residing in London, Ont. Her husband is deceased. The son was educated in that city, but when he was ready to begin his business life he went to Toronto, where he secured a position with William Brice, a wholesale dealer in stationery and fancy goods. Mr. Ritchie was admirably adapted for his work and brought to it a combination of qualities which secured him lasting popularity with both his employer and customers, so that he con-

tinued with the firm up to the time of his death, a period of eighteen years. He always devoted his attention closely to his business, was genial, courteous and obliging, and held in high esteem generally. His religious belief led him to connect himself with the Church of England, while in political matters his sympathies were with the Reform party. The only fraternal order to which he belonged was the Royal Arcanum.

James R. Ritchie married Miss Laurette Eikly, a native of London, Ont., daughter of Henry Kennett Eikly. To this union two children were born, Edward John and Marian.

The Eikly family is English, and several members of it have been prominently connected with the royal navy. Mrs. Ritchie's grandfather, Capt. Lester Eikly, H.E.I.C., was the captain of an armed English vessel, and died in India. One of his sons, after valiant service in the navy, was retired on full pay and embarked for England, but before reaching it was shipwrecked and drowned. Henry Kennett Eikly was also in the British navy. He was born in Kent, England, and enlisted in the naval service early in life, serving in the East Indies and on the coast of Africa, and visiting many interesting quarters of the globe. He was a good conversationalist and his reminiscences of his naval experiences were not only delightful to listen to but most instructive. After leaving the navy he came to Canada and in New Brunswick met and married Miss Margaret Yerxa, who was born in that Province, of English parentage. Mr. Eikly and his wife settled in Montreal, where he formed a partnership with the late Mr. Ryan, M.P., in the wholesale commission business. Later Mr. Eikly removed to London, Ont., to look after the interests of the firm there, and continued to make his home in that city until his death. He was a prominent business man of London and commanded the highest respect and esteem. Mrs. Eikly survived him till 1904, when she too passed away, in Woodstock. They were the parents of three sons and one daughter, namely: Charles, of Toronto; Leslie, of Woodstock; Alfred; and Mrs. Ritchie.

JOHN DAVEY, whose death occurred in November, 1899, in Cobourg, was born in Baltimore, Ont., in 1846, a son of Richard and Marjorie (Floyd) Davey.

The parents of Mr. Davey were natives of England. They came to Canada at an early date and settled near Baltimore where the father engaged in farming. Later he sold his first farm and settled on another in the vicinity of Baltimore, where he died. His widow died at Cobourg.

John Davey was educated in the schools of

Baltimore near where his parents lived, and he learned the trade of harness-making and also the butchering business. He settled at Baltimore, and for a time carried on both lines of business there. Later he moved to Cobourg, where he confined his attention to the harness business. He was a successful business man and amassed a comfortable fortune.

At Baltimore Mr. Davey was united in marriage with Selma Tinney, born in England, daughter of John and Eliza (Haskell) Tinney. She accompanied her parents here in 1860. Her father followed the trade of stone mason. His death took place at Baltimore. His children were: Selma, Mrs. Davey; John, deceased; Thomas; Tamzen M.; Frances; Mary, deceased; and William. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Davey were: Richard, of Toronto, who married Annie Illen, and has two children, Madeline Grace and Leila. John, of Toronto, who married Miss Mabel Terrence; Laura, who married William Dutcher, and has children, Violet, Melville, Ralph and Harry; Frank, of Toronto, who married Lottie McGraw; Ernest; Eliza, wife of William Hudson, and mother of one son, Harold Whitney; Ella; and Rosella. Mr. Davey was a member of the Reform party. In religious faith he was a Methodist. Since 1890 Mrs. Davey has resided in Toronto, where she has a wide circle of friends.

H. H. WILLIAMS, real estate, insurance and loans, No. 26 Victoria street, Toronto, is a native of the Queen City and a member of a family for many years connected with western Ontario. The Williams family was founded in Canada by the grandfather of H. H. Williams. Both he and his wife were members of the Church of England.

Henry B. Williams, the father of H. H. Williams, came to Canada with his parents. He was for many years a well-known business man on Yonge street, engaged in the furniture and undertaking line, in which he continued until his death, in 1863. He was a member of St. George's Society and also an Orangeman. Many years before the present edifice was erected Mr. Williams was a member of St. James' Cathedral. He married Miss Catherine M. Hale, and to this union were born: George, agent of R. G. Dun & Co., at Hamilton; Charles M., a capitalist of Colorado Springs, Colorado; Cyrus, a bond broker of New York; H. H.; Maria L., of Toronto; Eliza A., principal of the Morse street school, Toronto; Martha, the wife of U. P. Adams, of New York City; and Emma C., of Staten Island, New York.

H. H. Williams was born in Toronto and was educated in the public and grammar schools of

his native city. In 1880 he went into the lumber business, in Toronto, in which he continued for six years, in 1886 embarking in the real estate, insurance and loan business, in which he has continued until the present time. His commodious and well-kept office at No. 26 Victoria street, in which he employs fifteen people, is one of the noted places of Toronto. The selection of Mr. Williams as one of the representatives of the realty world in this work is but a just compliment to him and the interests he so ably represents.

Mr. Williams is prominent fraternally, being a Mason of high rank; he is a past master of the order, member of Ionic and Doric lodges, a Knight Templar, and a member of the Geoffrey de St. Aldemar Preceptory. He is a past master of the Order of Orangemen, member of the Queen City lodge, a member of St. George's Society, and of the United Religious and Military Order of the Temple, and of St. John of Jerusalem, Palestine, Rhodes and Malta, under the Sovereign Great Priory of Canada.

Mr. Williams married Miss Eliza Brice, who was born in Scotland, daughter of John Brice. Mr. and Mrs. Williams are members of St. James' Cathedral, Toronto.

GEORGE SPARROW (deceased) was a prominent business man in Toronto for many years before his death in that city, in 1884. He was born in 1835 in Ireland, son of Joseph and Hannah (Clark) Sparrow, the latter of whom died in Ireland, but the former emigrated to Canada.

George Sparrow grew to manhood in his native land and there served an apprenticeship to the drapery business. After coming to Toronto he was engaged with Robert Walker, of the Golden Lion, and spent some time in the clothing department of that store. Then Mr. Sparrow embarked in the shoe business at No. 108 Yonge street, where he remained in business for about thirty years. He was one of the first merchants in Toronto to sell ready-made boots and shoes. Later he removed to No. 353 Yonge street continuing there until his death.

Mr. Sparrow was united in marriage with Mary Ann Bond, daughter of John and Sarah (Pratt) Bond. In 1835 Mr. and Mrs. Bond came to Toronto, where Mr. Bond was coachman for Bishop Stewart for a time. Before the advent of railroads in this section he engaged in the carrying business, conveying goods to Goderich and other places remote from Toronto. The goods were shipped to Toronto by water and Mr. Bond hauled them to merchants at the outlying places. Later he went into the livery business on Sheppard street, in which he continued during the remainder of his active life. The chil-

dren born to Mr. and Mrs. Bond were: Harriet; Mary Ann, Mrs. Sparrow; Elizabeth, widow of Thomas Briggs, of Toronto; John P., V.S., of Toronto; and Robert, in the livery business in Toronto. Mr. Sparrow was a member of the Carlton Street Methodist Church, to which his widow also belongs. In politics he was a Reformer.

STEWART WALKER, Post-office, Aurora, County of York, Ontario.

PATRICK FOGARTY, who enjoys the distinction of being the oldest florist now in business in Toronto, is a native of that city, and belongs to a family that settled there just after the Rebellion of 1837-38. He was born in 1840, son of Patrick and Mary (Dunn) Fogarty.

Patrick Fogarty, Sr., and his wife were natives of Ireland. They came to Canada before the Rebellion and settled first at Brockville. When the McKenzie insurrection broke out Mr. Fogarty shouldered his gun and took part in the struggle, and after the trouble was over he made his home in Toronto, following his trade of tailor. Both he and his wife died there.

Patrick Fogarty for a time attended school in his home city, but when only ten years old he was put to work. He began on the very piece of property he now owns, receiving the sum of six dollars a month for his services. As he grew older he mastered the business of a gardener and florist and in 1866 engaged in business for himself on Pape avenue, where he continued uninterruptedly until 1904. In that year he sold out the market gardening business, and settling on the corner of Pape avenue and Gerrard street east, continues there as a florist.

Mr. Fogarty married Miss Mary Ann Pape, who was born in England, daughter of Joseph Pape. The latter brought his family to Toronto in the early days, and made his home on Pape avenue, which was named for him, only three families being older settlers there than he. To Mr. and Mrs. Fogarty seven children were born, as follows: John, of Minneapolis, who married Miss Eliza Norton, and has two children, William and Florence; Joseph, of Toronto (he and his wife Eliza have three sons, Howard, Clarence and Alfred); Patrick and Vernard, both in business with their father; Kate; Laura, wife of John Larkin, and mother of one son, James; and Mary. The family are members of the Roman Catholic Church, while in his political views Mr. Fogarty is a Reformer. He is a man thoroughly versed in his vocation, of good business ability, and in his long career as a florist has not only won the respect of his associates but has also made many friends.

JOSIAH R. ROYCE, was born in 1854 in Eramosa Township, County Wellington, Ont., a member of a family long identified with Canada.

The Royce family, which is of English extraction, was founded in Canada by Josiah Royce, the grandfather of Josiah R., about 1800. He was born in Rutlandshire, England, in 1774, and was for some time engaged in a mercantile business there. On coming to Canada he settled at Dundas, Ont., where the remainder of his life was spent in farming, and where he became a highly esteemed citizen. He died there in 1839. He was a soldier in the Rebellion of 1837-38. Josiah Royce married Catherine Curtis, who was born in England, and their children were: Robert, born in 1828, settled in the Township of Eramosa, County Wellington, and there resided until his death, in 1886; he served as reeve and treasurer in his township. Alice married Thomas Stephenson, and died in 1901, aged eighty-three years. Josiah settled in California in 1849, and died there, leaving one son, Prof. Josiah Royce, of the Chair of Philosophy, Harvard University, and three daughters, two of whom are now deceased. Mary married Russell Wheeler, and died in 1894. George Scott is mentioned below. Catherine married John Parsons, and both are deceased.

George Scott Royce, father of Josiah R., was born in 1822, at Dundas, Ont., and there grew to manhood. He settled in the Township of Eramosa, where he cleared land from the bush, and became a prominent farmer. His death occurred in Hillsburgh, in 1902. His wife, Mary Sevilla Marlatt, was born in Eramosa Township, County Wellington, in 1827, and died in 1884. George Scott Royce and his wife were members of the Christian Church. They were the parents of the following children: Nathan; Joseph, of Mimico; Josiah R.; Rebecca, wife of William Wright; Alice; F. W., of Hillsburgh; Horace, of Leskard; Hattie, who married R. Jewett, of Chatham; Carrie, who married William Smith, of St. Thomas; and George, of Leskard. All of these children were born in Eramosa Township, County Wellington.

Josiah R. Royce was educated at Kirkwood. In 1880 he became a member of the North-West Mounted Police, with which he was connected until 1889, in which year he located in Toronto Junction, when he joined the police force. He was appointed chief of the police department, then consisting of four men, in 1894.

Mr. Royce married Miss Harriet E. Gobbett, daughter of George Gobbett. No children have been born to this union. Mr. and Mrs. Royce are members of the Christian Church. He is a

Mason of the Knight Templar degree, and also a member of the I.O.O.F. and the A.O.U.W.

STEPHEN FLOYD was for a number of years connected with leading newspapers of the Queen City, where he died in 1897. He was born in Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania, in 1852, son of William Floyd, who died in that State.

Stephen Floyd was educated in Pennsylvania, and about 1876 settled in London, Ont., where he was in the registry office for a time. He then became identified with one of the local papers of London, and in 1883 settled in Toronto to take charge of the advertising department of the *News*, one of the leading daily sheets of Canada. In this connection he continued for some time, later being with the *Mail and Empire* in the same capacity, and he was also associated with other city papers. From the time he came to Toronto in 1883 until his death Mr. Floyd was connected with the advertising department of one paper or another, and he was consequently very well known in advertising circles. He was connected with the Church of England, and in politics was a staunch Conservative.

Mr. Floyd married Miss Kate Graham, daughter of Robert and Elizabeth (Tapner) Graham, natives of England. Mrs. Graham came to Toronto in 1855, and passed away in 1905. To Mr. and Mrs. Floyd were born two sons: Lester, commercial salesman for the John Macdonald Company, of Toronto; and William, a printer by trade, who is associated with the *News*.

ROBERT DOWD KENNEDY, C.E., O.L.S., who died in Nebraska, U.S.A., in 1887, while on a business trip to that locality, was born at Caledonia, Ont., son of Hugh and Catherine (Dowd) Kennedy.

Mr. Kennedy received his literary and professional training in Hamilton, and became a prominent land surveyor, civil engineer and architect, which professions he followed until his death. He married Miss Jessie Bethune, daughter of Rev. William and Annie (Fleming) Bethune.

Mr. and Mrs. Bethune were married in Scotland, and coming to Canada settled for a short time at Montreal, where Mr. Bethune taught in an academy. From Montreal they moved to the township of Walpole, County Haldimand, Ont., where he purchased 200 acres of timbered land on which he made a home until his death; his widow died in Toronto. While engaged in redeeming his farm from the forest Rev. William Bethune continued to carry on his work as a minister, many times walking twenty miles on a Sunday to be at his evening service. It must be remembered that in those days roads were

not laid out in all the localities, and he followed a blazed path through the woods; the ministers of those days preached for one, and only one, reason—the good of the people. Mr. Bethune was devoted to his work as a minister, and much good was accomplished by him in those early days. To Rev. William and Annie (Fleming) Bethune was born a family of twelve children: Dr. Alexander; William F., of County Wentworth, Ont.; Christina, the wife of Rev. James Black, of Hamilton; Isabella, deceased, who married John Gowans; Miss Jennie; Dr. Henry,

of Walpole township; Annie, the widow of William Parker; Miss Maggie; James and David, twins, both deceased; Jessie, Mrs. Kennedy; and Elizabeth Ann, the wife of Rev. James Brown, of Scarboro.

To Mr. and Mrs. Kennedy were born two sons: Hugh Cameron, who is with the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and William B., in the Bank of Hamilton. In 1895 Mrs. Kennedy settled in Toronto, and in 1900 purchased her home at No. 78 Harvard avenue. She and her sons are members of the Presbyterian Church.

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